

Edgar Filing: CORN PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL INC - Form 10-Q/A

CORN PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL INC  
Form 10-Q/A  
June 26, 2002

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-Q/A  
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Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)  
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2002

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-13397

CORN PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL, INC.  
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

22-3514823  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

6500 SOUTH ARCHER AVENUE,  
BEDFORD PARK, ILLINOIS  
(Address of principal executive offices)

60501-1933  
(Zip Code)

(708) 563-2400  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No  
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Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

CLASS	OUTSTANDING AT APRIL 30, 2002
Common Stock, \$.01 par value	35,527,160 shares

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## CORN PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2002	2001
Net sales before shipping and handling costs	\$ 457.7	\$ 498.7
Less: Shipping and handling costs	25.8	44.1
Net sales	431.9	454.6
Cost of sales	373.1	379.6
Gross profit	58.8	75.0
Operating expenses	36.9	39.8
Income from non-consolidated affiliates and other income	9.6	4.4
Operating income	31.5	39.6
Financing costs	9.6	15.5
Income before income taxes and minority interest	21.9	24.1
Provision for income taxes	7.9	8.4
Minority interest in earnings	14.0	15.7
	2.8	3.0
Net income	\$ 11.2	\$ 12.7
Weighted average common shares outstanding:		
Basic	35.5	35.3
Diluted	35.6	35.5
Earnings per common share:		
Basic	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.36
Diluted	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.36

See Notes To Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

### PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM I  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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CORN PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL, INC.  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

	MARCH 2002 -----
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$
Accounts receivable - net	2
Inventories	1
Prepaid expenses	
-----	
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>4</b>
-----	
Property, plant and equipment - net	1,2
Goodwill, net of accumulated amortization	2
Deferred tax asset	
Investments	
Other assets	
-----	
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 2,0</b>
=====	
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	
Current liabilities	
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt	4
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2
-----	
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>6</b>
-----	
Non-current liabilities	
Long-term debt	3
Deferred income taxes	1
Minority interest in subsidiaries	
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	
Preferred stock - authorized 25,000,000 shares-	
\$0.01 par value - none issued	--
Common stock - authorized 200,000,000 shares-	
\$0.01 par value - 37,659,887 issued	
at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001	
Additional paid in capital	1,0
Less: Treasury stock (common stock; 2,133,277 and 2,253,578 shares at	
March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, respectively) at cost	(
Deferred compensation - restricted stock	
Accumulated comprehensive loss	(3
Retained earnings	1
-----	
<b>TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>8</b>
-----	
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 2,0</b>
=====	

See Notes To Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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2

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CORN PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL, INC.  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

( IN MILLIONS )	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2002	2001
Net Income	\$11	\$13
Comprehensive income/loss:		
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedges:		
Cumulative effect of adoption of SFAS 133, net of income tax effect of \$8 million	--	14
Amount of (gains) losses on cash flow hedges reclassified to earnings, net of income tax effect of \$3 million and \$1 million, respectively	7	(2)
Unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of income tax effect of \$1 million and \$12 million, respectively	(3)	(23)
Currency translation adjustment	(61)	(31)
Comprehensive income (loss)	(\$46)	(\$29)
	=====	=====

CORN PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL, INC.  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

( IN MILLIONS )	COMMON STOCK	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	TREASURY STOCK	DEFERRED COMPENSATION	ACCUMU COMPREH INCOME
Balance, December 31, 2001	\$1	\$1,073	\$ (56)	\$ (3)	
Net income for the period					
Dividends declared					
Amount of (gains) losses on cash flow hedges reclassified to earnings, net of income tax effect of \$3 million					
Unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow					

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hedges, net of income				
tax effect of \$1 million				
Translation adjustment				
Other				3
Balance, March 31, 2002	\$1	\$1,073	\$(53)	\$(3)

See Notes To Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

3

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CORN PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL, INC.  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

( IN MILLIONS )

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2  
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CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net income  
 Non-cash charges (credits) to net income:  
     Depreciation and amortization  
     Minority interest in earnings  
     Income from non-consolidated affiliates  
     Gain on sale of business  
 Changes in trade working capital, net of effect of disposal/acquisition:  
     Accounts receivable and prepaid items  
     Inventories  
     Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  
 Other

-----  
 Cash provided by (used for) operating activities  
 -----

CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES:

Capital expenditures, net of proceeds on disposal  
 Proceeds from sale of business  
 Payments for acquisitions

-----  
 Cash used for investing activities  
 -----

CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Proceeds from borrowings  
 Payments on debt  
 Dividends paid

-----  
 Cash (used for) provided by financing activities  
 -----

-----  
 Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash  
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Decrease in cash and cash equivalents  
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period

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Cash and cash equivalents, end of period

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See Notes To Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

4

### CORN PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

References to the "Company" are to Corn Products International, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the related notes to those statements contained in the Company's Annual Report to Stockholders that were incorporated by reference in Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements included herein were prepared by management and reflect all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring items) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present a fair statement of results of operations for the interim periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 and the financial position of the Company as of March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001. The results for the three months ended March 31, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the year.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements to conform with the current year presentation.

#### 2. MEXICO HFCS TAX

On January 1, 2002, the Mexican Congress passed a value-added tax on soft drinks sweetened with high fructose corn syrup (HFCS), which on March 5, 2002, was suspended until September 30, 2002. In response to the enactment of the tax, which at the time effectively ended the use of HFCS for soft drinks in Mexico, the Company ceased production of HFCS 55 at its San Juan del Rio plant, one of its four plants in Mexico. Effective with the March 5, 2002 suspension of the tax, the Company resumed the production and sale of HFCS in Mexico, although at levels below historical volumes. Since the temporary suspension of the tax, HFCS demand in Mexico has been depressed and earnings have suffered as a result. Management continues to seek a permanent repeal of the tax. In the event the tax is not permanently repealed by September 30, 2002 and customers do not return to more normal purchasing levels, the Company's financial position, as well as its future operating results and cash flows, could be adversely affected.

#### 3. DEVALUATION OF THE ARGENTINE PESO

On January 6, 2002, the Argentine government announced a devaluation of its currency and the establishment of a floating rate. The Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2001 reflect this event. In the first quarter of 2002, the Company recognized an additional other comprehensive loss of approximately \$61 million relating to the further devaluation of the Argentine peso in relation to the U.S. dollar. This loss was included in the accumulated other comprehensive loss account within the stockholders' equity section of the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. However, the

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devaluation did not have a material adverse effect on the Company's first quarter 2002 net income. Continued weakening of the Argentine peso relative to the U.S. dollar could result in the recognition of additional foreign currency translation losses in accumulated other comprehensive income and a reduction in the Company's total stockholders' equity in the future. Additionally, any further devaluations of the Argentine currency and/or other economic and policy developments in Argentina could have an adverse impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows in future periods, and such effects could be significant.

#### 4. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

On January 1, 2002, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS 142"), which supersedes APB Opinion No. 17, "Intangible Assets." SFAS 142 addresses how intangible assets that are acquired individually or with a group of other assets (but not those acquired in a business combination) should be accounted for in financial statements upon their acquisition. SFAS 142 also addresses how goodwill and other intangible assets should be accounted for after they have been initially recognized in the financial statements. SFAS 142 stipulates that goodwill should no longer be amortized and should instead be subject to an annual impairment assessment. The Company completed the transitional impairment test required by SFAS 142 during the quarter ended March 31, 2002. No impairment loss was recognized in connection with the adoption of SFAS 142 as of January 1, 2002. The following information is disclosed in accordance with SFAS 142:

#### Goodwill

The carrying amount of goodwill by geographic segment as of March 31, 2002, was as follows:

	March 31, 2002	
	=====	
	(in millions)	
North America	\$ 119	
South America	25	
Asia/Africa	120	
	=====	
Total goodwill	\$ 264	
	=====	

The adoption of SFAS 142's provisions relating to goodwill amortization resulted in the Company discontinuing the amortization of goodwill beginning January 1, 2002. On a pre-tax basis, goodwill amortization recorded in the first three months of 2001 was \$3 million, which related to North America (\$0.8 million), South America (\$0.5 million), and Asia/Africa (\$1.7 million). On an after-tax basis, goodwill amortization recorded in the first three months of 2001 was \$1.9 million. The following table provides a comparison of the effects of adopting SFAS 142 for the quarters ended March 31, 2002 and 2001:

Three Months Ended	
March 31, 2002	March 31, 2001
-----	-----
(in millions, except per share data)	

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Net Income	\$ 11.2	\$ 12.7
Add back: goodwill amortization (net of income taxes)	--	1.9
	-----	-----
Adjusted net income	\$ 11.2	\$ 14.6
	=====	=====
Basic and diluted		
earnings per common share:		
As reported earnings per share	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.36
Add back: goodwill amortization	--	0.05
	-----	-----
Adjusted earnings per share	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.41
	=====	=====

5

Also on January 1, 2002, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("SFAS 144"), which supersedes SFAS 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of" ("SFAS 121"). While SFAS 144 retains many of the fundamental recognition and measurement provisions of SFAS 121, it changes the criteria required to be met to classify an asset as held for sale. SFAS 144 also supersedes the accounting and reporting provisions of APB Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations - Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions," and, among other things, broadens reporting for discontinued operations to include a component of an entity, rather than just a segment of a business. The adoption of SFAS 144 did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations" ("SFAS 143"), which addresses financial accounting and reporting for legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the related asset retirement costs. The Company is required to adopt SFAS 143 on January 1, 2003. The impact of the adoption of SFAS 143, if any, is not expected to be significant.

### 5. SALE OF NON-CORE BUSINESS

On February 5, 2002, the Company sold its interest in Enzyme Bio-Systems Ltd. of Beloit, Wisconsin for approximately \$35 million in cash. The Company recorded a pretax gain from the sale of approximately \$8 million, which is included in other income in the first quarter 2002 Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income.

### 6. ACQUISITIONS

On March 4, 2002, the Company increased its ownership in Arancia Corn Products, S.A. de C.V. ("Arancia"), its consolidated Mexican subsidiary, from 90 percent to 100 percent by paying approximately \$39 million in cash and issuing 70,000 shares of common stock valued at approximately \$2 million.

### 7. RESTRUCTURING CHARGES

One of the Company's continuing business strategies is to improve North America profitability. In order to remain competitive while improving margins, the Company has implemented a restructuring plan that includes the termination of approximately 200 employees throughout the three North American countries in which it operates and the cancellation of certain lease obligations. In



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connection with this restructuring plan the Company recorded charges of \$4.3 million during the first quarter of 2002. Of this amount, approximately \$3.5 million represents employee severance costs and related benefits and the balance represents provisions relating to the lease obligations. The charge of \$4.3 million was recorded in general and administrative expenses. As of March 31, 2002, approximately 175 of the 200 employee terminations were completed. It is anticipated that the remaining actions under the restructuring plan will be completed during the second quarter of 2002. The remaining accrual as of March 31, 2002 is approximately \$1 million.

### 8. INTEREST RATE SWAPS

On March 14, 2002, the Company entered into interest rate swap agreements to take advantage of the current interest rate environment by effectively converting the interest rate associated with the Company's 8.45 percent \$200 million senior notes due 2009 to variable rates. These agreements involve the exchange of fixed rate payments (at 8.45 percent) for variable rate payments on \$200 million of notional principal without the exchange of the underlying face amount. Under the terms of the agreements, the Company receives fixed rate payments and makes variable rate payments based on the six month U.S. dollar LIBOR rate plus a spread. The fair value of these agreements are reflected in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as an adjustment to the carrying value of the hedged debt obligation. Interest rate differentials to be paid or received under these agreements are recognized over the six month period as adjustments to interest expense. The Company does not hold or issue interest rate swap agreements for trading purposes.

### 9. INVENTORIES

Inventories are summarized as follows:

(in millions)	At March 31, 2002	At December 31, 2001
	----	----
Finished and in process .....	\$ 90	\$ 91
Raw materials .....	67	75
Manufacturing supplies and other ...	33	35
Total Inventories .....	\$190	\$201

6

### 10. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in one business segment - Corn Refining - and is managed on a geographic regional basis. Its North America operations include corn-refining businesses in the United States, Canada and Mexico and its non-consolidated equity interest in CornProductsMCP Sweeteners LLC. Its South America operations include corn-refining businesses in Brazil, Argentina, Colombia, Chile, Ecuador and Uruguay. Its Asia/Africa operations include corn-refining businesses in Korea, Pakistan, Malaysia, Thailand and Kenya.

(in millions)	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2002	2001
	-----	-----
NET SALES		
North America	\$ 275.8	\$ 280.1
South America	98.2	117.4
Asia/Africa	57.9	57.1

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Total	\$ 431.9	\$ 454.6
=====		
OPERATING INCOME		
North America	\$6.7	\$15.0 *
South America	13.7	18.9
Asia/Africa	11.9	10.5
Corporate	(5.4)	(4.8) *
Non-recurring income, net	4.6	-
-----		
Total	\$31.5	\$39.6
=====		

\* - Certain expenses that had previously been reflected in North America results are now classified as corporate expenses. Prior year information has been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

	AT MARCH 31, 2002	AT DECEMBER 31, 2001
(in millions)	-----	-----
TOTAL ASSETS		
North America	\$1,360	\$1,430
South America	415	489
Asia/Africa	300	308
-----		
Total	\$2,075	\$2,227
=====		

7

### ITEM 2 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002  
WITH COMPARATIVES FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2001

NET INCOME. Net income for the quarter ended March 31, 2002 decreased to \$11.2 million, or \$0.31 per diluted share, from \$12.7 million, or \$0.36 per diluted share, in the first quarter of 2001. The current period results include \$4.6 million (\$3.0 million after-tax) of net non-recurring earnings consisting primarily of a gain from the sale of a business unit, net of certain one-time charges. The non-recurring earnings include an \$8.0 million pretax gain from the February 2002 sale of Enzyme-Bio Systems Ltd. ("EBS"), partially offset by \$4.3 million of charges principally related to workforce reductions in North America. Additionally, a one-time gain of \$0.9 million associated with the curtailment of certain benefit costs pertaining to the aforementioned sale and workforce reduction was recorded. Excluding the net non-recurring income, the Company earned \$8.2 million, or \$0.23 per diluted share in the current quarter, down 35 percent from the \$12.7 million earned in the comparable prior year period. This decrease was principally due to lower sales volumes and foreign currency weakness, which more than offset reduced financing costs.

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NET SALES. First quarter net sales totaled \$432 million, down 5 percent from first quarter 2001 sales of \$455 million. This decrease reflects an 8 percent decline associated with lower volume and a 6 percent reduction attributable to weaker foreign currencies, which more than offset a 9 percent price/mix improvement.

North American net sales for first quarter 2002 were down 2 percent from the same period last year primarily due to the effect of the sale of EBS. Excluding past sales generated by EBS, sales in the region were flat, as a 6 percent price/mix improvement was offset by lower volume. The volume decrease primarily reflects reduced demand in Mexico as a result of the Mexican HFCS tax issue (see following section entitled "Mexico HFCS Tax"). In South America, net sales decreased 16 percent from first quarter 2001 reflecting a 12 percent regional volume decline driven by soft economic conditions in Argentina and Brazil. Additionally, while price/mix improvements in the region have been significant (up approximately 19 percent from first quarter 2001), the increases in Argentina are currently lagging the devaluation of the Argentine peso. In Asia/Africa, net sales increased one percent from last year, as a 3 percent price/mix improvement and modest volume growth more than offset a 2 percent sales reduction attributable to weaker currencies.

COST OF SALES AND OPERATING EXPENSES. Cost of sales for first quarter 2002 decreased 2 percent from first quarter 2001 partially due to the effect of the sale of EBS. Excluding past expenses of EBS, cost of sales declined 1 percent from the year ago period. Gross margins were 13.6 percent, down from 16.5 percent last year, reflecting lower volumes, as well as the impact of the decline in value of foreign currencies, particularly in Argentina and Brazil.

Driven partially by a change in accounting that prohibits the amortization of goodwill, first quarter 2002 operating expenses decreased to \$36.9 million from \$39.8 million last year,

8

despite the recording of the aforementioned one-time charges and curtailment gain, which together totaled \$3.4 million. Excluding the effect of the one-time items, first quarter 2002 operating expenses totaled \$33.5 million, representing 7.7 percent of net sales, down from 8.1 percent last year before amortization of goodwill. This decline in operating expenses principally reflects lower U.S. and Canadian SG&A costs and, to a lesser extent, the disposition of EBS.

OPERATING INCOME. First quarter 2002 operating income, which includes the previously mentioned \$4.6 million of net non-recurring earnings, decreased 20 percent to \$31.5 million from \$39.6 million last year. Excluding the net non-recurring earnings, operating income decreased 32 percent to \$26.9 million from \$39.6 million, reflecting significantly lower earnings in North America and South America. North America operating income of \$6.7 million decreased 55 percent from \$15.0 million in the first quarter of 2001, mainly due to the impact of Mexico's HFCS tax on our Mexican business. South America operating income of \$13.7 million for first quarter 2002 decreased 28 percent from \$18.9 million in the prior year period, primarily due to soft economic conditions and weaker currencies in Argentina and Brazil. Asia/Africa operating income increased 13 percent to \$11.9 million from \$10.5 million a year ago.

FINANCING COSTS. Financing costs for first quarter 2002 were \$9.6 million, down from \$15.5 million in the comparable period last year, reflecting lower interest rates and reduced debt.

PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES. The effective tax rate increased to 36 percent for the first quarter of 2002, from 35 percent in the first quarter of 2001. The higher estimated tax rate for 2002 is based on the expected change in

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the mix of domestic and foreign earnings for the full year.

**MINORITY INTEREST IN EARNINGS.** The decrease in minority interest for first quarter 2002 reflects the Company's increased ownership in Arancia and a reduction in earnings from Argentina, partially offset by increased earnings in Korea and Pakistan.

**COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS).** The Company recorded a comprehensive loss of \$46 million for the first quarter of 2002 as compared with a comprehensive loss of \$29 million for the same period last year. The increase resulted from a \$30 million unfavorable variance in the currency translation adjustment, partially offset by gains from cash flow hedges, net of income taxes. The unfavorable \$30 million currency translation adjustment related primarily to the negative impact of weakened local currencies, particularly in Argentina, versus a stronger U.S. dollar.

### MEXICO HFCS TAX

On January 1, 2002, the Mexican Congress passed a value-added tax on soft drinks sweetened with high fructose corn syrup (HFCS), which on March 5, 2002, was suspended until September 30, 2002. In response to the enactment of the tax, which at the time effectively ended the use of HFCS for soft drinks in Mexico, the Company ceased production of HFCS 55 at its San Juan del Rio plant, one of its four plants in Mexico. Effective with the March 5, 2002 suspension of the tax, the Company resumed the production and sale of HFCS in Mexico, although at levels below historical volumes. Since the temporary suspension of the tax, HFCS demand in Mexico has been depressed and earnings have suffered as a result.

9

While the Company is hopeful for a permanent solution ahead of September 30th (the date that the temporary suspension of the tax is scheduled to expire), in the absence of such, it is likely that HFCS demand in Mexico, although expected to improve from the current situation, will remain below normal levels for some time. Management continues to seek a permanent repeal of the tax. In the event the tax is not permanently repealed by September 30, 2002 and customers do not return to more normal purchasing levels, the Company's financial position, as well as its future operating results and cash flows, could be adversely affected.

### DEVALUATION OF THE ARGENTINE PESO

On January 6, 2002, the Argentine government announced a devaluation of its currency and the establishment of a floating rate. The Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2001 reflect this event. In the first quarter of 2002, the Company recognized an additional other comprehensive loss of approximately \$61 million relating to the further devaluation of the Argentine peso in relation to the U.S. dollar. This loss was included in the accumulated other comprehensive loss account within the stockholders' equity section of the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. However, the devaluation did not have a material adverse effect on the Company's first quarter 2002 net income. Continued weakening of the Argentine peso relative to the U.S. dollar could result in the recognition of additional foreign currency translation losses in accumulated other comprehensive income and a reduction in the Company's total stockholders' equity in the future. Additionally, any further devaluations of the Argentine currency and/or other economic and policy developments in Argentina could have an adverse impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows in future periods, and such effects could be significant.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

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At March 31, 2002, the Company's total assets decreased to \$2,075 million from \$2,227 million at December 31, 2001. The decline in total assets mainly reflects further weakening of the Argentine peso.

For the three months ended March 31, 2002, cash provided by operating activities was \$27 million, compared to cash used for operations of \$4 million in the prior year period. This increase primarily reflects a reduction in cash used for working capital purposes, compared to the year-ago period. Cash used for investing activities totaled \$20 million for the first three months of 2002, reflecting capital expenditures and acquisition-related payments, partially offset by proceeds from the sale of EBS. Capital expenditures of \$13 million for the first three months of 2002 are in line with the Company's capital spending plans for the year, which target a reduction of at least 10 percent from the previous year. The Company's capital expenditures and acquisition of the 10 percent minority interest in Arancia were funded by operating cash flows and with proceeds from the sale of EBS.

The Company has a \$340 million 5-year revolving credit facility in the United States due December 2002. The Company plans to refinance the credit facility this year. In addition, the Company has a number of short-term credit facilities consisting of operating lines of credit. At March 31, 2002, the Company had total debt outstanding of \$721 million compared to \$756 million at December 31, 2001. The decrease mainly reflects payments made during the quarter. The debt outstanding includes: \$287 million outstanding under the U.S. revolving credit facility at a weighted average interest rate of 2.2 percent for the three months ended March 31, 2002; \$200 million of 8.45 percent senior notes due 2009 (the "Senior Notes"); and various affiliate indebtedness totaling \$234 million which includes borrowings outstanding under local country operating credit lines. The weighted average interest rate on affiliate debt was approximately 6.7 percent for the first three months of 2002. On March 14, 2002, the Company entered into interest rate swap agreements that effectively converted the interest rate associated with the Company's Senior Notes to a variable interest rate.

The Company expects that its operating cash flows and borrowing availability under its credit facilities will be more than sufficient to fund its anticipated capital expenditures, dividends and other investing and/or financing strategies for the foreseeable future.

MINORITY INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES. Minority interest in subsidiaries decreased \$50 million to \$97 million at March 31, 2002 from \$147 million at December 31, 2001. The decrease is mainly attributable to the Company's purchase of the minority interest in Arancia. Effective with the purchase, Arancia became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

10

### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form 10-Q contains or may contain forward-looking statements concerning the Company's financial position, business and future earnings and prospects, in addition to other statements using words such as "anticipate," "believe," "plan," "estimate," "expect," "intend" and other similar expressions. These statements contain certain inherent risks and uncertainties. Although we believe our expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, stockholders are cautioned that no assurance can be given that our expectations will prove correct. Actual results and developments may differ materially from the expectations conveyed in these statements, based on factors such as the following: fluctuations in worldwide commodities markets

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and the associated risks of hedging against such fluctuations; fluctuations in aggregate industry supply and market demand; general political, economic, business, market and weather conditions in the various geographic regions and countries in which we manufacture and sell our products, including fluctuations in the value of local currencies, energy costs and availability and changes in regulatory controls regarding quotas, tariffs, taxes and biotechnology issues; and increased competitive and/or customer pressure in the corn-refining industry. Our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made and we do not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date of the statement. If we do update or correct one or more of these statements, investors and others should not conclude that we will make additional updates or corrections. For a further description of risk factors, see the Company's most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K and subsequent reports on Forms 10-Q or 8-K.

### ITEM 3

#### QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

This information is set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001, and is incorporated herein by reference. Except for the items referenced below, there have been no material changes to the Company's market risk during the three months ended March 31, 2002.

On January 1, 2002, the Mexican Congress passed a value-added tax on soft drinks sweetened with high fructose corn syrup (HFCS), which on March 5, 2002, was suspended until September 30, 2002. Please refer to Item 2, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, section entitled "Mexico HFCS Tax", included herewith, for information pertaining to the tax.

On January 6, 2002, the Argentine government announced a devaluation of its currency and the establishment of a floating currency rate. Please refer to Item 2, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, section entitled "Devaluation of the Argentine Peso", included herewith, for information pertaining to the devaluation.

As described in Note 8 to the Financial Statements included herewith, on March 14, 2002, the Company entered into interest rate swap agreements that effectively converted the interest rate associated with the Company's 8.45 percent \$200 million Senior Notes to a variable interest rate.

11

## PART II OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 6

#### EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

a) Exhibits

Exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K are listed in the Exhibit Index hereto.

b) Reports on Form 8-K

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No reports on Form 8-K were filed by the Company during the quarter ended March 31, 2002.

All other items hereunder are omitted because either such item is inapplicable or the response is negative.

12

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CORN PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL, INC.

DATE: June 26, 2002

By /s/ James Ripley

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James Ripley  
Vice President - Finance and  
Chief Financial Officer

DATE: June 26, 2002

By /s/ Robin Kornmeyer

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Robin Kornmeyer  
Corporate Controller

13

EXHIBIT INDEX

NUMBER	DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBIT
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10	Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, amended and restated as of January 1, 2001
11	Statement re: computation of earnings per share

