

SCHERING PLOUGH CORP

Form DEF 14A

April 20, 2007

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**SCHEDULE 14A
(Rule 14a-101)**

INFORMATION REQUIRED IN PROXY STATEMENT

SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION

**Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities
Exchange Act of 1934**

Filed by the Registrant x

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant o

Check the appropriate box:

- o Preliminary Proxy Statement
- x Definitive Proxy Statement
- o Definitive Additional Materials
- o Soliciting Material Pursuant to Rule 14a-11(c) or Rule 14a-12
- o Confidential, for the Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))

SCHERING-PLOUGH CORPORATION
(Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

- x No fee required.
- o Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(4) and 0-11.
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A Message from the CEO

Dear Fellow Shareowners,

The remarkable transformation of our company continues.

Since we launched our six-year to eight-year strategic Action Agenda in the spring of 2003, we have completed the Stabilize, Repair, and Turnaround phases. Last October, we announced the start of the next of our Action Agenda's five phases: the Build the Base phase.

We have clearly moved from a survive mode to a thrive mode.

During the last three years, we have taken a number of actions to build long-term value, and this can be seen in our performance—growing sales, increasing earnings, transforming our cash flow situation and increasing total shareholder return. Our recent agreement to acquire Organon BioSciences N.V. has great potential to further accelerate this work, given its strong fit strategically, scientifically and financially.

We are grateful to our Board members for their careful oversight and diligent service through this exciting journey. We have included two new nominees in the slate of Directors proposed for election by our shareowners—Antonio M. Perez, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Eastman Kodak Company and Jack L. Stahl, retired President and Chief Executive Officer of Revlon, Inc. These accomplished nominees will add further breadth and depth to our strong Board.

Schering-Plough today is emerging among the most dynamic companies in our Peer Group. As we advance into the Build the Base phase, we will continue to drive toward our goal of long-term high performance and value creation.

Above all, our progress is driven by our people. Their passion, courage and tenacity are creating a new and special health care company. We can be proud of them and what they are achieving.

The continued support and investment by you, our shareowners, are fueling this transformation. We thank you for your confidence, and we will be working hard to continue to earn it.

Sincerely,

Kenilworth, New Jersey
April 19, 2007

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Notice of Annual Meeting of Shareholders
May 18, 2007

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders of Schering-Plough Corporation will be held at The Miracle Theatre, 280 Miracle Mile, Coral Gables, Florida, on Friday, May 18, 2007, at 9:00 a.m. local time. The purposes of the meeting are to vote on the following proposals and to transact other business that may properly come before the meeting:

- Proposal One** Elect thirteen Directors for a one-year term. The Board recommends a vote **FOR** this proposal.
- Proposal Two** Ratify the designation of Deloitte & Touche LLP to audit Schering-Plough's books and accounts for 2007. The Board recommends a vote **FOR** this proposal.
- Proposal Three** Approve amendments to the Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws to reduce shareholder supermajority vote requirements to a majority vote. The Board recommends a vote **FOR** this proposal.
- Proposal Four** Approve an amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation to elect Directors by a majority vote rather than a plurality vote. The Board recommends a vote **FOR** this proposal.
- Proposal Five** Consider a shareholder proposal if properly brought before the meeting. The Board recommends a vote **AGAINST** the proposal.

Only holders of record of common shares at the close of business on March 28, 2007 will be entitled to vote at the meeting or any adjournments or postponements thereof.

For the security of everyone attending the meeting, a shareholder must present both an admission ticket and photo identification to be admitted to the Annual Meeting of Shareholders. The process for shareholders to obtain an admission ticket from Schering-Plough's transfer agent, The Bank of New York, is described in the proxy statement on page 56.

Your vote is important. Whether or not you plan to attend the meeting, please vote in advance by proxy in whichever way is most convenient—in writing, by telephone or by the internet. We appreciate your investment in Schering-Plough, and we encourage you to participate in its governance by voting.

Susan Ellen Wolf
*Corporate Secretary and
Vice President Corporate Governance*

Kenilworth, New Jersey
April 19, 2007

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Proxy Statement

2007 Annual Meeting of Shareholders

**The Miracle Theatre
280 Miracle Mile
Coral Gables, FL 33134
Friday, May 18, 2007
9:00 a.m.**

This proxy statement is furnished in connection with the solicitation of proxies by the Board of Directors of Schering-Plough Corporation to be voted at its Annual Meeting of Shareholders on May 18, 2007, and any adjournments or postponements of the Annual Meeting of Shareholders. At the 2007 Annual Meeting of Shareholders, holders of common shares will vote on the following matters:

- Proposal One** Elect thirteen Directors for a one-year term. The Board recommends a vote **FOR** this proposal.
- Proposal Two** Ratify the designation of Deloitte & Touche LLP to audit Schering-Plough's books and accounts for 2007. The Board recommends a vote **FOR** this proposal.
- Proposal Three** Approve amendments to the Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws to reduce shareholder supermajority vote requirements to a majority vote. The Board recommends a vote **FOR** this proposal.
- Proposal Four** Approve an amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation to elect Directors by a majority vote rather than a plurality vote. The Board recommends a vote **FOR** this proposal.
- Proposal Five** Consider a shareholder proposal if properly brought before the meeting. The Board recommends a vote **AGAINST** the proposal.

The Board of Directors has designated Fred Hassan, Robert J. Bertolini and Susan Ellen Wolf as proxies in connection with the 2007 Annual Meeting of Shareholders. With respect to any other matter that properly comes before the Annual Meeting of Shareholders, these proxies will vote as recommended by the Board of Directors or, if no recommendation is given, in their own discretion.

This proxy statement and the accompanying proxy and voting instruction card, together with the 2006 financial report to shareholders and company overview, are being mailed beginning on or about April 20, 2007, to all holders of record of common shares as of the close of business on March 28, 2007. There were 1,489,238,967 common shares outstanding on March 28, 2007.

The address of Schering-Plough's principal executive offices is 2000 Galloping Hill Road, Kenilworth, New Jersey 07033 and its website is www.schering-plough.com.

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PROPOSAL ONE: ELECT THIRTEEN DIRECTORS FOR A ONE-YEAR TERM

The Board has nominated thirteen nominees for election as Directors for a one-year term expiring at the 2008 Annual Meeting of Shareholders. In each case, Directors are elected to serve for a one-year term and until their successors have been elected and qualified.

In the event one or more of the named nominees is unable or unwilling to serve, the persons designated as proxies may cast votes for other persons as substitute nominees. The Board of Directors has no reason to believe that any of the nominees named below will be unavailable, or if elected, will decline to serve.

Biographical information is given below for each nominee for Director. Antonio M. Perez and Jack L. Stahl each is nominated to be elected by shareholders for his first annual term as a Director (each was identified to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee as a qualified candidate by a third-party search firm). All other nominees are presently serving as Directors.

Vote required. A plurality of the votes cast is required for the election of Directors.

The Board recommends a vote FOR each of the nominees in proposal one.

Nominees not currently serving as Directors

ANTONIO M. PEREZ, Age 61, Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President of Eastman Kodak Company (Kodak) (imaging innovator).

Prior History: Mr. Perez has served Kodak as Chairman of the Board since January 2006, Chief Executive Officer since May 2005 and President since April 2003. Prior to joining Kodak, Mr. Perez served as an independent consultant for large investment firms, providing counsel on the effect of technology shifts on financial markets; served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Gemplus International from June 2000 to December 2001; and before that held several senior management positions over a twenty-five year career with Hewlett-Packard Company.

Other: Member of Business Council, Business Roundtable and International Consultative Conference for the Future Economic Development of Guandong Province, China. Mr. Perez also serves as Vice Chair of the Diversity Best Practices Initiative and will become Chairman in the fourth quarter of 2007.

JACK L. STAHL, Age 54, Retired President and Chief Executive Officer of Revlon, Inc. (cosmetics).

Prior History: Mr. Stahl served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Revlon from February 2002 to September 2006 and Director from March 2002 to September 2006. Mr. Stahl also served as President and Chief Operating Officer of The Coca-Cola Company from February 2000 to March 2001. Prior to that, Mr. Stahl held various senior executive operational and financial positions at The Coca-Cola Company where he began his career in 1979.

Other: Chairman of the Board of the United Negro College Fund and a member of the Board of Governors of the Boys & Girls Clubs of America.

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Nominees currently serving as Directors

HANS W. BECHERER, Age 71, Retired Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer of Deere & Company (manufacturer of mobile power machinery and supplier of financial and health care services).

Prior History: Mr. Becherer was associated with Deere & Company from 1962 until his retirement in 2000. He was elected President and Chief Operating Officer of Deere & Company in 1987, President and Chief Executive Officer in 1989, and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in May 1990.

Other: Member of the Business Council and Council on Foreign Relations.

Director since: 1989

THOMAS J. COLLIGAN, Age 62, Retired Vice Chairman of PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP (accounting firm).

Prior History: Mr. Colligan was associated with PricewaterhouseCoopers from 1969 until his retirement in 2004.

Other Directorships: Anesiva, Inc.

Other: Managing Director of Duke Corporate Education, Chair of the Board of Trustees of Newark Boys Chorus School and Board of Advisors of the Silberman College of Business at Fairleigh Dickinson University.

Director since: 2005

FRED HASSAN, Age 61, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer since April 2003.

Prior History: Mr. Hassan was Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Pharmacia Corporation from February 2001 until April 2003, President and Chief Executive Officer of Pharmacia from March 2000 to February 2001, and President and Chief Executive Officer of Pharmacia & Upjohn, Inc. from May 1997 until March 2000. Mr. Hassan was Executive Vice President and a member of the Board of Directors of Wyeth, Inc. (formerly American Home Products Corporation) from 1995 to 1997.

Other Directorships: Avon Products, Inc.

Other: President of International Federation of Pharmaceutical Manufacturers and Associations (IFPMA).

Director since: 2003

C. ROBERT KIDDER, Age 62, Principal of 3Stone Advisors LLC (private investment firm).

Prior History: Mr. Kidder was Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Borden, Inc. from 1995 to 2003. He was also a Founding Partner of Borden Capital Management Partners. Prior to that, he was at Duracell International Inc. from 1980 to 1994, assuming the role of President and Chief Executive Officer in 1984.

Other Directorships: Morgan Stanley

Other: Board of Trustees of Columbus Children's Hospital, President of Wexner Center Foundation and Member of the Board of Ohio University.

Director since: 2005

PHILIP LEDER, M.D., Age 72, Chairman *Emeritus* and Professor, Department of Genetics, Harvard Medical School. Dr. Leder was Chairman, Department of Genetics, Harvard Medical School, since 1980; and John Emory Andrus Professor of Genetics since 1980.

Other: Honorary Trustee of the Massachusetts General Hospital, Trustee and Chairman of the Board of the Charles A. Revson Foundation.

Director since: 2003

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EUGENE R. MCGRATH, Age 65, Retired Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer and current Director of Consolidated Edison, Inc. (energy company).

Prior History: Mr. McGrath has been associated with Con Edison since 1963. He served as Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer from October 1997 until September 2005, and Chairman until February 2006. He served as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Con Edison's subsidiary, Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc., from September 1990 until September 2005 and as Chairman until February 2006.

Other: Director or Trustee of AEGIS Insurance Services, Atlantic Mutual Insurance Services, GAMCO Investors, Inc., Manhattan College and the Wildlife Conservation Society.

Director since: 2000

CARL E. MUNDY, JR., Age 71, Retired General, Former Commandant of the Marine Corps.

Prior History: General Mundy entered the Marine Corps in 1953. He held senior positions of operational command and top-level management prior to appointment as Commandant and Joint Chiefs of Staff member in 1991. He led the Marine Corps and served as military adviser to the President and Secretary of Defense from 1991 to 1995.

Other Directorships: General Dynamics Corporation

Other: Chairman of the Marine Corps University Foundation, member of the board of advisors to the Navy League of the United States, past member of the board of advisors to the Comptroller General of the United States, past member of the Council on Foreign Relations, and past President of Worldwide Operations of the United Services Organization.

Director since: 1995

PATRICIA F. RUSSO, Age 54, Chief Executive Officer of Alcatel-Lucent (communications company).

Prior History: Ms. Russo served as Chairman from 2003 to 2006 and Chief Executive Officer and President from 2002 to 2006 of Lucent Technologies Inc. Ms. Russo was President and Chief Operating Officer of Eastman Kodak Company from April 2001 and a Director from July 2001, and also Chairman of Avaya Inc. since December 2000, until she rejoined Lucent in January 2002. Ms. Russo was Executive Vice President and Chief Executive Officer of the Service Provider Networks business of Lucent from November 1999 to August 2000 and served as Executive Vice President from 1996 to 1999. Prior to that she held various executive positions with Lucent and AT&T.

Director since: 1995

KATHRYN C. TURNER, Age 59, Chairperson, Chief Executive Officer and President of Standard Technology, Inc. (management and technology solutions firm). Ms. Turner has served in her present position since 1985.

Other Directorships: ConocoPhillips and Carpenter Technology Corporation.

Other: Board member of National Capital Area Council of the Boy Scouts of America and Children's Hospice International.

Director since: 2001

ROBERT F.W. VAN OORDT, Age 70, Chairman of the Supervisory Board of Rodamco Europe N.V. (largest retail real estate investment company in Europe).
Prior History: Mr. van Oordt served as Chief Executive Officer of Rodamco from March 2000 to June 2001. Prior to that assignment, Mr. van Oordt served as Chairman of the Executive Board of NV Koninklijke KNP BT (producer of paper and distributor of graphic and office products) from March 1993, following the merger of three Dutch-based industrial corporations, including Bührmann-Tetterode N.V., until his retirement in April 1996. Former Director of Nokia Corporation.

Other Directorships: Fortis Bank N.V. and Supervisory Board of Draka Holding N.V.

Other: Member of the International Advisory Board of Nijenrode University and senior member of the Conference Board.

Director since: 1992

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ARTHUR F. WEINBACH, Age 63, is Chairman of the Board of Automatic Data Processing, Inc. (ADP) (independent computing services company). Mr. Weinbach is also Chairman of the Board of Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. (Broadridge) (technology-based outsourcing to the financial services industry) since April 2007. Mr. Weinbach has been associated with ADP since 1980, serving as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer from 1998 to 2006. Mr. Weinbach retired as Chief Executive Officer in 2006.

Other Directorships: First Data Corp.

Other: Trustee of New Jersey Seeds.

Director since: 1999

Director Independence

Schering-Plough is subject to the New York Stock Exchange independence requirements for Directors and has adopted the more restrictive Schering-Plough Board Independence Standard, which is included in the Corporate Governance Guidelines. The Guidelines require:

A Director who is an executive officer or an employee, or whose immediate family member is an executive officer, of a company that makes payments to, or receives payments from, Schering-Plough for property which, in any single fiscal year, exceeds the greater of \$500,000 or 2% of such other company's consolidated gross revenues, is not independent until three years after falling below such threshold.

Directors are independent of any particular constituency and are able to represent all shareholders of Schering-Plough.

In the event that a Director is an executive officer or an employee, or his/her immediate family member is an executive officer, of a charitable organization that receives payments from Schering-Plough which, in any single fiscal year, exceed the greater of \$500,000 or 2% of the charitable organization's gross revenues, such payments will be disclosed in the proxy statement.

A Director who was, or whose immediate family member was:

an executive officer of Schering-Plough, or

affiliated with or employed by the independent auditor, or

an executive officer of another company where any of Schering-Plough's current executives serve on that company's compensation committee

will not be independent until four years after the end of such relationship.

The Guidelines are available on Schering-Plough's website at www.schering-plough.com. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee assists the Board with the assessment of Director independence. For more information about the procedures used to assess independence, see [Procedures for Related Party Transactions and Director Independence Assessments](#) beginning on page 20.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board have determined that (1) Hassan is not independent because as Chairman of the Board and CEO of Schering-Plough, he is an officer and employee of Schering-Plough; (2) Leder is not independent because of certain transactions between Schering-Plough and a company where his son is the chief executive officer (for additional information, see [Certain Transactions](#) on page 9); (3) all other Directors and both new nominees are independent under the New York Stock Exchange listing standards and the more restrictive Schering-Plough Board Independence Standard; (4) each independent Director and each new nominee has no material relationship with Schering-Plough; and (5) former Director Richard de J. Osborne was independent under both standards prior to retiring in early 2006.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board have determined that all members of the Audit Committee Directors Becherer, Colligan, McGrath and van Oordt also are independent pursuant to the requirements of Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act).

Board Meetings and Attendance of Directors

The Board of Directors held nine meetings in 2006, including a two-day strategic planning meeting. All Directors attended more than 75% of the aggregate of (1) the total number of meetings of the Board, and (2) the total number of meetings held by all Committees of the Board on which they served.

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Director Attendance at Annual Meetings of Shareholders

Directors are expected to attend Annual Meetings of Shareholders unless an emergency or illness makes such attendance impossible or imprudent. Since 1990, only one Director has missed an Annual Meeting of Shareholders (due to illness), and all other Directors have attended all Annual Meetings of Shareholders, including the 2006 Annual Meeting of Shareholders at which all Directors were present. In 2006, Mr. Kidder attended by teleconference because, on the date of the Annual Meeting of Shareholders, which was scheduled before he joined the Board, he was in another state to attend his daughter's wedding.

Executive Sessions of the Board of Directors

As required in the Corporate Governance Guidelines, the Board periodically meets in executive session without any Director present who is also a member of management. During 2006, the Board held five such sessions.

Executive sessions are always chaired by an independent Director. The independent Directors have determined to rotate this responsibility every six months among the independent Directors who chair Committees of the Board. Currently, Thomas J. Colligan is chairing the executive sessions.

Board Turnover

In light of routine inquiries about Board turnover, the following information is provided:

Between 2002 (the year in which the Board announced the intention to replace R.J. Kogan as Chairman and CEO) and the date of the 2007 Annual Meeting of Shareholders, seven Directors have left the Board and, if all nominees are elected, six Directors have joined the Board.

Specifically, during 2002, Directors Herzlinger, Morley and Wood left the Board; during 2003, the year in which Hassan joined Schering-Plough, Hassan and Leder joined the Board, while Kogan left the Board; during 2004, Komansky and Miller left the Board; during 2005, Colligan and Kidder joined the Board; during 2006, Osborne left the Board; and if elected at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders, Perez and Stahl will join the Board in 2007.

Director Education

All Directors participated in a customized Director Education module on the evolution of Drug Discovery during 2006. The module consisted of five hours of preparatory work, an hour-long presentation and an hour-and-a-half-long interactive session, led by an outside expert and Schering-Plough's Executive Vice President, Schering-Plough Research Institute and Chief Scientific Officer.

Additional education is provided throughout the year, as needed, on matters pertinent to Committee work and Board deliberations. Subjects covered for the full Board or certain Board Committees during education sessions in 2006 included:

- an interactive session on the structure and size of key global markets for therapeutic areas addressed by Schering-Plough's leading prescription products;
- a presentation by Schering-Plough scientists about the science and human health impact of high LDL and/or HDL cholesterol, the current and pipeline products of Schering-Plough and competitors that manage LDL and/or HDL levels;

a presentation by manufacturing and quality executives about details of Schering-Plough's worldwide manufacturing capabilities and facilities;
an interactive session with outside counsel about corporate governance developments relating to Board structure and Director elections;
a presentation by outside New Jersey corporation counsel about New Jersey corporation law requirements as to Director duties when considering strategic transactions; and
a presentation by the Chief Medical Officer about European Union requirements for pharmacovigilance.

Each Director earned at least five additional education credit hours by participating in these activities. Several Directors also attended general Director education programs offered by third parties during 2006.

Director Compensation

Hassan receives no compensation for his service as a Director.

All other Directors receive compensation pursuant to the Directors Compensation Plan. These Directors receive no compensation, directly or indirectly, from Schering-Plough other than pursuant to the Directors Compensation Plan.

The Process for Reviewing and Determining Director Compensation. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, pursuant to its charter, is responsible for conducting an annual assessment of non-management

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Director compensation and benefits. The Committee members are all independent as defined in the New York Stock Exchange listing standards and the more restrictive Schering-Plough Board Independence Standard described in Director Independence on page 6.

As part of the assessment, the Committee considers the amount of Director compensation and the mix of compensation instruments. The Committee uses benchmarking data relating to Director compensation at other companies. The Committee also considers feedback from shareholders about Director compensation.

Since 2005, this assessment has included benchmarking using independent data compiled by the National Association of Corporate Directors for similar-sized companies in both the pharmaceutical and health care industries.

Director Compensation Philosophy. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee targets Director compensation at the median of total compensation of pharmaceutical and health care companies. The Committee believes Directors at companies in these global industries face oversight and analytical issues similar to those faced by Schering-Plough Directors. The Committee believes the current compensation paid to Directors is reasonable in light of the service they provide to Schering-Plough.

Directors Compensation Plan. In 2006, at the recommendation of the Committee and the Board, shareholders approved a new, more transparent Directors Compensation Plan. The Committee drew from the Non-Employee Director Compensation Policy published by the Council of Institutional Investors and outside counsel for plan design. The new Plan became effective June 1, 2006 and provided compensation for 2006 fiscal year service on the Board.

Under the Plan, non-employee Directors receive a set amount for service on the Board. The amount is paid in a mix of two-thirds in cash and one-third in common shares. Directors who serve either on the Audit Committee or as the Chair of any other Board Committee receive an additional service fee paid in cash. There is no additional service fee for the Committee Chair of the Executive Committee.

Directors may elect to defer receipt of their Director fees. Directors may elect to defer the cash component of their compensation in either an account that grows/diminishes in value as if invested in Schering-Plough common shares (with dividend equivalents reinvested) or in an account that earns interest at a market rate. Directors may also elect to defer the share component of their compensation in an account that grows/diminishes in value as if invested in Schering-Plough common shares (with dividend equivalents reinvested).

Director Stock Ownership. Director stock ownership is considered in conjunction with Director compensation. Director stock ownership also is a valuable tool to align Directors' interests with those of Schering-Plough shareholders. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers Director ownership of Schering-Plough equity and recommends ownership requirements to the Board. In 2005, the Board established stock ownership requirements for all Directors and included the requirements in the Corporate Governance Guidelines. The current requirement is 5,000 common shares (including deferred stock units) within three years of joining the Board, and all Directors have achieved the requirement.

2006 Director Compensation. For 2006 service, Directors received (1) a base Director fee of \$200,000, two-thirds of which was paid in cash and one-third of which was paid in unrestricted Schering-Plough common shares; and (2) an additional service fee of \$15,000 for each eligible Director who served either on the Audit Committee or as the Chair of any other Board Committee. Committee Chairs who were also members of the Audit Committee were only paid one additional service fee.

No Personal Benefits. Director compensation did not include personal benefits in 2006. Director compensation will not include personal benefits in 2007. Directors occasionally receive complimentary Schering-Plough consumer

products, like Dr. Scholl's and Coppertone products, and spouses are invited to travel with Directors to meetings every few years, the last time being in 2005. At these meetings, the spouses typically attend certain portions of the business activities, such as touring Schering-Plough operations. The total cost to Schering-Plough for all such items has been under \$10,000 per Director, per year.

Table of Contents**2006 Director Compensation Table**

The following table includes all compensation to outside Directors.

| Name | Fees Earned or Paid in Cash \$(1) | Stock Option Awards (\$)(2) | Non-Equity Incentive Awards (\$) | Nonqualified Plan (\$) | Deferred Compensation (\$) | Changes in Pension Value and Other Compensation (\$) | All Other Compensation (\$) | Total (\$)(3) |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| Hans W. Becherer | \$ 148,333 | \$ 66,667 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | 215,000 |
| Thomas J. Colligan | 148,333 | 66,667 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 215,000 |
| C. Robert Kidder | 133,333 | 66,667 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 200,000 |
| Philip Leder, M.D. | 148,333 | 66,667 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 215,000 |
| Eugene R. McGrath | 148,333 | 66,667 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 215,000 |
| Carl E. Mundy, Jr. | 133,333 | 66,667 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 200,000 |
| Patricia F. Russo | 148,333 | 66,667 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 215,000 |
| Kathryn C. Turner | 133,333 | 66,667 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 200,000 |
| Robert F.W. van Oordt | 148,333 | 66,667 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 215,000 |
| Arthur F. Weinbach | 148,333 | 66,667 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 215,000 |
| All Directors | \$ 1,438,330 | \$ 666,670 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | 2,105,000 |

- (1) Includes the cash portion of the Director fee (whether paid or deferred). Kidder, Mundy and Turner did not serve on Schering-Plough's Audit Committee or serve as a Chair of any Board Committee, and, as a result, did not receive a \$15,000 additional service fee.
- (2) Includes the common share portion of the Director fee (whether awarded or deferred). Amounts represent the full grant date fair value of the common share portion of the Director fee, as computed pursuant to FAS 123R, due to the fact that there are no vesting provisions applicable to these awards.
- (3) Total compensation does not include fees paid during 2006 for services rendered for the 2005 fiscal plan year under the prior Directors compensation program. That prior program was replaced by the Directors Compensation Plan, which was approved by shareholders in 2006. Osborne's term as a Director ended in 2006, and he did not receive any compensation under the Directors Compensation Plan.

Certain Transactions

Dr. Leder's son, Ethan Leder, is chief executive officer of United BioSource Corporation, which provides specialized pharmaceutical services, including pharmacoeconomic information and analysis. Schering-Plough, for many years, has obtained services from companies that are part of the United BioSource family of companies (going back to a period before Dr. Leder joined the Schering-Plough Board and before Ethan Leder became affiliated with such companies). During 2006, Schering-Plough business with these companies totaled approximately \$1.6 million, which

was under 2% of United BioSource Corporation's annual gross revenues for 2006 fiscal year. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board of Directors determined that Dr. Leder is not independent as a result of these transactions. Since joining the Board, Dr. Leder has never been a member of a Board Committee for which independence is required.

For more information about the procedures used to assess independence, see Procedures for Related Party Transactions and Director Independence Assessments beginning on page 20.

Table of Contents**PROPOSAL TWO: RATIFY THE DESIGNATION OF DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP TO AUDIT SCHERING-PLOUGH S BOOKS AND ACCOUNTS FOR 2007**

The Audit Committee selected Deloitte & Touche LLP (Deloitte) to audit Schering-Plough s books and accounts for the year ending December 31, 2007 and will offer a resolution at the meeting for shareholders to ratify the designation. Although shareholder ratification is not required, the designation of Deloitte is being submitted for ratification at the 2007 Annual Meeting of Shareholders because Schering-Plough believes it is a matter of good corporate governance practice.

Representatives of Deloitte will be present at the meeting to respond to appropriate questions. They will have an opportunity, if they desire, to make a statement at the meeting.

Vote required. The affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast is needed to ratify the designation of Deloitte.

The Board of Directors recommends a vote FOR proposal two.

Information About Deloitte s Fees.

Aggregate fees for 2006 and 2005 services provided by Deloitte and its affiliates to Schering-Plough and its subsidiaries are as follows:

| Type Services Provided | 2006 Fees | | 2005 Fees | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|
| Audit Fees (1) | \$ | 8,416,303 | \$ | 8,262,600 |
| Audit-Related Fees (2) | | 845,734 | | 841,200 |
| Tax Fees (3) | | 332,727 | | 738,800 |
| All Other Fees | | 0 | | 0 |

- (1) Audit fees were for professional services rendered for the integrated audit of Schering-Plough s annual consolidated financial statements, review of financial statements included in Schering-Plough s 10-Qs, the Sarbanes-Oxley Section 404 attestation and services that are normally provided by the independent registered public accountants in connection with statutory and regulatory filings and engagements.
- (2) Audit-related fees were for assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit of the annual financial statements and the review of the financial statements in the 10-Qs, such as audits of employee benefits plans, consultation on accounting and auditing matters, agreed upon procedures under commercial contracts and requested audits or agreed upon procedures regarding corporate matters or subsidiaries.
- (3) Tax fees were for preparation of international tax returns and other tax compliance services directly related to such returns. (In situations where the tax return in question has not yet been completed because it is not yet due, the work relates to the 2006 tax year and the related fees have been pre-approved but will not be billed until the tax return is completed.) As discussed below, the Audit Committee has specified that it will not approve the provision of general tax planning or tax strategy services by the independent registered public accountants.

Pre-Approval Process for Work Performed by Deloitte and Related Fees

The Audit Committee has a policy to pre-approve all services provided by Deloitte or its affiliates and the related fees. They did so for all 2006 and 2005 services and will continue the pre-approval process in the future. The pre-approval process includes the following steps:

Deloitte, Schering-Plough management and Schering-Plough counsel each confirm that the proposed services are not prohibited services by regulations of the SEC or the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.

The Committee determines that neither the nature of the services provided nor the related fees would impair the independence of Deloitte.

Deloitte provides a written report to the Committee at least quarterly listing the services that have been pre-approved and the related fees, broken down by project and classified into categories of audit, audit-related, tax and all other fees.

The Committee has specified that it will not approve any fees for general tax planning or tax strategy services.

Information About the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and Its Practices

Membership and Independence. The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors has four members. Each member is an independent Director, as independence is defined by the New York Stock Exchange listing standards, the more restrictive Schering-Plough Board Independence Standard and the requirements of Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Exchange Act.

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Functions and Process. The Audit Committee operates under a written charter adopted by the Board. The charter is available on Schering-Plough's website at www.schering-plough.com.

The Audit Committee selects, evaluates and oversees the work of the independent registered public accountants and holds regular private sessions with them. The Audit Committee also oversees the work of the global internal auditors and holds regular private sessions with the senior internal audit executive and other executives as considered appropriate by the Committee.

The Board has determined that the Committee Chairman, Thomas J. Colligan, meets the SEC requirements for, and has designated him as, the Audit Committee Financial Expert.

Audit Committee Report

The Audit Committee is appointed by the Board to assist the Board in its oversight function by monitoring, among other things, the integrity of Schering-Plough's consolidated financial statements, the financial reporting process, the independence and performance of the independent registered public accountants, and the performance of the internal auditors. It is the responsibility of Schering-Plough's management to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and of the independent registered public accountants to audit those financial statements. The Audit Committee has the sole authority and responsibility to select, appoint, evaluate and, where appropriate, replace the independent registered public accountants.

In this context, the Audit Committee has met and held discussions with management, the independent registered public accountants and the internal auditors. Management represented to the Audit Committee that Schering-Plough's consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and the Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed the audited consolidated financial statements with management, the independent registered public accountants and the internal auditors. The Audit Committee discussed with the independent registered public accountants matters required to be discussed by Statement on Auditing Standards No. 61 (Communication with Audit Committees), as amended, as adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board in Rule 3200T.

In addition, the Audit Committee has received the written disclosures and the letter from the independent registered public accountants required by the Independence Standards Board Standard No. 1 (Independence Discussions with Audit Committees), as adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board in Rule 3600T, and has discussed with the independent registered public accountants the independent auditor's independence from Schering-Plough and its management.

Based on the reviews and discussions referred to above, and subject to the limitations on the role and responsibilities of the Audit Committee referred to above and set forth in the charter, the Audit Committee recommended to the Board of Directors that the audited consolidated financial statements be included in Schering-Plough's 2006 10-K for filing with the SEC.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Thomas J. Colligan, Chairman
Hans W. Becherer
Eugene R. McGrath
Robert F. W. van Oordt

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PROPOSAL THREE: APPROVE AMENDMENTS TO THE CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION AND BY-LAWS TO REDUCE SHAREHOLDER SUPERMAJORITY VOTE REQUIREMENTS TO A MAJORITY VOTE

Schering-Plough's Restated Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws currently require the affirmative vote of the holders of 66% to 80% of all outstanding shares to approve various matters and to amend certain provisions in these governing documents. This proposal would lower all supermajority vote requirements to a majority vote.

Background. In December 2006, on the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, the Board of Directors unanimously adopted resolutions approving, declaring advisable and recommending to shareholders for approval amendments to its governing instruments to lower all supermajority vote requirements to a majority vote in each instance where a shareholder vote is required.

In deliberating the advantages of the proposal, the Committee and the Board gave considerable weight to (i) the view of some investors that supermajority vote provisions can limit shareholders' ability to effect change and participation in the governance process; (ii) the level of support at the 2006 Annual Meeting of Shareholders for a shareholder proposal submitted by Charles Miller, with John Chevedden acting as his proxy, relating to simple majority voting; and (iii) the results of a 2006 shareholder survey on this and other governance issues. During their deliberations, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board of Directors were advised by outside experts.

Details. The proposal would change the following provisions in the Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws to reduce the supermajority vote requirement to a majority vote:

- Amend the two-thirds vote requirement to delete the name Schering or Plough to a majority of votes cast.

- Amend the 80% vote requirement to fix the minimum and maximum number of Directors to a majority of votes cast.

- Amend the 80% vote requirement to remove a Director to a majority of votes cast.

- Amend the 80% vote requirement for any business combination to a majority of votes cast.

- Change the 80% vote requirement to amend the articles related to the Board of Directors, Shareholder Actions and Business Combinations to a majority of votes cast so that any amendment to these provisions would require the same shareholder approval as for any other amendment.

- Amend the 80% vote requirement related to Anti-Greenmail to a majority of votes outstanding in which a 5% shareholder is the beneficial owner and the majority of the remaining outstanding shares.

These amendments would revise Articles SEVENTH, NINTH, TENTH, ELEVENTH and TWELFTH of the Certificate of Incorporation and Articles IV, V, and IX of the By-Laws. The description of the proposed amendments to the governing documents in this proxy statement is only a summary of the material terms and provisions of the proposed amendments to the governing instruments. The actual text of the Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws, marked with deletions indicated by strike-outs and additions indicated by underlining to indicate the amendments that will be made if this proposal is approved by shareholders, is available on Schering-Plough's website at www.schering-plough.com.

Effective Time. If approved, (a) the amended and restated By-Laws will become effective at the time of the shareholder vote; and (b) the amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation will become effective upon filing with the Department of Treasury of the State of New Jersey, which Schering-Plough intends to do promptly after shareholder approval is obtained.

Vote Required. The affirmative vote of at least 80% of the outstanding common shares is needed to pass this proposal.

The Board of Directors recommends a vote FOR proposal three.

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PROPOSAL FOUR: APPROVE AN AMENDMENT TO THE CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION TO ELECT DIRECTORS BY A MAJORITY VOTE RATHER THAN A PLURALITY VOTE

Schering-Plough Directors currently are elected by a plurality vote. This proposal would change the standard for the election of Directors to a majority of votes cast.

Background. New Jersey law provides that, unless otherwise specified by the Certificate of Incorporation, Directors are elected by a plurality of votes cast. Since Schering-Plough's Restated Certificate of Incorporation does not provide otherwise, Directors are currently elected by a plurality vote. Under a plurality vote standard, Director nominees with the most votes cast in their favor are elected to the Board, notwithstanding any votes withheld against a Director nominee.

In deliberating the advantages of the proposal, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board gave considerable weight to (i) the level of shareholder support albeit not a majority at the 2006 Annual Meeting of Shareholders for a proposal requesting that Director nominees be elected by an affirmative vote of the majority of votes cast; (ii) dialogue with the Sheet Metal Workers' National Pension Fund; and (iii) the results of a 2006 shareholder survey on this and other governance issues. During the deliberations, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board of Directors were advised by outside experts.

In December 2006, on the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, the Board of Directors unanimously adopted a resolution approving, declaring advisable and recommending to shareholders for approval an amendment to its Certificate of Incorporation to elect Directors by a majority of votes cast, including in the situation where the number of Director nominees exceeds the number of Directors to be elected. In the event that a Director nominee fails to receive a majority of votes cast, such holdover Director must immediately offer to resign. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will determine the appropriate action to take with respect to the offer of resignation, which may include recommending that the Board decrease the number of Directors, fill any vacancy or take any other appropriate action.

Details. The description of the proposed amendments to Article NINTH of the Certificate of Incorporation in this proxy statement is only a summary of the material terms and provisions of the proposed amendments. The actual text of the Certificate of Incorporation, marked with deletions indicated by strike-outs and additions indicated by underlining to indicate the amendments that will be made if this proposal is approved by shareholders, is available on Schering-Plough's website at www.schering-plough.com.

Effective Time. If approved, the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation will be effective upon filing with the Department of Treasury of the State of New Jersey, which Schering-Plough intends to do promptly after shareholder approval is obtained.

Vote Required. The affirmative vote of at least 80% of the outstanding common shares is needed to pass this proposal.

The Board of Directors recommends a vote FOR proposal four.

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PROPOSAL FIVE: SHAREHOLDER PROPOSAL

William Steiner, with John Chevedden acting as his proxy, at 112 Abbottsford Gate, Piermont, NY 10968, has informed Schering-Plough of his intention to present the proposal set forth below for consideration at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders. Steiner owns approximately 500 common shares. To Schering-Plough's knowledge, Chevedden owns no shares. If the proponent, or his representative who is qualified under state law, is present and submits the proposal for a vote, then the proposal will be voted upon at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders. To help readers distinguish between text provided by the proponent and text provided by Schering-Plough, the material provided by the proponent is shaded.

Vote required. The affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast is required to approve the shareholder proposal.

Shareholder Proposal

Performance Based Stock Options

Resolved, Shareholders request that our Board of Directors adopt a policy whereby at least 75% of future equity compensation (stock options and restricted stock) awarded to senior executives shall be performance-based, and the performance criteria adopted by the Board disclosed to shareowners.

Performance-based equity compensation is defined here as:

- (a) Indexed stock options, the exercise price of which is linked to an industry index;
- (b) Premium-priced stock options, the exercise price of which is substantially above the market price on the grant date; or
- (c) Performance-vesting options or restricted stock, which vest only when the market price of the stock exceeds a specific target for a substantial period.

This is not intended to unlawfully interfere with existing employment contracts. However, if there is a conflict with any existing employment contract, our Compensation Committee is urged for the good of our company to negotiate revised contracts that are consistent with this proposal.

As a long-term shareholder, I support compensation policies for senior executives that provide challenging performance objectives that motivate executives to achieve long-term shareowner value. I believe that a greater reliance on performance-based equity grants is particularly warranted at Schering-Plough.

Many leading investors criticize standard options as inappropriately rewarding mediocre performance. Warren Buffett has characterized standard stock options as "a royalty on the passage of time" and has spoken in favor of indexed options.

In contrast, peer-indexed options reward executives for outperforming their direct competitors and discourage re-pricing. Premium-priced options reward executives who enhance overall shareholder value. Performance-vesting equity grants tie compensation more closely to key measures of shareholder value, such as share appreciation and net operating income, thereby encouraging our executives to set and meet performance targets.

Performance Based Stock Options

Yes on 5

BOARD OF DIRECTORS STATEMENT IN OPPOSITION TO PROPOSAL FIVE

The Board and its Compensation Committee agree with the proponent that a significant percentage of equity compensation should be performance-based. Going further than the proponent, as discussed in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the Board and its Compensation Committee believe a significant percentage of *total compensation* as opposed to only equity compensation should be performance-based. The charts on page 28 in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis demonstrate how the percentage of compensation that is performance-based has increased since 2003, when the new management team arrived and the compensation program was re-designed. Approximately 76% of 2006 *total earned compensation* for the named executives was performance-based, not counting traditional stock options (including traditional stock options, the percentage of performance-based compensation increases to 84%).

As called for in the new SEC rules, the performance criteria relating to each performance-based award paid in 2006 are disclosed in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis.

The Board and its Compensation Committee believe that the parameters set forth in the proposal are too specific and would limit the Committee's flexibility to design performance metrics that best meet the objectives of the compensation system including building long-term shareholder value and retaining outstanding talent given the relevant circumstances at various future dates. Based on the financial and operating results produced to date under the current compensation system, the Board asks shareholders to show support for retaining the Compensation Committee's flexibility for the design of performance-based instruments, by voting against the proposal.

The Board recommends a vote AGAINST proposal five.

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STOCK OWNERSHIP

Stock Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners

Set forth below is certain information with respect to those persons who are known to Schering-Plough to own beneficially more than 5% of the outstanding Schering-Plough common shares.

| Name and Address of Beneficial Owner | Common Shares Beneficially Owned | Percent of Class |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Wellington Management Company, LLP (1) 75 State Street Boston, MA 02109 | 192,141,441 | 12.96% |
| Capital Research and Management Company (2) 333 South Hope Street Los Angeles, CA 90071 | 99,918,560 | 6.7% |

- (1) As reported on Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 14, 2007, Wellington Management Company, LLP, in its capacity as investment adviser (held of record by clients of Wellington Management), has (i) shared power to vote or direct the vote of 81,005,454 common shares and (ii) shared power to dispose or direct the disposition of 192,141,441 common shares.
- (2) As reported on Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 12, 2007, Capital Research and Management Company has (i) sole power to vote 20,319,800 common shares and (ii) sole power to dispose or direct the disposition of 99,918,560 common shares.

Common Share and Common Share Equivalents Ownership of Directors and Officers

Set forth below in the column titled "Number of Common Shares" is information with respect to beneficial ownership of Schering-Plough common shares as of March 28, 2007, by each Director, the executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table and by all Schering-Plough Directors and executive officers as a group. Set forth below in the column titled "Number of Common Share Equivalents" is the number of common share equivalents (which grow/diminish like common shares) credited as of March 28, 2007, to the accounts of Schering-Plough's non-employee Directors.

| Name | Number of Common Shares (1) | Number of Common Share Equivalents (4) | Total Ownership |
|--------------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| Hans W. Becherer | 9,600 | 54,536 | 64,136 |
| Thomas J. Colligan | 7,138 | 12,399 | 19,537 |
| Fred Hassan | 3,677,466(2) | 0 | 3,677,466 |

| | | | |
|--|----------------|------------|----------------|
| C. Robert Kidder | 14,334 | 1,876 | 16,210 |
| Philip Leder, M.D. | 13,512 | 4,218 | 17,730 |
| Eugene R. McGrath | 25,660 | 33,231 | 58,891 |
| Carl E. Mundy, Jr. | 18,866 | 23,425 | 42,291 |
| Patricia F. Russo | 39,475 | 31,233 | 70,708 |
| Kathryn C. Turner | 5,283 | 21,425 | 26,708 |
| Robert F.W. van Oordt | 28,944 | 69,513 | 98,457 |
| Arthur F. Weinbach | 10,994 | 49,871 | 60,865 |
| Robert J. Bertolini | 911,604(2,3) | 0 | 911,604 |
| Carrie S. Cox | 1,382,871(2) | 0 | 1,382,871 |
| Thomas Koestler | 343,168(2) | 0 | 343,168 |
| Raul E. Kohan | 588,523(2,3) | 0 | 588,523 |
| Cecil B. Pickett | 1,054,541(2) | 0 | 1,054,541 |
| Thomas J. Sabatino, Jr. | 446,666(2) | 0 | 446,666 |
| All Directors and executive officers as a group including those above (20 persons) | 9,376,097(2,3) | 303,064(5) | 9,679,161(2,3) |

- (1) The total for each individual, and for all Directors and executive officers as a group, is less than 1% of the outstanding common shares (including shares which could be acquired within 60 days of March 28, 2007 through the exercise of outstanding options or the distribution of shares under the Stock Incentive Plans). In addition, the total

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includes common share equivalents that are payable in stock on a Director's termination under a deferral feature of the prior Directors Stock Award Plan and the new Directors Compensation Plan. Of the totals shown, these include 876 for Colligan; 6,072 for Kidder; 10,578 for McGrath; 16,675 for Russo; 5,760 for van Oordt and 2,244 for Weinbach. The information shown is based upon information furnished by the respective Directors and executive officers.

- (2) Includes shares which could be acquired through the exercise of employee stock options that will vest within 60 days of March 28, 2007. Of the totals shown these include: 1,066,665 for Hassan; 246,665 for Bertolini; 408,332 for Cox; 86,666 for Koestler; 89,997 for Kohan; 986,000 for Pickett; 213,331 for Sabatino; and 8,259,967 for all Directors and executive officers as a group. Pickett's beneficial ownership of common shares is as of August 31, 2006 and options is as of March 28, 2007.
- (3) Includes 5,924 shares beneficially owned by Bertolini, 3,311 shares beneficially owned by Kohan and 1,498 shares beneficially owned by one other executive officer as of December 31, 2006 in a qualified 401(k) plan over which they have voting and investment power.
- (4) Includes common share equivalents credited to non-employee Directors under the prior Directors Deferred Compensation Plan and to participating non-employee Directors under the prior Directors Deferred Stock Equivalency Program, plus dividends credited, rounded to the nearest whole number. The equivalents are paid in cash following termination of service as a Director based on the market value of Schering-Plough common shares at that time. Of the totals shown, these include 39,399 for Becherer; 2,807 for Colligan; 1,876 for Kidder; 4,218 for Leder; 27,063 for McGrath; 11,319 for Mundy; 31,233 for Russo; 6,288 for Turner; 69,513 for van Oordt; and 29,679 for Weinbach.

Also includes common share equivalents credited to participating non-employee Directors under a deferral feature of the prior Directors Stock Award Plan and the new Directors Compensation Plan excluding those common share equivalents included in the column Number of Common Shares. The equivalents are paid in stock at the end of the deferral period. Of the totals shown, these include 15,137 for Becherer; 9,592 for Colligan; 6,168 for McGrath; 12,106 for Mundy; 15,137 for Turner and 20,192 for Weinbach.

For additional information, see Director Compensation beginning on page 7.

- (5) Includes 1,337 common share equivalents credited to one executive officer's account as of December 31, 2006 in Schering-Plough's unfunded savings plan.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Directors, officers and beneficial owners of more than 10% of Schering-Plough's outstanding common shares are required by Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act and related regulations to file ownership reports on Forms 3, 4 and 5 with the SEC and the New York Stock Exchange and to furnish Schering-Plough with copies of the reports.

Schering-Plough believes that all required Section 16(a) reports were timely filed in 2006. Schering-Plough's belief is based solely upon a review of:

Forms 3 and 4 filed during 2006; and

Representation letters from those who did not file a form 5 stating that no form 5 was due.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Shareholder Relations

Listening to, learning from and communicating with shareholders is the heart of Schering-Plough's shareholder relations program.

Schering-Plough has a robust investor relations program that includes presentations to shareholders by senior management and other key employees, as well as dialogue between shareholders and senior management or the investor relations professionals. In addition, since 2003, Directors and members of the new management team have participated or will participate regularly in transparent and interactive dialogue with investors about a number of governance policy and social issues, including:

During 2007, Hassan is participating with union shareholders, including a group led by Service Employees International Union, on health care reform initiatives; and the Corporate Secretary has joined a study group led by Walden Asset Management on the say for pay executive compensation concept.

Officers of Schering-Plough held a dialogue with officials of the Sheet Metal Workers' National Pension Fund from 2005 to 2007 on the majority vote standard for the election of Directors and other governance matters.

During 2006, Hassan met with a number of institutional investors, including religious investors.

During 2006, at the direction of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, Schering-Plough conducted a shareholder survey concerning governance issues. The survey was instrumental in the Board's recommendations in proposals three and four, as well as the acceleration of the annual election of Directors and the decision not to renew the shareholder rights plan, also known as a poison pill.

In 2006 and prior years, dialogue with religious investors provided valuable input that was considered in the design of patient assistance programs and the social issues priorities plan.

In 2005, Hassan met with thought leaders from several union shareholders.

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Discussions in 2004 and 2005 with institutional investors, including CalPERS, led to declassification of the Board.

2003 discussions among Donald L. Miller, who was Chairman of the Compensation Committee at the time, Schering-Plough executives, CalPERS and Amalgamated Bank LongView Collective Investment Fund regarding performance-based pay led to the commitment to issue the performance-contingent stock options each year since 2005 described in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis.

The shareholder relations function at Schering-Plough is shared between Investor Relations, which covers issues regarding Schering-Plough's business, financial matters and stock performance, and Corporate Governance, which covers issues regarding Schering-Plough's corporate governance and social issues. Corporate Officers serve as liaisons between shareholders, members of senior management and the Board. Shareholders are asked to use the contacts noted below to ensure that information is conveyed to senior management and the Board. These Corporate Officers also arrange direct interaction of senior management members and the Board with shareholders as appropriate.

Alex Kelly
Vice President Investor Relations
Schering-Plough Corporation
2000 Galloping Hill Road
Mail Stop: K-1-4-4275
Kenilworth, NJ 07033
Phone: 908-298-7436
Fax: 908-298-7082

Susan Ellen Wolf
Corporate Secretary and Vice President Corporate Governance
Schering-Plough Corporation
2000 Galloping Hill Road
Mail Stop: K-1-4-4525
Kenilworth, NJ 07033
Phone: 908-298-3636
Fax: 908-298-7303

Corporate Governance Guidelines

Schering-Plough believes that good corporate governance practices create a solid foundation for achieving its business goals and keeping the interests of its shareholders and other stakeholders in perspective. Under Hassan's leadership, in 2003, Schering-Plough adopted a new Vision to earn trust, every day and new Leader Behaviors: shared accountability and transparency, cross-functional teamwork and collaboration, listening and learning, benchmark and continuously improve, coaching and developing others, and business integrity.

Schering-Plough has long recognized the importance of good corporate governance, first adopting its Statement of Corporate Director Policies in 1971, which among other things required that a majority of the Board be independent. In 2004, the Board adopted Corporate Governance Guidelines, consistent with the new Vision and Leader Behaviors. The Board, with oversight by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, reviews and enhances the governance practices, including the Corporate Governance Guidelines and the charters of the Board Committees, on a regular basis. The Guidelines and Committee charters are available on Schering-Plough's website at www.schering-plough.com.

Committees of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors has a standing Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Each of the members of those Committees are independent Directors, as independence is defined in the New York Stock Exchange listing standards and the more restrictive Schering-Plough Board Independence Standard. Members of the Audit Committee all meet the independence requirements set forth in Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Exchange Act. The charters of these Committees have been adopted by the Board and are available on Schering-Plough's website at www.schering-plough.com.

The Board of Directors also has a standing Business Practices Oversight Committee, a Finance Committee and a Science and Technology Committee. The charters of these Committees are available on Schering-Plough's website at www.schering-plough.com.

Table of Contents**Table of Committee Membership and Meetings**

The following table names the Directors who Chair and serve as members on each Committee.

| | Audit | Business Practices Oversight | Compensation | Finance | Nominating & Corporate Governance | Science & Technology |
|----------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Hans W. Becherer | Member | | Chair | | Member | |
| Thomas J. Colligan | Chair | | | Member | | |
| Fred Hassan | | | | | | |
| C. Robert Kidder | | | Member | Member | | |
| Philip Leder, M.D. | | Member | | | | Chair |
| Eugene R. McGrath | Member | Member | | | | Member |
| Carl E. Mundy, Jr. | | Member | | Member | Member | |
| Patricia F. Russo | | | Member | | Chair | |
| Kathryn C. Turner | | Member | | Member | Member | Member |
| Robert F.W. van Oordt | Member | Chair | | | Member | |
| Arthur F. Weinbach | | | Member | Chair | | |
| Number of meetings in 2006 | 12 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 2 |

Schering-Plough also has an Executive Committee which meets as needed in the interim between Board meetings. It did not meet in 2006.

Committee Functions. Audit Committee functions include selecting the independent registered public accountants, subject to shareholder ratification, and providing oversight of the independent registered public accountants independence, qualifications and performance; and assisting the Board in its oversight function by monitoring the integrity of Schering-Plough's financial statements, the performance of the internal audit function, and compliance by Schering-Plough with legal and regulatory requirements. For additional information, see Information About the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and Its Practices and the Audit Committee Report beginning on page 10.

Business Practices Oversight Committee functions include assisting the Board with oversight of non-financial compliance systems and practices and related management activities, including regulatory requirements prescribed by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and the European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products; and assisting the Board with oversight of systems for compliance with Schering-Plough's Standards of Global Business Practices.

Compensation Committee functions include discharging the Board's responsibilities relating to the compensation of officers; approving, evaluating and administering of executive compensation plans, policies and programs; and making recommendations to the Board regarding equity compensation and incentive plans. For additional information, see Information About the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors and Its Practices beginning on page 22.

Finance Committee functions include assisting the Board with oversight of strategic financial matters and the capital structure, and recommending the dividend policy to the Board.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee functions include assisting the Board with Board and Committee structure, identifying nominees (and considering shareholder nominees in accordance with provisions of the By-Laws

described on page 58), Director independence and Director compensation. More information about the Committee is provided below.

Science and Technology Committee functions include assisting the Board of Directors in the general oversight of science and technology matters that impact Schering-Plough's business and products.

Information About the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors and its Practices

Membership and Independence. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee has five members. Each member is an independent Director, as independence is defined in the New York Stock Exchange listing standards and the more restrictive Schering-Plough Board Independence Standard.

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Functions and Process. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee operates under a written charter adopted by the Board. The charter is available on the Schering-Plough website at www.schering-plough.com.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee identifies Director nominees, and is responsible for the independence standards and assessments. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee assesses and recommends Director compensation. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee recommends the structure of the Board and Committees. It also recommends Committee function and membership. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee determines the process for the annual Board and Committee performance assessments, the content of Committee charters and the Corporate Governance Guidelines.

Director Nominees

One of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee's most important functions is the identification of Director nominees. The Committee considers nominees from all sources, including shareholders, nominees submitted by other outside parties and candidates known to current Directors. The Committee also has from time to time retained an expert search firm (that is paid a fee) to help identify candidates possessing the minimum criteria and other qualifications identified by the Committee as being desired in connection with a vacancy on the Board. All candidates must meet the minimum criteria for Directors established by the Committee. These criteria listed in Schering-Plough's Corporate Governance Guidelines are:

Nominees have the highest ethical character and share the values of Schering-Plough as reflected in the Leader Behaviors: shared accountability and transparency, cross-functional teamwork and collaboration, listening and learning, benchmark and continuously improve, coaching and developing others and business integrity.

Nominees are highly accomplished in their respective field, with superior credentials and recognition. The majority of Directors on the Board are required to be independent as required by the New York Stock Exchange listing standards and the more restrictive Schering-Plough Board Independence Standard.

Nominees are selected so that the Board of Directors represents a diversity of expertise in areas needed to foster Schering-Plough's business success, including science, medicine, finance, manufacturing, technology, commercial activities, international affairs, public service, governance and regulatory compliance. Nominees are also selected so that the Board of Directors represents a diversity of personal characteristics, including gender, race, ethnic origin and national background.

Nominees must indicate they have the time and commitment to provide energetic and diligent service to Schering-Plough.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers shareholder nominees for Director and bona fide candidates for nominations that are submitted by other third parties.

Candidates are evaluated in the same manner regardless of who first suggests they be nominated. The candidate's credentials are provided to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee by the Corporate Secretary with the advance materials for the next Committee meeting. If any member of the Committee believes the candidate may be qualified to be nominated, the Committee discusses the matter at the meeting. For each candidate who is discussed at a meeting, the Committee decides whether to further evaluate the candidate. Evaluation includes a thorough background check, interaction and interviews with Committee members and other Directors and discussion about the candidate's availability and commitment. When there is a vacancy on the Board, the best candidate from all evaluated sources is recommended by the Committee to the full Board to consider for nomination.

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Communications with Directors

The Board of Directors has adopted a process for shareholders and others to send communications to the Board or any Director. This includes communications to a Committee, the independent Directors as a group, the current Chair of the Board's executive sessions or other specified individual Director(s). All communications are to be sent by mail or by fax, care of the Corporate Secretary, at Schering-Plough headquarters, addressed as follows:

[Board or Name of Individual Director(s)]
c/o Corporate Secretary
Schering-Plough Corporation
2000 Galloping Hill Road
Mail Stop: K-1-4-4525
Kenilworth, New Jersey 07033
Fax: 908-298-7303

The independent Directors have directed the Corporate Secretary to screen the communications. First, communications sent by mail are subject to the same security measures as other mail coming to Schering-Plough, which may include x-ray, scanning and testing for hazardous substances. Next, the Board has directed the Corporate Secretary and her staff to read all communications and to discard communications unrelated to Schering-Plough or the Board. All other communications are to be promptly passed along to the addressee(s). Further, the Corporate Secretary's staff is to retain a copy in the corporate files and to provide a copy to other Directors, members of management and third parties, as appropriate. For example, if a communication was about auditing or accounting matters, the policy established by the Audit Committee provides that Audit Committee members also would receive a copy, as would the senior Global Internal Audits executive, and in certain cases, the independent registered public accountants.

Anyone who wishes to contact the Audit Committee to report complaints or concerns about accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters may do so anonymously by using the above procedure.

Corporate Governance Materials

Schering-Plough has adopted a code of business conduct and ethics, the Standards of Global Business Practices applicable to all employees, including the chief executive officer, chief financial officer and controller, as well as the Directors Code of Conduct and Ethics applicable to the Board. Schering-Plough's Corporate Governance Guidelines, Standards of Global Business Practices, Directors Code of Conduct and Ethics, and Committee charters are available in the Investor Relations section of Schering-Plough's website at www.schering-plough.com. In addition, a written copy of the materials will be provided at no charge by writing to: Office of the Corporate Secretary, Schering-Plough Corporation, 2000 Galloping Hill Road, Mail Stop: K-1-4-4525, Kenilworth, New Jersey 07033.

Procedures for Related Party Transactions and Director Independence Assessments

The New York Stock Exchange has long recommended that independent Directors review related party transactions. At Schering-Plough, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee oversees Schering-Plough's procedure for identifying, analyzing and approving related party transactions. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee also reviews information about Director independence and recommends independence standards and determinations to the Board.

The written procedure for related party transactions applies to any transaction between Schering-Plough or its affiliated companies on the one hand, and a Director, executive officer or his/her family members on the other hand. The procedure requires prior review by counsel of any related party transaction regardless of size. The prior review allows the Board and management to ensure that any related party transaction is consistent with the best interest of Schering-Plough and its shareholders and, where a Director is involved, to assess the impact on Director independence.

The prior review of a proposed related party transaction includes a determination as to whether the transaction has been made on an arm's length basis (that is, on terms comparable to those provided to unrelated third parties). The review also includes information about other, unrelated alternatives to a proposed related party transaction; for example, were a purchase of supplies being proposed then the review would identify competing vendors/terms, or were a relative being considered for a job opening then the review would include a description of other applicants and their qualifications.

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If a related party transaction is proposed, the results of the prior review are presented to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. If the Committee is comfortable with the proposed related party transaction, the transaction is tracked to assure that as the transaction occurs, it remains within the approved scope and amount. If a related party transaction or series of transactions spans multiple years, it is reconsidered once a year by the Committee.

Schering-Plough maintains a list of related parties for each Director and executive officer which is updated as Schering-Plough learns of changes (for example, upon marriage or change of employment) and is confirmed in writing once a year by the Director or executive officer. To help assure no related party transaction has been inadvertently overlooked, Schering-Plough checks accounts receivable and sales and accounts payable and disbursements against the list of related parties quarterly. Also, annually Schering-Plough asks for written confirmation from each Director and executive officer as to all related party transactions that exceed the thresholds in the New York Stock Exchange listing standards, the more restrictive Schering-Plough Director Independence standard, for Audit Committee members the additional independence standards specified in Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Exchange Act and various disclosure thresholds and materiality standards as determined by Schering-Plough's counsel and accountants to be prudent for ensuring compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

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EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Information About the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors and Its Practices

Membership and Independence. The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors has four members. Each member is an independent Director, as independence is defined by the New York Stock Exchange listing standards and the more restrictive Schering-Plough Board Independence Standard as defined in the Corporate Governance Guidelines, which is available on Schering-Plough's website at www.schering-plough.com.

Functions and Process. The Compensation Committee operates under a written charter adopted by the Board. The charter is available on Schering-Plough's website at www.schering-plough.com.

Consistent with the provisions of its charter, the Compensation Committee reviews and approves the compensation of the CEO and other senior executives. For several years, it has also been the Compensation Committee's practice to review and approve the compensation of all elected corporate officers, and the Compensation Committee followed this practice in 2006.

The Compensation Committee's review and approval of the compensation of executives includes:

- determining compensation levels and the mix of compensation instruments, including the mix of long-term and short-term incentive awards;
- setting the annual base salary level;
- setting goals and objectives used to determine performance-based compensation;
- setting the annual and long-term incentive award opportunity;
- determining whether an executive will receive an employment agreement, severance and/or change of control protections and determining the provisions thereof;
- determining whether the executive will receive special or supplemental benefits and personal benefits beyond those provided by Schering-Plough to all employees; and
- undertaking a review of total compensation for each executive and a comparison to market data, which since 2003 has been conducted annually.

In determining executive compensation, the Compensation Committee considers all relevant material factors, which may include:

- Schering-Plough's performance;
- where applicable, the performance of a business unit;
- the executive's performance;
- relative shareholder return;
- the value of similar compensation instruments at comparable companies;
- the value of such awards to the executive in the past and the executive's total compensation (including the opportunity to earn additional compensation under performance-based awards that have not yet matured);
- retention needs and the retention features of various compensation instruments;
- the accounting, tax and other items that impact the cost to Schering-Plough of various compensation instruments; and

when equity compensation instruments are involved, dilution.

For more information on these factors, see the Compensation Discussion and Analysis beginning on page 24.

The Compensation Committee's Consultant. In determining the amount and form of executive compensation, the Compensation Committee often asks for advice from its outside compensation consultant. In June 2006, Ira Kay of Watson Wyatt, a compensation consultant, was retained to report to the Compensation Committee, following the retirement of its prior consultant in late 2005. Kay does not now provide, and has never provided, any services to Schering-Plough, any member of management, or any employee of Schering-Plough. Watson Wyatt does not provide services to Schering-Plough, any member of management or any employee of Schering-Plough although it does provide non-U.S. actuarial and benefit plan services to certain Schering-Plough subsidiaries. None of these services relate to compensation of the named executives or other executives, and the fees for all such services are not material to Watson Wyatt or Schering-Plough.

Following his retention, at the direction of the Committee, Kay attended each meeting of the Compensation Committee, including a special strategic planning meeting held in August 2006 to deliberate on the strategic direction of the compensation system and to discuss re-design of the long-term incentive component of the executive compensation program. His role included benchmarking and advice relating to the design of the long-

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term incentive award opportunities for the 2007-2009 performance period, salary decisions, determination of annual and long-term performance awards, change of control benefits and employment agreement provisions.

In addition, Kay reviewed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, as well as the other information about the Compensation Committee and executive compensation contained in this proxy statement. He discussed that review with the Compensation Committee.

For 2007, the Committee has asked Kay to assist the Committee Chair in determining the agenda for all meetings and requested that he attend each meeting of the Committee. The Committee has also asked Kay to:

- review and analyze benchmarking data;
- compare the various components of the executive compensation program to the Peer Group;
- assist in the determination of total compensation for each named executive officer; and
- provide an analysis of the probability of achieving the performance measures for the 2007 annual incentive opportunity and the 2007-2009 long-term incentive opportunity.

Interaction with Management and Schering-Plough's Consultant. The Compensation Committee frequently asks for input from management. Given Hassan's experience in driving high performance in the pharmaceutical industry, as well as turning around troubled companies, the Committee often seeks his input beyond his thoughts as the Chief Executive Officer. Others who frequently provide input or support to the Compensation Committee include Schering-Plough's Human Resources executives; Bertolini, Schering-Plough's Chief Financial Officer; Schering-Plough's Controller; Sabatino, Schering-Plough's General Counsel; and Schering-Plough's Corporate Secretary/Vice President-Corporate Governance. In addition, other Schering-Plough professional employees, including Human Resources compensation staff, accountants, internal auditors, securities lawyers, tax lawyers and compensation lawyers, support the Compensation Committee as requested from time to time.

Schering-Plough's outside executive compensation consultant, Towers Perrin, has provided data that was considered by the Committee, including certain market and benchmarking data considered in 2006.

Outside Experts. In addition, the Compensation Committee from time to time seeks advice from outside counsel who are experts in executive compensation and disclosure matters. Outside counsel provided design advice to the Committee regarding the 2006 Stock Incentive Plan and drafted that plan. The Compensation Discussion and Analysis, as well as the other information about the Compensation Committee and executive compensation contained in this proxy statement, was also reviewed by outside compensation and securities lawyers.

Interaction with the Board. The Compensation Committee also seeks the Board's thoughts on compensation decisions from time to time.

Private Sessions. After receiving all inputs that the Compensation Committee has requested on a particular compensation matter, the Committee's usual practice is to meet in a private session, with only Committee members in attendance, to reach final decisions about executive compensation.

Other Information. While the Compensation Committee Charter allows the Committee to delegate its functions to a subcommittee, the Compensation Committee has not done so since the Committee first adopted a charter in 2003. For information about delegation of the authority to the CEO for certain interim equity grants to non-executives, see Grant Practices For Stock Options and Other Equity Awards beginning on page 33.

At Schering-Plough, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors is responsible for Director compensation. For details, see Information About the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors and Its Practices beginning on page 18 and Director Compensation beginning on page 7.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

There are none.

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COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Executive Summary

During the early part of this decade, Schering-Plough suffered serious challenges and the Board undertook significant actions in response including:

The Board replaced the top management team – specifically, the Board recruited Hassan to lead Schering-Plough in 2003, and he then recruited a new executive management team. See *Historical Information About Management And Compensation* on page 34.

The Compensation Committee designed a new compensation program effective January 1, 2004 with heavy ties to performance, so that future compensation would be well above the median of the Peer Group for superior performance and well below the median for lesser performance. (See the *Compensation Committee Report* on page 36, *Total Compensation Philosophy* and *Target Total Direct Compensation Opportunity* on page 26.)

| Time Period | Performance-Based Compensation Instrument | Performance Metrics |
|----------------------|--|----------------------------|
| One Year 2006 | Cash Annual Incentive | Sales and Earnings |
| | Deferred Stock Awards | Earnings |
| | Performance Contingent Options | Earnings |
| Three Year | Cash Long-Term Incentive | |
| January 1, 2004 | Long-Term Performance Share | Earnings |
| to December 31, 2006 | Unit Incentive | Total Shareholder Return |

The compensation reported in this proxy statement primarily reflects performance during two periods, 2006, and for the three-year long-term performance period ending December 31, 2006 (the first long-term performance period completed under the new management team's leadership). Performance has been excellent. From January 1, 2004 to December 31, 2006, market capitalization increased by \$9.7 billion to \$35.2 billion and total shareholder return grew by 41% (at the top of the first quartile compared to the Peer Group). Sales and earnings improved against prior performance, as well as relative to the Peer Group. See *Key Performance Metrics in 2006* on page 25.

As a result of the excellent 2006 annual and excellent three-year performance, short and long-term performance-related compensation was superior. And because on average from 2004 through 2006, target incentive compensation comprised approximately 81% (79% for 2006 alone) of total compensation for the named executives, 2006 total earned compensation was also superior. (If regular time-based stock options are excluded, target incentive compensation comprised approximately 55% of total compensation for the named executives on average during the three-year period and 56% for 2006).

While compensation was superior in 2006, it was also appropriate compared to the increase in Schering-Plough's value. For example, long-term compensation earned for the three-year performance period ending in 2006 for the named executives and 40 other executives compensated under the same long-term program equates to just 1.2% of the increase in Schering-Plough's market capitalization for the same period.

Finally, retention of the new management team is key for several reasons:

the new management team, including the named executives, has produced excellent operating and financial results; and

the pharmaceutical industry is science-focused and driven by innovation, and as a result, Schering-Plough believes that executives with industry knowledge are more likely to excel, but this limits the recruiting pool and makes retention a higher priority than might be the case in general industry.

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Key Performance Metrics in 2006

General Performance Metrics Used by the Compensation Committee in considering total compensation levels

Three-Year Growth in Market Cap. Increased by \$9.7 billion or 38%.

January 1, 2004 \$25.5 billion

December 31, 2006 \$35.2 billion

Free Cash Flow.* Increased by \$2.2 billion.

2004 (\$940 million)

2006 \$1,291 million

* Operating cash flow less capital expenditures and dividends paid.

Three-Year Adjusted Sales. Increased by \$3.9 billion, or 46% from 1/1/04 to 12/31/06. (Schering-Plough adjusted to include 50% of the cholesterol joint venture)

Organizational Health Metrics. See inside back cover.

Performance Metrics for Incentive Compensation Used by Compensation Committee to determine performance-based pay components

Three-Year Total Shareholder Return. Increased by 41%.

The metric for the three-year long-term performance share unit incentive.

Three-Year Annualized Earnings Per Share Growth Rate.

The metric for the three-year cash long-term incentive.

2006 Adjusted Sales. Increased by 17% in 2006, compared to a 3% increase for Peer Group.

A metric for the 2006 annual incentive.

2006 Operating Earnings Per Share.

(excludes/includes non-operating items designated by the Compensation Committee at the start of the performance period)

| | |
|--|---------|
| GAAP earnings per share | 71cents |
| <u>plus</u> charge for manufacturing streamlining | 17 |
| <u>plus</u> upfront payments to in-license research projects | 2 |
| <u>minus</u> (gain) loss on disposal of assets | (1) |

minus cumulative effect of accounting
changes

(2)

87cents

A metric for the 2006 annual incentive, performance-contingent stock options and performance-contingent deferred stock awards.

Market Cap and Total Shareholder Return data from Bloomberg, other Peer Group data from First Call.

Baseline is the last reported data as of 1/1/04 and 2006 is as of 12/31/06.

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Total Compensation

Total Compensation Philosophy. The total compensation program is designed to provide superior pay if there is superior performance that is consistent with the goal to build long-term value for shareholders. The total compensation program design supports the Compensation Committee's objectives, which are as follows:

- to attract and retain a management team that will continue to deliver excellent performance;
- to motivate the new management team to provide superior performance that would build long-term shareholder value; and
- to compensate the new management team based on the level of performance, providing pay at or above the 75th percentile if performance is superior and with compensation decreasing for lesser performance.

Target Total Direct Compensation Opportunity. As a general matter, Schering-Plough targets its total executive compensation opportunity at the median of its selected Peer Group of global U.S.-based pharmaceutical companies. However, for certain of the named executives, and selected other executives, Schering-Plough has set total compensation opportunity at the 75th (or higher) percentile compared to the Peer Group. This is due to the factors described in this Compensation Discussion and Analysis and the Compensation Committee Report including: recruiting superior talent to a challenged company, where recruiting premiums were needed; a high-risk turnaround situation, where performance exceeded challenging expectations; and retention of the team producing these excellent results, at least through completion of the strategic Action Agenda described in the Compensation Committee Report.

As described in detail below, a large percentage of pay is tied to total shareholder return and other financial goals believed to be tied to increasing shareholder value over the long term. As a result, actual future pay could be significantly higher or lower than the 75th percentile of the Peer Group's realizable pay.

Total 2006 Actual Compensation. Total actual compensation was above the median in 2006 because performance was very strong, both in 2006 and during the three-year performance period ended December 31, 2006 (this was the three-year performance period for the first long-term awards available to the new management team). Performance was very strong compared to the Peer Group, as well as compared to company performance in prior periods, as Schering-Plough continued its transformation from a seriously challenged company in 2003 to a strong, high-performing company today that is on its way to the aspiration of sustained long-term high performance. As described under Key Performance Metrics in 2006 above, major accomplishments include: increase in market capitalization, increase in free cash flow, increase in total shareholder return, strong earnings growth, strong sales growth, double digit growth in key product sales, investment in innovation for the future and improvement in organizational health (evidenced by a study by the independent International Survey Research (ISR), a leader in employee surveys). In addition to the specific performance metrics utilized under the incentive plans, the Compensation Committee also looks at all relevant performance indicators in setting the target total compensation levels and opportunity. See Key Performance Metrics in 2006 on page 25.

Neither annual nor long-term incentives would have been paid to the named executives or other executives if the performance minimums had not been achieved, and both would have paid out at lower levels had the target performance measures not been exceeded.

Specifically, for 2006 (and as reflected in the Summary Compensation Table), 81% of total earned compensation for Hassan, and on average 75% of total earned compensation for the other named executives, was performance-based. (If traditional stock options were included, those percentages would increase to 87% of total compensation for Hassan and 83% for the other named executives.) As discussed in detail below, the named executives earned an annual incentive at 200% of target because the performance exceeded the criteria for a payout at the maximum. In addition, the long-term incentive compensation instruments with performance periods ending in 2006 paid out at 155% of target

because performance exceeded the criteria for a payout at target.

Stock Ownership Guidelines. The Company's aggressive stock ownership guidelines are an integral part of the total compensation program. The guidelines are applicable to all members of the Operations Management Team, comprised of the top 35 to 40 key employees, including the named executives. The Compensation Committee established these guidelines to drive significant retention of equity compensation by executives in order to strengthen their focus on the creation of long-term shareholder value. Each executive was given five years (from the later of his or her date of election or the adoption of the guidelines in 2004) to achieve the ownership goal. If the executive does not meet the goal by the deadline, the Compensation Committee will reduce future stock option grants until the executive satisfies the goal. Compliance is re-calculated annually, so that any rise in base salary causes the goal to rise and, in the event the stock price were to decline, an executive who had achieved the goal would need to buy additional common shares, even absent a rise in base salary. Schering-Plough policy

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prohibits anyone subject to the ownership guidelines from entering into hedging arrangements including, without limitation, collars, puts/calls and loan pools. The specific goal for the named executives and their progress toward their goals is as follows:

| Name & Position | Multiple of Base Salary | Status Toward Goal | Years Remaining |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| CEO Hassan | 8 | Achieved | Three |
| Executive Vice Presidents, including Bertolini, Cox, Koestler and Sabatino | 4 | 2/3 or More Achieved | Three |
| Other Senior Executives, including Kohan | 3 | 3/4 Achieved | Three |

In addition, as mentioned above and further described below, the Compensation Committee re-designed the long-term portion of the executive compensation program for the performance period beginning January 1, 2007 to consist only of performance-based equity. This will increase the percentage of target total compensation that is equity-based to 75% for Hassan and to an average of 65% for other named executives. The Committee's objective in the re-design was to further drive long-term superior performance by increasing the focus on building shareholder value over the long term.

Peer Group. In setting total compensation levels and making other compensation decisions, the Compensation Committee uses a comparator group, called the Peer Group in this proxy statement. The Peer Group is the seven U.S.-based global pharmaceutical companies: Abbott Laboratories, Bristol-Myers Squibb, Eli Lilly, Johnson & Johnson, Merck, Pfizer and Wyeth. The Peer Group is the same group management uses to evaluate operational and financial performance for non-compensatory purposes.

The Compensation Committee reconsiders from time to time whether the Peer Group is the correct comparator group. The Compensation Committee last considered this matter, in a discussion led by Kay, during 2006. At that time the Compensation Committee concluded that, notwithstanding Schering-Plough being one of the smaller companies among the Peer Group, the Peer Group remains the best comparator for the following reasons:

The business models of these other U.S.-based global pharmaceutical companies are similar to Schering-Plough's business model, with full research and development capabilities and an experienced professional sales force for pharmaceutical products.

The ownership structure is similar, with those investors who understand and appreciate the pharmaceutical industry often also owning the common stock issued by many of the other companies in the Peer Group. The regulatory environment is similar for Schering-Plough and the Peer Group.

Schering-Plough competes with all of the companies in the Peer Group for experienced pharmaceutical executives. The pharmaceutical industry is science-focused and driven by innovation and, as a result, to excel in the pharmaceutical industry, Schering-Plough believes that executives need industry-specific experience on top of the skills required by their functions.

The company groupings for U.S. Pharms utilized by financial analysts are also similar to the Peer Group.

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Performance-Based Pay Has Increased. The bar charts below show how the concentration of performance-based compensation increased since the new performance-based compensation program began in January 2004.

- * Long-Term Equity Incentive includes performance-contingent shares and performance-contingent stock options. The percentages shown in the bar charts above were determined using the target opportunity established for the named executives for the given year, and utilizing Black-Scholes in determining grant values for equity awards.
- ** Schering-Plough believes that traditional stock options are also performance-based because they have no value unless the stock price increases after the grant date (under Schering-Plough plans, the option exercise price is always the full market value on the grant date); however, since certain shareholders disagree, traditional stock options are not highlighted in green.

Table of Contents**The Elements of the Schering-Plough Compensation Program**

Under the current compensation program, target total compensation is allocated among base salary, annual incentive, equity and other long-term incentive and employee benefits.

| | Base Salary | Annual Incentive | Equity and Long-Term Incentives | Employee Benefits & Other |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Average Percentage of Named Executives | 16% | 12% | 66% | 6% |
| Target Total Compensation for 2006 | | | | |

Base Salary. Base salary is paid in cash. Salary and benefits are the only non-variable compensation that senior executives of Schering-Plough receive.

The Compensation Committee annually assesses a number of factors in determining the salary of the executive officers (including the named executives) annually. For 2006, those factors included:

- competitive market position determined from market surveys;
- level of job responsibility;
- individual, team and company performance; and
- demonstration of Schering-Plough's Leader Behaviors, which are listed on page 30.

The Committee also considers Schering-Plough's overall financial performance, and in the case of executives with responsibility for a particular business unit, that unit's financial results. These factors are not weighted, and the Compensation Committee bases salary increases on an assessment of the above factors. The Committee targets salaries of Schering-Plough's executives at or near the median of the salary levels of the Peer Group. However, base salaries above the median may be necessary (and up to the 75th percentile), in some cases, to attract and retain key talent.

Annual Incentive. The annual incentive is also paid in cash. The annual incentive is paid in order to align efforts across Schering-Plough on the most critical, shorter-term issues needed to move Schering-Plough forward on the strategic Action Agenda. The performance metrics are established at the start of the year in accordance with the Operations Management Team Incentive Plan which has been approved by shareholders. Amounts paid under the plan are intended to be deductible under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Annually, the Compensation Committee selects the performance metrics for the annual incentive. For each performance metric, the Committee sets a threshold, and if performance falls below a specified level, no annual incentive is earned or paid. For each performance metric, the Committee also sets specified performance levels that correspond to the minimum, target and maximum payout levels. Annual incentives are targeted at the median of the Peer Group, with above-average and superior performance resulting in actual payments above the median.

For 2006, there were two corporate performance goals for each named executive:

Sales. Atta