

ALL AMERICAN SPORTPARK INC
Form 10-K
April 02, 2018

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 000-24970

ALL-AMERICAN SPORTPARK, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or
organization)

88-0203976

(I. R. S. Employer Identification No.)

6730 South Las Vegas Boulevard Las Vegas, NV 89119

(Address of principal executive offices)

(702) 798-7777

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§ 229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes

No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes

No

As of June 30, 2017, the aggregate market value of voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant was approximately \$864,000 based on the last sale price reported for the registrant’s Common Stock on the OTC Bulletin Board of \$0.39 per share on such date.

The number of shares of Common Stock, \$0.001 par value, outstanding on March 20, 2018 was 5,658,123 shares.

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SIGNATURES

PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

On October 18, 2016, the Company completed the closing of the Transfer Agreement for the sale and transfer of the Company's 51% interest in All American Golf Center, Inc. ("AAGC"), which constituted substantially all of the Company's assets. As a result of the closing of the Transfer Agreement, the Company now has no or nominal operations and no or nominal assets and is therefore considered to be a "Shell Company" as that term is defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act").

At this time, our purpose is to seek, investigate and, if such investigation warrants, acquire an interest in business opportunities presented to us by persons or firms who or which desire to seek the perceived advantages of a corporation whose securities are registered pursuant to the Exchange Act.

HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT

The Company was incorporated in Nevada on March 6, 1984, under the name "Sporting Life, Inc." The Company's name was changed to "St. Andrews Golf Corporation" on December 27, 1988, to "Saint Andrews Golf Corporation" on August 12, 1994, and finally to All-American SportPark, Inc. ("AASP") on December 14, 1998.

In December 1994, the Company completed an initial public offering of 1,000,000 Units, each Unit consisting of one share of Common Stock and one Class A Warrant. The net proceeds to the Company from this public offering were approximately \$3,684,000. The Class A Warrants expired unexercised on March 15, 1999.

On July 12, 1996, the Company entered into a lease agreement of land in Las Vegas, Nevada, on which the Company developed a Golf Center and All-American SportPark, ("SportPark") properties. The discontinued SportPark that opened for business in October 1998 was disposed of in May 2001.

On June 15, 2011, the Company entered into a Stock Transfer Agreement with Saint Andrews pursuant to which the Company transferred 49% of the outstanding common stock of All-American Golf Center, Inc. ("AAGC"), a subsidiary of the Company, to Saint Andrews Golf Shop, Ltd. ("Saint Andrews") in exchange for the cancellation of \$600,000 of debt owed by the Company to Saint Andrews.

Saint Andrews is owned by Ronald Boreta, the Company's President and a Director and John Boreta, his brother. John Boreta is a principal shareholder of the Company and became Director of the Company in 2012. The debt owed by the Company to Saint Andrews was from advances made in the past by Saint Andrews to provide the Company with working capital.

On June 10, 2016, the Company entered into a Transfer Agreement for the sale and transfer of the Company's remaining 51% interest in AAGC, which constituted substantially all of the Company's assets. On October 18, 2016, the Company completed the closing of the Transfer Agreement pursuant to which the Company transferred the 51% interest in AAGC to Ronald Boreta and John Boreta (the "Boretas"), and also issued to the Boretas 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, in exchange for the cancellation of promissory notes held by the Boretas and the interest accrued thereon totaling approximately \$8,613,000.

In connection with the closing of the Transfer Agreement, AAGC assumed the obligation of the Company to pay Ronald Boretta for deferred salary which currently totals approximately \$320,000. In addition, AAGC cancelled approximately \$4,125,000 in advances previously made by it to the Company to fund its operations.

Also in connection with the closing of the Transfer Agreement, entities controlled by the Boretas cancelled approximately \$1,367,000 owed to them by the Company. The Company cancelled approximately \$27,605 owed to the Company by entities controlled by the Boretas.

As a result of the closing of the Transfer Agreement, the Company now has nominal operations and assets.

BUSINESS PLAN

Our business plan is to seek, investigate, and, if warranted, acquire an interest in a business opportunity. Such an acquisition may be made by merger, exchange of stock, or otherwise. We have very limited sources of capital, and will likely be able to take advantage of only one business opportunity. As of the date of this report we have been investigating business opportunities, but we have not reached any preliminary or definitive agreements or understandings with any person concerning an acquisition or merger.

Our search for a business opportunity will not be limited to any particular geographical area or industry and may include both U.S. and international companies. Our management has complete discretion in seeking and participating in a business opportunity, subject to the availability of such opportunities, economic conditions and other factors. Our management believes that companies who desire a public market to enhance liquidity for current stockholders, or plan to acquire additional assets through issuance of securities rather than for cash, will be potential merger or acquisition candidates.

The selection of a business opportunity in which to participate may be complex and will be made by management in the exercise of their business judgment which may act without consent, vote, or approval of our shareholders. We cannot assure you that we will be able to identify and merge with or acquire any business opportunity which will ultimately prove to be beneficial to the Company and our shareholders. Should a merger or acquisition prove unsuccessful, it is possible management may decide not to pursue further acquisition activities and management may abandon such a search and the Company may become dormant or be dissolved.

The Company expects that business opportunities will come to our attention from various sources, including our officers and directors, our stockholders, professional advisors, such as securities broker-dealers, investment banking firms, venture capitalists and others who may present unsolicited proposals.

Our management will analyze the business opportunities; however, none of our management are professional business analysts. Our management has had limited experience with mergers and acquisitions of business opportunities. Our due diligence related to business opportunities is expected to encompass, meetings with the target business's management and inspection of its facilities, as necessary, as well as a review of financial and other information which is made available to our management. This due diligence review may be conducted either by our management or by unaffiliated third parties we may engage. Our limited funds and the lack of full-time management may limit our ability to conduct an exhaustive investigation and analysis of a target business before we consummate a business combination. We anticipate that we will rely upon funds provided by advances and/or loans from management and significant stockholders to conduct the investigation and analysis of any potential businesses opportunity. We may also rely upon the issuance of our common stock in lieu of cash payments for services or expenses related to any analysis. Management decisions, therefore, will likely be made without independent analysis. We will likely make decisions based on information provided by the promoters, owners or other persons associated with the business opportunity.

The legal structure of our participation in a business opportunity may include, but will not be limited to, leases, purchase and sale agreements, licenses, joint ventures and other contractual arrangements. We may act directly or indirectly through an interest in a partnership, corporation or other form of organization. We may be required to merge, consolidate or reorganize with other corporations or forms of business organizations. In addition, our present management and stockholders most likely will not have control of a majority of our voting shares following a merger or reorganization transaction. As part of such a transaction, our existing directors may resign and new directors may be appointed to fill those vacancies without any vote by our stockholders.

Our participation in a business opportunity would likely come through the issuance of common stock or other securities. In certain circumstances the criteria for determining whether or not an acquisition is a so-called "tax free" reorganization under Section 368(a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") depends upon whether the owners of the acquired business own 80% or more of the voting stock of the surviving entity. If a transaction were structured to take advantage of these provisions rather than other "tax free" provisions provided under the Code, all prior stockholders would in that circumstance retain 20% or less of the total issued and outstanding shares of the surviving entity. This would result in substantial dilution to the equity of those persons who were our shareholders prior to such reorganization.

Significant stockholders may actively negotiate or otherwise consent to the purchase of all or a portion of their common stock as a condition to, or in connection with, a proposed reorganization, merger or acquisition. It is not anticipated that any such opportunity would be afforded to other stockholders or that such other stockholders would be afforded the opportunity to approve or consent to any particular stock buy-out transaction. We have not adopted any procedures or policies for the review, approval or ratification of any related party transactions.

COMPETITION

We face substantial competition in our effort to locate attractive business opportunities. Business development companies, venture capital partnerships and corporations, venture capital affiliates of large industrial and financial companies, special purpose acquisition companies (SPACs), small investment companies, and wealthy individuals are our primary competition. Many of these entities have significantly greater experience, resources and managerial capabilities than we do and may be in a better position than we are to obtain access to attractive business opportunities.

COMPLIANCE WITH SECURITIES LAWS

The Company is subject to the Exchange Act of 1934 and is required to file annual reports on Form 10-K and quarterly reports on Form 10-Q with the SEC on a regular basis, and will be required to timely disclose certain material events (e.g., changes in corporate control; acquisitions or dispositions of a significant amount of assets other than in the ordinary course of business; and bankruptcy) in a Current Report on Form 8-K. We are also subject to Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act which requires the Company to comply with the rules and regulations of the SEC regarding proxy solicitations, as outlined in Regulation 14A. Matters submitted to our stockholders at a special or annual meeting of stockholders or pursuant to a written consent will require us to provide our stockholders with the information outlined in Schedules 14A or 14C of Regulation 14A; preliminary copies of this information must be submitted to the SEC at least 10 days prior to the date that definitive copies of this information are forwarded to our stockholders.

Since we are a ‘shell company,’ if we were to acquire a non-reporting company, we would be required to file a Current Report on Form 8-K that would include all information about such ‘non-reporting issuer’ as would have been required to be filed by that entity had it filed a Form 10 Registration Statement with the SEC.

EMPLOYEES

The Company currently has no employees.

ITEM 1A.

RISK FACTORS

Not required.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2.

PROPERTIES

The Company has no properties. The Company’s corporate offices are located at 6730 South Las Vegas Boulevard, Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 in space shared with AAGC.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is not presently a party to any legal proceedings, except for routine litigation that is incidental to the Company’s business.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

This item is not applicable to the Company.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS, AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

MARKET INFORMATION. The Company's common stock is traded in the over-the-counter market and is quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol AASP. The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices of the common stock for the periods indicated.

	HIGH	LOW
Year Ended December 31, 2017		
First Quarter	\$ 0.74	\$ 0.39
Second Quarter	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.31
Third Quarter	\$ 0.99	\$ 0.31
Fourth Quarter	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.46
Year Ended December 31, 2016:		
First Quarter	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.09
Second Quarter	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.15
Third Quarter	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.22
Fourth Quarter	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.22

HOLDERS

The number of holders of record of the Company's \$0.001 par value common stock as of March 22, 2018 was approximately 1,045. This does not include approximately 1,500 shareholders' who hold stock in their accounts at broker/dealers.

DIVIDENDS

Holders of common stock are entitled to receive such dividends as may be declared by the Company's Board of Directors. No dividends have been paid with respect to the Company's common stock and no dividends are expected to be paid in the foreseeable future. It is the present policy of the Board of Directors to retain all earnings to provide for the growth of the Company. Payment of cash dividends in the future will depend, among other things, upon the Company's future earnings, requirements for capital improvements and financial condition.

SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2017, the Company had no sales of unregistered securities.

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA.

Not required.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following information should be read in conjunction with the Company's Financial Statements and the Notes thereto included in this report.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") In connection with the preparation of the financial statements, we are required to make assumptions and estimates about future events that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and the related disclosures. We base our assumption and estimate on historical experience and other factors that management believes are relevant at the time our financial statements are prepared. On a periodic basis, management reviews the accounting policies, assumptions and estimates to ensure that our financial statements are presented fairly and in accordance with GAAP. However, because future events and their effects cannot be determined with certainty, actual results could differ from the estimates and assumptions, and such differences could be material.

Our significant accounting policies are discussed in Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the Notes to the Financial Statements. The following accounting policies are most critical in fully understanding and evaluating our reported financial results.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions made by management include, but are not limited to, the determination of the provision for income taxes and the fair value of stock-based compensation. The Company bases the estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. An entity is required to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk. An investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. However, the determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgment by the Company. Management considers observable data to be market data which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, provided by multiple, independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market. The categorization of an investment within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the investment and does not necessarily correspond to the Company's perceived risk of that investment.

At December 31, 2017, and 2016, the carrying amount of prepaid, accounts payable and accrued liability, accounts payable and accrued liability-related parties, due to related parties and notes payable and accrued interest payable-related parties approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Revenue

The Company has no revenue.

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing income from continuing operations. Earnings per common share – Basic earnings per share excludes any dilutive effects of options, warrants and convertible securities. Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted-average number of outstanding common shares during the applicable period. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of common and dilutive common stock equivalent shares outstanding during the period. Common stock equivalent shares are excluded from the computation if their effect is antidilutive.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Company believes there was no new accounting guidance adopted but not yet effective that either has not already been disclosed in prior reporting periods or is relevant to the readers of the Company's financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF CURRENT OPERATIONS

On October 18, 2016, the Company completed the closing of the Transfer Agreement for the sale and transfer of the Company's 51% interest in All American Golf Center, Inc. ("AAGC"), which constituted substantially all of the Company's assets. As a result of the closing of the Transfer Agreement, the Company now has no or nominal operations and no or nominal assets and is therefore considered to be a "Shell Company" as that term is defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act").

At this time, our purpose is to seek, investigate and, if such investigation warrants, acquire an interest in business opportunities presented to us by persons or firms who or which desire to seek the perceived advantages of a corporation whose securities are registered pursuant to the Exchange Act. We will not restrict our search to any specific business or geographical location.

This discussion of our proposed business is purposefully general and is not meant to be restrictive of our discretion to search for and enter into potential business opportunities.

Management anticipates that we may be able to participate in only one potential business venture because we have nominal assets and limited financial resources. This lack of diversification should be considered a substantial risk to our shareholders because it will not permit us to offset potential losses from one venture against gains from another.

We may seek a business opportunity with entities that have recently commenced operations, or that wish to utilize the public marketplace in order to raise additional capital in order to expand into new products or markets, to develop a new product or service, or for other corporate purposes. We may acquire assets and establish wholly-owned subsidiaries in various businesses or acquire existing businesses as subsidiaries.

The Company has not entered into any definitive or binding agreements and there are no assurances that such transactions will occur. Such a combination would normally take the form of a merger, stock-for-stock exchange or stock-for-assets exchange. The Company may determine to structure any business combination to be within the definition of a tax-free reorganization under Section 351 or Section 368 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

It is anticipated that any securities issued in any such business combination would be issued in reliance upon an exemption from registration under applicable federal and state securities laws. In some circumstances, however, as a negotiated element of its transaction, the Company may agree to register all or a part of such securities immediately after the transaction is consummated or at specified times thereafter. If such registration occurs, it will be undertaken by the surviving entity after the Company has entered into an agreement for a business combination or has consummated a business combination. The issuance of additional securities and their potential sale into any trading market in the Company's securities may depress the market value of the Company's securities in the future.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS – YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 VERSUS YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2016.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE (“G&A”)

G&A expenses consist principally of administrative payroll, rent, professional fees, and other corporate costs. These expenses decreased by \$268,797 to \$85,739 in 2017 from \$354,536 in 2016. The expenses decreased due to the closing of the Transfer Agreement in October 2016.

IMPAIRMENT ON PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

In 2017 and 2016 there was no impairment on property and equipment.

DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

Depreciation and amortization decreased by \$798 in 2017 to \$251 from \$1,049 in 2016. The decrease in depreciation is a result of assets reaching their full depreciation during 2017.

OTHER INCOME AND INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense decreased in 2017 by \$309,527 to \$0 from \$309,527 in 2016. There is no longer any interest expense in 2017 due to the transfer agreement.

NET LOSS

In 2017, the net loss from continued operations was \$85,990 as compared to net loss of \$665,112 in 2016. In 2017, the income from discontinued operations was \$0 as compared to income of \$37,072. This decrease in net loss is consistent with the elimination of interest and operating expenses in October 2016.

CASH FLOW

The net cash used for operating activities decreased from \$319,492 in 2016 compared to \$97,457 in 2017. The majority of that decrease came from the elimination of interest payable to related parties. Cash flow provided from financing activities decreased from \$110,937 in 2016 to \$97,457 in 2017. The Company was still dependent on related parties to fund its operation.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We currently have no cash and do not have an ongoing source of revenue sufficient to cover our operating costs. We intend to obtain funding from related parties to cover our expenses; however, there is no assurance that such funding will continue to be available. Our ability to continue as a going concern on a long term basis is dependent upon our ability to find a suitable business opportunity and acquire or enter into a merger with such company.

During the next 12 months we anticipate incurring additional costs related to the filing of Exchange Act reports. We believe we will be able to meet these costs through advances and loans provided by management. We may also rely on the issuance of our common stock in lieu of cash to convert debt or pay for expenses.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Forward-Looking Statements

This document contains “forward-looking statements.” All statements other than statements of historical fact are “forward-looking statements” for purposes of federal and state securities laws, including, but not limited to, any projections of earnings, revenue or other financial items; any statements of the plans, strategies and objections of management for future operations; any statements concerning proposed new services or developments; any statements regarding future economic conditions or performance; any statements or belief; and any statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing.

Forward-looking statements may include the words “may,” “could,” “estimate,” “intend,” “continue,” “believe,” “exp” “anticipate” or other similar words. These forward-looking statements present our estimates and assumptions only as of the date of this report. Accordingly, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the dates on which they are made. We do not undertake to update forward-looking statements to reflect the impact of circumstances or events that arise after the dates they are made. You should, however, consult further disclosures we make in future filings of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in any of our forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results could differ materially from those projected or assumed in any of our forward-looking statements. Our future financial condition and results of operations, as well as any forward-looking statements, are subject to change. The factors affecting these risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to:

- the inability of management to effectively implement our strategies and business plan;
- the willingness of management to pay for our ongoing expenses; and
- the other risks and uncertainties detailed in this report.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not required.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The financial statements are set forth on pages F-1 through F-21 hereto.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's management carried out an evaluation, under the supervision of and with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 under the Exchange Act). Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of the end of the period covered by this report due to a control deficiency. Specifically, at December 31, 2017 we did not have sufficient personnel to allow segregation of duties to ensure the completeness or accuracy of our information. Due to the size of the Company and its limited operations, we are unable to remediate this deficiency until we acquire or merge with another company.

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rule 13a-15(f).

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control – Integrated Framework, issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (“COSO Framework”). Based on our evaluation under the COSO Framework, our management concluded that our internal controls over financial reporting were not effective as of December 31, 2017. Specifically we did not have sufficient personnel to allow segregation of duties to ensure the completeness or accuracy of our information. Due to the size of the Company and its limited operations, we are unable to remediate this deficiency until we acquire or merge with another company.

The annual report does not include an attestation report of our registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by Section 989G of the Dodd Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There were no changes in internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Directors and Executive Officers of the Company are as follows:

NAME	AGE	POSITIONS AND OFFICES HELD
Ronald S. Boreta	55	President, Chief Executive Officer, Treasurer, Secretary and Director
Steven Miller	74	Director
Cara Corrigan	56	Director
John Boreta	57	Director

Ronald Boreta and John Boreta are brothers. There are no other family relationships between any of the Directors and Executive Officers of the Company.

The Company does not currently have an audit committee or an "audit committee financial expert" because it is not legally required to have one and due to the limited size of the Company's operations, it is not deemed necessary. The Company presently has no compensation or nominating committee.

All Directors hold office until the next Annual Meeting of Shareholders.

Officers of the Company are elected annually by, and serve at the discretion of, the Board of Directors.

The following sets forth biographical information as to the business experience of each officer and director of the Company for at least the past five years.

RONALD S. BORETA has served as President of the Company since 1992, Chief Executive officer (Principal Executive Officer) since August 1994, Principal Financial Officer since February 2004, and a Director since its inception in 1984. The Company has employed him since its inception in March 1984, with the exception of a 6-month period in 1985 when he was employed by a franchisee of the Company located in San Francisco, California. Prior to his employment by the Company, Mr. Boreta was an assistant golf professional at San Jose Municipal Golf Course in San Jose, California, and had worked for two years in South San Francisco, California.

Mr. Boreta currently devotes approximately 60% of his time to the business of the Company. Ronald S. Boreta was selected to be a Director of the Company because of his long experience with the Company and because he has served as its sole executive officer for many years. He has also served as an executive officer and director of another publicly-held company, Sports Entertainment Enterprises, Inc. (subsequently named "CKX, Inc.").

STEVEN MILLER is the Chief Executive Officer of Agassi Enterprises and Agassi Graf Holdings since January 2009. He is responsible for the leadership and operation of two for-profit entities. He is responsible for the coordination of business ventures, strategies and personnel evaluations, as well as managing and representing the Agassi Graf Lifestyle brand. Since January 2008, Mr. Miller has also served as CEO of the Andre Agassi Foundation for Education. In that capacity, he is responsible for the leadership and operation of the Foundation enterprise, and managing the financial portfolio. From May 2008 to April 2010, Mr. Miller was the CEO of Power Plate International, and Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors. He previously served as a senior analyst and adjunct professor at the University of Oregon's Warsaw Sports Marketing Center; President of Devine Sports in Chicago; and President and CEO of the Professional Bowlers Association in Seattle.

Agassi ASI Group, LLC and Investment AKA, LLC currently hold approximately 35% of the Company's outstanding common stock. Both of these are limited liability companies whose members include Andre K. Agassi. The election of Mr. Miller to the Board of Directors may be considered to be a result of the relationship of Mr. Miller to Andre Agassi.

CARA CORRIGAN started as an employee of the Company in 1997 as the Assistant Controller and then became the Executive Assistant to the President (Ronald Boreta) in 1999 and served as his assistant until June of 2008. In June of 2009, she became the Company's Corporate Controller working in that position until May of 2015. Ms. Corrigan proved herself a dedicated employee with the Company and continues to be well aware of the activities and direction of the Company. Ms. Corrigan now lives in Reno, NV, where, since March 2017, she has been the Director of Operations and Administration for Minerva Office Management, a family trust office, where she manages all aspects of the office and staff on a daily basis. She also is responsible for working with trust family members both domestically and internationally. From June 2015 to March 2017, she was the Financial Controller for a business conglomerate that included real estate, a clothing line, autos and horses. Mrs. Corrigan oversaw all aspects of the business including working internationally with the firm's Danish office.

JOHN BORETA was elected to the Board during the third quarter of 2013. John has served as General Manager of the golf center that was owned by the Company until October 2016 (now named the "TaylorMade Golf Experience") since its inception in 1997. He is involved in all aspects of the day to day operation of the facility. John moved to Las Vegas in 1981 to work in the family golf business, Las Vegas Golf and Tennis. He was involved in the daily store operations as a retail sales manager, as well as mail-order sales supervisor. He was promoted to store manager for a store that exceeded \$10 million in sales annually. In addition to his involvement with TaylorMade Golf Experience, he is co-owner of three golf retail stores in Las Vegas, including the Saint Andrews Golf Shop which is a tenant at the golf center, with his brother, Ronald S. Boreta.

SECTION 16(A) BENEFICIAL REPORTING COMPLIANCE

Based solely on a review of Forms 3 and 4 and amendments thereto furnished to the Company during its most recent fiscal year, and Forms 5 and amendments thereto furnished to the Company with respect to its most recent fiscal year and certain written representations, no persons who were either a director, officer, beneficial owner of more than 10% of the Company's common stock, failed to file on a timely basis reports required by Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act during the most recent fiscal year.

CODE OF ETHICS

The Board of Directors adopted a Code of Ethics on March 26, 2008. The Code of Ethics was filed as Exhibit 14 to the Company's Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2007.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table sets forth information concerning the compensation received for services rendered in all capacities to the Company for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 by the Company's President. The Company has no other executive officers.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

NAME AND PRINCIPAL POSITION	YEAR	SALARY (\$)(2)	BONUS (\$)	STOCK AWARDS (\$)	OPTION AWARDS (\$)	ALL OTHER COMPEN- SATION (\$)(1)	TOTAL (\$)
R o n a l d S . Boreta, President	2017	\$ -	\$ 0	--	--	\$ -	\$ -
	2016	\$ 107,500	\$ 0	--	--	\$ 10,327	\$ 117,827

(1) For 2016, these amounts were auto expenses of \$10,327.

(2) For 2016 Ronald Boreta's salary included \$53,750 of deferred compensation.

OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL YEAR-END

There were no outstanding equity awards held by executive officers at December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2017.

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS

Directors who are not employees of the Company do not receive any fees for meetings that they attend, but they are entitled to reimbursement for reasonable expenses incurred while attending such meetings. In 2017 and 2016 no compensation was paid to the Company's directors for their services.

John Boreta received an annual salary of \$75,000 as the General Manager of the TaylorMade Golf Experience which was owned by the Company until October 2016.

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

Effective August 1, 1994, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Ronald S. Boreta, the Company's President, and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to which he received a base salary that was increased to \$120,000 in beginning the year ended December 31, 1996. The term of the employment agreement ended in May 2013, but he continued to be employed by the Company on the same basis. Ronald S. Boreta received the use of an automobile, for which the Company paid all expenses and full medical and dental coverage. These arrangements ended in connection with the closing of the Transfer Agreement in October 2016. Ronald S. Boreta has agreed that for a period of three years from the termination of his employment agreement that he will not engage in a trade or business similar to that of the Company.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The following table sets forth, as of March 22, 2018 the stock ownership of each person known by the Company to be the beneficial owner of five percent or more of the Company's common stock, each Executive Officer and Director individually, and all Directors and Executive Officers of the Company as a group. Except as noted, each person has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF BENEFICIAL OWNERS	AMOUNT AND NATURE OF BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP	PERCENT OF CLASS
Ronald S. Boreta 6730 Las Vegas Blvd. South Las Vegas, NV 89119	950,484(1)	16.80%
ASI Group, LLC Investment AKA, LLC c/o Agassi Enterprises, Inc. 3883 Howard Hughes Pkwy, 8 th Fl. Las Vegas, NV 89109	1,589,167(4)	28.13%
John Boreta 6730 Las Vegas Blvd. South Las Vegas, NV 89119	801,439(2)	14.16 %
Boreta Enterprises, Ltd. 6730 Las Vegas Blvd. South Las Vegas, NV 89119	360,784(3)	6.38%
Steve Miller 3883 Howard Hughes Pkwy., 8 th Fl. Las Vegas, NV 89169	34,000(5)	0.60%
Cara Corrigan 6730 Las Vegas Blvd. South Las Vegas, NV 89119	34,000(5)	0.60%
All Directors and Executive Officers as a Group (4 persons)	1,819,923(6)	32.16%

(1) Includes 702,229 shares held directly and 248,255 shares which represents Ronald Boreta's share of the Common Stock held by Boreta Enterprises, Ltd.

(2) Includes 691,735 shares held directly and 108,704 shares, which represents John Boreta's share of the Common Stock held by Boreta Enterprises Ltd.

(3) Direct ownership of shares held by Boreta Enterprises Ltd., a limited liability company owned by Ronald and John Boreta and the Estate of Vaso Boreta. Boreta Enterprises Ltd. percentage ownership is as follows:

Ronald S. Boreta	68.81%
John Boreta	30.13%
Estate of Vaso Boreta	1.06%

(4) ASI Group LLC and Investment AKA, LLC are both Nevada limited liability company's whose members include Andre K. Agassi.

(5) All shares are owned directly.

(6) Includes shares beneficially held by the four named Directors and Executive Officers.

EQUITY COMPENSATION PLAN INFORMATION

As of December 31, 2017, the Company had no compensation plans (including individual compensation arrangements) under which equity securities of the Company were authorized for issuance in the future.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

Related Party Transactions

AAGC's employees have provided administrative/accounting support for the Company and two golf retail stores: one named Saint Andrews Golf Shop ("Saint Andrews") and the other one named Las Vegas Golf and Tennis ("Westside Store"), owned by Ronald Boreta, the Company's President, and John Boreta, a Director of the Company. The Saint Andrews store is the retail tenant in the golf center. On October 18, 2016, AAGC ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company as a result of the closing of the Transfer Agreement.

In addition to the administrative/accounting support provided by AAGC to the above stores, the Company received funding for operations from these and various other stores owned by Ronald Boreta and John Boreta. These funds helped pay for office supplies, phone charges, postages and salaries. The net amount due to these stores totaled \$159,281 and \$61,824 as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The amounts are non-interest bearing and due out of available cash flows of the Company.

Until October 2016, both Ronald Boreta and John Boreta continued to defer half of their monthly salaries until the Company was in a more positive financial state. The amounts deferred for 2016 (through October 18) were \$85,000. The obligations to pay the deferred salaries were assumed by AAGC in connection with the closing of the Transfer Agreement.

On June 10, 2016, the Company entered into a Transfer Agreement for the sale and transfer of the Company's remaining 51% interest in AAGC, which constituted substantially all of the Company's assets. On October 18, 2016, the Company completed the closing of the Transfer Agreement pursuant to which the Company transferred the 51% interest in AAGC to Ronald Boreta and John Boreta (the "Boretas"), and also issued to the Boretas 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, in exchange for the cancellation of promissory notes held by the Boretas and the interest accrued thereon totaling approximately \$8,613,000.

In connection with the closing of the Transfer Agreement, AAGC assumed the obligation of the Company to pay Ronald Boreta for deferred salary which currently totals approximately \$320,000. In addition, AAGC cancelled approximately \$4,125,000 in advances previously made by it to the Company to fund its operations.

Also in connection with the closing of the Transfer Agreement, entities controlled by the Boretas cancelled approximately \$1,367,000 owed to them by the Company. The Company cancelled approximately \$27,605 owed to the Company by entities controlled by the Boretas.

Other Transactions

John Boreta, who became a Director of the Company in 2013, has been employed by All-American Golf Center ("AAGC"), which was a subsidiary of the Company until October 2016, as its general manager for over 13 years. On June 15, 2009, AAGC entered into an employment agreement with John Boreta. The employment agreement was for a period through June 15, 2012 and provided for a base annual salary of \$75,000. Although the term of the employment agreement ended in June 2012, he continued to be employed on the same basis. During 2016, John Boreta received compensation of \$81,000 for his services in that capacity, which included an auto allowance of \$6,000. He also received medical compensation of \$13,313 for 2016. The Company's Board of Directors believes that the above transactions were on terms no less favorable to the Company than if the transactions were with unrelated third parties.

During 2017, Ron Boreta agreed to forgive an auto allowance payable to him in the amount of \$9,783 which was accounted as capital contribution.

Director Independence

The Company has determined that Steve Miller is an independent director as defined under the rules used by the NASDAQ Stock Market.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

AUDIT FEES

The aggregate fees billed for fiscal years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 by RBSM for professional services rendered for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements and review of financial statements included in the Company's quarterly reports on Form 10-Q were \$36,000 during each year.

AUDIT RELATED FEES

Not Applicable.

TAX FEES

The aggregate fees billed for tax services rendered by RBSM for tax compliance and tax advice for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, were \$5,000 during each year.

ALL OTHER FEES

None.

AUDIT COMMITTEE PRE-APPROVAL POLICY

Under provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the Company's principal accountant may not be engaged to provide non-audit services that are prohibited by law or regulation to be provided by it, and the Board of Directors (which serves as the Company's audit committee) must pre-approve the engagement of the Company's principal accountant to provide audit and permissible non-audit services. The Company's Board has not established policies or procedures other than those required by applicable laws and regulations.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
2.1	Transfer Agreement dated June 10, 2016, among All-American SportPark, Inc. and Ronald Boreta and John Boreta	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 10, 2017
3.1	Restated Articles of Incorporation	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Form SB-2 Registration Statement (No. 33-84024)
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Form SB-2 Registration Statement (No. 33-84024)
3.3	Revised Bylaws	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Registrant's Form SB-2 Registration Statement (No. 33-08424)
3.4	Certificate of Amendment Articles of Incorporation Series A Convertible Preferred	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 to the Registrant's Annual report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 1998
3.5	Certificate of Designation Series B Convertible Preferred	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.5 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 1998
3.6	Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation - Name change	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.6 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 1998
10.1	Employment Agreement With Ronald S. Boreta	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Form SB-2 Registration Statement (No. 33-84024)
10.2	Employment Agreement between John Boreta and All-American Golf Center, Inc. dated June 19, 2009	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Report on Form 8-K filed on June 19, 2009
10.3	Addendum No. 2 to Employment Agreement	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Registrant's Report on Form 8-K filed on June 19, 2009

between Ronald Boreta
a n d
All-American SportPark,
Inc. dated June 15, 2009.

10.4 Agreement with AKAINcorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Report on Form 8-K
Investments, LLC dated filed on September 24, 2009
September 23, 2009

14 Code of Ethics Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 14 to the Registrant's Annual Report on
Form 10-KSB for The year ended December 31, 2007

31 Certification of Filed herewith electronically
Chief Executive
Officer and
Principal Financial
Officer Pursuant to
Section 302 of
the Sarbanes-Oxley
Act of 2002.

32 Certification of Filed herewith electronically
Chief Executive
Officer and
Principal Financial
Officer Pursuant to
Section 18
U.S.C. Section
1350.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of
All-American Sportpark, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of All-American Sportpark, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' deficit, and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the financial statements). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Company's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the Company has an accumulated deficit, recurring losses, and expects continuing future losses, and has stated that substantial doubt exists about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's evaluation of the events and conditions and management's plans regarding these matters are also described in Note 3. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/RBSM LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2015.

Henderson, NV

April 2, 2018

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ALL-AMERICAN SPORTPARK, INC.
BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Assets		
Current assets:		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 14,225	\$ 38
Total current assets	14,225	38
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$11,637 and \$11,386, respectively	55	306
Prepaid expenses – long term	14,177	-
Total Assets	\$ 28,457	\$ 344
Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 18,332	\$ 45,129
Due to related parties	159,281	61,824
Total current liabilities	177,613	106,953
Stockholders' Deficit:		
Preferred stock, Series "B", \$0.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively	-	-
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 5,658,123 and 5,624,123 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively	5,658	5,624
Additional paid-in capital	28,728,912	28,685,503
Accumulated deficit	(28,883,726)	(28,797,736)
Total stockholder's deficit	(149,156)	(106,609)
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit	\$ 28,457	\$ 344

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ALL-AMERICAN SPORTPARK, INC.
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	For the Years Ended December 31,	
	2017	2016
Expenses:		
General & administrative	\$ 85,739	\$ 354,536
Depreciation and amortization	251	1,049
Total expenses	85,990	355,585
Loss from operations	(85,990)	(355,585)
Other expense		
Interest expense	-	(309,527)
Total other expense	(85,990)	(309,527)
Net loss before provision for income tax	(85,990)	(665,112)
Provision for income tax expense	-	-
Loss from Continuing Operations	(85,990)	(665,112)
Income from discontinued operations	-	37,072
Net Loss	\$ (85,990)	\$ (628,040)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding-basic and fully diluted	5,637,013	4,826,309
Basic and diluted net loss per common share from continuing operations	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.14)
Basic and diluted net income per common share from discontinued operations	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.01
Net loss per share – basic and fully diluted	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.13)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ALL-AMERICAN SPORTPARK, INC.
STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

	Common Stock						
	Shares	Amount	Prepaid Equity Based Compensation	Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Non- Controlling Interest	Total
B a l a n c e , December 31, 2015	4,624,123	\$ 4,624	\$ (944)	\$ 14,408,270	\$ (28,169,696)	\$ 441,187	\$(13,316,559)
T r a n s f e r Agreement	1,000,000	1,000	-	14,277,233		(441,187)	13,837,046
Amortization of prepaid equity based compensation	-	-	944	-	-	-	944
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(628,040)		(628,040)
B a l a n c e , December 31, 2016	5,624,123	\$ 5,624	-	\$ 28,685,503	\$ (28,797,736)	-	\$ (106,609)
Shares issued for prepaid services	34,000	34	-	33,626	-	-	33,660
D e b t forgiveness – related party	-	-	-	9,783	-	-	9,783
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(85,990)		(85,990)
B a l a n c e , December 31, 2017	5,658,123	\$ 5,658	-	\$ 28,728,912	\$ (28,883,726)	-	\$ (149,156)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ALL -AMERICAN SPORTPARK, INC.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Years Ended December	
	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (85,990)	\$ (665,112)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation expense	251	1,049
Stock-based compensation	5,345	944
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses	(49)	234
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(17,014)	79,886
Accrued interest payable – related parties	-	263,507
Net cash used in operating activities	(97,457)	(319,492)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from related parties	97,457	110,937
Net cash provided by financing activities	97,457	110,937
Cash flows from discontinued operations		
Net cash provided by operating	-	191,447
Net cash used in investing	-	(6,830)
Net cash used in financing	-	(23,938)
Net Cash provided by discontinued operations	-	208,555
Net Increase in cash	-	-
Cash, beginning of period	-	-
Cash, end of period	\$ -	\$ -
Cash paid for taxes	\$ -	\$ -
Cash paid for Interest	\$ -	\$ -
Non-Cash investing and financing:		
Shares prepaid for services	\$ 33,660	\$ -
Accounts payable forgiven by related party	\$ 9,783	\$ -
Liabilities released due to Transfer Agreement	\$ -	\$ 10,505,330
Assets held for sale transferred out due to Transfer Agreement	\$ -	\$ (449,874)
Liabilities held for sale transferred out due to Transfer Agreement	\$ -	\$ 3,831,563
Non-controlling interest transferred out due to Transfer Agreement	\$ -	\$ 441,187

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**ALL -AMERICAN SPORTPARK, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

b. BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

The Company was incorporated in Nevada on March 6, 1984, under the name "Sporting Life, Inc." The Company's name was changed to "St. Andrews Golf Corporation" on December 27, 1988, to "Saint Andrews Golf Corporation" on August 12, 1994, and finally to All-American SportPark, Inc. ("AASP") on December 14, 1998.

In December 1994, the Company completed an initial public offering of 1,000,000 Units, each Unit consisting of one share of Common Stock and one Class A Warrant. The net proceeds to the Company from this public offering were approximately \$3,684,000. The Class A Warrants expired unexercised on March 15, 1999.

On July 12, 1996, the Company entered into a lease agreement of land in Las Vegas, Nevada, on which the Company developed a Golf Center and All-American SportPark, ("SportPark") properties. The discontinued SportPark that opened for business in October 1998 was disposed of in May 2001.

On June 15, 2011, the Company entered into a Stock Transfer Agreement with Saint Andrews pursuant to which the Company transferred 49% of the outstanding common stock of All-American Golf Center, Inc. ("AAGC"), a subsidiary of the Company, to Saint Andrews Golf Shop, Ltd. ("Saint Andrews") in exchange for the cancellation of \$600,000 of debt owed by the Company to Saint Andrews.

Saint Andrews is owned by Ronald Boreta, the Company's President and a Director and John Boreta, his brother. John Boreta is a principal shareholder of the Company and became Director of the Company in 2012. The debt owed by the Company to Saint Andrews was from advances made in the past by Saint Andrews to provide the Company with working capital.

On June 10, 2016, the Company entered into a Transfer Agreement for the sale and transfer of the Company's 51% interest in All American Golf Center, Inc. ("AAGC"), which constituted substantially all of the Company's assets. On October 18, 2016, the Company completed the closing of the Transfer Agreement pursuant to which the Company transferred the 51% interest in AAGC to Ronald Boreta and John Boreta (the "Boretas"), and also issued to the Boretas 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, in exchange for the cancellation of promissory notes held by the Boretas and accrued interest of \$8,864,255.

In connection with the closing of the Transfer Agreement, AAGC assumed the obligation of the Company to pay Ronald Boreta for deferred salary of \$340,000. In addition, AAGC cancelled \$4,267,802 in advances previously made by it to the Company to fund its operations.

Also in connection with the closing of the Transfer Agreement, entities controlled by the Boretas cancelled \$1,286,702 owed to them by the Company. In addition, the Company cancelled \$27,615 of amounts due from entities controlled by the Boretas.

Also, as a result of the Transfer Agreement, on October 18, 2016, the Company derecognized the assets and liabilities of AAGC.

The sale and transfer of the Company's 51% interest in AAGC to the controlling shareholders of the Company is a common control transaction and recorded at book value. Any difference between the proceeds received by the Company and the book value of assets and liabilities of AAGC, cancellation of promissory notes and accrued interest, assumption of deferred salary, cancellation of amounts due to and due from entities controlled by the Boretas is recognized as a capital transaction with no gain or loss recorded.

The assets and liabilities transferred and debts cancelled and assumed is summarized below:

	<u>AASP</u>	<u>AAGC</u>	<u>Total</u>
Accounts receivable	\$ -	\$ 23,080	\$ 23,080
Prepaid expenses and other current	-	32,992	32,992
Property and equipment, net	-	443,775	443,775
Cash in excess of available funds	-	-34,405	-34,405
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	-	-309,979	-309,979
Accountspayable and accrued expenses – related party (342,500)	-214,063	-556,563	
Deferred revenue	-	-171,345	-171,345
Notes payable – related party	-3,300,149	-1,034,077	-4,334,226
Due to related party	-1,262,179	-554,022	-1,816,201
Capital lease obligation	-	-41,381	-41,381
Accrued interest payable – related party	-5,600,502	-946,513	-6,547,015
Intercompany account	-4,267,802	4,267,802	-
Deferred rent liability	-	-525,778	-525,778
Issuance of 1,000,000 shares of common stock of the Company	1,000	-	1,000
Non-controlling interest	-	-441,187	-441,187
Increase in additional paid-in capital	14,772,132	-494,899	14,277,233
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

As a result of the closing of the Transfer Agreement, the Company now has no or nominal operations and no or nominal assets and is therefore considered to be a “Shell Company” as that term is defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

As of December 31, 2016 the business activities of AAGC are classified as held for sale in accordance with *ASC 205 Presentation of Financial Statements*. All references to discontinued operations included the operations of AAGC.

The following tables summarize the results from discontinued operations:

	Period Ended October 18, 2016	
Revenue	\$	1,491,832
Revenue – related party		79,167
Total revenue		1,570,999
Cost of revenue		437,566
Gross profit		1,133,433
Selling, general, administrative and depreciation		991,654
Loss from discontinued operations		141,779
Interest expense		(104,707)
Income from discontinued operations before provision for income taxes		37,072
(Provision) benefit for income taxes		-
Net income of AAGC	\$	37,072

At this time, the Company's purpose is to seek, investigate and, if such investigation warrants, acquire an interest in business opportunities presented to the Company by persons or firms who or which desire to seek the perceived advantages of a corporation whose securities are registered pursuant to the Exchange Act. The Company will not restrict our search to any specific business or geographical location.

c. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications have been made in prior periods' financial statements to conform to classifications used in the current period that has no effect to financial condition.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

All highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less are classified as cash and cash equivalents. The fair value of cash and cash equivalents approximates the amounts shown on the financial statements. Cash and cash equivalents consist of unrestricted cash in accounts maintained with major financial institutions.

b. INCOME TAXES

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method, which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the financial statements and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. The Company records net deferred tax assets to the extent the Company believes these assets will more likely than not be realized. In making such determination, the Company considers all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax planning strategies and recent financial operations. A valuation allowance is established against deferred tax assets that do not meet the criteria for recognition. In the event the Company were to determine that it would be able to realize deferred income tax assets in the future in excess of their net recorded amount, the Company would make an adjustment to the valuation allowance which would reduce the provision for income taxes.

The Company follows the accounting guidance which provides that a tax benefit from an uncertain tax position may be recognized when it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including resolutions of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits. Income tax positions must meet a more-likely-than-not recognition threshold at the effective date to be recognized initially and in subsequent periods. Also included is guidance on measurement, de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition.

c. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company accounts for all compensation related to stock, options or warrants using a fair value based method whereby compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the value of the award and is recognized over the service period, which is usually the vesting period. The Company uses the Black-Scholes pricing model to calculate the fair value of options and warrants issued to both employees and non-employees. Stock issued for compensation is valued using the market price of the stock on the date of the related agreement.

d. EQUIPMENT

Equipment (Note 5) are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization is provided for on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Furniture and equipment	3-10 years
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e. ADVERTISING

The Company expenses advertising costs as incurred. Advertising costs charged to continuing operations amounted to \$0 and \$54,195 for the year ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

f. REVENUES

The Company has no revenue.

g. COST OF REVENUES

The Company has no cost of revenues.

h. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

F-10

General and administrative expenses consisted principally of accounting and professional fees.

i. IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS

Long-lived assets, including property and equipment, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the long-lived asset may not be recoverable. If the long-lived asset or group of assets is considered to be impaired, an impairment charge is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset or group of assets exceeds its fair value. Long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell.

j. LEASES

The Company has no leases

k. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company adopted ASC 820 which defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (an exit price). The standard outlines a valuation framework and creates a fair value hierarchy in order to increase the consistency and comparability of fair value measurements and the related disclosures. Under this standard certain assets and liabilities must be measured at fair value, and disclosures are required for items measured at fair value.

The Company currently does not have non-financial assets or non-financial liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company's financial assets and liabilities are measured using inputs from the three levels of the fair value hierarchy. The three levels are as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date. The fair value of the Company's cash is based on quoted prices and therefore classified as Level 1.

Level 2 - Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (e.g., interest rates, yield curves, etc.), and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means (market corroborated inputs).

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that reflect management's assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

At December 31, 2017, and 2016, the carrying amount of prepaid, accounts payable and accrued liability, accounts payable and accrued liability-related parties, due to related parties and notes payable and accrued interest payable-related parties approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

I. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share excludes any dilutive effects of options, warrants, and convertible securities. Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares of common stock and common stock equivalent shares outstanding during the period. Common stock equivalent shares are excluded from the computation if their effect is antidilutive. The Company did not have any stock equivalent shares for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Loss per share is computed by dividing reported net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The weighted-average number of common shares used in the calculation of basic loss per share was 5,658,123 in 2017 and 4,826,309 in 2016, respectively.

m. RECENT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company believes there was no new accounting guidance adopted but not yet effective that either has not already been disclosed in prior reporting periods or is relevant to the readers of the Company's financial statements.

The Company continually assesses any new accounting pronouncements to determine their applicability to the Company. Where it is determined that a new accounting pronouncement affects the Company's financial reporting, the Company undertakes a study to determine the consequence of the change to its financial statements and assures that there are proper controls in place to ascertain that the Company's financials properly reflect the change.

n. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions made by management include, but are not limited to, the determination of the provision for income taxes, the fair value of stock-based compensation, and valuation of intangible assets. The Company bases the estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As shown in the accompanying financial statements, for the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company had net loss of \$85,990. As of December 31, 2017 the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$28,883,726 and a stockholder deficiency of \$149,156.

The Company's management believes that its operations may not be sufficient to fund operating cash needs and debt service requirements over at least the next 12 months. As described in Note 1, the Company's Board of Directors determined that it was in the best interests of the Company to enter into the Transfer Agreement with the Boretas. The closing of that agreement resulted in the elimination of nearly all of the debt of the Company. However, after the closing, the Company has no significant assets and continues to depend on affiliates to provide funds to pay its ongoing expenses. These factors raise substantial doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financials are issued.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of asset carrying amounts or the amount and classification of liabilities that might result should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Prior to October 18, 2016, the AAGC's employees provided administrative/accounting support for (a) three golf retail stores, named Saint Andrews Golf Shop ("SAGS"), Las Vegas Golf and Tennis ("Boca Store") and Las Vegas Golf and Tennis Superstore ("Westside 15 Store"), owned by Ronald Boreta, the Company's President, and his brother, John Boreta, a Director of the Company. The SAGS store is a retail tenant in the golf center In connection with the closing of the Transfer Agreement in October 2016, AAGC ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company.

The Company currently has no employees. The Company receives administrative/accounting support from related parties and is billed quarterly for these services.

Administrative/accounting payroll and employee benefits expenses were allocated based on an annual review of the personnel time expended for each entity. Amounts allocated to these related parties by the Company approximated \$9,600 and \$21,744 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

In addition to the administrative/accounting support provided by AAGC to the above stores, the Company received funding for operations from these and various other stores owned by the Company's President and his brother, and the former Chairman. These funds helped pay for office supplies, phone charges, postages and professional fees. The net amount due to these stores totaled \$159,281 and \$61,824 as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The amounts are non-interest bearing and due out of available cash flows of the Company.

NOTE 5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment included the following as of December 31:

	2017	2016
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 11,692	\$ 11,692
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	11,637	11,386
	\$ 55	\$ 306

Depreciation expenses totaled \$251 and \$1,049 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

NOTE 6. COMMITMENTS

The Company has no commitments.

NOTE 7. INCOME TAXES

The tax reform bill that Congress voted to approve Dec. 20, 2017, also known as the “Tax Cuts and Jobs Act”, made sweeping modifications to the Internal Revenue Code, including a much lower corporate tax rate, changes to credits and deductions, and a move to a territorial system for corporations that have overseas earnings.

The act replaced the prior-law graduated corporate tax rate, which taxed income over \$10 million at 35%, with a flat rate of 21%.

The Company has not reviewed all of the changes the “Tax Cuts and Jobs Act” that apply to the Company, but is reviewing such changes. Due to the continuing loss position of the Company, such changes should not be material.

For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company incurred a net loss of (\$85,990) and (\$628,040), Net of Discontinued Operations Income of \$37,022. The net deferred tax asset generated by the loss carry-forward has been fully reserved. The cumulative net operating loss carry-forward is \$21,526,862 as of December 31, 2017 and will expire beginning in the year 2033. The provision for income tax of 2017 consists of the following:

	December 31, 2017	
Federal income (tax) benefit attributable to:		
Current operations	\$	(85,990)
Stock-based compensation		5,345
Amortization		(110)
Less: valuation allowance		(80,755)
Net provision for Federal income taxes	\$	-

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are provided for significant income and expense items recognized in different years for tax and financial reporting purposes. Temporary differences, which give rise to a net deferred tax asset is as follows:

	2017	2016
Net operating loss carryforward	21,521,627	20,596,578
Related Party interest	-	6,918,509
Depreciation, amortization and other	5,235	(308,000)
Net operating loss carryforward	21,526,862	27,207,087
Net deferred tax assets	4,520,641	9,522,480
Valuation allowance	(4,520,641)	(9,522,480)
Net deferred tax assets	-	-

	2017	2016
Income tax at federal rate	21.00%	35.00%
Permanent differences	-21.00%	-35.00%
Effective income tax rate	0.00%	0.00%

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company had available for income tax purposes approximately \$21 million and \$27 million respectively in federal net operating loss carry forwards, which may be available to offset future taxable income. These loss carry forwards expire in 2020 through 2033. The Company may be limited by Internal

Revenue Code Section 382 in its ability to fully utilize its net operating loss carry forwards due to possible future ownership changes. Management has established a 100% valuation allowance against the net deferred tax asset since it appears more likely than not that it will not be realized.

The provision (benefit) for income taxes attributable to income (loss) from continuing operations does not differ materially from the amount computed at the federal income tax statutory rate.

NOTE 8. CAPITAL STOCK, STOCK OPTIONS, AND INCENTIVES

CAPITAL STOCK

Preferred stock, Series "B", \$0.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively

Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 5,658,123 and 5,624,123 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. On August 15, 2017, the Company granted 34,000 shares of restricted common stock to one employee for services. The restricted common stock granted to the employee was valued at \$33,660 and will vest as follows: 33% of the shares on January 1, 2018, an additional 33% of the shares on January 1, 2019, and the remaining 34% of the shares on January 1, 2020. The share-based compensation will be amortized ratably over the three year vesting period. The Company recorded share-based compensation of \$5,345 and \$944 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

During 2017, Ron Boreta agreed to forgive an auto allowance payable to him in the amount of \$9,783, which was recorded as a contribution to capital as of December 31, 2017.

NOTE 9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated all subsequent events through the date of the filing and determined that there were none.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned there under duly authorized.

ALL-AMERICAN SPORTPARK, INC.

Dated: April 2, 2018

By: */s/ Ronald Boreta*
Ronald S. Boreta, Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

SIGNATURE	TITLE	DATE
<i>/s/ Ronald Boreta</i> Ronald S. Boreta	President (Chief Executive Officer), Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer) and Director	April 2 2018
<i>/s/ Steven Miller</i> Steven Miller	Director	April 2, 2018
<i>/s/ Cara Corrigan</i> Cara Corrigan	Director	Apri 2, 2018
<i>/s/ John Boreta</i> John Boreta	Director	April 2, 2018
