

FOREST LABORATORIES INC
Form 10-Q
February 09, 2006

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended December 31, 2005

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ____ to ____

Commission File No. 1-5438

FOREST LABORATORIES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

11-1798614

*(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)*

*(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)*

909 Third Avenue
New York, New York

10022-4731

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip code)

(212) 421-7850

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No ____.

Indicate by a check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No .

Number of shares outstanding of Registrant's Common Stock as of February 9, 2006:

325,890,094.

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Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands)	December 31, 2005 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>March 31, 2005</u>
<u>Assets</u>		
Current assets:		
Cash (including cash equivalent investments of \$890,645 in December and \$1,145,987 in March)	\$ 892,533	\$1,165,498
Marketable securities	555,311	453,747
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$18,945 in December and \$20,773 in March	332,729	323,129
Inventories, net	655,712	613,903
Deferred income taxes	167,747	131,596
Other current assets	<u>28,407</u>	<u>20,149</u>
Total current assets	<u>2,632,439</u>	<u>2,708,022</u>
Marketable securities	<u>230,721</u>	<u>351,635</u>

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Property, plant and equipment	526,447	492,752
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>154,754</u>	<u>130,724</u>
	<u>371,693</u>	<u>362,028</u>
Other assets:		
Goodwill	14,965	14,965
License agreements, product rights and other intangibles, less accumulated amortization of \$309,223 in December and \$277,135 in March		263,370
	223,973	
Deferred income taxes	8,832	3,723
Other	<u>1,154</u>	<u>1,259</u>
Total other assets	<u>248,924</u>	<u>283,317</u>
Total assets	\$3,483,777 =====	\$3,705,002 =====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

FOREST LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except for par values)	December 31, 2005 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>March 31, 2005</u>
<u>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 172,096	\$ 228,016
Accrued expenses	234,234	257,912
Income taxes payable	<u>14,545</u>	<u>77,762</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>420,875</u>	<u>563,690</u>

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Deferred income taxes	<u>7,927</u>	<u>8,927</u>
Stockholders' equity:		
Series preferred stock, \$1.00 par; shares authorized 1,000; no shares issued or outstanding		
Common stock, \$.10 par; shares authorized 1,000,000; issued 411,427 shares in December and 407,234 shares in March	41,143	40,723
Additional paid-in capital	1,002,894	893,864
Retained earnings	4,111,363	3,494,739
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,892	9,028
Treasury stock, at cost (80,509 shares in December and 59,591 shares in March)	(2,102,317)	(1,305,969)
Total stockholders' equity	<u>3,054,975</u>	<u>3,132,385</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$3,483,777 =====	\$3,705,002 =====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

FOREST LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income
(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	<u>December 31,</u>		<u>December 31,</u>	
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Net sales	\$714,887	\$795,047	\$2,081,173	\$2,434,123
Contract revenue	28,373	23,813	86,945	39,055
Other income	<u>14,570</u>	<u>13,483</u>	<u>37,950</u>	<u>33,225</u>
	<u>757,830</u>	<u>832,343</u>	<u>2,206,068</u>	<u>2,506,403</u>
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of sales	165,875	176,431	483,136	545,298

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Selling, general and administrative	250,725	242,863	772,435	727,256
Research and development	<u>94,188</u>	<u>77,393</u>	<u>216,054</u>	<u>231,901</u>
	<u>510,788</u>	<u>496,687</u>	<u>1,471,625</u>	<u>1,504,455</u>
Income before income tax expense	247,042	335,656	734,443	1,001,948
Income tax expense	<u>51,879</u>	<u>74,851</u>	<u>117,819</u>	<u>215,898</u>
Net income	\$195,163 =====	\$260,805 =====	\$ 616,624 =====	\$ 786,050 =====
Net income per share:				
Basic	\$0.58 =====	\$0.71 =====	\$1.81 =====	\$2.13 =====
Diluted	\$0.57 =====	\$0.70 =====	\$1.79 =====	\$2.09 =====
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:				
Basic	336,890 =====	364,914 =====	340,160 =====	368,227 =====
Diluted	340,663 =====	371,638 =====	344,801 =====	376,930 =====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

FOREST LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
(Unaudited)

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	December 31,		December 31,	
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Net income	\$195,163	\$260,805	\$616,624	\$786,050

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Other comprehensive income (loss)	(<u>1,171</u>)	<u>10,273</u>	(<u>7,136</u>)	<u>6,144</u>
Comprehensive income	\$193,992	\$271,078	\$609,488	\$792,194
	=====	=====	=====	=====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

FOREST LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

(In thousands)	Nine Months Ended	
	<u>December 31,</u>	
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 616,624	\$ 786,050
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	28,440	18,871
Amortization, impairments and write-offs	40,088	21,758
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	(16,108)	2,345
Foreign currency translation loss (gain)	736	(1,557)
Tax benefit realized from the exercise of stock options by employees	17,110	54,644
Net change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in:		
Accounts receivable, net	(9,600)	(37,800)
Inventories, net	(41,809)	67,708
Other current assets	(8,258)	(6,643)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	(55,920)	(22,312)
Accrued expenses	(23,678)	(48,961)
Income taxes payable	(63,217)	(20,819)
Decrease in other assets	<u>105</u>	<u>3,334</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>484,513</u>	<u>816,618</u>

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Cash flows from investing activities:

Purchase of property, plant and equipment, net	(38,969)	(55,102)
Purchase of marketable securities	(385,249)	(456,511)
Redemption of marketable securities	404,599	782,128
Purchase of license agreements, product rights and other intangibles	(1,397)	(19,500)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(21,016)	251,015

Cash flows from financing activities:

Net proceeds from common stock options exercised by employees under stock option plans	61,955	22,629
Purchase of treasury stock	(792,115)	(676,193)
Net cash used in financing activities	(730,160)	(653,564)

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(6,302)	6,426
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Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(272,965)	420,495
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,165,498	1,091,635

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 892,533	\$1,512,130
	=====	=====

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the period for:

Income taxes	\$180,233	\$180,277
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See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of Management, all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending March 31, 2006. For further information refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto incorporated by reference in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2005.

2. Accounts Receivable:

Accounts receivable, net, consists of the following:

(In thousands)	December 31, 2005 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>March 31, 2005</u>
Trade	\$290,503	\$267,938
Other	<u>42,226</u>	<u>55,191</u>
	\$332,729	\$323,129
	=====	=====

3. Inventories:

Inventories, net of reserves for obsolescence, consist of the following:

(In thousands)	December 31, 2005 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>March 31, 2005</u>
Raw materials	\$417,498	\$304,745
Work in process	8,584	10,507
Finished goods	<u>229,630</u>	<u>298,651</u>
	\$655,712	\$613,903
	=====	=====

4. Net Income Per Share:

A reconciliation of shares used in calculating basic and diluted net income per share follows:

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(In thousands)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	<u>December 31,</u>		<u>December 31,</u>	
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Basic	336,890	364,914	340,160	368,227
Effect of assumed conversion of employee stock options and warrants	<u>3,773</u>	<u>6,724</u>	<u>4,641</u>	<u>8,703</u>
Diluted	340,663	371,638	344,801	376,930
	=====	=====	=====	=====

Options to purchase approximately 9,956,000 and 9,154,000 shares of common stock at exercise prices ranging from \$39.52 to \$76.66 per share that were outstanding during a portion of the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2005, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share because they were anti-dilutive. These options expire through 2015. Options to purchase approximately 5,387,000 and 1,810,000 shares of common stock at exercise prices ranging from \$44.74 to \$76.66 per share that were outstanding during a portion of the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2004, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share because they were anti-dilutive. These options expire through 2014.

5. Stock-Based Compensation:

The Company accounts for its stock option awards to employees under the intrinsic value based method of accounting prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." Under the intrinsic value based method, compensation cost is the excess, if any, of the quoted market price of the stock at grant date or other measurement date over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock. The Company makes pro forma disclosures of net income and earnings per share as if the fair value based method of accounting had been applied as required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (SFAS 123), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." The Company has never granted options below market price on the date of grant.

SFAS 123 requires the Company to provide pro forma information regarding net income and earnings per share as if compensation cost for the Company's stock option plans had been determined in accordance with the fair value of each stock option at the grant date by using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions used for grants for the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004: dividend yield of zero; expected volatility of 25.00% and 31.09%, respectively; risk-free interest rates of 4.5% and 4.0%, respectively; and expected lives of 5 to 10 years, as applicable.

Under the accounting provisions of SFAS 123, the Company's net income and net income per share would have been reduced to the pro forma amounts indicated below:

(In thousands, except per share data)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	<u>December 31,</u>		<u>December 31,</u>	
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Net income:				
As reported	\$195,163	\$260,805	\$616,624	\$786,050
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value method	<u>(8,930)</u>	<u>(9,405)</u>	<u>(24,756)</u>	<u>(26,822)</u>
Pro forma	\$186,233	\$251,400	\$591,868	\$759,228
	=====	=====	=====	=====

Net income per common share:

Basic:

As reported	\$0.58	\$0.71	\$1.81	\$2.13
Pro forma	\$0.55	\$0.69	\$1.74	\$2.06

Diluted:

As reported	\$0.57	\$0.70	\$1.79	\$2.09
Pro forma	\$0.55	\$0.68	\$1.72	\$2.01

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" (SFAS 123R) which is a revision of SFAS 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". SFAS 123R supersedes Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and requires companies to expense the estimated fair value of employee stock options as well as other types of share-based compensation. The Company is required to adopt the provisions of SFAS 123R as of the beginning of its 2007 fiscal year, although earlier adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating a plan of implementation, and expects that the financial statement impact of adoption will approximate the pro forma impact presented above.

6. Business Segment Information:

The Company operates in only one segment. Below is a breakdown of net sales by therapeutic class:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	December 31,		December 31,	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Central nervous system (CNS)	\$609,709	\$661,243	\$1,786,014	\$2,095,640
Cardiovascular	16,416	19,354	51,287	77,707
Other	<u>88,762</u>	<u>114,450</u>	<u>243,872</u>	<u>260,776</u>
	\$714,887	\$795,047	\$2,081,173	\$2,434,123
	=====	=====	=====	=====

FOREST LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS
(Dollar amounts in thousands)

The decline in revenues for the quarter ended December 2005 as compared with December 2004, much as in the first and second quarters, resulted from the loss of Celexa® sales to generic competition. Combined sales of Celexa and citalopram decreased \$128,542 to \$4,980 in the current quarter as compared with \$133,522 in the December 2004 quarter. The December 2004 quarter also included \$34,080 in Flumadine® sales as a result of an order from the Centers for Disease Control in response to a flu vaccine shortage. Partially offsetting this reduction in revenue was sales growth from both Lexapro® of \$53,589 and Namenda® of \$23,419, as well as Benicar® co-promotion income earned of \$28,290 in the quarter compared to \$22,544 of co-promotion income earned in the December 2004 quarter.

During the quarter, we entered into two new collaboration agreements with Gedeon Richter Limited involving novel mechanisms, RGH-896 and mGLUR1/5, targeted for the treatment of various CNS conditions.

In January 2006, we entered into an agreement with Mylan Laboratories, Inc. (Mylan) for the commercialization, development and distribution rights for nebivolol, a novel beta blocker. Nebivolol is already approved and marketed in more than 65 countries outside of North America. On May 31, 2005, Mylan received an approvable letter for nebivolol from the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for the treatment of hypertension. Final approval is contingent upon successfully satisfying additional FDA requirements included in the approvable letter. Mylan has completed a pre-clinical study designed to address certain questions posed by the FDA and is working towards submitting the results to the FDA for its review.

During fiscal 2005, our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program for up to 30 million shares of common stock (the 2005 Repurchase Program). As of May 11, 2005, all of these shares were repurchased, completing the program. In May 2005, our Board of Directors authorized a new share repurchase program for up to 25 million shares of common stock (the 2006 Repurchase Program). During the first fiscal quarter, 2.4 million shares were repurchased under the 2006 Repurchase Program and no shares were repurchased in the second fiscal quarter. In the current quarter, we repurchased 12.3 million shares at a cost of \$481,153 and on January 20, 2006, we resumed buying shares under the 2006 Repurchase Program. As of February 8, 2006, a total of 20 million shares at a cost of \$817,145 have been repurchased under the 2006 Repurchase Program.

Financial Condition and Liquidity

Net current assets increased by \$67,232 from March 31, 2005 net of a decrease in cash and cash equivalents used to fund the stock repurchase programs. In order to fund these share repurchases, as long-term investments mature, they are being shifted to either short-term investments or cash equivalents. As a result, since March long-term marketable securities have decreased while short-term marketable securities have increased. During the June quarter, we completed the 2005 Repurchase Program by buying the remaining 6.1 million shares at various prices totaling \$217,146 and also purchased 2.4 million shares pursuant to the 2006 Repurchase Program at various prices totaling \$93,816. There were no shares repurchased during the September quarter. In the current quarter, we repurchased 12.3 million shares at a cost of \$481,153, leaving 10.3 million shares still available for repurchase. Trade accounts receivable increased due to higher sales of our principal branded products, partially offset by lower sales of Celexa due to generic competition, while other accounts receivable decreased due to the timing of payments from Sankyo Pharma for our co-promotion of Benicar. Now that Lexapro and Namenda are in their post-launch phases, we are working toward bringing our inventory balances to more normalized levels to accommodate current and projected demand. During this period, we have reduced finished goods and work in process inventory levels accordingly. Over the next several quarters, we intend to bring raw material inventories in line with current and projected demand as well. Other current assets increased due principally to the renewal of our insurance programs, which are paid in full at the time of renewal and expensed over the course of the policy years. Deferred income taxes increased principally due to the timing of when the tax benefit from the exercise of employee stock options is realized. Income taxes payable decreased due to payments made during the quarter for federal income taxes.

Property, plant and equipment increased slightly from March 31, 2005, as several major expansion and renovation projects were nearly complete at year-end. Some of those projects which are still ongoing include: On Long Island, we are adding 37,000 square feet to our sales training facility and recently purchased an additional piece of land adjacent to our sales training, packaging and warehouse facilities to accommodate future growth. In St. Louis, a 141,000 square foot addition to our current distribution facility is under construction, which will bring the total capacity of our warehouse and distribution center to approximately 475,000 square feet. In Ireland, we are refurbishing a 90,000 square foot plant which will provide redundancy for the manufacture of Lexapro and Namenda and additional capacity for future products. Further property expansions and acquisitions are planned in the future to meet the needs from increased sales and related production, warehousing and distribution and for laboratory facilities for products under development. During the current period, we also continued to make technology investments to expand our principal operating systems to include salesforce and warehouse management applications.

During fiscal 2005 our Board of Directors approved the 2005 Repurchase Program which authorized the purchase of up to 30 million shares of common stock. We purchased 23.9 million shares on the open market at an average price of \$42.06 per share during fiscal 2005, and completed the balance of the program in May 2005. The remainder of the shares were purchased at an average price of \$35.79, bringing the total cost of the 30 million shares to \$1,224,192. On May 10, 2005 our Board of Directors authorized the 2006 Repurchase Program for up to 25 million shares. As of December 31, 2005, 14.7 million shares had been repurchased under this program at an average price of \$39.00 and a cost of \$574,969. On January 20, 2006 we resumed share repurchases pursuant to the 2006 Repurchase Program, and as of February 8, 2006 we purchased an additional 5,293,500 shares, leaving us the authority to purchase 4,963,200 more shares.

Management believes that current cash levels, coupled with funds to be generated by ongoing operations, will continue to provide adequate liquidity to facilitate potential acquisitions of products, payment of achieved milestones, capital investments and the 2006 Repurchase Program.

Results of Operations

Net sales for the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2005 decreased 10% and 15%, respectively, from the same periods last year to \$714,887 and \$2,081,173 primarily due to generic competition for Celexa. Sales of Celexa were \$133,522 and \$650,963 in the December 2004 quarter and nine months, respectively, compared with \$4,980 and \$14,201 in the current quarter and nine months for both the brand and generic combined. Partially offsetting the losses from Celexa were strong sales of Lexapro and Namenda.

Lexapro, our most significant product, with sales of \$480,707 and \$1,409,155 for the current quarter and nine months, respectively, contributed \$53,589 and \$203,240 to the net sales change, of which \$30,225 and \$131,766 was due to volume and \$23,364 and \$71,474 was due to price. Lexapro has patent protection until 2009 and we have applied for an extension to 2012. In fiscal 2004, we received notification from two generic manufacturers, Ivax Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (Ivax) and Alphapharm Pty Ltd. (Alphapharm), that they had filed Abbreviated New Drug Applications (ANDA's) with a Paragraph IV Certification with the FDA for generic equivalents to Lexapro. Also in fiscal 2004, we, along with our licensing partner Lundbeck A/S (Lundbeck), filed suit against Ivax and Alphapharm for patent infringement. On October 4, 2005, Forest and Lundbeck entered into a Settlement Agreement with Alphapharm, regarding our pending litigation related to the Lexapro patent dispute. As part of the Settlement Agreement, Alphapharm acknowledges that our patent is valid, enforceable and infringed by Alphapharm's proposed product and agreed to modify its ANDA filing accordingly. When Lexapro becomes generic, Forest and Lundbeck have agreed to appoint Alphapharm as the exclusive distributor of generic Lexapro for a term of five years, subject to Alphapharm's right to renew for successive one-year periods. The Settlement Agreement with Alphapharm does not settle the pending patent litigation by Forest and Lundbeck against Ivax and does not affect the status of Ivax as an ongoing defendant in the pending litigation. On October 26, 2005, the Federal District Court, District of Delaware, rescheduled the start of the trial from December 5, 2005 to March 15, 2006.

Sales of Namenda, an N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptor antagonist for the treatment of moderate to severe Alzheimer's disease, launched in March 2004, increased \$23,419 and \$123,896 for the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2005, respectively, as compared to the same periods last year to \$124,022 for the current quarter and \$362,658 for the nine months. Namenda is the first product indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe Alzheimer's disease and has generated significant new prescriptions in the retail and long-term care markets. In July 2005, we received a non-approvable letter from the FDA in response to our supplemental New Drug Application (sNDA) to expand the indication of Namenda to include mild Alzheimer's disease. The FDA accepted the sNDA for review in November 2004. Upon completing its review, the FDA acknowledged that it had informed us that a single positive study in patients with mild to moderate Alzheimer's disease would be adequate to support extending Namenda's claim to include mild patients. The FDA further acknowledged that the six-month, U.S. mild to moderate study which reached statistical significance at the required primary endpoints was such a study. Nevertheless, the FDA decided not to approve Namenda for mild patients based upon this single positive study in light of two

previously disclosed, additional studies of Namenda in patients with mild to moderate Alzheimer's disease - a study of Namenda monotherapy conducted by Lundbeck in Europe and a combination study conducted by Forest in the U.S. with Namenda administered to patients already taking an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor. In both of these studies, which were included in the sNDA filing, Namenda performed numerically better than placebo; however, statistical significance was not reached at the primary endpoints. In all three studies, Namenda was found to be well tolerated. We continue to believe that Namenda has activity with mild patients as demonstrated by our study and we are in the process of discussing with the agency an opportunity to further review the data included in our application. The second of two Phase II studies for memantine in neuropathic pain has also been completed and we are currently evaluating the data from both studies. We expect to determine a development path during our fourth fiscal quarter.

Sales of Campral®, which was launched in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2005, amounted to \$6,200 and \$15,753, respectively, for the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2005 compared to \$1,351 of initial stocking in the December 2004 quarter. Campral is indicated for the maintenance of abstinence from alcohol in patients with alcohol dependence who are abstinent at treatment initiation. Sales of Combunox™, for the treatment of acute, moderate to severe pain, which was also launched in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2005, amounted to \$3,505 and \$5,329, respectively, for the three and nine-month periods. Tiazac® sales declined \$2,938 and \$26,420 respectively, for the three and nine-month periods from last year due primarily to generic competition. Flumadine sales decreased \$34,080 and \$33,789 respectively, for the three and nine-month periods from last year due to volume as a result of an order from the Centers for Disease Control last year in response to a flu vaccine shortage. The remainder of the net sales change for the periods presented was due principally to volume fluctuations of our older non-promoted product lines.

Contract revenue for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2005 was \$28,373 and \$86,945, respectively, compared to \$23,813 and \$39,055 in the same periods last year, primarily due to co-promotion income from our co-marketing agreement with Sankyo Pharma for Benicar. Under the terms of the agreement, Forest has been co-promoting Benicar since May 2002 and is entitled to a share of the product profits (as defined) from the point the product becomes cumulatively profitable. Benicar became cumulatively profitable during the second quarter of fiscal 2005.

Other income for the current quarter and nine months increased over the same periods last year primarily due to higher interest income received on funds available for investment resulting from more favorable rates of return.

Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales increased to 23.20% and 23.21% for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2005 as compared to 22.19% and 22.40% for the same periods last year, primarily due to product mix, particularly the mix between branded and generic Tiazac.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$7,862 and \$45,179 for the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2005 as compared to the same periods last year due in large measure to the activities of our salesforce and additional product license amortization expense on our recently launched products.

Research and development expense increased \$16,795 in the three-month period and decreased \$15,847 in the nine-month period primarily due to the payment to Gedeon Richter Limited in the current quarter for U.S and Canadian rights to RGH-896, a compound being developed for the treatment of chronic pain and other CNS conditions and a group of novel compounds that target the group 1 metabotropic glutamate receptors (mGLUR1/5). The year-ago period also included an upfront payment to Gedeon Richter Limited for the U.S. and Canadian rights to RGH-188, a compound being investigated for the treatment of schizophrenia, bipolar mania and other psychiatric disorders. The first quarter of last year includes a payment to PAION GmbH for the U.S. and Canadian rights to desmoteplase, a compound being investigated for the treatment of acute ischemic stroke. Research and development expense also reflects the following developments:

- During the second quarter, we received the results of a recently completed placebo-controlled pivotal Phase III study of milnacipran in the treatment of fibromyalgia syndrome (FMS). The results did not achieve

statistical significance necessary for filing with the FDA, however, we were encouraged by the strength of the data and the durability of the treatment effect out to six months. We view the results as indicative of the compound's efficacy in a significant unmet medical need and supportive of our continued development of the compound in a Phase III program. Therefore, the size of our ongoing second Phase III study was modified from approximately 800 patients to 1,200 patients and a third randomized pivotal Phase III study is set to begin enrollment during the fourth fiscal quarter. Forest licensed milnacipran from Cypress Bioscience, Inc. in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2004.

- In July 2005, we received a non-approvable letter from the FDA in response to our sNDA to expand the indication of Namenda to include mild Alzheimer's disease. The FDA accepted the sNDA for review in November 2004. Upon completing its review, the FDA acknowledged that it had informed us that a single positive study in patients with mild to moderate Alzheimer's disease would be adequate to support extending Namenda's claim to include mild patients. The FDA further acknowledged that the six-month, U.S. mild to moderate study which reached statistical significance at the required primary endpoints was such a study. Nevertheless, the FDA decided not to approve Namenda for mild patients based upon this single positive study in light of two previously disclosed, additional studies of Namenda in patients with mild to moderate Alzheimer's disease - a study of Namenda monotherapy conducted by Lundbeck in Europe and a combination study conducted by Forest in the U.S. with Namenda administered to patients already taking an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor. In both of these studies, which were included in the sNDA filing, Namenda performed numerically better than placebo; however, statistical significance was not reached at the primary endpoints. In all three studies, Namenda was found to be well tolerated. We continue to believe that Namenda has activity with mild patients as demonstrated by our study and we are in the process of discussing with the agency an opportunity to further review the data included in our application. The second of two Phase II studies for memantine in neuropathic pain has also been completed and we are currently evaluating the data from both studies. We expect to determine a development path during our fourth fiscal quarter.
- During the first quarter, we received the results of a recently completed placebo-controlled proof of concept study of neramexane in the treatment of moderate to severe Alzheimer's disease. The study showed sufficient clinical activity, safety and tolerability for us to continue development of the compound.
- During the third quarter of fiscal 2005, Forest entered into a collaboration agreement with Gedeon Richter Limited for the North American rights to RGH-188, a compound which is being developed for the treatment of schizophrenia, bipolar mania and other psychiatric conditions. We anticipate RGH-188 will move into Phase II testing during calendar 2006.
- During the second quarter of fiscal 2005, Forest entered into a collaboration agreement with Glenmark Pharmaceuticals S.A. for the North American development and marketing of GRC 3886, a PDE4 inhibitor which will be developed for the treatment of asthma and COPD. In March 2005, as a result of a successfully completed Phase I single and multiple dose study in the U.K., a milestone payment was made to Glenmark pursuant to the terms of the collaboration agreement. We anticipate this project will move into Phase II testing during calendar 2006.
- During the first quarter of fiscal 2005, we entered into an agreement with PAION GmbH for the development and marketing of desmoteplase, a novel drug currently in a Phase IIB/III clinical study for the treatment of acute ischemic stroke.
- During the December 2005 quarter, Forest discontinued its research program with ChemoCentryx, Inc. with respect to the characterization of certain compounds derived from ChemoCentryx Inc's technologies.

The effective tax rate was 21% and 16% for the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2005 as compared to 22% in the same periods last year. The effective tax rate for the nine-months was lower primarily due to a one-time reversal in the first quarter of \$36,414 related to the March 2005 charge of \$90,657 for the repatriation of dividends

pursuant to the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004. Excluding this impact, the effective tax rate would have been 21% and is lower than the U.S. statutory tax rate principally due to the proportional mix of earnings generated in lower-taxed foreign jurisdictions versus the United States. These earnings include manufacturing income from our operations in Ireland, which are taxed at 10% through 2010 and at 12.5% thereafter.

On October 22, 2004, the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (the Act) was signed into law. The Act contained numerous changes to existing tax laws, including both domestic and foreign tax incentives. One of the key provisions of the Act, new Internal Revenue Code Section 965, includes a temporary incentive for U.S. multinationals to repatriate foreign earnings by providing an elective 85% dividends received deduction for certain cash dividends from controlled foreign corporations. The provision is effective for dividends paid during the taxable year beginning before the date of enactment or the first taxable year beginning on or after the date of enactment. Moreover, the dividends must be invested in the United States under a domestic reinvestment plan approved by senior management and, subsequently, the board of directors. The provision contains a non-exclusive list of examples of permitted uses of the funds which include funding of worker hiring and training, infrastructure, research and development, capital investment and the financial stabilization of the corporation for purposes of job retention and creation. The dividends subject to the dividend received deduction must not exceed the greater of \$500,000 or the earnings reported on the company's financial statements pursuant to Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 23 as permanently invested earnings for financial statements certified on or before June 30, 2003. Forest, upon satisfying the U.S. investment criteria and other requirements under the Act, as well as evaluating the guidance provided by the U.S. Treasury Department, executed such a qualifying repatriation in the amount of \$1,238,900, the maximum dividend amount for which the special deduction under the Act may be claimed. The resulting additional U.S. tax of \$90,657 with respect to such repatriation was provided for in our fiscal 2005 income tax expense. In the June 2005 quarter, we reversed \$36,414 of this accrual based on updated guidance issued by the U.S. Treasury Department. Since the originally enacted law did not specifically address whether the deduction applied to the required tax gross-up related to the dividend as of the date the financial statements were prepared for the March 2005 quarter, Forest accrued the tax assuming the deduction did not apply which represented an additional \$36 million of tax. In May 2005 the U.S. Treasury Department clarified that the dividend received deduction does in fact apply to the tax gross-up amount and accordingly we were allowed to reverse the \$36 million.

We expect to continue our profitability in the current fiscal year with continued growth in our principal promoted products.

Inflation has not had a material effect on our operations for the periods presented.

Critical Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies are important in understanding our financial condition and results of operations and should be considered an integral part of the financial review. Refer to the notes to the consolidated financial statements for additional policies.

Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are made when accounting for sales allowances, returns, rebates and other pricing adjustments, depreciation, amortization and certain contingencies. Forest is subject to risks and uncertainties, which may include but are not limited to competition, federal or local legislation and regulations, litigation and overall changes in the healthcare environment that may cause actual results to vary from estimates. We review all significant estimates affecting the financial statements on a recurring basis and record the effect of any adjustments when necessary. Certain of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions are discussed

further under the section entitled "Forward Looking Statements".

Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recorded in the period the merchandise is shipped. As is typical in the pharmaceutical industry, gross product sales are subject to a variety of deductions, primarily representing rebates and discounts to government agencies, wholesalers and managed care organizations. These deductions represent estimates of the related liabilities and, as such, judgment is required when estimating the impact of these sales deductions on gross sales for a reporting period. If estimates are not representative of actual settlement, results could be materially affected. Provisions for estimated sales allowances, returns, rebates and other pricing adjustments are accrued at the time revenues are recognized as a direct reduction of such revenue.

The accruals are estimated based on available information, including third party data, regarding the portion of sales on which rebates and discounts can be earned, adjusted as appropriate for specific known events and the prevailing contractual discount rate. Provisions are reflected either as a direct reduction to accounts receivable or, to the extent that they are due to entities other than customers, as accrued expense. Adjustments to estimates are recorded when customer credits are issued or payments are made to third parties.

The sensitivity of estimates can vary by program and type of customer. However, estimates associated with Medicaid and contract rebates are most at risk for adjustment because of the extensive time delay between the recording of the accrual and its ultimate settlement, an interval that can range up to one year. Because of this time lag, in any given quarter, adjustments to actual may incorporate revisions of prior quarters.

Provisions for Medicaid and contract rebates during a period are recorded based upon the actual historical experience ratio of rebates paid and actual prescriptions written. The experience ratio is applied to the period's sales to determine the rebate accrual and related expense. This experience ratio is evaluated regularly to ensure that the historical trends are as current as practicable. As appropriate, we will adjust the ratio to more closely match the current experience or expected future experience. In assessing this ratio, we consider current contract terms, such as the effect of changes in formulary status, discount rate and utilization trends. Periodically, the accrual is adjusted based upon actual payments made for rebates. If the ratio is not indicative of future experience, results could be affected. Rebate accruals for Medicaid were \$39,027 at December 31, 2005 and \$61,385 at December 31, 2004. Commercial discounts and other rebate accruals were \$52,814 at December 31, 2005 and \$73,979 at December 31, 2004. These and other rebate accruals are established in the period the related revenue was recognized, resulting in a reduction to sales and the establishment of a liability, which is included in accrued expenses.

The following table summarizes the activity for the nine-month period in the accounts related to accrued rebates, sales returns and discounts (*In thousands*):

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	<u>December 31, 2005</u>	<u>December 31, 2004</u>
Beginning balance		
Provision for rebates	\$171,119	\$266,209
Settlements	186,980	140,297
	<u>(206,505)</u>	<u>(190,397)</u>
Provision for returns	(19,525)	(50,100)
Settlements	22,838	20,595
	<u>(23,576)</u>	<u>(25,230)</u>
Provision for chargebacks and discounts	(738)	(4,635)
Settlements	301,623	274,348
	<u>(300,173)</u>	<u>(284,661)</u>
Ending balance	1,450	(10,313)
	\$152,306	\$201,161
	=====	=====

Deductions for chargebacks (primarily discounts to group purchasing organizations and federal government agencies) closely approximate actual as these deductions are settled generally within 2-3 weeks of incurring the liability.

Forest's policy relating to the supply of inventory at wholesalers is to maintain stocking levels of up to three weeks and to keep monthly levels consistent from year to year, based on patterns of utilization. We have historically closely monitored wholesale customer stocking levels by purchasing information directly from customers and by obtaining other third party information. Unusual or unexpected variations in buying patterns or utilizations are investigated.

Sales incentives are generally given in connection with a new product launch. These sales incentives are recorded as a reduction of revenues and are based on terms fixed at the time goods are shipped. New product launches may result in expected temporary increases in wholesaler inventories, which as described above, are closely monitored and have not resulted in increased product returns.

Forward Looking Statements

Except for the historical information contained herein, the Management Discussion and other portions of this Form 10-Q contain forward looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties, including the difficulty of predicting FDA approvals, acceptance and demand for new pharmaceutical products, the impact of competitive products and pricing, the timely development and launch of new products and the risk factors listed from time to time in our filings with the SEC, including the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

In the normal course of business, operations may be exposed to fluctuations in currency values and interest rates. These fluctuations can vary the costs of financing, investing and operating transactions. Because we had no debt and only minimal foreign currency transactions, there was no material impact on earnings due to fluctuations in interest and currency exchange rates.

Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act)). Based on this evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms. There was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the Company's most recently completed fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Part II - Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Forest is party to certain legal proceedings previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 and our reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended June 30, 2005 and September 30, 2005.

In January 2006, we received a subpoena from the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Massachusetts requesting documents with respect to contracts, agreements and communications between Forest and Omnicare, a long-term care pharmaceutical benefits provider, relating to Forest's products. Omnicare has previously announced that it had received a subpoena from that office with respect to its relationships with manufacturers and distributors of pharmaceutical products. Forest intends to comply with the subpoena.

Forest is also subject to various legal proceedings that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of its business. Such legal proceedings include the defense of a number of product liability actions that allege harm or injury caused by the use of Lexapro or Celexa, Forest's SSRI products for the treatment of depression. Although we believe that the proceedings brought against us are without merit and we have product liability insurance, litigation is subject to many factors which are difficult to predict and there can be no assurance that we will not incur material costs in the resolution of these matters.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Purchase of equity securities by Forest:

In July 2004, our Board of Directors approved the repurchase of up to 20,000,000 shares of our outstanding Common Stock (2005 Repurchase Program) which was increased to 30,000,000 shares in December 2004. Under the 2005 Repurchase Program we repurchased the shares from time-to-time at prevailing prices and as permitted by applicable securities laws (including SEC Rule 10b-18) and New York Stock Exchange requirements, and subject to market conditions. The first purchase under the 2005 Repurchase Program occurred on September 9, 2004. As of May 11, 2005, we had completed the repurchase of the 30,000,000 shares authorized under the 2005 Repurchase Program.

On May 10, 2005 our Board of Directors authorized a new share repurchase program (2006 Repurchase Program) for up to 25,000,000 shares of our outstanding Common Stock. The authorization became effective immediately and has no set expiration date. We expect to make the repurchases from time to time on the open market, depending on market conditions and as

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permitted by applicable securities laws (including SEC Rule 10b-18) and New York Stock Exchange requirements. As of December 31, 2005, 10,256,700 shares were available for repurchase under the 2006 Repurchase Program.

The following table summarizes the repurchase of Common Stock under the 2006 Repurchase Program during the third quarter of the fiscal year covered by this report:

Period	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs	Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the program
10/1/05 through 10/31/05	2,885,900	\$37.00	2,885,900	19,714,100
11/1/05 through 11/30/05	5,205,600	\$38.67	5,205,600	14,508,500
12/1/05 through 12/31/05	4,251,800	\$40.71	4,251,800	10,256,700

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit 10.21 Settlement Agreement by and between Forest Laboratories, Inc., Forest Laboratories Holdings Ltd. and H. Lundbeck A/S and Alphapharm Pty Ltd. effective October 3, 2005.*

Exhibit 31.1 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 31.2 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.1 Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.2 Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

*Certain portions of this exhibit have been omitted pursuant to a request for confidential treatment filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The redacted material has been filed separately with the SEC.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: February 9, 2006

Forest Laboratories, Inc.

(Registrant)

/s/ Howard Solomon

Howard Solomon
Chairman of the Board,
Chief Executive Officer
and Director

/s/ Francis I. Perier, Jr.

Francis I. Perier, Jr.
Senior Vice President - Finance and
Chief Financial Officer