

CENTURY CASINOS INC /CO/
Form 10-Q
May 10, 2010

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2010

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 0-22290

CENTURY CASINOS, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE 84-1271317
(State or other (I.R.S. Employer
jurisdiction of Identification No.)
incorporation or
organization)

2860 South Circle Drive, Suite 350, Colorado Springs, Colorado 80906
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)

(719) 527-8300
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer	Non-accelerated filer	Smaller reporting company
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practical date:

23,809,368 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, were outstanding as of April 30, 2010.

CENTURY CASINOS, INC.

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

CENTURY CASINOS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

Amounts in thousands, except for share information	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$27,803	\$36,992
Receivables, net	423	752
Prepaid expenses	711	356
Inventories	277	235
Other current assets	33	1,031
Deferred income taxes – foreign	198	261
Total Current Assets	29,445	39,627
Property and equipment, net	99,490	88,241
Goodwill	5,968	4,697
Equity investment	2,537	2,372
Other assets	398	373
Total Assets	\$137,838	\$135,310
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$1,822	\$1,738
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,895	4,920
Accrued payroll	2,209	1,675
Taxes payable	2,270	2,651
Total Current Liabilities	11,196	10,984
Long-term debt, less current portion	14,718	14,739
Deferred income taxes – foreign	2,873	1,298
Total Liabilities	28,787	27,021
Commitments and Contingencies		
Shareholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock; \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding	-	-
Common stock; \$.01 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 23,925,180 shares issued; 23,809,368 and 23,866,698 shares outstanding, respectively	239	239
Additional paid-in capital	74,534	74,391
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings	4,200	3,570
Retained earnings	30,360	30,230

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	109,333	108,430
Treasury stock – 115,812 and 58,482 shares at cost, respectively	(282)	(141)
Total shareholders' equity	109,051	108,289
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 137,838	\$ 135,310

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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CENTURY CASINOS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (Unaudited)

Amounts in thousands, except for share information	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Operating revenue:		
Gaming	\$12,582	\$11,472
Hotel, food and beverage	2,765	1,899
Other	579	409
Gross revenue	15,926	13,780
Less promotional allowances	1,789	1,781
Net operating revenue	14,137	11,999
Operating costs and expenses:		
Gaming	5,433	4,469
Hotel, food and beverage	2,110	1,540
General and administrative	4,943	4,331
Depreciation	1,489	1,572
Total operating costs and expenses	13,975	11,912
Earnings from equity investment	188	89
Operating earnings from continuing operations	350	176
Non-operating income (expense):		
Interest income	8	9
Interest expense	(291)	(900)
Gains (losses) on foreign currency transactions and other	243	(525)
Non-operating (expense), net	(40)	(1,416)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	310	(1,240)
Income tax provision	180	219
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	130	(1,459)
Discontinued operations:		
Earnings from discontinued operations	-	1,288
Gain on disposition of Century Casino Millennium	-	877
Income tax provision	-	263
Earnings from discontinued operations	-	1,902
Net earnings	130	443
Less: Net loss attributable to the noncontrolling interests (continuing operations)	-	(18)
Net earnings attributable to the noncontrolling interests (discontinued operations)	-	116
Net earnings attributable to Century Casinos, Inc. and subsidiaries	\$130	\$345

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

-Continued on following page-

CENTURY CASINOS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES-
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (Unaudited) - CONTINUED

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Basic earnings per share:		
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$0.01	\$(0.07)
Earnings from discontinued operations	-	0.08
Net earnings	\$0.01	\$0.01
Diluted earnings per share:		
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$0.01	\$(0.07)
Earnings from discontinued operations	-	0.08
Net earnings	\$0.01	\$0.01
Amounts attributable to Century Casinos, Inc. and subsidiaries common shareholders:		
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$130	\$(1,441)
Earnings from discontinued operations	-	1,786
Net earnings	\$130	\$345

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CENTURY CASINOS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS (LOSS) (Unaudited)

Amounts in thousands	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Net earnings	\$ 130	\$ 443
Foreign currency translation adjustments	630	(2,270)
Comprehensive earnings (loss)	760	(1,827)
Less: Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	-	(29)
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to Century Casinos, Inc. and subsidiaries	\$ 760	\$(1,856)

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CENTURY CASINOS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

Amounts in thousands	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net earnings	\$ 130	\$ 443
A—adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	1,489	1,572
Gain on disposition of Century Casino Millennium	-	(877)
Loss (gain) on disposition of fixed assets	2	(25)
Amortization of share-based compensation	143	349
Amortization of deferred financing costs	8	147
Deferred tax expense	141	268
Earnings from unconsolidated subsidiary	(188)	(89)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisition:		
Receivables	301	7
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(109)	(170)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(490)	529
Accrued payroll	306	(3)
Taxes payable	(477)	(519)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,256	1,632
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(753)	(237)
Proceeds from disposition of Century Casino Millennium (net of cash balance of \$0.5 million assumed by buyer in 2009)	200	1,391
Acquisition of Silver Dollar Casino (less cash acquired of \$1.2 million)	(9,301)	-
Proceeds from disposition of assets	-	176
Other	-	(12)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(9,854)	1,318

(continued)

CENTURY CASINOS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) - CONTINUED

Amounts in thousands	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from borrowings	\$-	\$72
Principal repayments	(423)	(3,718)
Deferred financing charges	-	(2)
Repurchases of common stock	(141)	-
Net cash used in financing activities	(564)	(3,648)
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash	(27)	(123)
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(9,189)	(821)
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents related to Discontinued Operations	-	403
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	36,992	7,835
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$27,803	\$7,417

Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:

Amounts in Thousands	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Interest paid	\$283	\$965
Income taxes paid	\$-	\$5

Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Financing Activities:

Please refer to Note 2 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements for details of the Company's recent acquisition of the Silver Dollar Casino in Calgary, Alberta, Canada.

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CENTURY CASINOS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Century Casinos, Inc. (“CCI” or the “Company”) is an international casino entertainment company. As of March 31, 2010, the Company owned and/or managed casino operations in North America and international waters. The Company also holds a 33.3% ownership interest in Casinos Poland Ltd (“CPL”), the owner and operator of seven full casinos and one slot casino in Poland. The Company continues to pursue other projects in various stages of development. See Note 2 for a discussion of the Company’s recent acquisition of the Silver Dollar casino (“Silver Dollar”) in Calgary, Alberta, Canada. Unless otherwise indicated, the information contained in these notes refers to the Company’s continuing operations.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“US GAAP”) for interim financial reporting and the instructions to Form 10-Q and

Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of CCI and its subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. The financial statements of all foreign subsidiaries consolidated herein have been converted to US GAAP for financial statement presentation purposes. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with US GAAP have been condensed or omitted. Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2009 financial information in order to conform to the 2010 presentation.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation of financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company have been included. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. The results of operations for the period ended March 31, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full year.

Presentation of Foreign Currency Amounts

Historical transactions that are denominated in a foreign currency are translated and presented at the United States exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction. Commitments that are denominated in a foreign currency and all balance sheet accounts other than shareholders’ equity are translated and presented based on the exchange rate at the end of the reported periods. Current period transactions affecting the profit and loss of operations conducted in foreign currencies are valued at the average exchange rate for the period in which they are incurred. The exchange rates to the U.S. dollar used to translate balances at the end of the reported periods are as follows:

	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009	March 31, 2009
Canadian dollar (CAD)	1.0156	1.0466	1.2602
Euros (€)	0.7393	0.6977	0.7542
Polish zloty (PLN)	2.8544	2.8603	3.4957
Czech koruna (CZK)	N/A	N/A	20.6350
South African rand (ZAR)	N/A	N/A	9.5325

Source: Pacific Exchange Rate Service

Discontinued operations

On February 11, 2009, the Company sold the Century Casino Millennium in Prague, Czech Republic. On June 30, 2009, the Company sold its casinos in South Africa. The results of these operations have been classified as discontinued operations in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of earnings for all periods presented. The cash flows of discontinued operations are included with the cash flows of continuing operations in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2009.

Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued additional guidance on fair value disclosures. The new guidance clarifies two existing disclosure requirements and requires two new disclosures as follows: (1) a "gross" presentation of activities (purchases, sales, and settlements) within the Level 3 roll-forward reconciliation, which will replace the "net" presentation format; and (2) detailed disclosures about the transfers in and out of Level 1 and 2 measurements. This guidance is effective for the first interim or annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the gross presentation of the Level 3 roll-forward information, which is required for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim reporting periods within those years. The Company adopted the fair value disclosures guidance on January 1, 2010, except for the gross presentation of the Level 3 roll-forward information which is not required to be adopted by the Company until January 1, 2011. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on its financial statements.

2. ACQUISITION OF SILVER DOLLAR CASINO

On January 13, 2010, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Century Casinos Europe ("CCE"), acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of Frank Sisson's Silver Dollar Ltd. ("FSSD") and 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of EGC Properties Ltd. ("EGC"). FSSD and EGC collectively owned and operated the Silver Dollar Casino ("Silver Dollar") and related land in Calgary, Alberta, Canada. The results of the Silver Dollar have been included in the Company's financial statements from January 13, 2010.

The total consideration for the transaction was \$11.5 million, which included \$10.7 million plus net working capital of \$0.8 million. CCE paid \$1.0 million towards the acquisition on November 6, 2009, which is shown as a component of other current assets on the December 31, 2009 condensed consolidated balance sheet. On January 13, 2010, CCE paid the remaining \$10.5 million. The purchase price was paid from cash on hand. There was no material contingent consideration for the transaction.

The Silver Dollar is a 93,000 square foot casino facility located on approximately seven acres of land in Calgary. The casino facility includes 504 slot machines, 25 video lottery terminals, 16 table games, one restaurant, a lounge, a 5,000 square foot showroom, an 18,000 square foot convention center and a 30-lane bowling alley.

Prior to CCE's acquisition, the Silver Dollar was in receivership under the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act (Canada) in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada. On December 21, 2009, CCE's acquisition of the Silver Dollar was approved by the courts of British Columbia.

The Company incurred costs related to the acquisition of \$0.3 million. The majority of these costs, which include legal, accounting and valuation fees, were recorded as general and administrative expenses during the fourth quarter of 2009.

The following table summarizes the preliminary fair value allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed on January 13, 2010, the date of acquisition:

Amounts in thousands	
Cash	\$ 1,187
Accounts receivable	172
Prepaid expenses	206
Inventory	56
Property and equipment	10,977
Goodwill	1,111
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(463)
Accrued payroll	(220)
Deferred income taxes – foreign	(1,439)
Taxes payable	(99)
Cash paid	\$ 11,488
Less: cash acquired	(1,187)
Less: cash deposit made in 2009	(1,000)
Net cash paid in 2010	\$ 9,301

The Company is researching tax issues related to the transaction and also evaluating whether any intangibles may have been included in the acquisition. If additional intangibles are identified, after considering the tax effects of the acquisition, a bargain purchase could result whereby the Company would have negative goodwill and record this amount as a gain on the condensed consolidated statement of earnings.

The \$1.1 million of goodwill arising from the transaction results primarily from deferred tax liabilities arising from the book/tax basis differences in assets acquired in the transaction. As a result of the prior ownership's bankruptcy proceedings, these assets have no carryover tax basis. None of the goodwill will be deductible for tax purposes.

The amounts of Silver Dollar's net operating revenue and net earnings included in the condensed consolidated statement of earnings since January 13, 2010 are \$1.7 million and \$0.1 million, respectively.

Pro Forma Results

Supplemental pro forma information for the current or prior reporting periods has not been presented due to the impracticability of obtaining detailed, accurate and reliable data for the periods the acquired entities were not owned by the Company. Management has determined that it is impracticable to provide this information due to a lack of reliability of financial information produced by the Silver Dollar's former ownership and its receiver prior to the acquisition and the costs that would be incurred to reproduce the information with an appropriate level of reliability.

3. EQUITY INVESTMENT IN UNCONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARY

The Company has a 33.3% ownership interest in CPL, and the Company accounts for this investment under the equity method.

Following is the summarized financial information of CPL:

Amounts in thousands (in USD):	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
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Balance Sheet:

Current assets	\$ 4,146	\$ 3,180
Noncurrent assets	\$ 12,122	\$ 12,540
Current liabilities	\$ 9,249	\$ 9,223
Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 2,074	\$ 2,071

Amounts in thousands (in PLN):	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
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Balance Sheet:

Current assets	PLN 11,835	PLN 9,095
Noncurrent assets	PLN 34,600	PLN 35,867
Current liabilities	PLN 26,400	PLN 26,380
Noncurrent liabilities	PLN 5,920	PLN 5,924

Amounts in thousands	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009

Operating Results (in USD):

Net operating revenue	\$ 12,902	\$ 9,914
Net earnings	\$ 564	\$ 267

Operating Results (in PLN):

Net operating revenue	PLN 37,150	PLN 34,066
Net earnings	PLN 1,513	PLN 1,075

The Company's maximum exposure to losses at March 31, 2010 was \$2.5 million, the value of its equity investment in CPL.

4. PROMOTIONAL ALLOWANCES

Hotel accommodations and food and beverage furnished without charge to customers is included in gross revenue at a value which approximates retail and is then deducted as complimentary services to arrive at net operating revenue.

The Company issues coupons for the purpose of generating future revenue. Coupons are valid for defined periods of time. The Company expects the net win from a customer visit to be in excess of the value of the coupon utilized. The cost of the coupons redeemed is applied against the revenue generated on the day of the redemption.

Members of the Company's casinos' player clubs earn points based on their volume of play (typically as a percentage of coin-in) at certain of the Company's casinos. Players can accumulate points over time that they may redeem at their discretion under the terms of the program. Points can be redeemed for cash and/or various amenities at the casino, such as meals, hotel stays and gift shop items. The cost of the points is offset against the revenue in the period in which the revenue generated the points. The value of unused or unredeemed points is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. The expiration of unused points results in a reduction of the liability.

Promotional allowances presented in the condensed consolidated statements of earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 include the following:

Amounts in thousands	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Hotel, Food & Beverage	\$ 731	\$ 727
Coupons	569	609
Player Points	489	445
Total Promotional Allowances	\$ 1,789	\$ 1,781

5. INCOME TAXES

The Company records deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the difference between the financial statement and income tax basis of assets and liabilities using the enacted statutory tax rate in effect for the year these differences are expected to be taxable or reversed. Deferred income tax expenses or credits are based on the changes in the asset or liability from period to period. The recorded deferred tax assets are reviewed for realization on a quarterly basis by reviewing the Company's internal estimates for future net income.

As of March 31, 2010, the Company has established a valuation of its U.S. deferred tax assets of \$8.3 million. The Company assesses the continuing need for a valuation allowance that results from uncertainty regarding its ability to realize the benefits of the Company's deferred tax assets. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. If the Company concludes that its prospects for the realization of its deferred tax assets are more likely than not, the Company will then reduce its valuation allowance as appropriate and credit income tax expense after considering the following factors:

- The level of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income, based on our operating results and tax planning strategies, over periods in which the deferred tax assets would be deductible, and
 - Accumulation of net income before tax utilizing a look-back period of three years.

The income tax provisions are based on estimated full-year earnings for financial reporting purposes adjusted for permanent differences. The Company's income tax provisions consist of the following:

Amounts in thousands	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Provision for U.S. federal income taxes	\$ 15	\$ 14
Provision for foreign income taxes	165	205
Total provision for income taxes	\$ 180	\$ 219

The Company's income tax expense (benefit) by jurisdiction is summarized in the table below:

Amounts in thousands	For the three months ended March 31, 2010			For the three months ended March 31, 2009		
	Pre-tax income	Income tax	Effective tax rate	Pre-tax income	Income tax	Effective tax rate
Canada	\$ 546	\$ 156	28.6 %	\$ 796	\$ 221	27.8 %
United States (1)	(553)	15	(2.7 %)	(1,460)	14	(1.0 %)
Mauritius (2)	279	9	3.2 %	(769)	(23)	3.0 %
Austria	(107)	-	- %	84	7	8.3 %
Poland	145	-	- %	109	-	- %
Total	\$ 310	\$ 180	58.1 %	\$ (1,240)	\$ 219	(17.7 %)

(1) Includes accruals for uncertain tax positions

(2) Includes the earnings of the South African branch of Century Resorts International taxed at South African rates

6. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per common share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share adjusts the weighted average shares outstanding by the dilutive impact of shares underlying stock options and unvested restricted stock awards. Weighted average shares outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 were as follows:

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Weighted average common shares	23,542,576	23,524,067
Dilutive effect of outstanding equity awards	217,423	-
Dilutive potential common shares	23,759,999	23,524,067

The following shares of restricted stock, stock options and warrants are anti-dilutive and have not been included in the weighted average shares outstanding calculation:

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Unvested restricted stock	-	360,000
Stock options and warrants	916,710	1,304,782

7. SEGMENT AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

The following summary provides information concerning the Company's principal geographic areas:

Amounts in thousands	Long-Lived Assets*	
	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
United States	\$ 58,284	\$ 58,834
International:		
Canada	\$ 46,205	\$ 33,034
Europe	2,726	2,574
International waters	780	868
Total international	49,711	36,476
Total	\$ 107,995	\$ 95,310

* Long-lived assets consist of property and equipment, goodwill and equity investment from continuing operations.

Amounts in thousands	Net Operating Revenue For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
United States	\$ 6,437	\$ 6,735
International:		
Canada	\$ 7,102	\$ 4,796
International waters	598	468
Total international	7,700	5,264
Total	\$ 14,137	\$ 11,999

8. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On January 25, 2010, the Company exercised an option to purchase land in Cripple Creek, Colorado to be used for parking. The Company acquired this property on April 21, 2010 for \$2.2 million with cash on hand.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Statements, Business Environment and Risk Factors

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In addition, Century Casinos, Inc. (the "Company") may make other written and oral communications from time to time that contain such statements. Forward-looking statements include statements as to industry trends and future expectations of the Company and other matters that do not relate strictly to historical facts and are based on certain assumptions by management. These statements are often identified by the use of words such as "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "could," "estimate," or "continue," and similar expressions or variations thereof. These statements are based on the beliefs and assumptions of the management of the Company based on information currently available to management. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements include, among others, the risks described in the section entitled "Risk Factors" under Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. We caution the reader to carefully consider such factors. Furthermore, such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which such statements are made. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements.

References in this item to "we," "our," or "us" are to the Company and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis unless the context otherwise requires.

Amounts presented in this Item 2 are rounded. As such, rounding differences could occur in period over period changes and percentages reported throughout this Item 2.

OVERVIEW

Since our inception in 1992, we have been primarily engaged in developing and operating gaming establishments and related lodging, restaurant and entertainment facilities. Our primary source of revenue is from the net proceeds of our gaming machines and tables, with ancillary revenue generated from the hotel, restaurant and entertainment facilities that are a part of the casinos.

We currently own, operate and manage the following casinos through wholly-owned subsidiaries:

- The Century Casino & Hotel in Edmonton, Alberta, Canada;
- The Silver Dollar Casino in Calgary, Alberta, Canada;
- Womacks Casino & Hotel in Cripple Creek, Colorado; and
- The Century Casino & Hotel in Central City, Colorado.

We acquired the Silver Dollar Casino ("Silver Dollar") and related land on January 13, 2010 for total consideration of \$11.5 million, which included \$10.7 million plus net working capital of \$0.8 million. We paid a \$1.0 million deposit towards the acquisition on November 6, 2009, with the remainder paid on January 13, 2010. We paid for the Silver Dollar with cash on hand.

The Silver Dollar is a 93,000 square foot casino/entertainment facility located on approximately seven acres of land in Calgary. The casino facility includes 504 slot machines, 16 table games, 25 video lottery terminals, one restaurant, a lounge, a 5,000 square foot showroom, an 18,000 square foot convention center and a 30-lane bowling alley. We are

in the process of rebranding the casino as the Century Casino Calgary.

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We also operate ship-based casinos aboard the Silver Cloud, the Mein Schiff and three Oceania Cruises ships. On March 10, 2010, we entered into an exclusive, long-term agreement with Windstar Cruises (“Windstar”), a division of Ambassadors International Cruise Group, under which we have agreed to operate casinos on all Windstar cruise ships that Windstar operates and will place into service. Currently, Windstar operates three passenger cruise ships. As of April 24, 2010, we have begun casino operations on these three ships.

Furthermore, we hold a 33.3% ownership interest in and actively participate in the management of Casinos Poland Ltd (“CPL”), the owner and operator of seven full casinos and one slot casino in Poland. At CPL, day to day decision making is controlled by a management board consisting of three persons. Long term decision making is controlled by a supervisory board consisting of three persons. As we are the only shareholder with experience in the gaming industry, we chair both the management board and the supervisory board. No material decisions can be made without our consent, including the removal of the chairman of each board. Based on this influence, management believes that it is appropriate to account for our investment in CPL as a component of our operations.

From time to time, we may sell existing businesses. During 2009, we completed the sales of our casinos in Prague, Czech Republic and South Africa. The results of these operations have been recorded as discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2009, unless otherwise indicated. For the three months ended March 31, 2009, we recorded a gain of \$0.9 million related to the disposition of our casino in Prague.

With a portion of the proceeds from these dispositions, we repaid all of our third party debt relating to our Colorado casinos. This has resulted in interest savings of \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009.

Our industry is capital intensive, and we rely heavily on the ability of our casinos to generate operating cash flow to repay debt financing, to fund maintenance and capital expenditures and to provide funds for future development.

As a gaming company, our operating results are highly dependent on the volume of customers at our casinos. Most of our revenue is essentially cash-based, through customers wagering with cash or paying for non-gaming services with cash or credit cards.

Effective as of July 2, 2009, gaming establishments in Colorado were permitted to raise the maximum betting limit from \$5 to \$100, be open for 24 hours and add roulette and craps tables. We have implemented all of these changes at our Colorado casinos. Management believes that any positive impact resulting from these changes continues to be offset by a slow economy. In addition, management believes that the opening of a new hotel in the Central City/Black Hawk market by one of our casino competitors has also negatively impacted our operations in this market.

Presentation of Foreign Currency Amounts - Historical transactions that are denominated in a foreign currency are translated and presented in U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction. Commitments that are denominated in a foreign currency and all balance sheet accounts other than shareholders' equity are translated and presented based on the exchange rate at the end of the reported periods. Current period transactions affecting the profit and loss of operations conducted in foreign currencies are valued at the average exchange rate for the period in which they are incurred. The average exchange rates to the U.S. dollar used to translate balances during each reported period are as follows:

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Canadian dollar (CAD)	1.0411	1.2453
Euros (€)	0.7236	0.7673
Polish zloty (PLN)	2.8866	3.4565
Czech koruna (CZK)	N/A	21.1428
South African rand (ZAR)	N/A	9.9432

Source: Pacific Exchange Rate Service

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 are below (in thousands, except per share data). Unless otherwise noted, these results exclude discontinued operations.

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Gaming revenue	\$ 12,582	\$ 11,472
Net operating revenue	14,137	11,999
Total operating costs and expenses	13,975	11,912
Earnings from equity investment	188	89
Operating earnings from continuing operations	350	176
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	130	(1,459)
Earnings from discontinued operations	-	1,902
Net earnings attributable to Century Casinos, Inc. and subsidiaries	130	345
Earnings per share		
Basic		
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.07)
Net earnings	0.01	0.01
Diluted		
	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.07)

Earnings (loss) from continuing operations		
Net earnings	0.01	0.01

Net operating revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2010 was \$14.1 million compared to \$12.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. The Silver Dollar casino, which was acquired on January 13, 2010, contributed \$1.7 million in net operating revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Net operating revenue at our property in Edmonton increased \$0.6 million primarily due to an improvement in the average exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the Canadian dollar of 16.4% during the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009, partially offset by decreased table game revenue at the property. Furthermore, net operating revenue aboard the cruise ships increased by \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009, primarily due to the operation of an additional cruise ship that went into service in May 2009. These increases were offset by a decline in net operating revenue at our property in Cripple Creek, Colorado of \$0.3 million, primarily the result of a decline in gaming revenue.

The increase in operating costs and expenses from \$11.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$14.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 is primarily the result of an increase of \$1.6 million in operating costs and expenses from the operations of the Silver Dollar and increased operating costs and expenses at our property in Edmonton. The increase in Edmonton is primarily due to an improvement in the average exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and Canadian dollar of 16.4% for the first quarter of 2010 compared to the first quarter of 2009. In U.S. dollars, operating costs and expenses at our Edmonton property increased \$0.7 million. In Canadian dollars, the increase was only \$0.1 million.

The increase in earnings from continuing operations from a loss of \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to earnings of \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 is primarily due to an increase in earnings from operations of \$0.2 million, a decrease in interest expense of \$0.6 million, increases in recognized foreign currency gains of \$0.7 million and a reduction in tax expense of \$0.1 million. Contributing to the increase in earnings from operations was a \$0.1 million increase in earnings from our equity investment in CPL. Interest expense decreased due to the repayment of all of our third party debt related to our Colorado casinos during 2009.

Net operating revenue by property for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 is summarized below (in thousands):

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Century Casino & Hotel (Edmonton, Alberta, Canada)	\$ 5,360	\$ 4,796
Silver Dollar Casino (Calgary, Alberta, Canada)	1,742	-
Womacks (Cripple Creek, Colorado)	2,265	2,572
Century Casino & Hotel (Central City, Colorado)	4,172	4,163
Cruise Ships	598	468
Casinos Poland (Poland) (1)	-	-
Corporate	-	-
Net operating revenue	\$ 14,137	\$ 11,999

(1) Accounted for as an equity investment

Operating earnings from continuing operations by property for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 are summarized below (in thousands):

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Century Casino & Hotel (Edmonton, Alberta, Canada)	\$ 1,306	\$ 1,476
Silver Dollar Casino (Calgary, Alberta, Canada)	138	-
Womacks (Cripple Creek, Colorado)	(97)	98
Century Casino & Hotel (Central City, Colorado)	248	312
Cruise Ships	69	-
Casinos Poland (Poland) (1)	188	89
Corporate	(1,502)	(1,799)
Earnings from operations	\$ 350	\$ 176

(1) Accounted for as an equity investment

Revenue

Net operating revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 was as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,			Percentage	
	2010	2009	Variance	Variance	
Gaming	\$ 12,582	\$ 11,472	\$ 1,110	9.7	%
Hotel, food and beverage	2,765	1,899	866	45.6	%
Other	579	409	170	41.6	%
Gross revenue	15,926	13,780	2,146	15.6	%
Less promotional allowances	1,789	1,781	8	0.4	%
Net operating revenue	\$ 14,137	\$ 11,999	\$ 2,138	17.8	%

Gaming revenue

Gaming revenue increased by \$1.1 million, or 9.7%, from \$11.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$12.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The Silver Dollar, acquired on January 13, 2010, contributed \$1.1 million in gaming revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Improved gaming revenue in Edmonton, primarily due to an improvement in the average exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and Canadian dollar, and aboard the cruise ships was partially offset by decreased gaming revenue at our property in Cripple Creek, Colorado.

Gaming revenue at the Century Casino & Hotel in Edmonton increased by \$0.2 million, or 6.5%, from \$3.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$3.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010, primarily resulting from a 16.4% improvement in the average exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and Canadian dollar for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the average exchange rate for the three months ended March 31, 2009, partially offset by a lower hold on table games. Gaming revenue in Canadian dollars decreased by CAD 0.5 million, or 11.0%, from CAD 4.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to CAD 3.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. This decrease is the result of a decrease of 22.3% in table revenue (particularly baccarat) and a decrease of 1.6% in slot revenue. Management believes that a decrease in the size of player wagers and a decrease in hold percentage were the primary factors for the decline in table revenue.

As previously mentioned, on July 2, 2009, gaming establishments in Colorado were permitted to raise the maximum betting limit from \$5 to \$100, be open for 24 hours and have roulette and craps tables. Management believes that the impact of these changes continues to be offset by poor economic conditions and the expansion of competing casinos in the Central City/Black Hawk market.

Gaming revenue at Womacks in Cripple Creek decreased by \$0.3 million, or 11.8%, from \$2.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$2.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The Cripple Creek gaming market decreased by 4.2% from the three months ended March 31, 2009 to the three months ended March 31, 2010. Our share of the Cripple Creek gaming market decreased from 8.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to 8.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2010, primarily due to a 2.2% decrease in our coin-in and a 12.8% decrease in our hold percentage.

Gaming revenue at the Century Casino and Hotel in Central City remained flat at \$4.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009. The combined Central City and Black Hawk gaming market increased by 8.6% from the three months ended March 31, 2009 to the three months ended March 31, 2010. Management attributes this increase to the change in gaming laws in Colorado, but, as described above, believes that growth has been limited due to the poor economic conditions. Our market share of the combined Central City and Black Hawk gaming revenue decreased from 3.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to 2.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2010. We attribute this decline in our market share to significantly larger competitors expanding their operations and marketing efforts. For example, in October 2009, a competing casino in the Central City/Black Hawk market opened a 536-room hotel with pool and spa facilities in which we believe they invested approximately \$235 million.

In 2010, a new casino is expected to open across from our casino in Central City. Management believes that this casino will have approximately 200 slot machines, 5 table games, a video poker bar and a banquet room. Our casino in Central City operates with approximately 514 slots machines and 10 table games. The opening of this new casino may have an adverse effect on our casino's revenue.

Gaming revenue aboard the cruise ships on which we operate increased by \$0.1 million, or 33.8%, from \$0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The Mein Schiff, which went into service in May 2009, contributed \$0.1 million of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Hotel, food and beverage revenue

Hotel, food and beverage revenue increased by \$0.9 million, or 45.6%, from \$1.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$2.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The Silver Dollar contributed \$0.6 million of food and beverage revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Hotel, food and beverage revenue at our casino in Edmonton increased by \$0.3 million, primarily due to an improvement in the average exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the Canadian dollar when comparing the three months ended March 31, 2010 to the three months ended March 31, 2009. In Canadian dollars, hotel, food and beverage revenue increased CAD 0.1 million, primarily due to increased showroom activity.

Other revenue

Other revenue increased by \$0.2 million, or 41.6%, from \$0.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010, primarily due to revenue earned by the bowling alley at the Silver Dollar.

Promotional allowances

Promotional allowances remained flat at \$1.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009. An increase in promotional allowances resulting from the addition of the Silver Dollar and increased revenue in Edmonton was offset by a decline in promotion allowances awarded at our casino in Cripple Creek, Colorado. The retail value of accommodations, food and beverage, and other services furnished to guests without charge (“complimentaries”) is included in gross revenue and then deducted as promotional allowances. As a result, complimentaries neither increase nor decrease our overall net operating revenue.

Operating Costs and Expenses

Operating costs and expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,			Percentage Variance
	2010	2009	Variance	
Gaming	\$ 5,433	\$ 4,469	\$ 964	21.6 %
Hotel, food and beverage	2,110	1,540	570	37.0 %
General and administrative	4,943	4,331	612	14.1 %
Depreciation	1,489	1,572	(83)	(5.3 %)
Total operating costs and expenses	\$ 13,975	\$ 11,912	\$ 2,063	17.3 %

Gaming expenses

Gaming expenses increased \$0.9 million, or 21.6%, from \$4.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$5.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The acquisition of the Silver Dollar on January 13, 2010 contributed \$0.5 million of this increase. Gaming expenses in Edmonton increased due primarily to an improvement in the average exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the Canadian dollar. In Colorado, gaming expenses increased

primarily due to increased payroll as the casinos, subsequent to July 2, 2009, are now open 24-hours.

Gaming expenses at the Century Casino & Hotel in Edmonton increased \$0.2 million, or 16.7%, from \$1.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. In Canadian dollars, gaming expenses remained flat at CAD 1.6 million. Increased expenses for promotional events and giveaways at the casino were offset by decreased payroll.

Gaming expenses at Womacks remained flat at \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009. Payroll expenses at the casino increased by \$0.1 million, as a result of adding dealers for new table games at the casino and additional staff needed to keep the casino open 24 hours a day beginning on July 2, 2009. This was offset by a decrease in gaming taxes and royalties resulting from the decline in gaming revenue.

Gaming expenses at the Century Casino & Hotel in Central City increased \$0.1 million, or 7.1%, from \$1.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$1.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Payroll expenses at the casino increased by \$0.1 million, as a result of adding dealers for new table games at the casino and additional staff needed to keep the casino open 24 hours a day beginning on July 2, 2009.

Gaming expenses aboard the cruise ships on which we operate remained flat at \$0.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009.

Hotel, food and beverage expenses

Hotel, food and beverage expenses increased by \$0.6 million, or 37.0%, from \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$2.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The Silver Dollar contributed \$0.5 million to this increase. Hotel, food and beverage expense in Edmonton increased by \$0.2 million, due primarily to an increase in the average exchange rate between the U.S dollar and the Canadian dollar. This was partially offset by a decrease of \$0.1 million in hotel, food and beverage payroll at Womacks as a result of cost control at the restaurant.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses increased by \$0.6 million, or 14.2%, from \$4.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$4.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. General and administrative expenses include facility maintenance, utilities, property and liability insurance, property taxes, housekeeping, and all administrative departments, such as information technology, accounting, human resources and internal audit. The Silver Dollar contributed \$0.6 million to this increase. Increased general and administrative expenses at our casino in Edmonton were partially offset by reduced corporate payroll expenses resulting from reduced share based compensation costs at the corporate level. Management has placed significant emphasis on controlling general and administrative expenses at all of our properties and corporate operations.

General and administrative expenses at the Century Casino & Hotel in Edmonton increased \$0.3 million, or 29.6%, from \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$1.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. This increase is the result of an improvement in the average exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the Canadian dollar. In Canadian dollars, general and administrative expenses increased by CAD 0.1 million, or 8.2%, from CAD 1.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to CAD 1.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010, primarily due to an increase in payroll expenses of CAD 0.1 million.

General and administrative expenses at Womacks remained flat at \$0.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009. Slight increases in payroll were offset by similar decreases in insurance charges.

General and administrative expenses at the Century Casino & Hotel in Central City remained flat at \$0.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009. Slight increases in payroll and utility expenses were offset by a decrease in our property tax accrual.

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Combined general and administrative expenses aboard the cruise ships remained flat at less than \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009.

Corporate expenses decreased by \$0.3 million, or 16.5%, from \$1.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$1.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010, primarily due to a decline in stock compensation amortization of \$0.2 million and a decline in professional fees of \$0.1 million.

At March 31, 2010, we had \$0.6 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested stock options and unvested restricted stock. Of this amount, \$0.4 million is expected to be recognized over the remainder of 2010, with the remainder to be recognized in 2011.

Depreciation

Depreciation expense decreased by \$0.1 million, or 5.3%, from \$1.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Depreciation expense at our properties in Colorado declined by \$0.2 million, primarily due to gaming equipment with short depreciable lives becoming fully depreciated. This was partially offset by an increase in depreciation expense at our property in Edmonton resulting from an improvement in the average exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the Canadian dollar (in Canadian dollars, depreciation expense remained flat) and additional depreciation resulting from the acquisition of the Silver Dollar on January 13, 2010.

Non-operating expense

Non-operating expense for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 was as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,		Percentage	
	2010	2009	Variance	Variance
Interest income	\$ 8	\$ 9	\$ (1)	(11.1 %)
Interest				