

GIGA TRONICS INC  
Form 10-Q  
February 03, 2009

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended December 27, 2008.

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.

Commission File No. 0-12719

GIGA-TRONICS INCORPORATED  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

California  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

94-2656341  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4650 Norris Canyon Road, San Ramon, CA  
(Address of principal executive offices)

94583  
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (925) 328-4650

N/A  
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days:

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

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Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2).

Yes  No

There were a total of 4,824,021 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock outstanding as of February 2, 2009.

## INDEX

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION		Page No.
Item 1.	Financial Statements	
	<u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited) as of December 27, 2008 and March 29, 2008</u>	3
	<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited), three and nine months ended December 27, 2008 and December 29, 2007</u>	4
	<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited), nine months ended December 27, 2008 and December 29, 2007</u>	5
	<u>Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	6
Item 2.	<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	11
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	15
Item 4T.	<u>Controls and Procedures</u>	15
 <u>PART II - OTHER INFORMATION</u>		
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	16
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	16
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	16
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	16
Item 4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	16
Item 5.	Other information	16
 <u>SIGNATURES</u>		 17
Item 6.	Exhibits	
	31.1 Certification of CEO pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act.	18
	31.2 Certification of CFO pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act.	19
	32.1 Certification of CEO pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act.	20
	32.2 Certification of CFO pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act.	21



## Part I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1 – Financial Statements

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(In Thousands Except Share Data)	December 27, 2008	March 29, 2008
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,113	\$ 1,845
Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$156 and \$93, respectively	2,043	2,693
Inventories, net	5,012	5,008
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	337	383
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>9,505</b>	<b>9,929</b>
Property and equipment, net	344	400
Other assets	16	32
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 9,865</b>	<b>\$ 10,361</b>
<b>Liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 647	\$ 649
Accrued commissions	172	181
Accrued payroll and benefits	544	526
Accrued warranty	187	190
Customer advances	765	646
Reserve for lease obligations	183	247
Current portion of capital lease obligation	16	--
Other current liabilities	363	359
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>2,877</b>	<b>2,798</b>
Long term obligations	136	171
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>3,013</b>	<b>2,969</b>
<b>Commitments</b>		
<b>Shareholders' equity</b>		
Preferred stock of no par value;		
Authorized 1,000,000 shares; no shares outstanding at December 27, 2008 and March 29, 2008	--	--
Common stock of no par value;		
Authorized 40,000,000 shares; 4,824,021 shares at December 27, 2008 and 4,824,021 at March 29, 2008 issued and outstanding	13,571	13,398
Accumulated deficit	(6,719)	(6,006)
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>	<b>6,852</b>	<b>7,392</b>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 9,865</b>	<b>\$ 10,361</b>

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

(In Thousands Except Per Share Data)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	December 27, 2008	December 29, 2007	December 27, 2008	December 29, 2007
Net sales	\$ 5,099	\$ 4,953	\$ 12,276	\$ 14,232
Cost of sales	2,679	2,904	7,121	8,158
Gross profit	2,420	2,049	5,155	6,074
Engineering	479	520	1,557	1,620
Selling, general and administrative	1,590	1,454	4,391	4,094
Restructuring	--	--	--	80
Total operating expenses	2,069	1,974	5,948	5,794
Operating income (loss) from continuing operations	351	75	(793)	280
Other expense	--	30	--	30
Interest (expense) income, net	(2)	6	7	29
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	349	51	(786)	279
Provision for income taxes	--	--	2	2
Income (loss) from continuing operations	349	51	(788)	277
Income (loss) on discontinued operations, net of income taxes	-	(20)	75	34
Net income (loss)	\$ 349	\$ 31	\$ (713)	\$ 311
Basic and diluted net earnings (loss) per share:				
From continuing operations	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.16)	\$ 0.05
On discontinued operations	-	(0.00)	0.01	0.01
Basic and diluted net earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.15)	\$ 0.06
Shares used in per share calculation:				
Basic	4,824	4,814	4,824	4,811
Diluted	4,824	4,913	4,824	4,884

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands)	Nine Months Ended	
	December 27, 2008	December 29, 2007
Cash flows from operations:		
Net (loss) income	\$ (713)	\$ 311
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operations:		
Depreciation and amortization	122	95
Loss on sale of fixed asset	--	2
Stock based compensation	173	147
Deferred rent	(63)	(111)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	771	(297)
Net cash provided by operations	290	147
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(66)	(121)
Net cash used in investing activities	(66)	(121)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from capital lease	44	--
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	--	10
Net cash provided by financing activities	44	10
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	268	36
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,845	1,804
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 2,113	\$ 1,840

## Supplementary disclosure of cash flow information (in thousands):

Cash paid for income taxes was \$2 for the nine month period ended December 27, 2008. Cash paid for income taxes was \$2 for the nine month period ended December 29, 2007.

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.



NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by Giga-tronics Incorporated (the "Company"), pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The consolidated results of operations for the interim periods shown in this report are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the fiscal year. In the opinion of management, the information contained herein reflects all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) necessary to make the consolidated results of operations for the interim periods a fair statement of such operations. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto, included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the year ended March 29, 2008.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current period's presentation.

(2) Discontinued Operations

In the first quarter of fiscal 2004, the Company discontinued the operations at its Dymatix Division due to the substantial losses incurred over the previous two years. In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2004, the Company consummated the sale of its Dymatix Division. Expenses are recorded for discontinued operations associated with the partial abandonment of the lease for the Fremont facility. Included in this lease is 7,727 square feet, which the Company effectively abandoned upon sale of Dymatix on March 26, 2004. As of March 29, 2008, the Company has fully reserved the remaining lease due to the low probability of leasing it to a sub-tenant prior to the expiration of the Company's lease obligation in June 30, 2009. Income from discontinued operations was \$75,000 for the nine month period ended December 27, 2008. This resulted from the foreclosure and resale of the Dymatix assets to a third party. During the three month period ended December 29, 2007, the Company recorded a \$20,000 loss on discontinued operations due to the adjustment to the sub-lease accrual. During the nine month period ended December 29, 2007, the Company recorded \$34,000 as income on discontinued operations due to the receipt of a payment of \$18,000 on previously reserved receivables, a payment of \$41,000 from the sale of a previously written off asset offset by an adjustment of \$25,000 to the sub-lease accrual.

(3) Revenue Recognition

The Company records revenue in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) 101, Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements and SAB 104, Revenue Recognition. As such, revenue is recorded when there is evidence of an arrangement, delivery has occurred, the price is fixed and determinable, and collectability is assured. This occurs when products are shipped, unless the arrangement involves acceptance terms. If the arrangement involves acceptance terms, the Company defers revenue until product acceptance is received.

The Company provides for estimated costs that may be incurred for product warranties at the time of shipment. The Company's warranty policy generally provides one year for all products. The estimated cost of warranty coverage is based on the Company's actual historical experience with its current products or similar products. For new products, the required reserve is based on historical experience of similar products until such time as sufficient historical data has been collected on the new product. Adjustments are made as new information becomes available.



## (4) Inventories

Inventories are comprised of the following at December 27, 2008 and March 29, 2008:

INVENTORIES		
(In thousands)	December 27, 2008	March 29, 2008
Raw materials	\$ 2,719	\$ 2,767
Work-in-progress	1,479	1,501
Finished goods	271	369
Demonstration inventories	543	371
Total inventories	\$ 5,012	\$ 5,008

## (5) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing net income or loss by the weighted average common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share reflects the net incremental shares that would be issued if dilutive outstanding stock options were exercised, using the treasury stock method. In the case of a net loss, it is assumed that no incremental shares would be issued because they would be antidilutive. In addition, certain options are considered antidilutive because the options' exercise price was above the average market price during the period. The shares used in per share computations are as follows:

(In thousands except per share data)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	December 27, 2008	December 29, 2007	December 27, 2008	December 29, 2007
Net income (loss)	\$ 349	\$ 31	\$ (713)	\$ 311
Weighted average:				
Common shares outstanding	4,824	4,814	4,824	4,811
Potential common shares	-	99	-	73
Common shares assuming dilution	4,824	4,913	4,824	4,884
Net income (loss) per share of common stock	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.15)	\$ 0.06
Net income (loss) per share of common stock assuming dilution	0.07	0.01	(0.15)	0.06
Stock options not included in computation	941	393	941	393

The number of stock options not included in the computation of diluted EPS for the three month period ended December 27, 2008 reflect stock options where the exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares and are, therefore, antidilutive. The number of stock options not included in the computation of diluted EPS for the nine month period ended December 27, 2008 is a result of the Company's loss from continuing operations and, therefore, the options are antidilutive. The number of stock options not included in the computation of diluted EPS for the three and nine month periods ended December 29, 2007 reflects stock options where the exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares and are, therefore, antidilutive. The weighted average exercise price of excluded options was \$1.94 and \$2.45 as of December 27, 2008 and December 29, 2007, respectively.

## (6) Stock Based Compensation

The Company has established the 2000 Stock Option Plan and the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, each of which provided for the granting of options for up to 700,000 shares of Common Stock. Effective March 26, 2006, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123(R), Share Based Payment (“SFAS 123(R)”), using the modified prospective application transition method, which requires recognizing expense for options granted prior to the adoption date equal to the fair value of the unvested amounts over their remaining

7

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vesting period, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation, and compensation cost for all share based payments granted subsequent to January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair values estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123(R). There were 6,500 option grants made in the three month period ended December 27, 2008. There were 146,500 option grants made in the nine month period ended December 27, 2008. There were 152,000 option grants made in the three and nine month periods ended December 29, 2007.

SFAS 123(R) requires the cash flows resulting from the tax benefits resulting from tax deductions in excess of the compensation cost recognized for those options (excess tax benefits) to be classified as a cash flow from financing in the statement of cash flows. These excess tax benefits were not significant for the Company, for each of the three and nine month periods ended December 27, 2008 and December 29, 2007.

In calculating compensation related to stock option grants, the fair value of each stock option is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model and the following weighted average assumptions:

	Three Months Ended December 27, 2008
Dividend yield	None
Expected volatility	99.24%
Risk-free interest rate	1.51%
Expected term (years)	3.75

The computation of expected volatility used in the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model is based on the historical volatility of our share price. The expected term is estimated based on a review of historical employee exercise behavior with respect to option grants. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury rates with terms based on the expected term of the option on the date of grant.

As of December 27, 2008, there was \$415,098 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested options granted under the plans. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.27 years. There were 65,125 options that vested during the quarter ended December 27, 2008. There were 27,500 options that vested during the quarter ended December 29, 2007. The total fair value of options vested during each of the quarters ended December 27, 2008 and December 29, 2007 was \$94,160 and \$41,635, respectively. There were 124,476 and 102,726 options that vested during the nine month periods ended December 27, 2008 and December 29, 2007, respectively. The total fair value of options vested during the nine month periods ended December 27, 2008 and December 29, 2007 was \$152,875 and \$121,017, respectively. No cash was received from stock option exercises for the nine month period ended December 27, 2008. Cash received from the exercise of stock options for the nine month period ended December 29, 2007 was \$9,800.

(7) Industry Segment Information

The Company has two reportable segments: Giga-tronics and Microsource. Giga-tronics produces a broad line of test and measurement equipment used in the development, test and maintenance of wireless communications products and systems, flight navigational equipment, electronic defense systems and automatic testing systems and designs, manufactures, and markets a line of switching devices that link together many specific purpose instruments that comprise automatic test systems. Microsource develops and manufactures a broad line of YIG (Yttrium, Iron, Garnet) tuned oscillators, filters and microwave synthesizers, which are used in a wide variety of microwave instruments and devices.



Information on reportable segments is as follows:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended			
	December 27, 2008		December 29, 2007	
	Net Sales	Net Income (Loss)	Net Sales	Net Income (Loss)
Giga-tronics	\$ 3,771	\$ 90	\$ 3,999	\$ 45
Microsource	1,328	259	954	(14)
Total	\$ 5,099	\$ 349	\$ 4,953	\$ 31

(In thousands)	Nine Months Ended			
	December 27, 2008		December 29, 2007	
	Net Sales	Net Income (Loss)	Net Sales	Net Income (Loss)
Giga-tronics	\$ 8,869	\$ (1,053)	\$ 11,009	\$ 94
Microsource	3,407	340	3,223	215
Total	\$ 12,276	\$ (713)	\$ 14,232	\$ 311

(8) Warranty Obligations

The following provides a reconciliation of changes in the Company's warranty reserve. The Company provides no other guarantees.

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	December 27, 2008	December 29, 2007	December 27, 2008	December 29, 2007
	Balance at beginning of period	\$ 184	\$ 181	\$ 190
Provision, net	29	10	156	86
Warranty costs incurred	(26)	(19)	(159)	(121)
Balance at end of period	\$ 187	\$ 172	\$ 187	\$ 172

(9) Restructuring

In an effort to improve results and make optimal use of its resources, the Company decided in fiscal 2008 to integrate all ASCOR and Instrument Division engineering and manufacturing activities at the San Ramon, California facility. Subsequently, in fiscal 2009, the ASCOR subsidiary was combined into the Giga-tronics Instrument Division. The Microsource subsidiary, located in Santa Rosa, California, remains strictly a manufacturing operation, with all product development work being performed in San Ramon. The impact on operations for the nine month period ended December 29, 2007 was a one-time restructuring charge of \$80,000 in severance costs.

(10) Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 109 (FAS109) and Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48). Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. A valuation allowance is applied to deferred tax assets which are less than likely to be realized on a future tax return. Benefits from uncertain tax positions are recorded only if they are more likely than not to be

realized.

9

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(11) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations (SFAS No. 141R). SFAS No. 141R among other things, establishes principles and requirements for how the acquirer in a business combination (i) recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any non-controlling interest in the acquired business, (ii) recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase and (iii) determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS No. 141R is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008, with early adoption prohibited. This standard will change the Company's accounting treatment for business combinations on a prospective basis.

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The forward-looking statements included in this report including, without limitation, statements containing the words "believes", "anticipates", "estimates", "expects", "intends" and words of similar import, which reflect management's best judgment based on factors currently known, involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors, including but not limited to those listed in Giga-tronics' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 29, 2008 Part I, under the heading "Certain Factors Which May Adversely Affect Future Operations or an Investment in Giga-tronics", and Part II, under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations".

Overview

The Company produces instruments, subsystems and sophisticated microwave components that have broad applications in both defense electronics and wireless telecommunications. In fiscal year 2009, our business consisted of two operating and reporting segments: Giga-tronics and Microsource.

Our business is highly dependent on government spending in the defense electronics sector and on the wireless telecommunications market. The Company has seen an increase in defense orders for the first nine months of fiscal 2009 versus the first nine months of fiscal 2008. And likewise, the Company has seen improvement in commercial orders for the nine month period ended December 27, 2008 as compared to the same period last year.

The Company continues to monitor costs, including reductions in personnel, facilities and other expenses, to more appropriately align costs with revenues. In March 2007, the Company moved ASCOR's engineering, sales and marketing, and administrative activities to the San Ramon, California facility, effectively vacating its Fremont, California facility. Subsequently, in fiscal 2009, the ASCOR subsidiary was combined into the Giga-tronics Instrument Division. As a result, the Company has accrued its future lease obligations, net of estimated sub-lease income, through June 2009. The Company is pursuing subleasing of this facility. Microsource sales and marketing and engineering activities were also consolidated into the San Ramon facility to better integrate our component development activities with the Company's overall new product plans. The Microsource facility in Santa Rosa, California, however, remains open as a manufacturing operation.

Results of Operations

New orders received from continuing operations in the third quarter of fiscal 2009 increased 93% to \$9,461,000 from the \$4,905,000 received in the third quarter of fiscal 2008. New orders received from continuing operations for the nine months ended December 27, 2008 increased 23% to \$16,774,000 from the \$13,636,000 for the same period a year ago.

New orders by segment were as follows for the fiscal periods shown:

(Dollars in thousands)	New Orders		
	December 27, 2008	Three Months Ended % change	December 29, 2007
Giga-tronics	\$ 3,052	(19%)	\$ 3,785
Microsource	6,409	472%	1,120
Total	\$ 9,461	93%	\$ 4,905

(Dollars in thousands)	Nine Months Ended		
	December 27, 2008	% change	December 29, 2007
Giga-tronics	\$ 9,457	(20%)	\$ 11,765
Microsource	7,317	291%	1,871
Total	\$ 16,774	23%	\$ 13,636

Orders at Giga-tronics decreased for the three and nine month periods ended December 27, 2008 primarily due to a decrease in new military orders partially offset by a slight increase in commercial orders whereas orders at Microsource increased for the three and nine month periods ended December 27, 2008 primarily due to an increase in military demand for its products.

The following table shows order backlog and related information at the end of the respective periods:

(Dollars in thousands)	Backlog		
	December 27, 2008	% Change	December 29, 2007
Backlog of unfilled orders	\$ 12,026	53%	\$ 7,843
Backlog of unfilled orders shippable within one year	8,853	96%	4,510
Previous fiscal year (FY) quarter end backlog reclassified during year as shippable later than one year	--	--	--
Net cancellations during year of previous FY quarter end one- year backlog	--	--	--

Backlog at the end of the third quarter of fiscal 2009 increased 53% as compared to the end of the same period last year.

Net sales were as follows for the fiscal periods shown:

(Dollars in thousands)	Net Sales		
	December 27, 2008	Three Months Ended % change	December 29, 2007
Giga-tronics	\$ 3,771	(6%)	\$ 3,999
Microsource	1,328	39%	954
Total	\$ 5,099	3%	\$ 4,953

(Dollars in thousands)	Nine Months Ended		
	December 27, 2008	% change	December 29, 2007

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Giga-tronics	\$	8,869	(19%)	\$	11,009
Microsource		3,407	6%		3,223
Total	\$	12,276	(14%)	\$	14,232

Fiscal 2009 third quarter net sales were \$5,099,000, a 3% increase from the \$4,953,000 in the third quarter of fiscal 2008. Sales at Giga-tronics decreased 6% or \$228,000 primarily due to a decrease in commercial shipments for its products. Sales at Microsource increased 39% or \$374,000 during the third quarter of fiscal 2009 versus the third quarter of fiscal 2008 primarily due to an increase in military shipments.

Net sales for the nine month period ended December 27, 2008 were \$12,276,000, a 14% decrease from the \$14,232,000 in the nine month period ended December 29, 2007. Sales at Giga-tronics decreased 19% or \$2,140,000 primarily due to a decrease in military demand for its products. Sales at Microsource increased 6% or \$184,000 during the nine month period ended December 27, 2008 versus the same period in the prior fiscal year primarily due to an increase in military shipments.

Cost of sales was as follows for the fiscal periods shown:

(Dollars in thousands)	Cost of Sales		
	December 27, 2008	Three Months Ended % change	December 29, 2007
Cost of sales	\$ 2,679	(8%)	\$ 2,904

  

(Dollars in thousands)	Nine Months Ended		
	December 27, 2008	% change	December 29, 2007
Cost of sales	\$ 7,121	(13%)	\$ 8,158

In the third quarter of fiscal 2009, cost of sales decreased 8% to \$2,679,000 from \$2,904,000 for the same period last year. For the nine months ended December 27, 2008, cost of sales decreased 13% to \$7,121,000 from \$8,158,000 for the similar period ended December 29, 2007. For the three month period the decrease is primarily due to a better product mix sold with higher profit margins, whereas the decrease for the nine month period is primarily due to lower sales.

Operating expenses were as follows for the fiscal periods shown:

(Dollars in thousands)	Operating Expenses		
	December 27, 2008	Three Months Ended % change	December 29, 2007
Engineering	\$ 479	(8%)	\$ 520
Selling, general and administrative	1,590	9%	1,454
Total	\$ 2,069	5%	\$ 1,974

  

(Dollars in thousands)	Nine Months Ended		
	December 27, 2008	% change	December 29, 2007
Engineering	\$ 1,557	(4%)	\$ 1,620
Selling, general and administrative	4,391	7%	4,094
Restructuring	-	(100%)	80
Total	\$ 5,948	3%	\$ 5,794

Operating expenses increased 5% or \$95,000 in the third quarter of fiscal 2009 over fiscal 2008. Product development costs decreased 8% or \$41,000 for the quarter ended December 27, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year. This is primarily due to engineering expense associated with an NRE (non-recurring engineering) contract inventoried on the balance sheet until the revenue from the milestone is recognized. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 9% or \$136,000 for the third quarter of fiscal year 2009 compared to the same period in the prior year. The increase is a result of higher marketing expenses of \$131,000 and higher commission expenses of \$17,000 offset by lower administrative expenses of \$12,000.

Operating expenses increased 3% or \$154,000 for the nine months ended December 27, 2008 over the same period for the prior year. Engineering costs from continuing operations decreased 4% or \$63,000 for the nine month period ended December 27, 2008. This is primarily due to engineering expense associated with an NRE contract inventoried on the balance sheet until the revenue from the milestone is recognized. Selling, general and administrative expenses from continuing operations increased 7% or \$297,000 for the nine month period ended

December 27, 2008. The increase is a result of higher marketing expenses of \$336,000 and higher administrative expenses of \$188,000 offset by lower commission expenses of \$227,000 on lower commissionable sales for the nine month period. A one-time restructuring charge of \$80,000 in severance costs was made in the nine month period ended December 29, 2007.

The Company recorded a net profit of \$349,000 or \$0.07 per fully diluted share for the third quarter of fiscal 2009 versus a net profit of \$31,000 or \$0.01 per fully diluted share in the same period last year. The Company recorded a net loss of \$713,000 or \$0.15 per fully diluted share for the nine months ended December 27, 2008 versus a net profit of \$311,000 or \$0.06 per fully diluted share in the same period last year.

#### Financial Condition and Liquidity

As of December 27, 2008, the Company had \$2,113,000 in cash and cash equivalents, compared to \$1,845,000 as of March 29, 2008.

Working capital at December 27, 2008 was \$6,628,000 compared to \$7,131,000 at March 29, 2008. The decrease in working capital was primarily due to lower accounts receivable and accrued expenses in fiscal 2009.

The Company's current ratio (current assets divided by current liabilities) at December 27, 2008 was 3.30 compared to 3.55 on March 29, 2008.

Cash provided by operations amounted to \$290,000 for the nine month period ended December 27, 2008. Cash provided by operations amounted to \$147,000 in the same period of fiscal 2008. Cash used in operations in the nine months ended December 27, 2008 is primarily attributed to the operating loss offset by the net change in operating assets and liabilities in the year. Cash used by operations in the nine month period ended December 29, 2007 was primarily attributed to the net change in operating assets and liabilities offset by the operating income in the year.

Additions to property and equipment were \$66,000 for the nine months ended December 27, 2008 compared to \$121,000 for the same period last year. The capital equipment spending in fiscal 2009 was due to an upgrade of capital equipment enabling the manufacture of new products being released.

On June 17, 2008, the Company renewed its secured revolving line of credit for \$2,500,000, with interest payable at prime rate plus 1%. The borrowing under this line of credit is based on the Company's accounts receivable and inventory and is secured by all of the assets of the Company. The Company borrowed \$500,000 in the third quarter of fiscal 2009, but repaid it prior to December 27, 2008.

From time to time, the Company considers a variety of acquisition opportunities to also broaden its product lines and expand its market. Such acquisition activity could also increase the Company's operating expenses and require the additional use of capital resources. The Company also intends to maintain research and development expenditures for the purpose of broadening its product line.

Future tax benefits are subject to a valuation allowance when management is unable to conclude that its deferred tax assets will more likely than not be realized from the results of operations. The Company has recorded a valuation allowance to reflect the estimated amount of deferred tax assets that may not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Management considers projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based on historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred tax assets become deductible, management has taken a conservative approach that the Company will not realize benefits of these deductible differences as of December 27, 2008. Management has, therefore, established a valuation allowance against its net deferred tax assets as of December 27, 2008.





#### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are likely to have a current or future material effect on the Company's financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For a discussion of recent accounting pronouncements, see Note 11 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) included in this report.

#### Item 3 – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Not applicable.

#### Item 4T - Controls and Procedures

The Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide reasonable assurances that (i) the information the Company is required to disclose in the reports it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period required by the Commission's rules and forms, and (ii) such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. There were no significant changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 - Legal Proceedings

As of December 27, 2008, the Company has no material pending legal proceedings. From time to time, the Company is involved in various disputes and litigation matters that arise in the ordinary course of business.

Item 1a - Risk Factors

The economy's difficulties and Nasdaq's minimum price rule could adversely affect our stock price. The Company sells a majority of its products to the military; however, during these unstable economic times, it is difficult to predict the effect on the Company and whether the credit crunch will have a negative effect. In addition, as a result in part of the difficulties throughout the nation's economy, the stock market has been in somewhat of a freefall and we believe this has had a negative effect on the market value of the Company's stock. NASDAQ has temporarily suspended its minimum price rule, which calls for de-listing an issuer's stock from the Nasdaq Stock Market if the closing price is less than \$1.00 for 30 consecutive trading days, until April 19, 2009. If the market value of the stock does not rise to at least \$1.00 and the suspension of the minimum price rules is not continued, this could have a further negative effect on the Company's stock price.

Item 2 - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3 - Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4 - Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

Item 5 - Other Information

None.

Item 6 - Exhibits

31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GIGA-TRONICS INCORPORATED  
(Registrant)

By:

Date: February 2, 2009

/s/ John R. Regazzi  
John R. Regazzi  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: February 2, 2009

/s/ Patrick J. Lawlor  
Patrick J. Lawlor  
Vice President Finance/  
Chief Financial Officer & Secretary  
(Principal Accounting Officer)