WASHINGTON FEDERAL INC

Form 10-Q

August 07, 2012

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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission file number 001-34654 WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Washington 91-1661606 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 91-1661606 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

425 Pike Street Seattle, Washington 98101

(Address of principal executive offices and zip code)

(206) 624-7930

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90

days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files) Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange

Act). Yes o No x

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Title of class: at August 3, 2012

106,494,239

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Financial Statements (Unaudited)

PART I

Item 1.

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of Washington Federal, Inc. and Subsidiaries
filed as a part of the report are as follows:

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2012	September 30, 2011
	(In thousands, e	xcept share data)
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$963,766	\$816,002
Available-for-sale securities, including encumbered securities of \$964,338 and	3,626,115	3,255,144
\$965,927, at fair value	3,020,113	3,233,177
Held-to-maturity securities, including encumbered securities of \$34,433 and	35,228	47,036
\$45,086, at amortized cost		
Loans receivable, net	7,616,205	7,935,877
Covered loans, net	302,681	382,183
Interest receivable	53,043	52,332
Premises and equipment, net	175,125	166,593
Real estate held for sale	107,457	159,829
Covered real estate held for sale	33,142	56,383
FDIC indemnification asset	97,380	101,634
FHLB stock	151,674	151,755
Intangible assets, net	256,431	256,271
Federal and state income taxes	2,514	
Other assets	44,588	59,710
	\$13,465,349	\$13,440,749
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Customer accounts		
Transaction deposit accounts	\$2,868,442	\$2,662,188
Time deposit accounts	5,814,739	6,003,715
	8,683,181	8,665,903
FHLB advances	1,957,146	1,962,066
Other borrowings	800,000	800,000
Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	24,313	39,548
Federal and State income taxes	_	1,535
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	67,428	65,164
	11,532,068	11,534,216
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock, \$1.00 par value, 300,000,000 shares authorized;	100 000	100 051
129,936,563 and 129,853,534 shares issued; 106,884,239 and 108,976,410 shares	129,937	129,854
outstanding		
Paid-in capital	1,585,797	1,582,843
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of taxes	62,736	85,789
Treasury stock, at cost; 23,052,324 and 20,877,124 shares) (268,665)
Retained earnings	453,783	376,712
	1,933,281	1,906,533
GER NOMES TO GOVERN TO THE TOTAL VICTOR THE TOTAL VICTOR TO THE TOTAL VICTOR VICTOR TO THE TOTAL VICTOR VI	\$13,465,349	\$13,440,749
SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

(UNAUDITED)							
	Quarter Ended June 30,			Ended June 30,			
	2012	2011	2012 2011				
	(In thousands,	s, except per share data)					
INTEREST INCOME							
Loans	\$118,115	\$127,736	\$369,366	\$394,286			
Mortgage-backed securities	25,101	30,529	80,079	80,386			
Investment securities and cash equivalents	2,168	3,266	6,446	10,988			
	145,384	161,531	455,891	485,660			
INTEREST EXPENSE							
Customer accounts	20,903	27,581	66,868	89,765			
FHLB advances and other borrowings	27,946	27,818	84,172	83,474			
	48,849	55,399	151,040	173,239			
Net interest income	96,535	106,132	304,851	312,421			
Provision for loan losses	10,367	21,000	39,576	77,750			
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	86,168	85,132	265,275	234,671			
OTHER INCOME							
Gain on sale of investments		_		8,147			
Other	3,590	4,277	13,263	13,067			
	3,590	4,277	13,263	21,214			
OTHER EXPENSE							
Compensation and benefits	19,281	18,471	58,141	54,018			
Occupancy	3,952	3,628	11,977	10,780			
FDIC insurance premiums	4,000	5,100	12,543	15,299			
Other	8,730	6,975	24,479	21,677			
	35,963	34,174	107,140	101,774			
Gain (loss) on real estate acquired through foreclosure,	1,146	(8,171)	(11,005)	(28,369)			
net			,				
Income before income taxes	54,941	47,064	160,393	125,742			
Income tax provision	19,778	16,943	57,742	45,267			
NET INCOME	\$35,163	\$30,121	\$102,651	\$80,475			
PER SHARE DATA							
Basic earnings	\$0.33	\$0.27	\$0.96	\$0.72			
Diluted earnings	0.33	0.27	0.96	0.72			
Cash dividends per share	0.08	0.06	0.24	0.18			
Basic weighted average number of shares outstanding	106,877,112	111,158,254	107,308,948	111,962,708			
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding							
including dilutive stock options	106,926,755	111,248,177	107,347,668	112,043,350			
SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STA	TEMENTS						

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Quarter Ended June 30,		Nine Months 30,		s Ended June		
	2012 (In thousan	nds	2011	2012		2011	
Net income	\$35,163		\$30,121	\$102,651		\$80,475	
Other comprehensive income (loss) net of tax:							
Net unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sales securities,							
net of quarter-to-date tax of \$1,422 and \$14,154, and							
year-to-date tax of \$13,394 and \$4,498, respectively	(2,447)	24,360	(23,053)	(12,895)
Reclassification adjustment of net gain from sale							
of available-for-sale securities included in net income				_		5,153	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(2,447)	24,360	(23,053)	(7,742)
Comprehensive income	\$32,716		\$54,481	\$79,598		\$72,733	
SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEM	IENTS						

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(UNAUDITED)			
	Nine Months End June 30, 2012 (In thousands)	ded June 30, 2011	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income	\$102,651	\$80,475	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activitie	es:		
Amortization (accretion) of fees, discounts, premiums and intangible assets, ne		32,456	
Cash received from FDIC under loss share	276	20,977	
Depreciation	5,625	4,950	
Stock option compensation expense	900	815	
Provision for loan losses	39,576	77,750	
Loss (gain) on real estate held for sale, net	(8,366) 20,222	
Increase in accrued interest receivable	(460) (2,853)
Increase in FDIC loss share receivable	(5,742) (3,143)
Increase in income taxes payable	9,345	3,575	
Decrease in other assets	15,908	11,671	
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,229	(25,175)
Net cash provided by operating activities	201,339	221,720	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	,	,	
Net principal collections (loan originations)	372,802	336,426	
FHLB stock redemptions	1,830		
Available-for-sale securities purchased	•) (1,279,983)
Principal payments and maturities of available-for-sale securities	1,065,254	485,597	
Available-for-sale securities sold	3,500	131,361	
Principal payments and maturities of held-to-maturity securities	11,899	31,383	
Net cash received from acquisition	50,576	_	
Proceeds from sales of real estate held for sale	138,689	63,575	
Proceeds from sales of covered REO	28,343	_	
Increase in intangible assets	(1,061) —	
Premises and equipment purchased	* *	(7,695)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	158,448	(239,336)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	,	,	
Net decrease in customer accounts	(118,505) (138,850)
Net decrease in borrowings) (2,551)
Proceeds from exercise of common stock options	199	1,045	
Dividends paid on common stock	(25,580) (20,232)
Treasury stock purchased	(30,307) (36,620)
Decrease in advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	(15,235) (15,638)
Net cash used by financing activities) (212,846)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	147,764	(230,462)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	816,002	888,622	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$963,766	\$658,160	
•			

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

June 30, 2012 June 30, 2012 (In thousands) SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	
	30, 2011
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	
Non-cash investing activities	
Non-covered real estate acquired through foreclosure \$124,482 \$64,8	73
Covered real estate acquired through foreclosure 13,094 46,00	8
Cash paid during the period for	
Interest 151,805 174,5	11
Income taxes 48,331 41,62	7
The following summarizes the non-cash activities related to acquisitions	
Fair value of assets acquired \$124,594 \$—	
Fair value of liabilities assumed (154,493) —	
Net fair value of liabilities assumed (29,899) —	

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated unaudited interim financial statements included in this report have been prepared by Washington Federal, Inc. ("Company"). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation are reflected in the interim financial statements. The September 30, 2011 Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition was derived from audited financial statements.

The information included in this Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with Company's 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K ("2011 Form 10-K") as filed with the SEC. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

Loans receivable – When a borrower defaults on a loan, the Company attempts to cure the deficiency by working with the borrower. In most cases, deficiencies are cured promptly, sometimes as a result of a negotiated modification of terms. If the delinquency is not promptly cured, and negotiations do not lead to a modification of terms, the Company may institute appropriate legal action to collect the loan, which may include foreclosure of collateral. If foreclosed, the collateral is liquidated in a reasonable time frame at prices available in the market place.

The Company will consider modifying the interest rates and terms of a loan if it determines that a modification is a better alternative to foreclosure.

Loans are placed on nonaccrual status when, in the judgment of management, the probability of collection of interest is deemed to be insufficient to warrant further accrual. When a loan is placed on nonaccrual status, previously accrued but unpaid interest is deducted from interest income. The Company does not accrue interest on loans 90 days past due or more. If payment is made on a loan so that the loan becomes less than 90 days past due, and the Company expects full collection of principal and interest, the loan is returned to full accrual status. Any interest ultimately collected is credited to income in the period of recovery. A loan is charged-off when the loss is estimable and it is confirmed that the borrower will not be able to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company maintains an allowance for loan losses to absorb losses inherent in the loan portfolio. The allowance is based on ongoing, quarterly assessments of the probable and estimable losses inherent in the loan portfolio. The Company's methodology for assessing the appropriateness of the allowance consists of two components, which include the general allowance and specific allowances.

The general loan loss allowance is established by applying a loss percentage factor to the different loan types. Management believes loan types are the most relevant factor to group loans for the allowance calculation as the risk characteristics in these groups are similar. The loss percentage factor is made up of 2 parts – the historical loss factor ("HLF") and the qualitative loss factor ("QLF"). The HLF takes into account historical charge-offs, while the QLF is determined by loan type and allows management to augment reserve levels to reflect the current environment and portfolio performance trends including recent charge-off trends. The allowances are provided based on Management's continuing evaluation of the pertinent factors underlying the quality of the loan portfolio, including changes in the size and composition of the loan portfolio, actual loan loss experience, current economic conditions, collateral values, geographic concentrations, seasoning of the loan portfolio, specific industry conditions, and the duration of the current business cycle. The recovery of the carrying value of loans is susceptible to future market conditions beyond the Company's control, which may result in losses or recoveries differing from those provided.

Specific allowances are established for loans which are individually evaluated, in cases where Management has identified weaknesses that it believes indicate the probability that a loss has been incurred.

Impaired loans consist of loans receivable that are not expected to have their principal and interest repaid in accordance with their contractual terms. Collateral dependent impaired loans are measured using the fair value of the

collateral, less selling costs. Non-collateral dependent loans are measured at the present value of expected future cash flows.

The Company receives fees for originating loans in addition to various fees and charges related to existing loans, which may include prepayment charges, late charges and assumption fees. Deferred loan fees and costs are recognized over the life of the loans using the effective interest method.

Off-Balance-Sheet Credit Exposures – The only material off-balance-sheet credit exposure is loans in process ("LIP"), which had a balance at June 30, 2012, excluding covered loans, of \$155,051,000. The Company estimates losses on LIP by including LIP

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

with the related principal balance outstanding and then applying its general reserve methodology to the gross amount. Certain reclassifications have been made to the financial statements to conform prior periods to current classifications.

NOTE B - Acquisitions

Western National Bank

Effective December 16, 2011, Washington Federal, acquired certain assets and liabilities, including most of the loans and deposits, of Western National Bank, headquartered in Phoenix, Arizona ("WNB") from the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") in an FDIC assisted transaction. Under the terms of the Purchase and Assumption Agreement, the Company and the FDIC agreed to a discount of \$53 million on net assets and no loss sharing provision or premium on deposits.

WNB operated three full-service offices in Arizona. The Company acquired certain assets with a book value of \$177 million, including \$143 million in loans and \$7 million in foreclosed real estate, and selected liabilities with a book value of \$153 million, including \$136 million in deposits. Pursuant to the purchase and assumption agreement with the FDIC, the Company received a cash payment from the FDIC for \$30 million.

The acquisition was accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting. The purchased assets and assumed liabilities were recorded at their respective acquisition date estimated fair values. The purchase accounting for acquired assets and liabilities were provisionally recorded at their estimated fair values as of the December 16, 2011 acquisition date. The initial accounting for acquired loans, real estate held for sale and deposits was incomplete as of December 31, 2011. The amounts recognized at December 31, 2011 were determined provisionally as the fair value analysis of those assets was incomplete as of December 31, 2011. These amounts have been retrospectively adjusted to reflect the completion of the fair value analysis during the quarter ended June 30, 2012. The adjustments recorded in the quarter ended June 30, 2012 were a decrease in acquired loans of \$716,000, a decrease in real estate held for sale of \$252,000 and an increase in other assets of \$836,000 to reflect the core deposit intangible.

The operating results of the Company include the operating results produced by the acquired assets and assumed liabilities for the period December 16, 2011 to June 30, 2012.

The table below displays the amounts recognized as of the acquisition date for each major class of assets acquired and liabilities assumed:

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

	Received from FDIC (In thousands)	Fair Value Adjustments		Recorded by WAFD	
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$20,677	\$ <i>-</i>		\$20,677	
Available-for-sale securities	3,500			3,500	
FHLB & FRB stock	1,744	4		1,748	
Loans receivable, net	143,328	(49,637)	93,691	
Interest receivable	251	_		251	
Property and equipment, net	_	_		_	
Real estate held for sale	7,149	(3,462)	3,687	
Other assets	79	961		1,040	
Total Assets	176,728	(52,134)	124,594	
Liabilities:					
Customer accounts	135,783			135,783	
FHLB advances	17,666	9		17,675	
Other liabilities	40	995		1,035	
Total Liabilities	153,489	1,004		154,493	
Net assets (liabilities) acquired	\$23,239	\$(53,138)	\$(29,899)
Aggregate fair value adjustments		\$(53,138)		
Net liabilities acquired Cash received from the FDIC				\$(29,899 29,899)

South Valley Bancorp, Inc.

On April 4, 2012, the Company and South Valley Bancorp, Inc. ("South Valley") announced the signing of a definitive merger agreement. The merger agreement calls for the merger of South Valley with and into the Company, followed by the merger of South Valley's wholly owned subsidiary, South Valley Bank & Trust, into the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Washington Federal. Under the terms of the definitive merger agreement, each outstanding share of South Valley common stock will be converted into the right to receive: (i) 0.2962 of a share of the Company's common stock, (ii) a contingent cash payment equal to the pro rata portion of an earn-out from the net proceeds collected from a pool of specified assets of South Valley with a value of approximately \$39 million as of March 31, 2012, and (iii) a contingent cash payment equal to the pro rata portion of the net proceeds, if any, received by South Valley from the sale of its trust business and/or wealth management business prior to the closing of the merger. Assuming a per share price of \$16.88 for the Company's common stock, the aggregate value of the stock portion of the merger consideration is approximately \$33.7 million. After consummation of the merger, the combined company will have 190 offices in eight western states with total assets of approximately \$14.4 billion and total deposits of approximately \$9.6 billion, based on financial results as of December 31, 2011. The merger is expected to close in the

third calendar quarter of 2012, pending the receipt of all requisite regulatory approvals and the satisfaction of other customary closing conditions. On June 28, 2012, the shareholders of South Valley approved the merger transaction, with over 82% of the outstanding shares of South Valley common stock voting in favor of the merger.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE C – Dividends

On July 19, 2012, the Company paid its 118th consecutive quarterly cash dividend on common stock. Dividends per share were \$.08 and \$.06 for the quarters ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE D – Loans Receivable (excluding Covered Loans)

	June 30, 2012 (In thousands)			September 30, 20	11	
Non-acquired loans						
Single-family residential	\$5,904,805	74.0	%	\$6,218,878	74.9	%
Construction - speculative	130,741	1.6		140,459	1.7	
Construction - custom	210,488	2.6		279,851	3.4	
Land - acquisition & development	135,392	1.7		200,692	2.4	
Land - consumer lot loans	145,129	1.8		163,146	2.0	
Multi-family	692,763	8.7		700,673	8.4	
Commercial real estate	310,588	3.9		303,442	3.7	
Commercial & industrial	148,577	1.9		109,332	1.3	
HELOC	113,559	1.4		115,092	1.4	
Consumer	68,202	0.9		67,509	0.8	
Total non-acquired loans	7,860,244	98.5		8,299,074	100	
Credit-impaired acquired loans						
Single-family residential	343			_		
Construction - speculative	1,889			_		
Construction - custom	<u> </u>			_		
Land - acquisition & development	4,211	0.1		_		
Land - consumer lot loans	<u> </u>			_		
Multi-family	1,074			_		
Commercial real estate	91,006	1.1		_		
Commercial & industrial	5,100	0.1		_		
HELOC	15,037	0.2		_		
Consumer	115			_		
Total credit-impaired acquired loans	118,775	1.5		_		
Total loans	,					
Single-family residential	5,905,148	74.0		6,218,878	74.9	
Construction - speculative	132,630	1.7		140,459	1.7	
Construction - custom	210,488	2.6		279,851	3.4	
Land - acquisition & development	139,603	1.7		200,692	2.4	
Land - consumer lot loans	145,129	1.8		163,146	2	
Multi-family	693,837	8.7		700,673	8.4	
Commercial real estate	401,594	5.1		303,442	3.7	
Commercial & industrial	153,677	1.9		109,332	1.3	
HELOC	128,596	1.6		115,092	1.4	
Consumer	68,317	0.9		67,509	0.8	
Total loans	7,979,019	100	%	8,299,074	100	%
Less:	. , ,			-,,		
Allowance for probable losses	137,951			157,160		
Loans in process	155,051			170,229		
Discount on acquired loans	35,200					
	- ,					

Deferred net origination fees 34,612 35,808 362,814 363,197 \$7,616,205

\$7,935,877

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

The following table presents the changes in the accretable yield for credit impaired acquired loans as of June 30, 2012:

	Credit impaired	acquired loans	
	Accretable Yield	Carrying Amount of Loans	
	(In thousands)		
Balance as of October 1, 2011	\$ —	\$ —	
Additions	21,606	92,981	
Accretion	(3,278) 3,278	
Transfers to REO		_	
Payments received, net		(12,714)
Balance as of June 30, 2012	\$18,328	\$83,545	

The following table sets forth information regarding non-accrual loans held by the Company as of the dates indicated:

	June 30, 2012 (In thousands)			September 30.	, 2011	
Non-accrual loans:						
Single-family residential	\$129,295	75.6	%	\$126,624	60.3	%
Construction - speculative	12,424	7.3		15,383	7.3	
Construction - custom	539	0.3		635	0.3	
Land - acquisition & development	12,514	7.3		37,339	17.7	
Land - consumer lot loans	5,844	3.4		8,843	4.2	
Multi-family	3,405	2.0		7,664	3.6	
Commercial real estate	6,285	3.7		11,380	5.4	
Commercial & industrial				1,679	0.8	
HELOC	388	0.2		481	0.2	
Consumer	339	0.2		437	0.2	
Total non-accrual loans	\$171,033	100	%	\$210,465	100	%

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

The following tables provide an analysis of the age of loans in past due status as of June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, respectively.

June 30, 2012 Type of Loan	Amount of Loans Net of LIP & ChgC (In thousands)	Days Delinq Offsurrent	uent Based 30	l on \$ Amou 60	int of Loans 90	Total	% based on \$
Non-acquired loans Single-Family Residential	\$5,902,633	\$5,736,969	\$33,571	\$19,127	\$112,966	\$165,664	2.81 %
Construction - Speculative	94,930	87,134	899	509	6,388	7,796	8.21
Construction - Custom	123,965	123,382	1	43	539	583	0.47
Land - Acquisition & Development	127,953	114,563	234	3,226	9,930	13,390	10.46
Land - Consumer Lot Loans	145,037	136,545	1,753	895	5,844	8,492	5.86
Multi-Family Commercial Real Estate	675,334 e 305,046	670,859 300,668	569 334	594 —	3,312 4,044	4,475 4,378	0.66 1.44
Commercial & Industrial	148,565	148,546	9	10		19	0.01
HELOC	113,559	112,824	29	318	388	735	0.65
Consumer Total non-acquired loan	68,202 s7,705,224	66,222 7,497,712	1,117 38,516	524 25,246	339 143,750	1,980 207,512	2.90 2.69
Credit-impaired							
acquired loans							
Single-Family Residential	343	_	_	343	_	343	100.00
Construction - Speculative	1,889	1,889	_	_		_	_
Construction - Custom		_	_			_	_
Land - Acquisition & Development	4,210	3,685	_	_	525	525	12.47
Land - Consumer Lot Loans	_	_	_	_		_	_
Multi-Family Commercial Real Estate	1,074 e 90.977	1,074 80,860		— 1,698	— 6,347	— 10,117	— 11.12
Commercial & Industrial	5,099	4,244	125	730		855	16.77
HELOC	15,037	13,912	1,125	_		1,125	7.48
Consumer	115	69	5	40	1	46	40.00
Total credit-impaired acquired loans	118,744	105,733	3,327	2,811	6,873	13,011	10.96

Total loans \$7,823,968 \$7,603,445 \$41,843 \$28,057 \$150,623 \$220,523 2.82

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September 30, 2011	Amount of Loans Days Delinquent Based on \$ Amount of Loans								
Type of Loan	Net of LIP & ChgC (In thousands)	OfEsurrent	30	60	90	Total	on \$		
Single-Family Residential	\$6,217,670	\$6,015,464	\$54,140	\$21,985	\$126,082	\$202,207	3.25	%	
Construction - Speculative	115,409	106,843	330	_	8,236	8,566	7.42		
Construction - Custom	147,764	147,129		_	635	635	0.43		
Land - Acquisition & Development	193,613	159,357	679	_	33,577	34,256	17.69		
Land - Consumer Lot Loans	163,146	151,849	1,163	1,291	8,843	11,297	6.92		
Multi-Family	699,340	690,765	_	1,202	7,373	8,575	1.23		
Commercial Real Estate	e 300,307	292,015	1,016		7,276	8,292	2.76		
Commercial & Industrial	108,995	106,708	55	553	1,679	2,287	2.10		
HELOC	115,092	114,059	452	100	481	1,033	0.90		
Consumer	67,509	65,434	1,191	446	437	2,074	3.07		
	\$8,128,845	\$7,849,623	\$59,026	\$25,577	\$194,619	\$279,222	3.43		

Most loans restructured in troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs") are accruing and performing loans where the borrower has proactively approached the Company about modification due to temporary financial difficulties. Each request is individually evaluated for merit and likelihood of success. The concession for these loans is typically a payment reduction through a rate reduction of between 100 to 200 basis points for a specific term, usually six to twelve months. Interest-only payments may also be approved during the modification period. Principal forgiveness is not an available option for restructured loans. As of June 30, 2012, single-family residential loans comprised 83.2% of TDRs.

The Company reserves for restructured loans within its allowance for loan loss methodology by taking into account the following performance indicators: 1) time since modification, 2) current payment status and 3) geographic area.

The following tables provide information related to loans that were restructured during the periods indicated:

	Quarter Er	nded June 30,				
	2012			2011		
		Pre-Modification Post-Modification			Pre-Modification	or Post-Modification
		Outstanding	Outstanding		Outstanding	Outstanding
	Number of	Recorded	Recorded	Number of	Recorded	Recorded
	Contracts	Investment	Investment	Contracts	s Investment	Investment
		(In thousands)			(In thousands)	
Troubled Debt						
Restructurings:						
Single-Family Residentia	1199	\$43,104	\$ 43,104	155	\$39,362	\$ 39,362

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Construction -				1	227	227
Speculative		_	_	1	337	337
Construction - Custom	1	1,196	1,196	_		_
Land - Acquisition &				3	4,427	4,427
Development	_	_	_	3	4,427	4,427
Land - Consumer Lot	8	965	965	9	1,335	1,335
Loans	0	903	903	9	1,333	1,333
Multi-Family	1	389	389	1	985	985
Commercial Real Estate	2	5,572	5,572	_	_	_
Commercial & Industrial	_	_	_	_	_	_
HELOC	2	113	113	_	_	_
Consumer	_	_	_	_	_	_
	213	\$51,339	\$ 51,339	169	\$46,446	\$ 46,446

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

	Nine Mon 2012	ths Ended June 3	30,	2011	2011				
		Pre-ModificationPost-Modification Outstanding Outstanding			Pre-Modification Outstanding	Outstanding			
	Number of	Recorded	Recorded	Number of	Recorded	Recorded			
	Contracts	Investment (In thousands)	Investment	Contracts	Investment (In thousands)	Investment			
Troubled Debt									
Restructurings:									
Single-Family Residential	681	\$159,651	\$ 159,651	481	\$131,018	\$ 131,018			
Construction - Speculative	22	6,253	6,253	2	529	529			
Construction - Custom	1	1,196	1,196	_		_			
Land - Acquisition & Development	26	5,565	5,565	3	4,427	4,427			
Land - Consumer Lot Loans	30	3,906	3,906	34	5,175	5,175			
Multi-Family	3	2,257	2,257	7	9,146	9,146			
Commercial Real Estate		5,881	5,881	_	_	_			
Commercial & Industria	11	2	2		_	_			
HELOC	2	113	113	_	_	_			
Consumer	_	_	_	_	_	_			
	769	\$184,824	\$ 184,824	527	\$150,295	\$ 150,295			

The following tables provide information on restructured loans for which a payment default occurred during the periods indicated and that had been modified as a TDR within 12 months or less of the payment default:

	Quarter Ended June 30, 2012 2011					
	Number of Contracts	Recorded Investment	Number of Contracts	Recorded Investment		
		(In thousands)		(In thousands)		
Troubled Debt Restructurings That Subsequently						
Defaulted:						
Single-Family Residential	30	\$8,225	10	\$3,295		
Construction - Speculative						
Construction - Custom		_				
Land - Acquisition & Development		_				
Land - Consumer Lot Loans			3	404		

Multi-Family	_	_	1	3,589
Commercial Real Estate			_	
Commercial & Industrial		_		_
HELOC			_	
Consumer	_	_		
	30	\$8,225	14	\$7,288

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

	Nine Month 2012 Number of Contracts	Recorded Investment (In thousands)	2011 Number of Contracts	Recorded Investment (In thousands)
Troubled Debt Restructurings That Subsequently				
Defaulted:				
Single-Family Residential	97	\$21,687	29	\$7,783
Construction - Speculative		_		
Construction - Custom		_		
Land - Acquisition & Development		_		_
Land - Consumer Lot Loans	4	603	3	404
Multi-Family		_	1	3,589
Commercial Real Estate		_		_
Commercial & Industrial		_		
HELOC		_		
Consumer				
	101	\$22,290	33	\$11,776

NOTE E – Allowance for Losses on Loans

The Company has an asset quality review function that analyzes its loan portfolios and reports the results of the review to the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. The single-family residential, HELOC and consumer portfolios are evaluated based on their performance as a pool of loans, since no single loan is individually significant or judged by its risk rating, size or potential risk of loss. The construction, land, multi-family, commercial real estate and commercial and industrial loans are risk rated on a loan by loan basis to determine the relative risk inherent in specific borrowers or loans. Based on that risk rating, the loans are assigned a grade and classified as follows:

Pass – the credit does not meet one of the definitions below.

Special mention – A special mention credit is considered to be currently protected from loss but is potentially weak. No loss of principal or interest is foreseen; however, proper supervision and Management attention is required to deter further deterioration in the credit. Assets in this category constitute some undue and unwarranted credit risk but not to the point of justifying a risk rating of substandard. The credit risk may be relatively minor yet constitutes an unwarranted risk in light of the circumstances surrounding a specific asset.

Substandard – A substandard credit is an unacceptable credit. Additionally, repayment in the normal course is in jeopardy due to the existence of one or more well defined weaknesses. In these situations, loss of principal is likely if the weakness is not corrected. A substandard asset is inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the borrower or of the collateral pledged, if any. Assets so classified will have a well defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. Loss potential, while existing in the aggregate amount of substandard assets, does not have to exist in individual assets risk rated substandard.

Doubtful – A credit classified doubtful has all the weaknesses inherent in one classified substandard with the added characteristic that the weakness makes collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable. The probability of loss is high, but because of certain important and reasonably specific pending factors that may work to the advantage and strengthening of the asset, its classification as an estimated loss is deferred until its more exact status may be determined. Pending factors include proposed merger, acquisition, or liquidation procedures, capital injection, perfecting liens on additional collateral, and

refinancing plans.

Loss – Credits classified loss are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as a bankable asset is not warranted. This classification does not mean that the asset has absolutely no recovery or salvage value, but rather it is not practical or desirable to defer writing off this asset even though partial recovery may be affected in the future. Losses should be taken in the period in which they are identified as uncollectible. Partial charge-off versus full charge-off may be taken if the collateral offers some identifiable protection.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

The following table summarizes the activity in the allowance for loan losses for the quarter ended June 30, 2012 and fiscal year ended September 30, 2011:

Quarter Ended June 30, 2012	Beginning Allowance	Charge-offs		Recoveries	Provision & Transfers		Ending Allowance
	(In thousands)						
Single-family residential	\$83,875	\$(14,134)	\$2,240	\$9,363		\$81,344
Construction - speculative	15,943	(2,288)	86	(888))	12,853
Construction - custom	384				(40)	344
Land - acquisition & development	19,929	(1,519)	533	(1,549)	17,394
Land - consumer lot loans	7,712	(670)		295		7,337
Multi-family	4,837			279	(278)	4,838
Commercial real estate	2,869	(206)	148	337		3,148
Commercial & industrial	4,427	(69)	70	2,535		6,963
HELOC	969	(147)	6	144		972
Consumer	2,874	(955)	391	448		2,758
	\$143,819	\$(19,988)	\$3,753	\$10,367		\$137,951
E' 137 E 1 10 . 1 00	ъ				D 0		Ending
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Beginning	Charge offs		Dagarranias	Provision &		Ending
Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011	Allowance	Charge-offs		Recoveries	Transfers		Allowance
_		Charge-offs		Recoveries			•
_	Allowance	Charge-offs \$(38,465))	Recoveries \$3,072			•
2011	Allowance (In thousands)	-)		Transfers)	Allowance
2011 Single-family residential	Allowance (In thousands) \$47,160	\$(38,465)	\$3,072	Transfers \$71,540)	Allowance \$83,307
2011 Single-family residential Construction - speculative	Allowance (In thousands) \$47,160 26,346	\$(38,465 (13,197))	\$3,072	Transfers \$71,540 (1,464)	Allowance \$83,307 13,828
2011 Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom	Allowance (In thousands) \$47,160 26,346 770	\$(38,465 (13,197 (237)))	\$3,072 2,143	Transfers \$71,540 (1,464 90)	Allowance \$83,307 13,828 623
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development	Allowance (In thousands) \$47,160 26,346 770 61,637	\$(38,465 (13,197 (237 (39,797)))))	\$3,072 2,143	Transfers \$71,540 (1,464 90 8,608)	\$83,307 13,828 623 32,719
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans	Allowance (In thousands) \$47,160 26,346 770 61,637 4,793	\$(38,465 (13,197 (237 (39,797 (4,196)))))))))	\$3,072 2,143 — 2,271	\$71,540 (1,464 90 8,608 4,923)	Allowance \$83,307 13,828 623 32,719 5,520
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family	Allowance (In thousands) \$47,160 26,346 770 61,637 4,793 5,050	\$(38,465 (13,197 (237 (39,797 (4,196 (1,950))))))))	\$3,072 2,143 — 2,271 — 71	Transfers \$71,540 (1,464 90 8,608 4,923 4,452)	\$83,307 13,828 623 32,719 5,520 7,623
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate	Allowance (In thousands) \$47,160 26,346 770 61,637 4,793 5,050 3,165	\$(38,465 (13,197 (237 (39,797 (4,196 (1,950 (1,593)))))))))	\$3,072 2,143 — 2,271 — 71 328	\$71,540 (1,464 90 8,608 4,923 4,452 2,431)	\$83,307 13,828 623 32,719 5,520 7,623 4,331
Single-family residential Construction - speculative Construction - custom Land - acquisition & development Land - consumer lot loans Multi-family Commercial real estate Commercial & industrial	Allowance (In thousands) \$47,160 26,346 770 61,637 4,793 5,050 3,165 6,193	\$(38,465 (13,197 (237 (39,797 (4,196 (1,950 (1,593 (4,733		\$3,072 2,143 — 2,271 — 71 328 1,925	\$71,540 (1,464 90 8,608 4,923 4,452 2,431 1,714)	\$83,307 13,828 623 32,719 5,520 7,623 4,331 5,099

The Company recorded a \$10,367,000 provision for loan losses during the quarter ended June 30, 2012, while a \$21,000,000 provision was recorded for the same quarter one year ago. Non-performing assets ("NPAs") amounted to \$278,490,000, or 2.07%, of total assets at June 30, 2012, compared to \$394,679,000, or 2.96%, of total assets one year ago. Acquired loans, including covered loans, are not classified as non-performing loans because, at acquisition, the carrying value of these loans was adjusted to reflect fair value. There was no additional provision for loan losses recorded on acquired or covered loans during the quarter ended June 30, 2012. Non-accrual loans decreased from \$232,752,000 at June 30, 2011, to \$171,033,000 at June 30, 2012, a 26.5% decrease. The Company had net charge-offs of \$16,235,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2012, compared with \$23,519,000 of net charge-offs for the same quarter one year ago. A loan is charged-off when the loss is estimable and it is confirmed that the borrower will not be able to meet its contractual obligations. The percentage of loans 30 days or more delinquent decreased from 3.66% at June 30, 2011, to 2.69% at June 30, 2012. Delinquencies in the single-family residential portfolio, the largest portion of the loan portfolio, decreased from 3.43% at June 30, 2011, to 2.81% at June 30, 2012. In addition to these

improving asset quality trends, real estate values are beginning to increase in most of the Company's primary markets. As a result, the Company recorded a smaller provision for loan losses in the current quarter as compared to the same quarter one year ago. \$116,164,000 of the allowance was calculated under the formulas contained in our general allowance methodology and the remaining \$21,787,000 was made up of specific reserves on loans that were deemed to be impaired at June 30, 2012. For the period ending June 30, 2011,

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\$114,159,000 of the allowance was calculated under the formulas contained in our general allowance methodology and the remaining \$46,940,000 was made up of specific reserves on loans that were deemed to be impaired. The primary reasons for the shift in total allowance allocation from specific reserves to general reserves is due to the Company having already addressed many of the problem loans focused in the speculative construction and land A&D portfolios, combined with a still weak macro economic environment which may negatively impact the single-family residential portfolio.

The following tables shows a summary of loans collectively and individually evaluated for impairment and the related allocation of general and specific reserves as of June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011:

June 30, 2012	Loans Colle	ctively Evaluated for	r Impairment	Loans Indiv	idually Evaluated fo	or Impairn	nent
	General	Gross Loans Subject	et	Specific	Gross Loans Subject	et	
	Reserve	to	Ratio	Reserve	to	Ratio	
	Allocation	General Reserve	Kano	Allocation	Specific Reserve	Kano	
	Anocation	(1)		Anocation	(1)		
	(In thousand	ls)		(In thousand	ds)		
Single-family residential	\$80,437	\$ 5,823,964	1.4 %	\$907	\$ 80,842	1.1	%
Construction - speculative	8,615	98,980	8.7	4,238	31,760	13.3	
Construction - custom	344	210,488	0.2		_	_	
Land - acquisition &	5,777	40,803	14.2	11,617	94,589	12.3	
development	3,777	+0,003	17.2	11,017	74,507	12.3	
Land - consumer lot loans	6,447	142,712	4.5	890	2,417	36.8	
Multi-family	2,728	671,837	0.4	2,110	20,927	10.1	
Commercial real estate	1,136	286,779	0.4	2,012	23,808	8.5	
Commercial & industrial	6,950	147,394	4.7	13	1,183	1.1	
HELOC	972	113,559	0.9		_	_	
Consumer	2,758	68,202	4.0		_	_	
	\$116,164	\$ 7.604.718	1.5	\$21.787	\$ 255.526	8.5	

(.	L)	Exc.	ludes	acquired	i and	covered	lloans
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September 30, 2011	Loans Collectively Evaluated for Impairment				Loans Individually Evaluated for Impairment			
	General	Gross Loans Subject	ct		Specific	Gross Loans Subject	ct	
	Reserve	to	Ratio		Reserve	to	Ratio	
	Allocation	General Reserve	Rano		Allocation	Specific Reserve	Ratio	
		(1)		(1)				
	(In thousand	,				ds)		
Single-family residential	\$77,441	\$ 6,186,322	1.3	%	\$5,866	\$ 32,556	18.0	%
Construction - speculative	6,969	89,986	7.7		6,859	50,473	13.6	
Construction - custom	623	279,851	0.2			_		
Land - acquisition &	10,489	61,277	17.1		22,230	139,415	15.9	
development	10,409	01,277	17.1		22,230	139,413	13.9	
Land - consumer lot loans	4,385	160,906	2.7		1,135	2,240	50.7	
Multi-family	3,443	679,823	0.5		4,180	20,850	20.0	
Commercial real estate	2,730	268,906	1.0		1,601	34,536	4.6	
Commercial & industrial	5,058	106,406	4.8		41	2,926	1.4	

HELOC	1,139	115,092	1.0		_	—
Consumer	2,971	67,509	4.4			
	\$115,248	\$ 8,016,078	1.4	\$41,912	\$ 282,996	14.8

(1)Excludes covered loans

The following tables provide information on loans based on credit quality indicators (defined in Note A) as of June 30, 2012 and

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September 30, 2011: Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade (excludes covered loans):

June 30, 2012	Internally Assign	Total				
	Pass	Special mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Gross Loans
	(In thousands)					
Non-acquired loans						
Single-family residential	\$5,714,905	\$299	\$189,601	\$ —	\$ —	\$5,904,805
Construction - speculative	80,542	6,695	43,504	_	_	130,741
Construction - custom	210,488	_	_	_	_	210,488
Land - acquisition &	42,907	21,935	70,550			135,392
development	42,707					
Land - consumer lot loans	144,658	356	115			145,129
Multi-family	660,948	7,574	24,241	_	_	692,763
Commercial real estate	271,050	4,608	34,930	_	_	310,588
Commercial & industrial	146,075	352	2,150	_	_	148,577
HELOC	113,559	_	_	_	_	113,559
Consumer	67,301	528	373	_	_	68,202
	7,452,433	42,347	365,464	—		7,860,244
Credit impaired acquired loans						
Pool 1 - Construction and land						
A&D	2,514	_	3,587		_	6,101
Pool 2 - Single-family						
residential	343	_	_			343
Pool 3 - Multi-family	_	_	1,074	_	_	1,074
Pool 4 - HELOC & other consumer	15,151	_	_		_	15,151
Pool 5 - Commercial real estate	2 52,223	5,493	32,257	1,033	_	91,006
Pool 6 - Commercial &	2,548	805	1,343	404		5,100
industrial	2,340	803	1,343	404		3,100
Total credit impaired acquired loans	72,779	6,298	38,261	1,437	_	118,775
Total gross loans	\$7,525,212	\$48,645	\$403,725	\$1,437	\$	\$7,979,019
Total grade as a % of total gross loans	94.3 %	0.6 %	5.1 %	%	_ %	

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September 30, 2011	Internally Assigned Grade					Total
	Pass	Special mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Gross Loans
	(In thousands)					
Single-family residential	\$6,047,279	\$—	\$171,599	\$ —	\$ —	\$6,218,878
Construction - speculative	56,485	21,035	62,939		_	140,459
Construction - custom	279,851	_	_		_	279,851
Land - acquisition & development	44,888	44,840	110,964	_	_	200,692
Land - consumer lot loans	162,670	_	476		_	163,146
Multi-family	663,582	4,629	32,462		_	700,673
Commercial real estate	264,083	4,125	35,234		_	303,442
Commercial & industrial	104,171	1,128	1,407	2,245	381	109,332
HELOC	115,092	_	_		_	115,092
Consumer	66,512	528	469		_	67,509
	\$7,804,613	\$76,285	\$415,550	\$2,245	\$381	\$8,299,074
Total grade as a % of total gross loans	94.1 %	0.9 %	5.0 %	%	_ %	

Credit Risk Profile Based on Payment Activity (excludes acquired and covered loans):

June 30, 2012	Performing Loans	erforming Loans		Non-Performing Loans		
	Amount	% of Total Gross Loans		Amount	% of Total Gross Loans	
	(In thousands)					
Single-family residential	\$5,775,510	97.8	%	\$129,295	2.2	%
Construction - speculative	118,317	90.5		12,424	9.5	
Construction - custom	209,949	99.7		539	0.3	
Land - acquisition & development	122,878	90.8		12,514	9.2	
Land - consumer lot loans	139,285	96.0		5,844	4.0	
Multi-family	689,358	99.5		3,405	0.5	
Commercial real estate	304,303	98.0		6,285	2.0	
Commercial & industrial	148,577	100.0		_	_	
HELOC	113,171	99.7		388	0.3	
Consumer	67,863	99.5		339	0.5	
	\$7,689,211	97.8		\$171,033	2.2	

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September 30, 2011	Performing Loan	Performing Loans			Non-Performing Loans		
	Amount	% of Total Gross Loans		Amount	% of Total Gross Loans		
	(In thousands)						
Single-family residential	\$6,092,254	98.0	%	\$126,624	2.0	%	
Construction - speculative	125,076	89.0		15,383	11.0		
Construction - custom	279,216	99.8		635	0.2		
Land - acquisition & development	163,353	81.4		37,339	18.6		
Land - consumer lot loans	154,303	94.6		8,843	5.4		
Multi-family	693,009	98.9		7,664	1.1		
Commercial real estate	292,062	96.2		11,380	3.8		
Commercial & industrial	107,653	98.5		1,679	1.5		
HELOC	114,611	99.6		481	0.4		
Consumer	67,072	99.4		437	0.6		
	\$8,088,609	97.5	%	\$210,465	2.5	%	

The following table provides information on impaired loans based on loan types as of June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011:

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				Average Recor	ded Investment
June 30, 2012	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Quarter Ended June 30, 2012	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2012
	(In thousand				2012
With no related allowance recorded:					
Single-family residential	\$76,505	\$94,492	\$ —	\$60,077	\$33,103
Construction - speculative	14,041	16,819	_	15,463	13,697
Construction - custom		157	_	_	
Land - acquisition & development	16,213	35,449		16,422	18,025
Land - consumer lot loans	794	1,000	_	438	219
Multi-family	8,276	8,484		7,889	6,638
Commercial real estate	26,038	39,965		14,982	7,962
Commercial & industrial	1,568	13,265		885	443
HELOC	90	3,018		83	42
Consumer		60		_	
	143,525	212,709	_	116,239	80,129
With an allowance recorded:					
Single-family residential	345,103	345,103	25,796	334,249	333,820
Construction - speculative	14,602	14,602	4,238	14,600	14,519
Construction - custom	_	_	_	_	_
Land - acquisition & development	26,985	26,984	11,617	27,232	27,966
Land - consumer lot loans	1,622	1,622	890	811	406
Multi-family	11,312	11,312	2,110	11,332	11,367
Commercial real estate	7,269	7,269	2,012	6,912	6,656
Commercial & industrial	13	13	13	18	28
HELOC				_	
Consumer	_	_	_	_	_
	406,906	406,905	46,676	(1) 395,154	394,762
Total:					
Single-family residential	421,608	439,595	25,796	394,326	366,923
Construction - speculative	28,643	31,421	4,238	30,063	28,216
Construction - custom		157		_	
Land - acquisition & development	43,198	62,433	11,617	43,654	45,991
Land - consumer lot loans	2,416	2,622	890	1,249	625
Multi-family	19,588	19,796	2,110	19,221	18,005
Commercial real estate	33,307	47,234	2,012	21,894	14,618
Commercial & industrial	1,581	\$13,278	13	903	471
HELOC	90	3,018		83	42
Consumer		60		_	_
	\$550,431	\$619,614	\$46,676	(1) \$511,393	\$474,891

⁽¹⁾Includes \$21,787,000 of specific reserves and \$24,889,000 included in the general reserves.

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September 30, 2011	Recorded Investment (In thousands)	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment
With no related allowance recorded:				
Single-family residential	\$5,597	\$9,575	\$ —	\$5,935
Construction - speculative	8,286	11,026		7,374
Construction - custom		—	_	
Land - acquisition & development	22,436	50,970	_	28,168
Land - consumer lot loans	<u> </u>		_	
Multi-family	3,233	4,508	_	4,058
Commercial real estate	3,462	3,963		2,141
Commercial & industrial	<u> </u>	_		<u> </u>
HELOC	_	_	_	_
Consumer	_	_	_	_
	43,014	80,042	_	47,676
With an allowance recorded:				
Single-family residential	331,546	331,546	29,378	261,736
Construction - speculative	29,255	29,255	6,859	26,385
Construction - custom				
Land - acquisition & development	49,036	49,912	22,230	41,006
Land - consumer lot loans	352	352	1,135	110
Multi-family	17,149	17,149	4,180	12,380
Commercial real estate	6,429	6,429	1,601	3,351
Commercial & industrial	41	41	41	31
HELOC	_	_	_	_
Consumer	_	_	_	_
	433,808	434,684	65,424 (1)	344,999
Total:				
Single-family residential	337,143	341,121	29,378	267,671
Construction - speculative	37,541	40,281	6,859	33,759
Construction - custom			_	
Land - acquisition & development	71,472	100,882	22,230	69,174
Land - consumer lot loans	352	352	1,135	110
Multi-family	20,382	21,657	4,180	16,438
Commercial real estate	9,891	10,392	1,601	5,492
Commercial & industrial	41	41	41	31
HELOC	_	_	_	_
Consumer	<u> </u>	—	— • 65 404	— • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	\$476,822	\$514,726	\$65,424 (1)	\$392,675

⁽¹⁾ Includes \$41,912,000 of specific reserves and \$23,512,000 included in the general reserves.

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NOTE F – New Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2011-11, Balance Sheet (Topic 210) – Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities. The amendments in this ASU will enhance disclosures required by U.S. GAAP by requiring improved information about financial instruments and derivative instruments that are either (1) offset in accordance with current U.S. GAAP or (2) subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement, irrespective of whether they are offset in accordance with current U.S. GAAP. The guidance in this ASU is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after January 1, 2013 and should be applied retrospectively. This new guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-12, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220) – Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05. Under the amendments in ASU 2011-05, entities are required to present reclassification adjustments and the effect of those reclassification adjustments on the face of the financial statements where net income is presented, by component of net income, and on the face of the financial statements where other comprehensive income is presented, by component of other comprehensive income. In addition, the amendments in ASU 2011-05 require that reclassification adjustments be presented in interim financial periods. The amendments in ASU 2011-12 supersede and defer changes to those paragraphs in ASU 2011-05 that pertain to how, when and where reclassification adjustments are presented while the FASB redeliberates the presentation of reclassification adjustments. All other requirements of ASU 2011-05 are not affected by ASU 2011-12.

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-02, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350) – Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment. The objective of this ASU is to reduce the cost and complexity of performing an impairment test for indefinite-lived intangible assets by simplifying how an entity tests those assets for impairment and to improve consistency in impairment testing guidance among long-lived asset categories. This ASU permits an entity first to assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that an indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired as a basis for determining whether it is necessary to perform the quantitative impairment test in accordance with Subtopic 350-30, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - General Intangibles Other than Goodwill. The more-likely-than-not threshold is defined as having a likelihood of more than 50 percent. Previous guidance in Subtopic 350-30 required an entity to test indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment, on at least an annual basis, by comparing the fair value of the asset with its carrying amount. If the fair value of the asset is less than its carrying amount, an entity should recognize an impairment loss in the amount of the difference. In accordance with the amendments in this ASU, an entity will have an option not to calculate annually the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset if the entity determines that it is not more likely than not that the asset is impaired. Permitting an entity to assess qualitative factors when testing indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment results in guidance that is similar to the goodwill impairment testing guidance in Update 2011-08. The Company early adopted this ASU and the guidance had no impact on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

NOTE G – Fair Value Measurements

U.S. GAAP defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. U.S. GAAP also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active exchange markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active and other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

We have established and documented the Company's process for determining the fair values of our assets and liabilities, where applicable. Fair value is based on quoted market prices, when available, for identical or similar assets or liabilities. In the absence of quoted market prices, fair value is determined using valuation models or third-party appraisals. The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used to measure and report the fair value of financial assets and liabilities on a recurring or nonrecurring basis:

Measured on a Recurring Basis

Securities

Securities available for sale are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Securities at fair value are priced using model pricing based on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted prices as provided by an independent third party, and under the provisions of the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification are considered a Level 2 input method.

The following table presents the balance of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2012:

	Fair Value at June 30, 2012					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
	(In thousands	s)				
Available-for-sale securities						
Equity securities	\$ —	\$ —	\$—	\$ —		
Obligations of U.S. government		114,141	_	114,141		
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	_	24,001	_	24,001		
Obligations of foreign governments		_		_		
Corporate debt securities		303,214	_	303,214		
Mortgage-backed securities			_			
Agency pass-through certificates	_	3,184,759	_	3,184,759		
Other debt securities		_	_	_		
Balance at end of period	\$ —	\$3,626,115	\$ —	\$3,626,115		

There were no transfers between, into and/or out of Levels 1, 2 or 3 during the quarter ended June 30, 2012. Measured on a Nonrecurring Basis

Impaired Loans & Real Estate Held for Sale

From time to time, and on a nonrecurring basis, fair value adjustments to collateral-dependent loans and real estate held for sale are recorded to reflect write-downs of principal balances based on the current appraised or estimated value of the collateral. When management determines that the fair value of the collateral or the real estate held for sale requires additional adjustments, either as a result of a non-current appraisal value or when there is no observable market price, the Company classifies the impaired loan or real estate held for sale as Level 3. Level 3 assets recorded at fair value on a nonrecurring basis at June 30, 2012 included loans for which a specific reserve allowance was established or a partial charge-off was recorded based on the fair value of collateral, as well as covered REO and real estate held for sale for which fair value of the properties was less than the cost basis.

Real estate held for sale consists principally of properties acquired through foreclosure.

The following table presents the aggregated balance of assets measured at estimated fair value on a nonrecurring basis through the quarter ended June 30, 2012, and the total losses resulting from those fair value adjustments for the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2012. The following estimated fair values are shown gross of estimated selling costs:

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	Through J	une 30, 2012	2	Quarter Ended June 30, 2012	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2012	
	Level 1 (In thousar	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Total Losses	
		. 1				
Impaired loans (1)	\$—	\$—	\$133,929	\$133,929	\$13,459	\$36,291
Covered REO (2)	_	_	32,817	32,817	923	2,124
Real estate held for sale (2)		_	157,547	157,547	21,756	61,100
Balance at end of period	\$ —	\$ —	\$324,293	\$324,293	\$36,138	\$99,515

⁽¹⁾ The losses represents remeasurements of collateral-dependent loans.

There were no liabilities carried at fair value, measured on a recurring or nonrecurring basis, at June 30, 2012.

The following describes the process used to value Level 3 assets measured on a nonrecurring basis:

Impaired loans - The Company adjusts the carrying amount of impaired loans when there is evidence of probable loss and the expected fair value of the loan is less than its contractual amount. The amount of the impairment may be determined based on the estimated present value of future cash flows or the fair value of the underlying collateral. Impaired loans with a specific reserve allowance based on cash flow analysis or the value of the underlying collateral are classified as Level 3 assets.

The evaluations for impairment are prepared by the Problem Loan Review Committee, which is chaired by the Chief Credit Officer and includes the Loan Review manager and Special Credits manager, as well as senior credit officers, division managers and group executives, as applicable. These evaluations are performed in conjunction with the quarterly allowance for loan loss ("ALLL") process.

Applicable loans are evaluated for impairment on a quarterly basis. Loans included in the previous quarter's review are reevaluated and if their values are materially different from the prior quarter evaluation, the underlying information (loan balance and collateral value) are compared. Material differences are evaluated for reasonableness and discussions are held between the relationship manager and their division manager to understand the difference and determine if any adjustment is necessary. The inputs are developed and substantiated on a quarterly basis, based on current borrower developments, market conditions and collateral values. The following method is used to value impaired loans:

The fair value of the collateral, which may take the form of real estate or personal property, is based on internal estimates, field observations, assessments provided by third-party appraisers and other valuation models. The Company performs or reaffirms valuations of collateral-dependent impaired loans at least annually. Adjustments are made if management believes that more recent information is available and relevant with respect to the fair value of the collateral.

Real estate held for sale ("REO") - These assets are valued based on inputs such as appraisals and third-party price opinions, less estimated selling costs. Assets that are acquired through foreclosure are recorded initially at the lower of the loan balance or fair value at the date of foreclosure. After foreclosure, valuations are updated periodically, and current market conditions my require the assets to be written down further to a new cost basis. The following method is used to value real estate held for sale:

When a loan is reclassified from loan status to real estate held for sale due to the Company taking possession of the collateral, a Special Credits officer, along with the Special Credits manager, obtains a valuation, which may include a third-party appraisal, which is used to establish the fair value of the underlying collateral. The determined fair value, to the extent it does not exceed the carrying value of the loan, becomes the carrying value of the REO asset. In

⁽²⁾ The losses represents aggregate writedowns and charge-offs on real estate held for sale.

addition to the valuations from independent third-party sources, the carrying balance of REO assets are written down once a bona fide offer is contractually accepted, through execution of a Purchase and Sale Agreement, where the accepted price is lower than the current balance of the particular REO asset. The fair value of REO assets is re-evaluated quarterly and the REO asset is adjusted to reflect the lower of cost or fair value as necessary. Fair Values of Financial Instruments

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

U. S. GAAP requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized on the statement of financial condition, for which it is practicable to estimate those values. Certain financial instruments and all non-financial instruments are excluded from the disclosure requirements. Accordingly, the aggregate fair value estimates presented do not reflect the underlying fair value of the Company. Although management is not aware of any factors that would materially affect the estimated fair value amounts presented below, such amounts have not been comprehensively revalued for purposes of these financial statements since the dates shown, and therefore, estimates of fair value subsequent to those dates may differ significantly from the amounts presented below.

		June 30, 2012	2	September 30, 2011	
	Level in Fair Value Hierarchy	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
	•	(In thousands	s)		
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	1	\$963,766	\$963,766	\$816,002	\$816,002
Available-for-sale securities	2				
Equity securities			_	_	_
Obligations of U.S. government		114,141	114,141	190,527	190,527
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		24,001	24,001	23,568	23,568
Obligations of foreign governments		_		_	_
Corporate debt securities		303,214	303,214	29,959	29,959
Mortgage-backed securities					
Agency pass-through certificates		3,184,759	3,184,759	3,011,090	3,011,090
Other debt securities		_			
Total available-for-sale securities		3,626,115	3,626,115	3,255,144	3,255,144
Held-to-maturity securities	2				
Equity securities		_		_	_
Obligations of U.S. government		_		_	_
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		795	812	1,950	2,023
Obligations of foreign governments		_			
Corporate debt securities		_		_	_
Mortgage-backed securities					
Agency pass-through certificates		34,433	37,215	45,086	48,593
Other debt securities		_		_	_
Total held-to-maturity securities		35,228	38,027	47,036	50,616
Loans receivable	3	7,616,205	8,262,700	7,935,877	8,479,307
Covered loans	3	302,681	304,420	382,183	375,027
FDIC indemnification asset	3	97,380	95,138	98,871	101,751
FHLB stock	2	151,674	151,674	151,755	151,755
Financial liabilities					
Customer accounts	2	8,683,181	8,500,515	8,665,903	8,557,357
FHLB advances and other borrowings	2	2,757,146	3,097,509	2,762,066	3,038,127

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents – The carrying amount of these items is a reasonable estimate of their fair value.

Available-for-sale securities and held-to-maturity securities – Securities at fair value are priced using model pricing based on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted prices as provided by an independent third party, and under the provisions of the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification are considered a Level 2 input method.

Loans receivable and covered loans – For certain homogeneous categories of loans, such as fixed- and variable-rate residential mortgages, fair value is estimated for securities backed by similar loans, adjusted for differences in loan characteristics, using the same methodology described above for AFS and HTM securities. The fair value of other loan types is estimated by discounting the future cash flows and estimated prepayments using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining term. Some loan types were valued at carrying value because of their floating rate or expected maturity characteristics. Net deferred loan fees are not included in the fair value calculation but are included in the carrying amount. FDIC indemnification asset – The fair value of the indemnification asset is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using the current rates.

FHLB stock – The fair value is based upon the par value of the stock which equates to its carrying value. Customer accounts – The fair value of demand deposits, savings accounts, and money market accounts is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date. The fair value of fixed-maturity certificates of deposit is estimated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using the rates currently offered for deposits with similar remaining maturities.

FHLB advances and other borrowings – The fair value of FHLB advances and other borrowings is estimated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using rates currently available to the Company for debt with similar remaining maturities.

The following is a reconciliation of amortized cost to fair value of available-for-sale and held-to-maturity securities:

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2012 Amortized Cost (In thousands)	Gross Unreali Gains	zed Losses	Fair Value	Yield	
Available-for-sale securities						
U.S. government and agency securities						
due						
Within 1 year	\$500	\$36	\$ —	\$536	4.00	%
1 to 5 years				_		
5 to 10 years	109,300	4,330	(25) 113,605	1.34	
Over 10 years				_	_	
Corporate bonds due						
1 to 5 years	273,658	350	(58	273,950	0.87	
5 to 10 years	30,000	464	(1,200) 29,264	4.00	
Municipal bonds due						
Over 10 years	20,446	3,555		24,001	6.45	
Mortgage-backed securities						
Agency pass-through certificates	3,093,024	94,775		3,184,759	4.48	
	3,526,928	103,510	(4,323	3,626,115	4.11	
Held-to-maturity securities						
Tax-exempt municipal bonds due						
Within 1 year	795	17		812	5.72	
1 to 5 years				_	_	
5 to 10 years				_	_	
Over 10 years				_		
U.S. government and agency securities						
due						
1 to 5 years	_	_	_	_	_	
Mortgage-backed securities						
Agency pass-through certificates	34,433	2,782		37,215	5.31	
	35,228	2,799		38,027	5.32	
	\$3,562,156	\$106,309	\$(4,323	\$3,664,142	4.12	%
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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

	September 30, Amortized Cost (In thousands)	Gross Unreal Gains	lized Losses	Fair Value	Yield	
Available-for-sale securities						
U.S. government and agency securities						
due						
Within 1 year	\$500	\$34	\$ —	\$534	4.00	%
1 to 5 years	_	_			_	
5 to 10 years	9,300	4,547		13,847	10.38	
Over 10 years	175,515	631		176,146	2.57	
Corporate bonds due						
5 to 10 years	30,000	284	(325	29,959	4.00	
Municipal bonds due						
Over 10 years	20,461	3,107		23,568	6.45	
Mortgage-backed securities						
Agency pass-through certificates	2,883,734	127,356	_	3,011,090	4.72	
	3,119,510	135,959	(325	3,255,144	4.62	
Held-to-maturity securities						
Tax-exempt municipal bonds due						
1 to 5 years	405	5	_	410	6.52	
5 to 10 years	1,545	68	_	1,613	5.60	
Over 10 years	_	_	_	_	_	
U.S. government and agency securities						
due						
1 to 5 years	_	_				
Mortgage-backed securities						
Agency pass-through certificates	45,086	3,507		48,593	5.31	
-	47,036	3,580		50,616	5.33	
	\$3,166,546	\$139,539	\$(325	\$3,305,760	4.63	%

During the period ending June 30, 2012, \$3,500,000 of available-for-sale securities were sold, resulting in a gain of \$0. \$131,361,000 of available-for-sale securities were sold during the period ending June 30, 2011, resulting in a gain of \$8,147,000.

Substantially all mortgage-backed securities have contractual due dates that exceed 10 years.

The following table shows the unrealized gross losses and fair value of securities at June 30, 2012, by length of time that individual securities in each category have been in a continuous loss position. Management believes that the declines in fair value of these investments are not an other than temporary impairment.

	Less than 12 I Unrealized Gross Losses	months Fair Value	12 months or Unrealized Gross Losses	Fair	Total Unrealized Gross Losses	Fair Value
Corporate bonds due	\$(1,258)	\$32,400	\$—	\$—	\$(1,258)	\$32,400

U.S. government and agency securities due	(25) 99,975		_	(25) 99,975
Agency pass-through certificates	(2,787) 401,777	(253	33,822	(3,040) 435,599
	(4,070) \$534,152	\$(253	\$33,822	(4,323) \$567,974
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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE H - Covered Assets

Covered assets represent loans and real estate held for sale acquired from the FDIC that are subject to loss sharing agreements and were \$335,823,000 as of June 30, 2012, versus \$438,566,000 as of September 30, 2011. Changes in the carrying amount and accretable yield for acquired impaired and non-impaired loans were as follows:

June 30, 2012	Acquired Impaire	ed	Acquired Non-impaired		
	Accretable Yield	Carrying Amount of Loans	Accretable Yield	Carrying Amount of Loans	
	(In thousands)				
Balance at beginning of period	\$37,072	\$116,061	\$30,370	\$269,888	
Accretion	(15,142	15,142	(4,939)	4,939	
Transfers to REO	_	(13,094	· —		
Payments received, net		(43,361		(46,894)	
Balance at end of period	\$21,930	\$74,748	\$25,431	\$227,933	
September 30, 2011	Acquired Impaire		Acquired Non-im	•	
	Accretable Yield	Carrying Amount of Loans	Accretable Yield	Carrying Amount of Loans	
	(In thousands)				
Balance at beginning of period	\$27,019	\$190,530	\$39,813	\$343,944	
Reclassification from nonaccretable balance, net	24,025	_	_	_	
Accretion	(13,972	13,972	(9,443)	9,443	
Transfers to REO	_	(54,638) _	_	
Payments received, net	_	(33,803	· —	(83,499)	
Balance at end of period	\$37,072	\$116,061	\$30,370	\$269,888	

At June 30, 2012, none of the acquired impaired or non-impaired loans were classified as non-performing assets. Therefore, interest income, through accretion of the difference between the carrying amount of the loans and the expected cash flows, was recognized on all acquired loans. The allowance for credit losses related to the acquired loans resulted from decreased expectations of future cash flows due to increased credit losses for certain acquired loan pools.

The outstanding principal balance of acquired loans was \$399,768,000 and \$495,358,000 as of June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, respectively. The discount balance related to the acquired loans was \$93,321,000 and \$109,409,000 as of June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, respectively.

The following table shows the year to date activity for the FDIC indemnification asset:

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WASHINGTON FEDERAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTERS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2012 Sep 201	
	(In thousands)	
Balance at beginning of period	\$101,634	\$131,128
Additions	5,742	10,470
Payments made (received)	(276) (32,828
Amortization	(11,023) (10,239
Accretion	1,303	3,103
Balance at end of period	\$97,380	\$101,634

The following tables provide information on covered loans based on credit quality indicators (defined in Note A) as of June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011:

Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade:

June 30, 2012	Internally Assigned Grade					Total
	Pass	Special mention	onSubstandard	Doubtful	Loss	Net Loans
	(In thousan	ds)				
Purchased non credit-impaired						
loans:						
Single-family residential	\$34,874	\$ <i>-</i>	\$3,868	\$ —	\$—	\$38,742
Construction - speculative						
Construction - custom		_			_	
Land - acquisition &	4,623	2,669	6,031			13,323
development	4,023	2,009	0,031			13,323
Land - consumer lot loans	503	_		_		503
Multi-family	29,347	_	2,754	_	_	32,101
Commercial real estate	93,387	1,104	30,843		_	125,334
Commercial & industrial	6,953	917	6,707	_	_	14,577
HELOC	19,307	_		_	_	19,307
Consumer	973	_		_		973
	189,967	4,690	50,203		_	244,860
Total grade as a % of total net loans	77.6 %	1.9 %	20.5 %	%		%