CLAYMORE/GUGGENHEIM STRATEGIC OPPORTUNITIES FUND Form N-CSR August 09, 2010

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file number 811-21982

Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund (Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

2455 Corporate West Drive, Lisle, IL 60532 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

J. Thomas Futrell

2455 Corporate West Drive, Lisle, IL 60532 (Name and address of agent for service)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (630) 505-3700

Date of fiscal year end: May 31

Date of reporting period: May 31, 2010

Form N-CSR is to be used by management investment companies to file reports with the Commission not later than 10 days after the transmission to stockholders of any report that is required to be transmitted to stockholders under Rule 30e-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (17 CFR 270.30e-1). The Commission may use the information provided on Form N-CSR in its regulatory, disclosure review, inspection, and policymaking roles.

A registrant is required to disclose the information specified by Form N-CSR, and the Commission will make this information public. A registrant is not required to respond to the collection of information contained in Form N-CSR unless the Form displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") control number. Please direct comments concerning the accuracy of the information collection burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing the burden to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, NW, Washington, DC 20549-0609. The OMB has reviewed this collection of information under the clearance requirements of 44 U.S.C. Section 3507.

Item 1. Reports to Stockholders.

The registrant's annual report transmitted to shareholders pursuant to Rule 30e-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act"), is as follows:

Annual Report May 31, 2010 Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic OpportunitiesGOF Fund

www.claymore.com/gof

... your window to the LATEST,

most up-to-date information about the

Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund

The shareholder report you are reading right now is just the beginning of the story. Online at www.claymore.com/gof, you will find:

- Daily, weekly and monthly data on share prices, net asset values, distributions and more
- Portfolio overviews and performance analyses
- Announcements, press releases and special notices
 - Fund and adviser contact information

Guggenheim Partners Asset Management, LLC and Claymore are continually updating and expanding shareholder information services on the Fund's website, in an ongoing effort to provide you with the most current information about how your Fund's assets are managed, and the results of our efforts. It is just one more small way we are working to keep you better informed about your investment in the Fund.

GOF | Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund

Dear Shareholder |

We thank you for your investment in the Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund (the "Fund"). This report covers the Fund's performance for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2010.

The Fund's investment objective is to maximize total return through a combination of current income and capital appreciation. The Fund's sub-adviser is Guggenheim Partners Asset Management, LLC ("GPAM" or "the Sub-Adviser"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Guggenheim Partners, LLC ("Guggenheim" or "Guggenheim Partners"). GPAM seeks to achieve that objective by combining a credit-managed fixed-income portfolio with access to a diversified pool of alternative investments and equity strategies. The Fund pursues a relative value-based investment philosophy, which utilizes quantitative and qualitative analysis to seek to identify securities or spreads between securities that deviate from their perceived fair value and/or historical norms.

All Fund returns cited—whether based on net asset value ("NAV") or market price—assume the reinvestment of all distributions. For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2010, the Fund generated a total return based on market price of 70.37% and a return of 59.06% based on NAV. As of May 31, 2010, the Fund's last closing market price of \$17.46 represented a discount of 0.57% to the Fund's NAV of \$17.56. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. The market value of the Fund's shares fluctuates from time to time, and it may be higher or lower than the Fund's NAV. Investors should also be aware that these returns were primarily achieved during favorable market conditions and may not be sustainable.

During the 2010 fiscal year the Fund paid monthly distributions of \$0.154 per share. The most recent dividend represents an annualized distribution rate of 10.58% based on the Fund's last closing market price of \$17.46 as of May 31, 2010.

Claymore Advisors, LLC ("Claymore") serves as the Investment Adviser to the Fund. Claymore Securities, Inc. is an affiliate of Claymore Advisors, LLC. Claymore Securities, Inc. offers strategic investment solutions for financial advisors and their clients. In total, Claymore entities provide supervision, management, or servicing on approximately \$15.2 billion in assets as of May 31, 2010. Claymore and its associated entities are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Guggenheim Partners, a global, diversified financial services firm with more than \$100 billion in assets under supervision.

As a result of the previously-announced Claymore/Guggenheim transaction, upon receiving the necessary shareholder approval on February 3, 2010, the Fund entered into a new investment advisory agreement with Claymore and a new investment sub-advisory agreement with Claymore and GPAM. These new agreements were necessary because the former agreements were automatically terminated upon the merger of Claymore Group Inc. (Claymore's parent company) with Guggenheim Partners, which took place on October 14, 2009.

We encourage shareholders to consider the opportunity to reinvest their distributions from the Fund through the Dividend Reinvestment Plan ("DRIP"), which is described in detail on page 32 of the Fund's annual report. When shares trade at a discount to NAV, the DRIP takes advantage of the discount by reinvesting the monthly dividend distribution in common shares of the Fund purchased in the market at a price less than NAV. Conversely, when the market price of the Fund's common shares is at a premium above NAV, the DRIP reinvests participants' dividends in newly-issued common shares at NAV, subject to an IRS limitation that the purchase price cannot be more than 5% below the market price per share. The DRIP provides a cost-effective means to accumulate additional shares and enjoy the benefits of compounding returns over time. Since the Fund endeavors to maintain a stable monthly distribution, the DRIP plan effectively provides an income averaging technique, which causes shareholders to accumulate a larger number of Fund shares when the market price is depressed than when the price is higher.

GOF | Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund | Dear Shareholder continued

To learn more about the Fund's performance and investment strategy, we encourage you to read the Questions & Answers section of the report, which begins on page 5. You'll find information on GPAM's investment philosophy, its views on the economy and market environment, and detailed information about the factors that impacted the Fund's performance.

We appreciate your investment and look forward to serving your investment needs in the future. For the most up-to-date information on your investment, please visit the Fund's website at www. claymore.com/gof.

Sincerely,

J. Thomas Futrell Chief Executive Officer Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund

Update on Portfolio Management Team

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, a member of the portfolio management team, Robert Daviduk, submitted his resignation from Guggenheim Partners Asset Management, LLC ("GPAM"). The Fund will continue to be managed by a team of professionals at GPAM, with the day to day responsibilities led by Anne Walsh.

GOF | Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund

Questions & Answers |

Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund (the "Fund") is managed by a team of seasoned professionals at Guggenheim Partners Asset Management, LLC. This team includes B. Scott Minerd, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Investment Officer; Anne Bookwalter Walsh, CFA, JD, Senior Managing Director; Michael Curcio, Managing Director; Robert N. Daviduk, CFA, Managing Director; Kerim Engin, Ph. D., Managing Director & Director of Risk Management; and Eric Silvergold, Managing Director. In the following interview, the investment team discusses the market environment and the Fund's performance for the Fund's fiscal year ended May 31, 2010.

Please remind us of this Fund's objective and the way it is managed.

The Fund's investment objective is to seek to maximize total return through a combination of current income and capital appreciation. The Fund pursues a relative value-based investment philosophy, which utilizes quantitative and qualitative analysis to seek to identify securities or spreads between securities that deviate from their perceived fair value and/or historical norms. GPAM seeks to combine a credit-managed fixed-income portfolio with access to a diversified pool of alternative investments and equity strategies. There is no guarantee that the perceived fair value will be achieved.

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing in a wide range of fixed income and other debt and senior equity securities ("income securities") selected from a variety of sectors and credit qualities, including, but not limited to, corporate bonds, loans and loan participations, structured finance investments, U.S. government and agency securities, mezzanine and preferred securities and convertible securities, and in common stocks, limited liability company interests, trust certificates and other equity investments ("common equity securities") that GPAM believes offer attractive yield and/or capital appreciation potential, including employing a strategy of writing (selling) covered call and put options on such equities. GPAM believes the volatility (risk) of the Fund can be reduced by diversifying the portfolio across a large number of sectors and securities, many of which historically have not been highly correlated to one another.

The Fund may invest, under normal market conditions, up to 60% of its total assets in income securities rated below investment grade (commonly referred to as "junk bonds").

The Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in non-U.S. dollar-denominated fixed-income securities of corporate and governmental issuers located outside the U.S., including up to 10% of total assets in income securities of issuers located in emerging markets.

• The Fund may invest up to 50% of its total assets in common equity securities consisting of common stock; and

The Fund may invest up to 30% of its total assets in investment funds that primarily hold (directly or indirectly) investments in which the Fund may invest directly and may invest up to 20% of the Fund's total assets in investment funds that are registered as investment companies under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act") to the extent permitted by applicable law and related interpretations of the staff of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

GPAM's investment process is a collaborative effort between its Portfolio Construction Group, which utilizes tools such as GPAM's Dynamic Financial Analysis Model to determine allocation of assets among a variety of sectors, and its Sector Specialists, who are responsible for security selection within these sectors and for implementing securities transactions.

The Fund seeks to enhance the level of distributions by utilizing financial leverage through borrowings, reverse repurchase agreements or other forms of debt. As of May 31, 2010, the amount of leverage was approximately 30% of the Fund's total assets.

Although the use of financial leverage by the Fund may create an opportunity for increased return for the common shares, it also results in additional risks and can magnify the effect of any losses. If the income and gains earned on securities purchased with the financial leverage proceeds are greater than the cost of the financial leverage, then the common shares' return will be greater than if financial leverage had not been used. Conversely, if the income and gains from the securities purchased with the financial leverage is less than the cost of the financial leverage then the return on the common shares will be less than if financial leverage had not been used. There can be no assurance that a leveraging strategy will be implemented or that it will be successful during any period during which it is employed.

Please tell us about the market environment over the last 12 months.

Markets for both equity and fixed income securities have improved significantly over the last 12 months. This improvement followed an extremely volatile period for financial markets that began in the summer of 2007 and lasted until the early months of 2009. This difficult period was characterized by sharp declines in the market prices of most non-government securities. During that time, investors seemed to be pricing assets at levels that anticipated a very severe economic environment for an extended period—essentially another Great Depression. In the opinion of

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GPAM, many securities were priced for a worst case economic outcome that did not come to pass. The U.S. economy did, in fact, experience the longest recession since the Great Depression, but it was far milder than the economic maelstrom that engulfed the world in the 1930s. In an effort to stem the very negative cycle that had begun, the federal government instituted several programs of fiscal stimulus financed by running budget deficits of about \$1.5 trillion per year. In addition, the Federal Reserve ("Fed") launched aggressive programs to improve liquidity and grow the money supply.

Beginning in March 2009, the outlook for the global economy began to improve, sparking a rally in virtually all asset classes that involved risk—including equities, corporate bonds, bank loans, asset-backed securities, non-Agency residential mortgage-backed securities, and commercial mortgage-backed securities among others. Market trends were generally positive during the Fund's May 31, 2010, fiscal year. The Standard & Poor's 500 ("S&P 500") Index, which is generally regarded as an indicator of the broad U.S. stock market, returned 20.99% for the 12 months ended May 31, 2010. Most world equity markets were also strong: the Morgan Stanley Capital International ("MSCI") World Index, which measures performance of world equity markets, returned 13.60%. Bonds also provided solid returns over this 12-month period: the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index, which is a proxy for the investment grade bond market, returned 8.4%. Reflecting investors' increased appetite for risk, the return of the Barclays U.S. Corporate High Yield Index was 28.8% and the Barclays Commercial Backed Mortgage Securities Index also returned 28.8% over the 12-month period. Other non-government securities, such as investment grade corporate bonds, bank loans and asset backed securities have also performed very well. The return of the Barclays Capital 1-3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index was just 0.12%, a reflection of the record low Fed Funds target rate set between zero and 0.25%. Indices are unmanaged, reflect no expenses and it is not possible to invest directly in an index.

How did the Fund perform during this period?

The Fund performed very well over the last 12 months. All Fund returns cited—whether based on net asset value ("NAV") or market price—assume the reinvestment of all distributions. For the 12-month period ended May 31, 2010, the Fund returned 59.06% on an NAV basis and 70.37% on a market price basis. The closing price of the Fund's shares as of May 31, 2010, was \$17.46, which represented a discount of 0.57% to the NAV of \$17.56. The market value of the Fund's shares fluctuates from time to time and it may be higher or lower than the Fund's NAV.

An important goal of the Fund is to provide long-term returns in line with equity returns but with volatility that is closer to that of bonds. For the period from the Fund's inception date of July 27, 2007, through May 31, 2010, the Fund's NAV return on an annualized basis was 9.05%, compared with the annualized return of -7.7% for the S&P 500. Over this same period, the Fund's annualized volatility has been approximately 10.1%. This compares with annualized volatility of the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index (a proxy for bonds) of approximately 4.8% and volatility of the S&P 500 Index of approximately 31.0% over the same period. Since inception, on an annualized basis, the Fund has outperformed equities (as measured by the S&P 500 Index) by 16.8 percentage points with slightly higher volatility than fixed income and less than one-third the volatility of equities. The volatility is measured by calculating the standard deviation of the percentage changes in the Fund's daily NAV and then annualizing these percentage changes. The relatively low volatility of the Fund's NAV is attributable to its high level of diversification across many different asset classes. Investors should also be aware that these returns were primarily achieved during favorable market conditions and may not be sustainable.

During the 12-month period ended May 31, 2010, the Fund paid monthly dividends of \$0.154 per share. The most recent dividend represents an annualized distribution rate of 10.58% based on the Fund's last closing market price of \$17.46 as of May 31, 2010.

How was the Fund allocated among asset classes during this period and how did these decisions affect performance?

This Fund was created to provide investors the potential to realize a level of return similar to that achieved by equities, but with volatility more typical of fixed income securities. GPAM tracks a large number of equity and fixed income asset classes and, in constructing this portfolio, it seeks to use investments that historically have had low correlations to one another. GPAM has attempted to optimize the portfolio by analyzing the historical returns generated by GPAM's management team in each sector, the volatility of each sector and the correlations among the sectors. GPAM does this in an effort to reduce the risk of the portfolio while providing the potential for an attractive long-term return to their investors. Throughout the period, the Fund has been highly diversified, generally with exposure to over a dozen broad sector classifications and dozens of subsectors within the major sectors.

Since the final months of 2008, GPAM recognized some unusual opportunities in the market, especially for structured securities, which were selling at extremely depressed prices because hedge funds and other levered investors were forced to sell securities at a

GOF | Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund | Questions & Answers continued

time of very poor market liquidity. This forced selling created attractive opportunities for opportunistic investors such as GPAM.

In order to take advantage of these opportunities, the Fund's position in U.S. government and U.S. government agency securities, which performed well during the financial crisis, was reduced substantially and was kept quite low throughout the fiscal year; these securities represented less than 1% of the Fund's total investments as of May 31, 2010. This proved to be a good decision, as returns of government securities were just marginally positive during the recent strong market recovery, while most equity-related, corporate and structured finance securities held by the Fund have posted double digit returns; although there is no guarantee these securities will continue such performance, GPAM believes continued positive performance is possible.

In late 2009 and into 2010, GPAM sold some securities that had appreciated in value which in turn caused their market yields to decline to yields of 5% or less. GPAM reinvested the proceeds in securities that have the potential to provide much higher returns over the coming years. Examples of the types of securities sold include investment-grade corporate bonds, bank loans, various types of asset-backed securities ("ABS") and non-traditional commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS"), such as those backed by cell towers and timber. These securities were replaced with securities that GPAM believes are undervalued, such as conduit CMBS, non-agency residential mortgages, numerous types of ABS, select high yield bonds and preferred securities. These trades proved to be advantageous for the Fund. The securities purchased have appreciated and have outperformed the securities that were sold.

The Fund's positioning proved to be a strong contributor to its performance over the 12-month period ended May 31, 2010. The Fund generated double digit total returns as well as attractive levels of income from nearly all asset classes. The best performing securities were equities, preferred securities, high yield corporate debt, and securitized assets including ABS, CMBS and non-Agency RMBS. One example of how the Fund capitalized on the financial crisis and some of the unprecedented programs that policymakers have put in place is an investment in a commercial mortgage backed security that utilized financing offered by the Federal Reserve (the "Fed") via the term asset-backed lending facility ("TALF"). The TALF program was put in place by the Fed in an effort to restart the securitized asset market, which had virtually ceased to function during the financial market crisis and the accompanying deep recession. The securitized markets have become a critical component of capital formation and a cost effective source of credit for consumers and businesses alike. GPAM took advantage of very attractive terms being offered by the Fed that included lending to investors on a non-recourse basis. In a non-recourse loan the only source of repayment for the loan is the collateral, in this case the CMBS bond that the Fund has pledged to the Fed. Since the Fed provided a loan against the security, the Fund is at risk only for the difference between the security's purchase price and the amount of the loan that was provided by the Fed (this amount is known as the haircut). Since making the investment in September 2009, this position has provided a return of approximately 49% after factoring in the cost of leverage.

The lowest returns came from the Fund's very small position in U.S. government and U.S. government agency securities.

How did the Fund's leverage affect performance during this period?

For the past year the Fund's leverage has enhanced the return of the Fund. The purpose of leverage (borrowing) is to fund the purchase of additional securities that provide increased income and potentially greater appreciation to common shareholders than could be achieved from an unleveraged portfolio. Of course, leverage results in greater NAV volatility and entails more downside risk than an unleveraged portfolio. Since leverage adds to performance when the cost of leverage is less than the total return generated by investments, the use of leverage contributed to the Fund's total return during this period.

As of May 31, 2010, the Fund's leverage was approximately 30% of total assets. Leverage was increased from less than 20% during the recent financial crisis to its current level in an effort to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities.

From the Fund's inception through late 2008, GPAM employed leverage through reverse repurchase agreements, under which they lend securities and receive cash in return which can be used for additional investments. In November 2008, the Fund entered into a committed financing facility through BNP Paribas, a leading European bank. GPAM currently employs leverage via both reverse repurchase agreements and the BNP Paribas facility, in addition to the TALF program discussed earlier.

What is the current outlook for the markets and the Fund, and how is the Fund positioned for this outlook?

GPAM's expectations for the economy are somewhat stronger than the consensus, which is calling for real growth (real growth is measurement of GDP expectations less inflation) of about 2.0% to 3.0% for the full year 2010. Recent reports indicate that consumer confidence and business confidence are improving, and some surveys indicate businesses plan to increase hiring, which over time should help to reduce the unacceptably high level of

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domestic unemployment. It is likely that there will be continued turbulence in the market, with bouts of selling pressure such as that experienced during the month of May 2010, but GPAM views these periods of weakness as opportunities to purchase select investments that have good long term potential at discounted prices.

Some of the securitized sectors continue to trade very cheap relative to historical experience, creating continued opportunities. As a bottom-up investor, GPAM evaluates each potential investment on its own merit, carefully analyzing the creditworthiness of the issuer and the security's level of seniority in its issuer's capital structure. GPAM intends to take advantage of market volatility and to purchase securities when there are periods of time when, in its opinion, securities can be purchased at prices that are below their true intrinsic values. When bonds or other investments are under unwarranted selling pressure, GPAM plans to take positions that have the potential for attractive returns.

Given the Fund's mandate and its ability to invest across many asset classes, it has been very well suited to take advantage of the opportunities that have prevailed since the summer of 2007 when the Fund was launched. In the name of this Fund—Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund—the key term is "opportunities." The Fund was designed to invest across a broad array of sectors and securities, and to take advantage of the imbalances and dislocations that often exist in the financial markets. GPAM continues to believe that a portfolio that is highly diversified across many asset classes, such as those represented by the Fund, can be of great value to investors in a wide variety of market conditions.

Index Definitions

Indices are unmanaged, reflect no expenses and it is not possible to invest directly in an index.

The Standard & Poor's 500 Index is a capitalization-weighted index of 500 stocks. The index is designed to measure performance of the broad domestic economy through changes in the aggregate market value of 500 stocks representing all major industries.

The Morgan Stanley Capital International World Index is a float-adjusted capitalization-weighted index created by Morgan Stanley Capital International to measure equity market performance throughout the world.

The Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index represents securities that are U.S. domestic, taxable, and dollar denominated. The index covers the U.S. investment grade fixed rate bond market, with index components for government and corporate securities, mortgage pass-through securities, and asset-backed securities.

The Barclays U.S. Corporate High Yield Index is an unmanaged index of below investment grade bonds issued by U.S. corporations.

The Barclays Commercial Mortgage Backed Securities Index is an unmanaged index of securities secured by mortgages on commercial real estate.

The Barclays Capital 1-3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index tracks the performance of U.S. Treasury bills with a remaining maturity of one to three months. U.S. Treasury bills, which are short-term loans to the U.S. government, are full-faith-and-credit obligations of the U.S. Treasury and are generally regarded as being free of any risk of default.

The views expressed in this report reflect those of the portfolio manager and Claymore only through the report period as stated on the cover. These views are subject to change at any time, based on market and other conditions and should not be construed as a recommendation of any kind. The material may also include forward looking statements that involve risk and uncertainty, and there is no guarantee that any predictions will come to pass. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objectives. The value of the Fund will fluctuate with the value of the underlying securities. Historically, closed-end funds often trade at a discount to their net asset value.

Below Investment-Grade Securities Risk: The Fund may invest in income securities rated below investment grade or, if unrated, determined by the Sub-Adviser to be of comparable credit quality, which are commonly referred to as "high-yield" or "junk" bonds. Investment in securities of below investment-grade quality involves substantial risk of loss. Income securities of below investment-grade quality are predominantly speculative with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal when due and therefore involve a greater risk of default or decline in market value due to adverse economic and issuer-specific developments.

Senior and Second Lien Secured Loans Risk: The Fund's investments in senior loans and second lien secured floating-rate loans are typically below investment grade and are considered speculative because of the credit risk of their issuers. The risks associated with senior loans of below investment-grade quality are similar to the risks of other lower-grade income securities. Second lien loans are second in right of payment to senior loans and therefore are subject to the additional risk that the cash flow of the borrower and any property securing the loan may be insufficient to meet scheduled payments after giving effect to the senior-secured obligations of the borrower. Second lien loans are expected to have greater price volatility and exposure to losses upon default than senior loans and may be less liquid.

Structured Finance Investments Risk: The Fund's structured finance investments may include residential and commercial mortgage-related and asset-backed securities issued by governmental entities and private issuers, collateralized debt obligations and risk-linked securities. These securities entail considerable risk, including many of the risks described above (e.g., market risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and prepayment risk). The value of collateralized debt obligations also may change because of changes in the market's perception of the underlying collateral of the pool, the creditworthiness of the servicing agent for or the originator of the pool, or the financial institution or entity providing credit support for the pool. Returns on risk-linked securities are dependent upon such events as property or casualty damages which may be caused by such catastrophic events as hurricanes or earthquakes or other unpredictable events.

Mezzanine Investments Risk: Mezzanine investments are subject to the same risks associated with investment in senior loans, second lien loans and other lower-grade income securities. Mezzanine investments are expected to have greater price volatility than senior loans and second lien loans and may be less liquid.

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Preferred Stock Risk: Preferred stock is inherently more risky than the bonds and other debt instruments of the issuer, but typically less risky than its common stock. Preferred stocks may be significantly less liquid than many other securities, such as U.S. Government securities, corporate debt and common stock.

Convertible Securities Risk: As with all income securities, the market values of convertible securities tend to decline as interest rates increase and, conversely, to increase as interest rates decline. Convertible securities also tend to reflect the market price of the underlying stock in varying degrees, depending on the relationship of such market price to the conversion price in the terms of the convertible security.

Equity Risk: Common equity securities' prices fluctuate for a number of reasons, including changes in investors' perceptions of the financial condition of an issuer, the general condition of the relevant stock market, and broader domestic and international political and economic events.

Real Estate Securities Risk: Because of the Fund's ability to invest in securities of companies in the real estate industry and to make indirect investments in real estate, it is subject to risks associated with the direct ownership of real estate, including declines in the value of real estate; general and local economic conditions; increased competition; and changes in interest rates. Because of the Fund's ability to make indirect investments in natural resources and physical commodities, and in real property asset companies, the Fund is subject to risks associated with such real property assets, including supply and demand risk, depletion risk, regulatory risk and commodity pricing risk.

Personal Property Asset Company Risk: The Fund may invest in personal property asset companies such as special situation transportation assets. The risks of special situation transportation assets include cyclicality of supply and demand for transportation assets and risk of decline in the value of transportation assets and rental values. Private Securities Risk Private securities have additional risk considerations than with investments in comparable public investments.

Inflation/Deflation Risk: There is a risk that the value of assets or income from investments will be worth less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money.

Dividend Risk: Dividends on common stock and other common equity securities which the Fund may hold are not fixed but are declared at the discretion of an issuer's board of directors. There is no guarantee that the issuers of the common equity securities in which the Fund invests will declare dividends in the future or that, if declared, they will remain at current levels or increase over time.

Portfolio Turnover Risk: The Fund's annual portfolio turnover rate may vary greatly from year to year. A higher portfolio turnover rate results in correspondingly greater brokerage commissions and other transactional expenses that are borne by the Fund. High portfolio turnover may result in an increased realization of net short-term capital gains by the Fund which, when distributed to common shareholders, will be taxable as ordinary income. Additionally, in a declining market, portfolio turnover may create realized capital losses.

Derivatives Risk: The Fund may be exposed to certain additional risks should the Sub-Adviser use derivatives as a means to synthetically implement the Fund's investment strategies. If the Fund enters into a derivative instrument whereby it agrees to receive the return of a security or financial instrument or a basket of securities or financial instruments, it will typically contract to receive such returns for a predetermined period of time. During such period, the Fund may not have the ability to increase or decrease its exposure. In addition, such customized derivative instruments will likely be highly illiquid, and it is possible that the Fund will not be able to terminate such derivative instruments prior to their expiration date or that the penalties associated with such a termination might impact the Fund's performance in a material adverse manner. Furthermore, derivative instruments typically contain provisions

giving the counterparty the right to terminate the contract upon the occurrence of certain events. If a termination were to occur, the Fund's return could be adversely affected as it would lose the benefit of the indirect exposure to the reference securities and it may incur significant termination expenses.

Foreign Securities and Emerging Markets Risk: Investing in foreign issuers may involve certain risks not typically associated with investing in securities of U.S. issuers due to increased exposure to foreign economic, political and legal developments, including favorable or unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates, exchange control regulations, expropriation or nationalization of assets, imposition of withholding taxes on payments and possible difficulty in obtaining and enforcing judgments against foreign entities. Furthermore, issuers of foreign securities and obligations are subject to different, often less comprehensive, accounting, reporting and disclosure requirements than domestic issuers. The securities and obligations of some foreign companies and foreign markets are less liquid and at times more volatile than comparable U.S. securities, obligations and markets. These risks may be more pronounced to the extent that the Fund invests a significant amount of its assets in companies located in one region and to the extent that the Fund invests in securities of issuers in emerging markets. Heightened risks of investing in emerging markets include: smaller market capitalization of securities markets, which may suffer periods of relative illiquidity; significant price volatility; restrictions on foreign investment; and possible repatriation of investment income and capital.

Financial Leverage Risk: Although the use of Financial Leverage by the Fund may create an opportunity for increased after-tax total return for the Common Shares, it also results in additional risks and can magnify the effect of any losses. If the income and gains earned on securities purchased with Financial Leverage proceeds are greater than the cost of Financial Leverage, the Fund's return will be greater than if Financial Leverage had not been used. Conversely, if the income or gains from the securities purchased with such proceeds does not cover the cost of Financial Leverage, the return to the Fund will be less than if Financial Leverage had not been used. Financial Leverage involves risks and special considerations for shareholders, including the likelihood of greater volatility of net asset value and market price of and dividends on the Common Shares than a comparable portfolio without leverage; the risk that fluctuations in interest rates on borrowings that the Fund must pay will reduce the return to the Common Shareholders; and the effect of Financial Leverage in a declining market, which is likely to cause a greater decline in the net asset value of the Common Shares than if the Fund were not leveraged, which may result in a greater decline in the market price of the Common Shares. There can be no assurance that a leveraging strategy will be implemented or that it will be successful during any period during which it is employed.

In addition to the risks described above, the Fund is also subject to: Income Securities Risk, Foreign Currency Risk, Risks Associated with the Fund's Covered Call Option Strategy, Risks of Real Property Asset Companies, Risks of Personal Property Asset Companies, Private Securities Risk, Derivative Transactions Risks, Investment Funds Risk, Private Investment Funds Risk, Affiliated Investment Funds Risk, Synthetic Investments Risk, Inflation/Deflation Risk, Anti-Takeover Provisions, Market Discount Risk, and Current Developments Risks. Please see www.claymore.com/gof for a more detailed discussion about Fund risks and considerations.

GOF | Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund

Fund Summary |As of May 31, 2010 (unaudited)

Total Returns

Fund Statistics	
Share Price	\$ 17.46
Common Share Net Asset Value	\$ 17.56
Premium/Discount to NAV	-0.57%
Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares (\$000)	\$ 161,783

(Inception 7/27/07)	Market	NAV
One Year	70.37%	59.06%
Since Inception - average annual	7.91%	9.05%

Performance data quoted represents past performance, which is no guarantee of future results and current performance may be lower or higher than the figures shown. For the most recent month-end performance figures, please visit www.claymore.com/gof. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate with changes in the market conditions and other factors so that an investor's shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Investors should also be aware that these returns were primarily achieved during favorable market conditions and may not be sustainable.

Top Ten Holdings Commercial Mortgage Pass Through Certificates, Ser. 2006-C7, Class A4, AAA, NR, 5.767%, 6/10/46	% of Long-Term Investments 6.5%
Airplanes Pass Through Trust, Ser. 2001-1A, Class A9, CCC, B1, 0.887%, 3/15/19	3.7%
SPDR S&P 500 ETF Trust	2.8%
Applebee's Enterprises LLC, Ser. 2007-1A, Class A22A, AAA, Aa3, 6.427%, 12/20/37	2.8%
ProShares Ultra S&P500	1.7%
Telos CLO Ltd., Ser. 2006-1A, Class A2, AA+, Aa2, 0.694%, 10/11/21 (Cayman Islands)	1.6%
Dominos Pizza Master Issuer LLC, Ser. 2007-1, Class A2, BBB-, Baa3, 5.261%, 4/25/37	1.6%
Aviation Capital Group Trust, Ser. 2003-2A, Class B1, BBB, A3, 3.340%, 9/20/33	1.6%
SPDR Dow Jones Industrial Average ETF Trust	1.4%

Babcock & Brown Air Funding Ltd., Ser. 2007-1A, Class G1, BBB+, Baa2, 0.638%, 10/14/33 (Bermuda)

1.4%

Portfolio composition and holdings are subject to change daily. For more information, please visit www.claymore.com/gof. The above summaries are provided for informational purposes only and should not be viewed as recommendations. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

Share Price & NAV History

Monthly Dividends Per Share

Portfolio Composition (% of Total Investments)

Credit Quality*

GOF | Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund

Portfolio of Investments | May 31, 2010

\$

	Principal Amount	Description	Optional Call Provision	Value
		Long-Term Investments – 131.7%		
		Corporate Bonds – 23.9%		
1	400,000	Advertising – 0.3% MDC Partners, Inc., B+, B2 11.000%, 11/1/16 (Canada) (a) (b)	11/1/13 @ 105.50	\$ 428,000
	785,000	Aerospace/Defense – 0.8% Global Aviation Holdings Ltd., BB-, Ba3, 14.000%, 8/15/13 (United Kingdom) (a) (b)	8/15/12 @ 110.50	792,850
	500,000	Wyle Services Corp., B+, B3, 10.500%, 4/1/18 (a) (b)	4/1/14 @ 105.25	490,000 1,282,850
	1,302,433	Airlines – 2.1% America West Airlines 2001-1 Pass Through Trust, Ser. 011G, BB+, B1,		
		7.100%, 4/2/21 United Air Lines 2009-2A Pass Through Trust., BBB,	N/A	1,279,641
	2,000,000	Ba1, 9.750%, 1/15/17 (a)	N/A	2,150,000 3,429,641
		Banks – 8.5%		
		Agfirst Farm Credit Bank, A, NR, 7.300%, 10/31/49 (a) (b)	7/2/10 @ 100.00	818,600
	1,250,000	Barclays Bank PLC, A-, Baa3,	12/15/34 @	
	1 200 000	6.278%, 12/29/49 (United Kingdom) (a) (c) BNP Paribas, A, Baa1,	100.00	1,042,787
		7.195%, 6/29/49 (France) (a) (b) (c)	6/25/37 @ 100.00	1,020,000
	1,000,000	Credit Agricole SA, A-, A3, 6.637%, 5/29/49 (France) (a) (b) (c)	5/31/17 @ 100.00	710,000
	1,500,000	Farm Credit Bank, Ser. 1, NR, A2, 7.561%, 11/29/49 (a) (c)	12/15/13 @100.00	1,233,180
	1,000,000	Fifth Third Bancorp, BBB-, Baa2,		
	1,000,000	8.250%, 3/1/38 (a) KeyCorp Capital III, BB, Baa3,	N/A	1,067,260
	1,250,000	7.750%, 7/15/29 (a) Mellon Capital IV, Ser. 1, A-, A3,	N/A	960,321
		6.244%, 6/29/49 (a) (c) Northgroup Preferred Capital Corp., A, A2,	6/20/12 @ 100.00	1,100,000
	1,230,000	normigroup rieleneu Capital Colp., A, A2,		

	6.378%, 1/29/49 (a) (b) (c)	10/15/17 @ 100.00	1,152,288
	PNC Preferred Funding Trust III, BBB, Baa3, 8.700%, 3/29/49 (a) (b) (c)	3/15/13 @ 100.00	711,186
500,000	Rabobank Nederland NV, AA-, A2, 11.000%, 12/29/49 (Netherlands) (a) (b) (c)	6/30/19 @ 100.00	606,549
1,400,000	7.640%, 3/31/49 (United Kingdom) (a) (c)	9/29/17 @ 100.00	791,000
650,000	Susquehanna Capital II, BB-, Ba2, 11.000%, 3/23/40 (a)	3/23/15 @ 100.00	680,875
1,250,000	6.110%, 4/29/49 (a) (b) (c)	7/10/12 @ 100.00	891,113
1,000,000	Wells Fargo Capital XIII, Ser. GMTN, A-, Ba1, 7.700%, 12/29/49 (a) (c)	3/26/13 @ 100.00	985,000 13,770,159
	Commercial Services – 0.4%		
280,000	10.875%, 4/15/17 (b)	4/15/14 @ 105.44	274,400
250,000	R.R. Donnelley & Sons Co., BBB, Baa3, 11.250%, 2/1/19 (a)	N/A	316,219
			590,619
250,000	Computers – 0.1% Stratus Technologies, Inc., B-, B2, 12.000%, 3/29/15 (b)	4/15/13 @ 112.00	230,312
700,000	Distribution/Wholesale – 0.4%		
700,000	Intcomex, Inc., B-, B3,	12/15/12 @	
	13.250%, 12/15/14 (b)	106.63	717,500
	Diversified Financial Services – 2.1% Hampton Roads PPV LLC, NR, Baa2, (a) (b)		
1,000,000	6.071%, 12/15/41	N/A	829,220
1,000,000	6.171%, 6/15/53	N/A	834,370
2,000,000	Svensk Exportkredit AB, A, NR,		,
	6.375%, 10/29/49 (Sweden) (a) (b)	9/27/10 @ 100.00	1,716,676 3,380,266
400,000	Electric – 0.8% United Maritime Group LLC/United Maritime Group Finance Corp., B, B3,		
		12/15/12 @	
	11.750%, 6/15/15 (a) (b)	105.88	392,000
1,000,000	Wisconsin Energy Corp., BBB-, Baa1,		010.000
	6.250%, 5/15/67 (a) (c)	5/15/17 @ 100.00	910,000 1,302,000

Entertainment and Gaming – 1.9% 1,000,000 Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians, NR, NR,

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500,000	6.350%, 10/1/15 (b) Downstream Development Authority of the Quapaw Tribe of Oklahoma, B-, Caa1,	N/A	953,400
500,000	12.000%, 10/15/15 (b) Indianapolis Downs LLC/Indiana Downs Capital Corp., CCC, Caa3,	10/15/11 @ 109.00	445,000
700,000	11.000%, 11/1/12 (b) Lions Gate Entertainment, Inc., B, B1,	11/1/10 @ 105.50	357,500
700.000	10.250%, 11/1/16 (b) River Rock Entertainment Authority (The), B+, B2,	11/1/13 @ 105.13	705,250
700,000	9.750%, 11/1/11 (a)	7/2/10 @ 100.00	652,750 3,113,900
250,000	Health Care – 0.2% Apria Healthcare Group, Inc., BB+, Ba2, 11.250%, 11/1/14 (a) (b)	11/1/11 @ 105.63	263,125
	Insurance – 4.7% Allstate Corp. (The), BBB, Baa1, 6.500%, 5/15/57 (a) (c) American Financial Group, Inc., BBB, Baa2, 9.875%, 6/15/19 (a)	5/15/37 @ 100.00 N/A	875,000 1,187,693
		- 11 -	1,101,000

See notes to financial statements.

GOF | Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund | Portfolio of Investments continued

Principal Amount	Description	Optional Call Provision	Value
	Insurance (continued)		
\$ 1,000,000	AXA SA, BBB, Baa1,		
÷ 1,000,000		12/14/18 @	
	6.463%, 12/14/49 (France) (a) (b) (c)	100.00	\$ 780,000
400,000	Blue Coast Ltd., Ser. A, B+, NR,		
	9.777%, 12/8/10 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d) (e)	N/A	395,368
/00,000	Blue Fin Ltd., BB+, NR, 4.605% $4/10/12$ (Courses Islanda) (a) (b) (d) (c)	$7/9/10 \oplus 101.00$	(54 (40
800.000	4.695%, 4/10/12 (Cayman Islands) (a) (b) (d) (e) Ironshore Holdings US, Inc., BBB-, Baa3,	7/8/10 @ 101.00	654,640
800,000	8.500%, 5/15/20 (b)	N/A	810,384
1,000,000	Metlife Capital Trust IV, BBB, Baa2,	11/11	010,501
, ,	·····	12/15/32 @	
	7.875%, 12/15/37 (a) (b)	100.00	980,000
700,000	National Life Insurance Co., BBB+, Baa1,		
	10.500%, 9/15/39 (a) (b)	N/A	788,318
1,250,000	Progressive Corp. (The), A-, A2,		1 1 10 1 (0
	6.700%, 6/15/37 (a) (c)	6/15/17 @ 100.00	1,140,462 7,611,865
	Investment Companies – 0.6%		
	Allied Capital Corp., BBB, Ba1, (a)		
695,000	6.625%, 7/15/11	N/A	697,076
	6.000%, 4/1/12	N/A	290,401
			987,477
	Iron/Steel – 0.1%		
240,000			
	B, Caal,		
	12.000, 5/1/15 (b)	5/1/13 @ 106.00	241,469
	Software – 0.2%		
400,000	Open Solutions, Inc., CCC+, Caa2,		
	9.750%, 2/1/15 (b)	2/1/11 @ 104.88	312,000
	Telecommunications – 0.7%		
1,086,000	Clearwire Communications LLC/Clearwire Finance,		
	Inc., B-, Caa1,		
	12.000%, 12/1/15 (b)	12/1/12 @ 106.00	1,053,420
	Total Corporate Bonds – 23.9%		
	(Cost \$40,798,461)		38,714,603
	Asset Backed Securities – 60.8%		

	Collateralized Debt Obligations – 4.0%		
1,897,459	Aspen Funding I Ltd., Ser. 2002-1A, Class A1L, A, Ba1,		
	0.894%, 7/10/37 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)		1,239,743
1,024,426			
	0.772%, 9/4/38 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)		679,942
2,145,722	Diversified Asset Securitization Holdings III, Ser. 1A,		
	Class A2, BB+, Ba1,		
	7.420%, 7/5/36 (Cayman Islands) (b)		1,802,407
	Duke Funding Ltd., Ser. 2003-5A, Class 1W, CCC,		
4,347,270	Caa2,		
	0.910%, 8/7/33 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)		1,549,765
608,584	MWAM CBO Ltd., Ser. 2001-1A, Class A, AA, A3,		
	0.936%, 1/30/31 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)		495,661
	Saybrook Point CBO Ltd., Ser. 2001-1A, Class A,		
878,851	BBB-, B3,		
	0.977%, 2/25/31 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)		688,167
			6,455,685
Principal			
Amount	Description		Value
(25.002	Collateralized Loan Obligations – 16.0%		
635,902	Armstrong Loan Funding Ltd., Ser. 2008-1A, Class B, AA+, Aa3,	¢	500 402
• • • • • • • •	1.344%, 8/1/16 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)	\$	580,483
2,000,000	Black Diamond CLO Ltd., Ser. 2006-1A, Class B, A+, Baa2,		
• • • • • • • •	0.718%, 4/29/19 (Cayman Islands) (a) (b) (d)		1,551,460
2,000,000	Black Diamond CLO Ltd., Ser. 2006-1A, Class C, BBB+, Ba2,		1 202 100
1 05 4 05 0	1.018%, 4/29/19 (Cayman Islands) (a) (b) (d)		1,392,180
1,854,059	Business Loan Express, Ser. 2006-AA, Class A, BBB-, Aa3,		

2,000,000	Black Diamond CLO Ltd., Ser. 2006-1A, Class C, BBB+, Ba2,	
	1.018%, 4/29/19 (Cayman Islands) (a) (b) (d)	1,392,180
1,854,059	Business Loan Express, Ser. 2006-AA, Class A, BBB-, Aa3,	
	0.580%, 10/20/38 (b) (d)	1,268,308
1,259,374	Business Loan Express, Ser. 2007-AA, Class A, BBB-, A2,	
	0.740%, 10/20/40 (b) (d)	850,077
	CapitalSource Commercial Loan Trust, Ser. 2006-2A, Class A1B, AA+,	
750,000	Aaa,	
	0.670%, 9/20/22 (b) (d)	659,415
1,181,541	Coast Investment Grade, Ser. 2002-1X, Class A, BBB-, Caa3,	
	0.933% 7/30/17 (Cayman Islands) (d)	590,770
500,000	Emporia Preferred Funding, Ser. 2005-1A, Class B1, AA-, Aa3,	
	0.844%, 10/12/2018 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)	341,275
1,000,000	Friedbergmilstein Private Capital Fund, Ser. 2004-1A, Class B2, AA, A3,	
	5.409%, 1/15/19 (Cayman Islands) (b)	869,680
800,000	Mountain View Funding CLO, Ser. 2007-3A, Class A2, AA, A1,	
	0.644%, 4/16/21 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)	682,992
1,000,000	Nantucket CLO Ltd., Ser. 2006-1A, Class B, AA, A3,	
	0.904%, 11/24/20 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)	827,540
1,500,000	Rosedale CLO Ltd., Ser. I-A, Class A1J, A+, Baa1,	
	0.726%, 7/24/21 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)	1,351,755
2,000,000	Stanfield Modena CLO Ltd., Ser. 2004-1A, Class C, BBB-, Ba2,	
	1.521%, 9/22/16 (Cayman Islands) (a) (b) (d)	1,484,040
600,000	Start CLO Ltd., Ser 2006-2, Class C, A+, Baa1,	
	1.038%, 6/29/12 (Cayman Islands) (d)	559,602

1,000,000	Start CLO Ltd., Ser 2006-2, Class D, BBB+, Baa3,	
	2.138%, 6/29/12 (Cayman Islands) (d)	932,890
400,000	Start CLO Ltd., Ser. 2006-3A, Class C, A-, A1,	
	0.952%, 6/7/11 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)	399,524
550,000	Start CLO Ltd., Ser. 2006-3A, Class D, BBB, Baa1,	
	2.002%, 6/7/11 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)	543,758
100,000	Start CLO Ltd., Ser 2006-3X, Class F, NR, NR,	
	17.252%, 6/7/11 (Cayman Islands) (d)	99,817
500,000	Start CLO Ltd., Ser. 2007-4A, Class D, BBB+, Baa1,	
	1.835%, 12/26/11 (Cayman Islands) (a) (b) (d)	483,445
1,000,000	Start CLO Ltd., Ser. 2007-4A, Class E, BB+, Ba1,	
	3.885%, 12/26/11 (Cayman Islands) (a) (b) (d)	966,060
100,000	Start CLO Ltd., Ser 2007-4X, Class E, BB+, Ba1,	
	3.885%, 12/26/11 (Cayman Islands) (d)	96,606
2,000,000	TCW Global Project Fund, Ser. 2004-1A, Class A1, NR, NR,	
	1.203%, 6/15/16 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d) (f)	1,704,200
2,000,000	TCW Global Project Fund, Ser. 2004-1A, Class B1, NR, NR,	
	2.253%, 6/15/16 (Cayman Islands) (a) (b) (d) (f)	1,420,320
1,000,000	TCW Global Project Fund, Ser. 2005-1A, Class B2, A, NR,	
	5.793%, 9/1/17 (Cayman Islands) (b)	771,230

See notes to financial statements.

GOF | Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund | Portfolio of Investments continued

Princip Amou		Value
\$ 4,000,00 2,500,00	0.694%, 10/11/21 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)	\$ 3,513,280 1,975,425 25,916,132
2,000,00	Commercial Real Estate – 1.0% Wrightwood Capital Real Estate CDO Ltd., Ser. 2005-1A, Class A1, BB, 0 Aa3, 0.798%, 11/21/40 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d) (f)	1,507,380
500,00 2,000,00 2,000,00	15.68%, 3/31/17 (d) 0 HFG Healthco-4 LLC, Ser. 2006-1A, Class A, NR, Aa2, 0.680%, 6/5/12 (b) (d)	502,500 1,849,460 1,889,860
575,86 112,68	 Corporate Debt Obligations – 0.4% Muzinich CBO II Ltd., Ser. A2-A, AA+, B1, 7.150%, 10/15/13 (Bermuda) (b) 	4,241,820 546,900 99,458 646,358
500,00 1,000,00 500,00 1,000,00 1,500,00	 11.000%, 4/15/15 (b) LCP Rights Trust, Ser. 2010-1, Class A, NR, NR, 14.550%, 7/17/17 LCP Rights Trust, Ser. 2010-1, Class C, NR, NR, 19.210%, 7/17/17 LCP Rights Trust, Ser. 2010-1, Class D, NR, NR, 14.550%, 1/15/16 	500,153 999,960 499,955 999,970 1,499,895 4,499,933
42,01	Financials – 0.0%* 2 Blue Falcon, Ser. A-2, NR, NR,	

42,012 Blue Falcon, Ser. A-2, NR, NR, 5.460%, 12/25/16 (b)

41,595

	Insurance – 2.3%	
1,758,677	321 Henderson Receivables I LLC, Ser. 2007-3A, Class A, BBB, Baa1,	1 70 4 750
443,118	6.150%, 10/15/48 (a) (b) 321 Henderson Receivables I LLC, Ser. 2008-1A, Class A, AA+, Aaa,	1,724,559
445,110	6.190%, 1/15/44 (a) (b)	446,073
500,000	321 Henderson Receivables I LLC, Ser. 2008-1A, Class B, AA, NR,	
500,000	8.370%, 1/15/46 (a) (b) 321 Henderson Receivables I LLC, Ser. 2008-1A, Class C, A, NR,	518,215
300,000	9.360%, 1/15/48 (b)	505,820
500,000	321 Henderson Receivables I LLC, Ser. 2008-1A, Class D, BBB, NR,	
	10.810%, 1/15/50 (b)	535,420 3,730,087
		5,750,087
	Residential Loans – 0.2%	
500,000	GSAA Trust, Ser. 2007-5, Class 1F2A, CCC, Caa1,	205 420
	5.788%, 3/25/47 (a) (d)	305,439
	Student Loans – 0.2%	
391,570	MRU Student Loan Trust, Ser. 2008-A, Class A1A, AAA, NR,	105 201
202,567	7.400%, 1/25/41 (b) MRU Student Loan Trust, Ser. 2008-A, Class B, AA, NR,	197,391
202,507	5.816%, 1/25/41 (b) (d)	49,748
202,567	MRU Student Loan Trust, Ser. 2008-A, Class C, A, NR,	
	7.816%, 1/25/41 (b) (d)	43,724 290,863
		290,803
	Timeshares – 2.5%	
2,593,604	Diamonds Resort Owner Trust, Ser. 2009-1, Class A, A, NR,	2 505 760
1,369,941	9.310%, 3/20/26 (a) (b) Sierra Receivables Funding Co., Ser. 2006-1A, Class A1, BBB-, Baa3,	2,595,760
1,007,711	5.840%, 5/20/18 (a) (b)	1,393,113
		3,988,873
	Transportation -18.0%	
1,907,592	Aircraft Certificate Owner Trust, Ser. 2003-1A, Class D, BB+, Ba3,	
a 000 000	6.455%, 9/20/22 (b)	1,735,909
2,000,000	Aircraft Certificate Owner Trust, Ser. 2003-1A, Class E, BB+, Ba3, 7.001%, 9/20/22 (b)	1,645,020
2,311,685	Aircraft Lease Securitisation Ltd., Ser. 2007-1A, Class G3, A-, Baa1,	1,043,020
	0.540%, 5/10/32 (Jersey) (b) (d)	2,039,461
766,783	Airplanes Pass Through Trust, Ser. 1R, Class A8, BB-, Baa3, 0.712%, 3/15/19 (d)	751,448
15,000,000	Airplanes Pass Through Trust, Ser. 2001-1A, Class A9, CCC, B1,	751,110
	0.887%, 3/15/19 (d)	7,837,500
1,087,247	Aviation Capital Group Trust, Ser. 2000-1A, Class A1, BB, Ba3, 0.817%, 11/15/25 (b) (d)	595,964
5,813,296	Aviation Capital Group Trust, Ser. 2003-2A, Class B1, BBB, A3,	595,904
	3.340%, 9/20/33 (b) (d)	3,494,140
3,883,199	Babcock & Brown Air Funding Ltd., Ser. 2007-1A, Class G1, BBB+, Baa2, 0.638% 10/14/23 (Barmuda) (a) (b) (d)	2 0 1 2 400
	0.638%, 10/14/33 (Bermuda) (a) (b) (d)	2,912,400

894,145	Blade Engine Securitization Ltd., Ser. 2006-1A, Class B, BBB+, Baa2,	
	3.337%, 9/15/2041 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)	585,527
567,248	CLI Funding LLC, Ser. 2006-1A, Class A, BBB, Baa3,	
	0.518%, 8/18/21 (b) (d)	461,308
267,307	Helios Finance LP, Ser. 2007-S1, Class B1, BBB, Baa3,	
	1.040%, 10/20/14 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)	260,670
3,221,236	Lease Investment Flight Trust, Ser. 1, Class A3, B+, Baa3,	
	0.767%, 7/15/16 (a) (d)	2,844,319
5,200,000	Pegasus Aviation Lease Securitization, Ser. 2001-1A, Class A1, NR, B2,	
	0.777%, 5/10/31 (b) (d)	1,924,000
500,000	Pegasus Aviation Lease Securitization, Ser. 2001-1A, Class A2, NR, B2,	
	0.877%, 5/10/31 (b) (d)	185,000

See notes to financial statements.

GOF | Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund | Portfolio of Investments continued

Principal Amount	Description	Value
\$ 2,106,000	Transportation (continued) Triton Container Finance LLC, Ser. 2006-1A, BBB, Baa2, 0.515%, 11/26/21 (b) (d)	\$ 1,884,013 29,156,679
6,000,000 4,772,600	Trust Preferred Stocks – 3.5% Attentus CDO Ltd., Ser. 2007-3A, Class A1B, AAA, Aa3, 0.554%, 10/11/42 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d) Preferred Term Securities XXIII Ltd., BBB-, B1, 0.567%, 12/22/36 (Cayman Islands) (b) (d)	2,785,080 2,911,286 5,696,366
6,424,030 3,760,000	6.427%, 12/20/37 (a) (b) Dominos Pizza Master Issuer LLC, Ser. 2007-1, Class A2, BBB-, Baa3,	5,979,679
2,000,000	5.261%, 4/25/37 (a) (b) IHOP Franchising LLC, Ser. 2007-1A, Class A1, BBB-, Baa2, 5.144%, 3/20/37 (a) (b)	3,506,096 1,822,720
600,000	NuCO2 Funding LLC, Ser. 2008-1A, Class A1, NR, Baa2, 7.250%, 6/25/38 (b)	545,826 11,854,321
	Total Asset Backed Securities – 60.8% (Cost \$91,838,654)	98,331,531
500,000	Collateralized Mortgage Obligations – 29.8% Banc of America Commercial Mortgage, Inc., Ser. 2003-2, Class G, A-, NR, 5.333%, 3/11/41 (b) (d) Banc of America Commercial Mortgage, Inc., Ser. 2004-5, Class B, AA+,	422,554
1,000,000		720,686
600,000	Aaa, 5.154%, 10/10/45 (a) (d) Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage Securities, Ser. 2005-PW10, Class AJ,	507,830
1,500,000		1,156,325
500,000	Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust, Ser. 2004-C2, Class E, A-, A3, 5.023%, 10/15/41 (b) (d)	388,684
1,200,000	Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust, Ser. 2007-C6, Class AM, A, NR, 5.700%, 12/10/49 (d)	1,021,904
2,000,000	Citigroup/Deutsche Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, Ser. 2005-CD1, Class AJ,	

	A-, Aa1, 5.223%, 7/15/44 (a) (d)	1,683,356
	Commercial Mortgage Pass Through Certificates, Ser. 2006-C7, Class A4,	_,,
13,500,000	AAA, NR,	
	5.767%, 6/10/46 (d) (g)	13,928,007
1,000,000	Commercial Mortgage Pass Through Certificates, Ser. 2006-C7, Class AM,	
1,000,000	A, NR, 5.792%, 6/10/46 (a) (d)	900,141
	Commercial Mortgage Pass Through Certificates, Ser. 2006-CN2A, Class F,	200,141
1,000,000	CCC+, NR,	
1,000,000	5.570%, 2/5/19 (a) (b) (d)	884,671
4,144,928	Countrywide Alternative Loan Trust, Ser. 2006-OA19, Class A1, CCC, Ba2,	,
	0.520%, 2/20/47 (a) (d)	2,078,101
3,001,260	Countrywide Home Equity Loan Trust, Ser. 2004-S, Class 1A, CCC, B3,	
	0.577%, 2/15/30 (d)	1,586,703
1,599,910	Countrywide Home Loan Mortgage Pass Through Trust, Ser. 2005-HYB8,	
	Class 4A1, B-, Caa3,	
	5.383%, 12/20/35 (d)	1,201,463
1,187,500	Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp., Ser. 2005-TFLA,	
	Class K, AA+, Aaa, $1 \leq 27$	1 100 470
	1.637%, 2/15/20 (a) (b) (d)	1,123,473
1,500,000	Credit Suisse Mortgage Capital Certificates, Ser. 2006-C3, Class AM, BBB-, Aaa,	
1,500,000	5.825%, 6/15/38 (a) (d)	1,331,004
121,885	Deutsche ALT-A Securities, Inc., Alternate Loan Trust, Ser. 2006-AB4,	1,551,004
121,000	Class A1A, D, Caa1,	
	6.005%, 10/25/36 (d)	76,221
2,000,000	Greenwich Capital Commercial Funding Corp., Ser. 2005-GG3,	,
	Class AJ, AAA, Aa2,	
	4.859%, 8/10/42 (a) (d)	1,694,853
1,000,000	Greenwich Capital Commercial Funding Corp., Ser. 2005-GG5,	
	Class AJ, BBB, Aaa,	
	5.301%, 4/10/37 (a) (d)	822,963
600,000	GS Mortgage Securities Corp. II, Ser. 2001-GL3A, Class E, NR, A3,	
1 020 212	6.852%, 8/5/18 (b) (d)	578,637
1,039,312	Indymac Index Mortgage Loan Trust, Ser. 2006-AR9, Class 3A1, AAA, B3,	877 240
700,000	5.640%, 6/25/36 (d) JP Morgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp., Ser. 2002-C1,	827,340
700,000	Class E, A-, A2,	
	6.135%, 7/12/37 (b)	649,147
1,000,000	JP Morgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp., Ser. 2005-LDP3,	019,117
1,000,000	Class AJ, BBB, A2,	
	4.965%, 8/15/42 (a) (d)	816,448
2,600,000	JP Morgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp., Ser. 2007-LD11,	
	Class AM, BB+, A3,	
	5.818%, 6/15/49 (a) (d)	1,937,098
2,000,000	Morgan Stanley Capital I, Ser. 2005-HQ6, Class AJ, A-, NR,	
	5.073%, 8/13/42 (a) (d)	1,756,896
1,000,000	Morgan Stanley Capital I, Ser. 2006-HQ10, Class AM, NR, Aaa,	022 407
1 250 000	5.360%, 11/12/41 (a) Morgan Stanlay Capital I. San 2006 IO12 Class AM A NR	922,407
1,250,000	Morgan Stanley Capital I, Ser. 2006-IQ12, Class AM, A, NR,	

	5.370%, 12/15/43 (a)	1,064,239
1,000,000	Morgan Stanley Capital I, Ser. 2006-T23, Class AM, A+, NR,	
	5.810%, 8/12/41 (a) (d)	912,135
436,711	New Century Home Equity Loan Trust, Ser. 2004-A, Class AII9, B, A2,	
	5.364%, 8/25/34 (d)	353,970
1,088,000	TBW Mortgage Backed Pass Through Certificates, Ser. 2006-6,	
	Class A3, D, Caa2,	
	5.750%, 1/25/37 (h)	629,458
2,500,000	TBW Mortgage Backed Pass Through Certificates, Ser. 2006-6,	
	Class A5B, D, Caa3,	
	6.040%, 1/25/37 (h)	1,169,860
notos to fina	ncial statements	

See notes to financial statements.

GOF | Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund | Portfolio of Investments continued

	Principal Amount	Description	Value
\$	2,000,000	Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (continued) TIAA Seasoned Commercial Mortgage Trust, Ser. 2007-C4, Class AJ, A+, NR,	
φ	2,000,000	6.072%, 8/15/39 (d)	\$ 1,818,309
	750,000	Timberstar Trust, Ser. 2006-1A, Class C, A, A3,	
	2 000 000	5.884%, 10/15/36 (a) (b) Wachovia Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, Ser. 2005-C20, Class AJ,	764,954
	2,000,000	BBB-, Aaa, 5.139%, 7/15/42 (a) (d)	1,667,477
	1,000,000	Wachovia Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, Ser. 2005-C21, Class AJ, A-,	1,007,177
	_,,	5.208%, 10/15/44 (a) (d)	873,269
		Total Collateralized Mortgage Obligations – 29.8% (Cost \$50,030,593)	48,270,583
	Number		
	of Shares		Value
		Preferred Stock – 2.8%	
		Banks – 1.3%	
		BB&T Capital Trust VI, 9.600% (a)	1,111,200
	50,000	Santander Finance Preferred SA Unipersonal, 6.500% (Spain) (a)	990,500 2,101,700
			, - ,
	50.000	Diversified Financial Services – 0.6%	1,009,500
		Deutsche Bank Contingent Capital Trust II, 6.550% (a) Lehman Brothers Holdings, Inc., Ser. J, 7.950% (i)	1,009,300
)		1,010,327
		Insurance -0.2%	
	20,000	Aegon NV, 6.375% (Netherlands) (a)	341,400
	3,800	ING Groep NV, 7.050% (Netherlands) (a)	68,134
			409,534
		Telecommunication – 0.7%	
	1,000	Centaur Funding Corp., 9.080% (Cayman Islands) (b)	1,058,437
		Total Preferred Stock – 2.8%	
		(Cost \$5,817,313)	4,579,998
		Exchange-Traded Funds – 10.1%	
	55,000	Powershares QQQ (a) (j)	2,509,100

\$

-	-	
100,000 30,000	ProShares Ultra Dow30 (a) (j) ProShares Ultra S&P500 (a) (j) SPDR Dow Jones Industrial Average ETF Trust (a) (j) SPDR S&P 500 ETF Trust (a) (j)	$1,144,825 \\ 3,624,000 \\ 3,044,100 \\ 6,019,200$
	Total Exchange-Traded Funds – 10.1% (Cost \$16,018,936)	16,341,225
Principal Amount	Description	Value
2,000,000	U.S. Government and Agency Securities – 1.2% Freddie Mac, Ser. 1, AAA, Aaa, 6.500%, 6/3/24 (a) (d) (Cost \$2,000,000) Term Loans (k) – 3.1%	\$ 1,960,000
447,659	Consumer Products – 0.3% Navisite, Inc., B-, B3, 9.150%, 9/19/14 (d)	425,276
283,064	Electronics – 0.2% Clientlogic Corp., B+, B3, 5.795%, 1/30/14 (d)	277,403
843,384	Healthcare, Education & Childcare – 0.4% Embanet, B, B2, 3.310%, 6/28/12 (d)	691,574
692,502	Home & Office Furnishings – 0.4% Centaur LLC, CCC+, B2, 11.250%, 11/9/14 (d)	626,715
1,448,876	Leisure – 0.8% Bushnell Performance Optics, BB-, Ba3, 4.540%, 8/24/13 (d)	1,372,810
1,078,241 972,500	Retail Stores – 1.0% Deb Shops, Inc., B-, B3, 7.000%, 4/23/14 (d) Mattress Firm, B, Ba3,	733,204
, 2 , 2 , 0	2.690%, 10/23/14 (d)	802,313 1,535,517
	Total Term Loans – 3.1% (Cost \$5,609,694)	4,929,295
	Total Long-Term Investments – 131.7% (Cost \$212,113,651)	213,127,235

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See notes to financial statements.

GOF | Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund | Portfolio of Investments continued

Contracts	Options Purchased	Expiration Date	Exercise Price	Value
32	Call Options Purchased – 0.0%* CBOE S&P 500 Volatility Index (j) (l) (m) (Cost \$38,080) Total Investments – 131.7% (Cost \$212,151,731) Other Assets in excess of Liabilities - 11.3%	June 2010	\$ 20.00	\$ 32,000 213,159,235 18,332,722 (501 (84)
	Total Options Written - (0.3%) Borrowings - (16.6%) Reverse Repurchase Agreements - (19.5%) TALF Loan - (6.6%) Net Assets Applicable to Common Shareholders - 100.0%			(591,684) (26,865,369) (31,621,245) (10,630,271) \$ 161,783,388
CDO - Coll CLO - Coll FCB - Farm LLC - Limit LP - Limite N/A - Not A NV - Public	Company ateralized Bond Obligation ateralized Debt Obligation ateralized Loan Obligation ners Credit Bureau ted Liability Company d Partnership Available cly Traded Company ic Limited Company			
 (a) All or a poptions a (b) Securitie resold in securitie (c) Securidie (d) (e) Risk-Lin related synthesecurity continge the security and is ba which report of the security security and is ba which report of the security and is ba which report of the security and is ba which report of the security security and is ba which report of the security security and is ba which report of the security s	ration portion of this security has been physically segregated in conn and reverse repurchase agreements. As of May 31, 2010, the t es are exempt from registration under Rule 144A of the Securit a transactions exempt from registration, normally to qualified i s amounted to \$106,936,897 which represents 66.1% of net as tity has a fixed rate coupon which will convert to a floating or Floating or Variable Rate Coupon. Rate shown is in ked Security – A risk-linked security is a form of derivative is pecial purpose vehicles that apply securitization techniques to trity is typically a debt obligation for which the return of princ nt on the non-occurrence of a pre-defined "trigger event." Dep trity, this trigger could be the result of a hurricane, earthquake of is valued in accordance with Fair Valuation procedures establis sed, in part on significant unobservable inputs. The total mark presents 2.9% of net assets applicable to common shares. portion of this security was acquired, and has been physically	otal amount set ties Act of 193 nstitutional bu sets applicable variable rate c effect at May soued by insura catastrophic p ipal and the pa bending on the or some other ished in good i	egregated was 33. These secu yers. At May to common s oupon on a fu 31, 2010. ance companie roperty and ca syment of inte specific terms catastrophic e faith by the Bo	\$109,614,982. rities may be 31, 2010, these hares. ture date. es and insurance asualty damages. rest are s and structure of vent. bard of Trustees \$4,631,900

- (g) All of a portion of this security was acquired, and has been physically segregated in connection with the Fund's participation in the Term Asset-Backed Securities Loan Facility program(the "TALF program") operated by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. As of May 31, 2010, the total amount physically segregated was \$13,928,007. See notes to financial statements.
- (h) Security is a "step-up" bond where the coupon increases or steps up at a predetermined date.

(i) Non-income producing as security is in default.

(j) All or a portion of this security position represents cover for outstanding options written.

- (k) Term loans held by the Fund have a variable interest rate feature which is periodically adjusted based on an underlying interest rate benchmark. In addition, term loans may include mandatory and/or optional prepayment terms. As a result, the actual maturity dates of the loans may be different than the amounts disclosed in the portfolio of investments. Term loans may be considered restricted in that the Fund may be contractually obligated to receive approval from the Agent Bank and/or Borrower prior to the sale or disposition of loan.
- (l) Non-income producing security.

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(m) Represents 100 shares per contract.
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Ratings (unaudited) shown are per Standard & Poor's and Moody's. Securities classified as NR are not rated.

Contracts	Options Written (1)	Expiration Date	Exercise Price	Value
	Call Options Written $-(0.3\%)$			
32	CBOE S&P 500 Volatility Index (m)	June 2010	\$ 30.00	\$ 11,200
	Powershares QQQ (m)	June 2010	46.00	52,525
	ProShares Ultra Dow30 (m)	June 2010	42.00	50,187
1,000	ProShares Ultra S&P500 (m)	June 2010	37.00	151,500
900	S&P 500 Index	June 2010	1,120.00	11,430
6,900	S&P 500 Index	June 2010	1,100.00	151,800
300	SPDR Dow Jones Industrial Average			
	ETF Trust (m)	June 2010	102.00	61,650
550	SPDR S&P 500 ETF Trust (m)	June 2010	111.00	101,200
	Total Value of Call Options Written			
	(Premiums received \$817,828)			591,492
	Put Options Written - (0.0%*)			
32	CBOE S&P 500 Volatility Index (m)	June 2010	20.00	192
	(Premiums received \$320)			
	Total Value of Options Written - (0.3%)			
	(Premiums received \$818,148)			\$ 591,684
*Locathan (107			

*Less than 0.1%

See notes to financial statements.

GOF | Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund

Statement of Assets and Liabilities | May 31, 2010

Assets		
Investments in securities, at value (cost \$212,151,731)	\$213	3,159,235
Cash	13	3,393,104
Restricted Cash	2	2,930,000
Unrealized appreciation on swaps	1	,252,075
Interest receivable	1	,729,518
Dividends receivable		42,333
Other assets		97,927
Total assets	232	2,604,192
Liabilities		
Reverse repurchase agreements	31	,621,245
Borrowings	26	6,865,369
Payable on TALF Loan	10),630,271
Options written, at value (premiums received of \$818,148)		591,684
Interest due on borrowings		356,099
Payable for securities purchased		341,250
Advisory fee payable		197,472
Administration fee payable		5,223
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		212,191
Total liabilities),820,804
Net Assets	\$161	,783,388
Composition of Net Assets		
Common stock, \$.01 par value per share; unlimited number of shares authorized, 9,215,636 shares		
issued and outstanding	\$	92,156
Additional paid-in capital	167	7,407,951
Accumulated net realized loss on investments, options, futures and swaps	(9	9,063,320)
Accumulated net unrealized appreciation on investments, options and swaps	2	2,486,043
Accumulated undistributed net investment income		860,558
Net Assets		,783,388
Net Asset Value (based on 9,215,636 common shares outstanding)	\$	17.56

See notes to financial statements.

Statement of Operations | For the Year Ended May 31, 2010

Investment Income		
Dividends	\$ 450,557	
Interest	19,885,476	
Total income		\$20,336,033
Expenses		
Investment advisory fee	1,965,337	
Professional fees	272,834	
Fund accounting fee	166,455	
Custodian fee	106,966	
Trustees' fees and expenses	75,973	
Printing expense	57,483	
Administration fee	53,300	
Line of credit fee	38,749	
Transfer agent fee	21,733	
NYSE listing fee	21,500	
TALF loan fees	21,261	
Insurance	17,509	
Miscellaneous	7,831	
Interest expense	1,409,486	
Total expenses		4,236,417
Net investment income		16,099,616
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments, Options and Swap Transactions		
Net realized gain (loss) on:		
Investments		4,065,356
Options		(2,239,956)
Swaps		2,930,090
Net change in unrealized appreciation on:		
Investments		41,376,168
Options		551,885
Swaps		1,149,211
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments, options, and swap transactions		47,832,754
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations		\$63,932,370
See notes to financial statements.		

Statement of Changes in Net Assets |

	For the Year Ended May 31, 2010	For the Year Ended May 31, 2009
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets from Operations		
Net investment income	\$ 16,099,616	\$ 9,668,019
Net realized gain (loss) on investments, options, foreign currency transaction,		
futures and swaps	4,755,490	(9,642,859)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, options,		
unfunded commitments and swaps	43,077,264	(29,632,229)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	63,932,370	(29,607,069)
Distributions to Common Shareholders		
From and in excess of net investment income	(16,931,384)	(12,332,718)
Return of capital	(10,991,904)	(4,493,766)
	(16,931,384)	(16,826,484)
Capital Share Transactions		
Reinvestment of dividends	1,706,887	_
Net increase from capital share transactions	1,706,887	_
Total increase (decrease) in net assets	48,707,873	(46,433,553)
	,	(,,)
Net Assets		
Beginning of period	113,075,515	159,509,068
End of period (including accumulated undistributed net		
investment income of \$860,558 and \$967,896, respectively)	\$ 161,783,388	\$ 113,075,515
See notes to financial statements.		

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GOF Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund	
Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended May 31, 2010	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	\$ 63,932,370
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 03,932,570
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations to Net Cash Used in Operating and Investing Activities:	
Net unrealized appreciation on investments	(41,376,168)
Net unrealized appreciation on options	(551,885)
Net unrealized appreciation on swaps	(1,149,211)
Net accretion of bond discount and amortization of bond premium	(8,117,299)
Net realized gain on investments	(4,065,356)
Paydowns received	(2,205,103)
Net realized loss on options	2,239,956 (2,930,090)
Net realized gain on swaps Purchase of long-term investments	(142,666,875)
Cost of written options closed	(6,039,076)
Proceeds from sale of long-term investments	125,107,445
Increase in dividends receivable	(29,905)
Increase in interest receivable	(498,759)
Decrease in receivable for investments sold	4,249,691
Increase in other assets	(82,023)
Decrease in payable for investments purchased	(2,544,374)
Increase in interest due on borrowings	343,699
Premiums received on call options written	7,814,989
Increase in advisory fee payable	78,234
Increase in administration fee payable	1,944
Increase in accrued expenses and other liabilities	92,402
Net Cash Used in Operating and Investing Activities	(8,395,394)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:	
Dividends paid to common shareholders	(15,224,497)
Increase in reverse repurchase agreements	22,663,995
Proceeds from TALF loans	10,630,271
Proceeds from borrowings	14,737,818
Payments made on borrowings	(10,000,000)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	22,807,587
Net increase in cash	14,412,193
Cash at Beginning of Period	1,910,911
Cash at End of Period (including restricted cash)	\$ 16,323,104
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 1,065,787
Construction to Construct to the second	

See notes to financial statements.

Financial Highlights |

		For the		For the		he period 27, 2007*
Per share operating performance	Ye	ar Ended	Ye	ar Ended	July 2	through
for a common share outstanding throughout the period		31, 2010		31, 2009	Mav	31, 2008
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$	12.42	\$	17.52	\$	19.10(b)
Income from investment operations						
Net investment income (a)		1.76		1.06		0.79
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments,						
options, futures,						
swaps and unfunded commitments		5.23		(4.31)		(0.99)
Total from investment operations		6.99		(3.25)		(0.20)
Common share offering expenses charged to paid-in-capital		_		_		(0.04)
Distributions to Common Shareholders						
From and in excess of net investment income		(1.85)		(1.36)		(0.98)
Return of capital		_		(0.49)		(0.36)
Total distributions		(1.85)		(1.85)		(1.34)
Net asset value, end of period	\$	17.56	\$	12.42	\$	17.52
Market value, end of period	\$	17.46	\$	11.53	\$	16.78
Total investment return (c)						
Net asset value		59.06%		-18.37%		-1.40%
Market value		70.37%		-19.51%		-9.41%
Ratios and supplemental data						
Net assets, applicable to common shareholders, end of perio						
(thousands)	\$	161,783	\$	113,076	\$	159,509
Ratios to Average Net Assets applicable to Common Shares	.:					
Total expenses, excluding interest expense		1.98%(2.06%	• •	1.72%(d)(e)
Total expenses, including interest expense		2.97%((d)	3.25%		3.36%(d)(e)
Net investment income, including interest expense		11.30%		7.84%		5.08%(e)
Portfolio turnover (f)		67%		58%		210%
Senior Indebtedness	<i>.</i>	<pre></pre>	<i>•</i>	2 4 00 7	¢	
Total Borrowings outstanding (in thousands)	\$	69,117	\$	31,085	\$	76,016
Asset coverage per \$1,000 of indebtedness (g)	\$	3,341	\$	4,638	\$	3,098
*		<i>.</i> .				

*

Commencement of operations.

(a)

Based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(b) Before deduction of offering expenses charged to capital.

(c) Total investment return is calculated assuming a purchase of a common share at the beginning of the period and a sale on the last day of the period reported either at net asset value ("NAV") or market price per share. Dividends and distributions are assumed to be reinvested at NAV for NAV returns or the prices obtained under the Fund's Dividend Reinvestment Plan for market value returns. Total investment return does not reflect brokerage commissions. A return calculated for a period of less than one year is not annualized.

- (d) The ratios of total expenses to average net assets applicable to common shares and to average managed assets do not reflect fees and expenses incurred indirectly by the Fund as a result of its investment in shares of other investment companies. If these fees were included in the expense ratios, expense ratios would increase by 0.05% for the year ended May 31, 2010, 0.08% for the year ended May 31, 2009, and 0.04% for the period ended May 31, 2008.
- (e)

Annualized.

- (f) Portfolio turnover is not annualized for periods less than one year.
- (g)Calculated by subtracting the Fund's total liabilities (not including the borrowings) from the Fund's total assets and dividing by the total borrowings.

See notes to financial statements.

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Notes to Financial Statements | May 31, 2010

Note 1 – Organization:

Claymore/Guggenheim Strategic Opportunities Fund (the "Fund") was organized as a Delaware statutory trust on November 13, 2006. The Fund is registered as a diversified, closed-end management investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("1940 Act").

The Fund's primary investment objective is to maximize total return through a combination of current income and capital appreciation.

Note 2 – Accounting Policies:

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") established the FASB Accounting Standards CodificationTM ("ASC") as the single source of authoritative accounting principles reorganized by the FASB in preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The ASC superseded existing non-grandfathered, non-U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") accounting and reporting standards. The ASC did not change GAAP but rather organized it into a hierarchy where all guidance with the ASC carried an equal level of authority. The ASC became effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. The ASC did not have a material effect of the Fund's financial statements.

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Fund.

(a) Valuation of Investments

The Fund values equity securities at the last reported sale price on the principal exchange or in the principal Over-the-Counter ("OTC") market in which such securities are traded, as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") on the day the securities are being valued or, if there are no sales, at the mean between the last available bid and asked prices on that day. Securities traded on the NASDAQ are valued at the NASDAQ Official Closing Price. Preferred stocks are valued at their sales price as of the close of the exchange on which they are traded. Preferred stocks for which the last sales price is not available are valued at the last available bid price. Debt securities (including asset-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, and term loans) are valued at the last available bid price. If bids are not available, debt securities are estimated using valuation models that incorporate market data that may include assumptions relating to current yields, timing of cash flows, dealer quotes, prepayment risk, value of underlying collateral, general market conditions, liquidity and prices of other debt securities with comparable coupon rates, maturities/duration, and credit quality. Foreign securities are translated from the local currency into U.S. dollars using the current exchange rate. The Fund's securities that are primarily traded in foreign markets may be traded in such markets on days that the NYSE is closed. As a result, the net asset value of the Fund may be significantly affected on days when holders of common shares have no ability to trade common shares on the NYSE. Investment companies are valued at the last available closing price. The Fund values exchange-traded options and other derivative contracts at the mean of the best bid and asked prices at the close on those exchanges on which they are traded. Short-term securities with remaining maturities of 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value.

When market price quotes are not readily available, the independent pricing service or in the absence of a pricing service for a particular investment or derivative instrument, the Board of Trustees of the Fund, or its designee, which

may include Guggenheim Partners Asset Managers, LLC ("GPAM"), may establish fair value using a wide variety of market data including yields or prices of investments of comparable quality, type of issue, coupon, maturity, rating, indications of value from security dealers, evaluations of anticipated cash flows or collateral, spread over treasuries, and other information and analysis. GPAM also uses third party service providers to model certain securities using cash flow models to represent a fair market value.

For those securities where quotations or prices are not available, the valuations are determined in accordance with procedures established in good faith by the Board of Trustees. Valuations in accordance with these procedures are intended to reflect each security's (or asset's) "fair value". Such "fair value" is the amount that the Fund might reasonably expect to receive for the security (or asset) upon its current sale. Each such determination should be based on a consideration of all relevant factors, which are likely to vary from one pricing context to another. Examples of such factors may include, but are not limited to: (i) the type of security, (ii) the initial cost of the security, (iii) the existence of any contractual restrictions on the security's disposition, (iv) the price and extent of public trading in similar securities of the issuer or of comparable companies, (v) quotations or evaluated prices from broker-dealers and/or pricing services, (vi) information obtained from the issuer, analysts, and/or the appropriate stock exchange (for exchange traded securities), (vii) an analysis of the company's financial statements, and (viii) an evaluation of the forces that influence the issuer and the market(s) in which the security is purchased and sold (e.g. the existence of pending merger activity, public offerings or tender offers that might affect the value of the security).

The Fund has elected to recognize the TALF loan at fair value, as permitted by GAAP, to mitigate the volatility in net assets caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently. Consequently the Fund recorded the loan liability on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, at fair value. The fair value option requires that the TALF loan be marked-to-market giving consideration to changes in the market value of the pledged collateral.

In accordance with ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (formerly known as the Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 157), fair value is defined as the price that the Fund would receive to sell an investment or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction with an independent buyer in the principal market, or in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the investment or liability. ASC 820 establishes three different categories for valuations. Level 1 valuations are those based upon quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 valuations are those based upon quoted prices in inactive markets or based upon significant observable inputs (e.g. yield curves; benchmark interest rates; indices). Level 3 valuations are those based upon unobservable inputs (e.g. discounted cash flow analysis; non-market based methods used to determine fair valuation). The following table represents the Fund's investments carried on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities by caption and by level within the fair value hierarchy as of May 31, 2010:

Description				
(value in \$000s)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Corporate Bonds	\$ - \$	38,715 \$	- \$	38,715
Asset Backed Securities				
Collateralized Debt Obligations	_	6,456	_	6,456
Collateralized Loan Obligations	_	22,791	3,125	25,916
Commercial Real Estate	_	_	1,507	1,507
Commercial Receivables	_	4,242	_	4,242
Corporate Debt Obligations	_	646	_	646
Credit Cards	_	4,500	_	4,500
Financials	_	42	_	42
Insurance	_	3,730	_	3,730
Residential Loans	_	305	_	305
Student Loans	_	291	_	291
Timeshares	_	3,989	_	3,989

Transportation	_	29,157	_	29,157
Trust Preferred Stocks	_	5,696	_	5,696
Whole Business	_	11,854	_	11,854
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	_	48,271	_	48,271
Preferred Stock	4,580	_	_	4,580
Exchange-Traded Funds	16,341	_	_	16,341

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Description						
(value in \$000s)	L	evel 1 l	Level 2	Le	evel 3	Total
U.S. Government and Agency Securities	\$	- \$	1,960	\$	- \$	1,960
Term Loans		_	4,929		_	4,929
Interest Rate Swaps		_	2,394		_	2,394
Total Return Swaps		_	110		_	110
Call Options Purchased		_	32		_	32
Total	\$	20,921 \$	190,110	\$	4,632 \$	215,663
Liabilities:						
Credit Default Swaps	\$	- \$	1,237	\$	- \$	1,237
Total Return Swaps		_	22		_	22
Options Written		417	175		_	592
TALF Loan		_	10,630		_	10,630
Total	\$	417 \$	12,064	\$	- \$	12,481

The following table presents the activity of the Fund's investments measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 valuations) for the period ended May 31, 2010.

Level 3 Holdings	Se	ecurities	Derivativ	es	Total
(value in \$000s)					
Beginning Balance at 5/31/09	\$	33,038	\$	- \$	33,038
Total Realized Gain/Loss		113		_	113
Change in Unrealized Gain/Loss		(2,792)		_	(2,792)
Net Purchases and Sales		(470)		_	(470)
Net Transfers In/Out		(25,257)		_	(25,257)
Ending Balance at 5/31/10	\$	4,632	\$	- \$	4,632

(b) Investment Transactions and Investment Income

Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date. Realized gains and losses on investments are determined on the identified cost basis. Paydown gains and losses on mortgage and asset-backed securities are treated as an adjustment to interest income. For the year ended May 31, 2010, the Fund recognized an increase of interest income and a decrease of net realized gain of \$2,205,103. This reclassification is reflected on the Statement of Operations and had no effect on the net asset value of the Fund. Dividend income is recorded net of applicable withholding taxes on the ex-dividend date and interest income is recorded on an accrual basis. Discounts or premiums on debt securities purchased are accreted or amortized to interest income over the lives of the respective securities using the effective interest method.

(c) Swaps

A swap is an agreement to exchange the return generated by one instrument for the return generated by another instrument. The Fund may enter into swap agreements to manage its exposure to interest rates and/or credit risk or to generate income. The swaps are valued daily at current market value and any unrealized gain or loss is included in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Gain or loss is realized on the termination date of the swap and is equal to the difference between the Fund's basis in the swap and the proceeds of the closing transaction, including any fees. During the period that the swap agreement is open, the Fund may be subject to risk from the potential inability of the counterparty to meet the terms of the agreement. The swaps involve elements of both market and credit risk in excess of the amounts reflected on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Upon termination of a swap agreement, a payable to or receivable from swap counterparty is established on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities to reflect the net

gain/loss, including interest income/expense, on terminated swap positions. The line item is removed upon settlement according to the terms of the swap agreement.

Realized gain (loss) upon termination of swap contracts is recorded on the Statement of Operations. Fluctuations in the value of swap contracts are recorded as a component of net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of swap contracts. Net periodic payments received by the Fund are included as part of realized gain (loss) and, in the case of accruals for periodic payments, are included as part of unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on the Statement of Operations.

(d) Covered Call Options

The Fund will pursue its primary objective by employing an option strategy of writing (selling) covered call options on equity securities and indices. The Fund seeks to generate current gains from option premiums as a means to enhance distributions payable to the Fund's common shareholders.

When an option is written, the premium received is recorded as an asset with an equal liability and is subsequently marked to market to reflect the current market value of the option written. These liabilities are reflected as options written in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Premiums received from writing options which expire unexercised are recorded on the expiration date as a realized gain. The difference between the premium received and the amount paid on effecting a closing purchase transaction, including brokerage commissions, is also treated as a realized gain, or if the premium is less than the amount paid for the closing purchase transactions, as a realized loss. If an option is exercised, the premium is added to the proceeds from the sale of the underlying security in determining whether there has been a realized gain or loss.

(e) Currency Translation

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the mean of the bid and asked price of respective exchange rates on the last day of the period. Purchases and sales of investments denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate on the date of the transaction.

The Fund does not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in market prices of securities held. Such fluctuations are included with the net realized and unrealized gain or loss from investments.

Foreign exchange realized gain or loss resulting from holding of a foreign currency, expiration of a currency exchange contract, difference in exchange rates between the trade date and settlement date of an investment purchased or sold, and the difference between dividends or interest actually received compared to the amount shown in a Fund's accounting records on the date of receipt is shown as net realized gains or losses on foreign currency transactions on the Fund's Statement of Operations.

Foreign exchange unrealized gain or loss on assets and liabilities, other than investments, is shown as unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on foreign currency translation in the Fund's Statement of Operations.

(f) Distributions to Shareholders

The Fund declares and pays monthly dividends to common shareholders. These dividends consist of investment company taxable income, which generally includes qualified dividend income, ordinary income and short-term capital gains. To the extent distributions exceed net investment income, the excess will be deemed a return of capital. Any net realized long-term capital gains are distributed annually to common shareholders.

Distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount and timing of distributions are determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations, which may differ from U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Note 3 – Investment Advisory Agreement, Sub-Advisory Agreement and Other Agreements:

Pursuant to an Investment Advisory Agreement (the "Agreement") among the Fund and Claymore Advisors, LLC ("the Adviser"), the Adviser furnished offices, necessary facilities and

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equipment, provides administrative services, oversees the activities of GPAM, provides personnel including certain officers required for the Fund's administrative management and compensates all officers and trustees of the Fund who are its affiliates. As compensation for these services, the Fund pays the Adviser a fee, payable monthly, in an amount equal to 1.00% of the Fund's average daily managed assets (net assets applicable to common shareholders plus any assets attributable to financial leverage).

Pursuant to a Sub-Advisory Agreement (the "Sub-Advisory Agreement") among the Fund, the Adviser and GPAM, GPAM under the supervision of the Fund's Board of Trustees and the Adviser, provides a continuous investment program for the Fund's portfolio; provides investment research, makes and executes recommendations for the purchase and sale of securities; and provides certain facilities and personnel, including certain officers required for its administrative management and pays the compensation of all officers and trustees of the Fund who are its affiliates. As compensation for its services, the Adviser pays GPAM a fee, payable monthly, in an annual amount equal to 0.50% of the Fund's average daily managed assets.

On October 15, 2009, Guggenheim Partners LLC, ("Guggenheim"), a global, diversified financial services firm, and Claymore Group Inc., parent of the Adviser, announced the completion of a previously announced merger. The closing of this transaction took place on October 14, 2009 ("The Effective Date"). This transaction resulted in a change-of-control whereby Claymore Group Inc. and its subsidiaries, including the Adviser, became indirect, wholly-owned subsidiaries of Guggenheim. The transaction has not affected the daily operations of the Fund or the investment activities or the investment management activities of the Adviser.

Under the 1940 Act, the consummation of the transaction resulted in the automatic termination of the Fund's Advisory & Sub-Advisory Agreement. On September 29, 2009, the Board of Trustees approved a new investment advisory agreement between the Fund and the Adviser (the "New Advisory Agreement") and a new investment sub-advisory agreement among the Fund, the Adviser and GPAM (the "New Sub-Advisory Agreement" and together with the New Advisory Agreement, the "New Agreements") and recommended that the New Agreements be submitted to the shareholders of the Fund for their approval. On February 3, 2010, the shareholders approved the New Agreements on behalf of the Fund.

Under a separate Fund Administration agreement, the Adviser provides fund administration services to the Fund. As compensation for services performed under the Administration Agreement, the Advisor receives a fund administration fee payable monthly at the annual rate set forth below as a percentage of the average daily managed assets of the Fund.

Managed Assets	Rate
First \$200,000,000	0.0275%
Next \$300,000,000	0.0200%
Next \$500,000,000	0.0150%
Over \$1,000,000,000	0.0100%

For the year ended May 31, 2010, the Fund recognized expenses of \$53,300 for these services.

The Bank of New York Mellon ("BNY") acts as the Fund's custodian, accounting agent, and transfer agent. As custodian, BNY is responsible for the custody of the Fund's assets. As accounting agent, BNY is responsible for maintaining the books and records of the Fund's securities and cash. As transfer agent, BNY is responsible for performing transfer agency services for the Fund.

Certain officers and trustees of the Fund are also officers and directors of the Adviser or GPAM. The Fund does not compensate its officers or trustees who are officers of the aforementioned firms.

Note 4 – Federal Income Taxes:

The Fund intends to comply with the requirements of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, applicable to regulated investment companies. Accordingly, no provision for U.S. federal income taxes is required. In addition, by distributing substantially all of its ordinary income and long-term capital gains, if any, during each calendar year, the Fund intends not to be subject to U.S. federal excise tax.

At May 31, 2010, the following reclassifications were made to the capital accounts of the Fund to reflect permanent book/tax differences and income and gains available for distributions under income tax regulations, which are primarily due to the differences between book and tax treatment of investments in real estate trusts and swaps. Net investment income, net realized gains and net assets were not affected by these changes.

	Undistributed		Accumulated	
	Net Investment		Net Realized	
	Income/(Loss)		Gain/(Loss)	Paid in Capital
\$724,430		\$(724,430) \$-	

Information on the components of investments, excluding purchased and written options, and net assets as of May 31, 2010, is as follows:

			Net Tax	Net Tax
Cost of	Gross Tax	Gross Tax	Unrealized	Unrealized
Investments for	Unrealized	Unrealized	Depreciation	Appreciation on
Tax Purposes	Appreciation	Depreciation	on Investments	Derivatives
\$216,503,947	\$13,660,339	\$(17,005,051)	\$(3,344,712)	\$2,620,593
			Undistributed	Undistributed

Ordinary Long-Term Income/ Gains/ (Accumulated Ordinary Loss) Capital Loss) \$(281,496) \$(4,711,104)	Undistributed	Undistributed
(Accumulated Ordinary Loss)(Accumulated Capital Loss)	Ordinary	Long-Term
Ordinary Loss) Capital Loss)	Income/	Gains/
•	(Accumulated	(Accumulated
\$(281,496) \$(4,711,104)	Ordinary Loss)	Capital Loss)
	\$(281,496)	\$(4,711,104)

The differences between book basis and tax basis unrealized appreciation (depreciation) is attributable to the tax deferral of losses on wash sales.

For federal income tax purposes, as of May 31, 2010, the Fund had a capital loss carryforward of \$4,711,104 available to offset possible future capital gains. The capital loss carryforward is set to expire on May 31, 2018.

For the years ended May 31, 2010, and 2009, the tax character of distributions paid to common shareholders as reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets was as follows:

Distributions paid from	2010 2009
Ordinary Income	\$16,931,384 \$12,332,718
Return of Capital	\$ - \$ 4,493,766
	\$ 16,931,384 \$ 16,826,484

For all open tax years and all major jurisdictions, management of the Fund has concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions that would require recognition in the financial statements. Open tax years are those that are

open for examination by taxing authorities (i.e. generally the last four tax year ends and the interim tax period since then). Furthermore, management of the Fund is also not aware of any tax positions for which it is reasonably possible that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change in the next twelve months.

Note 5 – Investments in Securities:

During the year ended May 31, 2010, the cost of purchases and proceeds from sales of investments, excluding written options and short-term investments were \$142,666,875 and \$125,107,445, respectively.

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Note 6 – Derivatives:

(a) Covered Call Option

An option on a security is a contract that gives the holder of the option, in return for a premium, the right to buy from (in the case of a call) or sell to (in the case of a put) the writer of the option the security underlying the option at a specified exercise or "strike" price. The writer of an option on a security has the obligation upon exercise of the option to deliver the underlying security upon payment of the exercise price (in the case of a call) or to pay the exercise price upon delivery of the underlying security (in the case of a put).

There are several risks associated with transactions in options on securities. As the writer of a covered call option, the Fund forgoes, during the option's life, the opportunity to profit from increases in the market value of the security covering the call option above the sum of the premium and the strike price of the call, but has retained the risk of loss should the price of the underlying security decline. The writer of an option has no control over the time when it may be required to fulfill its obligation as writer of the option. Once an option writer has received an exercise notice, it cannot effect a closing purchase transaction in order to terminate its obligation under the option and must deliver the underlying security at the exercise price.

The Fund entered into written option contracts during the year ended May 31, 2010.

Details of the transactions were as follows:

	Number of		Premiums	
	Contracts	Received		
Options outstanding, beginning of year	8,677	\$	779,378	
Options written during the period	123,298		7,814,989	
Options expired during the period	(20,779)		(1,096,737)	
Options closed during the period	(94,124)		(5,613,432)	
Options assigned during the period	(6,533)		(1,066,050)	
Options outstanding, end of period	10,539	\$	818,148	

(b) Swaps

Swap agreements are contracts between parties in which one party agrees to make periodic payments to the other party (the "Counterparty") based on the change in market value or level of a specified rate, index or asset. In return, the Counterparty agrees to make periodic payments to the first party based on the return of a different specified rate, index or asset. Swap agreements will usually be done on a net basis, the Fund receiving or paying only the net amount of the two payments. The net amount of the excess, if any, of the Fund's obligations over its entitlements with respect to each swap is accrued on a daily basis and an amount of cash or highly liquid securities having an aggregate value at least equal to the accrued excess is maintained in an account at the Fund's custodian bank. The Fund has entered into master netting arrangements, established within the Fund's International Swap and Derivatives Association, Inc. master agreements, which allow the Fund to net unrealized appreciation and depreciation for positions in swaps for each individual counterparty.

Total return swap agreements are contracts in which one party agrees to make payments of the total return from the underlying asset during a specified period in return for receiving payments equal to a fixed or floating rate of interest or the total return from another designated underlying asset.

Interest rate swap agreements involve the Fund's agreement to exchange a stream of interest payments for another party's stream of cash flows.

Credit default swap transactions involve the Fund's agreement to exchange the credit risk of an issuer. A buyer of a credit default swap is said to buy protection by paying periodic fees in return for a contingent payment from the seller if the issuer has a credit event such as bankruptcy, a failure to pay outstanding obligations or deteriorating credit while the swap is outstanding. A seller of a credit default swap is said to sell protection and thus collects the periodic fees and profits if the credit of the issuer remains stable or improves while the swap is outstanding but the seller in a credit default swap contract would be required to pay an agreed-upon amount, which approximates the notional amount of the swap, to the buyer in the event of an adverse credit event of the issuer.

The Fund entered into swap agreements during the year ended May 31, 2010, to potentially enhance return. Details of the swap agreements outstanding as of May 31, 2010, are as follows:

Credit Default Swap Agreements

		D (0.115		Implied Credit Spread at			Unrealized
	Reference	Buy/SellT	ermination	May 31,	Notional Rec	eive Fixed	Appreciation
Counterparty	y Entity	Protection	Date	2010 (2)	Amount (000)	Rate	(Depreciation)
	Basket of						
	distinct						
Goldman	corporate						
Sachs(1)	entities	Sell	09/20/14	14.23%	\$3,000	1.180%	\$(1,229,642)

Interest Rate Swap Agreements

					Unrealized Appreciation
Counterparty	Floating Rate	Termination Date	Notional Amount (000)	Receive Fixed Rate	(Depreciation)
Goldman Sachs (3) Goldman Sachs (3) Goldman Sachs (3) Goldman Sachs (3)	3 Month LIBOR3 Month LIBOR3 Month LIBOR3 Month LIBOR	01/04/38 01/04/38 01/12/15 07/07/38	\$ 10,000 10,000 10,000 5,000	5.860 3.155	\$ 775,751 425,325 246,383 331,150