PEABODY ENERGY CORP Form 10-Q November 06, 2009

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

DESCRIPTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended <u>September 30, 2009</u>	
or	
o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SEC	CTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the transition period from to Commission File Num	nber: 1-16463
PEABODY ENERGY C	
(Exact name of registrant as sp	pecified in its charter)
Delaware	13-4004153
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
701 Market Street, St. Louis, Missouri	63101-1826
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)

(314) 342-3400

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes β No o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes β No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No þ

There were 267,835,698 shares of common stock with a par value of \$0.01 per share outstanding at October 30, 2009.

INDEX

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION	Page
Item 1. Financial Statements.	
<u>Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008</u>	1
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2009 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2008	2
<u>Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008</u>	3
<u>Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders</u> Equity for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009	4
Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	5
Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	37
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	49
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	52
PART II OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	53
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	53
Item 6. Exhibits	53
<u>SIGNATURE</u>	54
EXHIBIT INDEX EX-31.1 EX-31.2 EX-32.1 EX-32.2 EX-101 INSTANCE DOCUMENT EX-101 SCHEMA DOCUMENT EX-101 CALCULATION LINKBASE DOCUMENT EX-101 LABELS LINKBASE DOCUMENT EX-101 PRESENTATION LINKBASE DOCUMENT	55
EX-101 DEFINITION LINKBASE DOCUMENT	

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended Septer 30,				
	2009	2008	2009	2008			
	(D	ollars in millio	ns, except per sha	re data)			
Revenues							
Sales	\$ 1,537.0	\$ 1,744.2	\$ 4,023.5	\$ 4,328.1			
Other revenues	130.0	145.4	434.7	339.0			
Total revenues	1,667.0	1,889.6	4,458.2	4,667.1			
Costs and Expenses							
Operating costs and expenses	1,261.4	1,232.9	3,310.2	3,256.4			
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	108.0	101.7	305.5	284.4			
Asset retirement obligation expense	12.8	15.5	31.8	31.2			
Selling and administrative expenses	55.3	44.2	148.8	138.2			
Other operating (income) loss:							
Net gain on disposal or exchange of assets	(2.8)	(4.8)	(16.2)	(67.8)			
(Income) loss from equity affiliates	12.0	3.5	22.7	(2.9)			
Operating profit	220.3	496.6	655.4	1,027.6			
Interest expense	52.3	54.4	151.6	171.6			
Interest income	(2.2)	(3.5)	(6.2)	(7.0)			
Income from continuing operations before							
income taxes	170.2	445.7	510.0	863.0			
Income tax provision	57.0	62.5	165.6	155.4			
Income from continuing operations, net of							
income taxes Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net	113.2	383.2	344.4	707.6			
of income taxes	(2.4)	(11.4)	23.6	(42.1)			
Net income	110.8	371.8	368.0	665.5			
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	4.0	2.3	12.0	5.7			
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 106.8	\$ 369.5	\$ 356.0	\$ 659.8			

Income From Continuing Operations

Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.41	\$ 1.40	\$ 1.24	\$ 2.59
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.41	\$ 1.39	\$ 1.23	\$ 2.57
Net Income Attributable to Common Stockholders Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.40	\$ 1.36	\$ 1.33	\$ 2.43
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.40	\$ 1.35	\$ 1.32	\$ 2.42
Dividends declared per share	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.18

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

1

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	(Unaudited)			
	September		Dec	cember 31,
		0, 2009		2008
		(Amounts	in millio	ns, except
		share and		_
ASSETS			•	
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	790.8	\$	449.7
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$17.7 at				
September 30, 2009 and \$24.8 at December 31, 2008		339.8		382.2
Inventories		357.2		276.2
Assets from coal trading activities, net		360.4		662.8
Deferred income taxes		12.5		1.7
Other current assets		228.4		198.7
Other current assets		220.4		170.7
Total current assets		2,089.1		1,971.3
Property, plant, equipment and mine development		2,007.1		1,7/1.3
Land and coal interests		7,505.4		7,349.4
Buildings and improvements		887.7		858.1
Machinery and equipment		1,315.1		1,245.1
• • •				
Less: accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization		(2,480.0)		(2,155.3)
Duamenty, plant, aggingment and mine days language not		7 220 2		7,297.3
Property, plant, equipment and mine development, net Investments and other assets		7,228.2 542.2		427.0
investments and other assets		342.2		427.0
Total assets	\$	9,859.5	\$	9,695.6
Total assets	Ψ	,,057.5	Ψ	7,075.0
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY				
Current liabilities				
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$	13.7	\$	17.0
Liabilities from coal trading activities, net		121.3		304.2
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,188.4		1,535.0
Total current liabilities		1,323.4		1,856.2
T		0.760.0		2.776.6
Long-term debt, less current maturities		2,763.2		2,776.6
Deferred income taxes		344.9		20.8
Asset retirement obligations		431.2		418.7
Accrued postretirement benefit costs		767.3		766.0
Other noncurrent liabilities		444.8		737.8
Total liabilities		6,074.8		6,576.1
		•		•
Stockholders equity				

Preferred Stock \$0.01 per share par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding as of September 30, 2009 or December 31, 2008

Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock 1,500,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding as of September 30, 2009 or December 31, 2008

Perpetual Preferred Stock 750,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding as of September 30, 2009 or December 31, 2008
Series Common Stock \$0.01 per share par value; 40,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding as of September 30, 2009 or

December 31, 2008

Common Stock \$0.01 per share par value; 800,000,000 shares authorized, 276,370,726 shares issued and 267,728,748 shares outstanding as of September 30, 2009 and 275,211,240 shares issued and 266,644,979 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2008

Additional paid-in capital	2,054.4	2,020.2
Retained earnings	2,110.3	1,802.4
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(65.9)	(388.5)
Treasury shares, at cost: 8,641,978 shares as of September 30, 2009 and		
8,566,261 shares as of December 31, 2008	(321.0)	(318.8)
Peabody Energy Corporation s stockholders equity	3,780.6	3,118.1
Noncontrolling interests	4.1	1.4
Total stockholders equity	3,784.7	3,119.5
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 9,859.5	\$ 9,695.6

2.8

2.8

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

2

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nine Months Ended Septembe 30,			
	*			2008 ns)
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Net income	\$	368.0	\$	665.5
(Income) loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(23.6)		42.1
Income from continuing operations, net of income taxes		344.4		707.6
Adjustments to reconcile income from continuing operations, net of income				
taxes to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		305.5		284.4
Deferred income taxes		99.6		(25.7)
Share-based compensation		28.0		26.1
Amortization of debt discount and debt issuance costs		5.8		5.7
Net gain on disposal or exchange of assets		(16.2)		(67.8)
(Income) loss from equity affiliates		22.7		(2.9)
Revenue recovery on coal supply agreement				(56.9)
Dividends received from equity affiliates				19.9
Changes in current assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, including securitization		43.5		(149.1)
Inventories		(81.0)		(10.7)
Net assets from coal trading activities		68.8		(163.1)
Other current assets		15.3		5.0
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(146.5)		236.8
Asset retirement obligations		23.2		22.9
Workers compensation obligations		2.0		2.5
Accrued postretirement benefit costs		5.1		(1.2)
Contributions to pension plans		(37.7)		(20.2)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		(9.3)		(1.6)
Other, net		(9.0)		(13.2)
Net cash provided by continuing operations		664.2		798.5
Net cash used in discontinued operations		(6.2)		(106.0)
Net cash provided by operating activities		658.0		692.5
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Additions to property, plant, equipment and mine development		(143.9)		(172.5)
Acquisition of noncontrolling interests (Millennium Mine)				(106.9)
Investment in Prairie State Energy Campus		(41.6)		(28.5)
Federal coal lease expenditures		(123.6)		(178.5)
Proceeds from disposal of assets, net of notes receivable		47.5		36.3
Additions to advance mining royalties		(4.9)		(4.1)
Investments in equity affiliates and joint ventures		(10.0)		(2.7)

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Net cash used in continuing operations Net cash used in discontinued operations	(276.5)	(456.9) (1.6)
Net cash used in investing activities	(276.5)	(458.5)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Change in revolving line of credit		(97.7)
Payments of long-term debt	(11.4)	(27.6)
Common stock repurchase		(58.3)
Dividends paid	(48.1)	(48.9)
Excess tax benefit related to stock options exercised		27.5
Proceeds from stock options exercised	1.1	13.7
Change in bank overdraft facility	12.9	10.8
Proceeds from employee stock purchases	5.1	5.2
Net cash used in financing activities	(40.4)	(175.3)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	341.1	58.7
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	449.7	45.3
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 790.8	\$ 104.0

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

3

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

	Peabody Energy Corporation s Stockholders Equity Additional Accumulated Other									Total			
		Paid-in			Retained		ehensiveN	onco	ntrollin	Sto	ckholders		
	Common			reasury									
	Stock	Capital	1	Stock	Earnings		oss	Into	erests]	Equity		
D 1 21 2000	Φ 2.0	Φ 2.020.2	Ф	(210.0)	(Dollars in 1			Ф	1.4	Φ	2 1 1 0 5		
December 31, 2008 Comprehensive income:	\$ 2.8	\$ 2,020.2	\$	(318.8)	\$ 1,802.4	\$	(388.5)	\$	1.4	\$	3,119.5		
Net income Increase in fair value of cash flow hedges (net of \$210.5 tax					356.0				12.0		368.0		
provision) Postretirement plans and workers compensation obligations (net of							321.2				321.2		
\$0.9 tax provision)							1.4				1.4		
Comprehensive income					356.0		322.6		12.0		690.6		
Dividends paid					(48.1)						(48.1)		
Employee stock purchases Share-based		5.1									5.1		
compensation Stock options		28.0									28.0		
exercised Shares relinquished Distributions to noncontrolling		1.1		(2.2)					(0.2)		(2.2)		
interests September 30, 2009	\$ 2.8	\$ 2,054.4	\$	(321.0)	\$ 2,110.3	\$	(65.9)	\$	(9.3)	\$	(9.3)		
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See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

4

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Peabody Energy Corporation (the Company) and its affiliates. All intercompany transactions, profits and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2009 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, and the notes thereto, are unaudited. However, in the opinion of management, these financial statements reflect all normal, recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the periods presented. The balance sheet information as of December 31, 2008 has been derived from the Company s audited consolidated balance sheet as provided in the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on August 6, 2009. The results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for future quarters or for the year ending December 31, 2009.

The Company classifies items within discontinued operations in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations when the operations and cash flows of a particular component (defined as operations and cash flows that can be clearly distinguished, operationally and for financial reporting purposes, from the rest of the entity) of the Company have been (or will be) eliminated from the ongoing operations of the Company as a result of a disposal transaction, and the Company will no longer have any significant continuing involvement in the operations of that component. See Note 4 for additional details related to discontinued operations.

(2) Newly Adopted Accounting Standards and Accounting Standards Not Yet Implemented Newly Adopted Accounting Standards

In May 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued an accounting standard that was effective upon issuance that establishes accounting and disclosure guidance for subsequent events, which are events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. The Company evaluated subsequent events after the balance sheet date of September 30, 2009 through the filing of this report with the SEC on November 6, 2009.

In April 2009, the FASB issued an accounting standard which requires disclosures of the fair value of all financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value, whether recognized or not on a company s balance sheet, in interim reporting periods and in financial statements for annual reporting periods. A related standard was also issued in April 2009 which requires entities to disclose the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments and describe changes in methods and significant assumptions, in both interim and annual financial statements. The Company adopted the standards on June 30, 2009. See Note 15 for further information.

In April 2009, the FASB issued an accounting standard which provides additional guidance for estimating fair value when the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability have significantly decreased. The standard also includes guidance on identifying circumstances that indicate a transaction is not orderly and requires that a reporting entity: (1) disclose in interim and annual periods the inputs and valuation technique(s) used to measure fair value and a discussion of changes in valuation techniques and related inputs, if any, during the period, and (2) define the major category for any equity securities and debt securities to be based on the major security types (nature and risk of the security). The Company adopted the standard on June 30, 2009. While adoption of the standard had an impact on the Company s disclosures, it did not affect the Company s results of operations or financial condition.

5

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

In June 2008, the FASB issued an accounting standard which addresses whether instruments granted in share-based payment awards that entitle their holders to receive nonforfeitable dividends or dividend equivalents before vesting should be considered participating securities and need to be included in the earnings allocation in computing earnings per share (EPS) under the two-class method. The two-class method is an earnings allocation formula that determines EPS for each class of common stock and participating security according to dividends declared (or accumulated) and participation rights in undistributed earnings. In accordance with the standard, the Company s unvested restricted stock awards are considered participating securities because they entitle holders to receive nonforfeitable dividends during the vesting term. In applying the two-class method, undistributed earnings are allocated between common shares and unvested restricted stock awards. The standard became effective for the Company on January 1, 2009 where the two-class method of computing basic and diluted EPS was applied for all periods presented. See Note 12 for additional information.

In March 2008, the FASB issued an accounting standard which expands the disclosure requirements for derivative instruments and hedging activities. The standard specifically requires entities to provide enhanced disclosures addressing the following: (1) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, (2) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under the Derivatives and Hedging topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC), and (3) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity s financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. The standard was effective for the Company for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2009. While the standard had an impact on the Company s disclosures, it did not affect the Company s results of operations or financial condition. These additional disclosures are included in Note 15.

In May 2008, the FASB issued an accounting standard which clarifies that convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash upon conversion, including partial cash settlement, are not considered debt instruments within the scope of the Debt topic of the FASB ASC. The standard also specifies that issuers of such instruments should separately account for the liability and equity components in a manner that will reflect the issuer s nonconvertible debt borrowing rate when recognizing interest cost in subsequent periods. The standard was effective for the Company for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2009. Prior period balances in this report have been adjusted to conform with these provisions.

In December 2007, the FASB issued an accounting standard which establishes accounting and reporting guidance for noncontrolling interests in partially-owned consolidated subsidiaries and the loss of control of subsidiaries. The standard requires noncontrolling interests (minority interests) to be reported as a separate component of equity. In addition, the standard requires that a parent recognize a gain or loss in net income when a subsidiary is deconsolidated. The standard was effective for the Company for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2009. Prior period balances in this report have been adjusted to conform with these provisions.

In December 2007, the FASB issued an accounting standard which changes the principles and requirements for the recognition and measurement of identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed and any noncontrolling interest of an acquiree in the financial statements of an acquirer. This standard also provides for the recognition and measurement of goodwill acquired in a business combination and related disclosure. This standard applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning January 1, 2009. In April 2009, the FASB issued additional guidance on this topic, which amends and clarifies the initial recognition and measurement, subsequent measurement and accounting and related disclosures arising from contingencies in a business combination. Under this guidance, assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination that arise from contingencies should be recognized at fair value on the acquisition date if fair value can be determined during the measurement period. If fair value cannot be determined, companies should typically account for the acquired contingencies using existing guidance. This standard is effective for business combinations with an acquisition date that is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning January 1, 2009.

6

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Accounting Standards Not Yet Implemented

In August 2009, the FASB issued accounting guidance that clarified the fair value measurement of liabilities in circumstances in which a quoted price in an active market for the identical liability is not available. In those circumstances, an entity is required to measure fair value utilizing one or more of the following techniques: (1) a valuation technique that uses the quoted market price of an identical liability or similar liabilities when traded as assets; or (2) another valuation technique that is consistent with the principles of ASC Topic 820, such as a present value technique or market approach. The guidance also clarified that when estimating the fair value liability, a reporting entity is not required to include a separate input or adjustment to other inputs relating to the existence of a restriction that prevents the transfer of a liability. Additionally, the guidance clarified that both a quoted price in an active market for the identical liability at the measurement date and the quoted price for the identical liability when traded as an asset in an active market when no adjustments to the quoted price of the asset are required are Level 1 fair value measurements. The guidance is effective for the first reporting period, including interim periods, after issuance, which is the fourth quarter of 2009 for the Company. The Company is currently evaluating the effect, if any, the guidance will have on its results of operations and financial condition.

In June 2009, the FASB issued accounting guidance which modifies how a company determines when an entity that is insufficiently capitalized or is not controlled through voting (or similar rights) should be consolidated. The guidance clarifies that the determination of whether a company is required to consolidate an entity is based on, among other things, an entity is purpose and design and a company is ability to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity is economic performance. The guidance requires an ongoing reassessment of whether a company is the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity. It also requires additional disclosures about a company is involvement in variable interest entities and any significant changes in risk exposure due to that involvement. The guidance is applicable for annual periods beginning after November 15, 2009 (January 1, 2010 for the Company). The Company is currently evaluating the effect, if any, the guidance will have on its results of operations and financial condition.

In June 2009, the FASB issued an accounting standard that seeks to improve the relevance, representational faithfulness and comparability of the information that a reporting entity provides in its financial statements about a transfer of financial assets; the effects of a transfer on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows; and a transferor s continuing involvement, if any, in transferred financial assets. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning after November 15, 2009 (January 1, 2010 for the Company). The Company is currently evaluating the effect, if any, the standard will have on its results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows.

In December 2008, the FASB issued an accounting standard to provide for additional transparency on an employer s disclosures about plan assets of a defined benefit pension or other postretirement plan, including the concentrations of risk in those plans. The effective date of the standard is for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2009 (January 1, 2010 for the Company). While the adoption of this standard will have an impact on the Company s disclosures, it will not affect the Company s results of operations or financial condition.

(3) Acquisition of Noncontrolling Interests

In the third quarter of 2008, the Company expanded its Australia coal presence by purchasing the remaining 15.4% share of the Millennium Mine in Queensland, Australia from the former noncontrolling shareholders for \$106.9 million. The purchase price in excess of the noncontrolling interest book value was preliminarily allocated to land and coal interests in the amount of \$55.1 million and deferred taxes in the amount of \$47.4 million. During the third quarter of 2009, a purchase price allocation adjustment was recorded, which reallocated \$3.5 million to deferred taxes and reduced land and coal interests by the same amount. The Millennium Mine was completed in 2007 as part of the Company s expansion to serve seaborne metallurgical coal markets.

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(4) Discontinued Operations

Patriot Coal Corporation

On October 31, 2007, the Company spun-off portions of its formerly Eastern United States (U.S.) Mining operations business segment through a dividend of all outstanding shares of Patriot Coal Corporation (Patriot), which is now an independent public company traded on the New York Stock Exchange (symbol PCX). The spin-off included eight company-operated mines, two joint venture mines, and numerous contractor operated mines serviced by eight coal preparation facilities along with 1.2 billion tons of proven and probable coal reserves.

Revenues from the spun-off operations are the result of supply agreements the Company entered into with Patriot to meet commitments under non-assignable pre-existing customer agreements sourced from Patriot mining operations. The Company makes no profit as part of these arrangements. The loss from discontinued operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 was primarily related to the write-off of a \$19.4 million receivable related to excise taxes previously paid on export shipments produced from discontinued operations. As part of the Patriot spin-off, the Company retained a receivable for excise tax refunds on export shipments that had previously been ruled unconstitutional by the appellate court. The U.S. Supreme Court reversed the appellate court s ruling on April 15, 2008, and the Company recorded the charge to discontinued operations.

In October 2008, the Energy Improvement and Extension Act of 2008 was enacted, which contained provisions that allow for the refund of coal excise tax collected on coal exported from the U.S. between January 1, 1990 and the date of the legislation. The Company s claim for refund was approved by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) in 2009. During the nine months ended September 30, 2009 the refund of approximately \$35 million (net of income taxes) was recorded in Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes in the unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations as a component of cash flows from operating activities in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

Baralaba

In December 2008, the Company sold its Baralaba Mine, a non-strategic Australian mine. Income tax benefit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 was completely offset by valuation allowances recorded against the deferred tax assets created by operating losses.

Assets Held For Sale

The Company has committed to the divestiture of certain non-strategic Midwestern U.S. mining assets and the divestiture of certain non-strategic Australian mining assets.

8

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Operating results related to discontinued operations were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2009 2008 (Dollars in			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 2008 n millions)			
Revenues:	.	02.0	φ.	02.0	4		
Patriot Coal Corporation Baralaba	\$	83.0	\$	83.8 5.0	\$	222.9	\$ 349.5 12.4
Assets held for sale		5.6		16.1		20.5	45.6
Total	\$	88.6	\$	104.9	\$	243.4	\$ 407.5
Income (loss) before income taxes:							
Patriot Coal Corporation	\$	(5.0)	\$	(3.3)	\$	44.2	\$ (23.1)
Baralaba				(5.3)			(15.0)
Assets held for sale		(0.1)		(6.2)		(6.6)	(20.8)
Total	\$	(5.1)	\$	(14.8)	\$	37.6	\$ (58.9)
Income tax provision (benefit):							
Patriot Coal Corporation	\$	(1.9)	\$	(1.0)	\$	17.0	\$ (9.1)
Baralaba							
Assets held for sale		(0.8)		(2.4)		(3.0)	(7.7)
Total	\$	(2.7)	\$	(3.4)	\$	14.0	\$ (16.8)
Income (loss) net of income taxes:							
Patriot Coal Corporation	\$	(3.1)	\$	(2.3)	\$	27.2	\$ (14.0)
Baralaba		. ,		(5.3)			(15.0)
Assets held for sale		0.7		(3.8)		(3.6)	(13.1)
Total	\$	(2.4)	\$	(11.4)	\$	23.6	\$ (42.1)
9							

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Assets and liabilities related to discontinued operations were as follows:

	September 30, 2009 Assets held			December 31, 2008 Assets held				
	Patriot	for sale	Total Patriot (Dollars in millions)	for sale	Total			
Assets Current assets Other current assets	\$ 40.2	\$	\$ 40.2 \$ 51.0	\$	\$ 51.0			
Total current assets	40.2		40.2 51.0		51.0			
Noncurrent assets Investments and other assets		27.3	27.3 4.9	30.4	35.3			
Total assets	\$ 40.2	\$ 27.3	\$ 67.5 \$ 55.9	\$ 30.4	\$ 86.3			
Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 32.6	\$ 3.5	\$ 36.1 \$ 69.1	\$ 5.4	\$ 74.5			
Total current liabilities	32.6	3.5	36.1 69.1	5.4	74.5			
Noncurrent liabilities Other noncurrent liabilities	2.4	12.9	15.3 12.8	14.0	26.8			
Total liabilities	\$ 35.0	\$ 16.4	\$ 51.4 \$ 81.9	\$ 19.4	\$ 101.3			

Other current assets in the Patriot column included receivables from customers in relation to the supply agreements with Patriot and Accounts payable and accrued expenses in the Patriot column included the amounts due to Patriot on these pass-through transactions.

(5) Assets and Liabilities from Coal Trading Activities

The fair value of assets and liabilities from coal trading activities is set forth below:

	Septembe	December 31, 2008						
	(Dollars in millions)							
	Gross		Gross					
	Basis	Net Basis	Basis	Net Basis				
Assets from coal trading activities	\$ 1,096.2	\$ 360.4	\$ 1,969.7	\$ 662.8				
Liabilities from coal trading activities	(810.5)	(121.3)	(1,548.5)	(304.2)				
Subtotal	285.7	239.1	421.2	358.6				
Net margin held ⁽¹⁾	(46.6)		(62.6)					
Net value of coal trading positions	\$ 239.1	\$ 239.1	\$ 358.6	\$ 358.6				

Includes net margin held from counterparties of \$49.4 million and net margin posted with counterparties of \$2.8 million September 30, 2009 and net margin held from counterparties of \$62.6 million at December 31, 2008.

As of September 30, 2009, forward contracts made up 52% and 72% of the Company s trading assets and liabilities, respectively; financial swaps represent most of the remaining balances. The fair value of coal trading positions designated as cash flow hedges of anticipated future sales was an asset of \$136.0 million as of September 30, 2009 and an asset of \$220.4 million as of December 31, 2008. The net value of trading positions, including those designated as hedges of future cash flows, represents the fair value of the trading portfolio.

10

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2009, the estimated future realization of the value of the Company s trading portfolio was as follows:

Year of	Percentage of Portfolio
Expiration	Total
2009	51%
2010	21%
2011	27%
2012	1%
	100%

At September 30, 2009, 65% of the Company s credit exposure related to coal trading activities was with investment grade counterparties and 35% was with non-investment grade counterparties. The Company s coal trading operations traded 36.3 million tons and 64.4 million tons for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and 142.9 million tons and 151.4 million tons for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

(6) Resource Management

In March 2008, the Company sold approximately 58 million tons of non-strategic coal reserves and surface lands located in Kentucky for \$21.5 million cash proceeds and a note receivable of \$54.9 million, and recognized a gain of \$54.0 million. The note receivable was paid in two installments, \$30.0 million of which was received in December 2008 with the balance received in June 2009. The non-cash portion of this transaction was excluded from the investing section of the unaudited condensed consolidated statement of cash flows until the cash was received.

(7) Inventories

Inventories as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 consisted of the following:

	September					
	30,	\mathbf{D}	ecember 31,			
	2009		2008			
	(Dollar)	ollars in millions)				
Materials and supplies	\$ 115.9	\$	109.6			
Raw coal	76.7		22.7			
Saleable coal	164.6		143.9			
Total	\$ 357.2	\$	276.2			

Inventory increased during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 primarily due to higher raw and saleable coal volumes and higher value inventories in Australia.

11

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(8) Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2009	D	ecember 31, 2008
	(Dolla	rs in mil	llions)
Trade accounts payable	\$ 331.2	\$	427.2
Accrued taxes other than income	194.8		170.8
Other accrued expenses	168.1		126.8
Accrued payroll and related benefits	114.0		120.2
Accrued health care	82.6		82.5
Income taxes payable	79.5		142.7
Accrued royalties	59.3		77.7
Commodity and foreign currency hedge contracts	54.4		261.1
Accrued interest	49.7		31.1
Workers compensation obligations	8.7		8.7
Accrued environmental	6.4		7.6
Other accrued benefits	3.6		4.1
Liabilities associated with discontinued operations	32.6		69.1
Liabilities associated with assets held for sale	3.5		5.4
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,188.4	\$	1,535.0

(9) Income Taxes

The income tax rate differed from the U.S. federal statutory rate as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2	2009	,	2008		2009		2008
			((Dollars in	milli	ons)		
Federal statutory rate	\$	59.6	\$	156.1	\$	178.5	\$	302.1
Excess depletion		(1.1)		(17.4)		(35.9)		(35.5)
Foreign earnings rate differential		(19.6)		(23.8)		(43.3)		(49.2)
Remeasurement of foreign taxes		22.3		(62.7)		69.1		(29.3)
State income taxes, net of U.S. federal tax								
benefit		3.0		3.2		5.0		4.6
Tax credits		0.3		(3.4)		(10.0)		(9.6)
Changes in valuation allowance		3.0		2.3		9.5		(41.6)
Changes in tax reserves		1.3		1.0		4.4		2.0
Other, net		(11.8)		7.2		(11.7)		11.9
Total provision	\$	57.0	\$	62.5	\$	165.6	\$	155.4

The change in the deferred tax balances during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 were driven by changes in the Company s cash flow hedges, remeasurement of foreign income tax accounts and utilization of net operating loss carryforwards.

The total amount of the net unrecognized tax benefits was \$176.9 million (\$186.3 million gross) at December 31, 2008. As a result of the Company s ongoing IRS audit for the 2005 and 2006 tax years, the Company reduced the amount of the net unrecognized tax benefits by \$80.6 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2009. The corresponding adjustment was a reduction of the deferred tax asset associated with net operating losses.

12

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (10) Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following table sets forth the after-tax components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the nine months ended September 30, 2009:

Net

	reign rrency	As Posti	ctuarial Loss sociated with retirement ans and	Ass	or Service Cost sociated With		Cash		Total cumulated Other
	slation stment		pensation ligations	(D e	retirement Plans ollars in illions)	I	Flow Hedges	Com	prehensive Loss
December 31, 2008 Net increase in value of cash flow hedges Reclassification from other comprehensive income to	\$ 3.1	\$	(220.4)	\$	(18.7)	\$	(152.5) 210.8	\$	(388.5) 210.8
earnings Current period change			8.9 (8.8)		1.3		110.4		120.6 (8.8)
September 30, 2009	\$ 3.1	\$	(220.3)	\$	(17.4)	\$	168.7	\$	(65.9)

Comprehensive income (loss) differs from net income by the amount of unrealized gain or loss resulting from valuation changes of the Company s cash flow hedges (which include fuel and explosives hedges, currency hedges, traded coal index contracts and interest rate swaps) and the change in actuarial loss and prior service cost. The values of the Company s cash flow hedging instruments are primarily affected by changes in interest rates, crude oil, diesel fuel, natural gas and coal prices and the U.S. dollar/Australian dollar exchange rate. The change in the value of the cash flow hedges during 2009 was primarily due to the strengthening of the Australian dollar against the U.S. dollar.

(11) Long-Term Debt

Convertible Junior Subordinated Debentures

As discussed in Note 2, the Company adopted an accounting standard which clarifies that convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash upon conversion, including partial cash settlement, are not considered debt instruments. The standard also specifies that issuers of such instruments should separately account for the liability and equity components in a manner that will reflect the issuer s nonconvertible debt borrowing rate when recognizing interest cost in subsequent periods.

The following table illustrates the effect on the Company s interest expense amount in the statements of operations:

Three	
Months	Nine Months
Ended	Ended

	September 30, 2008	Sep	tember 30, 2008
	(Do	llars in m	illions)
As previously stated	\$ 54.1	\$	171.0
Increase due to application of new standard	0.3		0.6
As adjusted	\$ 54.4	\$	171.6

For the periods presented, there was no change to the Company s EPS figures related to the retrospective application of the allocation of the Company s convertible debt between debt and equity components and the related impact on interest expense.

13

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following table illustrates the carrying amount of the equity and debt components of the Company s Convertible Junior Subordinated Debentures (the Debentures) as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008:

	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008		
	(Dollars	in mil	lions)	
Carrying amount of the equity component	\$ 215.4	\$	215.4	
Principal amount of the liability component	\$ 732.5	\$	732.5	
Unamortized discount	(361.4)		(362.6)	
Net carrying amount	\$ 371.1	\$	369.9	

The following tables illustrate the effective interest rate and the interest expense related to the Debentures:

			nths Ended nber 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,		
		2009	2008	2009	2008	
		(Dollars i	n millions)	(Dollars in millions)		
Effective interest rate		4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	
Interest expense	contractual interest coupon	\$ 8.7	\$ 8.7	\$ 26.1	\$ 26.1	
Interest expense	amortization of debt					
discount		0.4	0.4	1.2	1.1	

The remaining period over which the discount will be amortized is 32.2 years as of September 30, 2009.

For additional information describing the Company s Debentures, including the conditions under which they are convertible, see Note 12 to the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 6, 2009.

There were no other significant changes to the Company s long-term debt since December 31, 2008.

14

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (12) Earnings Per Share

As discussed in Note 2, the Company began using the two-class method to compute basic and diluted EPS for all periods presented. The following illustrates the earnings allocation method utilized in the calculation of basic and diluted EPS.

	Three Mon Septem		0,	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2009 (Dollars in	millia	2008 ons except sh	iare s	2009 and per share	amoi	2008
Basic earnings per share: Income from continuing operations, net	(Donars in				mu per snare		
of income taxes Less: Net income attributable to	\$ 113.2	\$	383.2	\$	344.4	\$	707.6
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders before allocation of earnings to	(4.0)		(2.3)		(12.0)		(5.7)
participating securities Less: Earnings allocated to participating	109.2		380.9		332.4		701.9
securities	(0.7)		(2.1)		(2.3)		(3.7)
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders Income (loss) from discontinued	108.5		378.8		330.1		698.2
operations, net of income taxes	(2.4)		(11.4)		23.6		(42.1)
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 106.1	\$	367.4	\$	353.7	\$	656.1
Diluted earnings per share: Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders before allocation of earnings to							
participating securities Less: Earnings allocated to participating	\$ 109.2	\$	380.9	\$	332.4	\$	701.9
securities	(0.7)		(2.1)		(2.3)		(3.7)
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders before the reallocation of the earnings of participating securities Reallocation of the earnings of participating securities	108.5		378.8		330.1		698.2
	108.5		378.8		330.1		698.2

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Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders Income (loss) from discontinued								
operations, net of income taxes		(2.4)		(11.4)		23.6		(42.1)
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	106.1	\$	367.4	\$	353.7	\$	656.1
Weighted average shares outstanding basic Dilutive impact of share-based	265	,675,383	270	0,192,203	26	5,430,318	26	9,797,796
compensation (1)	1,592,012		1,615,039		1,848,321		1,903,835	
Weighted average shares outstanding diluted (2)	267	,267,395	27	1,807,242	26	7,278,639	27	1,701,631
Basic earnings per share attributable to common stockholders:								
Income from continuing operations Income (loss) from discontinued	\$	0.41	\$	1.40	\$	1.24	\$	2.59
operations		(0.01)		(0.04)		0.09		(0.16)

Net income