Titan Machinery Inc. Form 10-Q September 06, 2018 <u>Table of Contents</u>

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended July 31, 2018

Commission File No. 001-33866

TITAN MACHINERY INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	No. 45-0357838
(State or Other Jurisdiction of	(IRS Employer
Incorporation or Organization)	Identification No.)

644 East Beaton Drive West Fargo, ND 58078-2648 (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant's telephone number (701) 356-0130

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES x NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES x NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer o(Do not check if smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company o

Emerging growth company o

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES o NO x

As of August 31, 2018, 22,218,146 shares of Common Stock, \$0.00001 par value, of the registrant were outstanding.

TITAN MACHINERY INC. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q

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PART I. — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TITAN MACHINERY INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except per share data)

(in mousands, except per share data)	July 31, 2018	January 31, 2018
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$49,673	\$53,396
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	78,411	60,672
Inventories	547,062	472,467
Prepaid expenses and other	11,149	12,611
Total current assets	686,295	599,146
Noncurrent Assets		
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	5,361	5,193
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	143,575	151,047
Deferred income taxes	2,785	3,472
Other	1,433	1,450
Total noncurrent assets	153,154	161,162
Total Assets	\$839,449	\$760,308
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$18,721	\$15,136
Floorplan payable	365,634	247,392
Senior convertible notes	44,444	
Current maturities of long-term debt	1,974	1,574
Deferred revenue	22,731	32,324
Accrued expenses and other	26,811	31,863
Total current liabilities	480,315	328,289
Long-Term Liabilities		
Senior convertible notes		62,819
Long-term debt, less current maturities	22,419	34,578
Deferred income taxes	2,492	2,275
Other long-term liabilities	8,268	10,492
Total long-term liabilities	33,179	110,164
Commitments and Contingencies		
Stockholders' Equity		
Common stock, par value \$.00001 per share, 45,000 shares authorized; 22,218 shares issued		
and outstanding at July 31, 2018; 22,102 shares issued and outstanding at January 31, 2018		
Additional paid-in-capital	247,149	246,509
Retained earnings	80,613	77,046
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,807)	(1,700)
Total stockholders' equity	325,955	321,855
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$839,449	\$760,308
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements		

TITAN MACHINERY INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Mor July 31,	nths Ended	Six Month July 31,	s Ended
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenue				
Equipment	\$192,721	\$167,881	\$349,625	\$335,796
Parts	59,998	55,580	111,533	112,163
Service	31,271	30,509	58,627	59,275
Rental and other	15,901	14,901	25,784	25,755
Total Revenue	299,891	268,871	545,569	532,989
Cost of Revenue				
Equipment	174,472	154,729	316,239	310,246
Parts	42,544	39,103	79,202	79,460
Service	11,432	11,444	22,634	22,238
Rental and other	12,542	10,788	21,035	19,319
Total Cost of Revenue	240,990	216,064	439,110	431,263
Gross Profit	58,901	52,807	106,459	101,726
Operating Expenses	47,633	50,523	94,360	102,510
Impairment of Long-Lived Assets	156		156	
Restructuring Costs	565	5,549	565	7,893
Income (Loss) from Operations	10,547	(3,265)	11,378	(8,677)
Other Income (Expense)				
Interest income and other income	1,462	682	1,846	1,460
Floorplan interest expense	(1,727)) (2,163	(3,077)	(4,819)
Other interest expense	(2,490)) (2,464)	(4,520)	(4,584)
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	7,792	(7,210)	5,627	(16,620)
Provision for (Benefit from) Income Taxes	2,612	(2,024)	2,061	(5,502)
Net Income (Loss)	\$5,180	\$(5,186)	\$3,566	\$(11,118)
Earnings (Loss) per Share:				
Basic	\$0.23	\$(0.24)	\$0.16	\$(0.51)
Diluted	\$0.23	\$(0.24)	\$0.16	\$(0.51)
Weighted Average Common Shares:				
Basic	21,826	21,546	21,781	21,461
Diluted	21,831	21,546	21,788	21,461

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

TITAN MACHINERY INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

	Three M Ended J		Six Mor July 31,	nths Ended
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net Income (Loss)	\$5,180	\$(5,186)	\$3,566	\$(11,118)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(1,408)	930	(107)	1,391
Unrealized gain on interest rate swap cash flow hedge derivative instrument, net of tax expense of \$19 for the six months ended July 31, 2017				29
Reclassification of loss on interest rate swap cash flow hedge derivative		101		
instrument included in net income (loss), net of tax benefit of \$68 for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and \$394 for the six months ended July 31, 2017	_	104		592
Total Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(1,408)	1,034	(107)	2,012
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	3,772	(4,152)	\$3,459	\$(9,106)
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements				

TITAN MACHINERY INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

	Six Month July 31,	ns Ended	
	2018	2017	
Operating Activities			
Net income (loss)	\$3,566	\$(11,118	3)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities			
Depreciation and amortization	11,447	12,268	
Impairment	156		
Deferred income taxes	891	(4,927)
Stock-based compensation expense	1,249	1,732	
Noncash interest expense	1,430	2,139	
Loss (gain) on repurchase of senior convertible notes	615	(40)
Other, net	837	(1,865)
Changes in assets and liabilities			
Receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets	(16,117))
Inventories	(73,915)		
Manufacturer floorplan payable	69,225	107,833	
Accounts payable, customer deposits, accrued expenses and other and other long-term liabilities		-)
Income taxes)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	(14,087)	66,877	
Investing Activities	(2.1.4.5	(10.000	
Rental fleet purchases	(3,145)	-	
Property and equipment purchases (excluding rental fleet)	(2,609)	-)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	614	2,253	
Other, net	· ,	78	
Net Cash Used for Investing Activities	(5,309)	(15,363)
Financing Activities	50 400	(20.020	`
Net change in non-manufacturer floorplan payable	50,422	(38,030	
Repurchase of senior convertible notes	(20,025)	-)
Proceeds from long-term debt borrowings	(14.062)	33,000	`
Principal payments on long-term debt Other, net	(14,062) (618)	-	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Financing Activities	· · · ·	(482 (47,574)
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash	-	435)
Net Change in Cash	(44) (3,723)		
Cash at Beginning of Period	53,396	53,151	
Cash at End of Period	\$49,673	\$57,526	
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information	ψη,075	ψ <i>51,52</i> 0	
Cash paid during the period			
Income taxes, net of refunds	\$1,145	\$3	
Interest	\$5,442	\$7,240	
Supplemental Disclosures of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities	· - , · · -	,	
Net property and equipment financed with long-term debt, capital leases, accounts payable and	.		
accrued expenses and other	\$2,310	\$1,262	
Net transfer of assets from property and equipment to inventories	\$2,715	\$1,905	
	. , =	. ,	

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

TITAN MACHINERY INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - BUSINESS ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Basis of Presentation

The unaudited consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for interim reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The quarterly operating results for Titan Machinery Inc. (the "Company") are subject to fluctuation due to varying weather patterns, which may impact the timing and amount of equipment purchases, rentals, and after-sales parts and service purchases by the Company's Agriculture, Construction and International customers. Therefore, operating results for the six-month period ended July 31, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending January 31, 2019. The information contained in the consolidated balance sheet as of January 31, 2018 was derived from the audited consolidated financial statements for the Company for the fiscal year then ended. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2018 as filed with the SEC. Nature of Business

The Company is engaged in the retail sale, service and rental of agricultural and construction machinery through its stores in the United States and Europe. The Company's North American stores are located in Arizona, Colorado, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin and Wyoming, and its European stores are located in Bulgaria, Romania, Serbia and Ukraine. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, particularly related to realization of inventory, impairment of long-lived assets, collectability of receivables, and income taxes.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All material accounts, transactions and profits between the consolidated companies have been eliminated in consolidation. Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications of amounts previously reported have been made to the accompanying consolidated statements of cash flows to maintain consistency and comparability between periods presented. These reclassifications had no impact on previously reported cash flows from operating, investing or financing activities. Earnings (Loss) Per Share ("EPS")

The Company uses the two-class method to calculate basic and diluted EPS. Unvested restricted stock awards are considered participating securities because they entitle holders to non-forfeitable rights to dividends during the vesting term. Under the two-class method, basic EPS was computed by dividing net income (loss) attributable to Titan Machinery Inc. after allocation of net income to participating securities by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the relevant period. In the event of a net loss, no amount of the loss is allocated to the participating securities as they do not share in the losses of the Company.

Diluted EPS was computed by dividing net income (loss) attributable to Titan Machinery Inc. after allocation of net income to participating securities by the weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding after adjusting for potential dilution related to the conversion of all dilutive securities into common stock. All potentially dilutive securities were included in the computation of diluted EPS. All anti-dilutive securities were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS.

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted EPS:

	Three N	Ionths	Six Mo	nths Ended	
	Ended J	uly 31,	July 31,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	(in thou	sands, exc	ept per sl	nare data)	
Numerator:					
Net income (loss)	\$5,180	\$(5,186)	\$3,566	\$(11,118)	
Income allocated to participating securities	(80) —	(57)) —	
Net income (loss) attributable to Titan Machinery Inc. common stockholders	\$5,100	\$(5,186)	\$3,509	\$(11,118)	
Denominator:					
Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding	21,826	21,546	21,781	21,461	
Plus: incremental shares from assumed exercises of stock options and vesting	_		7		
of restricted stock units	5		7		
Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding	21,831	21,546	21,788	21,461	
Earnings (Loss) Per Share:					
Basic	\$0.23	\$(0.24)	\$0.16	\$(0.51)	
Diluted	\$0.23	\$(0.24)		\$(0.51)	
Anti-dilutive shares excluded from diluted weighted-average common shares					
outstanding:					
Stock options and restricted stock units	53	133	53	143	
Shares underlying senior convertible notes	1,057	1,748	1,057	1,748	
Recent Accounting Guidance	,	,	,	,	

Accounting guidance adopted

In May 2014, the FASB issued authoritative guidance on accounting for revenue recognition, codified in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. This guidance is based on the principle that revenue is recognized to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract.

The Company adopted ASC 606 as of February 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective method of adoption. Results for reporting periods beginning after February 1, 2018 are presented under the guidelines of ASC 606, while prior period amounts have not been adjusted and continue to be reported under the accounting standards in effect for those periods. Upon adoption of ASC 606, the Company did not recognize a cumulative effect adjustment of initially applying the standard as no material adjustments to contracts not completed as of the date of adoption were identified. The adoption of ASC 606 did not materially impact the amount of revenue recognized or any other financial statement line item as of and for the three and six months ended July 31, 2018. The Company has included the additional disclosures required under ASC 606 in Notes 2, 3 and 7.

Accounting guidance not yet adopted

In February 2016, the FASB amended authoritative guidance on leases, codified in ASC 842, Leases. The amended guidance requires lessees to recognize most leases on their balance sheets related to the rights and obligations created by those leases. The new standard also requires new disclosures to help financial statement users better understand the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. This guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. In July 2018, the FASB issued additional authoritative guidance providing companies with a new prospective transition method to apply the provisions of this guidance. The Company will elect this transition method applying the new lease standard on a prospective basis at the adoption date and recognize any cumulative-effect adjustments to the opening balance of retained earnings in the

period of adoption. Prior period amounts will not be adjusted and will continue to be reported under the accounting standards in effect for those periods. The Company will adopt the new standard on February 1, 2019, and expects to elect the package of practical expedients afforded under the guidance. The practical expedient

package applies to leases that commenced prior to adoption of the new standard and permits an entity not to: 1) reassess whether existing or expired contracts are or contain a lease, 2) reassess the lease classification, and 3) reassess any initial direct costs for any existing leases. We continue to evaluate if we will elect the use of hindsight to determine the lease term. Our implementation efforts to date have consisted of identifying the Company's lease population, selecting a lease software to implement that will assist with the reporting and disclosure requirements under the standard and abstracting and validating our lease information.

While we continue to evaluate this standard, we anticipate this standard will have a material impact on our consolidated balance sheets due to the capitalization of a right-of-use asset and lease liability associated with our current operating leases in which we are the lessee, but we do not believe it will have a material impact on our consolidated statements of operations or cash flows. Our rental fleet and equipment inventory rental activities in which we are the lessor in the transaction are also subject to ASC 842. While our evaluation of the impact of this standard on our rental transactions is ongoing, we do not believe the standard will have a material impact on our consolidated balance sheets, statements of operations or cash flows for such transactions.

In August 2017, the FASB amended authoritative guidance on hedge accounting, codified in ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging. The amendments better align the accounting rules with a company's risk management activities, better reflects economic results of hedging in financial statements, and simplifies hedge accounting treatment. The guidance is effective for the Company as of the first quarter of its fiscal year ending January 31, 2020. The Company does not believe the update will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements. NOTE 2 - REVENUE

Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to the customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to collect in exchange for those goods or services. Sales, value added and other taxes collected from our customers concurrent with our revenue activities are excluded from revenue. The following tables presents our revenue disaggregated by revenue source and segment:

e i	00	0 5		\mathcal{O}
	Three Mo	nths Ended Ju	ly 31, 2018	
	Agricultur	Construction	International	Total
	(in thousa	nds)		
Equipment	\$94,231	\$ 42,168	\$ 56,322	\$192,721
Parts	35,796	14,482	9,720	59,998
Service	20,486	9,699	1,086	31,271
Other	1,463	216	74	1,753
Revenue from contracts with customers	151,976	66,565	67,202	285,743
Rental	837	12,680	631	14,148
Total revenues	\$152,813	\$ 79,245	\$ 67,833	\$299,891

Six Months Ended July 31, 2018

	Agricultur	Construction	International	Total
	(in thousa	nds)		
Equipment	\$185,229	\$ 74,454	\$ 89,942	\$349,625
Parts	67,979	27,676	15,878	111,533
Service	38,697	18,165	1,765	58,627
Other	2,716	389	108	3,213
Revenue from contracts with customers	294,621	120,684	107,693	522,998
Rental	1,063	20,652	856	22,571
Total revenues	\$295,684	\$ 141,336	\$ 108,549	\$545,569

Equipment Revenue

Equipment revenue transactions include the sale of new and used agricultural and construction equipment. The Company satisfies its performance obligations and recognizes revenue at a point in time, primarily upon the delivery of the product. Once a product is delivered, the customer has physical possession of the asset, can direct the use of the asset, and has the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the asset. Equipment transactions often include both cash and noncash consideration. Cash consideration is paid directly by our customers or by third-party financial institutions financing our customer transactions. Noncash consideration is in the form of trade-in equipment assets. We assign a value to trade-in assets by estimating a future selling price, which we estimate based on relevant internal and third-party data, less a gross profit amount to be realized at the time the trade-in asset is sold and an estimate of any reconditioning work required to ready the asset for sale. Both cash and noncash consideration can be received prior to or after our performance obligation is satisfied. Any consideration received prior to the satisfaction of our performance obligation is recognized as deferred revenue. Receivables recognized for amounts not paid at the time our performance obligation is satisfied, including amounts due from third-party financial institutions, generally do not have established payment terms but are collected in relatively short time periods.

For certain equipment sale transactions, the Company provides a residual value guarantee to CNH Industrial Capital in connection with a customer leasing arrangement in which we sell the equipment to CNH Industrial Capital, who simultaneously executes a leasing arrangement with our end-user customer. The amount of revenue recognized for the sale of the equipment asset is reduced by, and we recognize a corresponding liability equal to, our estimate of the amount that is probable of being paid under the guarantee discounted at a rate of interest to reflect the risk inherent in the liability.

Also included in equipment revenue are net commissions earned for serving as the agent in facilitating sales of equipment assets we hold as consignee on behalf of the consignor, as well as net commissions earned for facilitating the sale of extended warranty protection plans provided by our suppliers or third-party insurance providers. We have elected, as a practical expedient, to recognize sales commissions earned on the sale of equipment inventory as an expense when incurred because the amortization period of this cost if it was otherwise capitalized would be less than one year. These costs are recorded in operating expenses in our consolidated statements of operations. Parts Revenue

We sell a broad range of maintenance and replacement parts for both equipment that we sell and other types of equipment. The Company satisfies its performance obligation and recognizes revenue at a point in time, upon delivery of the product to the customer. Once a product is delivered, the Company has a present right to payment, the customer has physical possession of the asset, can direct the use of the asset, and has the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the asset. In many cases, customers tender payment at the time of delivery. Balances not paid at the time of delivery are typically due in full within 30 days. Most parts are sold with a thirty-day right of return or exchange. Historically, parts returns have not been material.

Parts revenue also includes the retail value of parts inventories consumed during the course of customer repair and maintenance services and services provided under manufacturer warranties. As further described below, we recognize revenue from these activities over time.

Service Revenue

We provide repair and maintenance services, including repairs performed under manufacturer warranties, for our customer's equipment. We recognize service and associated parts revenue of our repair and maintenance services over time as we transfer control of these goods and services over time. The Company recognizes revenue over time in the amount to which we have the right to invoice the customer as such an amount corresponds to the value of our performance completed to date. Generally, the Company has the right to invoice the customer for labor hours incurred and parts inventories consumed during the performance of the service arrangement. Customer invoicing most often occurs at the conclusion of our repair and maintenance services. Accordingly, we recognize unbilled receivables for the amount of unbilled labor hours incurred and parts inventories consumed under our repair and maintenance arrangements. Upon customer invoicing, unbilled receivables are reclassified to receivables. In many cases, customers tender payment at the completion of our work and the creation of the invoice. Balances not paid at the time of invoicing are typically due in full within 30 days.

Other Revenue

Other revenues primarily consist of fees charged in connection with short-haul equipment delivery and pick-up services, in which revenue is recognized at a point in time when the service is completed, and Global Positioning System ("GPS") signal subscriptions, in which revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the subscription period.

Rental Revenue

We rent equipment to our customers on a short-term basis for periods ranging from a few days to a few months. Rental revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the period of the related rental agreement. Revenue from rental equipment delivery and pick-up services is recognized when the service is performed.

Unbilled Receivables and Deferred Revenue

Unbilled receivables amounted to \$14.5 million and \$11.0 million as of July 31, 2018 and January 31, 2018. The increase in unbilled receivables is primarily the result of a seasonal increase in the volume of our service transactions in which we recognize revenue as our work is performed and prior to customer invoicing.

Deferred revenue from contracts with customers amounted to \$21.1 million and \$30.1 million as of July 31, 2018 and January 31, 2018. Our deferred revenue most often increases in the fourth quarter of each fiscal year due to a higher level of customer down payments or prepayments and longer time periods between customer payment and delivery of the equipment asset, and the related recognition of equipment revenue, prior to its seasonal use. During the three and six months ended July 31, 2018, the Company recognized \$9.8 million and \$27.0 million of revenue that was included in the deferred revenue balance as of January 31, 2018.

No material amount of revenue was recognized during the three or six months ended July 31, 2018 from performance obligations satisfied in previous periods. The Company has elected as a practical expedient to not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for (i) contracts with an original expected length of service of one year or less and (ii) contracts for which we recognize revenue at the amount to which we have the right to invoice for services performed. The contracts for which the practical expedient has been applied include (i) equipment revenue transactions, which do not have a stated contractual term, but are short-term in nature, and (ii) service revenue transactions, which also do not have a stated contractual term but are generally completed within 30 days and for such contracts we recognize revenue over time at the amount to which we have the right to invoice for services completed to date.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

	July 31,	January 3	1,
	2018	2018	
	(in thousa	ands)	
Trade and unbilled receivables from contracts with customers			
Trade receivables due from customers	\$35,071	\$25,396	
Trade receivables due from finance companies	13,682	8,901	
Unbilled receivables	14,492	10,967	
Trade and unbilled receivables from rental contracts			
Trade receivables	7,978	7,571	
Unbilled receivables	1,458	847	
Other receivables			
Due from manufacturers	8,404	8,805	
Other	472	1,136	
Total receivables	81,557	63,623	
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(3,146)	(2,951)
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	\$78,411	\$60,672	

The Company recognized impairment losses on receivables arising from contracts with customers for the three and six months ended July 31, 2018 of \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million. Impairment losses on receivables arising from other contracts amounted to \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for the three and six months ended July 31, 2018.

NOTE 4 - INVENTORIES					
	July 31,	January 31,			
	2018	2018			
	(in thousa	nds)			
New equipment	\$346,145	\$ 258,559			
Used equipment	127,644	141,450			
Parts and attachments	71,373	71,110			
Work in process	1,900	1,348			
	\$547,062	\$472,467			
NOTE 5 - PROPERT	Y AND EQ	QUIPMENT			
			July 31,	January 31,	
			2018	2018	
			(in thousan	ds)	
Rental fleet equipment	ıt		\$119,065	\$123,430	
Machinery and equip	ment		22,123	22,025	
Vehicles			39,296	37,741	
Furniture and fixtures			39,911	39,851	
Land, buildings, and l	easehold in	nprovements	62,985	62,243	
-		-	283,380	285,290	
Less accumulated dep	preciation		(139,805)	(134,243)	
-			\$143,575	\$151,047	

During the three months ended July 31, 2018, the Company determined that the current period operating loss combined with historical losses and anticipated future operating losses of a specific store location was an indication that the long-lived assets of this store may not be recoverable. In light of these circumstances, the Company performed step one of the impairment analysis for this long-lived asset group, which has a combined carrying value of \$0.4 million. Step one of the impairment analysis indicated that the carrying value of this long-lived asset group was not recoverable. Accordingly, the Company performed step two of the impairment analysis indicated that an impairment charge in the amount of \$0.2 million was necessary. The impairment charge was recognized within the Company's International segment.

NOTE 6 - LINES OF CREDIT / FLOORPLAN PAYABLE

Floorplan Lines of Credit

Floorplan payable balances reflect the amount owed for new equipment inventory purchased from a manufacturer and for used equipment inventory, which is primarily acquired through trade-in on equipment sales. Certain of the manufacturers from which the Company purchases new equipment inventory offer financing on these purchases, either offered directly from the manufacturer or through the manufacturers' captive finance subsidiaries. CNH Industrial's captive finance subsidiary, CNH Industrial Capital, also provides financing of used equipment inventory. The Company also has floorplan payable balances with non-manufacturer lenders for new and used equipment inventory. Cash flows associated with manufacturer floorplan payables are reported as operating cash flows, while cash flows associated with non-manufacturer floorplan payables are reported as financing cash flows in the Company's consolidated statement of cash flows. The Company has three significant floorplan lines of credit for U.S. operations, floorplan credit facilities for its foreign subsidiaries, and other floorplan payable balances with non-manufacturer lenders and manufacturers.

As of July 31, 2018, the Company had discretionary floorplan lines of credit for equipment inventory purchases totaling \$611.8 million, which includes a \$140.0 million floorplan payable line of credit under our second amended and restated credit agreement with Wells Fargo (the "Wells Fargo Credit Agreement"), a \$320.0 million credit facility with CNH Industrial Capital, a \$30.0 million credit facility with DLL Finance and the U.S. dollar equivalent of \$121.8 million in credit facilities related to our foreign subsidiaries. Floorplan payables relating to these credit facilities totaled \$349.4 million of the total floorplan payable balance of \$365.6 million outstanding as of July 31, 2018 and

\$239.2 million of the total floorplan payable balance of \$247.4 million outstanding as of January 31, 2018. The remaining outstanding balances relate to equipment inventory financing from manufacturers and non-manufacturer lenders other than the lines of credit described above. As of

July 31, 2018, the interest-bearing U.S. floorplan payables carried various interest rates primarily ranging from 4.34% to 7.00%, and the foreign floorplan payables carried various interest rates primarily ranging from 0.93% to 8.08%. As of July 31, 2018, the Company had a compensating balance arrangement under one of its foreign floorplan credit facilities, which requires a minimum cash deposit to be maintained with the lender in the amount of \$5.0 million for the term of the credit facility.

Working Capital Line of Credit

As of July 31, 2018, the Company had a \$60.0 million working capital line of credit under the Wells Fargo Credit Agreement. The Company had no amount and \$13.0 million outstanding on this line of credit as of July 31, 2018 and January 31, 2018. As of July 31, 2018, the working capital line of credit carried an interest rate of 4.34%. Wells Fargo Credit Agreement

In February 2018, the Wells Fargo Credit Agreement was amended to (i) move the maturity testing date under the Wells Fargo Credit Agreement from November 1, 2018 to February 1, 2019, a date that is three months prior to the scheduled maturity date of the Company's outstanding senior convertible notes, and (ii) modify the maturity test calculation. The maturity date for the Wells Fargo Credit Agreement will remain October 28, 2020 so long as (i) the Company's fixed charge coverage ratio for the 12 month period ending December 31, 2018 is at least 1.1 to 1.0 and (ii) a liquidity test, requiring that the Company have unrestricted cash on hand plus excess borrowing availability under the Wells Fargo Credit Agreement (on a pro-forma basis reflecting the Company's repayment in full of its outstanding senior convertible notes) in an amount that is greater than 20% of the maximum credit amount under the facility, are met on February 1, 2019. If both financial tests are not satisfied on February 1, 2019, the Wells Fargo Credit Agreement will immediately mature and all amounts outstanding become immediately due and payable in full. CNH Industrial Capital Floorplan Payable Line of Credit

In April 2018, the Company entered into an amendment to the credit facility with CNH Industrial Capital. The amendment decreased available borrowings under this facility from \$450.0 million to \$350.0 million.

In May 2018, the Company entered into an additional amendment to the credit facility with CNH Industrial Capital. This amendment decreased our U.S. available borrowings under this facility from \$350.0 million to \$320.0 million. Concurrent with this amendment, CNH Industrial increased the available borrowing capacity of our international subsidiaries from \$50.0 million to \$80.0 million.

DLL Finance Floorplan Payable Line of Credit

In August 2018, the Company entered into an amendment to the credit facility with DLL Finance. The amendment, among other things, increased the available borrowings under this facility from \$30.0 million to \$45.0 million and decreased the variable interest rate on outstanding balances from three-month LIBOR plus an applicable margin of 3.5% per annum to three-month LIBOR plus an applicable margin of 3.0% per annum.

NOTE 7 - DEFERRED REVENUE

	July 31,	January 31,
	2018	2018
	(in thous	sands)
Deferred revenue from contracts with customers	\$21,126	\$ 30,139
Deferred revenue from rental and other contracts	1,605	2,186
	\$22,731	\$ 32,324

NOTE 8 - SENIOR CONVERTIBLE NOTES

The Company's 3.75% senior convertible notes issued on April 24, 2012 ("senior convertible notes") consist of the following:

	July 31, 2018	January 31, 2018	,			
	(in thousands e	except convers	pt conversion			
	rate and conversion price)					
Principal value	\$ 45,644	\$ 65,644				
Unamortized debt discount	(1,061)	(2,497)			
Unamortized debt issuance costs	(139)	(328)			
Carrying value of senior convertible notes	\$ 44,444	\$ 62,819				
Carrying value of equity component, net of deferred taxes	\$ 14,923	\$ 14,923				
Conversion rate (shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes)	23.1626					
Conversion price (per share of common stock)	\$ 43.17					

During the six months ended July 31, 2018, the Company repurchased an aggregate of \$20.0 million face value (\$19.4 million carrying value) of its senior convertible notes with \$20.0 million in cash. All consideration was attributed to the extinguishment of the liability and the Company recognized a pre-tax loss of \$0.6 million on the repurchase. For the six months ended July 31, 2017, the Company repurchased an aggregate of \$20.3 million face value (\$18.8 million carrying value) of its senior convertible notes with \$19.3 million in cash. Of the \$19.3 million in total cash consideration, \$18.7 million was attributed to the extinguishment of the liability and \$0.6 million was attributed to the reacquisition of a portion of the equity component of the instrument. The Company recognized an immaterial net pre-tax gain on the extinguishment of the liability and recognized a \$0.6 million after tax reduction in additional paid-in capital from the reacquisition of the equity component. In total, the Company has repurchased an aggregate of \$104.4 million face value (\$96.6 million carrying value) of its senior convertible notes with \$19.3 million in cash. Gains and losses on repurchases are included in other interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company recognized interest expense associated with its senior convertible notes as follows:

	Three M	Aonths	Six Months		
	Ended J	July 31,	Ended July 31,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	(in thou	isands)	(in thou	isands)	
Cash Interest Expense					
Coupon interest expense	\$546	\$708	\$1,151	\$1,491	
Noncash Interest Expense					
Amortization of debt discount	446	540	915	1,111	
Amortization of transaction costs	59	74	123	154	
	\$1,051	\$1,322	\$2,189	\$2,756	

The senior convertible notes mature on May 1, 2019, unless purchased earlier by the Company, redeemed or converted. As of July 31, 2018, the unamortized debt discount will be amortized over a remaining period of nine months. As of July 31, 2018 and January 31, 2018, the if-converted value of the senior convertible notes did not exceed the principal balance. The effective interest rate of the liability component was equal to 7.3% for each of the consolidated statements of operations periods presented.

NOTE 9 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Company holds derivative instruments for the purpose of minimizing exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and benchmark interest rates to which the Company is exposed in the normal course of its operations. Cash Flow Hedge

On October 9, 2013, the Company entered into a forward-starting interest rate swap instrument, which had a notional amount of \$100.0 million, an effective date of September 30, 2014 and a maturity date of September 30, 2018. The objective of the instrument was to, beginning on September 30, 2014, protect the Company from changes in benchmark interest rates to which the Company was exposed through certain of its variable interest rate credit facilities. The instrument provided for a fixed interest rate of 1.901% up to the maturity date. The interest rate swap instrument was designated as a cash flow hedging instrument and accordingly changes in the effective portion of the fair value of the instrument have been recorded in other comprehensive income and only reclassified into earnings in the period(s) in which the related hedged item affects earnings or the anticipated underlying hedged transactions are no longer probable of occurring.

In April 2017, the Company elected to terminate the interest rate swap instrument. The Company paid \$0.9 million to terminate the instrument. This cash payment is presented as a financing cash outflow in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

Derivative Instruments Not Designated as Hedging Instruments

The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts to hedge the effects of fluctuations in exchange rates on outstanding intercompany loans. The Company does not formally designate and document such derivative instruments as hedging instruments; however, the instruments are an effective economic hedge of the underlying foreign currency exposure. Both the gain or loss on the derivative instrument and the offsetting gain or loss on the underlying intercompany loan are recognized in earnings immediately, thereby eliminating or reducing the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on net income.

The following table sets forth the notional value of the Company's outstanding derivative instruments.

Notional Amount
as of:
July 31January 31,
2018 2018
(in thousands)

Cash flow hedges: Interest rate swap

\$ _\$

Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:

Foreign currency contracts

24,12814,368

As of July 31, 2018 and January 31, 2018, the fair value of the Company's outstanding derivative instruments was not material. Derivative instruments recognized as assets are recorded in prepaid expenses and other in the consolidated balance sheet, and derivative instruments recognized as liabilities are recorded in accrued expenses and other in the consolidated balance sheet.

The following table sets forth the gains and losses (before the related income tax effects) recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) ("OCI") and income (loss) related to the Company's derivative instruments for the three and six months ended July 31, 2018 and 2017:

	Three Mo	nths Ended	Six Month	ns Ended July
	July 31,		31,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	OCI (Loss)	OCI (Loss)	OCI (Loss)	OCI Income (Loss)
	(in thousa	nds)	(in thousa	nds)
Derivatives Designated as He	dging Instr	uments:		
Cash flow hedges:				
Interest rate swap ^(a)		—(172)		48 (986)
Derivatives Not Designated as	s Hedging I	Instruments:		
Foreign currency contracts (b)	—588	(988)	—1,123	— (1,056)
Total Derivatives	\$ \$ 588	\$-\$(1,160)	\$-\$1,123	\$48 \$(2,042)

^(a) No material hedge ineffectiveness has been recognized. The amounts shown in income (loss) above are reclassification amounts from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and are recorded in floorplan interest expense in the consolidated statements of operations.

^(b) Amounts are included in interest income and other income in the consolidated statements of operations. During the three months ended April 30, 2017, the Company reclassified \$0.6 million of pre-tax accumulated losses on its interest rate swap instrument from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to income as the original forecasted interest payments, which served as the hedged item underlying the interest rate swap instrument, were no longer probable of occurring during the time period over which such transactions were previously anticipated to occur. NOTE 10 - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

As of July 31, 2018 and January 31, 2018, the fair value of the Company's foreign currency contracts, which are either assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, was not material. These foreign currency contracts were valued using a discounted cash flow analysis, an income approach, utilizing readily observable market data as inputs, which is classified as a Level 2 fair value measurement.

The Company also valued an immaterial amount of long-lived assets at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of July 31, 2018 as part of its long-lived asset impairment testing. The Company estimated the fair value of these assets based on estimated sales prices of similar assets, which are unobservable Level 3 fair value inputs. In certain instances the Company estimated the fair value of certain long-lived assets to approximate zero as no future cash flows were assumed to be generated from the use of such assets and the expected sales values were deemed to be nominal. The Company also has financial instruments that are not recorded at fair value in its consolidated financial statements. The carrying amount of cash, receivables, payables, short-term debt and other current liabilities approximates fair value because of the short maturity and/or frequent repricing of those instruments, which are Level 2 fair value inputs. Based upon current borrowing rates for similar instruments with similar maturities, which are Level 2 fair value inputs, the carrying value of long-term debt approximates the fair value as of July 31, 2018 and January 31, 2018. The following table provides details on the senior convertible notes as of July 31, 2018 and January 31, 2018. The difference between the face value and the carrying value of these notes is the result of the allocation between the debt and equity components, and unamortized debt issuance costs. Fair value of the senior convertible notes was estimated based on Level 2 fair value inputs.

	July 31, Estimate	2018 d Carrying	Face	January (Estimate	31, 2018 d Carrying	Face
	Fair Value	Value	Value	Fair Value	Value	Value
	(in thous	ands)		(in thous	ands)	
Senior convertible notes	\$45,644	\$44,444	\$45,644	\$65,000	\$62,819	\$65,644

NOTE 11 - SEGMENT INFORMATION AND OPERATING RESULTS

The Company has three reportable segments: Agriculture, Construction and International. Revenue between segments is immaterial. The Company retains various unallocated income/(expense) items and assets at the general corporate level, which

the Company refers to as "Shared Resources" in the table below. Shared Resources assets primarily consist of cash and property and equipment.

Certain financial information for each of the Company's business segments is set forth below.

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Six Months Ended		
	July 31,		July 31,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	(in thousan	nds)	(in thousan	nds)	
Revenue					
Agriculture	\$152,813	\$138,545	\$295,684	\$302,170	
Construction	79,245	77,890	141,336	141,310	
International	67,833	52,436	108,549	89,509	
Total	\$299,891	\$268,871	\$545,569	\$532,989	
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes					
Agriculture	\$4,960	\$(6,882)	\$6,283	\$(10,779)	
Construction	(30	930	(2,927)) (1,703)	
International	3,726	283	3,639	878	
Segment income (loss) before income taxes	8,656	(5,669)	6,995	(11,604)	
Shared Resources	(864) (1,541	(1,368)) (5,016)	
Total	\$7,792	\$(7,210)	\$5,627	\$(16,620)	
July 31, January 31,					

	2010	2010
	(in thousan	ds)
Total Assets		
Agriculture	\$428,877	\$400,017
Construction	244,101	211,154
International	172,248	126,251
Segment assets	845,226	737,422
Shared Resources	(5,777)	22,886
Total	\$839,449	\$ 760,308

2018

2018

NOTE 12 - RESTRUCTURING COSTS

In February 2017, to better align the Company's cost structure and business in certain markets, the Company announced a restructuring plan (the "Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan") to close one Construction location and 14 Agriculture locations. As of January 31, 2018, the Company had closed and fully exited all of these locations and had completed its Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan.

Restructuring costs associated with the Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan are summarized in the following table:

	Inree	Months	S1X IV	iontns	
	Endec	ł July	Endeo	1 July	Cumulative
	31,		31,		Amount
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	(in the	ousands)			
Lease accrual and terminations costs	\$565	\$4,069	\$565	\$4,322	\$ 6,246
Termination benefits		1,906		3,724	5,053
Impairment of fixed assets, net of gains on asset disposition		(565)		(565)	2,206
Asset relocation and other closing costs		139		412	516
	\$565	\$5,549	\$565	\$7,893	\$ 14,021

Restructuring charges associated with the Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan are summarized by segment in the following table:

	Three Montl Endec 31,	hs	Six Months Ended July 31,			
		2017	2018	2017		
	(in the	ousands))			
Segment						
Agriculture	\$233	\$5,194	\$233	\$6,672		
Construction	332	252	332	338		
International	_	_				
Shared Resources		103		883		
Total	\$565	\$5,549	\$565	\$7,893		

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending exit cost liability balance associated with the Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan is as follows:

	Lease Accrual & Termina	Termination Benefits	¹ Total
	Costs		
	(in thous	sands)	
Balance, January 31, 2018	\$5,393	\$ 404	\$5,797
Exist costs incurred and charged to expense		_	\$—
Adjustments	653	(17)	\$636
Exit costs paid	(3,293)	(387)	\$(3,680)
Balance, July 31, 2018	\$2,753	\$ —	\$2,753
		1 0 1 0	

As of July 31, 2018 and January 31, 2018, \$2.5 million and \$4.8 million of the exit cost liability is included in other long-term liabilities and \$0.3 million and \$1.0 million are included in accrued expenses and other in the consolidated balance sheets.

In April 2018, the Company paid \$3.0 million to terminate the real estate lease agreement for one of the Company's previously closed stores. The termination payment approximated the recorded lease accrual liability and therefore the impact to the consolidated statement of operations was not material. In July 2018, based on changes in circumstances, the Company revised its assumptions regarding the timing and amount of estimated future cash flows associated with its cease-use lease liabilities for certain of its closed store locations. The cumulative effect of these revised estimates resulted in the recognition of \$0.6 million of additional expense, recognized as restructuring costs in the consolidated statement of operations, and a corresponding increase to the cease-use lease liability.

NOTE 13 - INCOME TAXES

Our effective tax rate was 33.5% and 36.6% for the three and six months ended July 31, 2018 compared to an effective tax rate of 28.1% and 33.1% for the three and six months ended July 31, 2017.

Our effective tax rate is impacted by the mix of domestic and foreign income or losses and the impact of the recognition of valuation allowances on our U.S. federal, state and certain of our foreign deferred tax assets, including net operating losses. Our effective tax rate is also impacted by the enactment on December 22, 2017 of the federal tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act"). The Tax Act makes broad changes to the U.S. tax code, including, among other things, to reduce the U.S. federal corporate tax rate from 35% to 21%, creates a new provision designed to tax global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI"), creates a new limitation on deductible interest expense, and modifies the rules related to uses and limitations of net operating losses.

The Company has applied the guidance in Accounting Standards Update 2018-05, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118, when accounting for the

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enactment-date effects of the Tax Act. As of July 31, 2018, the Company has completed its evaluation of the GILTI provisions of the Tax Act. Under U.S. accounting rules, the Company is allowed to make an accounting policy election of either treating taxes due on future U.S. inclusions in taxable income related to GILTI as a current period expense when incurred or factoring such amounts into our measurement of deferred taxes. The Company has elected to treat future GILTI inclusions as a current period expense when incurred. The Company has included the current period estimated tax effects of GILTI within its estimated annual

effective tax rate. The estimated impact of GILTI on our annual effective tax rate is based on current GILTI regulations, as regulatory guidance evolves the impact on our effective tax rate may change.

NOTE 14 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Effective February 1, 2017, the Company and Peter Christianson (our former President and former member of our Board of Directors), who is a brother of Tony Christianson (a member of our Board of Directors), agreed to terminate a consulting arrangement between the parties. In connection with the termination, the Company agreed to pay Mr. Peter Christianson the sum of \$0.7 million, payable in two equal installments in fiscal 2018 and 2019. All unvested stock options and shares of restricted stock held by Mr. Peter Christianson will continue to vest as scheduled. As a result of the termination agreement, the Company recognized for the six months ended July 31, 2017, a total of \$0.8 million in termination costs, consisting of \$0.7 million for future cash payments owed to Mr. Peter Christianson and \$0.1 million for unvested shares of restricted stock. These termination costs are included in restructuring costs in the consolidated statements of operations. As of July 31, 2018, all amounts owed to Mr. Peter Christianson had been paid in full.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

On October 11, 2017, the Romania Competition Council ("RCC") initiated an administrative investigation of the Romanian Association of Manufacturers and Importers of Agricultural Machinery ("APIMAR") and all its members, including Titan Machinery Romania. The RCC's investigation involves whether the APIMAR members engaged in anti-competitive practices in their sales of agricultural machinery not involving European Union ("EU") subvention funding programs, by referring to the published sales prices governing EU subvention funded transactions, which prices are mandatorily disclosed to and published by AFIR, a Romanian government agency that oversees the EU subvention funding programs in Romania. The investigation is in a preliminary stage and the Company is currently unable to predict its outcome or reasonably estimate any potential loss that may result from the investigation. The Company is engaged in legal proceedings incidental to the normal course of business. Due to their nature, such legal proceedings involve inherent uncertainties, including but not limited to, court rulings, negotiations between affected parties and governmental intervention. Based upon the information available to the Company and discussions with legal counsel, it is the Company's opinion that the outcome of these various legal actions and claims will not have a material impact on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Such matters, however, are subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome of any matter is not predictable with assurance.

On July 2, 2018, the Company, through a newly created, wholly-owned German subsidiary, acquired all interests of two commonly-controlled companies, AGRAM Landtechnikvertrieb GmbH and AGRAM Landtechnik Rollwitz GmbH (collectively "AGRAM"), for \$19.2 million in cash consideration. AGRAM consists of four Case IH agriculture dealership locations in the following cities of Germany: Altranft, Burkau, Gutzkow, and Rollwitz. Founded in 1990, AGRAM has been a successful Case IH and Steyr dealership complex, and our acquisition of these entities provides the Company the opportunity to expand our international presence into the large, well-established German market.

Following the acquisition, the legal name of AGRAM Landtechnikvertrieb GmbH was changed to Titan Machinery Deutschland GmbH ("Titan Deutschland"). The Company has filed with the German Commercial Register to merge the three German legal entities into a single entity, with Titan Deutschland remaining as the surviving entity. The Company expects the merger to be finalized by the end of fiscal 2019.

Each of the Company's foreign subsidiaries, including its Luxembourg domiciled holding subsidiary, which is the direct owner of the newly created, wholly-owned German subsidiary created to complete the acquisition, have fiscal quarters and a fiscal year-end equal to the calendar quarterly periods and year-end. Titan Deutschland also maintains fiscal quarters and a fiscal year-end equal to the calendar periods. The quarterly and annual financial statements of all of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are consolidated into the Company's U.S. quarterly and annual fiscal periods that end on April 30th, July 31st, October 31st and January 31st. Accordingly, this July 2, 2018 foreign acquisition is a third-quarter transaction and therefore no amounts were recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended July 31, 2018.

The acquisition has been accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting, which requires the Company to estimate the acquisition date fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The fair value of the consideration paid exceeded the preliminarily estimated fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, which resulted in the recognition of \$0.8 million of goodwill. The recognition of goodwill arose from the acquisition of an assembled workforce and anticipated

synergies within our International segment. The entire goodwill amount will be assigned to the International segment and is not expected to be deductible for income tax purposes. The Company recognized a customer relationship intangible asset in the amount of \$0.1 million, which will be amortized over a three-year period, and recognized a distribution rights intangible asset in the amount of \$1.8 million that is an indefinite-lived intangible asset not subject to amortization. All acquisition-related costs, which amounted to \$0.2 million, have been expensed as incurred and recognized as operating expenses in the consolidated statement of operations.

Due to the limited time since the acquisition, the estimated fair values of acquired assets and assumed liabilities are provisional estimates, but are based on the best information currently available. These provisional estimates are subject to change as the Company completes all remaining steps in finalizing the purchase price allocation. The Company expects to finalize the valuation of all assets and liabilities by January 31, 2019. The preliminary allocation of the purchase price to assets acquired and liabilities assumed is as follows:

(in thousands)

Assets acquired:	
Cash	\$3,857
Receivables	5,341
Inventories	21,725
Prepaid expenses and other	887
Property and equipment	3,512
Intangible assets	1,944
Goodwill	765
Other	61
	\$38,092
Liabilities assumed:	
Accounts payable	1,553
Floorplan payable	13,820
Deferred revenue	85
Accrued expenses and other	1,120
Long-term debt	1,725
Deferred income taxes	632
	\$18,935
Net assets acquired	\$19,157

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our interim unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes included in Item 1 of Part I of this Quarterly Report, and the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2018.

Overview

We own and operate a network of full service agricultural and construction equipment stores in the United States and Europe. Based upon information provided to us by CNH Industrial N.V. or its U.S. subsidiary CNH Industrial America, LLC, we are the largest retail dealer of Case IH Agriculture equipment in the world, the largest retail dealer of Case Construction equipment in North America and a major retail dealer of New Holland Agriculture and New Holland Construction equipment in the U.S. We operate our business through three reportable segments, Agriculture, Construction and International. Within each segment, we have four principal sources of revenue: new and used equipment sales, parts sales, service, and equipment rental and other activities.

The agriculture industry has been experiencing challenging conditions such as low agricultural commodity prices and net farm income, which, among other things, have a negative effect on customer sentiment and our customers' ability to secure financing for their equipment purchases. Changes in actual or anticipated net farm income generally have a direct correlation with agricultural equipment purchases by farmers. In August 2018, the U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA") published its U.S. farm sector financial indicators. The USDA projected net farm income for calendar year 2018 to decrease 13.0% as compared to calendar year 2017 and to be approximately 25.0% below the most recent five-year average. These industry conditions have reduced demand for equipment purchases, service work and parts, resulting in decreased same-store sales, equipment revenue and equipment gross profit margin, and have caused an oversupply of equipment inventory in our geographic footprint. In addition, these agriculture industry conditions have also led to a reduction of purchases of construction equipment by customers in the agriculture industry, negatively impacting certain of our Construction stores.

Our net income was \$5.2 million, or \$0.23 per diluted share, for the second quarter of fiscal 2019, compared to a net loss of \$5.2 million, or \$0.24 per diluted share, for the second quarter of fiscal 2018. On an adjusted basis, our diluted earnings per share was \$0.28 for the second quarter of fiscal 2019, compared to an adjusted diluted loss per share of \$0.04 for the second quarter of fiscal 2018. See the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section below for a reconciliation of adjusted diluted earnings per share to the most comparable GAAP measure. Significant factors impacting the quarterly comparisons were:

Revenue increased 11.5% in the second quarter of fiscal 2019, as compared to the second quarter last year. This revenue increase was primarily the result of higher equipment sales in our Agriculture and International Segments. Operating expenses decreased \$2.9 million, or 5.7%, in the second quarter of fiscal 2019, as compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2018, primarily as the result of cost savings arising from our Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan. In the second quarter of fiscal 2019, restructuring and impairment changes decreased \$5.0 million, as compared to the second quarter last year, due to restructuring charges associated with our Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan primarily being incurred during fiscal 2018. See the Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan section below for further details. Floorplan interest expense decreased 20.2% in the second quarter of fiscal 2019, as compared to the second quarter last year, primarily due to a decrease in our interest-bearing inventory in the second quarter of fiscal 2019.

Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan

In February 2017, to better align the Company's cost structure and business in certain markets, the Company announced a dealership restructuring plan (the "Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan") which included the closure of one Construction location and 14 Agriculture locations. As of January 31, 2018, the Company had closed and fully exited all of these locations and had completed its Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan. In the second quarter of fiscal 2019, the Company recognized \$0.6 million of restructuring costs as the Company revised its assumptions regarding the timing and amount of estimated future cash flows associated with its cease-use lease liabilities for certain of its close store locations. The Company recognized \$5.5 million and \$7.9 million in restructuring charges for the three and six months ended July 31, 2017 and \$10.5 million in restructuring charges during the full fiscal year ended January 31, 2018.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our critical accounting policies and estimates are included in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2018. Other than the adoption of the new revenue recognition guidance described in Note 1, Business Activity and Significant Accounting Policies, and Note 2, Revenue, there have been no other changes in our critical accounting policies since January 31, 2018.

Results of Operations

The results shown below include the operating results of any acquisitions made during these periods and the operating results of any stores closed during these periods up to the date of the store closure. The period-to-period comparisons included below are not necessarily indicative of future results. Segment information is provided later in this discussion and analysis of our results of operations.

Same-store sales for any period represent sales by stores that were part of the Company for the entire comparable periods in the current and preceding fiscal years. We do not distinguish between relocated or newly-expanded stores in this same-store analysis. Closed stores are excluded from the same-store analysis. Stores that do not meet the criteria for same-store classification are described as excluded stores throughout the Results of Operations section in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Comparative financial data for each of our four sources of revenue are expressed below.

Comparative infance	iai uata 10	1 00	ach of our	100	il sources	01	ic venue a		
	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended July					
	July 31,			31,					
	2018 2017 2		2018		2017				
	(dollars in	n th	nousands)		(dollars in	n th	ousands)		
Equipment									
Revenue	\$192,721		\$167,881		\$349,625	į	\$335,796		
Cost of revenue	174,472		154,729		316,239		310,246		
Gross profit	\$18,249		\$13,152		\$33,386		\$25,550		
Gross profit margin	9.5	%	7.8	%	9.5	%	7.6	%	
Parts									
Revenue	\$59,998		\$55,580		\$111,533 \$112		\$112,163	2,163	
Cost of revenue	42,544		39,103		79,202		79,460		
Gross profit	\$17,454		\$16,477		\$32,331		\$32,703		
Gross profit margin	29.1	%	29.6	%	29.0	%	29.2	%	
Service									
Revenue	\$31,271		\$30,509		\$58,627		\$59,275		
Cost of revenue	11,432		11,444		22,634		22,238		
Gross profit	\$19,839		\$19,065		\$35,993		\$37,037		
Gross profit margin	63.4	%	62.5	%	61.4	%	62.5	%	
Rental and other									
Revenue	\$15,901		\$14,901		\$25,784		\$25,755		
Cost of revenue	12,542		10,789		21,034		19,318		
Gross profit	\$3,359		\$4,112		\$4,750		\$6,437		
Gross profit margin	21.1	%	27.6	%	18.4	%	25.0	%	

The following table sets forth our statements of operations data expressed as a percentage of total revenue for the periods indicated:

	Three Months			Six Months Ended			ded	
	Ended July 31,				July 31,			
	2018		2017		2018		2017	
Revenue								
Equipment	64.3	%	62.4	%	64.1	%	63.0	%
Parts	20.0	%	20.7	%	20.4	%	21.0	%
Service	10.4	%	11.3	%	10.8	%	11.1	%
Rental and other	5.3	%	5.5	%	4.7	%	4.8	%
Total Revenue	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0) %	100.0	%
Total Cost of Revenue	80.4	%	80.4	%	80.5	%	80.9	%
Gross Profit Margin	19.6	%	19.6	%	19.5	%	19.1	%
Operating Expenses	15.9	%	18.8	%	17.3	%	19.2	%
Impairment of Intangible and Long-Lived Assets	0.1	%		%		%		%
Restructuring Costs	0.2	%	2.1	%	0.1	%	1.5	%
Income (Loss) from Operations	3.5	%	(1.2)%	2.1	%	(1.6)%
Other Income (Expense)	(0.9)%	(1.5)%	(1.1)%	(1.5)%
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	2.6	%	(2.7)%	1.0	%	(3.1)%
Provision for (Benefit from) Income Taxes	0.9	%	(0.8)%	0.4	%	(1.0)%
Net Income (Loss)	1.7	%	(1.9)%	0.7	%	(2.1)%

Three Months Ended July 31, 2018 Compared to Three Months Ended July 31, 2017 Consolidated Results Revenue

	Three Months Ended July 31,		Increase/	Percent	
			mercuse		
	2018	2017	(Decrease)	Change	
	(dollars in	thousands)		
Equipment	\$192,721	\$167,881	\$ 24,840	14.8 %	
Parts	59,998	55,580	4,418	7.9 %	
Service	31,271	30,509	762	2.5 %	
Rental and other	15,901	14,901	1,000	6.7 %	
Total Revenue	\$299,891	\$268,871	\$ 31,020	11.5 %	

The increase in revenue for the second quarter of fiscal 2019 compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2018 was the result of increased revenue from all revenue sources. Same-store sales increased 11.4% primarily as a result of an increase in equipment revenue within our Agriculture and International segments plus increased parts and service revenue within these segments resulting from the late spring planting season that shifted parts and service revenue from the first to the second quarter of fiscal 2019. Gross Profit

	Three Months Ended July 31,			Increase/		Percent		
	2018		2017		(Decrease)		Change	
	(dollars in thousands)						-	
Gross Profit								
Equipment	\$18,249 \$13,152		\$5,097		38.8	%		
Parts	17,454	64 16,477		977		5.9	%	
Service	19,839		19,065		774		4.1	%
Rental and other	3,359		4,112		(753)	(18.3)%
Total Gross Profit	\$58,901	l	\$52,806		\$6,095		11.5	%
Gross Profit Margin								
Equipment	9.5	%	7.8	%	1.7	%	21.8	%
Parts	29.1	%	29.6	%	(0.5)%	(1.7)%
Service	63.4	%	62.5	%	0.9	%	1.4	%
Rental and other	21.1	%	27.6	%	(6.5)%	(23.6)%
Total Gross Profit Margin	19.6	%	19.6	%	—	%		%
Gross Profit Mix								
Equipment	31.0	%	24.9	%	6.1	%	24.5	%
Parts	29.6	%	31.2	%	(1.6)%	(5.1)%
Service	33.7	%	36.1	%	(2.4)%	(6.6)%
Rental and other	5.7	%	7.8	%	(2.1)%	(26.9)%
Total Gross Profit Mix	100.0	%	100.0	%				

Gross profit for the second quarter of fiscal 2019 increased 11.5% as compared to the same period last year. Gross profit margins remained flat at 19.6% with the comparable period last year. The increase in gross profit was the result of increased revenue. Our gross profit margin remained flat as the effect of higher equipment gross profit margins was offset by lower rental and other gross profit margins and a change in gross profit mix with more revenue resulting from our lower margin equipment sales compared to our parts, service and rental and other revenues.

Our company-wide absorption rate increased to 88.6% for the second quarter of fiscal 2019 compared to 80.1% during the same period last year primarily due to increased gross profit from parts and service and a reduction in our fixed operating costs and floorplan interest expense. Operating Expenses

	Three Mor July 31,	ths Ended	Increase/	Percent	
	2018 2017		(Decrease)	Change	
	(dollars in	thousands)			
Operating Expenses	\$47,633	\$50,523	\$(2,890)	5.7 %	
Operating Expenses as a Percentage of Revenue	15.9 %	18.8 %	(2.9)%	15.4 %	

Our operating expenses in the second quarter of fiscal 2019 decreased \$2.9 million as compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2018 and operating expenses as a percentage of revenue improved to 15.9% in the second quarter of fiscal 2019 from 18.8% in the second quarter of fiscal 2018. These decreases are primarily the result of cost savings arising from our Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan and the impact of operating expense leverage in the quarter resulting from higher second quarter fiscal 2019 sales volumes, partially offset by an increase in our International segment operating expenses resulting from the continued build-out of our footprint and presence in our European markets. Restructuring Costs

Three Months Ended July 31, 2018 2017 (Decrease) Change (dollars in thousands) \$156 \$ -\$ 156 n/m

 Impairment of Long-Lived Assets
 \$156
 n/m

 Restructuring Costs
 565
 5,549
 (4,984)
 90.0%

Restructuring costs of \$0.6 million were recognized in the second quarter of fiscal 2019 related to the Company's revised assumptions, based on changes in circumstances, for our cease-use lease liabilities. Restructuring costs of \$5.5 million were recognized in the second quarter of fiscal 2018 relating to charges recognized in connection with our Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan and included accrued charges for lease terminations and remaining lease obligations, termination benefits, and the costs associated with relocating certain assets of our closed stores. Other Income (Expense)

	Three Months Ended July 31,		Increase/	Percent	
	2018	2017	(Decrease)	Change	
	(dollars	in thous	ands)		
Interest income and other income	\$1,462	\$682	\$ 780	114.4 %	
Floorplan interest expense	(1,727)	(2,163	(436)	20.2 %	
Other interest expense	(2,490)	(2,463)	27	(1.1)%	

The decrease in floorplan interest expense for the second quarter of fiscal 2019 as compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2018 was primarily due to a lower level of interest-bearing inventory in the second quarter of fiscal 2019. Interest expense associated with our senior convertible notes, which is reflected in other interest expense, decreased in the second quarter of fiscal 2019 by \$0.3 million, as compared to the same period last year, due to our repurchases or our outstanding notes. Other interest expense for the second quarter of fiscal 2019 includes a \$0.6 million loss recognized on our senior convertible notes repurchased in the quarter. Other interest expense for the second quarter of fiscal 2018 includes \$0.4 million of debt issuance cost write-offs recognized as a result of our election to reduce the maximum available credit under our Wells Fargo Credit Agreement. Interest income and other income increased \$0.8 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2019 compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2018 primarily due to foreign currency gains recognized as a result of a strengthening U.S. dollar.

Provision for (Benefit from) Income Taxes

	Three Months Ended July 31,		Increase/	Percent
			mercaser	
	2018	2017	(Decrease)	Change
	(dollars	s in thousa	nds)	
Provision for (Benefit from) Income Taxes	\$2,612	\$(2,024)	\$ 4,636	n/m

Our effective tax rate was 33.5% for the second quarter of fiscal 2019 and 28.1% for the second quarter of fiscal 2018. Our effective tax rate is impacted by the mix of income or losses in our domestic and international jurisdictions as well as the impact of recognizing valuation allowances on our deferred tax assets, including net operating losses. Our effective tax rate is also impacted by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act") enacted in December 2017. The Tax Act, among other things, reduced the U.S. federal corporate tax rate from 35% to 21% and introduced a new provision designed to tax global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI"). For fiscal 2019, we anticipate that the benefit from the reduced federal corporate tax rate will be partially offset by the impact of GILTI. Segment Results

Certain financial information for our Agriculture, Construction and International business segments is set forth below. "Shared Resources" in the table below refers to the various unallocated income/(expense) items that we have retained at the general corporate level. Revenue between segments is immaterial.

	Three Mor July 31,	ths Ended	Increase/	Percent
	2018 2017		(Decrease)	Change
	(dollars in	thousands)		_
Revenue				
Agriculture	\$152,813	\$138,545	\$14,268	10.3 %
Construction	79,245	77,890	1,355	1.7 %
International	67,833	52,436	15,398	29.4 %
Total	\$299,891	\$268,871	\$31,021	11.5 %
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes				
Agriculture	\$4,960	\$(6,882)	\$11,842	n/m
Construction	(30)	930	(960)	(103.2)%
International	3,726	283	3,443	n/m
Segment income (loss) before income taxes	8,656	(5,669)	14,325	n/m
Shared Resources	(864)	(1,541)	678	44.0 %
Total	\$7,792	\$(7,210)	\$15,003	n/m
Agriculture				

Agriculture segment revenue for the second quarter of fiscal 2019 increased 10.3% compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2018. The increase in segment revenue was due to a same-store sales increase of 10.1% compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2018. The increase in same-store sales was primarily the result of increased equipment revenue and increased parts and service revenue resulting from the late spring planting season that shifted parts and service revenue from the first to the second quarter of fiscal 2019.

Agriculture segment income before income taxes was \$5.0 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2019 compared to a \$6.9 million loss before income taxes for the second quarter of fiscal 2018. The improvement in segment results was the result of increased equipment, parts, and service revenues, increased equipment gross profit margins, operating expense savings as a result of our Fiscal 2018 Restructuring Plan, a lack of restructuring charges recognized in the second quarter of fiscal 2019, as well as a decrease in floorplan interest expense as the result of a decrease in our interest-bearing inventory in the second quarter of fiscal 2019. Construction

Construction segment revenue for the second quarter of fiscal 2019 increased 1.7% compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2018.

Our Construction segment income before income taxes was break-even for the second quarter of fiscal 2019 compared to \$0.9 million of income before income taxes in the second quarter of fiscal 2018. The decrease in segment results was primarily due to lower rental and other gross profit margins primarily due to a changing mix of rental revenue with a higher percentage of revenue arising from lower margin inventory rentals and higher maintenance costs on our dedicated rental fleet in the second quarter of fiscal 2019 as compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2018. The impact of lower rental and other gross profit margins was partially offset by reduced floorplan and other interest expense due to a reduced level of interest-bearing inventory and rental fleet in the second quarter of fiscal 2019 compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2018. The dollar utilization of our rental fleet increased slightly from 24.7% in the second quarter of fiscal 2018 to 25.2% in the second quarter of fiscal 2019. International

International segment revenue for the second quarter of fiscal 2019 increased 29.4% compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2018 primarily due to increased equipment revenue. Equipment revenue increased in the second quarter of fiscal 2019 due to continued strong demand in certain of our markets, which is aided by the continued availability of subvention funds and strong calendar year 2017 crop yields. In addition, the late spring planting in our European markets also resulted in a shift of parts and service revenue from the first quarter of fiscal 2019 to the second quarter. Our International segment income before income taxes was \$3.7 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2019 compared to \$0.3 million for the same period last year. The increase in segment results was primarily due to increased equipment revenues with higher gross profit margins, but partially offset by an increase in operating expenses resulting from the continued build-out of our footprint and presence in our European markets. In addition, foreign currency gains resulting from a strengthening U.S dollar also benefited the second quarter of fiscal 2019. Shared Resources/Eliminations

We incur centralized expenses/income at our general corporate level, which we refer to as "Shared Resources," and then allocate most of these net expenses to our segments. Since these allocations are set early in the year, and a portion is planned to be unallocated, unallocated balances may occur. Shared Resources loss before income taxes was \$0.9 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2019 compared to loss before income taxes of \$1.5 million for the same period last year. For the second quarter of fiscal 2019, loss before income taxes included a loss of \$0.6 million recognized as a result of our repurchase of \$20.0 million face value of senior convertible notes.

Six Months Ended July 31, 2018 Compared to Six Months Ended July 31, 2017 Consolidated Results

Revenue

Six Months Ended Increase/ Percent July 31, 2018 2017 (Decrease) Change (dollars in thousands) Equipment \$349,625 \$335,796 \$13,829 4.1 % Parts 111,533 112,163) (0.6)% (630 58,627 59,275) (1.1 Service (648