Blue Earth, Inc. Form 10-K April 01, 2013

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form	11	n .	V
		,,-	

(Mark One)
[X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012
OR
[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission file number 0-54669

BLUE EARTH, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada	3531	98-0531496
(State or other jurisdiction	(Primary Standard Industrial	(I.R.S. Employer
of incorporation or organization)	Classification Code Number)	Identification No.)

2298 Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 205

Henderson, NV 89052

Telephone: 702-263-1808

Telecopier: 702-263-1824

(Address and telephone number of principal executive offices)

Dr. Johnny R. Thomas, CEO

Blue Earth, Inc.

2298 Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 205

Henderson, NV 89052

Telephone: 702-263-1808

Telecopier: 702-263-1824

(Name, address and telephone number of agent for service)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: Common Stock, \$.001 par value

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes [] No [X]

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes [] No [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of th
Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to
file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§ 229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant s knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer []	Accelerated filer []
Non-accelerated filer []	Smaller reporting company [X]
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes [] No [X]

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates or an aggregate of approximately 14,397,464 shares (based on 18,625,802 issued and outstanding) computed by reference to the \$1.00 per share price at which the common stock was last sold as of June 30, 2012, the last business day of the registrant s second fiscal quarter was \$14,397,464.

As of March 28, 2013, there were 21,816,868 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE: NONE

-2-

BLUE EARTH, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Item 1. Business.	4
Item 1A. Risk Factors.	26
Item 2. Properties.	46
Item 3. Legal Proceedings.	47
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures	47
<u>Item 5. Market for Registrant</u> s Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity <u>Securities.</u>	48
Item 6. Selected Financial Data.	49
Item 7. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.	49
Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.	55
Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	55
Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.	55
Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.	55
Item 9B. Other Information	58
Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.	59
Item 11. Executive Compensation.	64
Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.	70
Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.	73
Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.	74
Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.	76
<u>Signatures</u>	79

PART I

Forward Looking Statements

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. These statements relate to future events or future predictions, including events or predictions relating to our future financial performance, and are generally identifiable by use of the words "may," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "feel," "confident," "estimate," "intend," "predict," "forecast," "potential" or "continue" or the negative of such terms or other variations on these words or comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including the risks described under "Risk Factors" that may cause the Company's or its industry's actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. In addition to the risks described in Risk Factors, important factors to consider and evaluate in such forward-looking statements include: (i) general economic conditions and changes in the external competitive market factors which might impact the Company's results of operations; (ii) unanticipated working capital or other cash requirements including those created by the failure of the Company to adequately anticipate the costs associated with acquisitions and other critical activities; (iii) changes in the Company's corporate strategy or an inability to execute its strategy due to unanticipated changes; (iv) the inability or failure of the Company's management to devote sufficient time and energy to the Company's business; (v) the failure of the Company to complete any or all of the transactions described herein on the terms currently contemplated; (vi) competitive factors in the industries in which we compete; (vii) changes in tax requirements (including tax rate changes, new tax laws and revised tax law interpretations); and (viii) other capital market conditions, including availability of funding sources. In light of these risks and uncertainties, many of which are described in greater detail elsewhere under Risk Factors, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements contained in this report will in fact transpire.

Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, the Company cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Moreover, neither the Company nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of such statements. We do not undertake any duty to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this report to conform such statements to actual results or changes in our expectations.

Item 1. Business.

Overview

Blue Earth, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) is a comprehensive provider of energy efficiency and alternative/renewable energy solutions for facilities primarily located in the west coast states. In addition, strategic acquisitions of energy management services and alternative/renewable energy companies have been and are expected to continue to be an integral part of our development. The Company provides energy efficiency services including energy management, energy audits and reducing energy consumption through retrofits of lighting, refrigeration and HVAC for small commercial business. The Company develops, designs, builds and implements technologies such as solar, fuel cells and combined heat and power (CHP) for alternative and renewable energy projects. The Company also finances renewable and alternative energy projects through industry relationships.

Effective January 1, 2011, Blue Earth acquired Castrovilla, Inc. based in Mountain View California which manufactures, sells and installs commercial refrigeration and freezer gaskets and sells and installs motors and controls to approximately 5,400 small commercial businesses. See Castrovilla Acquisition below.

On September 7, 2011, Blue Earth acquired Xnergy, Inc., and its wholly owned subsidiary HVAC Controls & Specialties, Inc., a Carlsbad, California based energy services company. Simultaneously, the Company purchased ecoLegacy, LLC, which serves as a financing vehicle for Xnergy. Xnergy provides a broad range of comprehensive energy solutions including the specialized mechanical engineering, the design, construction and implementation of energy savings projects, energy conservation, energy infrastructure outsourcing, power generation and energy supply and risk management. Xnergy also provides comprehensive maintenance and service programs, including every aspect of heating, ventilation and air-conditioning (HVAC), mechanical systems for design-build to repair and retrofit services. See Xnergy Acquisition below.

Blue Earth entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement dated as of July 26, 2012, with White Horse Energy, LLC for the Company to acquire 100% of the issued and outstanding limited liability company interests in Waianae PV-02, LLC, a Hawaii limited liability company which is the owner of certain rights to construct an approximately 497 kilowatt photovoltaic solar energy system in Waianae, Hawaii. Construction began in the third quarter of 2012 and is expected to be completed no later than the second quarter of 2013. On August 3, 2012, Blue Earth announced it acquired the exclusive right to construct seven different solar PV projects totaling approximately 3.5 megawatt DC in Hawaii. The projects are valued at approximately \$15 million and are located on the island of Oahu and are primarily ground mount solar systems. See Hawaii Solar Energy Acquisitions below.

The construction of the Sunvalley solar PV projects located in California, valued at approximately \$4 million, began in the third quarter and are expected to be completed no later than the second quarter of 2013. The Sunvalley Solar projects have signed Engineer, Procure and Construct (EPC) agreements with the owners of the businesses for each of the respective construction sites. All of the customers have agreed to assign the 1603 Grant and Utility Incentives, including their own cash to pay for the solar PV systems. All of the projects are 1603 Grant eligible. Total pipeline is projected to be between \$15 million and \$25 million at December 21, 2012.

As part of the previously announced development and financing agreement with Greenwood Biosar LLC, a joint-venture company between Greenwood Energy and Biosar S.A., Greenwood Power is part of the Libra Group, a privately owned international business group primarily focused on five core sectors: shipping, aviation, real estate, hospitality and energy. This joint-venture company, in addition to other funding sources, are capable of funding 50 mega watts of DC in 2013.

We also focus on acquiring companies and innovative technologies that serve the multi billion dollar energy efficiency services and renewable energy market sectors. The targeted companies provide a variety of energy services that enable customers to reduce energy consumption, lower their generating capacity and maintenance costs and realize environmental benefits. The targeted technologies typically include various measures designed for a specific

customer or facility in our target market of small commercial businesses and residences to improve the efficiency of building systems, such as refrigeration, lighting and heating, ventilation and air conditioning

Management also intends to accelerate introduction of the acquired technology/products by offering and installing them through energy management service companies, which have an established base of customers at the local, state, regional and national levels. In order to accelerate product introduction, management expects to enter into varying types of agreements with these energy management service companies, including acquisition agreements and/or joint venture agreements, as may be appropriate, for each company and geographic territory.

Management has also identified several energy management and energy management service companies that have been successfully operating in the residential and small commercial business segment of the energy efficiency sector. These energy service companies specialize in three categories that address small commercial businesses energy efficiency needs: *lighting*, *refrigeration and HVAC*. The targeted acquisition candidates currently provide energy efficiency retrofit services to the small commercial businesses space. Management believes that these companies are ideal candidates from which to build a nationwide distribution, installation and service network through a combination of joint venture/associate relationships and/or acquisitions.

Corporate History

On October 30, 2009, the Company entered into an Agreement of Merger and Plan of Reorganization (the 2009 Merger) with Genesis Fluid Solutions, Ltd. (GFS), a privately held Colorado corporation and upon closing of the transaction GFS, as the surviving corporation, became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company which changed its name to Genesis and the Company succeeded to the business of GFS as its sole line of business. GFS began operations in 1994 and is engaged in the design and development of water restoration and water remediation technology and equipment for the environmental, mining and paper industries.

As of August 31, 2010, Genesis completed a Stock Purchase Agreement (the SPA) pursuant to which the Buyers who signed the SPA, including the then Chairman and Interim Chief Executive Officer of the Company, agreed to purchase from the Company on or before August 31, 2010, all of the issued and outstanding common stock of GFS then its wholly-owned subsidiary (the GFS Spin-off). GFS had not generated sufficient revenues or earnings as a result of its activities. See Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence for the terms of the GSF Spin-Off.

Effective October 21, 2010, Genesis Fluid Solutions Holdings, Inc. (Genesis) an operating Delaware corporation formed on March 30, 2007 under the name Cherry Tankers, Inc. merged with and into Blue Earth Inc., a Nevada corporation formed on October 6, 2010, solely as a reincorporation and name change.

Our executive offices are located at 2298 Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 205, Henderson, NV 89052. Our telephone number is (702) 263-1808.

Corporate Strategy

Blue Earth, Inc. management will focus its mergers and acquisitions activities on opportunities with the following profile.

-6-

.

Innovative and commercially proven technologies, which increase energy efficiency/water and wastewater, for the small commercial business segment and residential segment.

•

Energy management and energy management service companies, which have an established customer base seeking growth capital to expand their capabilities, product offerings and substantially increase their revenues and operating profits.

.

Energy service companies that provide turnkey energy solutions to public and private clients including EPC (Engineer/Procure/Construct), design build of cogeneration, alternative and renewable electric power plants for green buildings; regular service and maintenance through long-term contracts and third party commissioning of mechanical and energy projects.

Bundled Retrofits. An important element of the M&A strategy is to acquire energy management service companies with an established customer base in each of the afore-mentioned categories. The customer base of each potential acquisition will present an opportunity to cross-sell bundled retrofits to the other acquired companies customer base. For example, when we acquire a company that primarily specializes in refrigeration, we will be in position to contact its customer base and offer to provide energy management services for lighting and HVAC.

Another important criteria is an acquisition candidate s existing relationship with utilities. We are actively seeking private companies that have successfully provided utility funded rebate programs as incentives to their customers to adopt energy efficiency measures that a particular utility based rebate program is offering.

We are targeting energy management companies that specialize in several aspects of utility run energy efficiency programs including: Program Development; Program Implementation; Program Management; Program Tracking; and Program Reporting as required by oversight agencies.

We intend to acquire innovative technologies and established, reputable energy management and energy management service companies, using restricted common stock; cash and/debt in combinations appropriate for each potential acquisition.

Continue to Maintain Entrepreneurial Approach. We will maintain an entrepreneurial approach toward our customers and remain flexible in designing projects tailored specifically to meet their needs.

Expand Scope of Product and Service Offerings. We plan to continue to expand our offerings by including new types of energy efficiency services, products and improvements to existing products based on technological advances in energy savings strategies, equipment and materials.

Meet Market Demand for Cost-Effective, Environmentally-Friendly Solutions. Through our energy efficiency measures and products, we enable customers to conserve energy and reduce emissions of carbon dioxide and other *pollutants*. We plan to continue to focus on providing sustainable energy solutions that will address the growing demand for products and services that create environmental benefits for customers.

Industry Overview

The market for energy efficiency services has grown significantly, driven largely by rising and volatile energy prices, advances in energy efficiency and renewable energy technologies, governmental support for energy efficiency and renewable energy programs and growing customer awareness of energy and environmental issues. End-users, utilities and governmental agencies are increasingly viewing energy efficiency measures as a cost-effective solution for saving energy, renewing aging facilities and reducing harmful emissions.

The clean-tech industry is a multi-billion global industry comprising several market sectors as follows: energy efficiency, including green building; water and wastewater; recycling and waste; LED lighting; energy storage; alternative energies and renewables; batteries/storage; smart grid electrical distribution system; alternative transport; and various green business, research and financial services.

In August 2010, our Board of Directors elected to broaden the Company s focus in contrast to relying only on watering restoration and remediation, as described above under Corporate History We will continue to capitalize on our past investments in the patented Rapid Dewatering System, through royalty agreements negotiated from the sale of the Company s wholly-owned subsidiary to a group of buyers, including a former officer and director.

Corporate Structure

Our corporate structure for energy efficiency related acquisitions is designed to separate the acquired companies into three wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, which will be operated as separate business units.

Edgar Filing: Blue Earth, Inc Form 10-K
Although the nine subsidiaries will operate independently, they will work in concert to develop, manage, implement and monitor energy efficiency programs for the utilities and the small commercial businesses established customer base.
We believe that the implementation and execution of our corporate strategy will benefit our shareholders and attract investors who are looking at two bottom lines: financial profitability and social or environmental benefits produced by the Company and its products and services.

Castrovilla Acquisition

On January 19, 2011, Castrovilla Energy, Inc., a recently formed California subsidiary of the Company, acquired substantially all of the assets of Humitech of Northern California, LLC (Humitech), a California limited liability company and its related company, Castrovilla, Inc. (collectively, with Humitech, the Castrovilla Acquisition) with an Effective Date (as defined) of January 1, 2011. Founded in 2004, Castrovilla based in Mountain View, California, had approximately \$3.4 million in audited revenues in 2010, which is more than twice its 2008 revenues. Castrovilla currently serves approximately 5,400 small commercial businesses in Northern California with its 29 employees as of December 31, 2011. Castrovilla manufactures, sells and installs commercial refrigeration gaskets and strip curtains, which it sells and installs alongside many other energy efficiency products, such as EC motors, LED lights and a variety of control technologies. Castrovilla s strategy is to sell energy efficiency bundled retrofits (refrigeration, lighting, HVAC), to its customer base.

Castrovilla participates in several ratepayer funded utility companies energy efficiency rebate programs, both through third-party programs and through its own small commercial business program, *Keep Your Cool.* The *Keep Your Cool*. The *Keep Your Cool* program was created in response to a Request For Proposals put out by a local municipal utility, Silicon Valley Power. Castrovilla s proposal was accepted and the program funded several hundred thousand dollars. This eventually resulted in contracts with over a dozen municipal utilities throughout Northern California to provide turnkey program administration and implementation. In 2008, Castrovilla acquired the assets of Bay Area Refrigeration, a fully licensed commercial refrigeration contractor that has serviced the San Francisco Bay Area for nearly 30 years.

Castrovilla has created a business model for sustainably generating and delivering kW and kWh that benefits both the utility and the end user. Castrovilla provides energy efficiency services to small commercial businesses and delivers custom programs directly to utilities. The model is both expandable and scalable. Castrovilla is well positioned in terms of capabilities and relationships with utilities and the energy service companies (ESCO) running the third-party programs. Castrovilla intends to become a statewide and regional service provider.

Since acquiring Bay Area Refrigeration and the C-38 refrigeration contractor s license, Castrovilla is qualified to install Electronically Commutated (EC) motors, Evaporator Fan Controllers, Anti-Sweat Heater Controllers and LED Case Lighting and other technologies. This has made the Company s retrofit projects far more comprehensive, which is a significant competitive advantage over companies that target only a single measure. In fact the largest rebate programs require comprehensive retrofits to qualify for rebates.

In addition to energy efficiency retrofits, Castrovilla also has on-going contracts to provide periodic maintenance to numerous restaurants and other refrigerated facilities throughout the San Francisco Bay Area. This includes 24 x 7 emergency refrigeration services.

In mid-2009 Castrovilla opened an online-store (www.bayarearefrigeration.com) to sell manufactured gaskets and strip curtains on both a wholesale and retail basis. The web site also allows us to distribute refrigeration hardware, plumbing fixtures, kitchen equipment, water filtration, electrical and tools and accessories.

The purchase price for Humitech, under the Asset Purchase Agreement (APA) was \$600,000. This consisted of the payment of \$150,000 of affiliated debt and the issuance of 267,857 shares of restricted Common Stock of Blue Earth, Inc. with an agreed upon value of \$508,928, or \$1.90 per share, the average closing price of the Company s Common Stock from September 1-23, 2010, when the terms of the transaction were agreed to. The Company also assumed trade debt of approximately \$121,000. Humitech will remain an unaffiliated non-operating entity in order to pay its other liabilities with the proceeds of the shares received from the Company, as well as from an inter-company note in the amount of \$356,707 from Castrovilla, Inc.

On December 30, 2010, Castrovilla Energy, Inc. (CEI), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company s subsidiary, Blue Earth Energy Management Services, Inc. (BEEMS) entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Plan) with Castrovilla, Inc. and the Stockholders of Castrovilla, Inc. with an Effective Date of January 1, 2011, subject to final Board approval which was obtained on January 18, 2011. CEI merged with and into Castrovilla, Inc. on January 21, 2011, which continued its existence as a wholly-owned California subsidiary of BEEMS.

Under the Plan, the Company issued an aggregate of 1,011,905 shares of its Common Stock valued at \$1.68 per share, or \$1,700,000, to the stockholders of Castrovilla, Inc. in exchange for all of the outstanding capital stock of Castrovilla, Inc. All of the Company s 1,279,762 shares issued in the Castrovilla Acquisition (collectively, the Company Shares) are subject to Lock-up/Leak-out and Guaranty Agreements, as amended. The two Castrovilla, Inc. stockholders, John Pink, who continued as President of Castrovilla, Inc., and Adam Sweeney, together with Humitech (the Stockholders) could not sell any of the Company Shares for a six-month period beginning on the Effective Date of the Plan of January 1, 2011, and thereafter and ending June 30, 2013, the three stockholders may sell up to 2,461 Company Shares per trading day in the aggregate until all Company Shares are sold (the Lock-up Period). The Company contingently guaranteed (the Guaranty) to the Stockholders the net sales price of \$1.68 per share, provided the Stockholders are in compliance with the terms and conditions of the Lock-up Agreement and the hereinafter described performance criteria are met.

A number of shares equal in value to fifty percent (50%) of the profits, if any, from the sale of shares above \$3.36 per share during the Lock-up Period will be returned to the Company. Any deficit from sales below \$1.68 per share shall be paid (i) 50% in cash, and (ii) the remaining 50% in either cash or shares of Common Stock of the Company (at their then current fair market value, or any combination thereof, at the sole discretion of the party making the payment) provided certain Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) performance criteria are achieved as discussed in the next paragraph.

For the twelve (12) months ended December 31, 2012, the Company s EBITDA was negative and therefore there is no guarantee in effect for the quarter ended March 31, 2013, and none for the foreseeable future due to the decision to expand Castrovilla s operations into several new states. Thereafter, the determination of whether there will be a guaranty in effect is determined as follows:

In the event that Castrovilla Inc.'s EBITDA during the Lock-up Period is less than the budgeted amount of \$722,000 of EBITDA per year for each of the fiscal years ending December 31, 2012 and 2013, the \$1.68 per share guaranteed price shall be decreased by the same percentage decrease that EBITDA is below the projected \$722,000 of EBITDA. All of such calculations will be in accordance with GAAP and derived from the Company s reviewed financial statements for the first three fiscal quarters of the year and the audited financial statements for the fourth quarter of the year. If EBITDA is zero or negative, then no Guaranty is in effect for the next quarter and the number of the Company s Shares which could have been sold during such three-month period will not be covered by a Guaranty in the future.

The targeted EBITDA for the 12-month period from July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012 was \$722,000, or \$180,500 per quarter (the quarterly rate of \$180,500 is a constant for each quarter through to the end of the Lock-up/Guarantee period). Therefore, for the 12 months ended December 31, 2011, the targeted EBITDA was \$722,000. The targeted EBITDA for each subsequent 12-month period shall be \$722,000, which shall be compared to the actual performance for the most recent 12-month reporting period as illustrated above and multiplied times \$1.68 to arrive at the guaranteed share price, if any. These targeted amounts may be reduced if a majority of the Board of Directors agree on budget changes which require an acceleration of expenses thereby affecting a current year s budgeted EBITDA.

In addition, under the Plan, the Company paid \$50,000 to an unaffiliated third party for an existing obligation of Castrovilla, Inc. There was no relationship between the Company or its affiliates and any of the other parties, prior to this transaction and with respect to the APA and the Plan.

Castrovilla Products and Services

In 2012 and 2011, Castrovilla s revenues were generated primarily from sales of parts and equipment for refrigeration and LED Case Lighting, refrigeration service, preventative maintenance, consulting, and on-line sales. Currently, the only materials that are purchased in large quantities are its gasket materials. All other inventory including EC motors, Anti-Sweat heaters (ASH) controllers, LED Case Lights and other hardware are kept in low quantities or purchased on an as needed basis.

Castrovilla accesses a variety of rebate programs, always choosing the best one for a given project. The funds that pay for the rebate programs utilized by Castrovilla are the result of California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) requirements that all utilities in the State of California collect a Public Benefits charge as a percentage of the total bill. These funds are required to be invested in energy savings programs. This pool of money measures in the billions of dollars and pays for many programs. Several of these programs are provided through third-party programs, which are usually administered by ESCO and consulting companies and implemented by refrigeration, lighting, HVAC and solar companies. Each program has different eligibility requirements and/or is available in different areas. Participating in the programs in its market area allows Castrovila to provide the broadest coverage to its customers.

Castrovilla management believes that the key to sustaining and expanding its program is to take part in or take advantage of a constant stream of technological innovation. By identifying, evaluating and verifying the best new measures Castrovilla is able to serve its 5,400 small commercial customers and bring in new ones. In some cases Castrovilla is introduced to new measures through its work for other companies, which it can assimilate into Keep Your Cool.

Xnergy Acquisition

On September 7, 2011, Blue Earth, Inc. acquired Xnergy, Inc. (Xnergy), a Carlsbad, California based energy services company (the Xnergy Acquisition). Xnergy provides a broad range of comprehensive energy solutions including specialized mechanical engineering the design, construction and implementation of energy savings projects, energy conservation, energy infrastructure outsourcing, power generation and energy supply and risk management. Xnergy also provides comprehensive maintenance and service programs, including every aspect of heating, ventilation and air-conditioning (HVAC), mechanical systems for design-build to repair and retrofit services.

Xnergy Business Strategy - Energy Efficiency
In order to maximize the effectiveness of any energy efficiency measures, the following steps should be taken:
Determine the energy efficiency goals and priorities. Each company or organization has different priorities with regard to their energy efficiency goals.
Reduce energy demand through Commissioning. A thorough commissioning study will ensure that a building it performing to its design intent and will look at the following:
Lighting
. Mechanical / HVAC systems and controls
wice name at 11 vac systems and condus

Equipment (office, process, and manufacturing)

Refrigeration

Building Envelope (windows, foundation, walls, ceiling roof, and insulation)
Electrical Systems
Energy audit. Energy usage, history, and costs may be gathered from the utility company which will be helpful in determining what areas of the facility could improve the most by implementing certain energy efficiency measures.
Recommend energy efficiency strategies to attain goals. Some of these recommendations may be implemented under the second bullet above. Other energy-saving measures include more efficient equipment, self-generating systems, new controls and variable speed drives.
Alternative Energy Systems / Distributed Generation.
An alternative energy system needs to suit the facility and its owner s needs. The following are several systems that Xnergy has a great deal of experience with:
Photovoltaics / Solar Power. This popular method converts the sun s energy directly into electricity. PV is a viable method of generating power and more panel manufacturers are constantly increasing the efficiency and effectiveness of their equipment.
•
Fuel Cells. Fuel Cells use hydrogen and oxygen, the molecules that create water, to produce electricity with no pollution. A fuel cell operates like a battery, however a fuel cell does not run or require recharging. It will produce energy in the form of electricity and last as long as fuel is supplied.

.

Gas Turbines. These are used for distributed generation of electricity. They are reliable and have minimal maintenance costs, and have control requirements to address air pollutants.

.

Combined Heat & Power (CHP) using Fuel Cells or Other Technologies. Waste heat from the power generation process is used to create either steam or hot water which can in turn be used for heat for the building.

.

Thermal Energy Storage (TES).In this process ice is made at night during off-peak energy pricing, and stored for use during the day to cool the building when it is occupied.

Energy Procurement / Finance Options / Incentives

Along with the increasing demand for energy resources there are also more and more incentives to implement energy saving strategies for traditional and alternative energy systems. Along with these incentives there are some creative methods to attain and pay for power:

.

Power Purchase Agreements (**PPA** s). This popular method is a long-term agreement to buy power from a source that produces electricity. Under a standard PPA, the power source assumes the risk of operating and managing the electricity. This method frees up capital that a company could use elsewhere in its business operations while still maintaining low electricity costs. Xnergy has established relationships with the financing sources and can find and broker the right deal for the facility.

.

Synthetic Lease Agreements (SLA s). This method enables a lessee to obtain equipment without having the debt on the company balance sheet. The lessee can still get all the tax benefits (and burdens) of ownership, including the asset depreciation.

.

PV: California Solar Initiative (CSI) Incentive: For photovoltaic/solar systems, the CSI provides an incentive - based on the system size - for a newly implemented PV system. Xnergy will help navigate the process and can assist in filling out the application and necessary paperwork needed in order to acquire the incentive.

.

Tax Credits for Alternative Energy Implementation. The federal government has extended the tax credits to companies upon the implementation of alternative energy systems. This credit can exceed 30%, depending on the tax bracket.

Hawaii Solar Energy Acquisitions.

Blue Earth entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement (the PSA) dated as of July 26, 2012, with White Horse Energy, LLC. The PSA provides for the Company to acquire 100% of the issued and outstanding limited liability company interests in Waianae PV-02, LLC, a Hawaii limited liability company (the SPE). The SPE is the owner of certain rights to construct an approximately 497 kilowatt photovoltaic solar energy system in Waianae, Hawaii. Construction began in the third quarter of 2012 and is expected to be completed no later than the second quarter of 2013. The project is valued at approximately \$2 million and consists of a solar PV system mounted on the ground. The SPE has a fully executed 20 year power purchase agreement (PPA) with Hawaiian Electric Company (HECO). The SPE will engineer, construct, own, operate and maintain the solar PV plant. The power generated by the plant will be sold to HECO in the form of kilowatt-hrs (electricity).

Hawaii has the largest Renewable Portfolio Standard in the US, requiring 40% of the state s energy be supplied by renewable energy by 2030. HECO s Feed-In-Tariff (FIT) program is designed to encourage the addition of more renewable energy projects in Hawaii. Pre-established FIT rates and standardized FIT contract terms facilitate the process of selling renewable energy to HECO.

The Company, has paid an aggregate of \$144,350; will pay \$124,250 upon commencement of operations (the COD Date) and up to another \$35,000 upon the COD Date if costs and expenditures related to the Project equal less than \$1,850,000 per 500 kW(dc) capacity of the Project on the COD Date.

On August 3, 2012, Blue Earth announced that it acquired the exclusive rights to construct seven different solar PV projects totaling approximately 3.5 megawatts DC in Hawaii. The projects are valued at approximately \$15 million. The projects are located on the island of Oahu and are primarily ground mount solar systems. Six projects acquired by BBLU meet the requirements of the Renewable Energy Tier 2 Feed-in Tariff (FIT) offered by HECO. The planned projects will employ local trade people during their construction. Xnergy, Inc. will provide the engineering procurement and construction (EPC) for the respective projects.

Xnergy Plan of Merger

Pursuant to the terms and conditions of an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Plan), the Company purchased all of the capital stock of Xnergy for a Purchase Price of \$15,012,010 (the Purchase Price). The Company issued to the two shareholders of Xnergy, D. Jason Davis and Joseph Patalano (the Xnergy Stockholders) an aggregate of 4,500,000 shares of restricted Common Stock, valued at \$3.00 per share in the merger agreement. However, the common shares were subsequently valued at \$1.72 per share for accounting purposes based upon the average closing price of the Company's common stock from September 8, 2011 through trading on September 26, 2011. The shares are subject to a lock-up period whereby 1,000,000 of the shares are eligible for sale beginning one year from the closing date and the remaining 3,500,000 shares are eligible for sale commencing two years from the Closing Date. The Xnergy Stockholders acquired all of the shares of Xnergy owned by a former stockholder of Xnergy, for \$2,700,000 under an agreement between the parties. The Company paid the Xnergy stockholders \$10.00 and other good and valuable consideration for the right to assume payment to the former stockholder of the unpaid balance of \$1,415,088. The note was paid in full when the former stockholder elected to convert the note into equity on April 11, 2012 for 509,533 shares of common stock valued at \$1.375 per share and on December 21, 2012 for 675,856 shares of restricted common stock valued at \$1.056 per share. See Item 3. Legal Proceedings below for further information on amendments to the foregoing agreements.

The Company simultaneously entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Messrs. Davis and Patalano, the members of ecoLegacy LLC, to acquire said company which will continue to serve as a financing vehicle for Xnergy Distributed Energy Projects and is expected to receive recurring revenue from the equity portion of the alternative energy pipeline project described above. The consideration for the acquisition of ecoLegacy LLC was Blue Earth s assumption of \$143,681 liability for legal services rendered to Xnergy. Hence, for valuation purposes, the proper

price/share for accounting purposes is \$1.72/share or \$7,740,000 for the shares plus the cash component as stated above.

-15-

D. Jason Davis, as CEO of Xnergy, and Joseph Patalano as COO of Xnergy, entered into five-year employment agreements with the Company and D. Jason Davis is expected to become a director of the Company. Their employment agreements include a bonus plan based upon sharing a percentage of earnings above certain minimum thresholds for the three fiscal years ending December 31, 2013. The Xnergy Stockholders each signed a non-competition and non-solicitation agreement extending until two years after voluntary separation from employment. All Xnergy employees, other then Messrs. Davis and Patalano, shall be eligible to participate in the Company s employee stock option plan. Certain key employees, selected by Jason Davis, shall receive a total 66,667 shares issuance based on a formula of years of services and salary and restricted shares of the Company s Common Stock, which shall not be eligible for sale prior to one-year from the Closing.

Supply Agreement

On October 5, 2011, the Company entered into a Retail Petroleum/Convenience Store Energy Efficiency Joint Development Agreement (the JDA) with General Supply & Services, Inc. (Gexpro), of Shelton, Connecticut and G&N Holdings LLC, d/b/a eCORE Technology, of Torrance, California, which was terminated on February 14, 2012, and the Company maintains at will relationship with Gexpro. Under the JDA the parties were to market, implement and provide financing to more than 2,000 independently owned retail petroleum/convenience store sites operating in selected North American markets.

Gexpro and other suppliers will supply equipment, including lighting and motors on an individual contract-by-contact basis.

Non-Exclusive License and Supply Agreement to SwitchGenie Patented Lighting Controls Technology

On May 16, 2011, Blue Earth obtained the exclusive perpetual private label license (the License) and manufacturing rights to an innovative and patented lighting controls technology from SwitchGenie LLC (n/k/a Logica Lighting Controls,LLC, hereinafter Logica), and James F. Loughrey. The purchase price consisted of (i) \$100,000 cash; (ii) 150,000 restricted shares of common stock subject to the terms and conditions of a Lock-Up/Leak-Out Agreement; and (iii) a royalty equal to 4% of gross profits from the sale of products utilizing the IP, for a 10 year period, with an initial review of this and other terms, three years from the execution of the License.

Effective July 30, 2012, the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement and Release of Claims (the Settlement Agreement) with SwitchGenie, LLC (d/b/a Logica Lighting Controls, LLC, hereinafter referred to as Logica), Blue Earth Energy Management Inc., James Loughrey and Kaye Loughrey. The parties terminated their Exclusive License and Manufacturing Agreement dated May 16, 2011 (the Exclusive License) and Consulting Agreements dated May 16, 2011 with each of James Loughrey and Kaye Loughrey (the Consulting Agreements). On July 30, 2012, Logica, James Loughrey and the Company entered into a Non-Exclusive License and Supply Agreement (the Non-Exclusive

License). Under the Non-Exclusive License, the Company was granted the right to purchase Logica products at 18% over cost. In addition, the Company was granted a non-exclusive license from Logica to use all patents, technology and intellectual property owned by Logica and/or Jim Loughrey. The Company has no manufacturing rights for Logica products.

The Settlement Agreement provided for Logica to return to the Company 75,000 shares of Blue Earth Common Stock, retain 75,000 shares of Blue Earth Common Stock, subject to a lock-up/leak-out agreement, and cancel all warrants to purchase 160,000 shares of Blue Earth Common Stock. The Parties released each other from all obligations under the Exclusive License and Consulting Agreements which were terminated.

This technology is based on distributed intelligence that embeds a microprocessor to control the switch inside a fluorescent ballast. The microprocessor can now control each individual fluorescent tube in either an on/off state using the existing wall switch to send instructions to the smart ballast which controls the on/off state of each tube. As important, each fluorescent tube can be optionally controlled by a wireless device, including a computer, which can control a network of lights in any given facility. The energy cost savings realized are immediate and long term.

The patented technology is an innovative, energy saving solution, that is superior to existing fluorescent dimming, for multi-lamp fluorescent fixtures in commercial, public and industrial buildings including office complexes, universities, schools, warehouses, retail stores, shopping centers, malls, sports arenas and military complexes. By simply replacing the ballast in these fixtures with the patented switch ballast the end user is able to control fixtures and turn on only the number of lamps necessary for a particular application. Typically, electrical energy savings are greater than 50% and ROI of the entire system is typically less than two years and less than one year with rebates.

On May 16, 2011, the Company entered into Consulting Agreements, which were subsequently terminated in January 2012, with Jim and Kaye Loughrey, principals of SwitchGenie, to specify and direct all the manufacturing and quality control activities under the now terminated perpetual License. The 160,000 Warrants issued to Jim and Kaye Loughrey were forfeited under the Settlement Agreement.

Rapid Dewatering System (RDS)

On August 31, 2010, pursuant to a Stock Purchase Agreement, the Company sold to various shareholders including its former Chairman and interim CEO, all of the issued and outstanding common stock of Genesis Fluid Solutions, Ltd. (GFS) then a wholly-owned subsidiary. As described under Certain Relationships and Related Transactions - Discontinued Operations, in addition to 6,331,050 shares of Common Stock of the Company and approximately 3,011,000 options and warrants returned to the Company by the purchasers of GFS, we received a 6% royalty on all gross revenues derived from dewatering operations and the sale, lease or licensing arrangements of the Rapid Dewatering System (RDS) and/or any of the dewatering boxes of its affiliates until the Company receives \$4 million and a royalty of \$7% of gross revenues thereafter not to exceed a cumulative royalty of \$15 million.

The GFS patented RDS removes different types of debris, sediments, and contaminates from waterways and industrial sites, which assists in the recovery of lakes, canals, reservoirs and harbors. The RDS system separates water from the solid materials that are dredged, a process that is known as dewatering. GFS believes its technologies have a variety

of benefits for both industry and the environment, however GFS has had very limited revenues to date. Many waterways worldwide suffer from eutrophication or deterioration, leading to the formation of wetlands. This typically results from agricultural run-off and other man-made causes. Some waterways are so polluted and stagnant that their animal and plant life die off and, in the case of rivers and streams, the current ceases to flow. Cleaning a waterway often requires dredging. Dredging empties the water body of large quantities of built-up debris along the bottom, ranging from coarse material, such as shells, organic vegetation and garbage, to sand and fine grained sediment, such as clays, silts and organics.

Market Size

According to a 2009 McKinsey & Company report there are a total of \$130 billion worth of energy saving opportunities annually in the U.S. economy that go unrealized. The central conclusion of the report states that energy efficiency offers a vast, low-cost energy resource for the U.S. economy. Significant and persistent barriers will need to be addressed at multiple levels to stimulate demand for energy efficiency and manage its delivery across more than 100 million buildings and literally billions of electronic devices. If executed at scale, a holistic approach would yield gross energy savings of more than \$1.2 trillion, well above the \$520 billion needed through 2020 for upfront investment in efficiency measures (not including program costs). Such a program is estimated to reduce energy consumption in 2010 by 9.1 quadrillion BTU s, roughly 23% of projected demand, potentially abating up to 1.1 gigatons of greenhouse gases annually.

We are focusing our efforts in the multi-billion dollar energy efficiency segment of the clean-tech industry. Energy efficiency companies, sometimes referred to as energy services companies, (ESCO), develop, install and arrange financing for projects designed to improve the energy efficiency of buildings and other facilities. Typical products and services offered by energy efficiency companies include boiler and chiller replacement, HVAC upgrades, lighting retrofits, equipment installations, on-site cogeneration, renewable energy plants, load management, energy procurement, rate analysis, risk management and billing administration. Energy efficiency companies often offer their products and services through ESPCs. Under these contracts, energy efficiency companies assume certain responsibilities for the performance of the installed measures, under assumed conditions, for a portion of the project s economic lifetime. According to a 2010 Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory study, which analyzes the current size of the energy efficiency services sector, sector growth projections to 2011 and market trends for energy efficiency related services, the sector in aggregate will have annual revenues exceeding \$7 billion in 2011. The above forecast under the high growth scenario for spending in 2015, in the energy efficiency services sector, is estimated to be \$50 billion with ESCO revenues representing twenty-five percent or \$12.5 billion.

According to the American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy (ACEEE) there is approximately 67 billion square feet of commercial floor space in the U.S. Commercial buildings account for 17% of total energy consumed in the U.S. at an average cost of \$1.21 per square foot of commercial floor space. ACEEE points to energy efficiency in buildings as the cleanest, lowest-cost, most sensible way of promoting economic prosperity, energy security and environmental protection.

The ACEEE 2012 State Energy Efficiency Scorecard reports that states are demonstrating their growing interest in energy efficiency as a means to bolster their economies. Governors, state legislators, officials and citizens, increasingly recognize energy efficiency - the kilowatt hours and gallons of gasoline saved that we don tuse thanks to improved technologies and practices - as the cheapest, cleanest and quickest energy resource to deploy.

In 2012, energy efficiency continued to build momentum in the states despite the sluggish economic recovery, a partisan political climate and the failure of Congress to develop a comprehensive energy policy. Politicians and

citizens are increasingly recognizing that energy efficiency is a key solution to our economic, energy, and environmental challenges. Fully harnessing America s untapped, abundant energy efficiency resource will not only save consumers and businesses money, but will also unleash technological innovation and new business opportunities that create and sustain jobs. As they have over the past decades, states continue to provide the leadership needed to forge an energy-efficient economy, which reduces energy cost, spurs job growth and benefits the environment. Other key findings include:

.

Massachusetts retained the top spot in the rankings for the second year in a row, having overtaken California last year, based on its continued commitment to energy efficiency under its Green Communities Act of 2008. Among other things the Act spurred greater investments in energy efficiency programs by requiring utilities to save a large and growing percentage of energy every year through efficiency measures.

•

This year s most improved states are Oklahoma, Montana and South Carolina. All three states significantly increased their budgets for electric efficiency programs in 2011 over previous years, and saved more energy from such programs in 2010 than in 2009.

.

Joining Massachusetts in the top five are California, New York, Oregon and Vermont, which together comprise a group of truly leading states that have made broad, long-term commitments to developing energy efficiency as a state resource.

.

Twenty-four states have adopted and adequately funded an Energy Efficiency Resource Standard, which sets a long-term energy savings targets and drives investments in utility-sector energy efficiency programs. The states with the most aggressive savings targets include Arizona, Hawaii, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New York, Rhode Island and Vermont.

.

Utility budgets for electric and natural gas efficiency programs rose to almost \$7 billion in 2011, a 27% increase over a year earlier. Of this, \$5.9 billion went to electric efficiency programs, with the remaining \$1.1 billion for natural gas programs.

.

Annual savings from customer-funded energy efficiency programs topped 18 million MWh in 2010, a 40% increase over the prior year. This is roughly equivalent to the amount of electricity the state of Wyoming uses each year.

Additional Market Drivers

Utility Rebate Programs. In a number of markets throughout the U.S., local electrical utilities and related organizations are offering rebates for the purchase and installation of energy efficient products and systems. Ratepayer funded programs are offered by utilities to encourage load reductions by its customers. These incentives may be structured as one-time up-front rebates on energy efficient equipment or may consist of payments per measured kWh saved over a course of several years. Small commercial businesses can leverage the cost of retrofits with incentives received through ratepayer-funded energy efficiency programs.

Rebate incentives are typically used to buy down utility *retrofit* project costs for energy efficiency programs. The customer can receive the rebate directly from the utility, or the energy service company may assist in identifying programs that the small commercial business may qualify for and may collect the rebate on the customer s behalf.

Many utility companies employ demand side management (DSM) programs to help reduce energy consumption. These regulated programs benefits the customer by subsidizing the first cost of capital improvements that provide long - term energy and operational cost savings. Currently, energy efficiency rebates are only offered by specific electrical utilities and the respective rebate programs and requirements change frequently.

Rising and Volatile Energy Prices. Over the past decade, energy-linked commodity prices, including oil, gas, coal and electricity, have all increased and exhibited significant volatility. From 1999 to 2009, average U.S. retail electricity prices have increased by more than 50%.

Aging and Inefficient Facility Infrastructure. Many organizations continue to operate with an energy infrastructure that is significantly less efficient and cost-effective than what is now available through more advanced technologies applied to lighting, heating, cooling and other building systems. As these organizations explore alternatives for renewing their aging facilities, they often identify multiple areas within their facilities that could benefit from the implementation of energy efficiency measures, including the possible use of renewable sources of energy.

Movement Toward Industry Consolidation. As energy efficiency solutions continue to increase in technological complexity and customers look for service providers that can offer broad geographic and product coverage, we believe smaller niche energy efficiency companies will continue to look for opportunities to combine with larger companies such as the Company that can better serve their customers needs. Increased market presence and size of energy efficiency companies should, in turn, create greater customer awareness of the benefits of energy efficiency measures.

Increased Use of Third-Party Financing. Many organizations desire to use their existing sources of capital for core investments or do not have the internal capacity to finance improvements to their energy infrastructure. These organizations often require innovative structures to facilitate the financing of energy efficiency and renewable energy projects.

Castrovilla Sales and Marketing

Castrovilla s key markets in 2012 and 2011 were third-party utility rebate programs, Keep Your Cool rebate program, restaurant and convenience store maintenance and service, consulting and wholesale and Internet sales. Castrovilla services the San Francisco Bay Area, California s Central Valley region, Sacramento and San Diego, California and Spokane, Washington.

Castrovilla utilizes direct marketing through seven outside sales representatives, who are compensated with a base salary and commission, and relationships with utility representatives, program representatives and trade organizations to generate new projects. Castrovilla also maintains the following web sites: www.BARefrigeration.com (on-line commerce capabilities); www.BayAreaRefrigeration.com (redirects to www.BARefrigeration.com); www.KeepYourCool.org and www.blueearthems.com.

Castrovilla Customers

Castrovilla s key customers, in 2012, were KEMA, Keep Your Cool, Ecology Action-Right Lights utility program and the barefrigeration.com web site. In 2011, the key customers were KEMA, Keep your Cool, Ecology Action - Right Lights Program and PECI - Energy Smart Jobs Program.

U.S. Energy Affiliates Financing Agreement

On December 19, 2011, the Company entered into a Finance Agreement with US Energy Affiliates, Inc. (USEA). USEA is a finance company specializing in financing energy efficiency retrofit upgrades with a successful history of financing small businesses, such as gas stations with convenience stores, small hotels/motels and other small businesses. Pursuant to the terms of the Finance Agreement. USEA received 125,000 shares of restricted common stock of the Company, valued at an aggregate amount of \$188,750 or \$1.51 per share of common stock, the ten-day average closing price at the time of negotiations, in exchange for exclusivity in California through September 30, 2012. Exclusivity shall automatically be extended by meeting certain agreed upon performance criteria. USEA will continue to provide financing for the Company s energy efficiency and alternative energy projects in all market sectors throughout the U.S and Canada even if exclusivity for California ends. Following the exclusivity term, on a non-exclusive basis, USEA has agreed to finance Company projects throughout the United States and Canada, in all market sectors subject to certain USEA lending criteria.

Xnergy Sales and Marketing

Since Xnergy is a multi-faceted company with more service offerings than most, there are several unique sales and marketing strategies that are used. These can be both very positive to the business model while being challenging to properly implement. Here is a summary of our sales approach for our varying capabilities:

ESCO: Energy Services Company

For Xnergy as ESCO, our sales and marketing approach is to offer customers customized and all-encompassing energy efficiency solutions tailored to meet their economic, operational and technical needs. The sales process for these opportunities can take up to 24 months, with public agency / governmental customers tending to require the longest sales processes. We identify project opportunities through referrals, conferences, warm leads, cold calls and occasionally through requests for proposals. Our direct sales force develops and follows up on customer leads and, in some cases, works with customers to develop their facility s energy strategies.

The Xnergy plan involves decreasing a facility s energy consumption and demand first through identification of Energy Conservation Measures (ECM s). Through our knowledge of the federal, state, local governmental and utility environment, we assess the availability of energy, utility or environmental-based incentives for usage reductions, which helps us optimize the economic benefits of a proposed project for a customer.

After we have identified and implemented these ECM s, the facility demand has been reduced and now we move on to the self-generation options that would benefit the customer. We can provide these projects turn-key to the customer. Depending on the particular scenario, we can engineer, install, commission, and maintain the system after it is installed. We also are able to offer financing options via lease or PPA s (Power Purchase Agreements). Through a PPA, we would finance the project, then sell the power to the client at a rate less than and/or more consistent than what they get from the utility.

After the project has been completed our Operations & Maintenance group can service and maintain the equipment that was installed. This added value helps ensure our clients that Xnergy wants to be a partner for life and will stand by our projects.

General Contractor

Xnergy offers engineering, construction, and construction management services to a variety of industries. Xnergy has tradesmen that perform the majority of work for most projects. The trades which are most prevalent for us:
Mechanical
Pipefitting/plumbing
•
Electrical
Framing/drywall
•
Concrete
Our ability to self-perform these trades enables us to keep costs down for our customers by not having the third-party markups adding margin into projects.

Knowing our strengths and the types of facilities that most benefit from our services allow us to concentrate sales and marketing efforts on industries such as life sciences, semi-conductor, and other high-technology organizations. We are active participants in associations that involve professionals from these target companies, and use these as networking opportunities to help increase sales leads.

Having engineering and construction capabilities in-house enables Xnergy to provide complete turn-key projects to our clients. Having these abilities also makes it a natural fit for us to perform design-build projects, which save our

customers money while also enabling the projects to have the minimum number of challenges/issues.

Service: Operations & Maintenance

Xnergy offers O&M services for HVAC and energy systems. We offer traditional HVAC services including repairs, retrofits, and preventive maintenance contracts. These contracts can be year-to-year or multi-year. We also offer PM agreements which essentially provide the client warranty coverage if any of the components we are maintaining break down.

Commissioning

Our sales and marketing approach for commissioning is similar to our General Construction and Service segments in terms of the target markets. The Xnergy commissioning group, labeled Benchmarcx, performs energy audits, HVAC testing and balancing, and system start-up for all construction and energy projects. Benchmarcx is able to target other general and mechanical contractors that do not have the in-house commissioning capabilities so Benchmarcx can market itself to them. This is done through direct sales and marketing efforts. In addition to these targets, Benchmarcx also focuses on the end-users directly. These include clients occupying space where commissioning is more critical, such as labs, clean rooms, and manufacturing suites.

Competition

Castrovilla

The clean-tech industry is highly competitive. The energy efficiency segment for small commercial businesses is also highly competitive. Castrovilla competes with various types and sizes of companies ranging from local and national service providers, local refrigeration contractors, such as Egain and Energywise and rebate program administrators. Castrovilla differentiates itself as the only fully-licensed, comprehensive contractor in Northern California which sells and installs energy efficiency projects through utility rebate programs, and which contracts directly with utilities, allowing it to perform retrofit services and secure rebates for its small and large customers who operate locations served by multiple utilities.

Few contractors in Castrovilla s market area actually participate in the third-party program process. The reluctance is attributable to the considerable amount of paperwork required for each project. Having completed thousands of applications, however, Castrovilla is accustomed to preparing the appropriate documents. Because of the new comprehensiveness requirement for refrigeration projects, several of the previously participating companies are no longer qualified. Finally, both the utilities and the third-party administrators have become stricter about contractor participation requirements, which is actively removing unqualified and unscrupulous vendors. As a contractor who is regularly contacted by the utilities and the third-party program administrators to repair issues left behind by others, Castrovilla s reputation is among the best.

We intend to compete based on the following:

Comprehensive Service Provider. We offer to our customers expertise in addressing almost all aspects of energy efficiency. Our staff from acquired companies is expected to provide the capability and flexibility to determine what energy efficiency measures are best suited to achieve the customer s energy efficiency and environmental goals.

Independence. We are an independent company with no affiliation to any equipment manufacturer, utility or fuel company. Unlike affiliated service companies, we have the freedom and flexibility to be objective in selecting particular products and technologies available from different acquisition candidates and suppliers in order to optimize our solutions for customers particular needs.

Experienced Management. Our executive officers each has almost 30 years of experience in founding, acquiring and operating publicly held companies in diverse business sectors.

Federal and State Qualifications. The federal governmental program under which federal agencies and departments can enter into ESPCs requires that energy service providers have a track record in the industry and meet other specified qualifications. Over 20 states require similar qualifications. We intend to acquire companies which meet these qualifications. This will provide us with the opportunity to continue to grow our business with federal, state and other governmental customers and differentiates us from energy efficiency companies that have not been similarly qualified.

Federal. In 2007, the United States enacted the Energy Independence and Security Act which mandates that federal buildings reduce energy consumption by 30% by 2015 compared to their 2003 baseline and contains multiple provisions promoting long-term ESPCs. The U.S. Department of Energy also has a number of research, development, grant and financing programs - most notably the DOE Loan Guarantee Program - to encourage energy efficiency and renewable energy. Additionally, the United States has adopted federal incentives for renewable energy, including the production tax credit, investment tax credit and accelerated depreciation.
<i>States</i> . At the U.S. state level, significant measures to support energy efficiency and renewable energy have been implemented, including as of December 31, 2009, the following:
20 states have adopted energy efficiency resource standards, or EERS, and long-term energy savings targets for utilities.
29 U.S. states and the District of Columbia have renewable portfolio standards, or RPS, in place, and six states have renewable portfolio goals.
14 states have passed legislation enabling a new financing mechanism known as Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) Bonds. The bonds provide funds that can be used by commercial and residential property owners to finance efficiency measures and small-scale renewable energy systems.
. Economic Stimuli. Governments worldwide have allocated significant portions of economic stimuli to clean energy.

Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 allocated \$67 billion to promote clean energy, energy efficiency and advanced vehicles. Additionally, the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act instituted a grant program that provides cash in lieu of the investment tax credit for eligible renewable energy generation sources which commence construction in 2010.

Key factors in the award of contracts include system and service performance, quality, price, design, reputation, technology, application engineering capability and energy management services. Competitors for contracts in the small commercial businesses marketplace include many local, regional, national and international companies with greater resources than we have.

The domestic energy services market for small commercial businesses is *highly fragmented*, which we believe, provides a viable point-of-entry for acquiring established, reputable, profitable energy services companies who are seeking access to growth capital and innovative, commercially proven, cost-effective energy efficient technologies.

There are three principal types of energy efficiency companies:

Independent Energy Services Companies - Energy efficiency companies such as the Company, which are not associated with an equipment manufacturer, utility or fuel company. Most of these companies are small and focus either on a specific geography or specific customer base.

.

Utility-Affiliated Energy Services Companies - Companies owned by regulated North American utilities, many of which were traditionally focused on the service territories of their affiliated utilities, but have since expanded their geographical markets. Examples include Constellation Energy Projects and Services and ConEdison Solutions.

.

Equipment Manufacturers - Companies owned by building equipment or controls manufacturers. Many of these companies have a national presence through an extensive network of branch offices. Examples include Honeywell, Johnson Controls and Siemens.

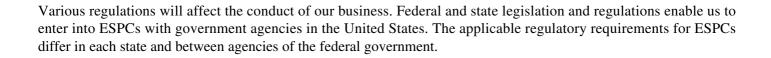
Xnergy

The energy services segment for non-residential customers and utility scale projects is highly fragmented and also highly competitive on a local, regional and national basis. Xnergy competes with various types and sizes of companies ranging from local energy and mechanical services providers including Pacific Rim Mechanical and Apex Mechanical and national energy services providers such as Johnson Controls, Inc. and Ameresco. Xnergy has only a few competitors in the Life Sciences portion of its business including Pacific Building Group and DBC Inc. on a local basis and DPR Construction on a regional and national basis. The competitors in the engineering, procurement and construction (EPC)/alternative energy segment of its business include AECOM, Chevron Energy Solutions an a national basis and solar project installers including Borrego Solar, Helio Power and Sullivan Solar among others on a local basis. Also, several Chinese solar panel manufacturers have begun to provide EPC services as part of their vertical market strategy. The competitors for our commissioning business activities include KEMA, Inc. and MBO, Inc.

Xnergy differentiates itself from its competitors in a number of ways, including providing its customers with an in-depth array of turnkey services and energy efficient products. Xnergy is technology neutral and diligently seeks to locate and provide its clients with the most beneficial technology that is currently available. Xnergy is also unique in its capability to install solar, cogeneration, fuel cells, geothermal and wind-powered systems. The majority of its competitors specialize in designing or installing only one of these types of energy systems. Also in contrast to several of its competitors, Xnergy offers complete engineering and energy analysis (energy auditing or retro-commissioning) to ensure its clients are using their existing energy in the most efficient manner prior to designing an alternative energy option. Xnergy also differentiates itself by being fully licensed and self-performing most of the major and critical trades including electrical, piping, HVAC, plumbing and general construction work. Being vertically integrated with its Service Group allows Xnergy to offer complete after construction O & M services through the life of the energy asset.

Government and Environmental Regulation

Energy Efficiency





- \$ 26,335
- \$ 20,815

Interest income

865,197

74,265

34,267

40,251

Other income

194,795

64,604

49,628

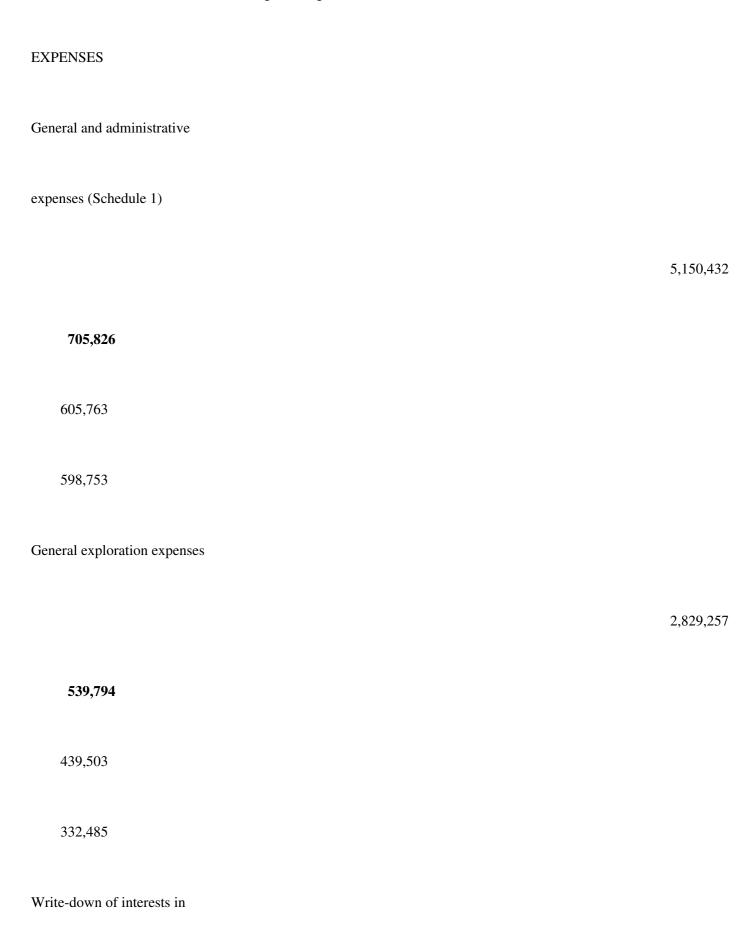
61,472

1,874,372

242,896

110,230

122,538



mineral properties	
	7,417,900
903,358	
105,666	
2,180,738	
Stock option compensation (Note 9)	
	1,616,783
1,234,783	
220,000	
162,000	

	17,014,372
3,383,761	
1,370,932	
3,273,976	
	(15,140,000)
(3,140,865)	
(1,260,702)	
(3,151,438)	
WRITE-DOWN OF MARKETABLE	
SECURITIES	
	(117,276)



15,144	
FOREIGN EXCHANGE LOSS	
	(151,418)
(133,145)	
(79,583)	
((751)	
(6,751)	
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	
	(17,100,404)
(3,404,203)	
(1,326,305)	
(3,198,025)	
INCOME TAX RECOVERY	
	338,400
220,400	
338,400	

-	
NET LOSS	
	(16,762,004)
	(10,702,001)
(3,065,803)	
(1,326,305)	
(3,198,025)	
DEFICIT, ACCUMULATED	
DURING EXPLORATION	
STAGE, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	
	-
(13,696,201)	
(12,369,896)	
(9,171,871)	
RENOUNCEMENT OF TAX	

DEDUCTIBILITY RELATING TO

\$(12,369,896)

FLOW-THROUGH SHARES	
	(338,400
(338,400)	
-	
-	
DEFICIT, ACCUMULATED	
DURING EXPLORATION	
STAGE, END OF PERIOD	
	\$(17,100,404
\$ (17,100,404)	
\$(13,696,201)	

NET LOSS PER SHARE

Basic and fully diluted			
\$ (0.11)			
\$ (0.06)			
\$ (0.16)			
BASIC AND DILUTED	WEIGHTED AVERAGE		
NUMBER OF SHARES	OUTSTANDING		
30,232,499			
23,378,693			
19,524,034			

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD. (An exploration stage company)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Cumulative			
	amount since			
	incorporation			
	September 25,			
	1980 to			
	December 31,	Yes	ars ended December 3	1,
	2004	2004	2003	2002
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
			\$	\$
Net loss	\$(17,100,404)	\$ (3,065,803)	(1,326,305)	(3,198,025)
Items not affecting cash				
Income tax recovery	-	(338,400)	-	-
Depreciation	408,595	60,326	38,852	43,166
Loss (gain) on marketable securities	1,693,120	117	(13,980)	54,980
Write-down of marketable securities	117,276	117,276	-	-
Write-down of interests in mineral				
properties	7,417,900	903,358	105,666	2,180,738
Stock-option compensation	1,616,783	1,234,783	220,000	162,000
(Gain) loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	(1,410)	12,800	_	(15,144)
Write-off of incorporation costs	3,298	-	-	-
Changes in non-cash working capital components				

Edgar Filing: Blue Earth, Inc. - Form 10-K

and prepa	receivable aid expenses payable and	(218,652)	(1)	08,070)	30,979	(29,281)
accrued l	¥ •	44,032	2	29,509	(12,189)	(66,052)
	exploration		,	20 044)	5 0.011	
advances		-	(:	58,011)	58,011	-
Mineral t	axes payable	(669)	(4.0)	-	(12,800)	12,131
		(6,020,131)	(1,2	12,115)	(911,766)	(855,487)
FINANCING ACTIVIT	ΓΙES					
Issuance of share	es, net of					
share issue costs		22,695,297	2,07	71,427	5,779,301	2,378,605
INVESTING ACTIVIT	TIES					
Cash acquired up	oon business					
combination		198,131		-	-	-
Long-term inves	tment	(1,891,315)		-	-	-
Reclamation dep	oosit	(5,000)		-	-	(5,000)
Marketable secu	rities					
Purchase	S	(4,437,414)	(10	62,227)	(352,526)	(575,226)
Net proce	eeds	4,135,331	18	84,916	597,294	410,860
Property, plant	and equipment					
Purcha	ses	(997	,114)	(173,747)	(247,879)	(200,443)
Procee	ds	62,	,287	_	-	48,587
Mineral propert	ties					
Costs		(10,982	2,973)	(1,421,462)	(990,477)	(873,935)
Gold sa	ales	362,	,906	-	-	362,906
Net pro	oceeds	1,008	,999	-	-	-
Incorporation c	osts	(3,	298)	-	-	-
		(12,549	,460)	(1,572,520)	(993,588)	(832,251)
NET CASH INFLOW ((OUTFLOW)	4,125	5,706	(713,208)	3,873,947	690,867
CASH AND CASH EQ	UIVALENTS,					
BEGINNING (OF PERIOD		-	4,838,914	964,967	274,100
CASH AND CASH EQ	UIVALENTS,					
END OF PERIO	OD	\$ 4,125	5,706	\$ 4,125,706	\$ 4,838,914	\$ 964,967

SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Note 11)

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.
(An exploration stage company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
1.
NATURE OF OPERATIONS
Almaden Minerals Ltd. (the "Company") is in the process of exploring its mineral properties and has not yet determined whether these properties contain reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of amounts shown for mineral properties is dependent upon the establishment of a sufficient quantity of economic recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition of mineral properties.
2.
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, which in respect of these financial statements are different in some respects from generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America as discussed in Note 17 and include the following policies:
(a)
Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries as follows:

Almaden America Inc.
Nevada
Republic Resources Ltd.
British Columbia
Almaden de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.
Mexico
Minera Gavilan, S.A. de C.V.
Mexico
Compania Minera Zapata, S.A. de C.V.
Mexico
<i>(b)</i>
Foreign exchange
The functional currency of the Company's subsidiaries has been determined to be the Canadian dollar. U.S. dollar and
Mexican peso denominated amounts in these financial statements are translated into Canadian dollars on the following basis:
(i)
Monetary assets and liabilities - at the rate of exchange prevailing at the year-end.
(ii)
Non-monetary assets - at the rates of exchange prevailing when the assets were acquired or the liabilities assumed.
(iii)
Income and expenses - at the rate approximating the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions.

(iv)
Gains and losses on translation are credited or charged to operations.

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.
(An exploration stage company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
(c)
Cash and cash equivalents
Cash equivalents include money market instruments which are readily convertible into cash or have maturities at the date of purchase of less than ninety days.
(d)
Marketable securities
Investment in marketable securities is recorded at the lower of cost and quoted market value.
(e)
Inventory
Inventory is valued at the lower of the average cost of mining and estimated net realizable value.

Edgar Filing: Blue Earth, Inc. - Form 10-K *(f)* Property, plant and equipment Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost and are depreciated annually on a declining-balance basis at the following rates: Automotive equipment 30% Computer hardware and software 30% Field equipment 20% Furniture and fixtures 20% Geological data library 20% Mill equipment 10%

On a quarterly basis the Company compares the carrying value of property, plant and equipment to estimated net recoverable amounts, based on estimated future cash flows, to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying value of the assets is not recoverable and exceeds their fair value. During the periods covered by these financial statements there was no indication of impairment.

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.
(An exploration stage company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
2.
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
(g)
Mineral properties
The Company is in the exploration stage with respect to its investment in mineral claims and accordingly follows the practice of capitalizing all costs relating to the acquisition of, exploration for and development of mineral claims and crediting all revenues received against the cost of the related claims. At such time as commercial production commences, these costs will be charged to operations on a unit-of-production method based on proven and probable reserves. The aggregate costs related to abandoned mineral claims are charged to operations at the time of any abandonment or when it has been determined that there is evidence of a permanent impairment.
The recoverability of amounts shown for mineral properties is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain financing to complete development of the properties and on future production or proceeds of disposition.
(h)
Income taxes
Future income tax liabilities and future income tax assets are recorded based on differences between the financial reporting basis of the Company's assets and liabilities and their corresponding tax basis. The future benefits of income tax assets, including unused tax losses are recognized, subject to a valuation allowance, to the extent that it is more

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.
(An exploration stage company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
2.
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
(k)
Loss per share
The loss per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares of the Company that were outstanding each year.
(l)
Use of estimates
The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements include, amongst other things,

depreciation, determination of net recoverable value of assets, determination of fair value on taxes and contingencies.

ACCOUNTING CHANGES

(a)

Effective January 1, 2003, the Company adopted the recommendations of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (the "CICA") for stock-based compensation and other stock-based payments. These recommendations established standards for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of stock-based compensation and other stock-based payments in exchange for goods and services. The Company adopted the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based compensation, as described in Note 2 (j), on a retroactive basis with restatement of the 2002 financial statements. The effect of this change was to increase the net loss for the year ended December 31, 2002 by \$162,000 for a net loss of \$3,198,025 (no change to loss per share). The contributed surplus balance at December 31, 2002 increased to \$162,000 and the deficit at January 1, 2003 increased to \$12,369,896.

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3.

ACCOUNTING CHANGES

(b)

Effective January 1, 2004 the Company adopted, on a prospective basis, the recommendations of Emerging Issues Committee -146 with respect to flow-through shares. For all flow-through shares issued subsequent to December 31, 2003, the Company will recognize the future income tax liability and a corresponding increase to deficit on the date the company renounces the tax credits associated with the expenditures, provided there is reasonable assurance that the expenditures will be made. The recognition of any portion of previously unrecognized future income tax assets will be recorded as a reduction of income tax expenses. The impact of this adoption was a future income tax recovery of \$338,400 in 2004.

(c)

Effective January 1, 2004 the Company adopted the new accounting standard for asset retirement obligations, a standard that applies to future site reclamation costs for the Company's mineral properties. Under this standard, the Company recognizes and records the liability for dismantling and remediation at the fair value of the date the liability is incurred. The liability is accreted over time to the estimate amount ultimately payable through periodic charges to earnings. In addition, the asset retirement obligation is capitalized as part of the carrying value of the related mineral properties and amortized to operations. Adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2004.

4.

MARKETABLE SECURITIES

20042003

Money market investments	\$ -	\$163,049
Equity securities	504,754	206,237
	\$504,754	\$369,286

The market value of the investments as at December 31, 2004 was \$1,045,147 (2003 - \$1,268,497).

5.

INVENTORY

Inventory consists of gold bullion which is valued at the lower of average cost of mining and estimated net realizable value. The market value of the gold at December 31, 2004 is \$843,599.

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

6.
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		2004		2003
		Accumulated	Net Book	Net Book
	Cost	Depreciation	Value	Value
Automotive equipment	\$171,652	\$105,125	\$66,527	\$44,221
Furniture and fixtures	108,408	90,235	18,173	19,193
Computer hardware	157,718	119,752	37,966	28,687
Computer software	23,321	12,397	10,924	6,097
Geological data library	65,106	19,445	45,661	4,139
Field equipment	160,533	92,930	67,603	48,920
Mill equipment	323,264	-	323,264	323,264
Leasehold improvements	6,280	1,256	5,024	-
	\$1,016,282	\$441,140	\$575,142	\$474,521

At December 31, 2004 the mill equipment was not available for use. Depreciation will be charged once the equipment is put into use.

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

7.

MINERAL PROPERTIES

	2004	2003
Canada		
Elk		
100% interest in mineral claims in British Columbia		
which includes the Siwash gold deposit	\$2,557,245	\$1,644,696
ATW	\$2,331,2 4 3	\$1,044,070
Net 30% interest in mineral claims near Lac De Gras,		
Northwest Territories	196,944	171,461
PV	,	
100% interest in mineral claims in British Columbia	130,897	124,421
MOR		
100% interest in minerals claims in the Yukon Territory	31,524	62,024
SAM		
100% interest in mineral claims in British Columbia	57,599	10,539
Rock River Coal		
50% interest in 187,698 acre coal prospect in the Yukon		
Territory	39,339	43,707
Cabin Lake		
100% interest in minerals claims in the Yukon Territory	1	35,000
Caribou Creek		
100% interest in minerals claims in the Yukon Territory	1	35,000

Mexico

Caballo Blanco

Option to purchase 100% interest in mineral claims in		
Veracruz State	524,885	522,756
El Pulpo		
100% interest in mineral claims in Sinaloa State	1	95,203
San Carlos / San Jose		
100% interest in the San Carlos and San Jose mineral claims		
in Tamaulipas State	203,142	244,590
Galeana		
Option to purchase 100% interest in mineral claims in		
Chihuahua State	1	118,272
Yago / La Sarda		
100% interest in mineral claim in Nayarit State	223,479	799,505
Fuego		
100% interest in mineral claims in Oaxaca State	58,135	30,372
Interests in various other mineral claims	417,036	260,129
	\$4,440,229	\$4,197,675

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.

U.S.\$2,000,000 by January 16, 2007.

(An exploration stage company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
7.
MINERAL PROPERTIES (Continued)
The following is a description of the Company's most significant property interests and related spending commitments.
(a)
Caballo Blanco
In terms of the original agreement, to earn a 60% interest in the property, the Company had to issue a total of 200,000 shares and pay U.S.\$500,000 plus value added tax over four and a half years. To earn the remaining 40% interest, the Company had to pay an additional U.S.\$500,000 plus value added tax within a year of earning its 60% interest, plus a 2.5% net smelter return ("NSR"). The Company could have reduced this NSR to 1.5% for a fixed payment of U.S.\$2,000,000 plus value added tax payable equally over 10 years.
The agreement was amended in January 2003. To earn a 100% interest, the Company must issue a total of 200,000 common shares and must pay U.S.\$668,500 plus value added tax by February 26, 2007. The underlying owner would also receive a NSR of 2.5% to 1% based on the rate of production. The Company can purchase 50% of this NSR for a fixed payment of U.S.\$750,000 plus value added tax. As at December 31, 2004, the Company had issued the required 200,000 common shares and paid U.S.\$341,000 of this obligation.

During 2003, the Company entered into an agreement with Comaplex Minerals Corp. ("Comaplex"). To earn a 60% interest, Comaplex must keep the property in good standing and incur exploration expenditures totalling

(b)

El Pulpo

The Company acquired a 100% interest in the Gavilan claims by staking. Two additional claims, which are surrounded by the Gavilan claims, are held under option. To earn a 100% interest, the Company must pay U.S.\$162,000 plus value added tax by February 2005. The claims are subject to a 1% NSR which can be purchased for a fixed payment of U.S.\$500,000 plus value added tax. As at December 31, 2004, U.S.\$33,000 of the obligation had been satisfied.

During 2003, the Company entered into an agreement with Ross River Minerals Ltd. ("Ross River"). To earn an initial 50.1% interest, Ross River must maintain the property in good standing, incur exploration expenditures totalling U.S.\$2,000,000 and issue 425,000 common shares to the Company by April 30, 2008. Ross River can increase its interest to 60% by incurring a further U.S.\$1,000,000 of exploration expenditures by April 30, 2010.

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.
(An exploration stage company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
7.
MINERAL PROPERTIES (Continued)
(b)
El Pulpo (continued)
In December 2004, the Company entered into an agreement with Ross River whereby the Company will sell 100% of its right, title and interest in the El Pulpo concessions and the underlying agreements for an initial issuance of 2,200,000 shares of Ross River, an additional 1,000,000 shares when exploration and development expenditures meet or exceed U.S.\$10,000,000, and a further 1,000,000 shares on the delivery of a positive feasibility study recommending production on any part of the property. The Company will retain a 2% NSR regarding any minerals from its formerly 100% owned concessions. Should Ross River give notice to the Company that a decision has been made to place all or any part of the concessions into commercial production, Ross River can then purchase one-half of the NSR (such that the NSR would be reduced to 1% of the NSR) for consideration equal to the fair market value of the 1% royalty based upon the feasibility study, such value to be determined by an internationally recognized engineering firm mutually acceptable to both parties. The agreement is subject to regulatory approval.
(c)
San Carlos
The Company acquired a 100% interest in the San Carlos claims by staking and purchased a 100% interest in the San Jose claim, subject to a 2% NSR. The Begonia claims, which are surrounded by the San Carlos claims, were held

under option. During 2004, the Company abandoned its option on these claims.

During 2004, the Company entered into an agreement with Hawkeye Gold & Diamond Inc. ("Hawkeye"). To earn an initial 51% interest, Hawkeye must maintain the property in good standing, incur exploration expenditures totalling U.S.\$2,000,000 by March 15, 2008 and issue 500,000 shares to the Company by March 15, 2007. Hawkeye can increase its interest to 60% by incurring an additional \$2,000,000 of exploration expenditures by March 15, 2011 and issuing a further 300,000 shares to the Company by March 15, 2010.

(d)

Galeana

The Galeana claims are held under option. To earn a 100% interest, the Company must pay U.S.\$100,000 plus value added tax over seven years. The Company must also pay U.S.\$400,000 plus value added tax should the property go into production. The claims are subject to a NSR of 3% to 1% based on the rate of production. The Company can purchase 50% of this NSR for a fixed payment of U.S.\$500,000 plus value added tax at any time. As at December 31, 2004, U.S.\$15,000 of this obligation had been satisfied.

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.
(An exploration stage company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
_
7.
MINERAL PROPERTIES (Continued)
(d)
Galeana (continued)
During 2002, the Company entered into an agreement with Grid Capital Corporation ("Grid"). To earn an initial 50% interest, Grid must maintain the property in good standing, incur exploration expenditures totalling U.S.\$1,000,000 and issue 400,000 shares to the Company by July 31, 2006. Grid can increase its interest to 60% by incurring an additional U.S.\$1,000,000 of exploration expenditures and issuing a further 100,000 shares to the Company by July 31, 2007. Subsequent to year end, Grid abandoned its option on the property. The property was written down to \$1 at December 31, 2004.
(e)
Yago / La Sarda
The Company acquired a 100% interest in the Tepic claim by staking and purchased a 100% interest in the La Sarda claims. The adjoining Guadalupe and Sagitario claims were held under option. To earn a 100% interest in the Guadalupe claim, the Company had to pay U.S.\$30,000 plus value added tax over six years. To earn a 100% interest in the Sagitario claim the Company had to pay U.S.\$250,000 plus value added tax by January 1, 2005.

During 2004, the Company purchased a 100% interest in the Guadalupe claim for U.S.\$15,000 plus value added tax

and a 100% interest in the Sagitario claim for U.S.\$10,000 plus value added tax.

(f)

Fuego

The Company acquired a 100% interest in the Fuego claim by staking. During 2004, the Company entered into an agreement with Horseshoe Gold Mining Inc. ("Horseshoe"). To earn an initial 50% interest, Horseshoe must maintain the property in good standing, incur exploration expenditures totalling U.S.\$2,000,000 and issue 1,000,000 shares to the Company by December 31, 2006. Horseshoe can increase its interest to 60% by incurring an additional \$1,000,000 of exploration expenditures by December 31, 2007. Once Horseshoe has earned a 60% interest, Almaden has the right, but not the obligation, to exchange its remaining 40% interest in the property for 40% of the then issued capital of Horseshoe.

(g)

Guadalupe

The Company acquired a 100% interest in the Guadalupe claim by staking. During 2004, the Company entered into an agreement with Grid Capital Corporation ("Grid"). To earn an initial 50% interest, Grid must maintain the property in good standing, incur exploration expenditures totalling U.S.\$1,000,000 and issue 400,000 shares to the Company by June 30, 2007. Grid can increase its interest to 60% by incurring an additional \$1,000,000 of exploration expenditures and issuing a further 100,000 shares to the Company by December 31, 2008.

On May 9, 2002, the Company entered into a joint venture agreement with BHP Billiton World Exploration Inc. ("BHP") to undertake exploration in eastern Mexico. Each company committed to fund U.S.\$200,000 of exploration in the first phase. To earn a 51% interest in any property which may be acquired, BHP must fund an initial U.S.\$1,000,000 of exploration, after which both companies are committed to fund a further U.S.\$750,000 of exploration. If either company fails to make its contribution, it would be diluted to a 2% net smelter return royalty. If both companies maintain their interest of funding, BHP can earn a further 19% interest in each project by completing a feasibility study. A final 10% interest can be earned by BHP by funding the property into production. At December 31, 2004, each company had incurred U.S.\$200,000 of exploration expenditures. BHP is reviewing the results of the first phase program. The Company is currently renegotiating the agreement with BHP which would decrease the amount of funding required to earn an interest in any properties acquired.

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8.

DEFERRED EXPLORATION ADVANCES

At December 31, 2004, the Company has expended all funds received from BHP Billiton World Exploration Inc. on the first phase of exploration in eastern Mexico (2003 - \$58,011).

9.

SHARE CAPITAL

The changes in issued shares for the years ended December 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

	Number	Amount
Balance, December 31, 2001	17,123,006	\$15,010,776
For cash pursuant to private placements	4,150,000	1,897,943
For cash on exercise of share purchase warrants	134,750	51,312
For purchase of mill	122,077	79,350
For mineral properties	388,889	350,000
Balance, December 31, 2002	21,918,722	17,389,381
For cash pursuant to private placements	2,773,800	2,362,704
For cash on exercise of share purchase warrants	2,771,807	1,648,664

For cash on exercise of stock options	162,750	75,973
Balance, December 31, 2003	27,627,079	21,476,722
For cash pursuant to private placements	1,722,250	2,553,913
For cash on exercise of share purchase warrants	1,503,438	1,088,919
For cash on exercise of stock options	290,000	138,984
Balance, December 31, 2004	31,142,767	\$25,258,538

(i)

The Company issued 1,300,000 units on January 12, 2004 on a private placement basis at a price of \$1.32 per share, after incurring issue costs of \$16,565. These funds were received by the Company prior to December 31, 2003 and were recorded as a subscription for shares.

(ii)

The Company issued 270,000 flow-through common shares on August 16, 2004 on a private placement basis at a price of \$2.25 per share, after incurring issue costs of \$77,864. Also, 27,000 warrants exercisable at \$2.25 per share until August 16, 2005 were issued to an agent in consideration of its services.

(iii)

The Company issued 150,000 flow-through common shares on August 30, 2004 on a private placement basis at a price of \$2.25 per share, after incurring issue costs of \$17,721. Also, 2,250 shares were issued to an agent in consideration of its services.

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

9.

SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Warrants

	Number of		Exercise
	Warrants	Expiry Date	Price Range
		January 9,	
		2002 to	
Outstanding,			
December 31, 2001	1,357,510	October 1, 2004	\$0.38 to 6.52
Granted	2,925,000		-0.51 to 0.70
Exercised	(134,750)	-	0.38
P	(210.210)		-3.95 to
Expired	(310,310)	April 2, 2003 to	6.52
Outstanding,			
December 31, 2002	3,837,450	October 15, 2004	0.42 to 0.70
Granted	2,258,900		-0.95 to 2.25
Exercised	(2,771,807)		-0.42 to 0.95
		March 13, 2004 to	

Edgar Filing: Blue Earth, Inc. - Form 10-K

Outstanding,			
December 31, 2003	3,324,543	September 18, 2008	0.47 to 2.25
Granted	27,000	August 16, 2005	2.25
Exercised	(1,503,438)	-	0.47 to 1.60
		August 7, 2005	
		to	
Outstanding,			
December 31, 2004	1,848,105	September 18, 2008	\$0.80 to \$2.25

At December 31, 2004, the following share purchase warrants were outstanding:

Number of		Exercise
Warrants	Expiry Date	Price Range
1,509,000	September 18, 2005/2006/2007/2008	\$1.50/1.75/2.00/2.25
103,750	August 7, 2005	0.80
140,000	December 30, 2005	1.85
68,355	December 30, 2005	2.25
27,000	August 16, 2005	2.25
1,848,105		

At December 31, 2004, none of the warrants outstanding are held by directors (2003 - 77,000).

ΔT	.MA	DEN	MINER	AT.S	LTD
----	-----	-----	--------------	------	-----

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

9.

SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Options

The Company has a fixed stock option plan which permits the issuance of options up to 10% of the Company's issued share capital. During 2002, the maximum number of shares reserved for issuance under this plan was increased from 1,000,000 to 2,000,000. During 2003 the maximum number of shares reserved for issuance under this plan was increased from 2,000,000 to 2,900,000. At December 31, 2004, the Company has no reserved stock options that may be granted. The exercise price of an option cannot be less than the closing price of the common shares on the Toronto Stock Exchange on the day immediately preceding the grant of the option and the maximum term of all options is ten years. The Company also has stock options outstanding relating to the period before the introduction of the fixed stock option plan.

The Board of Directors determines the term of the option (to a maximum of five years) and the time during which any option may vest. All options granted during 2004 vested on the date granted.

The following table presents the outstanding options as of December 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002 and changes during the years ended on those dates:

2004	2003	2002
Weighted	Weighted	Weighted
Average	Average	Average
Exercise	Exercise	Exercise

Edgar Filing: Blue Earth, Inc. - Form 10-K

Fixed Options	Shares	Price	Shares	Price	Shares	Price
Outstanding at						
beginning of						
year	3,075,783	\$0.53	2,734,533	\$0.44	1,759,533	\$0.38
Granted	1,421,000	1.69	504,000	0.85	975,000	0.55
Exercised	(290,000)	0.44	(162,750)	0.42	-	-
Outstanding and						
exercisable at						
end of year	4,206,783	\$0.91	3,075,783	\$0.53	2,734,533	\$0.44

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

9.

SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Options (continued)

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 2004:

NII	Options Outstanding and Exercisable	F
Number	Expiry	Exercise
of Shares	Date	Price
35,000	January 28, 2006	\$2.35
560,000	March 1, 2006	0.30
91,092	August 23, 2006	0.27
905,000	February 28, 2007	0.55
379,000	February 26, 2008	0.80
75,000	April 7, 2008	0.74
40,000	September 26, 2008	1.37
581,691	October 7, 2008	0.45
154,000	December 1, 2009	0.39
1,386,000	December 14, 2009	1.67
4,206,783		

The weighted average grant date fair value of stock options granted in 2004 was \$0.87 (2003 - \$0.43; 2002 - \$0.17). The fair value of these options were determined on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

		2004	2003	2002
	Risk free interest rate	3.3%	3.3%	4.2%
	Expected life	4.5 years	4.5 years	5 years
	Expected volatility	61%	62%	60%
	Expected dividends	\$Nil	\$Nil	\$Nil
Contributed surplus	2004		2003	2002
Balance, beginning of year	\$374,525		\$162,000	\$-
Stock-based compensation on is	ssue			
of options	1,234,783		220,000	162,000
Exercise of stock options	(10,954)		(7,475)	-
Balance, end of year	\$1,598,354		\$374,525	\$162,000

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.
(An exploration stage company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
10.
RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS
A company controlled by the founding shareholder of the Company was paid \$110,400 for technical services and website management services during 2004 (2003 - \$110,400; 2002 - \$102,000).
A company controlled by a relative of the founding shareholder of the Company was paid \$66,542 for geological services during 2004 (2003 - \$80,064; 2002 - \$68,300).
An officer of the Company was paid \$55,637 for professional services rendered during 2004 (2003 - \$53,075; 2002 -
\$48,800).
The above transactions were recorded at the amounts agreed to between the parties.
11
11.
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION
Supplemental information regarding non-cash transactions is as follows:
approximation regarding non-easis transactions is as follows.

	Years ended December 31,		
	2004	2003	2002
Investing activities			
Acquisition of fixed assets			
in exchange for mineral			
properties recoveries	\$-	\$25,000	\$-
Acquisition of marketable securities			
in exchange for recoveries on			
mineral properties	275,550	-	-
Reversal of contributed surplus			
on exercise of options	10,954	-	-
Proceeds on disposal of equipment			
applied to acquisition of other			
equipment	23,712	-	-
Financing activities			
Issuance of common shares			
for mineral properties	-	-	350,000
Issuance of common shares			
for purchase of mill	-	-	79,350
Other supplementary information:			
	Years	s ended December 31,	
	2004	2003	2002
Interest paid	\$-	\$2,436	\$-
Income and mining taxes paid	-	34,461	110,154

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

12.

SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in one reportable operating segment, being the acquisition and exploration of mineral resource properties.

The Company's revenues arose primarily from gold sales, interest income on corporate cash reserves and revenue from mineral properties. The Company has long-lived assets in the following geographic locations:

	2004	2003	1999
Canada	\$3,586,578	\$2,606,115	\$1,595,968
Mexico	1,428,793	2,066,081	4,155,173
	\$5,015,371	\$4,672,196	\$5,751,141

The Company earns revenue in the following geographic locations as determined by the location of their mineral properties:

	2004	2003	2002
Canada	\$185,080	\$110,230	\$122,538
Mexico	57,816	-	-
	\$242,896	\$110,230	\$122,538

•
•

FINANCIAL RISK

The Company is exposed to financial risk arising from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. The Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk.

14.

FAIR VALUE

The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, marketable securities and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values.

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

15. INCOME TAXES

The Company's Canadian income tax rate is approximately 35.6% (2003 - 37.6%; 2002 - 39.6%) while the Mexico income tax rate is approximately 35%. The provision for income taxes differs from the amounts computed by applying the statutory rates to the loss before tax provision due to the following:

	2004	2003	2002
Statutory rate	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
Income taxes recovered at the			
Canadian statutory rate	\$1,212,600	\$425,000	\$1,207,300
Effect of lower tax rates in foreign jurisdiction	(200)	(1,200)	(3,900)
Non-deductible expenses	(440,000)	(83,000)	(61,000)
Tax losses not recognized in			
period benefit arose	(434,000)	(340,800)	(1,142,400)
	\$338,400	\$-	\$-

The approximate tax effects of each type of temporary difference that gives rise to future tax assets are as follows:

	2004	2003
Future income tax assets		
Operating loss carryforwards	\$2,302,000	\$2,241,000
Canadian exploration expenditures and foreign		
exploration and development costs in		
excess of book value of resource properties	2,831,600	3,616,000
Impairment of long-term investment	21,800	21,800

Undeducted capital cost allowance on property, plant

and equipment	93,000	71,000
	5,248,400	5,949,800
Valuation allowance	(5,248,400)	(5,949,800)
Future income taxes, net	\$-	\$-

At December 31, 2003, the Company had operating loss carryforwards available for tax purposes in Canada and Mexico of \$6,549,000 which expire between 2005 and 2014.

Δ	T	M	Δ	n	\mathbf{F}	N	N	/ []	N	I	'n	Δ	T	S	T	TI)

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

16.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

(a)

The Company was assessed additional mineral tax of \$197,233 plus interest of \$84,638 by the British Columbia Ministry of Energy and Mines (the "Ministry"). The assessment relates to the deductibility of certain expenditures between February 1, 1995 and January 31, 1997. While management intends to defend its position, the outcome of this issue is uncertain. In order to reduce the exposure to interest charges, the Company paid \$281,871. This amount will be refunded with interest if the Company is successful in defending its position.

In addition, should the Company be unsuccessful in defending its position, approximately \$353,000 will be payable in respect of gold sales in fiscal 2000 to 2002. The Company has provided for the liability arising from the assessment. Any recovery will be credited to operations when received.

(b)

The Company has, in the normal course of business, entered into various long-term contracts which include commitments for future operating payments for the rental of premises as follows:

2005	\$37,260
2006	37,260
2007	37,260
2008	37,260
2009	3,105

17.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CANADIAN AND UNITED STATES GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("Canadian GAAP") which, in these financial statements are different in some respects from those in the United States ("US GAAP"). The following is a reconciliation:

	2004	2003
Consolidated Balance Sheets		
Total assets under Canadian GAAP	\$10,215,275	\$10,341,770
Write-off of deferred exploration costs (a)	(2,072,496)	(1,358,352)
Adjustment to marketable securities (c)	540,393	899,211
Total assets under US GAAP	\$8,683,172	\$9,882,629
Shareholders' equity under Canadian GAAP	\$9,756,488	\$9,854,481
Write-off of deferred exploration costs (a)	(2,072,496)	(1,358,352)
Adjustment to marketable securities (c)	540,393	899,211
Shareholders' equity under US GAAP	\$8,224,385	\$9,395,340

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

17.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CANADIAN AND UNITED STATES GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

	2004	2003	2002
Consolida	ated Statements	of	
Loss and	Deficit		
Net loss under Canadian GAAP	-	\$(1,326,305)	\$(3,198,025)
Write-of	f of current perio	od	
deferre explora	d		
(a)	(915,483)	(742,857)	(780,647)
Add bac	k of deferred exp	ploration	
	ritten off in the		
year (a)	201,339	68,441	1,265,869
Gold rec	overies in the cu	ırrent	
year ap	plied to reduce of	deferred	
explora costs	ation		
(a)	-	-	140,886
Reversal	of retroactive a	pplication	
of accoun change	•	-	162,000

Edgar Filing: Blue Earth, Inc. - Form 10-K

(b)
Net loss
under
US
GAAP \$(3)

AP **\$(3,779,947)** \$(2,000,721) \$(2,409,917)

Net loss per share under

US

GAAP **\$(0.13)** \$(0.09) \$(0.13)

2004 2003 2002 Consolidated Statements of **Cash Flows** Operating activities Operating activities under Canadian GAAP \$(1,212,115) \$(911,766) \$(855,487) Exploration (a) (915,483)(742,857)(780,647)Operating activities under **US GAAP** (2,127,598)(1,654,623)(1,636,134)Investing activities Investing activities under Canadian GAAP (1,572,520)(993,588)(832,251)915,483 Deferred exploration (a) 742,857 780,647

(a)

Investing activities under US GAAP

Canadian GAAP allows exploration costs and costs of acquiring mineral rights to be capitalized during the search for a commercially mineable body of ore. Under US GAAP, exploration expenditures can only be deferred subsequent to the establishment of mining reserves. For US GAAP purposes, the Company therefore expensed its exploration expenditures.

(657,037)

(250,731)

(51,604)

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

17.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CANADIAN AND UNITED STATES GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

(b)

During 2003, the Company adopted the fair value based method of accounting under Canadian GAAP for stock-based compensation, as described in Notes 2 (j) and 3, with retroactive application with restatement of the prior year's income statement. Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 148, *Accounting for Stock-based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure*, issued by the United States Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") provides alternative methods of transition for entities that voluntarily change to the fair value based method of accounting and amends the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-based Compensation*. For US GAAP purposes, the Company has adopted SFAS No. 123 prospectively as of January 1, 2003. As a result, the stock option compensation expense recognized in 2002 under Canadian GAAP has been reversed for US GAAP purposes.

Prior to 2002, in accordance with SFAS No. 123 and Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, which specifies use of the intrinsic value method, since stock options were granted at the quoted market value of the Company's common shares at the date of grant, no compensation cost was recognized by the Company under US GAAP.

Had the fair value assigned to the stock options granted during the year ended December 31, 2002 been charged to net earnings, the net loss for US GAAP purposes for the year ended December 31, 2002 would have been \$2,571,917 while the basic and diluted loss per share would remain unchanged. The weighted average assumptions used for this calculation are consistent with those disclosed in Note 9.

Under Canadian GAAP, the measurement of the recorded stock-based compensation, as well as the assumptions and methodology, are consistent with those prescribed by SFAS No. 123.

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

17.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CANADIAN AND UNITED STATES GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

(c)

In May 1993, the FASB issued SFAS No. 115, Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities ("SFAS No. 115"). Under SFAS No. 115, management determines the appropriate classification of investments in debt and equity securities at the time of purchase and re-evaluates such designation as of each balance sheet date. Under SFAS No. 115, equity securities and long-term investments are classified as available-for-sale securities and accordingly, is required to include the net unrealized holding gain on these securities in other comprehensive income. SFAS No. 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income, establishes standards for the reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components (revenue, expenses, gains and losses) in a full set of general purpose financial statements. Details would be disclosed as follows:

	2004	2003	2002
Net loss under US GAAP	\$(3,779,947)	\$(2,000,721)	\$(2,409,917)
Other comprehensive (loss) income			
Adjustment to unrealized			
(losses) gains on			
available-for-sale securities	(223,350)	718,451	119,530
Comprehensive loss under			
US GAAP	\$(4,003,297)	\$(1,282,270)	\$(2,290,387)

(*d*)

Under Canadian GAAP, future income taxes are calculated based on enacted or substantially enacted tax rates applicable to future years. Under US GAAP, only enacted rates are used in the calculation of future income taxes. This difference in GAAP did not result in a difference in the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002.

(e)

Under Canadian income tax legislation, a company is permitted to issue shares whereby the company agrees to incur qualifying expenditures and renounce the related income tax deductions to the investors. The Company has accounted for the issue of flow-through shares using the method in accordance with Canadian GAAP. At the time of issue, the funds received are recorded as share capital. For US GAAP, the premium paid in excess of the market value is credited to other liabilities and included in income as the qualifying expenditures are made. There was no premium on the flow-through shares issued for all periods presented.

Also, notwithstanding whether there is a specific requirement to segregate the funds, the flow through funds which are unexpended at the consolidated balance sheet dates are considered to be restricted and are not considered cash or cash equivalents under US GAAP. As at December 31, 2004, unexpended flow through funds were \$370,172 (2003 - \$393,481).

٨	T	N	T۸	DI	FN	N	ATP	VER	٨	TC	T	TD	
$\overline{}$		1 I W	\mathbf{H}		וייו ש	- 17		7 I ' I '	\mathbf{H}	117		, , ,	٠.

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

17.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CANADIAN AND UNITED STATES GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

(f)

Recent accounting pronouncements

In May 2003, the FASB issued Statement No. 150 ("SFAS No. 150"), *Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity*. SFAS No. 150 establishes standards for classifying and measuring as liabilities certain financial instruments that embody obligations of the issuer and have characteristics of both liabilities an equity. SFAS No. 150 represents a significant change in practice in the accounting for a number of financial instruments, including mandatorily redeemable equity instruments and certain equity derivatives. SFAS No. 150 is effective for all financial instruments created or modified after May 31, 2003, and to other instruments as of September 1, 2003. The Company has not issued any financial instruments that fall under the scope of SFAS No. 150 and the adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In April 2003, SFAS No. 149, Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, was issued. In general, this statement amends and clarifies accounting for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities under SFAS No. 133. This statement is effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003, and for hedging relationships designated after June 30, 2003. As the Company has no derivative transactions the impact of the adoption of SFAS No. 149 had no effect on its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In January 2003, the FASB issued FIN No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an interpretation of ARB No. 51. FIN No. 46 requires certain variable interest entities to be consolidated by the primary beneficiary of the

entity if the equity investors in the entity do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. FIN No. 46 is effective for all new variable interest entities created or acquired prior to February 1, 2003, the provisions of FIN No. 46 must be applied for the first interim or annual period beginning after June 15, 2003. The adoption of FIN No. 46 had no effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

During 2004, EITF formed a committee ("Committee") to evaluate certain mining industry accounting issues, including issues arising from the application of SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations* ("SFAS No. 141") to business combinations within the mining industry and the capitalization of costs after the commencement of production, including deferred stripping.

ΔI	MA	DEN	MINER	ALS LTD)

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

17.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CANADIAN AND UNITED STATES GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

(f)

Recent accounting pronouncements (continued)

In March 2004, the EITF reached a consensus, based upon the Committee's deliberations and ratified by the FASB, that mineral interests conveyed by leases should be considered tangible assets. On April 30, 2004, the FASB issued a FASB Staff Position ("FSP") amending SFAS No. 141 and SFAS No. 142 to provide that certain mineral use rights are considered tangible assets and that mineral use rights should be accounted for based on their substance. The FSP is effective for the first reporting period beginning after April 29, 2004, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this statement will have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operation.

The Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") reached a consensus, Issue No 04-2, *Whether Mineral Rights are Tangible or Non-Tangible Assets*. The conclusion is that mineral rights are tangible assets and should be amortized over the productive life of the asset. Previously, mineral rights were regarded as intangible assets and were amortized over their life on a straight-line basis. The Company has adopted this new guidance with effect from 2004 on a prospective basis with no effect to the Company's reported financial position or results of operation.

The EITF published Issue No. 04-03, *Mining Assets: Impairment and Business Combinations*. The consensus provided guidance with respect to commodity prices and value attributable to mineral resources other than proven and probable reserves to be used in the conduct of impairment tests and in the allocation of purchase price arising from a business combination. The Company has applied EITF Issue No. 04-03 when performing the impairment review conducted at December 31, 2004.

Δ	T	M	Δ	n	\mathbf{F}	V	N	1	IN	JF	R	Δ	T	S	T	T	D

(An exploration stage company)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

17.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CANADIAN AND UNITED STATES GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

(f)

Recent accounting pronouncements (continued)

During 2004, deliberations began on EITF Issue No. 04-6, *Accounting for Stripping Costs Incurred during Production in the Mining Industry*. In the mining industry, companies may be required to remove overburden and other mine waste materials to access mineral deposits. The costs of removing overburden and waste materials are often referred to as "stripping costs." During the development of a mine (before production begins), it is generally accepted in practice that stripping costs are capitalized as part of the depreciable cost of building, developing, and constructing the mine. Those capitalized costs are typically amortized over the productive life of the mine using the units-of-production method. A mining company may continue to remove overburden and waste materials, and therefore incur stripping costs, during the production phase of the mine. Questions have been raised about the appropriate accounting for stripping costs incurred during the production phase, and diversity in practice exists. In response to these questions, the EITF has undertaken a project to develop an Abstract to address the questions and clarify the appropriate accounting treatment for stripping costs under US GAAP. The EITF issued EITF 04-6, *Accounting for Stripping Costs in the Mining Industry*, which recommends that stripping costs are considered development costs that should be recognized as investments in the mine. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, the adoption of EITF 04-6 will have on the Company's financial position or results of operation.

During 2004, EITF Issue No. 03-1, *The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments*, was issued and establishes guidance to be used in determining when an investment is considered impaired, whether that impairment is other than temporary, and the measurement of an impairment loss. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this statement will have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operation.

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.

Schedule 1

(An exploration stage company)

Consolidated Schedules of General and Administrative Expenses

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	inc Sep	corporation tember 25, 1980 to cember 31, 2004	Ye 2004	ears ende	ed December 2003	r 31,	2002
Bad debts	\$	130,551	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Bank charges and interest		44,868	6,392		5,823		4,732
B.C. mineral taxes		36,897	-		36,897		-
Depreciation		408,595	60,326		38,852		43,166
Employee benefits		10,512	-		-		-
Insurance		31,872	6,446		6,035		5,826
Management services		16,775	-		-		-
Office and licenses		1,000,553	116,763		112,087		97,255
Professional fees		1,909,392	182,995		201,356		222,950
Rent		508,001	103,178		89,168		87,208
Stock exchange fees		198,525	24,441		21,930		55,196
Telephone		146,501	15,026		14,212		12,686
Transfer agent fees		156,414	13,783		11,674		12,437
Travel and promotion		547,678	176,476		67,729		57,297
Write-off of incorporation costs		3,298	-		-		-

Cumulative

\$ 5,150,432 **\$ 705,826 \$** 605,763

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD. (An exploration stage company) Consolidated Schedule of Share Capital Since Inception (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Schedule 2

598,753

\$

	Number	Price	Amount
For cash upon incorporation	1	\$ 1.00	\$ 1
For cash from principal (founder's shares)	750,000	0.01	7,500
For cash	1,010,528	0.15	151,579
For cash	292,500	0.25	73,925
For cash from related company of principal	180,000	0.25	45,000
Balance December 31, 1985	2,233,029		278,005
For cash pursuant to public offering, net of issue expenses	700,000	0.56	392,568
For mineral property	40,000	0.70	28,000
Balance December 31, 1986	2,973,029		698,573
For cash pursuant to private placement, net of issue expense	200,000	0.83	165,750
For cash pursuant to private placement	300,000	1.00	300,000
For cash pursuant to private placement, net of issue expense	150,000	1.34	201,432
Balance December 31, 1987	3,623,029		1,365,755
For cash pursuant to private placement	171,000	1.75	299,250
For cash pursuant to private placement, net of issue			
expenses	297,803	0.90	267,734
For cash	40,000	1.10	44,000
For mineral property	40,000	1.00	40,000
Balance December 31, 1988	4,171,832		2,016,739
For cash pursuant to private placement, net of issue			
expenses	112,055	1.10	123,260
Balance December 31, 1989	4,283,887		2,139,999
For cash pursuant to private placement	177,778	0.45	80,000
For cash on exercise of stock options	49,500	0.68	33,660
For 100,000 common shares of Pacific Sentinel Gold Corp.	300,000	0.73	219,000

For each on everying of steels entions	26,000	0.75	10.500
For cash on exercise of stock options For cash on exercise of stock options	26,000 10,000	0.73	19,500 7,200
Balance December 31, 1990 #	4,847,165	0.72	2,499,359
For cash on exercise of stock options	40,000	0.72	28,800
Balance December 31, 1991	4,887,165	0.72	2,528,159
For mineral property	28,000	0.71	20,000
For cash on exercise of stock options	50,000	0.68	12,500
For each on exercise of stock options	10,000	0.73	7,500
For cash on exercise of stock options	10,000	0.73	2,800
	137,000	0.50	68,500
For each pursuant to private placement	-	0.30	2,639,459
Balance December 31, 1992 (carried forward)	5,122,165		
Balance December 31, 1992 (brought forward)	5,122,165	0.20	\$ 2,639,459
For each or everies of stock options	290,000	0.28	81,200
For each on exercise of stock options	50,000	0.33	16,500
For mineral property	24,827	1.45	36,000
For cash pursuant to private placement	85,000	2.34	198,900
For cash pursuant to private placement, net of issue expense	235,046	2.13	500,930
For cash on exercise of stock options	64,000	1.08	69,120
For finders' fee	8,857	0.70	6,200
For mineral property	10,000	0.50	5,000
For finders' fee	5,000	3.30	16,500
Balance December 31, 1993	5,894,895		3,569,809
For cash on exercise of stock options	110,000	1.08	118,800
For cash pursuant to private placement, net of issue expense	200,000	1.18	236,800
For finders' fee	10,642	0.70	7,449
For finders' fee	12,307	1.56	19,200
Balance December 31, 1994	6,227,844		3,952,058
For cash pursuant to private placement, net of issue expense	200,000	1.50	285,000
For cash pursuant to private placement, net of issue expense	75,000	1.30	94,575
For cash on exercise of stock options	120,000	1.28	153,800
For cash on exercise of stock options	250,000	1.13	282,100
For cash on exercise of share purchase warrants	100,000	1.28	128,000
For finders' fee	6,428	0.70	4,500
For mineral property	39,308	1.59	62,500
For mineral property	37,037	1.35	50,000
Balance December 31, 1995	7,055,617		5,012,533
For cash on exercise of stock options	672,000	1.08 - 1.49	899,100
For cash on exercise of share purchase warrants	275,000	1.40 - 1.50	405,000
For cash pursuant to private placement, net of issue expense	120,000	2.00	240,000
For cash pursuant to private placement, net of issue expense	620,000	3.25	1,894,100
For cash on exercise of stock options	720,000	1.43 - 1.86	1,221,050

For mineral property	10,000	3.20	32,000
Balance December 31, 1996	9,472,617		9,703,783
For cash on exercise of stock options	60,000	1.66 - 2.63	109,300
For cash on exercise of share purchase warrants	50,000	2.00	100,000
For cash pursuant to private placements, net of issue			
expenses	388,000	1.87	725,560
For mineral property	50,000	2.90	145,000
For cash pursuant to private placement, net of issue			
expenses	296,000	3.14 - 3.53	1,013,371
Balance December 31, 1997 (carried forward)	10,316,617		11,797,014
Balance December 31, 1997 (brought forward)	10,316,617		\$ 11,797,014
For cash on exercise of share purchase warrants	359,000	1.05	376,950
For mineral property	50,000	2.90	145,000
Balance, December 31, 1998	10,725,617		12,318,964
For cash pursuant to private placement	1,370,000	0.23	308,250
For mineral property	50,000	2.90	145,000
Balance, December 31, 1999	12,145,617		12,772,214
For cash on exercise of stock options	100,000	0.35	35,000
For cash pursuant to private placement	1,000,000	0.345	345,000
For cash on exercise of share purchase warrants	10,000	0.225	2,250
For mineral properties	25,000	2.90	72,500
Balance, December 31, 2000	13,280,617		13,226,964
For mineral properties	25,000	2.90	72,500
Issuance to acquire Fairfield Minerals Ltd.	6,877,681	0.25	1,711,312
Adjustment to issued shares on amalgamation	(3,060,292)	-	-
Balance, December 31, 2001	17,123,006		15,010,776
For cash pursuant to private placements	4,150,000	0.43-0.55	1,897,943
For cash on exercise of share purchase warrants	134,750	0.38	51,312
For purchase of mill	122,077	0.65	79,350
For mineral properties	388,889	0.90	350,000
Balance, December 31, 2002	21,918,722		17,389,381
For cash pursuant to private placements	2,773,800	0.70-2.15	2,362,704
For cash on exercise of share purchase warrants	2,771,807	0.42-0.95	1,648,664
For cash on exercise of stock options	162,750	0.30-0.55	75,973
Balance, December 31, 2003	27,627,079		21,476,722
For cash pursuant to private placements	1,722,250	1.32-2.25	2,553,913
For cash on exercise of share purchase warrants	1,503,438	0.47-1.60	1,088,919
For cash on exercise of stock options	290,000	0.30-1.37	138,984
Balance, December 31, 2004	31,142,767		\$ 25,258,538
,	, , , , , , , , ,		. , -,



Financial Statement Request Form

In accordance with the rules of National Instrument 51-102 "Continuous Disclosure Obligations", effective March 30, 2004, a reporting issuer must send annually a request form to the registered holders and to the beneficial owners of its securities, that the registered holders and beneficial owners may use to request a copy of the reporting issuer's annual financial statements and Management Discussion & Analysis ("MD & A"), the interim financial statements and MD & A, or both. Please complete the form below if you wish to receive the statement(s) this year.

You will not automatically receive copies of the financial statement(s) unless this card is completed and returned. Copies of all previously issued annual and quarterly financial statements and related MD & A are available to the public on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

To use electronic methods for communication between issuers and their shareholders, we are requesting that you provide us with your email address and consent to electronic delivery. In order to provide your consent, please complete our Consent to Electronic Delivery form at www.pctc.com/PCTCPortal/Public/ConsentForm.aspx. Holders that return this card in the mail and have requested delivery of statements via email must at some time prior to the mailing, complete the Consent Form at the above noted URL, or the statements will be sent via mail.

I, the undersigned, certify that I am the owner of the securities (other than debt instruments) of the Company shown below, and request that my name be placed on the Company's Mailing List in respect of its quarterly and/or annual financial statements and MD & A for the **ensuing financial year**.

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.

Please select one or both of the fol	llowing options:	
Annual Financial Stateme	ents & MD & A	
Quarterly Financial State	ements & MD & A	
Name:		
-		
Address:		
Street Name & Number		Apt. or Suite
City Postal or Zip Code	Prov or State	Country
Tostal of Lip Code		
Email Address:		
_		
Preferred Method of Communicatio	on: Email: or Mail:	
_		
*Signature:		
_		
Date:		

PLEASE RETURN YOUR COMPLETED REQUEST FORM BY MAIL TO:

ON Wednesday May 18, 2005 AT 10:00 AM

(Month/day)

(Year)

(Time of Meeting)

(Day of week)

DA CHELC CORPORATE TRIVICT COMPANY
PACIFIC CORPORATE TRUST COMPANY
625 HOWE ST, 10 TH FLOORf
VANCOUVER, BC
V6C 3B8
OR BY FAX TO: 604-689-8144
* At Pacific Corporate Trust Company, we respect your privacy and we are committed to protecting your information. The personal information you are providing on this form will only be used for its intended purpose described above, and will be handled in accordance with our Privacy Policy, available on our website at www.pctc.com, or by writing to us at 625 Howe St., 10th Floor, Vancouver, BC, V6C 3B8. PCTC will use the information that you are providing on this form in order to process your request and will treat your signature(s) on this form as your consent to the above.
Proxy
Proxy
GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS OF
ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.
(Name of Company)
TO BE HELD AT _ 1550 - 1185 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, B.C. V6E 4E6
(Location of Meeting)

The undersigned member ("Registered Shareholder") of the Company hereby appoints, Duane Poliquin, a Director of the Company, or failing this person, James E. McInnes, a Director of the Company, or in the place of the foregoing, as proxyholder for and on behalf of the Registered Shareholder with the power of substitution to attend, act and vote for and on behalf of the Registered Shareholder in respect of all matters that may properly come before the aforesaid meeting of the Registered Shareholders of the Company (the "Meeting") and at every adjournment thereof, to the same extent and with the same powers as if the undersigned Registered Shareholder were present at the said Meeting, or any adjournment thereof.

The Registered Shareholder hereby directs the proxyholder to vote the securities of the Company recorded in the name of the Registered Shareholder as specified herein.

The undersigned Registered Shareholder hereby revokes any proxy previously given to attend and vote at said Meeting.

REGISTERED HOLDER SIGN HERE:			
DATE SIGNED:			
${f Resolutions}$ (For full details of each item, please see the enclo	sed Notice	e of Meeting and	l Information Circular)
1.	For	Against	Withhold
Appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as auditors of the Company 2.		N/A	
To authorize the Directors to fix the Auditors' remuneration			N/A
3.			N/A
To determine the number of Directors at seven (7)			
4.		N/A	
To elect as Director, Duane Poliquin 5.		N/A	
To elect as Director, James E. McInnes 6.		N/A	
To elect as Director, Morgan Poliquin 7.		N/A	
To elect as Director, Joseph Montgomery 8.		N/A	

To elect as Director, Jack McCleary 9.	N/A	
To elect as Director, Gerald Carlson 10.	N/A	
To elect as Director, Donald M. Lorimer 11.		N/A
Approve the resolution re: amended		
stock option plan 12.		N/A
Approve the resolution re: Notice of Articles 13.		N/A
Approve the resolution re: Authorized Capital 14.		N/A

Approve the resolution re: Adoption of

Articles

THIS PROXY MUST BE SIGNED AND DATED.

SEE IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF PROXY

1.

This Proxy is solicited by the Management of the Company.

2.

This form of proxy ("Instrument of Proxy") <u>must be signed</u> by you, the Registered Shareholder, or by your attorney duly authorized by you in writing, or, in the case of a corporation, by a duly authorized officer or representative of the corporation; and *if executed by an attorney, officer, or other duly appointed representative*, the original or a notarial copy of the instrument so empowering such person, or such other documentation in support as shall be acceptable to the Chairman of the Meeting, must accompany the Instrument of Proxy.

3.

<u>If this Instrument of Proxy is not dated</u> in the space provided, authority is hereby given by you, the Registered Shareholder, for the proxyholder to date this proxy seven (7) calendar days after the date on which it was mailed to you, the Registered Shareholder, by Pacific Corporate Trust Company.

4.

A Registered Shareholder who wishes to <u>attend</u> the Meeting and vote on the resolutions in person, may simply register with the scrutineers before the Meeting begins.

5.

A Registered Shareholder who is <u>not able to attend</u> the Meeting in person but wishes to vote on the resolutions, may do the following:

(a)

appoint one of the management proxyholders named on the Instrument of Proxy, by leaving the wording appointing a nominee as is (i.e. do not strike out the management proxyholders shown and do not complete the blank space provided for the appointment of an alternate proxyholder). Where no choice is specified by a Registered Shareholder with respect to a resolution set out in the Instrument of Proxy, a management appointee acting as a proxyholder will vote the resolution as if the Registered Shareholder had specified an affirmative vote;

OR

(b)

appoint another proxyholder, who need not be a Registered Shareholder of the Company, to vote according to the Registered Shareholder's instructions, by striking out the management proxyholder names shown and inserting the name of the person you wish to represent you at the meeting in the space provided for an alternate proxyholder. If no choice is specified, the proxyholder has discretionary authority to vote as the proxyholder sees fit.

6.

The securities represented by this Instrument of Proxy will be voted or withheld from voting in accordance with the instructions of the Registered Shareholder on any poll of a resolution that may be called for and, if the Registered Shareholder specifies a choice with respect to any matter to be acted upon, the securities will be voted accordingly. Further, if so authorized by this Instrument of Proxy, the securities will be voted by the appointed proxyholder with respect to any amendments or variations of any of the resolutions set out on the Instrument of Proxy or matters which may properly come before the Meeting as the proxyholder in its sole discretion sees fit.

7.

If a Registered Shareholder has submitted an Instrument of Proxy, the Registered Shareholder may still attend the Meeting and may vote in person. To do so, the Registered Shareholder must record his/her attendance with the scrutineers before the commencement of the Meeting and revoke, in writing, the prior votes.

To be represented at the Meeting, voting instructions must be DEPOSITED at the office of "PACIFIC CORPORATE TRUST COMPANY" no later than

forty eight ("48") hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays) prior to the time of the Meeting, or adjournment thereof.

The mailing address of <u>Pacific Corporate Trust Company is 625 Howe Street, 10th Floor, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 3B8, and its fax number is (604) 689-8144.</u>

ONLY REGISTERED HOLDERS ARE ABLE TO COMPLETE TELEPHONE VOTING AT 1-888-Tel-Vote (1-888-835-8683) OR

INTERNET VOTING AT http://www.stocktronics.com/webvote

Edgar Filing: Blue Earth, Inc. - Form 10-K GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS OF

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.

/ T T		~
(Nama	αt	('amnany)
mume	o_{I}	Company)

TO BE HELD AT 1550-1185 West Georgia St., Vancouver, B.C. V6E 4E6

(Location of Meeting)

ON <u>Wednesday</u>, <u>May</u>, 18, 2005, AT <u>10:00</u> AM

(Day of week) (Month/day/Year) (Time of Meeting)

To our securityholders:

We are sending to you the enclosed proxy-related materials that relate to a meeting of the holders of the series or class of securities that are held on your behalf by the intermediary identified below. Unless you or someone on your behalf attends the meeting as a proxyholder, your securities can be voted only by management, as proxyholder of the registered holder, in accordance with your instructions.

We are prohibited from voting these securities on any of the matters to be acted upon at the meeting without your specific voting instructions. In order for these securities to be voted at the meeting, it will be necessary for us to have your specific voting instructions. Please complete and return the information requested in this form to provide your voting instructions to us promptly.

Should you wish to attend and vote at the meeting or have someone else attend and vote at the meeting on your behalf, please complete the reverse side of this form.

Resolutions (For full details of each item, please see the enclosed Notice of Meeting and Information Circular)

For Against Withhold

1.

Appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as auditors of the Company

N/A

2.

To authorize the Directors to fix the Auditors' remuneration		N/A
3.		N/A
To determine the number of Directors at (7) seven. 4.	N/A	
To elect as Director, Duane Poliquin 5.	N/A	
To elect as Director, James E. McInnes 6.	N/A	
To elect as Director, Morgan Poliquin 7.	N/A	
To elect as Director, Joseph Montgomery 8.	N/A	
To elect as Director, Jack McCleary 9.	N/A	
To elect as Director, Gerald Carlson 10.	N/A	
To elect as Director, Donald M. Lorimer 11.		N/A
Approve the resolution re: Amended Stock Option Plan 12.		N/A
Approve the resolution re: Notice of Articles 13.		N/A
Approve the resolution re: Authorized Capital 14.		N/A
Approve the resolution re: Adoption of Articles		

If this VIF is signed and the form is not marked otherwise, the securities will be voted in favour of each matter identified in the notice of meeting.

If this VIF is not dated in the space provided, authority is hereby given by you, the securityholder, for the proxyholder to date this form seven (7) calendar days after the date on which it was mailed to you, the securityholder.

This VIF confers discretionary authority to vote on such other business as may properly come before the meeting or any adjournment thereof.

This VIF should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notice of meeting and information circular.

By providing voting instructions as requested, you are acknowledging that you are the beneficial owner of, and are entitled to instruct us with respect to voting of, these securities.

(If these voting instructions are given on behalf of a body corporate set out the full legal name of the body corporate, the name and position of the person giving voting instructions on behalf of the body corporate and the address for service of the body corporate.)

CT	CLID	ITYHOI	DED	CICN	HEDE.
SH .	UIJК	(JJH.K	SI(+)	HHKKK:

DATE SIGNED:

THIS FORM MUST BE SIGNED AND DATED ABOVE.

Edgar Filing: Blue Earth, Inc Form 10-K
****Please complete the following only if you or someone other than a management representative will be
attending the meeting to vote on your behalf.****
Should you wish to attend the meeting and vote or have someone else attend and vote at the meeting on your behalf,
please write the name of the person who will attend in the place provided below and a form of legal proxy will be issued which will grant you or the person specified by you the right to attend the meeting and vote. If you require
assistance in this regard, please contact at PCTC at 604-689-9853.
(enter name of CSR here)
PRINT NAME OF PERSON WHO WILL BE ATTENDING THE MEETING HERE:
SECURITYHOLDER SIGN HERE:
DATE SIGNED:

To be represented at the Meeting, voting instructions must be DEPOSITED at the office of "PACIFIC CORPORATE TRUST COMPANY" no later than

forty-eight ("48") hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays) prior to the time of the Meeting, or adjournment thereof.

The mailing address of <u>Pacific Corporate Trust Company is 625 Howe Street, 10th Floor, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 3B8</u>, and its fax number is (604) 689-8144.

IF A HOLDER I.D. AND HOLDER CODE APPEAR IN THE ADDRESS BOX ON THE FACE OF THIS FORM

BENEFICIAL SECURITYHOLDERS ARE ABLE TO COMPLETE TELEPHONE VOTING AT 1-888-Tel-Vote (1-888-835-8683)

OR INTERNET VOTING AT http://www.stocktronics.com/webvote

Trading Symbol: AMM - TSX

www.almadenminerals.com

THIRD NEW (2004) GOLD DISCOVERY IN SOUTHERN BC

Further to its press releases of JAN 21/05 & FEB 11/05 concerning the SAM and MERIT prospects, respectively, Almaden Minerals Ltd. (Almaden) is pleased to announce the discovery of a third new epithermal gold vein prospect during 2004 in southern British Columbia. This prospect is called the Nicoamen River property, which includes the ZAK mineral claims comprising about 1850 hectares or 18.5 sq. km. The claims were acquired by staking, and are 100% owned by Almaden. They are accessible by good forestry roads which link with the Trans-Canada Highway near the communities of Boston Bar and Lytton, BC. The property is underlain dominantly by the same Cretaceous volcanic belt which hosts similar mineralization on the SAM, MERIT, and Prospect Valley (PV) claim blocks. Collectively, the numerous mineral occurrences covered by these four properties herald the emergence of a new epithermal district in a mature mining region that has excellent infrastructure.

The initial ZAK claims (32 units) were staked to cover multi-element silt geochemical anomalies and mineral occurrences located by Almaden personnel in 2003 and 2004, during follow-up of a regional gold stream sediment anomaly. Low sulphidation type epithermal quartz vein float and bedrock occurrences were found near a major fault structure which cuts through volcanics and adjacent altered granitic rocks.

Twelve of 16 rock grab samples, consisting of composite quartz float fragments, have returned gold analyses ranging from 257 ppb (0.25 g/t) to 55,526 ppb (55.5 g/t) with coincident elevated to strongly anomalous values of arsenic +-antimony +- mercury +- molybdenum. A recent check of the high gold analysis (55,526 ppb) by fire assaying the reject portion of this sample has reported **64.87 g/t Au** (or 1.892 oz/t Au). The silver assay from this same sample is 6.0 g/t (or 0.175 oz/t).

Six soil samples collected at 25-metre spacing over a 130-metre long alteration zone exposed in an old roadcut have yielded anomalous gold values of 26 to 94 ppb. Five grab samples of angular quartz vein rubble collected along the base of this zone have returned gold analyses ranging from 257 ppb to 1604 ppb, with an average value of 739 ppb (0.74 g/t Au). The high grade (64.87 g/t Au) float sample described above was collected approximately 600 metres distant from this alteration zone, along the projected trend of the local fault structure. The banded chalcedony vein rubble sampled at the base of the alteration zone included fragments up to 24 centimetres (~91/2 inches) in width.

Forty stream sediment samples collected in and around the property area have identified additional gold, arsenic, and antimony anomalies which remain to be examined.

All samples collected on the property to date were prepared and tested by Acme Analytical Laboratories in Vancouver, BC using conventional ICP-MS and fire assay techniques. The field programs were designed and conducted by or under the supervision of Edward Balon, P. Geo., who is the qualified person for this project under the meaning of National Instrument 43-101.

Almaden considers the very preliminary results from the Nicoamen River discovery to be extremely encouraging, and a work program for 2005 is planned.

For additional information, please contact Duane Poliquin, President (604) 689-7644.

On behalf of the board of directors

ADuane Poliquin@

Duane Poliquin, President

The Toronto Stock Exchange has not reviewed nor accepted responsibility for the adequacy or accuracy of the contents of this news release which has been prepared by management. Statements contained in this news release that are not historical facts are forward looking statements as that term is defined in the private securities litigation reform act of 1995. Such forward -looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from estimated results. Such risks and uncertainties are detailed in the Company's filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

NEWS RELEASE April 27, 2005

Trading Symbol: **AMM -TSX**

www.almadenminerals.com

Miscellaneous Project Updates

ATW Diamond Project, Canada

Almaden Minerals Ltd. (Almaden), along with Williams Creek Explorations Ltd. (Williams Creek) have together purchased for cash Santoy Resources Ltd.'s (Santoy) 20% interest in the North West Territories corporation ATW, which owns a 75% interest in the ATW diamond property in the MacKay Lake area, Northwest Territories. This leaves Almaden and Williams Creek each with a net 371/2 % interest in the project. The remaining 25% is held by Aberex Ltd. (15% working interest) and Southernera Resources Ltd. (10% working interest). The property covers the likely source area of a significant indicator mineral train that is known to be at least 20 kilometers long. Past microprobe work on these indicator minerals identified G10 garnets and other minerals that are interpreted to have been derived from at least one kimberlite source that is also interpreted to be at least moderately diamond-bearing (see Almaden's March 22, 2002 news release). Till sampling efforts in the past have narrowed the indicator mineral source area to roughly 1 by 1.5 kilometers in size. This work was also confirmed by abrasion studies carried out on the indicator minerals, indicated a very local source. Last year this reduced area was covered by electromagnetic, magnetic and gravity ground geophysical surveys. These surveys identified several subtle targets within the interpreted indicator mineral source area. A bathymetric survey of the lake bottom in this area has been recommended in order to give better control for the gravity results. This survey will be completed in the coming summer in preparation for diamond drilling the targets in the field season (February to April) of 2006.

Mor, Caribou Creek and Cabin Lake Properties, Yukon

Almaden acquired these three properties by staking. Kobex Resources Ltd. (Kobex), which optioned these three properties in 2003 (See Almaden news release of September 2, 2003), has returned the Caribou Creek and Cabin Lake properties to Almaden. Kobex has informed Almaden that it never visited the Caribou Creek and Cabin Lake properties, but did carry out a diamond drill program in the summer of 2004 on the Mor property in which Kobex has retained its right to earn an interest through spending and share payment to Almaden. Almaden has received a report from Kobex prepared by C. Downie, P.Geo., the qualified person on the project under the meaning of National Instument 43-101, on work completed last summer on the Mor property. Kobex carried out a two phase program on the property which included induced polarization (IP) ground geophysics in a first phase and identifying targets that were drilled in a second phase two hole, diamond drill program. These previously reported results (see table below and Almaden news release of October 29, 2004) included intersection from a newly identified zone of massive sulphides which returned anomalous base and precious metal values that are considered by Almaden to be extremely

significant and representative of a volcanogenic massive sulphide system in an area underlain by similar geology to that in the Finlayson Lake district (160 km to the northeast) where several important VMS deposits have been discovered since 1994 including the Kudz Ze Kayah and Wolverine deposits.

Results from Hole MO04001							
From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Copper %	Zinc %	Silver ppm	Gold ppm	Lead %
18	22.9	4.9	0.69	1.31	39.70	0.82	0.15
Including:							
19.3	21.7	2.4	0.83	1.43	40.71	0.83	0.14
19.3	19.9	0.6	1.06	1.27	25.28	0.63	0.06
41.9	42.6	0.9	0.69	0.18	11.8	0.50	0.05
		R	esults from Ho	le MO04002	2		
From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Copper %	Zinc %	Silver ppm	Gold ppm	Lead %
23.30	27.05	3.75	0.17	0.76	12.95	0.17	0.11
Including:							
24.50	24.85	0.35	0.44	2.17	26.20	0.41	0.27
66.12	68.00	1.88	0.97	0.21	19.78	0.35	0.05
Including:							
67.30	68.00	0.70	1.23	0.37	37.65	0.50	0.12

Mr. Downie has recommended a further diamond drill program on the Mor property totaling \$247,720.00 in expenditures. The same report states:

"IP appears to be a valuable tool in defining the location of buried VMS horizons on the Mor claims. Similar surveys should be conducted on the Caribou Creek and Cabin Lake properties in areas identified as prospective by past geological and geophysical surveys."

Almaden will be seeking new joint venture partner(s) to explore the Cabin Lake and Caribou Creek properties where past geochemical and geophysical surveys carried out by Almaden identified anomalous responses in similar geology to that of the Mor prospect .

Galeana Project, Mexico

Almaden has been informed by Grid Capital Corp (Grid) that Grid is dropping its option to acquire a 60% interest in the Galeana property from Almaden. In 2004 Grid carried out a diamond drill program diamond drill program on the Galeana gold-silver property, located in Chihuahua State, Mexico.

The drill program, consisting of 3 diamond drill holes totaling 560 meters, tested the San Miguel Ahumada zone, one of three major vein structures on the property. All three holes intersected zones of brecciation with local zones of silicification and minor quartz veining. One hole did not reach its intended depth. The highest value was intersected in hole GAD04-05, where a 0.73 meter core interval from 129.12 meters to 129.85 meters assayed 5.01 g/t gold. The drill program was carried out under the direction of Mr. Juan Caelles, Ph.D., P.Geo., a qualified person within the meaning of National Instrument 43-101. Samples were sent to ALS Chemex Labs in North Vancouver for analysis.

The Galeana property hosts three major classic epithermal banded quartz-adularia vein systems, the San Miguel-Ahumada-Estrella de Oro, the Faldo Norte and the San Geronimo. All have had limited historic production prior to the Mexican revolution when all mining activity ceased. Mapping, sampling and alteration mineralogic and petrographic analyses of the veins in the Galeana area has resulted in the interpretation that the exposed veins represent a high level within the original hydrothermal system. This interpretation coupled with the identification of high gold grades in fragments found in breccia bodies identified as part of the Miguel Ahumada vein system, suggest that the potential to identify high grade gold and silver ore shoots in the veins may increase with depth. Almaden has not yet received a report of the drilling activities from Grid. At this time it is not understood why the drilling failed to intersect banded vein material identified in shallow historic workings, however the holes may not have been long enough to intersect steeply dipping structures.

In a news release made April 22, 2004, Grid announced the results of prospecting on the Galeana which included those from high-grade gold-silver mineralization in epithermal quartz-carbonate float found in the area of the Estrella de Oro vein structure. The area is located 2 kilometers to the south along the projected strike extent of the Ahumada Zone and was not drilled by Grid. The highest assay was returned from sample No. 1519 which assayed 96.9 g/t (3.11oz/ton) gold and >100 g/t (3.2oz/ton) silver. A second piece of float from the same area, sample No. 1518,

assayed 18.85 g/t (0.61oz/ton) gold and 98.8 g/t (3.18oz/ton) silver. Detailed prospecting and mapping program to determine the source of the high- grade boulders was never carried out.

Upon receiving a report Almaden will review the drilling results and the all the data collected to date to determine how to proceed with the Galeana project.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

"J. Duane Poliquin, P. Eng."

J. Duane Poliquin, President

The Toronto Stock Exchange has not reviewed nor accepted responsibility for the adequacy or accuracy of the contents of this news release which has been prepared by management. Statements contained in this news release that are not historical facts are forward looking statements as that term is defined in the private securities litigation reform act of 1995. Such forward -looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from estimated results. Such risks and uncertainties are detailed in the Company's filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

NEWS RELEASE April 28, 2005

Trading Symbol: AMM -TSX

www.almadenminerals.com

New Mexican Ag-Pb-Zn Project Acquired by Staking

Almaden Minerals Ltd. (Almaden) is pleased to announce that it has acquired by staking a 100% interest in the Santa Isabela property. The property covers a roughly 14,000 hectare area and is located in Coahuila State, Mexico. The project was identified in a regional helicopter-borne prospecting program and covers an a low-lying ridge located within 50 kilometers of the large Penasquito Ag-Pb-Zn deposit owned by Western Silver Corporation and the historic Concepcion del Oro polymetallic mining camp.

The Santa Isabela property is road accessible and covers an area of structurally controlled jasperoid replacement silicification and calcite veining traceable over 700 meters in outcrop and developed within a package of limestones. To date twenty four samples have been taken of oxidized jasperoid and calcite veined limestone returning zinc values up to 11.95% and averaging 4.68%, lead values up to 7.33% and averaging 1.94% and silver values up to 172 g/t and averaging 34.8 g/t.

Preliminary soil geochemical and induced polarization (IP) geophysical surveys were conducted along three lines, approximately 1 km long established at roughly 500 m intervals perpendicular to the ridge. Seventy-four soil samples were collected along the lines at 25 m spacings within the arc of the ridge and at 50 m intervals along the flats at its base. The strongest response for lead, zinc and silver was obtained from the central line. A continuous series of samples representing a width of 150 m yielded lead values >250 ppm (to 1.78%), zinc values >300 ppm (to 2.10%) and silver values >1 g/t (to 17.1 g/t). The preliminary pole-dipole IP survey identified a broad chargeability high that was most prominent on one line with chargeability values over 40 mV/V. This response likely indicates the presence of significant sulphides at depth.

Silver-lead-zinc mineralization at the Santa Isabela property is thought to represent the upper levels of a potentially much larger mineralized carbonate replacement (CRD) system at depth, likely identified by the IP survey described above. Although the work at the Santa Isabela property to date is preliminary in nature, it has identified an interesting and prospective CRD style target. Grades associated with the mineralization sampled are consistent with CRD style mineralization from the districts within the Mexican CRD Belt. The most notable of which is the nearby Conception del Oro mining district which is thought to have produced in excess of 40 Mt reportedly grading 12.8% Zn, 5.8% Pb, 275 g/t Ag, up to 1.5 g/t Au and up to 1.5% Cu. Western Silver Corporation has recently released a new resource estimate for its Penasquito deposit, located immediately west of the Concepcion del Oro camp, with a total measured and indicated sulphide resource of 309.75 Million tonnes grading 31.56 g/t Ag, 0.31% Pb and 0.78% Zn.

Samples were collected under the supervision of Bill Wengzynowsi, P.Eng., president of the consulting firm Archer Cathro and Associates (1981) Ltd., and Morgan Poliquin, M.Sc., P.Eng., a director of Almaden, and the qualified person on the project under the meaning of National Instrument 43-101. Samples were analysed at ALS Chemex Labs of North Vancouver, B.C., using conventional fire assay, and inductively coupled plasma atomic emission spectroscopy (ICP).

Almaden currently has 11 active joint ventures, including 7 in which other companies are carrying all costs in order to earn an interest in the projects. Almaden will continue with its successful business model of identifying exciting new projects through early stage grass roots exploration and managing risk by forming joint ventures in which partner companies explore and develop our projects in return for the right to earn an interest in them. Almaden is seeking a joint venture partner to advance the Santa Isabela property under similar terms to those of its present joint venture agreements.

ON BEHALF C	OF THE BOA	ARD OF DI	RECTORS

"Morgan J. Poliquin"

-____

Morgan J. Poliquin, M.Sc., P.Eng.

Director

The Toronto Stock Exchange has not reviewed nor accepted responsibility for the adequacy or accuracy of the contents of this news release which has been prepared by management. Statements contained in this news release that are not historical facts are forward looking statements as that term is defined in the private securities litigation reform act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from estimated results. Such risks and uncertainties are detailed in the Company's filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Trading Symbol: AMM -TSX

www.almadenminerals.com

Update: Exploration Joint Venture, Mexico

Almaden Minerals Ltd. (Almaden) is pleased to announce that it has signed two amendments in order to extend its agreement with BHP Billiton World Exploration Inc. (BHP Billiton) to carry out grass roots exploration in a portion of Mexico for copper-gold deposits. The terms of the agreement outline two separate phases dependant upon success in the first phase.

The first phase of work is focused on grassroots exploration with Almaden as operator and consists of a minimum of US\$50,000 to be spent in the first year of the joint venture. If both Almaden and BHP Billiton agree to acquire any properties discovered, BHP Billiton will have the option to carry out US\$750,000 of work on each such property in order to earn a 51% interest in that property. After BHP Billiton has completed this expenditure each property would enter a joint-venture phase of exploration during which both Almaden and BHP Billiton would contribute US\$750,000 for a total of US\$1,500,000. If one party fails to contribute to this phase, it would be diluted to a 2% net smelter return royalty. After this joint-venture stage is complete and if both parties have maintained their interests by funding, BHP Billiton can then elect to earn an additional 19% interest, for a total of 70% in each project, by completing a feasibility study not to exceed US\$25 Million for each project. A final 10% interest can be earned if BHP Billiton funds the property into production.

Since signing the original agreement in May, 2003, Almaden and BHP Billiton, under the operator ship of Almaden, have spent US\$400,000 on a regional exploration program that covered a large area of Mexico considered prospective for copper-gold deposits. This program resulted in the identification of a smaller area where copper-gold mineralization has been identified that is considered highly prospective for porphyry copper-gold systems. This new smaller area is now the area of influence for the ongoing joint venture and is the focus of the new exploration program. This program will consist of geochemical stream sediment sampling and prospecting and will begin immediately.

As part of the new agreement BHP Billiton has relinquished any and all rights to six projects identified and staked by Almaden during the original exploration program. These properties include the Santa Isabela and Candy Ag-Pb-Zn prospects, Coahuila State, the Saby and Fierro Au prospects in San Luis Potosi State and the Zapotec and Tuligtic Au-Ag and Au-Ag-Cu prospects in Puebla State. All projects are now held 100% by Almaden. Results and future plans for these projects will be reported by Almaden in the near future.

The agreement with BHP Billiton has helped Almaden to aggressively pursue an already successful generative grassroots exploration program for copper-gold deposits in an area with little modern exploration. Almaden has been active in Mexico since the favourable changes in foreign investment legislation in 1991. Since that time Almaden has

had one of its projects reach production and has formed numerous joint ventures to explore properties acquired. At present Almaden has five active joint ventures in Mexico. [BHP Billiton is the world's largest diversified natural resources company. Created in June 2001 through the Dual Listed Companies merger of Australian listed BHP Limited and UK listed Billiton Plc, BHP Billiton occupies industry leader, or near leader positions in major commodity businesses including aluminium, energy coal, metallurgical coal, copper, ferro-alloys, iron ore and titanium minerals. BHP Billiton also has substantial interests in oil, gas, liquefied natural gas, nickel, diamonds and silver. BHP Billiton employs around 35,000 people in more than 20 countries and is headquartered in Melbourne, Australia.]

ON BEHALF OF THE BO	ARD OF DIRECTORS
"Morgan Poliquin"	
Morgan Poliquin, Director	
contents of this news releas are not historical facts are f act of 1995. Such forward -	nge has not reviewed nor accepted responsibility for the adequacy or accuracy of the e which has been prepared by management. Statements contained in this news release that forward looking statements as that term is defined in the private securities litigation reform looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to mated results. Such risks and uncertainties are detailed in the Company's filing with the emmission.
	YUKON BUSINESS CORPORATIONS ACT (YUKON) (Sections 107, 114, and 290) Form 1-03
NOTICE OF DIREC 1. Name of Corporation:	TORS AND OFFICERS OR NOTICE OF CHANGE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS REPUBLIC RESOURCES INC.
2. Corporate Access Numb	
_	he 1st day of March, 2005, the following person(s) were appointed Director(s):
NAME	MAILING ADDRESS

Morgan James Poliquin 2784 West 1st Avenue, Vancouver, BC V6K 1H3						
	otice is given that on the ld office as Director(s):	e day of	_,, the	following person(s) ceased to		
NA	AME	MAILING	ADDRESS			
5. Th	e Officers of the Corpor	ation as of this date are):			
NA	AME	OFFICES	OFFICES HELD			
Jar 6.	mes Duane Poliquin	President	President and Secretary			
DATE		SIGNATU	RE	TITLE		
March 22, 2005 "Duane		"Duane Poliquin"		President and Secretary		
	BUSINESS	CORPORATIONS ACT ()	(UKON)			
		<u>ANNUA</u>	AL <u>RETURN</u>			
1.	Corporation Name:			REPUBLIC RESOURCES INC.		
2.	Corporate Access Nu	mber:		25839		
3	Corporation's registe	red office address is:				
	200 - 204	Lambert Street, Whiteh	norse, YT	Y1A 3T2		
4.	Corporation's mailing	address is: (Must be	a Yukon addre	ess)		
	200 - 204	Lambert Street, Whiteh	norse, Yukon `	Y1A 3T2		
5.	This report contains i	nformation as at:	April 25, 20	005		
6.	Corporation's registra	ation date in the Yukon:	April 25, 19	997		

7. Names and addresses of the directors are:

James Duane Poliquin 1987 Acadia Road Vancouver, BC V6T 1R4 Morgan James Poliquin 2784 West 1st Avenue Vancouver, BC V6K 1H3

8. Names, addresses and office held of the officers are:

James Duane Poliquin 1987 Acadia Road Vancouver, BC V6T 1R4 President and Secretary

- 9. All filings required by the *Business Corporations Act* (Yukon) have been made relating to any change in:
 - (a) Directors,
 - (b) Registered Office Address,
 - (c) Attorney(s)
 - (d) The constating documents of the Corporation.

CERTIFIED correct as at the 25th day of April, 2005.

Duane Poliquin President and Secretary

Authorized Signatory Title

CAMPION MACDONALD

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.

(the "Company")

Suite 1103 -750 West Pender Street

Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 2T8

Telephone: (604) 689-7644

Facsimile: (604) 689-7645

INFORMATION CIRCULAR

as at and dated April 4, 2005

(unless otherwise noted)

PERSONS OR COMPANIES MAKING THE SOLICITATION

The Enclosed Proxy is Being Solicited by Management of The Company

This Information Circular is furnished in connection with the solicitation of proxies by the management of **Almaden Minerals Ltd.** (the "Company") for use at the annual general meeting (the "Meeting") of the Company to be held on **May 18, 2005**, and at any adjournment thereof. The solicitation will be by mail and possibly supplemented by telephone or other personal contact to be made without special compensation by regular officers and employees of the Company. The Company does not reimburse shareholders, nominees or agents for the cost incurred in obtaining from their principals authorization to execute forms of proxy. No solicitation will be made by specifically engaged employees or soliciting agents. The cost of solicitation will be borne by the Company. No director of the Company has informed management in writing that he or she intends to oppose any action intended to be taken by management at the meeting.

APPOINTMENT AND REVOCATION OF PROXY

The persons named in the enclosed form of proxy are directors or officers of the Company.

A SHAREHOLDER HAS THE RIGHT TO APPOINT SOME OTHER PERSON (WHO NEED NOT BE A SHAREHOLDER) TO REPRESENT THE SHAREHOLDER AT THE MEETING BY STRIKING OUT THE NAMES OF THOSE PERSONS NAMED IN THE ACCOMPANYING FORM OF PROXY AND BY INSERTING SUCH OTHER PERSON'S NAME IN THE BLANK SPACE PROVIDED IN THE FORM OF PROXY OR BY COMPLETING ANOTHER FORM OF PROXY.

IF THE INSTRUCTIONS AS TO VOTING INDICATED THEREIN ARE CERTAIN, THE SHARES REPRESENTED BY THE PROXY SOLICITED HEREBY WILL BE VOTED OR WITHHELD FROM VOTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUCH INSTRUCTIONS. WHERE NO CHOICE IS SPECIFIED IN RESPECT OF ANY MATTER TO BE ACTED UPON, THE PROXY CONFERS ON THE PROXY HOLDER DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO SUCH MATTER AND IF ONE OF MANAGEMENT'S NOMINEES NAMED IN THE ATTACHED FORM OF PROXY IS APPOINTED AS PROXY HOLDER, THE SHARES REPRESENTED BY SUCH PROXY SHALL BE VOTED FOR SUCH MATTER. IN THE EVENT THAT AMENDMENTS OR VARIATIONS TO THE MATTERS IDENTIFIED IN THE NOTICE OF MEETING ARE PROPERLY BROUGHT BEFORE THE MEETING, THE

PROXYHOLDER WILL VOTE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR BEST JUDGEMENT ON SUCH MATTERS. AT THE DATE OF THIS CIRCULAR, MANAGEMENT KNOWS OF NO SUCH AMENDMENT, VARIATION OR OTHER MATTER WHICH MAY BE PRESENTED TO THE MEETING.

2

SEE ALSO THE FORM OF PROXY FOR INSTRUCTIONS AS TO USE OF TELEPHONE AND INTERNET VOTING.

The instrument of proxy, and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy thereof, must be deposited at the office of the registrar and transfer agent of the Company, Pacific Corporate Trust Company, 830 -625 Howe Street, Vancouver, B.C. V6C 3B8, not less than 48 hours, Saturdays, Sundays and holidays excepted, prior to the scheduled time of the Meeting or any adjournment thereof.

Any shareholder returning the enclosed form of proxy may revoke it at any time if it has not been exercised. In addition to revocation in any other manner permitted by law, a proxy may be revoked by instrument in writing executed by a member or his attorney authorized in writing or, if the shareholder is a corporation, by a duly authorized officer or attorney thereof, and deposited either at the registered office of the Company or the registrar and transfer agent of the Company at least 24 hours prior to the scheduled time of the Meeting or any adjournment thereof, or with the Chairman of the Meeting at the scheduled commencement of the Meeting or any adjournment thereof, and upon either of such deliveries the proxy is revoked.

NON-REGISTERED HOLDERS

Only registered shareholders or duly appointed proxyholders are permitted to vote at the Meeting. Most shareholders of the Company are "non-registered" shareholders because the shares they own are not registered in their names but are instead registered in the name of the brokerage firm, bank or trust company through which they purchased the shares. More particularly, a person is not a registered shareholder in respect of shares which are held on behalf of that person (the "Non-Registered Holder") but which are registered either: (a) in the name of an intermediary (an "Intermediary") that the Non-Registered Holder deals with in respect of the shares including, among others, banks, trust companies, securities dealers or brokers and trustees or administrators of self-administered RRSP's, RRIF's, RESPs and similar plans); or (b) in the name of a clearing agency (such as The Canadian Depository for Securities Limited ("CDS") of which the Intermediary is a participant. In accordance with the requirements of applicable securities law, the Company has distributed copies of the Notice of Meeting, this Information Circular (collectively, the "Meeting Materials") to the clearing agencies and Intermediaries for onward distribution to Non-Registered Holders.

Intermediaries are required to forward the Meeting Materials to Non-Registered Holders unless a Non-Registered Holder has waived the right to receive them. Very often, Intermediaries will use service companies to forward the Meeting Materials to Non-Registered Holders. Generally, Non-Registered Holders who have not waived the right to receive Meeting Materials will either:

(a)

be given a form of proxy which has already been signed by the Intermediary (typically by a facsimile, stamped signature), which is restricted as to the number of shares beneficially owned by the Non-Registered Holder but which is otherwise not completed. Because the Intermediary has already signed the form of proxy, this form of proxy is not required to be signed by the Non-Registered Holder when submitting the proxy. In this case, the Non-Registered Holder who wishes to submit a proxy should otherwise properly complete the form of proxy and submit it to the Company, c/o Pacific Corporate Trust Company, 830-625 Howe Street, Vancouver, B.C. V6C 3B8 or

(b)

more typically, be given a voting instruction form **which is not signed by the Intermediary**, and which, when properly completed and signed by the Non-Registered Holder and **returned to the Intermediary or its service company**, will constitute voting instructions (often called a "proxy authorization form") which the Intermediary must follow. Typically, the proxy authorization form will consist of a one page pre-printed form. Sometimes, instead of the one page pre-printed form, the proxy authorization form

will consist of a regular printed proxy form accompanied by a page of instructions which contains a removable label containing a bar-code and other information. In order for the form of proxy to validly constitute a proxy authorization form, the Non-Registered Holder must remove the label from the instructions and affix it to the form of proxy, properly complete and sign the form of proxy and return it to the Intermediary or its service company in accordance with the instructions of the Intermediary or its service company.

In either case, the purpose of this procedure is to permit Non-Registered Holders to direct the voting of the shares which they beneficially own. Should a Non-Registered Holder who receives one of the above forms wish to vote at the Meeting in person, the Non-Registered Holder should strike out the persons named in the form and insert the Non-Registered Holder's name in the blank space provided. In either case, Non-Registered Holders should carefully follow the instructions of their Intermediary, including those regarding when and where the proxy or proxy authorization form is to be delivered.

INTEREST OF CERTAIN PERSONS IN MATTERS TO BE ACTED UPON

None of the directors or executive officers of the Company, no management nominee for election as a director of the Company, none of the persons who have been directors or executive officers of the Company since the commencement of the Company's last completed financial year, and no associate or affiliate of any of the foregoing has any material interest, direct or indirect, by way of beneficial ownership of securities or otherwise, in any matter, other than the election of directors or the appointment of auditors, to be acted upon at the Meeting other than as disclosed under the heading "Statement of Executive Compensation".

VOTING SHARES AND PRINCIPAL HOLDERS THEREOF

The Company is authorized to issue 100,000,000 common shares without par value. There is one class of shares only. There are issued and outstanding 31,172,767 Common Shares as at April 4, 2005.

The directors of the Company have determined that all shareholders of record as of April 13, 2005 will be entitled to receive notice of and to vote at the Meeting. At a general meeting of the Company, on a show of hands, every member present in person and entitled to vote will have one vote and on a poll, every member present in person or represented by proxy or other proper authority will have one vote for each share of which such member is the registered holder.

To the knowledge of the directors and senior officers of the Company, no person beneficially owns, or exercises control or direction over, more than 10% of the outstanding Common Shares of the Company.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Each director of the Company is elected at each annual general meeting and holds office until the next annual general meeting unless that person ceases to be a director before then. In the absence of instructions to the contrary, the enclosed proxy will be voted for the nominees listed below, all of whom are presently members of the Board of Directors.

MANAGEMENT DOES NOT CONTEMPLATE THAT ANY OF THE NOMINEES WILL BE UNABLE TO SERVE AS A DIRECTOR. IF, PRIOR TO THE MEETING, ANY VACANCIES OCCUR IN THE SLATE OF NOMINEES LISTED BELOW, IT IS INTENDED THAT DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY WILL BE EXERCISED BY THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PROXY AS NOMINEE TO VOTE THE SHARES REPRESENTED BY PROXY FOR THE ELECTION OF ANY OTHER PERSON OR PERSONS AS DIRECTORS.

The members will be asked to pass an ordinary resolution to set the number of directors of the Company at seven (7) for the ensuing year, subject to such increases as may be permitted by the Articles of the Company. Management of the Company proposes to nominate each of the following persons for election as director. Information concerning such persons, as furnished by the individual nominees, is as follows:

Name and Present Office Held	Director / Officer Since	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned, Directly or Indirectly, or over which Control or Direction is	Principal Occupation During the Past Five Years	
DUANE POLIQUIN Director and President	February 1, 2002	Exercised * 1,661,174	Registered Professional Geological Engineer; President, Director and CEO of the Company	
Chief Executive Officer JAMES E. McINNES ⁽¹⁾ Director	February 1, 2002	404,060	Businessman; Director of the Company; President and Director of Horseshoe Gold Mining Inc; President and Director of Williams Creek Explorations Limited	
JOHN (JACK) McCLEARY (2) Director	February 1, 2002	188,650	Registered Professional Geologist; President and Director of Troymin Resources Ltd. to April 2003; Director of Santoy Resources Ltd. (formerly Troymin Resources Ltd.)	
MORGAN POLIQUIN ⁽²⁾ Director	February 1, 2002	377,679	Registered Professional Geological Engineer; Director of Williams Creek Explorations Limited	
GERALD G. CARLSON (1) Director	February 1, 2002	1,000	President of Copper Ridge Explorations Inc.; Director of Nevada Star Resources Corp.; Chairman of IMA Exploration Inc.; Director of Dentonia Resources Ltd.;	

Director of Orphan Boy Resources Inc.

JOE MONTGOMERY February 1, 2002 Nil Professional Geological Engineer; Director of Director Abitibi Mining Corp.; Director of Sedex Mining Corp.; Director of Anglo Minerals Ltd.; Director of Better Resources Ltd.; Director of Comcorp Ventures Inc.; Director of Klondike Gold Corp. DONALD M. November 17, 2003 10,000 Portfolio Manager, Odlum **LORIMER**(1)(2) Brown Ltd. Director as of April 4, 2005. (1) Denotes a member of the Audit Committee. Denotes a member of the Corporate Governance Committee (2)

CORPORATE CEASE TRADE ORDERS OR BANKRUPTCIES

All of the nominees are ordinarily residents of British Columbia, Canada.

To the knowledge of the directors and officers of the Company, no proposed director of the Company:

(a)

is, as at the date of this information circular or has been, within the 10 years before the date of this information circular, a director or executive officer of any company, that, while the person was acting in that capacity:

(i)

was the subject of a cease trade or similar order that denied the relevant company access to any exemption under securities legislation, for a period of more than 30 consecutive days;

(ii)

was subject to an event that resulted, after the director or executive officer ceased to be a director or executive officer, in the company being the subject of a cease trade or similar order or an order that denied the relevant company access to any exemption under securities legislation, for a period of more than 30 consecutive days; or

(iii)

or within a year of that person ceasing to act in that capacity, became bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency, or was subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold its assets; or

(b)

has, within the 10 years before the date of this information circular, become bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency, or become subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors, or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold his assets.

STATEMENT OF EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

See Form 51-102F6 attached to this Information Circular as Schedule A.

SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

There are no equity compensation plans of the Company.

INDEBTEDNESS OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Aggregate Indebtedness

None of the directors or executive officers of the Company, proposed nominees for election as directors of the Company, and no associates or affiliates of any of them, is or has been indebted to the Company or its subsidiaries nor is there indebtedness to any other entity where the indebtedness is the subject of a guarantee, support agreement, letter of credit or similar arrangement provided by the Company or any of its subsidiaries at any time since the beginning of the last completed financial year and no indebtedness remains outstanding as at the date of this Information Circular.

Indebtedness Under Securities Purchase and Other Programs

None of the directors or executive officers of the Company, proposed nominee for election as directors of the Company, and no associate or affiliates of any of them is or has been indebted the Company or any of its subsidiaries under any Securities Purchase or other programs.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

The Company has contracted with each director and officer to indemnify each of them against liability incurred in their capacity as an officer or director to the extent permitted in accordance with the provisions of the *Business Corporations Act (British Columbia)*. The Company has not obtained any insurance coverage for such indemnity.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No management functions of the Company or any of its subsidiaries are to any substantial degree performed other than by the directors or executive officers of the Company or subsidiary.

No pension plan or retirement benefit plans have been instituted by the Company and none are proposed at this time.

Termination of Employment, Changes in Responsibilities and Employment Contracts

The Company has no employment contract with the Named Executive Officers nor any compensatory plan, contract or arrangement where the Named Executive Officers are entitled to receive any money from the Company or its subsidiaries in the event of the resignation, retirement or any other termination of the Named Executive Officers' employment with the Company and its subsidiaries, a change in control of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or a change in the Named Executive Officers' responsibilities following a change in control.

INTEREST OF INFORMED PERSONS IN MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS

No person or company beneficially holding more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the Company, no proposed nominee for election as a director of the Company and no associate or affiliate of any of the foregoing, has any material interest, direct or indirect, in any transaction since the commencement of the Company's last financial year or in any proposed transaction, which, in either case, has materially affected or will materially affect the Company or any of its subsidiaries other than as disclosed under the headings "Statement of Executive Compensation" or as a potential grantee of an option or options under the Amended Plan referenced under the Heading "Proposed Amendment to Stock Option Plan".

APPOINTMENT OF AUDITOR

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxies given pursuant to this solicitation will be voted for the re-appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP, Chartered Accountants, British Columbia, as auditors of the Company to hold office until the close of the next annual general meeting of the Company. It is proposed that the Board of Directors be authorized to fix the remuneration to be paid to the auditor of the Company. Deloitte & Touche LLP was appointed the Company's auditors in February 2002.

PARTICULARS OF MATTERS TO BE ACTED UPON

Proposed Amendment to Stock Option Plan

The TSX, effective January 1, 2005, adopted a number of amendments to the TSX Company Manual (referred to herein as the "TSX Amendments"), including amendments with respect to the TSX's policies and requirements regarding security based compensation arrangements. The TSX Amendments permits, among other things, "rolling maximum" or "evergreen" plans which fix a maximum number of shares issuable thereunder as a percentage of the issued and outstanding securities. The Company's present Option Plan was created with the approval (effective December 20, 2001) of the shareholders of the predecessor companies, became effective at the time of the listing of the Company's shares on the TSX (as an amalgamated company) and was limited to 1,000,000 shares (the "Plan"). At the Company's 2002 AGM (June 28, 2002), the Plan was amended to increase the number of options to purchase shares of the Company to 2,000,000 shares. At the annual general meeting of the Company (June 4, 2004) the Plan was further amended to increase the number of shares on which options could be granted to 2,900,000 shares. Both amendments were approved by disinterested shareholder vote and approved by the TSX.

Under the prior policies of the TSX, "disinterested shareholder vote", is a majority of votes cast at the meeting other than votes attached to securities beneficially owed by insiders and affiliates of insiders of the Company to whom shares may be issued pursuant to such grants, and associates of such persons, if the grants of stock options to insiders

of the Company together with any other proposed stock options or stock option plans (among other things) involving the issuance or potential issuance of shares of the Company to one or more employees, insiders of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any other person or company engaged to provide ongoing management or consulting services for the Company or any entity controlled by the Company, could result, at any time, in:

(a)

the number of shares reserved for issuance pursuant to stock options granted to insiders of the Company exceeding 10% of the outstanding issue;

(b)

the issuance to insiders, within a one-year period, a number of shares exceeding 10% of the outstanding issue; and, or

(c)

the issuance to any one insider and such insider's associates, within a one-year period, of a number of shares exceeding 5% of the outstanding issue.

(collectively, the "Limitations").

The Plan does not contain the Limitations, accordingly, at the meeting, the shareholders approval of the Plan by was, on creation and for each amendment, by disinterested shareholder vote.

In order to update and restate the Plan in light of the TSX Amendments, the Board resolved to approve an amendment to the Plan (the "Amended Plan"), subject to appropriate shareholder and regulatory approval. The proposed Amended Plan changes the maximum number of Common Shares which may be issued from the current fixed maximum number of 2,900,000 Common Shares to a fixed maximum percentage of 10% (the "Percentage Limit") of the Common Shares issued and outstanding from time to time.

Among the objectives of the Amended Plan is to provide directors, officers, employees and service providers of the Company and its subsidiaries with a proprietary interest in the Company through the grant of options to purchase Common Shares of the Company. By the grant of such options, the Company intends to increase the interest in the Company's welfare of those directors, officers, employees and service providers who share the responsibility for the management, growth and protection of the business of the Company, to furnish an incentive to such directors, officers, employees and service providers to continue their services for the Company and to provide a means through and by which the Company may attract able persons to join the board, management and employment by the Company.

In making the decision to adopt and recommend to the shareholder the approval of the Amended Plan the Board considered a number of factors including the availability of option to attract and continue to retain and motivate qualified directors and employees and the number of options currently outstanding under the current Plan. Under the current Plan, options to the maximum of the 2,900,000 shares (which, represents 9.3% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company as at the date of this information circular) have been granted. There are therefore no further shares available for grant of options under the Plan. Of the options granted, options to acquire 110,000 shares have, as of the date of this Information Circular, been exercised.

Based on a review of these factors the Board determined that adoption of the Amended Plan is reasonable and in the best interests of the Company. The Board is of the view that the use of a maximum percentage of the issued and outstanding Common Shares (rather than a fixed maximum number) will ensure that a reasonable percentage of Common Shares are available for the grant of options by taking into account future issuances of Common Shares.

Under the Amended Plan the Board or a Committee of the Board may by resolution grant options to directors, officers, employees and service providers of the Company, provided that the maximum number of Common Shares reserved for issuance upon the exercise of the options granted under the Amended Plan, together with any shares reserved for issuance under the Plan cannot exceed the Percentage Limit. For greater certainty, in the event options (whether granted under the Plan or the Amended Plan) are exercised, the Board may grant an equivalent number of new options under the Amended Plan and thus the Company may continue to grant options under the Plan even after the Amended Plan has received shareholder and regulatory approval. Subject

to the Percentage Limit, there is no maximum percentage of shares which may be granted under option to any person including Insiders of the Company except as follows:

(i)

the number of Shares reserved for issuance pursuant to options to any one consultant shall not exceed 2% of the issued Shares in any 12-month period, and

(iii)

the aggregate number of Shares reserved for issuance pursuant to options to persons employed to provide investor relations activities shall not exceed 2% of the issued Shares in any 12-month period;

There are no vesting restrictions except under options granted to consultants performing investor relations activities where such options shall vest in stages over 12 months with no more than 1/4 of such options vesting in any 3 month period.

No financial assistance will be granted by the Company to optionees to exercise options granted under the Plan or Amended Plan.

Except as to a Qualified Successor or as otherwise permitted by applicable securities laws, Options are non-assignable and non-transferable. "Qualified Successor" means a person who is entitled to ownership of an Option upon the death of an Optionee, pursuant to a will or the applicable laws of descent and distribution upon death or a "permitted assign" as that term is defined in MI 45-105;

Under the Amended Plan the exercise price of the options shall be not less than the "Market Price" of the Common Shares at the date of granting such options. "Market Price" shall mean the volume weighted average trading price of the Common Shares on the TSX, calculated by dividing the total value by the total volume of Common Shares traded, for the five trading days immediately preceding the say on which the option is granted. In the event that the Common Shares did not trade on the TSX during the said five days, Market Price shall mean the weighted average trading price of the Common Shares on the TSX for the thirty trading days immediately preceding the day on which the option is granted.

The maximum period during which an option may be exercised is five years from the date of grant. The options may be exercised in whole or in part at any time during the term of the option.

Under the Amended Plan upon an optionee's employment with the Company being terminated for cause, any option not exercised terminates immediately. If an optionee is a director and is removed from office, any option not exercised terminates immediately. If an optionee becomes permanently disabled or dies, any option may be exercised for a period of twelve months after the date of permanent disability or death. If an optionee's employment, office, term as a director, or service provider relationship is ended or expires other than by termination for cause, such option may be exercised for a period of thirty days after such ending.

In the event of the Company proposes to amalgamate, merge or consolidate with or into any other company (other than with a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) or to liquidate, dissolve or wind up, or in the event an offer to purchase the Common Shares of the Company or any part thereof shall be made to all the holders of Common Shares of the Company, the Company shall have the right, upon written notice to each optionee holding options under the Amended Plan, to permit the exercise of all such options within the 30 day period next following the date of such notice and to determine that upon expiration of such 30 day period that all rights of the optionees to such options or to exercise same (to the extent not theretofore exercised) shall terminate and to

have no force and effect. No option shall be assignable except to a Qualified Successor (as defined in the Amended Plan agreement).

The Amended Plan contains a provision that amendments to the Amended Plan do not require shareholder approval or the approval of the participants therein, provided that such amendment shall not alter or impair any option previously granted under the Amended Plan, except as permitted to give effect to certain adjustments, and that such amendment has been approved by the TSX.

The TSX Amendments require that all unallocated options under the Amended Plan be approved by the Board of Directors, including a majority of the unrelated directors) and the shareholders every three years after the institution of the Amended Plan. Shareholder approval must be by way of a duly called meeting (rather than by the written consent of an appropriate number of shareholders) and Insiders entitled to receive a benefit under the Amended Plan are not eligible to vote unless the Common Shares issued and issuable to Insiders of the Company under the Plan and the Amended Plan could not exceed 10% of the Company's total issued and outstanding Common Shares ("Insider Restriction").

The Amended Plan is subject to TSX approval The TSX has been asked to conditionally approve the Amended Plan subject to ratification by the shareholders at the Meeting as herein set forth. Such ratification and confirmation requires approval by resolution passed by a majority of the votes cast by the holders of Common Shares, present or represented by proxy, and entitled to vote on such resolution. On the consideration of such resolution, by reason of the Insider Restrictions, Insiders will not be entitled to vote. To the knowledge of the Company, 2,757,890 shares of the Company are beneficially owned by Insiders (and their associates and affiliates) of the Company and are subject to Insider Restrictions.

Accordingly, shareholders will be asked to consider, and if deemed advisable, to confirm and ratify, with or without amendment, the following resolution:

"RESOLVED as an ordinary resolution that

1.

the maximum number of common shares of the Company (the "Common Shares") that may be issued under the Company's stock option plan be amended from the current fixed maximum number of 2,900,000 (the "Plan") to a fixed maximum percentage of 10 % of the Common Shares issued and outstanding from time to time pursuant to recent amendments to the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") Company Manual which amendments became effective as of January 1, 2005 and which permit "evergreen plans";

2.

the directors of the Company are hereby authorized to make such other amendments to the Plan as the directors of the Company may, in their sole discretion, determine are necessary, desirable or useful as a consequences of the amendment set out above in paragraph 1 (the "Amended Plan") including, without limiting the generality thereof, authority, from time to time, to make amendments to the Amended Plan without approval of or further authority from the shareholders;

3.

the directors of the Company are hereby authorized and directed to execute and deliver an Amended Plan giving effect to the amendments authorized in paragraphs 1 and 2, in such form as the directors of the Company may in their

sole discretion approve, such approval to be evidenced conclusively by the director's execution of the Amended Plan;

4.

that any one officer or director of the Company be authorized for and on behalf of the and in the name of the Company to do all such acts and to execute and deliver, whether under corporate seal or otherwise, all such documents, instruments and writings as in his sole secretion are necessary or desirable to give effect to the foregoing resolutions; and

5.

notwithstanding the passage of this resolution by the shareholders, the directors of the Company are hereby authorized and empowered without further notice to or approval of the shareholders of the Company not to proceed with the Amended Plan."

The Board recommends that shareholder vote FOR the approval of the resolution ratifying and confirming the Amended Plan. The persons named in the proxy enclosed intend to vote at the Meeting for the approval of the resolution unless otherwise directed by the shareholders appointing them.

If the resolution is not passed or if the Amended Plan does not receive regulatory approval, the Amended Plan will not become effective.

TRANSITION UNDER THE BUSINESS CORPORATIONS ACT (B.C.), INCREASE IN AUTHORIZED CAPITAL AND ADOPTION OF NEW ARTICLES

On March 29, 2004 the *Business Corporations Act* S.B.C. 2002, c. 57 (the "New Act") was adopted in British Columbia replacing the *Company Act* (the "Former Act"). The New Act makes the laws governing British Columbia corporations similar to those contained in corporate legislation elsewhere in Canada and provides shareholders with a greater choice of effective governance structures.

The New Act requires that every company incorporated under the Former Act substitute a Notice of Articles for its Memorandum and complete this transition by March 28, 2006. Furthermore, under the New Act, certain mandatory changes are required to be made to the articles of a company incorporated under the Former Act and such a company cannot take advantage of many of the new provisions contained in the New Act until this transition is completed. After comparing the existing articles of the Company with those permitted under the New Act, the Board of Directors believes that there are advantages offered by the New Act that provide benefit to the Company and its shareholders. Accordingly, the Board of Directors has resolved to undertake the transition at this time rather than wait until March

28, 2006 and the Company is in the process of filing a Transition Application containing a Notice of Articles with the B.C. Registrar of Companies.

At the same time, shareholder approval will be sought at the Meeting to increasing the Company's authorized capital and to certain proposed alterations to the Company's Notice of Articles (the "Altered Notice of Articles") and to the adoption of a new form of Articles (the "New Articles") with a view to updating the Company's charter documents to bring them in line with the New Act and incorporating some of the new provisions of the New Act. The directors believe that altering the Company's Notice of Articles, increasing the authorized capital and adopting New Articles will enable the Company to be more efficient, flexible and cost-effective

and will bring the Company's charter documents into line with charter documents of companies in other jurisdictions.

Copies of the proposed form of Altered Notice of Articles and the New Articles are available for viewing up to the date of the Meeting at the Company's office at Suite 1103-750 West Pender Street, Vancouver, B.C., and at the Meeting.

Deletion of Pre-Existing Company Provisions

The regulations under the New Act effectively added certain provisions, called "Pre-Existing Company Provisions" to every pre-existing company's Notice of Articles. The Pre-Existing Company Provisions provide that the number of votes required to pass a special resolution (also referred to as a special resolution under the Former Act) or a special separate resolution is at least three quarters of the votes cast by shareholders present in person or by proxy at the meeting. This is the majority that was required under the Former Act.

The New Act allows a special resolution to be passed by at least two-thirds of the votes cast by shareholders present in person or by proxy at the meeting. It has been proposed that the Company's Notice of Articles be altered to delete the Pre-Existing Company Provisions so that the provisions of the New Act permitting a two thirds majority will apply to the Company.

If Shareholders approve this resolution, special resolutions will require a two-thirds majority vote, instead of a three-quarters majority vote. Management believes that this will provide the Company with greater flexibility for future corporate activities and is consistent with companies in other jurisdictions. This resolution must be passed by not less than three-quarters of the votes cast by the shareholders present in person or by proxy at the Meeting. At the Meeting, therefore, shareholders will be asked to consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without amendment, the following special resolution:

"RESOLVED, as a special resolution, that:

1.

the Pre-Existing Company Provisions in the Company's Notice of Articles are deleted and no longer apply to the Company, and the Company's Notice of Articles is altered accordingly;

2.

any director or officer of the Company is hereby authorized and empowered for and in the name of and on behalf of the Company to execute and file, or cause to be filed, a Notice of Alteration to the Notice of Articles with the B.C. Registrar of Companies (British Columbia) along with all such other documents and instruments, and to do or to cause to be done all such other acts and things, as in the opinion of such director or officer may be necessary or desirable in order to carry out the intent of this special resolution; and

3.

the Board of Directors of the Company is hereby authorized, at any time in its sole discretion, to determine whether or not to proceed with this special resolution without further approval, ratification or confirmation by the shareholders."

The alteration to the Notice of Articles shall take effect immediately on the date and time the Notice of Alteration to the Notice of Articles is filed with the B.C. Registrar of Companies.

Proposed Increase in Authorized Capital

As now permitted by the New Act, the Company proposes an alteration to its Notice of Articles to increase the number of shares that the Company is authorized to issue from One Hundred Million (100,000,000) common shares without par value to an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Management believes that having an unlimited number of common shares authorized to be issued provides the Company with greater flexibility for future corporate activities. This resolution must be passed by not less than three-quarters of the votes cast by the shareholders present in person or by proxy at the Meeting.

At the Meeting, therefore, shareholders will be asked to consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without amendment, the following special resolution (the "Capital Increase Resolution"):

"RESOLVED, as a special resolution, that:

(a)

the number of common shares without par value that the Company is authorized to issue is increased to an unlimited number of common shares without par value and the Company's Notice of Articles is altered accordingly;

(b)

any director or officer of the Company is hereby authorized and empowered for and in the name of and on behalf of the Company to execute and file, or cause to be filed, a Notice of Alteration to the Notice of Articles with the B.C. Registrar of Companies (British Columbia) along with all such other documents and instruments, and to do or to cause to be done all such other acts and things, as in the opinion of such director or officer may be necessary or desirable in order to carry out the intent of this special resolution; and

(c)

the Board of Directors is hereby authorized, at any time in its sole discretion, to determine whether or not to proceed with this special resolution without further approval, ratification or confirmation by the shareholders."

The alteration to the Notice of Articles shall take effect immediately on the date and time the Notice of Alteration to the Notice of Articles is filed with the B.C. Registrar of Companies.

Adoption of New Articles

The Board of Directors believes that the New Articles will provide the Company with greater flexibility for future
corporate activities and will result in efficiencies and greater cost-effectiveness. The special resolution approving the
New Articles must be passed by not less than three-quarters of the votes cast by the shareholders present in person or
by proxy at the Meeting.

Management believes the major changes from the Company's existing Articles are:

1.

certain changes to the Notice of Articles, New Articles and share structure, described below, may be made by directors' resolution or by ordinary resolution;

2.

the directors, by directors' resolution, may approve a change of name of the Company without the necessity for shareholder approval;

3.
shareholders' meetings may be held by electronic means;
4.
shareholders' meetings may, if authorized by directors' resolution, be held in jurisdictions outside British Columbia;
5.
a special resolution will require at least two-thirds of the votes cast by shareholders in order to be passed; and
6.
the quorum for directors meetings will be a majority of the number of directors then in office.
If the New Articles are adopted by the shareholders, the Company may alter its Notice of Articles, New Articles and share structure in the following manner:
1.
by directors' resolution or ordinary resolution, as determined in each case by the directors, to:
a. create one or more classes or series of shares and, if none of the shares of a class or series of shares are allotted or
issued, eliminate that class or series of shares and alter the identifying name of any of its shares;
b.
establish, increase, reduce or eliminate the maximum number of shares that the Company is authorized to issue out of any class or series of shares;
c.
change unissued shares with par value into shares without par value or vice versa or change all or any of its fully paid

issued shares with par value into shares without par value;

А			

create, attach, vary or delete special rights or restrictions for the shares of any class or series of shares, if none of those shares have been issued;

e.

subdivide all or any of its unissued, or fully issued, shares;

f.

consolidate all or any of its unissued, or fully paid issued, shares; and

g.

authorize alterations to the New Articles that are procedural or administrative in nature or are matters that, pursuant to the New Articles, are solely within the directors' powers, control or authority.

2.

If the New Act does not specify the type of resolution and the New Articles do not specify another type of resolution, by ordinary resolution or otherwise alter its shares, authorized share structure or the New Articles.

At the Meeting, therefore, shareholders will be asked to consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without amendment, the following special resolution:

"RESOLVED, as a special resolution, that:

1.

the existing Articles of the Company filed with the Registrar of Companies are cancelled, and the form of Articles presented to the Meeting are adopted as the Articles of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, such existing Articles;

2.

any director or officer of the Company is hereby authorized and empowered for and in the name of and on behalf of the Company to execute or cause to be executed and file or cause to be filed such documents and take such further action, including any

filings with the B.C. Registrar of Companies as may be necessary to effect the alteration and to execute, or cause to be executed, and to deliver or cause to be delivered all such other documents and instruments, and to do or to cause to be done all such other acts and things, as in the opinion of such director or officer may be necessary or desirable in order to carry out the intent of this special resolution; and

3.

the Board of Directors of the Company is hereby authorized at any time in its sole discretion, to determine whether or not to proceed with this special resolution without further approval, ratification or confirmation by the shareholders."

If the Capital Increase Resolution is passed, the New Articles shall have effect immediately on the issue by the Registrar of Companies of the Notice of Articles reflecting the Capital Increase Resolution after the New Articles are deposited at the Company's records office. If the Capital Increase Resolution is not passed, the New Articles shall have effect immediately on the date and time the New Articles are deposited at the Company's records office.

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

This Statement of Corporate Governance Practices has been prepared by the Corporate Governance Committee of the Board and has been approved by the Board.

General

The Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") in the Company Manual Corporate Governance Guidelines ("TSX Guidelines"), has established a series of recommended guidelines for effective corporate governance of companies listed on the TSX. The guidelines deal with matters such as the constitution and independence of corporate boards, their functions, the effectiveness and education of the board members and other matters. The TSX now requires that each listed company disclose on an annual basis its approach to corporate governance with reference to those guidelines (Schedule "B" to this circular delineates the Company's conformance to these guidelines). The Company's approach to corporate governance is set forth below.

In this Statement, the term "unrelated director" has the meaning given to the term the TSX Guidelines, namely, a director who is independent from management or free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the director's ability to act with a view to the best interests of the Company, other than interests arising from their shareholding. As well, the term "independent director" means an unrelated director who is free from any interest in or relationships with any significant shareholder of the Company or any affiliate of a "significant shareholder" (that is, a shareholder with the ability to exercise the majority of the votes for the election of the directors attached to the outstanding shares of the corporation).

Corporate Governance

The Company's Board and management are committed to the highest standards of corporate governance. The Company's corporate governance practices are in accordance with the TSX Guidelines. The Company is also cognizant of and compliant with various corporate governance requirements in Canada and is in compliance with applicable U.S. requirements.

The Company's prime objective in directing and managing its business and affairs is to enhance shareholder value. The Company views effective corporate governance as a means of improving corporate performance and accordingly of benefit to the Company and all shareholders.

In accordance with recommendations in National Policy 51-201 the Company has adopted a Corporate Communications Policy.

The Company also believes that director and management honesty and integrity are essential factors in ensuring good and effective corporate governance. To that end the Company's directors have adopted code of ethics for the Company, its directors and its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. The Code of Ethics may be viewed on the Company's website at www.almadenminerals.com.

Mandate of the Board

The mandate of the Board is to supervise the management of the business and affairs of the Company and to act with a view to the best interests of the Company. In fulfilling its mandate, the Board, among other matters, is responsible for:

3
(i)
adoption of a strategic planning process for the Company;
(ii)
identification of the principal risks of the Company's business and ensuring the implementation of the appropriate systems to manage these risks;
(iii)
succession planning for the Company including appointing, training and monitoring senior management;
(iv)
a communications policy for the Company; and
(v)
the integrity of the Company's internal control and management information systems.

In the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004 there were seven meetings of the Board. The frequency of meetings as well as the nature of agenda items change, depending upon the state of the Company's affairs and in light of opportunities or risks which the Company is subject to.

In carrying out its mandate, the Board relies primarily on management and its employees to provide it with regular detailed reports on the operations of the Company and its financial position. Certain members of management are also on the Board and provide the Board with direct access to information concerning their areas of responsibility. Management personnel are also regularly asked to attend Board meetings to provide information, answer questions and receive the direction of the Board. The reports and information provided to the Board enable them to monitor and manage the risks associated with the Company's operations and its compliance with legal and safety requirements, environmental issues and the financial position and liquidity of the Company. At least annually the Board prepares a strategic plan for implementation by management.

The Board discharges its responsibilities directly and through committees. At regularly scheduled meetings, members of the Board and management discuss the broad range of matters and issues relevant to the Company's business interests and the Board is responsible for the approval of the Company's Strategic Plan. In addition, the Board receives reports from management on the Company's operational and financial performance. Between scheduled meetings, matters requiring Board authorization is effected by means of signed Consent Resolutions.

Board Assessment

The Governance Committee reports to the Board annually on the evaluation of the Board's performance and that of the individual directors. The Performance of the Chief Executive Officer is evaluated by the Governance Committee

Composition of the Board

The TSX Guidelines recommend that a board of directors be constituted with a majority of individuals who qualify as "unrelated directors". The TSX Guidelines also recommend that the Board should also include a number of independent directors which fairly reflect the investment in the Company by shareholders other than any significant shareholders.

In deciding whether a particular director is a "related director' or an "unrelated director", the Board examined the factual circumstances of each director and considered them in the context of many factors. In this regard, the definitions in the TSX Guidelines are broad and, in some cases, difficult to apply. The proposed Board is composed of seven members. The Board believes that 6 directors would be considered "unrelated directors", and Duane Poliquin is a "related director", within the meaning of the TSX Guidelines.

4

Accordingly, the Board is constituted with a majority of individuals who qualify as "unrelated directors" within the meaning of the TSX Report.

Proportionate Representation

The Company does not have a controlling or significant shareholder. The Board believes that the membership on the Board fairly reflects the investment in the Company by minority shareholders.

The Board considers its size and composition to be appropriate and effective for carrying out its responsibilities. However, the Board may consider adding an additional director if a suitable candidate can be found who may bring additional experience or knowledge to the Board.

Board Committees

The Board currently has two committees: the Audit Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee.

All of the members of the committees have been determined by the Board to be unrelated directors, such determination being made in accordance with the TSX Guidelines, taking into consideration any relationship an individual director may have with the Company and if such relationship could be perceived to materially interfere with the director's ability to act with a view to the best interest of the Company. Mandates of each of the committees will undergo review to bring them into line with any new Canadian and U.S. governance requirements as these requirements are finalized and determined by the Board to be applicable and appropriate to the Company and its operations. Any revisions to the mandates will available on the Company's website at www.almadenminerals.com.

Audit Committee

The members of the Audit Committee are Messrs. Donald Lorimer, James E. McInnes and Gerald Carlson, The committee is responsible for reviewing the Company's financial reporting procedures, internal controls and the performance of the Company's external auditors. In addition, that committee is also responsible for reviewing the

annual financial statements prior to their approval by the full Board and is available for consultation by management or the Auditors of the Company. The Audit Committee has met two (2) times this year .The Audit Committee Charter is annexed as Schedule "C".

Audit Fees

For the year ended December 31, 2004, the Company's external auditor charged the Company \$39,500 plus GST in audit fees (\$36,000 plus GST for the year ended December 31, 2003).

Audit Related Fees

N/A

Tax fees

For the year ended December 31, 2004, tax fees were \$2,000 (\$6,500 for the year ended December 31, 2003).

All Other Fees

For the year ended December 31, 2004, fees for the preparation of foreign affiliate reporting forms were \$1,000 (2003 - \$0) and fees for advice relating to mining expenditures for claiming BC flow-through share tax credits and mining tax credit were \$500 (2003 - \$0).

5

Corporate Governance Committee

Members of the Corporate Governance Committee are Messrs. Donald Lorimer, Jack McCleary and Morgan Poliquin. That committee was responsible for making recommendations to the Board with respect to developments in the area of corporate governance, the practices of the Board, and appropriate candidates for nomination to the Board, and for evaluating the performance of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer.

Decisions Requiring Board Approval

In addition to those matters which must by law be approved by the Board, management is also required to seek Board approval for any major acquisition, disposition or expenditure. Management is also required to consult with the Board before entering into any venture which is outside of the Company's existing line of business.

Changes in officers are to be approved by the Board including changes in officers of the Company's principal operating subsidiaries.

Other

The Company considers its orientation and education program for new directors to be an important element of ensuring responsible corporate governance. In addition to extensive discussions with existing directors and the President with respect to the business and the operations of the Company, new directors will, if they so request, receive a record of historical public information on the Company together with the mandates and prior minutes of the applicable board and committees of the Board. In addition, meetings with the directors are regularly held at the Company's locations in order to assist the directors in better understanding the Company's operations.

In certain circumstances it may be appropriate for an individual director to engage an outside advisor at the expense of the Company. The engagement of the outside advisor would be subject to the approval of the Corporate Governance Committee.

Investor Relations

Senior management of the Company receives and responds to shareholder enquiries. Shareholder enquiries and concerns are dealt with promptly by senior management of the Company. To date the Board has not needed to take an active role in responding to shareholder enquiries and concerns.

Communications, Insider Trading, Confidential Information and Disclosure Policies

The Board is committed to an effective communications policy with all stakeholders including shareholders and members of the investment community and to complying with all applicable laws, regulations and policies. The Board or the Audit committee reviews in advance all press releases which disclose financial results.

In accordance with the recommendations of the TSX and the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company has also established policies on whistle blowing procedures, insider trading and the confidential treatment of information.

6

MANAGEMENT IS NOT AWARE OF ANY OTHER MATTER TO COME BEFORE THE MEETING OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH IN THE NOTICE OF MEETING. IF ANY OTHER MATTER PROPERLY COMES BEFORE THE MEETING, IT IS THE INTENTION OF THE PERSONS NAMED IN THE ENCLOSED FORM OF PROXY TO VOTE THE SHARES REPRESENTED THEREBY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR BEST JUDGMENT ON SUCH MATTER.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The Company's financial information is included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company and the notes thereto, Management Discussion and Analysis and auditor's report for the financial year ended December 31, 2004.

Additional information relating to the Company can be found at www.sedar.com. A copy of the following documents may be obtained, without charge, upon request to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company at 1103-750 West Pender Street Vancouver B.C. V6C 2T8 Phone (604) 689-7644 Fax (604) 689-7645

(a)

the comparative financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended December 31, 2004 together with the accompanying report of the auditor thereon and related Management Discussion and Analysis and any interim financial statements of the Company for periods subsequent to December 31, 2004 and related Management Discussion and Analysis; and

(b)

this Information Circular.

BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD.

'Dione Bitzer"
President and
Chief Financial Officer
Chief Executive Officer
Vancouver, British Columbia
April 4, 2005.

SCHEDULE "A"

Form 51-102F6

STATEMENT OF EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth the compensation paid by the Company to the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer in 2004, (collectively, the "Named Executive Officers") for services rendered to the Company for the periods indicated.

Summary Compensation Table

Named Executive Officer ("NEO")

トルノ	

Name and		Annual Compensation			Long T	All Other		
Principal								Compensation
Position								(\$)
					Av	vards	Payouts	
	Year	Salary	Bonus	Other	Securities Under	Shares	LTIP ⁽³⁾	
		(\$)	(\$)	Annual	Options/	or Units	Payouts (\$)	
				Compensation	SARs	Subject to	(4)	
				(\$)	Granted	Resale Restrictions		
					(#)			
						(\$)		
Duane Poliquin	2004	Nil	Nil	Nil	236,000	Nil	Nil	110,400
CEO	2003	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	110,400
(since Feb 1, 2002)	2002	Nil	Nil	Nil	375,000	Nil	Nil	102,000
Dione Bitzer	2004	Nil	Nil	Nil	100,000	Nil	Nil	55,637

CFO	2003	Nil	Nil	Nil	112,000	Nil	Nil	53,075
(since Feb.1, 2002)	2002	Nil	Nil	Nil	40,000	Nil	Nil	48,400

Stock Options Granted During 2004

The following table sets forth the options to purchase common shares of the Company granted during 2004 to Named Executive Officers of the Company.

Options/SAR Grants During The Most Recently Completed Financial Year

NEO	Securities	Percent of	Exercise or	Market Value of	Expiration
Name	Under	Total Options/	Base Price	Securities Underlying	Date
	Options/SARs	SARs Granted to	(\$/Security)	Options/SARs on the	
	Granted	Employees		Date of Grant	
	(#)	in Financial Year		(\$/Security)	
	()			\· • /	
Duane Poliquin	236,000	17%	1.67	1.71	December 14, 2009

Aggregated Option Exercises During 2004 and Option Values at December 31, 2004

The following table sets forth information in respect of the aggregate stock options exercised by the Named Executive Officers during 2004 and the value of unexercised, in-the-money options as at December 31, 2004. The actual value of the unexercised in-the-money options will be determined by the market price of the Company's common shares on the date such options are exercised by any of the Named Executive Officers. There is no assurance that the values of such in-the-money options shown in this table will be realized.

Aggregated Options/SAR Exercises During The Most Recently Completed Financial Year And Financial Year-End Option/SAR Values

NEO	Securities,	Aggregate	Unexercised	Value of
Name	Acquired on	Value	Options/SARs	Unexercised
	Exercise	Realized	at FY_End	in-the-Money
	(#)	(\$)	(#)	Options/SARs
			Exercisable/	at FY-End
			Unexercisable	(\$)
			(#)	Exercisable/
				Unexercisable
				(\$)
Duane Poliquin	20,000	37,200	1,316,463/0	1,318,952/0
Dione Bitzer	20,000	43,000	212,000/0	99,700/0

Report on Executive Compensation

The Company does not have a compensation committee. The Board of Directors reviews the compensation of the NEOs annually following review of the performance of the Board and the CEO by the Corporate Governance Committee.

Under the terms of the stock option plan, options will be granted from time to time at the discretion of the Board of Directors. All options granted have a five year term and vest upon granting. During 2004 the NEO's were granted a total of 336,000 options.

Directors of the Company receive no fees. Directors are entitled to re-imbursement of out of pocket expenses.

Pursuant to the terms of the existing stock option plan and the proposed Amended Stock Option Plan, if approved by hareholders, directors have received and are entitled to be granted options.						
Corporate Performance Graph						
The following graph represents Cumulative Total Shareholder Return (CTSR).						

Corporate Performance Chart

Almaden Minerals Ltd. Performance Graph

	AMM				\$100					\$100
				\$ Value					\$ Value	
	Stock		#Shares	at	Cumulative	SPTMN		#Shares	at	Cumulative
				Εo					Εo	
Date	Price	dCT	per \$100	Period	Return		dCT	per \$100	Period	Return
1-Feb-02	\$0.55		181.8182	100	0.01	145.02		0.68956		1
31-Dec-02	\$0.65	0.181818	153.8462	\$118.18	\$18.18	135.67	-0.06447	0.737083	\$93.55	-\$6.45
31-Dec-03	\$2.35	2.615385	42.55319	\$361.54	\$279.72	242.32	0.786099	0.412677	\$178.61	\$72.16
31-Dec-04	\$1.64	-0.30213	60.97561	\$69.79	\$249.51	282.96	0.167712	0.353407	\$116.77	\$88.93

Edgar Filing: Blue Earth, Inc. - Form 10-K SCHEDULE "B"

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD. STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE POLICIES

Pursuant to TSX Company Manual

The Corporation's corporate governance practices are compared for conformity with the TSX corporate governance disclosure guidelines.

Guideline 1

The board of directors should explicitly assume responsibility for the stewardship of the corporation.

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

The Board has responsibility for the stewardship of the business and affairs of the Corporation and ultimate accountability for the governance of the Corporation's business and management. The Board delegates to the Corporation's senior officers the responsibility for the day to day management of the Corporation, including the preparation of periodic reports. Management provides the support and information necessary to enable the Board to effectively fulfill its oversight obligations. Decisions requiring Board authorization include: the appointment and replacement of the Corporation's senior corporate officers; the issuance of securities of the Corporation, with the exception of securities issued under the Corporation's option plans; major acquisitions, dispositions' and joint venture and other arrangements for the conduct of operations on the Corporation's properties; borrowing; significant corporate policies; and the payment of dividends. The Board acts in accordance with the British Columbia Business Corporations Act, the Corporation's articles of incorporation and by-laws, the Corporation's Code of Business Conduct, the mandate of the Board and the Board committee charters, the corporate governance guidelines and other applicable laws and company policies. Copies of the Corporation's Code of Business Conduct, the corporate governance guidelines, the Board mandate and the Board committee charters can be found on the Corporation's website at www.almadenminerals.com.

Guideline 1a

The board of directors should specifically assume responsibility for the adoption of a strategic planning process.

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

The Board, directly or through its committees, has the responsibility to participate with Management in developing and approving the objectives and goals of the business, and the strategy by which it proposes to reach those goals. Strategic issues are reviewed with Management and addressed by the full

Board at regularly scheduled Board meetings and at meetings specifically called for this purpose. The Board reviews and approves the Corporation's strategic plan as it is developed by Management. The CEO reports to the Board on the operations of the Corporation at regularly scheduled Board Meetings. Management must seek the Board's approval for any material transaction, including any material transaction that would have a significant impact on the strategic plan of the Corporation.

Guideline 1b

The board of directors should specifically assume responsibility for the identification of the principal risks of the corporation's business and ensuring the implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks.

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

The Board has responsibility overall to identify the principal risks of the Corporation's business. The Board, as a whole, has oversight responsibility with respect to risks related to the Corporation's practices. A number of other specific risks, such as financial controls are reviewed periodically at regularly scheduled meetings, by the Audit Committee.

Guideline 1c

The board of directors should specifically assume responsibility for succession planning, including appointing, training and monitoring senior management.

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

The Board is responsible for appointing the Chief Executive Officer and the other officers of the Corporation. The Board through the Corporate Governance Committee has an active role in identifying and assessing potential succession candidates and is responsible for approving Management's succession plans for the Chief Executive Officer and the other officers of the Corporation.

Guideline 1d

The board of directors should specifically assume responsibility for a communications policy for the corporation.

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

The Corporation has implemented a corporate communications policy which has been approved by the Board. Adequate structures are in place to ensure effective, timely and non-selective communications between the Corporation and its shareholders, the public and regulatory agencies. The Board, or the appropriate Board committee, reviews the Corporation's major communications with shareholders, the Corporation's annual and quarterly reports, the Circular, and the Annual Information Form (S.E.C. Form 20F). The Corporation's website contains information regarding the Corporations Annual and Quarterly financial statements.

1	1
	,

Guideline 1e

The board of directors should specifically assume responsibility for the integrity of the Corporation's internal control and management information systems.

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

The Board, through review processes and the creation and appointment of various committees, has put in place an effective system to satisfy itself that the Corporation's internal control and management information systems are operating properly. The Corporation does not have an Internal auditor.

Guideline 2

The board of directors should be constituted with a majority of the individuals who qualify as "unrelated" directors.

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

As used herein, the term "unrelated director" means a director who is determined by the Board to be independent of Management and is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the director's ability to act with a view to the best interests of the Corporation, other than interests and relationships arising. from shareholding. The directors have determined that with the exception of Mr. Duane Poliquin, the President and CEO of the Corporation, all of the nominees for director are unrelated directors.

Guideline 3

The application of the definition of "unrelated director" to the circumstances of each individual director should be the responsibility of the board which will be required to disclose on an annual basis whether the Board has a majority of unrelated directors. The board will also be required to disclose on an annual basis the analysis of the application of the principles supporting this conclusion.

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

The Corporation is subject to various requirements governing the independence of its Board and committee members, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and as a result of being listed on the TSX. The Corporate Governance Committee has the responsibility to review annually directors' relationships with regard to potential conflicts of interest and to determine the independence of the members of the Board. As part of this assessment process, all directors are required to disclose the particulars of their external affiliations, business or family relationships, transactions and interests, including potential conflicts of interest, which could impact the director's independence. Based on the information provided by the nominees for election as directors as to their individual circumstances and applying the standards for the independence of directors set out in the corporate governance guidelines, the

Board has affirmatively determined that, with the exception of Mr. Duane Poliquin, President and CEO of the Corporation, all of the nominees for director are outside, unrelated and independent directors.

Guideline 4

The board of directors should appoint a committee of directors composed exclusively of outside directors, a majority of whom are unrelated directors, with the responsibility for proposing new nominees to the board and for assessing directors on an ongoing basis

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

The Corporation does not have a Nominating Committee. The Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for recommending nominees to the Board for eventual proposal as candidates for election or appointment as directors. Nominees must have a track record in general business management and a willingness and ability to devote the necessary time to Board matters. The Committee also seeks candidates with high personal and professional ethics, integrity and values and a commitment to represent the long-term interests of shareholders. The Corporate Governance Committee is also responsible for the evaluation process of the Board and each Board committee and reporting on such evaluation to the Board. All members of the Corporate Governance Committee are outside, unrelated and independent directors.

Guideline 5

The board of directors should implement a process for assessing the effectiveness of the board of directors as a whole, its committees and the contribution of individual directors.

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

The Board has established a review process designed to provide for periodic examinations of important governance issues such as the effectiveness of Board procedures and performance. The Corporate Governance Committee

evaluates the performance of the Board and its committees annually. The Committee reports on its evaluation to the Board. The objective of the evaluations is to ensure the continued effectiveness of the Board in the execution of its responsibilities and to contribute to a process of continuing improvement. The Corporate Governance Committee makes recommendations relative to the composition of the committees of the Board.

Guideline 6

Every corporation should provide an orientation and education program for new recruits to the board of directors.

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

New Board members are able to receive an orientation program designed to acquaint the director with the Corporation's activities and management systems. The Secretary maintains a "Director's Information Manual" comprised of key corporate governance and policy issues, as well as the Board mandate and committee charters, which is updated regularly for existing Board members and to new members. Senior Management from time to time prepares presentations to the Board on pertinent topics of interest as they relate to the Corporation's business. New Board members are given an early opportunity to visit the Corporation's operations to give them additional insight into the Corporation's business. The Corporation encourages the professional development and continuing education of its directors.

Guideline 7

Every board of directors should examine its size and undertake, where appropriate, a program to reduce the number of directors to a number which facilitates more effective decision-making.

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

The Corporate Governance Committee at least annually reviews, advises and recommends to the Board any matters concerning the size and composition of the Board, organization and responsibilities of Board committees, and the evaluation process for the Chairman and the Board. The Board, based on a recommendation from the Corporate Governance Committee, has determined that the present size of the Board is appropriate for effective decision-making. At the Annual and Special Meeting on June 4, 2004, 7 directors will stand for election.

Guideline 8

The board of directors should review adequacy and form of the compensation of directors and ensure the
compensation realistically reflects the responsibilities and risk involved in being an effective director.

Conform?	•
----------	---

Yes

Comments:

The Corporate Governance Committee reviews and recommends to the Board the amount, if any, of compensation of the Board. At least once every year the Corporate Governance Committee reviews the adequacy and form of compensation of the directors with regard to practices of comparable corporations and to ensure that the directors' compensation is aligned with the interests of the shareholders, while allowing the Corporation to attract and retain individuals having the necessary qualifications.

Guideline 9

Subject to Guideline 13, committees of the board of directors should generally be composed of outside directors, a majority of whom are unrelated directors.

1	-
	_

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

All members of the Board's committees are independent, outside and unrelated directors.

Guideline 10

The board of directors should expressly assume responsibility for, or assign to a committee of directors the general responsibility for developing the corporation's approach to governance issues, including the corporation's response to the TSX corporate governance guidelines

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

The Corporate Governance Committee has the general responsibility for developing the Corporation's approach to governance issues. In 2004 the Corporate Governance Committee reviewed and revised in consultation with each Board committee, all committee charters, the Board mandate and the corporate governance guidelines. Best practices among comparable sized Canadian companies are reviewed by the Corporation to ensure that the Corporation maintains high standards of corporate governance.

Guideline 11

The board of directors, together with the Chief Executive Officer, should develop position descriptions for the board of directors and for the Chief Executive Officer, involving the definition of the limits to management's responsibilities. The board of directors should approve or develop the corporate objectives which the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for meeting.

Conform?

Yes
Comments:
The Board and the CEO have developed position descriptions for the Board and the CEO. The Board may delegate to Board committees matters the Board is responsible for, but the Board retains oversight and ultimate responsibility for delegated responsibilities. The Board has established limits to Management's responsibilities in respect of major acquisitions, dispositions and joint venture and other arrangements for the conduct of operations on the Corporation's properties, borrowing and significant corporate policies. Further details respecting the Board mandate and matters which Management is required to bring to the Board are contained in response to Guideline 1 above.
Guideline 12
The board of directors should implement structures and procedures to ensure that the board of directors can function independently of management.
Conform?
Yes
Comments:
Mr. James E. McInnes, who is the Non-Executive Chairman of the Board and is not a member of Management, chairs all Board meetings. The Corporate Governance Committee may convene

meetings of the directors without the presence of management. The Board may also choose to do so at any other time. With the exception of Mr. Duane Poliquin, the President and CEO of the Corporation, all of the nominees for director are independent and unrelated directors.

Guideline 13

The audit committee of the board of directors should be composed only of unrelated directors. The roles and responsibilities of the audit committee should be specifically defined so as to provide appropriate guidance to audit committee members as to their duties. The audit committee should have direct communication channels with the internal and external auditors to discuss and review specific issues as appropriate. The audit committee duties should include oversight responsibility for management reporting on internal control. While it is management's responsibility to design and implement an effective system of internal control, it is the responsibility of the audit committee to ensure that management has done so.

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

The Audit Committee is composed entirely of independent and unrelated directors. The Board determined the definition of "financial literacy" to be the ability to read and understand a balance sheet, an income statement and a cash flow statement. The Board determined the definition of "accounting or related financial expertise" to be the ability to analyze and interpret a full set of financial statements, including the notes attached thereto. The Board has adopted the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission definition of "audit committee financial expert". Based on information provided by each director, the Board has determined that all members of the Audit Committee are financially literate (as that term is defined in MI 52-110), and at least one member has accounting or-related financial expertise. The Board has determined that Mr. Donald Lorimer qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert". Mr. Lorimer qualified as a Chartered Accountant with Price Waterhouse & Co. and subsequently was a financial executive with the Patino Mining Corporation and Little Long Lac Gold Mines Ltd. In 1971 he joined A.E. Ames & Co. and on his transfer to Vancouver became a director and vice president responsible for corporate and government underwriting in British Columbia. He is currently a portfolio manager with Odlum Brown Ltd. The Board has adopted a charter for the Audit Committee which sets out the roles and responsibilities of the Committee. These roles and responsibilities are defined to provide appropriate guidance to Audit Committee members as to their duties. The Audit Committee charter is available on the Corporation's website. At least once each year the Audit Committee meets alone and

separately with the senior financial officer of the Corporation and with the external auditors to review and discuss specific issues as appropriate. The Audit Committee requires Management to design and implement an effective system of internal control.

17

Guideline 14

The board of directors should implement a system which enables an individual director to engage an outside adviser at the corporation's expense, in appropriate circumstances. The engagement of the outside adviser should be subject to the approval of an appropriate committee of the board.

Conform?

Yes

Comments:

Individual directors can engage outside advisers at the expense of the Corporation with the authorization of the Corporate Governance Committee. Each Board committee charter enables the committee to retain special legal, accounting, financial or other consultants to advise the committee at the Corporation's expense. Each of the committees has the sole authority to retain and terminate any firm and to approve all fees and retention terms.

SCHEDULE "C"

Audit Committee Charter

Dated: January 28, 2004

Purpose

To assist the Board of Directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities for the financial reporting process, the system of internal control over financial reporting, the audit process, and the company's process for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and the code of conduct.

Authority

The audit committee has authority to conduct or authorize investigations into any matters within its scope of responsibility. It is empowered to:

0

With the consent of the board, retain outside counsel, accountants or others to advise the committee or assist in the conduct of an investigation

0

Seek any information it requires from employees-all of whom are directed to cooperate with the committee's requests-or external parties.

0

Meet with company officers, external auditors or outside counsel, as necessary.

Composition

The audit committee will consist of at least two and no more than four members of the board of directors. The board will appoint committee members and the committee chair.

Each committee member be both independent and financially literate, as defined by applicable regulation and the board of directors. At least one member shall have expertise in financial reporting.

Meetings

The committee will meet at least once a year, with authority to convene additional meetings, as circumstances require. All committee members are expected to attend each meeting, in person or via tele- or video-conference. The committee will invite members of management, auditors or others to attend meetings and provide pertinent information, as necessary. It will hold private meetings with auditors (see below) and executive sessions. Minutes will be prepared.

Responsibilities

The committee will carry out the following responsibilities.

Financial Statements

0

Review significant accounting and reporting issues, including complex or unusual transactions and highly judgmental areas, and recent professional and regulatory pronouncements, and understand their impact on the financial statements.

0

Review with management and the auditors the results of the audit, including any difficulties encountered.

0

Review the annual financial statements, and consider whether they are complete, consistent with information known to committee members, and reflect appropriate accounting principles.

0

Review other sections of the annual report before release and consider the accuracy and completeness of the information.

0

Review with management and the auditors all matters required to be communicated to the board under generally accepted auditing standards.

0

Understand how management develops interim financial information, and the nature and extent of auditor involvement.

0

Review interim financial reports with management before filing with regulators, and consider whether they are complete and consistent with the information known to committee members.

Internal Control

0

Consider the effectiveness of the company's internal control over annual and interim financial reporting, including information technology security and control

0

Understand the scope of auditors' review of internal control over financial reporting, and obtain reports on significant findings and recommendations, together with management's responses.

Audit

0

Review the auditors' proposed audit scope and approach

0

Review the performance of the auditors, and exercise final approval on the appointment or discharge of the auditors

0

Review and confirm the independence of the auditors by obtaining statements from the auditors on relationships between the auditors and the company, including nonaudit services, and discussing the relationships with the auditors

0

On a regular basis, meet separately with the auditors to discuss any matters that the committee or auditors believe should be discussed privately

Compliance

0

Review the effectiveness of the system for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and the results of management's investigation and follow-up (including disciplinary action) of any instances of noncompliance

0

Review the findings of any examinations by regulatory agencies, and any auditor observations

0

Review the process for communicating the code of conduct to company personnel, and for monitoring compliance therewith

0

Obtain regular updates from management and company legal counsel regarding compliance matters

Reporting Responsibilities

0

Regularly report to the board of directors about committee activities, issues and related recommendations

Provide and open avenue of communication between the auditors and the board of directors

0

Review any other reports the company issues that relate to committee responsibilities

Other Responsibilities

0

The committee shall establish procedures for the receipt, retention, and treatment of complaints received by the issuer regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters, and the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the issuer of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.

0

Perform other activities related to this charter as requested by the board of directors

0

Institute and oversee special investigations as needed

0

Review and assess the adequacy of the committee charter annually, requesting board approval for proposed changes

0

Confirm annually that all responsibilities outlined in this charter have been carried out

Evaluate the committee's and individual members' performance on a regular basis.

ALMADEN MINERALS LTD,

1103 -750 West Pender Street

Vancouver, B.C. V6C 2T8

NOTICE OF ANNUAL AND SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING OF MEMBERS

TAKE NOTICE that the 2005 Annual General Meeting of the members of **Almaden Minerals Ltd.** (hereinafter called the "Company") will be held at 1550 -1185 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, B.C. V6E 4E6, on:

Wednesday, May 18, 2005

at the hour of 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon (Vancouver time) for the following purposes:

1.

to receive the Report of the Directors;

2.

the directors of the Company are hereby authorized and directed to execute and deliver an Amended Plan giving effect to the amendments authorized in paragraphs 1 and 2, in such form as the directors of the

(c)

208

Company may in their sole discretion approve, such approval to be evidenced conclusively by the director's execution of the Amended Plan;

(d)

that any one officer or director of the Company be authorized for and on behalf of the and in the name of the Company to do all such acts and to execute and deliver, whether under corporate seal or otherwise, all such documents, instruments and writings as in his sole secretion are necessary or desirable to give effect to the foregoing resolutions; and

(e)

notwithstanding the passage of this resolution by the shareholders, the directors of the Company are hereby authorized and empowered without further notice to or approval of the shareholders of the Company not to proceed with the Amended Plan."

6.

to ask the shareholders to consider and, if deemed advisable, approve the following resolution:

"BE IT RESOLVED AS A RESOLUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS THAT:

(a)

the Pre-Existing Company Provisions in the Company's Notice of Articles are deleted and no longer apply to the Company, and the Company's Notice of Articles is altered accordingly;

(b)

any director or officer of the Company is hereby authorized and empowered for and in the name of and on behalf of the Company to execute and file, or cause to be filed, a Notice of Alteration to the Notice of Articles with the B.C. Registrar of Companies (British Columbia) along with all such other documents and instruments, and to do or to cause to be done all such other acts and things, as in the opinion of such director or officer may be necessary or desirable in order to carry out the intent of this special resolution; and

(c) the Board of Directors of the Company is hereby authorized, at any time in its sole discretion, to determine whether or not to proceed with this special resolution without further approval, ratification or confirmation by the shareholders." 7. to ask the shareholders to consider and, if deemed advisable, approve the following resolution: "BE IT RESOLVED AS A RESOLUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS THAT: (a) the number of common shares without par value that the Company is authorized to issue is increased to an unlimited number of common shares without par value and the Company's Notice of Articles is altered accordingly; (b) any director or officer of the Company is hereby authorized and empowered for and in the name of and on behalf of the Company to execute and file, or cause to be filed, a Notice of Alteration to the Notice of Articles with the B.C. Registrar of Companies (British Columbia) along with all such other documents and instruments, and to do or to cause to be done all such other acts and things, as in the opinion of such director or officer may be necessary or desirable in order to carry out the intent of this special resolution; and (c) the Board of Directors is hereby authorized, at any time in its sole discretion, to determine whether or not to proceed with this special resolution without further approval, ratification or confirmation by the shareholders." 8. to ask the shareholders to consider and, if deemed advisable, approve the following resolution:

"BE IT RESOLVED AS SPECIAL RESOLUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS THAT:

(a)

the existing Articles of the Company filed with the Registrar of Companies are cancelled, and the form of Articles presented to the Meeting are adopted as the Articles of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, such existing Articles;

(b)

any director or officer of the Company is hereby authorized and empowered for and in the name of and on behalf of the Company to execute or cause to be executed and file or cause to be filed such documents and take such further action, including any filings with the B.C. Registrar of Companies as may be necessary to effect the alteration and to execute, or cause to be executed, and to deliver or cause to be delivered all such other documents and instruments, and to do or to cause to be done all such other acts and things, as in the opinion of such director or officer may be necessary or desirable in order to carry out the intent of this special resolution; and

the Board of Directors of the Company is hereby authorized at any time in its sole discretion, to determine whether or not to proceed with this special resolution without further approval, ratification or confirmation by the shareholders."

9.

to transact such other business as may properly come before the Meeting.

Accompanying this Notice are an Information Circular and form of Proxy.

A shareholder entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxyholder to attend and vote in his stead. If you are unable to attend the Meeting, or any adjournment thereof, in person, please read the Notes accompanying the form of Proxy enclosed herewith and then complete and return the Proxy within the time set out in the Notes. The enclosed form of Proxy is solicited by Management but, as set out in the Notes, you may amend it if you so desire by striking out the names listed therein and inserting in the space provided the name of the person you wish to represent you at the Meeting.

DATED at Vancouver, British Columbia, this 4th day of April, 2005.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

"Duane Poliquin"

Duane Poliquin, President