

ESSEX PROPERTY TRUST INC
Form 10-Q
May 08, 2007

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2007

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 001-13106

ESSEX PROPERTY TRUST, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Maryland 77-0369576
(State or
Other (I.R.S.
Jurisdiction of Employer
Incorporation Identification
or Number)
Organization)

925 East Meadow Drive
Palo Alto, California 94303

(Address of Principal Executive Offices including Zip Code)

(650) 494-3700

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES ☒ NO ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer an accelerated file, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):
Large accelerated filer ☒ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

24,416,015 shares of Common Stock as of May 7, 2007

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FORM 10-Q
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Part I -- Financial Information

Item 1: Financial Statements (Unaudited)

"Essex" or the "Company" means Essex Property Trust, Inc., a real estate investment trust incorporated in the State of Maryland, or where the context otherwise requires, Essex Portfolio, L.P., a limited partnership (the "Operating Partnership") in which Essex Property Trust, Inc. is the sole general partner.

The information furnished in the accompanying unaudited consolidated balance sheets, statements of operations, stockholders' equity and comprehensive income and cash flows of the Company reflects all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the aforementioned consolidated financial statements for the interim periods.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the notes to such consolidated financial statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations herein. Additionally, these unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

ESSEX PROPERTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	March 31,	December
	2007	31,
		2006
<u>Assets</u>		
Real estate:		
Rental properties:		
Land and land improvements	\$ 577,223	\$ 560,880
Buildings and improvements	2,173,605	2,108,307
	2,750,828	2,669,187
Less accumulated depreciation	(486,134)	(465,015)
	2,264,694	2,204,172
Real estate - held for sale, net	-	41,221
Real estate under development	152,248	103,487
Investments	64,221	60,451
	2,481,163	2,409,331
Cash and cash equivalents-unrestricted	15,038	9,662
Cash and cash equivalents-restricted	10,777	13,948
Marketable securities	5,784	-
Notes and other receivables from related parties	961	1,209
Notes and other receivables	26,982	18,195
Prepaid expenses and other assets	23,150	20,632
Deferred charges, net	12,476	12,863
Total assets	\$ 2,576,331	\$ 2,485,840
<u>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</u>		
Mortgage notes payable	\$ 1,092,407	\$ 1,060,704
Mortgage notes payable - held for sale	-	32,850
Exchangeable bonds	225,000	225,000
Lines of credit	158,374	93,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	47,529	38,614
Dividends payable	28,547	24,910
Other liabilities	14,358	14,328
Deferred gain	2,193	2,193
Total liabilities	1,568,408	1,491,599
Commitments and contingencies		
Minority interests	230,259	236,120
Cumulative convertible preferred stock; \$.0001 par value:		
4.875% Series G - 5,980,000 issued and outstanding	145,912	145,912
Stockholders' equity:		

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Common stock, \$.0001 par value, 649,702,178 shares authorized 23,471,399 and 23,416,295 shares issued and outstanding	2	2
Cumulative redeemable preferred stock; \$.0001 par value: 7.8125% Series F - 1,000,000 shares authorized, issued and outstanding, liquidation value	25,000	25,000
Excess stock, \$.0001 par value, 330,000,000 shares authorized and no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Additional paid-in capital	690,467	686,937
Distributions in excess of accumulated earnings	(83,985)	(97,457)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	268	(2,273)
Total stockholders' equity	631,752	612,209
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 2,576,331	\$ 2,485,840

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

ESSEX PROPERTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARES

Consolidated Statements of Operations

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2007	2006
Revenues:		
Rental and other property	\$ 92,154	\$ 82,233
Management and other fees from affiliates	1,040	824
	93,194	83,057
Expenses:		
Property operating, excluding real estate taxes	23,120	21,660
Real estate taxes	7,712	7,170
Depreciation and amortization	21,677	19,320
Interest	18,266	18,412
Amortization of deferred financing costs	677	696
General and administrative	6,096	4,899
Other expenses	-	970
	77,548	73,127
Earnings from operations	15,646	9,930
Interest and other income	2,182	2,394
Equity income (loss) in co-investments	1,982	(442)
Minority interests	(5,307)	(4,807)
Income before discontinued operations and tax provision	14,503	7,075
Income tax provision	-	(37)
Income before discontinued operations	14,503	7,038
Income from discontinued operations (net of minority interests)	23,043	3,284
Net income	37,546	10,322
Dividends to preferred stockholders	(2,243)	(488)
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 35,303	\$ 9,834

Per common share data:

Basic:

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Income before discontinued operations available to			
common stockholders	\$	0.52	\$ 0.29
Income from discontinued operations			
		0.99	0.14
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	1.51	\$ 0.43
Weighted average number of common shares			
outstanding during the period		23,432,419	22,871,800
Diluted:			
Income before discontinued operations available to			
common stockholders	\$	0.51	\$ 0.29
Income from discontinued operations			
		0.95	0.14
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	1.46	\$ 0.43
Weighted average number of common shares			
outstanding during the period		24,214,984	23,095,493
Dividend per common share			
	\$	0.93	\$ 0.84

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

ESSEX PROPERTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity and
Comprehensive Income for the three months ended March 31, 2007
(Unaudited)
(Dollars and shares in thousands)

	Preferred stock		Common stock		Additional	Accumulated	Distributions	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	paid-in	other	in excess of	Total
					capital	comprehensive	accumulated	
						income (loss)	earnings	
Balances at December 31, 2006	1,000	25,000	23,416	2	686,937	(2,273)	(97,457)	612,209
Comprehensive income:								
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,546	37,546
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges	-	-	-	-	-	2,541	-	2,541
Comprehensive income								40,087
Issuance of common stock under:								
Stock-based compensation plans	-	-	28	-	1,485	-	-	1,485
Conversion/Reallocation of minority interest	-	-	27	-	2,045	-	-	2,045
Dividends declared	-	-	-	-	-	-	(24,074)	(24,074)
Balances at March 31, 2007	1,000	\$ 25,000	23,471	\$ 2	\$ 690,467	\$ 268	\$ (83,985)	\$ 631,752

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

ESSEX PROPERTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2007	2006
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 59,931	\$ 43,871
Cash flows used in investing activities:		
Additions to real estate:		
Acquisitions and improvements to recent acquisitions	(63,729)	(57,275)
Capital expenditures and redevelopment	(9,547)	(10,471)
Additions to real estate under development	(63,902)	(8,426)
Dispositions of real estate and investments	121,369	8,349
Changes in restricted cash and refundable deposits	5,347	5,003
Changes in marketable securities	(5,784)	-
Additions to notes receivable from related parties and other receivables	(9,410)	(10,295)
Repayments of notes receivable from related parties and other receivables	669	-
Contributions to limited partnerships	(15,072)	(10,205)
Distributions from limited partnerships	14,421	9,587
Net cash used in investing activities	(25,638)	(73,733)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from mortgage notes payable and lines of credit	159,140	116,792
Repayment of mortgage notes payable and lines of credit	(94,554)	(63,955)
Additions to deferred charges	(289)	(907)
Net proceeds from stock options exercised	1,185	1,209
Distributions to minority interest partners	(65,486)	(5,731)
Redemption of minority interest limited partnership units	(7,192)	(3,469)
Common and preferred stock dividends paid	(21,721)	(19,005)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(28,917)	24,934
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	5,376	(4,928)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	9,662	14,337
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 15,038	\$ 9,409
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest, net of \$1,972 and \$549 capitalized		
in 2007 and 2006, respectively	\$ 13,961	\$ 16,269

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

ESSEX PROPERTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2007 and 2006
(Unaudited)

(1) Organization and Basis of Presentation

The unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented have been included and are normal and recurring in nature. These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 include the accounts of the Company and Essex Portfolio, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership", which holds the operating assets of the Company). See below for a description of entities consolidated by the Operating Partnership. The Company is the sole general partner in the Operating Partnership, with a 90.4% general partnership interest as of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively.

As of March 31, 2007, the Company has ownership interests in 131 apartment communities (containing 27,087 units), three office buildings (with approximately 166,340 square feet), two recreational vehicle parks (comprising 338 spaces) and one manufactured housing community (containing 157 sites), (collectively, the "Properties"). The Properties are located in Southern California (Ventura, Los Angeles, Santa Barbara, Orange, Riverside and San Diego counties), Northern California (the San Francisco Bay Area), Seattle, Washington and other regions (Portland, Oregon metropolitan area and Houston, Texas).

Fund Activities

Essex Apartment Value Fund, L.P. ("Fund I" and "Fund II"), are investment funds formed by the Company to add value through rental growth and asset appreciation, utilizing the Company's development, redevelopment and asset management capabilities. All of the assets in Fund I have been sold, and Fund I is in the process of liquidation.

Fund II has eight institutional investors, including the Company, with combined partner equity commitments of \$265.9 million. Essex has committed \$75.0 million to Fund II, which represents a 28.2% interest as general partner and limited partner. Fund II utilizes leverage equal to approximately 60% of the estimated value of the underlying real estate. Fund II invested in apartment communities in the Company's targeted West Coast markets and, as of March 31, 2007, owned 11 apartment communities and three development projects. Essex records revenue for its asset management, property management, development and redevelopment services when earned, and promote income if Fund II exceeds certain financial return benchmarks.

Variable Interest Entities

In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 46 Revised (FIN 46R), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an Interpretation of ARB No. 51", the Company consolidates Essex Management Corporation (EMC), Essex Fidelity I Corporation (EFC), 17 Down REIT limited partnerships (comprising eleven properties), and an office building that is subject to loans made by the Company. The Company

consolidates these entities because it is deemed the primary beneficiary under FIN 46R. The total assets and liabilities related to these variable interest entities (VIEs), net of intercompany eliminations, were approximately \$270.0 million and \$145.0 million, respectively, at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006.

Interest holders in VIEs consolidated by the Company are allocated net income equal to the cash payments made to those interest holders for services rendered or distributions from cash flow. The remaining results of operations are generally allocated to the Company. As of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006 the Company was involved with two VIEs, of which it is not deemed to be the primary beneficiary. Total assets and liabilities of these entities were approximately \$72.6 million and \$57.8 million, respectively, at March 31, 2007, and \$78.5 million and \$58.4 million, respectively, at December 31, 2006. The Company does not have a significant exposure to loss from its involvement with these unconsolidated VIEs.

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Stock-Based Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123 Revised (“SFAS No. 123(R)”), “*Share-Based Payment*”, a revision of SFAS No. 123 using the modified prospective approach. SFAS No. 123(R) requires companies to recognize in the income statement the grant-date fair value of stock options and other equity based compensation issued to employees.

Stock-based compensation expense for stock options under the fair value method totaled \$0.3 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The intrinsic value of the stock options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 totaled \$2.6 million and \$1.8 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2007 and 2006, the intrinsic value of the stock options outstanding and fully vested totaled \$40.0 million and \$24.6 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2007, total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested share-based compensation granted under the stock option plans totaled \$1.6 million. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3 to 5 years for the stock option plans.

Stock-based compensation expense for Z and Z-1 Units (collectively, “Z Units”) under the fair value method totaled \$0.4 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Stock-based compensation capitalized for stock options and the Z Units totaled \$0.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. As of March 31, 2007 the intrinsic value of the Z Units subject to conversion totaled \$16.0 million. As of March 31, 2007, total unrecognized compensation cost related to Z Units subject to conversion in the future granted under the Z Units totaled \$8.1 million. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 5 to 15 years for the Z Units.

The Company’s stock-based compensation policies have not changed materially from information reported in Note 2(k), “Stock-Based Compensation,” and Note 14, “Stock-Based Compensation Plans,” in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Accounting Estimates and Reclassifications

The preparation of consolidated financial statements, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, the Company evaluates its estimates, including those related to acquiring, developing and assessing the carrying values of its real estate properties, its investments in and advances to joint ventures and affiliates, its notes receivables and its qualification as a Real Estate Investment Trust (“REIT”). The Company bases its estimates on historical experience, current market conditions, and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may vary from those estimates and those estimates could be different under different assumptions or conditions.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year balances in order to conform to the current year presentation. Such reclassifications have no impact on reported earnings, cash flows, total assets, or total liabilities.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48 (“FIN 48”), “*Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an Interpretation of FASB Statement 109*.” FIN 48 increases the relevancy and comparability of financial reporting by clarifying the way companies account for uncertainty in measuring income taxes. FIN 48 prescribes a comprehensive model for how a company should recognize, measure, present, and disclose in its financial statements uncertain tax positions that the company has taken or expects to take on a tax return. This Interpretation only allows the benefit of an uncertain tax position to be included in the calculation of tax liabilities and expenses if a company concludes that it is more likely than not that its adopted tax position will prevail if challenged by tax authorities. FIN 48 is effective for

fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The adoption of this FIN did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 108, "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements." SAB No. 108 was issued to address diversity in practice in quantifying financial statement misstatements. The adoption of this SAB did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

(2) Significant Transactions

(a) Acquisitions

In March 2007, the Company acquired Harvest Park apartments, built in 2004 with a condo map for approximately \$22.5 million. This apartment community has 104 units and is located in Santa Rosa, California.

In March 2007, the Company acquired two adjacent apartment communities aggregating 108 units located in Santa Barbara, California for approximately \$21.2 million. Lucero Village, built in 1973, consists of 70 units and The Continental, built in 1965, consists of 38 units.

In April 2007, the Company acquired Cardiff by the Sea Apartments located in Cardiff, California for approximately \$72 million. The community, which is in Northern San Diego County, consists of 300 units and was built in 1986.

In May 2007, the Company acquired Canyon Oaks apartments, built in 2005, consisting of 250 units, located in San Ramon, California for approximately \$64.3 million.

(b) Dispositions

During February 2007, the Company sold the joint venture property City Heights Apartments, a 687-unit community located in Los Angeles, California for \$120 million. The Company's share of the proceeds from the sale totaled \$33.9 million, resulting in a \$13.7 million gain on sale to the Company, and an additional \$10.3 million for fees from the City Heights joint venture partner.

The Company sold 13 condominium units at Peregrine Point during the first quarter of 2007, and the 8 remaining units are expected to be sold in the second quarter of 2007.

(c) Investments

During March 2007, the Company received \$7.7 million in net distributions from the Mountain Vista Apartments, LLC joint venture. The Company accounted for the transaction as a partial sale of the Company's investment in Mountain Vista Apartments, LLC and recorded a gain of \$2.0 million which is included in equity income in co-investments.

(d) Debt and Financing Activities

In March 2007, the Company originated a mortgage loan secured by the Camino Ruiz Square community purchased in December 2006 in the amount of \$21.1 million, with a fixed interest rate of 5.36%, which matures on April 1, 2017.

During the first quarter of 2007, the Company entered into a ten-year forward-starting interest rate swap for a notional amount of \$50 million and a settlement date on or before October 1, 2011.

During April 2007, the Company refinanced a mortgage loan for \$35.7 million secured by the Tierra Vista property in the amount of \$62.5 million, with a fixed interest rate of 5.47%, which matures in April 2017. In conjunction with this transaction the Company settled its first \$50 million forward-starting swap and received \$1.3 million from the counterparty. The settlement of the swap was deemed effective and reduces the interest rate on the new Tierra Vista mortgage loan to 5.19%.

(e) Equity

On May 3, 2007, the Company sold 1,500,000 shares of its common stock for proceeds of \$191.9 million, net of underwriter fees and expenses.

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(3) Investments

The Company has investments in a number of affiliates, which are accounted for under the equity method. The affiliates own and operate apartment communities. The following table details the Company's investments (dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Investments in joint ventures accounted for under the equity method of accounting:		
Limited partnership interest of 27.2% and general partner interest of 1% in Essex Apartment Value Fund II, L.P (Fund II)	\$ 53,855	\$ 45,598
Preferred limited partnership interests in Mountain Vista Apartments, LLC (A)	1,182	6,806
Development joint ventures	8,684	7,547
	63,721	59,951
Investments accounted for under the cost method of accounting:		
Series A Preferred Stock interest in Multifamily Technology Solutions, Inc.	500	500
Total investments	\$ 64,221	\$ 60,451

(A) The investment is held in an entity that includes an affiliate of The Marcus & Millichap Company ("TMMC"). TMMC's Chairman is also the Chairman of the Company.

The combined summarized financial information of investments, which are accounted for under the equity method, is as follows (dollars in thousands).

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Balance sheets:		
Real estate and real estate under development	\$ 574,385	\$ 576,134
Other assets	20,158	20,681
Total assets	594,543	\$ 596,815

	\$		
Mortgage notes payable	\$ 314,541	\$	301,665
Other liabilities	30,490		74,793
Partners' equity	249,512		220,357
Total liabilities and partners' equity	\$ 594,543	\$	596,815
Company's share of equity	\$ 63,721	\$	59,951

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2007	2006
Statements of operations:		
Total property revenues	\$ 12,172	\$ 9,290
Depreciation and amortization	(3,472)	(2,885)
Interest expense	(4,018)	(4,155)
Other operating expenses	(4,934)	(3,928)
Total net (loss) income	\$ (252)	\$ (1,678)
Company's share of operating net (loss) income	(64)	(442)
Company's gain - partial sale of its interest	2,046	-
Company's share of net income (loss)	\$ 1,982	\$ (442)

During the first quarter of 2007, the Company made a \$1.1 million contribution to a development with a joint venture partner, and as of March 31, 2007 the Company has made contributions to three developments held by joint venture entities totaling \$8.7 million. Two of the developments are located in the San Francisco Bay Area and one of the developments is located in Southern California. As of March 31, 2007, these developments are still in the predevelopment stage.

During March 2007, the Mountain Vista Apartments, LLC, a joint venture that owns the Waterstone at Fremont apartments in Fremont, California, was recapitalized with the inclusion of a new joint venture partner, and as part of this transaction the Company received \$7.7 million in net distributions from the joint venture. The Company accounted for this transaction as a partial sale of the Company's investment and recorded a gain of \$2.0 million which is included in equity income in co-investments as a result of this transaction. As of March 31, 2007, the Company's carrying value of its remaining investment in the amended and restated Mountain Vista Apartments, LLC joint venture was \$1.2 million.

(4) Notes Receivable and Other Receivables from Related Parties

Notes receivable and other receivables from related parties consist of the following as of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006 (dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Related party receivables, unsecured:		
Loans to officers made prior to July 31, 2002, secured, bearing interest at 8% (repaid in March 2007)	\$ -	\$ 375
Other related party receivables, substantially due on demand	961	834
Total notes and other receivable from related parties	\$ 961	\$ 1,209

Other related party receivables consist primarily of accrued management fees from Fund II totaling \$0.7 million and \$0.4 million as of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively.

(5) Notes and Other Receivables

Notes receivables secured by real estate, and other receivables consist of the following as of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006 (dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Note receivable, secured, bearing interest at 12%, due June 2008	\$ 2,193	\$ 2,193
Note receivable, secured, bearing interest at LIBOR	7,347	7,309

+ 3.69%, due June 2009		
Note receivable, secured,		
bearing interest at LIBOR		
+ 4.65%, due November		
2008	8,767	7,807
Note receivable, secured,		
bearing interest at LIBOR		
+ 4.75%, due March 2012	6,901	-
Other receivables	1,774	886
Total notes and other		
receivables	\$ 26,982	\$ 18,195

(6) Related Party Transactions

Management and other fees from affiliates includes property management, asset management, development and redevelopment fees from related parties of \$1.0 and \$0.8 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

The Company's Chairman, George Marcus, is also the Chairman of TMMC, which is a real estate brokerage firm. During the quarter ended March 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company paid brokerage commissions totaling \$1.25 million and \$0, respectively on the purchase and sale of real estate. The 2007 commission was a reduction of the gain on sales of real estate in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

(7) Segment Information

The Company defines its reportable operating segments as the three geographical regions in which its properties are located: Southern California, Northern California and Seattle Metro. Excluded from segment revenues are properties

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outside of these regions including properties in Portland, Oregon and Houston, Texas, management and other fees from affiliates, and interest and other income. Non-segment revenues and net operating income included in the following schedule also consist of revenue generated from commercial properties, recreational vehicle parks, and manufactured housing communities. Other non-segment assets include investments, real estate under development, cash, notes receivable, other assets and deferred charges. The revenues, net operating income, and assets for each of the reportable operating segments are summarized as follows for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2007	2006
Revenues:		
Southern		
California	\$ 51,963	\$ 48,363
Northern		
California	21,868	17,444
Seattle Metro	15,044	13,271
Other Regions	3,279	3,155
Total		
property revenues	\$ 92,154	\$ 82,233
Net operating		
income:		
Southern		
California	\$ 35,871	\$ 32,845
Northern		
California	14,640	11,526
Seattle Metro	9,849	8,257
Other Regions	962	775
Total net		
operating income	61,322	53,403
Depreciation and		
amortization:		
Southern		
California	(11,345)	(10,407)
Northern		
California	(6,175)	(4,075)
Seattle Metro	(3,469)	(3,151)
Other Regions	(688)	(1,687)
	(21,677)	(19,320)
Interest expense:		
Southern		
California	(6,589)	(6,355)
Northern		
California	(4,502)	(4,654)
Seattle Metro	(1,725)	(1,690)
Other Regions	(5,450)	(5,713)
	(18,266)	(18,412)
	(677)	(696)

Amortization of deferred financing costs		
General and administrative	(6,096)	(4,899)
Other expenses	-	(970)
Management and other fees from affiliates	1,040	824
Interest and other income	2,182	2,394
Equity income (loss) in co-investments	1,982	(442)
Minority interests	(5,307)	(4,807)
Income tax provision	-	(37)
Income before discontinued operations	\$ 14,503	\$ 7,038

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Assets:		
Southern California	\$ 1,262,376	\$ 1,244,037
Northern California	606,926	565,405
Seattle Metro	316,368	317,848
Other Regions	79,024	76,882
Net real estate assets	2,264,694	2,204,172
Non-segment assets	311,637	281,668
Total assets	\$ 2,576,331	\$ 2,485,840

(8) Net Income Per Common Share

(Amounts in thousands, except per share and unit data)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2007			Three Months Ended March 31, 2006		
	Income	Weighted- average Common Shares	Per Common Share Amount	Income	Weighted- average Common Shares	Per Common Share Amount
Basic:						
Income from continuing operations available to common shareholders....	\$ 12,260	23,432	\$ 0.52	\$ 6,550	22,872	\$ 0.29
Income from discontinued operations.....	23,043	23,432	0.99	3,284	22,872	0.14
	35,303		\$ 1.51	9,834		\$ 0.43
Effect of Dilutive Securities (1)	-	783		-	223	
Diluted:						
Income from continuing operations available to common shareholders.....	\$ 12,260	24,215	\$ 0.51	\$ 6,550	23,095	\$ 0.29
Income from discontinued operations.....	23,043	24,215	0.95	3,284	23,095	0.14
	\$ 35,303		\$ 1.46	\$ 9,834		\$ 0.43

- (1) Weighted convertible limited partnership units of 2,307,247 and 2,293,978, respectively, and Series Z incentive units of 212,886 and 183,771 for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006, were not included in the determination of diluted EPS because they were anti-dilutive. The Company has the ability and intent to redeem Down REIT Limited Partnership units for cash and does not consider them to be common stock equivalents.

On or after November 1, 2020, the holders of the \$225 million exchangeable notes may exchange, at the then applicable exchange rate, the notes for cash and, at Essex's option, a portion of the notes may be exchanged for Essex common stock; the current exchange rate is \$103.25 per share of Essex common stock. The exchangeable notes will also be exchangeable prior to November 1, 2020, but only upon the occurrence of certain specified events. During the three months ended March 31, 2007 the weighted average common stock price exceeded the \$103.25 strike price and therefore common stock issuable upon exchange of the exchangeable notes was included in the diluted share count. The treasury method was used to determine the shares to be added to the denominator for the calculation of earnings per diluted share.

Stock options of 0 and 667 for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, are not included in the diluted earnings per share calculation because the exercise

price of the options were greater than the average market price of the common shares for the three and nine months ended and, therefore, were anti-dilutive.

The 5,980,000 shares of cumulative convertible preferred stock Series G have been excluded from diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2007 as the effect

was anti-dilutive.

(9) Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

As of March 31, 2007 the Company had entered into ten forward-starting interest rate swaps totaling a notional amount of \$500 million with interest rates ranging from 4.9% to 5.9% and settlements dates ranging from April 2007 to October 2011. These derivatives qualify for hedge accounting and will economically hedge the cash flows associated with the refinancing of debt that matures between April 2007 and October 2011. The fair value of the derivatives increased \$2.5 million during the quarter ended March 31, 2007 to \$0.3 million as of March 31, 2007, and the derivative asset was recorded in prepaid and other assets in the Company's consolidated financial statements. The changes in the fair values of the derivatives are reflected in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the Company's consolidated financial statements. No hedge ineffectiveness on cash flow hedges was recognized during the quarter ended March 31, 2007 and 2006.

During April 2007, the Company refinanced a mortgage loan for \$35.7 million secured by the Tierra Vista property in the amount of \$62.5 million, with a fixed interest rate of 5.47%, which matures in April 2017. In conjunction with this transaction the Company settled its first \$50 million forward-starting swap and received \$1.3 million from the counterparty. The settlement of the swap was deemed effective and reduces the interest rate on the new Tierra Vista mortgage loan to 5.19%.

(10) Discontinued Operations

In the normal course of business, the Company will receive offers for sale of its properties, either solicited or unsolicited. For those offers that are accepted, the prospective buyer will usually require a due diligence period before consummation of the transaction. It is not unusual for matters to arise that result in the withdrawal or rejection of the offer during this process. Essex classifies real estate as "held for sale" when all criteria under SFAS No. 144, *"Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets"* ("SFAS 144") have been met.

In January 2006, the Company sold Vista Capri East and Casa Tierra apartment communities for approximately \$7.0 million and in March 2006, the Company sold Diamond Valley, a Recreational Vehicle Park, for approximately \$1.3 million. The total combined gain was \$3.1 million. The Company has recorded the gain on sale and operations for the three properties as part of discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

During the first quarter of 2007, the Company sold 13 condominium units at the Peregrine Point property. The Company recorded a gain of approximately \$0.6 million net of taxes and expenses. Starting in the third quarter of 2006, the Company has been selling condominiums at Peregrine Point, and there are 8 units remaining to be sold as of March 31, 2007. The Company has recorded the gain on sale of condominiums and operations for Peregrine Point apartments as part of discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

As of December 31, 2006, City Heights Apartments, a 687-unit community located in Los Angeles was classified as held for sale, and during February 2007 the property was sold to a third-party for \$120 million. The Company's share of the proceeds from the sale totaled \$33.9 million, resulting in a \$13.7 million gain on sale to the Company, and an additional \$10.3 million for fees from the City Heights joint venture partner are included in discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

The components of discontinued operations are outlined below and include the results of operations for the respective periods that the Company owned such assets, as described above.

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2007	2006
Rental revenues	\$ 1,355	\$ 3,029
Interest and other income	290	-
Revenues	1,645	3,029
Property operating expenses	(535)	(1,199)
Interest expense	(416)	(579)
Depreciation and amortization	(41)	(771)
Minority interests	(57)	(91)
Expenses	(1,049)	(2,640)
Gain on sale of real estate	78,919	3,062
Equity income co-investments	-	119
Promote interest and fees	10,290	-

Minority interests - OP units	(2,138)	(286)
Minority interests - City Heights	(64,624)	-
Net gain on sale of real estate	22,447	2,895
Income from discontinued operations	\$ 23,043	\$ 3,284

(11) Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is subject to various lawsuits in the normal course of its business operations. Such lawsuits are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

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Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements and accompanying Notes thereto included elsewhere herein and with our 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 and our Current Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007.

Essex is a fully integrated Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT), and its property revenues are generated primarily from apartment community operations. Our investment strategy has two components: constant monitoring of existing markets, and evaluation of new markets to identify areas with the characteristics that underlie rental growth. Our strong financial condition supports our investment strategy by enhancing our ability to quickly shift our acquisition, development, and disposition activities to markets that will optimize the performance of the portfolio.

As of March 31, 2007, we had ownership interests in 131 apartment communities, comprising 27,087 apartment units. Our apartment communities are located in the following major West Coast regions:

Southern California (Ventura, Los Angeles, Santa Barbara, Orange, Riverside and San Diego counties)

Northern California (the San Francisco Bay Area)

Seattle Metro (Seattle metropolitan area)

Other Regions (Portland metropolitan area, and Houston, Texas)

As of March 31, 2007, we also had ownership interests in three office buildings (with approximately 166,340 square feet), two recreational vehicle parks (comprising 338 spaces) and one manufactured housing community (containing 157 sites).

As of March 31, 2007, our consolidated development pipeline was comprised of two development projects, eight predevelopment projects, and three Taxable REIT Subsidiary (TRS) projects, aggregating 2,726 units, with total incurred costs of \$152.2 million, and estimated remaining project costs of approximately \$690.1 million for total estimated project costs of \$842.3 million.

The Company's consolidated apartment communities are as follows:

	As of March 31, 2007		As of March 31, 2006	
	Apartment Homes	%	Apartment Homes	%
Southern California	12,866	47%	13,555	51%
Northern California	7,624	28%	6,557	25%
Seattle Metro	5,420	20%	5,471	20%
Other Regions	1,177	5%	1,177	4%
Total	27,087	100%	26,760	100%

Comparison of the Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2006

Our average financial occupancies for the Company's stabilized apartment communities or "Quarterly Same-Properties" (properties consolidated by the Company for the quarters ended March 31, 2007 and 2006) decreased 80 basis points to 95.6% as of March 31, 2007 from 96.4% as of March 31, 2006 for the Quarterly Same-Properties. Financial occupancy is defined as the percentage resulting from dividing actual rental revenue by total possible rental revenue. Actual rental revenue represents contractual rental revenue pursuant to leases without considering delinquency and concessions. Total possible rental revenue represents the value of all apartment units, with occupied units valued at contractual rental rates pursuant to leases and vacant units valued at estimated market rents. We believe that financial occupancy is a meaningful measure of occupancy because it considers the value of each vacant unit at its estimated market rate. Financial occupancy may not completely reflect short-term trends in physical occupancy and financial occupancy rates as disclosed by other REITs may not be comparable to our calculation of financial occupancy.

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The regional breakdown of the Company's Quarterly Same-Property portfolio for financial occupancy for the quarter ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2007	2006
Southern California	95.7%	96.4%
Northern California	95.4%	96.7%
Seattle Metro	95.9%	96.7%
Other Regions	94.9%	95.5%

The following table illustrates a breakdown of these revenue amounts, including revenues attributable to the Quarterly Same-Properties.

	Number of Properties	Three Months Ended		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
		March 31, 2007	March 31, 2006		
Property Revenues (dollars in thousands)					
Same-Properties:					
Southern California.....	56	\$ 45,801	\$ 43,178	\$ 2,623	
Northern California.....	16	14,371	13,191	1,180	
Seattle Metro.....	22	13,505	12,119	1,386	
Other Regions.....	5	2,639	2,472	167	
Total Same-Property revenues.....	99	76,316	70,960	5,356	
Non-Same Property Revenues (1)		15,838	11,273	4,565	
Total property revenues.....		\$ 92,154	\$ 82,233	\$ 9,921	

(1) Includes properties acquired after January 1, 2006, eleven redevelopment communities, three office buildings, two recreational vehicle parks, one development community and one manufactured housing community.

Quarterly Same-Property Revenues increased by \$5.4 million or 7.5% to \$76.3 million in the first quarter of 2007 from \$71.0 million in the first quarter of 2006. The increase in the first quarter of 2007 was primarily attributable to an increase in scheduled rents of \$6.0 million or 8.5% compared to the first quarter of 2006. Average rental rates for Quarterly Same-Property communities were \$1,262 per unit in the first quarter of 2007 compared to \$1,164 per unit in the first quarter of 2006. The decline in occupancy quarter over quarter decreased revenues by \$0.8 million. Delinquency, rent concessions, and other income were consistent between quarters.

Quarterly Non-Same Property Revenues increased by \$4.6 million or 40.5% to \$15.8 million in the first quarter of 2007 from \$11.3 million in the first quarter of 2006. The increase was primarily due to five properties acquired since January 1, 2006 and eleven properties that are in redevelopment.

Total Expenses increased \$4.4 million or 6.0% to \$77.5 million in the first quarter of 2007 from \$73.1 million in the first quarter of 2006. Property operating expenses increased by \$2 million or 6.9% for the quarter, which is primarily due to the acquisition of five new properties and annual increases in salaries and real estate taxes. Depreciation expense increased by \$2.4 million or 12.2% for the first quarter 2007, due to the acquisition of new properties and capitalization of approximately \$55 million of additions to real estate during 2006. General and administrative costs increased \$1.2 million primarily due to an increase in employees working on Fund II development and redevelopment projects that can not be capitalized for approximately \$0.3 million, an increase in abandoned projects of \$0.2 million, an increase in equity based compensation expense of \$0.2 million, a 5% increase in total employees, and annual increases in salaries.

Other expenses of \$1.0 million for the first quarter of 2006 related to pursuit costs during the Company's attempt to acquire the Town & Country REIT.

Equity income (loss) in co-investments increased by \$2.4 million during the first quarter ended 2007 due primarily to the partial sale of the Company's interest in Mountain Vista, LLC joint venture recorded as a gain for \$2 million which is included in equity income (loss) in co-investments. The Company recorded a net loss on its investment in Fund II of \$0.4 million in the first quarter of 2006 compared to a loss of \$0.1 million in the first quarter of 2007.

Income from discontinued operations for the first quarter of 2007 includes the sale of the City Heights joint venture property for a gain of \$13.7 million, net of minority interest, and \$10.3 million in fees from the City Heights joint venture

partner, and the gain on sale of 13 Peregrine Point condominiums for \$0.6 million. During the first quarter of 2006, income from discontinued operations included a gain of \$3.1 million on the sales of Vista Capri East, Casa Tierra, and Diamond Valley properties.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Standard and Poor's rating has issued a corporate credit rating of BBB/Stable for Essex Property Trust, Inc. and Essex Portfolio L.P.

At March 31, 2007, the Company had \$15.0 million of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents. We believe that cash flows generated by our operations, existing cash balances, availability under existing lines of credit, access to capital markets and the ability to generate cash gains from the disposition of real estate are sufficient to meet all of our reasonably anticipated cash needs during 2007. The timing, source and amounts of cash flows provided by financing activities and used in investing activities are sensitive to changes in interest rates and other fluctuations in the capital markets environment, which can affect our plans for acquisitions, dispositions, development and redevelopment activities.

Essex had a \$200 million unsecured line of credit and, as of March 31, 2007, there was \$58.4 million outstanding balance on the line. This facility matures in March 2009, with an option for a one-year extension. The underlying interest rate on this line is based on a tiered rate structure tied to our corporate ratings and is currently LIBOR plus 0.8% which yielded an average interest rate of 6.2%. We also have a \$100 million credit facility from Freddie Mac, which is secured by eight of Essex's apartment communities. As of March 31, 2007, we had a \$100 million outstanding under this line of credit, which bears an average interest rate of 5.8% and matures in January 2009. The underlying interest rate on this line is between 55 and 59 basis points over the Freddie Mac Reference Rate. Fund II has a credit facility aggregating \$56 million. This line bears interest at LIBOR plus 0.875%, and matures on June 30, 2007. During the first quarter of 2007, the Company filed a new shelf registration statement with the SEC, allowing the Company to sell an undetermined number or amount of certain equity and debt securities as defined in the prospectus.

During March 2007, the Company entered into an unsecured revolving line of credit for \$10 million with a commercial bank. At March 31, 2007 there was no balance on the revolving line of credit and any future borrowings will be due at maturity in March 2008. Borrowing under this revolving line of credit bear an interest rate at the bank's Prime Rate less 2.0% and will the line will be used to fund short-term working capital needs.

The Company may from time to time sell shares of common stock into the existing trading market at current market prices through its Controlled Equity Offering program. During the first quarter of 2007, no shares were sold under this program.

On May 3, 2007, the Company sold 1,500,000 shares of its common stock for proceeds of \$191.9 million, net of underwriter fees and expenses. The Company will use the net proceeds from the common stock sales to pay down outstanding borrowings under the Company's lines of credit, to fund real estate investments and for general corporate purposes.

The Company sold 5,980,000 shares of 4.875% Series G Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock for gross proceeds of \$149.5 million during the third quarter of 2006. Holders may convert Series G Preferred Stock into shares of the Company's common stock subject to certain conditions. The conversion rate was initially .1830 shares of common stock per the \$25 share liquidation preference, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$136.62 per share of common stock (the conversion rate will be subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of specified events). The conversion rate is currently .1831 shares of common stock per \$25 per share liquidation preference. On or after July 31, 2011, the Company may, under certain circumstances, cause some or all of the Series G Preferred Stock to be converted into shares of common stock at the then prevailing conversion rate.

The Company, through its Operating Partnership, has \$225 million of outstanding exchangeable senior notes (the “Notes”) with a coupon of 3.625% due 2025. The Notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Operating Partnership, and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Company. On or after November 1, 2020, the Notes will be exchangeable at the option of the holder into cash and, in certain circumstances at Essex’s option, shares of the Company’s common stock at an initial exchange price of \$103.25 per share subject to certain adjustments. The Notes will also be exchangeable prior to November 1, 2020, but only upon the occurrence of certain specified events. On or after November 4, 2010, the Operating Partnership may redeem all or a portion of the Notes at a redemption price equal to the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any). Note holders may require the Operating Partnership to repurchase all or a portion of the Notes at a purchase price equal to the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) on the Notes on November 1, 2010, November 1, 2015 and November 1, 2020.

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As of March 31, 2007, our mortgage notes payable totaled \$1.1 billion which consisted of \$903.4 million in fixed rate debt with interest rates varying from 4.25% to 8.19% and maturity dates ranging from 2007 to 2017 and \$189.1 million of tax-exempt variable rate demand bonds with a weighted average interest rate of 4.8%. The tax-exempt variable rate demand bonds have maturity dates ranging from 2020 to 2039, and are subject to interest rate caps.

The Company pays quarterly dividends from cash available for distribution. Until it is distributed, cash available for distribution is invested by the Company primarily in short-term investment grade securities or is used by the Company to reduce balances outstanding under its line of credit.

Derivative Activity

As of March 31, 2007 the Company had entered into ten forward-starting interest rate swaps totaling a notional amount of \$500 million with interest rates ranging from 4.9% to 5.9% and settlements dates ranging from April 2007 to October 2011. These derivatives qualify for hedge accounting and will economically hedge the cash flows associated with the refinancing of debt that matures between April 2007 and October 2011. The fair value of the derivatives increased \$2.5 million during the quarter ended March 31, 2007 to \$0.3 million as of March 31, 2007, and the derivative asset was recorded in prepaid and other assets in the Company's consolidated financial statements. The changes in the fair values of the derivatives are reflected in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the Company's consolidated financial statements. No hedge ineffectiveness on cash flow hedges was recognized during the quarter ended March 31, 2007 and 2006.

During April 2007, the Company refinanced a mortgage loan for \$35.7 million secured by the Tierra Vista property in the amount of \$62.5 million, with a fixed interest rate of 5.47%, which matures in April 2017. In conjunction with this transaction the Company settled its first \$50 million forward-starting swap and received \$1.3 million from the counterparty. The settlement of the swap was deemed effective and reduces the interest rate on the new Tierra Vista mortgage loan to 5.19%.

Development and Predevelopment Pipeline

The Company defines development activities as new properties that are being constructed, or are newly constructed and, in the case of development communities, are in a phase of lease-up and have not yet reached stabilized operations; or, in the case of TRS development projects, have not yet been sold. As of March 31, 2007, excluding development projects owned by Fund II, the Company had two development projects comprised of 513 units for an estimated cost of \$167.3 million, of which \$115.4 million remains to be expended.

The Company defines the predevelopment pipeline as new properties in negotiation or in the entitlement process with a high likelihood of becoming development activities. As of March 31, 2007, the Company had development communities aggregating 2,136 units that were classified as predevelopment projects. The estimated total cost of the predevelopment pipeline at March 31, 2007 is \$646.0 million, of which \$554.0 million remains to be expended. The Company had other development projects owned by TRS entities that are under development aggregating 77 units as of March 31, 2007. The estimated total cost of the other development projects at March 31, 2007 is \$29.0 million, of which \$20.7 million remains to be expended.

The Company expects to fund the development pipeline by using a combination of some or all of the following sources: its working capital, amounts available on its lines of credit, net proceeds from public and private equity and debt issuances, and proceeds from the disposition of properties, if any.

Redevelopment

The Company defines redevelopment activities as existing properties owned or recently acquired, which have been targeted for additional investment by the Company with the expectation of increased financial returns through

property improvement. The Company's redevelopment strategy strives to improve the financial and physical aspects of the Company's redevelopment apartment communities and to target at least a 10 percent return on the incremental renovation investment. Many of the Company's properties are older and in excellent neighborhoods, providing lower density with large floor plans that represent attractive redevelopment opportunities. During redevelopment, apartment units may not be available for rent and, as a result, may have less than stabilized operations. As of March 31, 2007, the Company had thirteen major redevelopment communities aggregating 3,903 apartment units with estimated redevelopment costs of \$106.9 million, of which approximately \$62.5 million remains to be expended. These amounts exclude redevelopment projects owned by Fund II.

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Alternative Capital Sources

Fund II has eight institutional investors, including the Company, with combined partner equity commitments of \$265.9 million. Essex has committed \$75.0 million to Fund II, which represents a 28.2% interest as general partner and limited partner. Fund II utilizes leverage equal to approximately 60% of the estimated value of the underlying real estate. Fund II invested in apartment communities in the Company's targeted West Coast markets and, as of March 31, 2007, owned 11 apartment communities and three development projects. Essex records revenue for its asset management, property management, development and redevelopment services when earned, and promote income if Fund II exceeds certain financial return benchmarks.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

The following table summarizes the maturation or due dates of our contractual obligations and other commitments at March 31, 2007, and the effect these obligations could have on our liquidity and cash flow in future periods:

(In thousands)	2007	2008 and 2009	2010 and 2011	Thereafter	Total
Mortgage notes payable	\$ 68,662	\$ 137,631	\$ 311,278	\$ 574,836	\$ 1,092,407
Exchangeable bonds	-	-	-	225,000	225,000
Lines of credit	-	-	158,374	-	158,374
Interest on indebtedness	56,471	97,003	51,554	188,514	393,542
Development commitments	59,600	57,500	-	-	117,100
Redevelopment commitments	37,315	25,149	-	-	62,464
Essex Apartment Value Fund II, L.P. capital commitment	11,107	8,397	-	-	19,504
	\$ 233,155	\$ 325,680	\$ 521,206	\$ 988,350	\$ 2,068,391

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. We define critical accounting policies as those accounting policies that require our management to exercise their most difficult, subjective and complex judgments. Our critical accounting policies relate principally to the following key areas: (i) consolidation under applicable accounting standards of various entities; (ii) assessing the carrying values of our real estate properties and investments in and advances to joint ventures and affiliates; (iii) internal cost capitalization; and (iv) qualification as a REIT. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience, current market conditions, and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from those estimates made by management.

The Company's critical accounting policies and estimates have not changed materially from information reported in Note 2, "Summary of Critical and Significant Accounting Policies," in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements in this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and elsewhere in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q which are not historical facts may be considered forward looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, including statements regarding the Company's expectations, hopes, intentions, beliefs and strategies regarding the future. Forward looking statements include statements regarding the anticipated total projected costs and investment returns of acquisition, redevelopment, and development projects, the anticipated timing of the completion and stabilization of development and redevelopment projects, the size of predevelopment pipeline, beliefs as to the adequacy of future cash flows to meet operating requirements and to provide for dividend payments in accordance with REIT requirements, future acquisitions, the anticipated performance of the Fund II, the anticipated performance of existing properties, and future issuance of debt.

Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors including, but not limited to, that the Company will fail to achieve its business objectives, that the total projected costs of current development and redevelopment projects will exceed expectations, that development and redevelopment projects and acquisitions will fail to meet expectations, that future cash flows will be inadequate to meet operating requirements and/or

will be insufficient to provide for dividend payments in accordance with REIT requirements, that the Company's partners in Fund II fail to fund capital commitments as contractually required, that there may be a downturn in the markets in which the Company's properties are located, that the terms of any refinancing may not be as favorable as the terms of existing indebtedness, as well as those risks, special considerations, and other factors discussed under the caption "Potential Factors Affecting Future Operating Results" below and those discussed in Item 1A, "Risk Factors," of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, and those other risk factors and special considerations set forth in the Company's other filings with SEC which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements and reasons why results may differ included in this Form 10-Q are made as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statement or reason why actual results may differ.

Potential Factors Affecting Future Operating Results

Many factors affect the Company's actual financial performance and may cause the Company's future results to be different from past performance or trends. These factors include those set forth under the caption "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 and the following:

Development and Redevelopment Activities

The Company pursues apartment communities and development and redevelopment projects from time to time. These projects generally require various government and other approvals, the receipt of which cannot be assured. The Company's development and redevelopment activities generally entail certain risks, including the following:

- funds may be expended and management's time devoted to projects that may not be completed;
- construction costs of a project may exceed original estimates possibly making the project economically unfeasible;
- projects may be delayed due to, among other things, adverse weather conditions;
- occupancy rates and rents at a completed project may be less than anticipated; and
- expenses at a completed development project may be higher than anticipated.

These risks may reduce the funds available for distribution to the Company's stockholders. Further, the development and redevelopment of properties is also subject to the general risks associated with real estate investments.

Interest Rate Fluctuations

The Company monitors changes in interest rates and believes that it is well positioned from both a liquidity and interest rate risk perspective. The immediate effect of significant and rapid interest rate increases would result in higher interest expense on the Company's variable interest rate debt. The effect of prolonged interest rate increases could negatively impact the Company's ability to make acquisitions and develop properties at economic returns on investment and the Company's ability to refinance existing borrowings at acceptable rates.

Funds from Operations (FFO)

FFO is a financial measure that is commonly used in the REIT industry. Essex presents funds from operations as a supplemental performance measure. FFO is not used by Essex as, nor should it be considered to be, an alternative to net earnings computed under GAAP as an indicator of Essex's operating performance or as an alternative to cash from operating activities computed under GAAP as an indicator of Essex's ability to fund its cash needs.

FFO is not meant to represent a comprehensive system of financial reporting and does not present, nor does Essex intend it to present, a complete picture of its financial condition and operating performance. Essex believes that net earnings computed under GAAP remain the primary measure of performance and that FFO is only meaningful when it is used in conjunction with net earnings. Further, Essex believes that its consolidated financial statements, prepared in accordance with GAAP, provide the most meaningful picture of its financial condition and its operating performance.

In calculating FFO, Essex follows the definition for this measure published by the National Association of REITs (“NAREIT”), which is a REIT trade association. Essex believes that, under the NAREIT FFO definition, the two most significant adjustments made to net income are (i) the exclusion of historical cost depreciation and (ii) the exclusion of gains and losses from the sale of previously depreciated properties. Essex agrees that these two NAREIT adjustments are

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useful to investors for the following reasons:

(a) historical cost accounting for real estate assets in accordance with GAAP assumes, through depreciation charges, that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. NAREIT stated in its White Paper on Funds from Operations “since real estate asset values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many industry investors have considered presentations of operating results for real estate companies that use historical cost accounting to be insufficient by themselves.” Consequently, NAREIT’s definition of FFO reflects the fact that real estate, as an asset class, generally appreciates over time and depreciation charges required by GAAP do not reflect the underlying economic realities.

(b) REITs were created as a legal form of organization in order to encourage public ownership of real estate as an asset class through investment in firms that were in the business of long-term ownership and management of real estate. The exclusion, in NAREIT’s definition of FFO, of gains and losses from the sales of previously depreciated operating real estate assets allows investors and analysts to readily identify the operating results of the long-term assets that form the core of a REIT’s activity and assists in comparing those operating results between periods.

Management believes that it has consistently applied the NAREIT definition of FFO to all periods presented. However, there is judgment involved and other REITs in calculating FFO may vary from the NAREIT definition for this measure, and thus their disclosure of FFO may not be comparable to Essex’s calculation.

The following table sets forth the Company’s calculation of FFO for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2007	2006
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 35,303	\$ 9,834
Adjustments:		
Depreciation and amortization	21,718	20,091
Gains not included in FFO (1)	(14,040)	(3,062)
Minority interests and co-investments (2)	2,406	2,054
Funds from operations	\$ 45,387	\$ 28,917
Funds from operations per share - diluted	\$ 1.70	\$ 1.13
Weighted average number		

shares outstanding diluted (3)	26,735,117	25,572,575
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- (1) Amount includes net gain from sale of City Heights and the equivalent to accumulated depreciation on Peregrine Point condominium sales.
- (2) Amount includes the following 2007 adjustments: (i) minority interest related to Operating Partnership units totaling \$3.8 million, (ii) depreciation add back and preferred interest for co-investments not recognized for GAAP totaling \$0.9 million, and (iii) less adjustments to income from Waterstone at Fremont and City Heights not recognized for FFO totaling \$2.3 million.
- (3) Assumes conversion of the weighted average operating partnership interests in the Operating Partnership into shares of Company's common stock.

Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk***Interest Rate Hedging Activities***

The Company's objective in using derivatives is to add stability to interest expense and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements or other identified risks. To accomplish this objective, the Company primarily uses interest rate swaps as part of its cash flow hedging strategy. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts in exchange for fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying principal amount. As of March 31, 2007, we had entered into ten forward-starting swap contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in the interest-related cash outflows on forecasted issuance of long-term debt. The forward-starting swaps are cash flow hedges of the variability in ten years of forecasted interest payments associated with the refinancing of the Company's long-term debt between 2007 and 2011. As of March 31, 2007, the Company also had \$189.1 million of variable rate indebtedness, of which \$182.8 million is subject to interest rate cap protection. All derivative instruments are designated as cash flow hedges, and the Company does not have any fair value hedges as of March 31, 2007.

The following table summarizes the notional amount, carrying value, and estimated fair value of our derivative instruments used to hedge interest rates as of March 31, 2007. The notional amount represents the aggregate amount of a particular security that is currently hedged at one time, but does not represent exposure to credit, interest rates or market risks. The table also includes a sensitivity analysis to demonstrate the impact on our derivative instruments from an increase or decrease in 10-year Treasury bill interest rates by 50 basis points, as of March 31, 2007.

(Dollars in thousands)	Notional Amount	Maturity Date Range	Carrying and Estimate		
			Fair Value	+ 50 Basis Points	- 50 Basis Points
Cash flow hedges:					
Interest rate					
forward-starting swaps	\$ 500,000	2007-2011	\$ 260	\$ 16,465	\$ (17,219)
Interest rate caps	182,849	2008-2011	8	31	2
	682,849	2007-2011	268	\$ 16,496	(17,217)
Total cash flow hedges	\$		\$		\$

Interest Rate Sensitive Liabilities

The Company is exposed to interest rate changes primarily as a result of its line of credit and long-term debt used to maintain liquidity and fund capital expenditures and expansion of the Company's real estate investment portfolio and operations. The Company's interest rate risk management objective is to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows and to lower its overall borrowing costs. To achieve its objectives the Company borrows primarily at fixed rates and may enter into derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps, caps and treasury locks in order to mitigate its interest rate risk on a related financial instrument. The Company does not enter into derivative or interest rate transactions for speculative purposes.

The Company's interest rate risk is monitored using a variety of techniques. The table below presents the principal amounts and weighted average interest rates by year of expected maturity to evaluate the expected cash flows. Management believes that the carrying amounts of its LIBOR debt approximates fair value as of March 31, 2007

because interest rates, yields and other terms for these instruments are consistent with yields and other terms currently available to the Company for similar instruments. Management has estimated that the fair value of the Company's \$1.13 billion of fixed rate mortgage notes payable and exchangeable bonds at March 31, 2007 is approximately \$1.22 billion based on the terms of existing mortgage notes payable compared to those available in the marketplace.

For the Years Ended		2007 ⁽¹⁾	2008 ⁽²⁾	2009	2010 ⁽³⁾	2011 ⁽⁴⁾	Thereafter	Total	Fair value
(In thousands)									
Fixed rate debt	\$	68,662	113,226	24,405	156,351	154,927	610,785	\$ 1,128,356	\$ 1,218,377
Average interest rate		6.0%	6.8%	6.9%	8.0%	6.4%	5.0%		
Variable rate debt	\$	-	-	-	158,374	-	189,051 (5)	\$ 347,425	\$ 347,425
Average interest		-	-	-	5.9%	-	4.8%		

(1) \$50 million covered by a forward-starting swap at a fixed rate of 4.927%, with a settlement date on or before October 1, 2007. This swapped was settled in April 2007 (see Note 9).

(2) \$50 million covered by a forward-starting swap at a fixed rate of 4.869%, with a settlement date on or before October 1, 2008. Also, \$25 million covered by a forward-starting swap at a fixed rate of 5.082%, with a settlement date on or before January 1, 2009.

(3) \$150 million covered by three forward-starting swaps with fixed rates ranging from 5.099% to 5.824%, with a settlement date on or before

January 1, 2011.

(4) \$125 million covered by forward-starting swaps with fixed rates ranging from 5.655% to 5.8795%, with a settlement date on or before February 1, 2011. \$50 million covered by a forward-starting swap with a fixed rate of 5.535%, with a settlement date on or before July, 1 2011. \$50 million covered by a forward-starting swap with a fixed rate of 5.343%., with a settlement date on or before October 1, 2011. The Company intends to encumber certain unencumbered assets during 2011 in conjunction with the settlement of these forward-starting swaps.

(5) \$182,849 subject to interest rate caps.

The table incorporates only those exposures that exist as of March 31, 2007; it does not consider those exposures or positions that could arise after that date. As a result, our ultimate realized gain or loss, with respect to interest rate fluctuations, would depend on the exposures that arise during the period, our hedging strategies at the time, and interest rates.

Item 4: Controls and Procedures

As of March 31, 2007, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rules 13a-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting management to material information relating to the Company that is required to be included in our periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting, that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2007, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Part II -- Other Information

Item 1: Legal Proceedings

Recently there has been an increasing number of lawsuits against owners and managers of apartment communities alleging personal injury and property damage caused by the presence of mold in residential real estate. Some of these lawsuits have resulted in substantial monetary judgments or settlements. The Company has been sued for mold related matters and has settled some, but not all, of such matters. Insurance carriers have reacted to mold related liability awards by excluding mold related claims from standard policies and pricing mold endorsements at prohibitively high rates. The Company has, however, purchased pollution liability insurance, which includes some coverage for mold. The Company has adopted programs designed to manage the existence of mold in its properties as well as guidelines for promptly addressing and resolving reports of mold to minimize any impact mold might have on residents or property. Liabilities resulting from such mold related matters are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company carries comprehensive liability, fire, extended coverage and rental loss insurance for each of the Properties. There are, however, certain types of extraordinary losses, such as, for example, losses for terrorism or earthquake, for which the Company does not have insurance coverage. Substantially all of the Properties are located in areas that are subject to earthquake activity.

The Company is subject to various other lawsuits in the normal course of its business operations. Such lawsuits are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 1A: Risk Factors

In evaluating all forward-looking statements, you should specifically consider various factors that may cause actual results to vary from those contained in the forward-looking statements. The Company's risk factors are included in Item 1A of Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, as filed with the SEC and available at www.sec.gov, and under the caption "Potential Factors Affecting Future Operating Results," in Item 2, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, in Part I of this Form 10-Q.

Item 6: Exhibits

A.

Exhibits

12.1

Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges

31.1 Certification of Keith R. Guericke, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

31.2 Certification of Michael T. Dance, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.1 Certification of Keith R. Guericke, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.2 Certification of Michael T. Dance, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ESSEX PROPERTY TRUST, INC.
(Registrant)

Date: May 8, 2007

By: /S/ MICHAEL T. DANCE

Michael T. Dance
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer
(Authorized Officer, Principal Financial Officer)

By: /S/ BRYAN HUNT

Bryan Hunt
Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer

