Live Nation Entertainment, Inc. Form 10-Q July 31, 2014

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

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Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission File Number 001-32601

LIVE NATION ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 20-3247759

(State of Incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

9348 Civic Center Drive

Beverly Hills, CA 90210

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(310) 867-7000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes "No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). "Yes x No

On July 28, 2014, there were 200,511,675 outstanding shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, including 1,301,489 shares of unvested restricted stock awards and excluding 408,024 shares held in treasury.

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LIVE NATION ENTERTAINMENT, INC. **GLOSSARY OF KEY TERMS**

AOCI Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)

Adjusted operating income (loss) **AOI** Clear Channel Clear Channel Communications, Inc.

Live Nation Entertainment, Inc. and subsidiaries Company

FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board

GAAP United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

Live Nation Live Nation Entertainment, Inc. and subsidiaries United States Securities and Exchange Commission **SEC**

For periods prior to May 6, 2010, Ticketmaster means Ticketmaster

Entertainment LLC and its predecessor companies (including without limitation Ticketmaster Entertainment, Inc.); for periods on and after

May 6, 2010, Ticketmaster means the Ticketmaster ticketing business of

the Company

Ticketmaster

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements LIVE NATION ENTERTAINMENT, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

Carrent assets Computer assets Computer aguipment Computer aguipment and equipment Computer aguipment and capitalized software Computer aguipment aguipment and capitalized software Computer aguipment aguipment aguipment and capitalized software Computer aguipment aguipmen	ASSETS	June 30, 2014 (in thousands)	December 31, 2013
Cash and cash equivalents			
Other current assets 59,179 43,427 Total current assets 3,311,346 2,160,104 Property, plant and equipment 815,728 816,931 Land, buildings and improvements 815,728 816,931 Computer equipment and capitalized software 450,447 421,846 Furniture and other equipment 210,331 210,866 Construction in progress 64,514 52,883 Construction in progress 1,541,020 1,502,526 Less accumulated depreciation 831,678 795,726 Less accumulated depreciation 831,678 795,726 Intangible assets 706,800 Intangible assets 647,645 676,564 Definite-lived intangible assets 376,736 606,000 Indefinite-lived intangible assets 376,736 606,833 Goodwill 1,502,707 1,466,983 Other long-term assets 324,845 296,334 Total assets 56,872,120 \$5,683,521 LABILITIES AND EQUITY 200,000 486,433 Current liabilities	Cash and cash equivalents		
Total current assets	Prepaid expenses	647,087	378,342
Property, plant and equipment	Other current assets	59,179	43,427
Land, buildings and improvements 815,728 816,931 Computer equipment and capitalized software 450,447 421,846 Furniture and other equipment 210,331 210,866 Construction in progress 64,514 52,883 Less accumulated depreciation 831,678 795,726 Less accumulated depreciation 831,678 795,726 Intangible assets 709,342 706,800 Intangible assets 376,235 376,736 Definite-lived intangible assets, net 647,645 676,564 Indefinite-lived intangible assets 376,235 376,736 Other long-term assets 324,845 296,334 Total assets \$6,872,120 \$5,683,521 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable, client accounts \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable client accounts \$709,490 668,799 Deferred revenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities	Total current assets	3,311,346	2,160,104
Computer equipment and capitalized software 450,447 421,846 Furniture and other equipment 210,331 210,866 Construction in progress 64,514 52,883 Less accumulated depreciation 831,678 795,726 Intangible assets 709,342 706,800 Intangible assets 647,645 676,564 Indefinite-lived intangible assets, net 647,645 676,564 Indefinite-lived intangible assets 376,235 376,736 Goodwill 1,502,707 1,466,983 Other long-term assets 324,845 296,334 Total assets 5,687,2120 \$5,683,521 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY 200,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable, client accounts \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable, client accounts \$709,490 668,799 Deferred revnue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484	Property, plant and equipment		
Furniture and other equipment 210,331 210,866 Construction in progress 64,514 52,883 Less accumulated depreciation 831,678 795,726 to specification 709,342 706,800 Intangible assets 709,342 706,800 Definite-lived intangible assets, net 647,645 676,564 Indefinite-lived intangible assets 376,235 376,736 Goodwill 1,502,707 1,466,983 Other long-term assets 324,845 296,334 Total assets \$6,872,120 \$5,683,521 LLABILITIES AND EQUITY Urrent liabilities \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable, client accounts \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable, client accounts \$709,490 668,799 Deferred evenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 <td>Land, buildings and improvements</td> <td>815,728</td> <td>816,931</td>	Land, buildings and improvements	815,728	816,931
Construction in progress 64,514 (202 (3,502,526) Less accumulated depreciation 831,678 (795,726 (709,342) Less accumulated depreciation 831,678 (795,726 (709,342) Intangible assets 709,342 (706,800) Intangible assets 376,235 (376,736) Indefinite-lived intangible assets 376,235 (376,736) Goodwill 1,502,707 (1,466,983) Other long-term assets 324,845 (296,334) Total assets \$6,872,120 (\$5,683,521) LIABILITIES AND EQUITY *** Current liabilities *** Accounts payable, client accounts \$700,524 (\$656,253) Accounts payable, client accounts \$700,524 (\$668,799) Deferred revenue 1,001,097 (\$486,433) Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 (278,403) Other current liabilities 41,851 (\$54,310) Total current liabilities 2,872,818 (2,255,518) Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 (1,530,484) Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 (161,637) Other long-term liabilities 56,171 (61,041) Redeemable noncontrolling interests 56,171 (61,041) <t< td=""><td>Computer equipment and capitalized software</td><td>450,447</td><td>421,846</td></t<>	Computer equipment and capitalized software	450,447	421,846
Less accumulated depreciation 1,541,020 1,502,526 Less accumulated depreciation 831,678 795,726 1709,342 706,800 Intangible assets 706,800 Definite-lived intangible assets, net 647,645 676,564 Indefinite-lived intangible assets 376,235 376,736 Goodwill 1,502,707 1,466,983 Other long-term assets 324,845 296,334 Total assets 6872,120 \$5,683,521 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Turrent liabilities \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable, client accounts \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable client accounts \$709,490 668,799 Deferred revenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity	Furniture and other equipment	210,331	210,866
Less accumulated depreciation 831,678 795,726 706,800 70	Construction in progress	64,514	52,883
Notangible assets Poefinite-lived intangible assets, net Notangible assets Not		1,541,020	1,502,526
Definite-lived intangible assets, net	Less accumulated depreciation	831,678	795,726
Definite-lived intangible assets, net 647,645 676,564 Indefinite-lived intangible assets 376,235 376,736 Goodwill 1,502,707 1,466,983 Other long-term assets 324,845 296,334 Total assets \$6,872,120 \$5,683,521 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Turrent liabilities Accounts payable, client accounts \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable, client accounts \$709,490 668,799 Accrued expenses 709,490 668,799 Deferred revenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 1,993 1,978 <tr< td=""><td></td><td>709,342</td><td>706,800</td></tr<>		709,342	706,800
Indefinite-lived intangible assets 376,235 376,736 Goodwill 1,502,707 1,466,983 Other long-term assets 324,845 296,334 Total assets \$6,872,120 \$5,683,521 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities Accounts payable, client accounts \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable 150,228 111,320 Accrued expenses 709,490 668,799 Deferred revenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 1,993 1,978 Common stock 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital	Intangible assets		
Goodwill 1,502,707 1,466,983 Other long-term assets 324,845 296,334 Total assets \$6,872,120 \$5,683,521 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities Accounts payable, client accounts \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable client accounts \$709,490 668,799 Deferred revenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865 <	Definite-lived intangible assets, net	647,645	676,564
Other long-term assets 324,845 296,334 Total assets \$6,872,120 \$5,683,521 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities Accounts payable, client accounts \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable 150,228 111,320 Accrued expenses 709,490 668,799 Deferred revenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity Common stock 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,8	Indefinite-lived intangible assets	376,235	376,736
Total assets \$6,872,120 \$5,683,521 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities Accounts payable, client accounts \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable 150,228 111,320 Accrued expenses 709,490 668,799 Deferred revenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 56,171 61,041 Common stock 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost	Goodwill	1,502,707	1,466,983
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable, client accounts \$709,494 \$656,253 Accounts payable 150,228 111,320 Accrued expenses 709,490 668,799 Deferred revenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 56,171 61,041 Common stock 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Other long-term assets	324,845	296,334
Current liabilities \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable, client accounts \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable 150,228 111,320 Accrued expenses 709,490 668,799 Deferred revenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 56,171 61,041 Common stock 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Total assets	\$6,872,120	\$5,683,521
Accounts payable, client accounts \$700,524 \$656,253 Accounts payable 150,228 111,320 Accrued expenses 709,490 668,799 Deferred revenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 41,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Accounts payable 150,228 111,320 Accrued expenses 709,490 668,799 Deferred revenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 56,171 61,041 Common stock 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Current liabilities		
Accrued expenses 709,490 668,799 Deferred revenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 56,171 61,041 Common stock 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Accounts payable, client accounts	\$700,524	\$656,253
Deferred revenue 1,001,097 486,433 Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 56,171 61,041 Common stock 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Accounts payable	150,228	111,320
Current portion of long-term debt 269,628 278,403 Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 56,171 61,041 Common stock 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Accrued expenses	·	668,799
Other current liabilities 41,851 54,310 Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 56,171 61,041 Common stock 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Deferred revenue	1,001,097	486,433
Total current liabilities 2,872,818 2,255,518 Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 50,171 61,041 Common stock 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	· ·	269,628	278,403
Long-term debt, net 2,038,845 1,530,484 Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Redeemable noncontrolling interests 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Other current liabilities	41,851	54,310
Long-term deferred income taxes 167,179 161,637 Other long-term liabilities 105,673 85,035 Commitments and contingent liabilities 56,171 61,041 Redeemable noncontrolling interests 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Total current liabilities	2,872,818	2,255,518
Other long-term liabilities Commitments and contingent liabilities Redeemable noncontrolling interests Stockholders' equity Common stock Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit Cost of shares held in treasury 105,673 85,035 61,041 1,993 1,978 2,411,138 2,368,281 (961,310) (951,796) (6,865) (6,865)		2,038,845	1,530,484
Commitments and contingent liabilities Redeemable noncontrolling interests Stockholders' equity Common stock Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit Cost of shares held in treasury 56,171 61,041 1,993 1,978 2,368,281 (961,310 (961,310) (951,796) (6,865) (6,865)	Long-term deferred income taxes	167,179	161,637
Redeemable noncontrolling interests 56,171 61,041 Stockholders' equity 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Other long-term liabilities	105,673	85,035
Stockholders' equity 1,993 1,978 Common stock 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Commitments and contingent liabilities		
Common stock 1,993 1,978 Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Redeemable noncontrolling interests	56,171	61,041
Additional paid-in capital 2,411,138 2,368,281 Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Stockholders' equity		
Accumulated deficit (961,310) (951,796) Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Common stock	1,993	1,978
Cost of shares held in treasury (6,865) (6,865)	Additional paid-in capital	2,411,138	2,368,281
·	Accumulated deficit	(961,310) (951,796)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 16,828 (2,370)	Cost of shares held in treasury	(6,865) (6,865)
	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	16,828	(2,370)

Total Live Nation Entertainment, Inc. stockholders' equity	1,461,784	1,409,228
Noncontrolling interests	169,650	180,578
Total equity	1,631,434	1,589,806
Total liabilities and equity	\$6,872,120	\$5,683,521

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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LIVE NATION ENTERTAINMENT, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months June 30,	s Ended	Six Months E June 30,	nded	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
		except share and			
Revenue	\$1,665,785	\$1,679,513	\$2,793,101	\$2,603,211	
Operating expenses:					
Direct operating expenses	1,184,696	1,209,918	1,915,847	1,786,852	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	325,925	295,719	628,330	575,241	
Depreciation and amortization	76,219	82,688	158,807	164,853	
Gain on disposal of operating assets	(3,787) (30,199	(3,281) (33,796)
Corporate expenses	25,717	21,812	46,891	42,467	
Acquisition transaction expenses	1,329	1,769	3,129	2,977	
Operating income	55,686	97,806	43,378	64,617	
Interest expense	27,590	30,041	52,082	58,192	
Interest income	(1,146) (890	(1,812) (2,658)
Equity in earnings of nonconsolidated affiliates	(960) (2,629	(3,766) (5,211)
Other expense (income), net	(330	3,868	(1,506	7,506	
Income (loss) before income taxes	30,532	67,416	(1,620) 6,788	
Income tax expense	4,710	8,401	2,655	11,960	
Net income (loss)	25,822	59,015	(4,275) (5,172)
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	2,888	885	5,239	(63)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholder of Live Nation Entertainment, Inc.	s \$22,934	\$58,130	\$(9,514) \$(5,109)
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per common share attributable to common stockholders of Live Nation Entertainment, Inc.	\$0.11	\$ 0.30	\$(0.06) \$(0.03)
Weighted average common shares outstanding: Basic Diluted	198,701,762 205,989,271	193,069,783 196,770,405	198,282,044 198,282,044	190,960,206 190,960,206	
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements 3					

LIVE NATION ENTERTAINMENT, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Mont June 30,	hs Ended	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(in thousan	ids)			
Net income (loss)	\$25,822	\$59,015	\$(4,275) \$(5,172)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:					
Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges	(5) (45) (8) 25	
Realized loss on cash flow hedges	16	449	33	457	
Change in funded status of defined benefit pension plan		_	30		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	9,324	(7,261) 19,143	(41,518)
Comprehensive income (loss)	35,157	52,158	14,923	(46,208)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	2,888	885	5,239	(63)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to common stockholders of Live Nation Entertainment, Inc.	\$32,269	\$51,273	\$9,684	\$(46,145)

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

LIVE NATION ENTERTAINMENT, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(UNAUDITED)			
	Six Months I June 30,		
	2014	2013	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(in thousands	S)	
Net loss	\$ (4,275) \$(5,172)
Reconciling items:	Ψ(1,273) \$\psi(\omega, 1) \omega	,
Depreciation	61,906	59,410	
Amortization	96,901	105,443	
Deferred income tax benefit	(12,064) (6,305)
Amortization of debt issuance costs and discount/premium, net	10,101	10,421	,
Non-cash compensation expense	22,568	14,119	
Gain on disposal of operating assets	(3,281) (33,796)
Equity in earnings of nonconsolidated affiliates	(3,766) (5,211)
Other, net	947	(2,356)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions and		,	,
dispositions:			
Increase in accounts receivable	(126,528) (182,561)
Increase in prepaid expenses	(265,927) (230,247)
Increase in other assets	(60,500) (62,053)
Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	114,065	130,209	Í
Increase in deferred revenue	508,323	588,446	
Net cash provided by operating activities	338,470	380,347	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Distributions from nonconsolidated affiliates	1,836	2,740	
Investments made in nonconsolidated affiliates	(1,512) (3,032)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(66,388) (76,685)
Proceeds from disposal of operating assets, net of cash divested	3,631	81,070	
Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(24,518) (23,766)
Purchases of intangible assets	(2,675) (17)
Other, net	(4,019) (1,052)
Net cash used in investing activities	(93,645) (20,742)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from long-term debt, net of debt issuance costs	514,612	89,369	
Payments on long-term debt	(15,126) (106,388)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	81	267	
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(18,036) (1,936)
Purchases and sales of noncontrolling interests, net	(3,528) —	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	11,737	73,449	
Payments for deferred and contingent consideration	(5,541) (750)
Net cash provided by financing activities	484,199	54,011	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	13,478	(29,411)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	742,502	384,205	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,299,184	1,001,055	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$2,041,686	\$1,385,260	

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

LIVE NATION ENTERTAINMENT, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1—BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND OTHER INFORMATION

Preparation of Interim Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X issued by the SEC. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, they include all normal and recurring accruals and adjustments necessary to present fairly the results of the interim periods shown.

The financial statements contained herein should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 24, 2014, as amended by the Form 10-K/A filed with the SEC on June 30, 2014.

Seasonality

Due to the seasonal nature of shows at outdoor amphitheaters and festivals, which primarily occur May through September, the Company experiences higher revenue for the Concerts and Sponsorship & Advertising segments during the second and third quarters. The Artist Nation segment's revenue is impacted, to a large degree, by the touring schedules of artists it represents and generally the Company experiences higher revenue in this segment during the second and third quarters as the period from May through September tends to be a popular time for touring events. The Ticketing segment's sales are impacted by fluctuations in the availability of events for sale to the public, which vary depending upon scheduling by its clients. The Company's seasonality also results in higher balances in cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, accrued expenses and deferred revenue at different times in the year. Therefore, the results to date are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Included in the June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 cash and cash equivalents balance is \$577.4 million and \$538.4 million, respectively, of cash received that includes the face value of tickets sold on behalf of ticketing clients and the clients' share of convenience and order processing charges.

Acquisitions

During the first six months of 2014, the Company completed its acquisition of two artist management businesses located in California and several other smaller acquisitions. These acquisitions were accounted for as business combinations under the acquisition method of accounting and were not significant either on an individual basis or in the aggregate.

Recently Issued Pronouncements

In April 2014, the FASB issued guidance that raises the threshold for a disposal to qualify as a discontinued operation and requires new disclosures of both discontinued operations and certain other disposals that do not meet the definition of a discontinued operation. The guidance is effective for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity that occur within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014 and interim periods within that year. This guidance is applied prospectively and early adoption is permitted. The Company will adopt this guidance on January 1, 2015 and will apply it prospectively to disposals occurring on or after January 1, 2015.

In May 2014, the FASB issued a comprehensive new revenue recognition standard that will supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under GAAP. The new standard provides a five-step analysis of transactions to determine when and how revenue is recognized. The core principle of the guidance is that a company should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The standard is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and early adoption of the standard is not permitted. The guidance should be applied retrospectively, either to each prior period presented in the financial statements, or only to the most current reporting period presented in the financial statements with a cumulative-effect

adjustment as of the date of adoption. The Company will adopt this standard on January 1, 2017, and is currently assessing which implementation method it will apply and the impact its adoption will have on its financial position and results of operations.

In June 2014, the FASB issued guidance that requires a performance target in a share-based payment that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be accounted for as a performance condition. The guidance is

effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and interim periods within that year, and early adoption is permitted. The guidance should be applied on a prospective basis to awards that are granted or modified on or after the effective date. The guidance may be applied on a modified retrospective basis for performance targets outstanding on or after the beginning of the first annual period presented as of the date of adoption. The Company does not expect to grant these type of awards, but will adopt this guidance on January 1, 2016 and will apply it prospectively to any awards granted on or after January 1, 2016 that include these terms.

NOTE 2—LONG-LIVED ASSETS

Property, Plant and Equipment

In the fourth quarter of 2012, an amphitheater in New York that is operated by the Company sustained substantial damage during Hurricane Sandy. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company received partial insurance recoveries and recorded gains of \$9.4 million and \$12.6 million, respectively, as a component of gain on disposal of operating assets in the Concerts segment representing the proceeds received in excess of the carrying value of the assets. The Company received the final insurance recovery in the second quarter of 2014 and recorded gains of \$3.6 million and \$3.2 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, as a component of gain on disposal of operating assets in the Concerts segment.

Definite-lived Intangible Assets

The Company has definite-lived intangible assets which are amortized over the shorter of either the lives of the respective agreements or the period of time the assets are expected to contribute to the Company's future cash flows. The amortization is recognized on either a straight-line or expected cash flows basis.

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The following table presents the changes in the gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization of definite-lived intangible assets for the six months ended June 30, 2014:

		Revenue- generating contracts			ips	Non-comp agreement	et	Venue emanagem and leasehold		it Technolo	gy	Tradema and naming rights	rk	S Other		Total	
		(in thousa	n	ds)													
	Balance as of Decer	mber 31,															
	2013:																
	Gross carrying mount	\$585,094		\$ 277,937		\$ 137,199		\$ 85,642		\$ 100,664	ļ	\$28,524		\$2,375		\$1,217,435	í
	Accumulated mortization	(231,053)	(81,809)	(101,128)	(43,687)	(73,110)	(9,092)	(992)	(540,871)
ľ	Net	354,041		196,128		36,071		41,955		27,554		19,432		1,383		676,564	
(Gross carrying																
	mount:																
	Acquisitions— curr	rent_		27,771		1,500		_		1,231		_		1,100		31,602	
J	vear			_,,,,,		-,				-,				-,		,	
F	Acquisitions— prio	r(3,994)	5,098		_		_								1,104	
)	tai			2 022				972		(501	`	1 1 6				7.200	
	Foreign exchange Other (1)	4,140 (479	`	2,832 (800	`	(14.900	`	872		(591)	146				7,399 (15,509	`
	Net change		_	34,901)	(14,800 (13,300)			640		 146		1,670		24,596)
	Net change Accumulated amort		,	34,901		(13,300	,	012		040		140		1,070		24,390	
	Amortization)	(19,784)	(7,044	`	(3,417)	(10,996)	(2,003)	(189	`	(67,899)
	Foreign exchange		1	(744)	—	,	(311		95	,	4	,	-		(2,272)
	Other (1)	478	,	878	,	15,300		_	,	_		_				16,656	,
	Net change)	(19,650)	8,256		(3,728)	(10,901)	(1,999)	(189		(53,515)
	Balance as of June 3		_	,	,	,		· /	_	,		,	,	` /		,	
	Gross carrying mount	584,761		312,838		123,899		86,514		101,304		28,670		4,045		1,242,031	
	Accumulated mortization	(256,357)	(101,459)	(92,872)	(47,415)	(84,011)	(11,091)	(1,181)	(594,386)
ľ	Net	\$328,404		\$ 211,379		\$ 31,027		\$ 39,099		\$ 17,293		\$17,579		\$2,864		\$647,645	

⁽¹⁾ Other includes net downs of fully amortized assets and \$0.6 million of reclassifications of certain assets from indefinite-lived intangible assets.

Included in the current year acquisitions amount above of \$31.6 million are client/vendor relationships primarily associated with the acquisitions of two artist management businesses during the first half of 2014 that are located in California.

The 2014 additions to definite-lived intangible assets from acquisitions have weighted-average lives as follows:

	Weighted-
	Average
	Life (years)
Client/vendor relationships	7
Non-compete agreements	3
1 &	3
Technology	
Other	10

All categories

6

Amortization of definite-lived intangible assets for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$33.3 million and \$43.3 million, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$67.9 million and \$81.5 million, respectively. In addition, amortization related to nonrecoupable ticketing contract advances for the three months ended June 30,

2014 and 2013 was \$11.6 million and \$10.3 million, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$29.0 million and \$23.9 million, respectively.

As acquisitions and dispositions occur in the future and the valuations of intangible assets for recent acquisitions are completed, amortization may vary. Therefore, the expense to date is not necessarily indicative of the expense expected for the full year.

Goodwill

The following table presents the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill in each of the Company's reportable segments for the six months ended June 30, 2014:

	Concerts	Ticketing	Artist Nation	Sponsorship & Advertising	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2013:	(in thousar	nds)			
Goodwill (1) Accumulated impairment losses (1) Net	\$505,472 (269,902) 235,570	\$642,249 — 642,249	\$278,923 — 278,923	\$ 310,241 — 310,241	\$1,736,885 (269,902) 1,466,983
Acquisitions—current year Acquisitions—prior year Foreign exchange	1,129 (1,786) 8,895	— (629)	17,539 (927) 221		18,668 2,713 14,343
Balance as of June 30, 2014:	512.710	(41.620	205 756	221 522	1 772 (00
Goodwill Accumulated impairment losses Net	513,710 (269,902) \$243,808	641,620 — \$641,620	295,756 — \$295,756	321,523 — \$ 321,523	1,772,609 (269,902) \$1,502,707

⁽¹⁾ The previously reported total balance has been reduced by \$13.0 million due to the net down of fully impaired goodwill related to the Company's non-core events business which was sold in 2008.

Included in the current year acquisitions amount above of \$18.7 million is goodwill primarily associated with the March 2014 acquisition of an artist management business located in California.

The Company is in the process of finalizing its acquisition accounting for recent acquisitions which could result in a change to the associated purchase price allocations, including goodwill and its allocation between segments.

Investments in Nonconsolidated Affiliates

The Company has investments in various affiliates which are not consolidated and are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. The Company records its investments in these entities in the balance sheet as investments in nonconsolidated affiliates reported as part of other long-term assets. The Company's interests in these operations are recorded in the statement of operations as equity in earnings of nonconsolidated affiliates. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company's investment in Venta de Boletos por Computadora S.A. de C.V., a 33% owned ticketing distribution services company in Mexico, is considered significant on an individual basis and certain other investments are considered significant on an aggregate basis.

Summarized unaudited income statement information for the Company's nonconsolidated affiliates noted above is as follows (at 100%):

	Six Months Ended		
	June 30,		
	2014	2013	
	(in thousands)		
Revenue	\$24,278	\$28,203	
Operating income	\$9,912	\$14,956	
Net income	\$8,044	\$11,894	
Net income attributable to the			
common stockholders of the	\$8,010	\$11,863	
equity investee			

Long-lived Asset Disposals

In May 2013, the Company completed the sale of a theatrical theater in New York.

The table below summarizes the asset and liability values for the six months ended June 30, 2013 for significant disposals and the resulting gain or loss recorded. There were no significant disposals of long-lived assets in the six months ended June 30, 2014.

Divested Asset	Segment	Gain on Disposal of Operating Assets	Current Assets	Noncurrent Assets	Noncurrent Liabilities
	(in thousands)				
2013 Divestiture					
New York theatrical theater	Concerts	\$(21,887)	\$ —	\$ 35,785	\$ \$3,636
NOTE 3—LONG-TERM DE	RT				

NOTE 3—LONG-TERM DEBT

In May 2014, the Company issued \$250 million of 5.375% senior notes due 2022 and \$275 million of 2.5% convertible senior notes due 2019. Proceeds from these borrowings, net of related fees and expenses of \$10.4 million, was \$514.6 million. The Company intends to use the proceeds to redeem all of its outstanding 2.875% convertible senior notes plus accrued interest, if any, and for general corporate purposes.

Long-term debt	which includes capi	tal leases, at June 30). 2014 and December	31, 2013	3, consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
	(in thousands	
Senior Secured Credit Facility:	•	,
Term loan A, net of unamortized discount of \$1.7 million and \$2.0 million		
at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively	\$108,987	\$ 111,578
Term loan B, net of unamortized discount of \$13.3 million and		
\$14.4 million at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively	929,587	933,226
Revolving credit facility	_	_
7% Senior Notes due 2020, plus unamortized premium of \$7.9 million		
and \$8.6 million at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively	432,929	433,571
5.375% Senior Notes due 2022	250,000	_
2.875% Convertible Senior Notes due 2027, net of unamortized discount of		
\$0.6 million and \$7.6 million at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively	219,401	212,415
2.5% Convertible Senior Notes due 2019, net of unamortized discount of		
\$21.6 million at June 30, 2014	253,401	_
Other long-term debt	114,168	118,097
	2,308,473	1,808,887
Less: current portion	269,628	278,403
Total long-term debt, net	\$2,038,845	\$ 1,530,484

Future maturities of long-term debt at June 30, 2014 are as follow:

	(1n	
	thousands)	
2014	\$240,848	
2015	48,174	
2016	51,480	
2017	49,027	
2018	330,712	
Thereafter	1,617,489	
Total	2,337,730	
Debt discount	(37,186)
Debt premium	7,929	
Total, including premium and discount	\$2,308,473	
5.375% Senior Notes		

In May 2014, the Company issued \$250 million of 5.375% senior notes due 2022. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually in cash in arrears on June 15 and December 15, beginning December 15, 2014, and the notes will mature on June 15, 2022. The Company may redeem some or all of the notes at any time prior to June 15, 2017 at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption, plus a 'make-whole' premium. The Company may also redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes from the proceeds of certain equity offerings prior to June 15, 2017, at a price equal to 105.375% of the principal amount, plus any accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, on or after June 15, 2017, the Company may redeem at its option some or all of the notes at redemption prices that start at 104.0313% of their principal amount, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption. The Company must make an offer to redeem the notes at 101% of the aggregate principal amount, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to the repurchase date, if it experiences certain

defined changes of control.

2.5% Convertible Senior Notes

In May 2014, the Company issued \$275 million of convertible senior notes due 2019. The notes pay interest semiannually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 at a rate of 2.5% per annum, beginning on November 15, 2014. The notes will mature on May 15, 2019, and may not be redeemed by the Company prior to the maturity date. The notes will be convertible, under certain circumstances, until November 15, 2018, and on or after such date without condition, at an initial conversion rate of 28.8363 shares of the Company's common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, subject to adjustment, which represents a 52.5% conversion premium based on the last reported sale price for the Company's common stock of \$22.74 on May 19, 2014. Upon conversion, the notes may be settled in shares of common stock or, at the Company's election, cash or a combination of cash and shares of common stock. Assuming the Company fully settled the notes in shares, the maximum number of shares that could be issued to satisfy the conversion is currently 7.9 million.

If the Company experiences a fundamental change, as defined in the indenture governing the notes, the holders of the 2.5% convertible senior notes may require the Company to purchase for cash all or a portion of their notes, subject to specified exceptions, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any.

As of June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the equity component of the notes was \$22.0 million and the principal amount of the liability component (face value of the notes) was \$275 million. As of June 30, 2014, the remaining period over which the discount will be amortized is approximately 4.5 years and the value of the notes, if converted and fully settled in shares, did not exceed the principal amount of the notes. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the effective interest rate on the liability component of the notes was 5.0%. The following table summarizes the amount of pre-tax interest cost recognized on the notes:

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Interest cost recognized relating to:

Contractual interest coupon \$726 Amortization of debt discount 376 Amortization of debt issuance costs 118 Total interest cost recognized on the notes \$1,220

2.875% Convertible Senior Notes

In late July 2014, pursuant to the Company's option under the indenture governing the 2.875% convertible senior notes, the Company notified the holders of these notes that it intends to redeem all outstanding notes in late September at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of the notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

NOTE 4—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following table shows the fair value of the Company's significant financial assets that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis, which are classified on the balance sheets as cash and cash equivalents:

Fair Value
Measurements
at June 30, 2014

Fair Value
Measurements
at December 31,

2013 Level 1 Level 1

(in thousands)

Assets:

Cash equivalents \$257,548 \$26,627

The Company has cash equivalents which consist of money market funds. Fair values for cash equivalents are based on quoted prices in an active market which are considered to be Level 1 inputs as defined in the FASB guidance.

The Company's outstanding debt held by third-party financial institutions is carried at cost, adjusted for premium or discounts. The Company's debt is not publicly traded and the carrying amounts typically approximate fair value for the Company's debt that accrues interest at a variable rate. The estimated fair values of the 7% senior notes, the 5.375% senior notes, the 2.875% convertible senior notes and the 2.5% convertible senior notes were \$467.5 million, \$254.4 million, \$220.0 million and \$289.2 million, respectively, at June 30, 2014. The estimated fair values of the 7% senior notes and the 2.875%

convertible senior notes were \$461.9 million and \$223.0 million, respectively, at December 31, 2013. The estimated fair value of the Company's third-party fixed-rate debt is based on quoted market prices in active markets for the same or similar debt, which are considered to be Level 2 inputs as defined in the FASB guidance. The Company has fixed rate debt held by noncontrolling interest partners with a face value of \$34.9 million and \$34.6 million at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The Company is unable to determine the fair value of this debt.

NOTE 5—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Ticketing Fees Consumer Class Action Litigation

In October 2003, a putative representative action was filed in the Superior Court of California challenging Ticketmaster's charges to online customers for shipping fees and alleging that its failure to disclose on its website that the charges contain a profit component is unlawful. The complaint asserted a claim for violation of California's Unfair Competition Law ("UCL") and sought restitution or disgorgement of the difference between (i) the total shipping fees charged by Ticketmaster in connection with online ticket sales during the applicable period, and (ii) the amount that Ticketmaster actually paid to the shipper for delivery of those tickets. In August 2005, the plaintiffs filed a first amended complaint, then pleading the case as a putative class action and adding the claim that Ticketmaster's website disclosures in respect of its ticket order processing fees constitute false advertising in violation of California's False Advertising Law. On this new claim, the amended complaint seeks restitution or disgorgement of the entire amount of order processing fees charged by Ticketmaster during the applicable period. In April 2009, the Court granted the plaintiffs' motion for leave to file a second amended complaint adding new claims that (a) Ticketmaster's order processing fees are unconscionable under the UCL, and (b) Ticketmaster's alleged business practices further violate the California Consumer Legal Remedies Act. Plaintiffs later filed a third amended complaint, to which Ticketmaster filed a demurrer in July 2009. The Court overruled Ticketmaster's demurrer in October 2009.

The plaintiffs filed a class certification motion in August 2009, which Ticketmaster opposed. In February 2010, the Court granted certification of a class on the first and second causes of action, which allege that Ticketmaster misrepresents/omits the fact of a profit component in Ticketmaster's shipping and order processing fees. The class would consist of California consumers who purchased tickets through Ticketmaster's website from 1999 to present. The Court denied certification of a class on the third and fourth causes of action, which allege that Ticketmaster's shipping and order processing fees are unconscionably high. In March 2010, Ticketmaster filed a Petition for Writ of Mandate with the California Court of Appeal, and plaintiffs also filed a Motion for Reconsideration of the Superior Court's class certification order. In April 2010, the Superior Court denied plaintiffs' Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's class certification order, and the Court of Appeal denied Ticketmaster's Petition for Writ of Mandate. In June 2010, the Court of Appeal granted the plaintiffs' Petition for Writ of Mandate and ordered the Superior Court to vacate its February 2010 order denying plaintiffs' motion to certify a national class and enter a new order granting plaintiffs' motion to certify a nationwide class on the first and second claims. In September 2010, Ticketmaster filed its Motion for Summary Judgment on all causes of action in the Superior Court, and that same month plaintiffs filed their Motion for Summary Adjudication of various affirmative defenses asserted by Ticketmaster. In November 2010, Ticketmaster filed its Motion to Decertify Class.

In December 2010, the parties entered into a binding agreement providing for the settlement of the litigation and the resolution of all claims therein. In September 2011, the Court declined to approve the settlement in its then-current form. Litigation continued, and in September 2011, the Court granted in part and denied in part Ticketmaster's Motion for Summary Judgment. The parties reached a new settlement in September 2011, which was approved preliminarily, but in September 2012 the Court declined to grant final approval. In June 2013, the parties reached a revised settlement, which was preliminarily approved by the Court in April 2014. Ticketmaster and its parent, Live Nation, have not acknowledged any violations of law or liability in connection with the matter.

As of June 30, 2014, the Company has accrued \$35.4 million, its best estimate of the probable costs associated with the settlement referred to above. This liability includes an estimated redemption rate. Any difference between the Company's estimated redemption rate and the actual redemption rate it experiences will impact the final settlement amount; however, the Company does not expect this difference to be material.

Other Litigation

From time to time, the Company is involved in other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of its business, including proceedings and claims based upon violations of antitrust laws and intellectual property rights, and tortious interference, which could cause the Company to incur significant expenses. The Company has also been the subject of personal injury and wrongful death claims relating to accidents at its venues in connection with its operations. As required, the Company has accrued its estimate of the probable settlement or other losses for the resolution of any outstanding claims. These estimates have been developed in consultation with counsel and are based upon an analysis of potential results, including, in some cases, estimated redemption rates for the settlement offered, assuming a combination of litigation and settlement strategies. It is possible, however, that future results of operations for any particular period could be materially affected by changes in the Company's assumptions or the effectiveness of its strategies related to these proceedings.

NOTE 6—CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company conducts certain transactions in the ordinary course of business with companies that are owned, in part or in total, by various members of management of the Company's subsidiaries or companies over which it has significant influence. These transactions primarily relate to venue rentals, concession services, equipment rentals, ticketing, marketing and other services. As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had a receivable balance of \$8.5 million and \$13.5 million, respectively, from certain of these companies.

The following table sets forth expenses incurred and revenue earned from these companies for services rendered or provided in relation to these business ventures. None of these transactions were with directors or executive officers of the Company.

Three Months Ended		Six Months	Ended	
June 30,		June 30,		
2014	2013	2014	2013	
(in thousand	ds)			
\$1,946	\$1,627	\$3,193	\$2,954	
\$5,142	\$2,677	\$9,651	\$7,827	
	June 30, 2014 (in thousand \$1,946	2014 2013 (in thousands) \$1,946 \$1,627	June 30, June 30, 2014 (in thousands) \$1,946 \$1,627 \$3,193	

NOTE 7—INCOME TAXES

The Company calculates interim effective tax rates in accordance with the FASB guidance for income taxes and applies the estimated annual effective tax rate to year-to-date pretax income (loss) at the end of each interim period to compute a year-to-date tax expense (or benefit). This guidance requires departure from effective tax rate computations when losses incurred within tax jurisdictions cannot be carried back and future profits associated with operations in those tax jurisdictions cannot be assured beyond any reasonable doubt. Accordingly, the Company has calculated and applied an expected annual effective tax rate of approximately 20% for 2014 (as compared to 19% in the prior year), excluding significant, unusual or extraordinary items, for ordinary income associated with operations for which the Company currently expects to have annual taxable income, which are principally outside of the United States. The Company has not recorded tax benefits associated with losses from operations for which future taxable income cannot be reasonably assured. As required by this guidance, the Company also includes tax effects of significant, unusual or extraordinary items in income tax expense (benefit) in the interim period in which they occur.

Income tax expense was \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. Tax expense primarily consisted of income tax expense of \$7.0 million based on the expected annual rate pertaining to ordinary income, \$1.9 million of state and local tax expense and \$0.4 million of adjustments for taxes related to prior periods. These expenses were partially offset by \$6.1 million attributable to the release of valuation allowances primarily related to deferred tax liabilities associated with the March 2014 acquisition of an artist management business located in California. Historically, the Company has reinvested all foreign earnings in its continuing foreign operations. The Company currently believes all undistributed foreign earnings that are not currently subject to United States federal income tax will be indefinitely reinvested in its foreign operations.

The tax years 2005 through 2013 remain open to examination by the major tax jurisdictions to which the Company is subject.

NOTE 8—EQUITY

The following table shows the reconciliation of the carrying amount of stockholders' equity attributable to Live Nation Entertainment, Inc., equity attributable to noncontrolling interests, total equity and also redeemable noncontrolling interests for the six months ended June 30, 2014:

	Live Nation Entertainment, Stockholders' Equity	In	cNoncontrollin Interests	ıg	Total Equity		Redeemable Noncontrol Interests	
	(in thousands)						(in thousand	ds)
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$1,409,228		\$ 180,578		\$1,589,806		\$ 61,041	
Non-cash and stock-based compensation	22,568				22,568			
Common stock issued under stock plans, net of shares withheld for employee taxes	(8,115)	_		(8,115)	_	
Exercise of stock options	11,737				11,737			
Fair value of convertible debt conversion feature, net of issuance costs	21,418		_		21,418		_	
Acquisitions	_		3,343		3,343			
Purchases of noncontrolling interests	(2,232)	6		(2,226)	(4,755)
Sales of noncontrolling interests	_		(158)	(158)		
Redeemable noncontrolling interests fair value adjustments	(2,504)	_		(2,504)	2,504	
Noncontrolling interests contributions	_		106		106		_	
Cash distributions	_		(16,043)	(16,043)	(1,993)
Other			(4,511)	(4,511)	464	
Comprehensive income (loss):								
Net income (loss)	(9,514)	6,329		(3,185)	(1,090)
Unrealized loss on cash flow hedges	(8)			(8)		
Realized loss on cash flow hedges	33				33		_	
Change in funded status of defined benefit pension plan	30		_		30		_	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	19,143				19,143		_	
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$1,461,784		\$ 169,650		\$1,631,434		\$ 56,171	
Common Stock								

Common Stock

During the first half of 2014, the Company issued 1.6 million shares of common stock in connection with stock option exercises and vestings of restricted stock awards, net of shares withheld for taxes.

Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

The Company is subject to put arrangements arising from business combinations where the holders of the noncontrolling interests can require the Company to repurchase their shares at specified dates in the future or within specified periods in the future. Certain of these puts can be exercised earlier upon the occurrence of triggering events as specified in the agreements. The exercise dates for these puts range from January 2015 to December 2018. The redemption amounts for these puts are either at fair value at the time of exercise or a variable amount based on a formula linked to earnings. In accordance with the FASB guidance for business combinations, the redeemable noncontrolling interests are recorded at their fair value at acquisition date. As these put arrangements are not currently redeemable, the Company accretes up to the redemption value over the period from the date of issuance to the earliest redemption date of the individual puts, with the offset recorded to additional paid-in capital. Decreases in accretion are only recognized to the extent that increases had been previously recognized. The estimated redemption values that are based on a formula linked to future earnings are computed using projected cash flows each reporting period which take into account the current expectations regarding profitability and the timing of revenue-generating events.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following table presents changes in the components of AOCI, net of taxes, for the six months ended June 30, 2014:

	Gains and Losses On Cas Flow Hedges (in thousands)	sh	Defined Benef Pension Items	it	Foreign Currency Items	S	Total	
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$(79)	\$(611)	\$(1,680)	\$(2,370)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(8)	30		19,143		19,165	
Amount reclassified from AOCI	33				_		33	
Net other comprehensive income	25		30		19,143		19,198	
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$(54)	\$(581)	\$17,463		\$16,828	

The realized loss on cash flow hedges reclassified from AOCI consists of one interest rate swap agreement. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per common share:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months E June 30,	nded	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(in thousands e	except share and p	er share data)		
Net income (loss) attributable to common					
stockholders of Live Nation Entertainment, Inc.	\$22,934	\$58,130	\$(9,514) \$(5,109)
—basic and diluted					
Accretion of redeemable noncontrolling interests	(460) 68	(2,504) (160)
Net income (loss) available to common					
stockholders of Live Nation Entertainment,	\$22,474	\$58,198	\$(12,018) \$(5,269)
Inc.—basic and diluted					
Weighted average common shares—basic	198,701,762	193,069,783	198,282,044	190,960,206	
Effect of dilutive securities:					
Stock options, restricted stock and warrants	7,287,509	3,700,622	_		
Weighted average common shares—diluted	205,989,271	196,770,405	198,282,044	190,960,206	
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per common	\$0.11	\$0.30	\$(0.06) \$(0.03)
share	¥ 0.11	4 0.2 0	4 (0.00	, 4 (0.00	,

The calculation of diluted net income per common share includes the effects of the assumed exercise of any outstanding stock options and warrants, the assumed vesting of shares of restricted stock awards and the assumed conversion of the 2.5% convertible senior notes and the 2.875% convertible senior notes where dilutive. The following table shows securities excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per common share because such securities are anti-dilutive:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months	Ended
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(in thousands	s)		
Options to purchase shares of common stock	5,108	6,734	17,755	17,695
Restricted stock awards—unvested	715	917	1,770	2,594
Warrants	_	500	_	500
Conversion shares related to the convertible senior notes	16,035	8,105	16,035	8,105

Number of anti-dilutive potentially issuable shares	21,858	16,256	35,560	28,894
excluded from diluted common shares outstanding	21,030	10,230	33,300	20,094

NOTE 9—STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The following is a summary of stock-based compensation expense recorded by the Company during the respective periods:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months	Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(in thousand	ds)			
Selling, general and administrative	\$8,255	\$3,601	\$13,175	\$6,251	
expenses	Φ 0,233	\$ 5,001	φ13,173	\$0,231	
Corporate expenses	4,295	4,213	9,393	7,868	
Total	\$12,550	\$7,814	\$22,568	\$14,119	

The increase in stock-based compensation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of 2013 is due primarily to 2.2 million options and 0.7 million shares of restricted stock granted to management and directors during the first half of 2014, which will generally vest over one to four years. In addition, the Company granted other equity awards to employees during 2014, with the grant in the first quarter vesting over four years and the grant in the second quarter vesting at issuance. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense for these other awards of \$5.2 million and \$5.5 million, respectively, as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses.

As of June 30, 2014, there was \$60.1 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to stock-based compensation arrangements for stock options, restricted stock awards and other equity awards. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.7 years.

NOTE 10—SEGMENT DATA

The Company's reportable segments are Concerts, Ticketing, Artist Nation and Sponsorship & Advertising. The Concerts segment involves the promotion of live music events globally in the Company's owned or operated venues and in rented third-party venues, the production of music festivals and the operation and management of music venues. The Ticketing segment involves the management of the Company's global ticketing operations including providing ticketing software and services to clients and online access for customers relating to ticket and event information and is responsible for the Company's primary websites, www.livenation.com and www.ticketmaster.com. The Artist Nation segment provides management services to artists and other services including merchandise sales. The Sponsorship & Advertising segment manages the development of strategic sponsorship programs in addition to the sale of international, national and local sponsorships and placement of advertising including signage, promotional programs and banner ads in the Company's owned or operated venues and on its primary websites.

Revenue and expenses earned and charged between segments are eliminated in consolidation. Corporate expenses and all line items below operating income are managed on a total company basis. The Company's capital expenditures include accruals and expenditures funded by outside parties such as landlords or replacements funded by insurance companies.

The Company manages its working capital on a consolidated basis. Accordingly, segment assets are not reported to, or used by, the Company's management to allocate resources to or assess performance of the segments, and therefore, total segment assets have not been presented.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, the previously reported capital expenditures amount in the Concerts segment has been increased by \$19.6 million to include partial insurance recoveries received in connection with storm damage to an amphitheater in New York during Hurricane Sandy. The expenditures had previously been reported net of these recoveries

The following table presents the results of operations for the Company's reportable segments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

Concerts	Ticketing	Artist Nation	Sponsorship & Advertising	Other	Corporate	Eliminations	Consolidated
			(in thousands)				

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

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Revenue	\$1,172,166	\$371,000	\$79,162	\$70,903	\$839	\$ —	\$(28,285) \$1,665,785
Direct operating expenses	969,991	183,269	47,242	9,995	1,590	_	(27,391) 1,184,696

Salling ganara	Concerts	Ticketing	Artist Nation	Sponsorship & Advertising (in thousands)		Corporate	Elimination	s Consolidated
Selling, general and administrative expenses	166,890	111,882	34,029	12,244	880	_	_	325,925
Depreciation and amortization	26,189	40,968	7,665	1,739	10	542	(894	76,219
Loss (gain) on disposal of operating assets		(43)	1	_	_	_	_	(3,787)
Corporate expenses Acquisition	_	_	_	_	_	25,717	_	25,717
transaction expenses	456	58	(265)	_		1,080	_	1,329
Operating income (loss)	\$12,385	\$34,866	\$(9,510)	\$46,925	\$(1,641)	\$(27,339)	\$—	\$55,686
Intersegment revenue	\$25,604	\$187	\$2,494	\$	\$ —	\$ —	\$(28,285) \$—
Three Months I		-						
Revenue	\$1,193,006	\$337,827	\$99,739	\$71,240	\$791	\$—	\$(23,090	\$1,679,513
Direct operating expenses Selling, general		160,021	68,920	13,311	(2,206)	_	(22,604	1,209,918
and administrative expenses	159,517	101,919	22,476	10,959	848	_	_	295,719
Depreciation and amortization	35,068	36,685	10,136	596	11	678	(486	82,688
Loss (gain) on disposal of		42	1,091	_	_	_	_	(30,199)
operating assets Corporate expenses Acquisition	- -	_	_	_	_	21,812	_	21,812
transaction expenses	313	_	17	_	_	1,439	_	1,769
Operating income (loss)	\$36,964	\$39,160	\$(2,901)	\$46,374	\$2,138	\$(23,929)	\$—	\$97,806
Intersegment revenue	\$21,254	\$714	\$1,122	\$	\$ —	\$—	\$(23,090) \$—
Six Months En			***				A	
Revenue	\$1,834,656	\$725,461	\$151,718	\$116,291	\$1,585	\$ —	\$(36,610	\$2,793,101
Direct operating expenses	^g 1,487,146	355,860	89,318	18,059	681	_	(35,217	1,915,847

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Selling, general and administrative expenses	316,806	225,902	59,822	24,165	1,635	_	_	628,330
Depreciation and amortization	54,709	86,951	15,436	1,943	20	1,141	(1,393) 158,807
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	Concerts		Ticketing	Artist Nation	Sponsorship & Advertising (in thousands)		Corporate	Eliminations	Consolidate	d
Loss (gain) on disposal of operating assets Corporate expenses	(3,235)	(117)	34	_	_	37	_	(3,281)
	_		_	_	_	_	46,891	_	46,891	
Acquisition transaction expenses	783		63	188	_	_	2,095	_	3,129	
Operating income (loss)	\$(21,553)	\$56,802	\$(13,080)	\$72,124	\$(751)	\$(50,164)	\$—	\$43,378	
Intersegment revenue	\$33,034		\$460	\$3,116	\$	\$—	\$	\$(36,610)	\$—	
Capital expenditures	\$18,306		\$37,438	\$943	\$449	\$ —	\$5,271	\$—	\$62,407	
Six Months End Revenue	\$1,706,541		013 \$662,962	\$150,010	\$111,387	\$1,584	\$—	\$(29,273)	\$2,603,211	
Direct operating expenses Selling, general			315,083	100,332	20,175	(3,171)	_	(28,295)	1,786,852	
and administrative	296,835		213,859	42,514	20,647	1,386	_	_	575,241	
expenses Depreciation and amortization	63,770		79,498	20,170	738	185	1,470	(978)	164,853	
Loss (gain) on disposal of operating assets	(34,462)	(20)	679	_	7	_	_	(33,796)
Corporate expenses	_		_	_	_	_	42,467	_	42,467	
Acquisition transaction expenses	547		24	145	_	_	2,261	_	2,977	
Operating income (loss)	\$(2,877)	\$54,518	\$(13,830)	\$69,827	\$3,177	\$(46,198)	\$ —	\$64,617	
Intersegment revenue	\$26,967		\$981	\$1,325	\$	\$—	\$—	\$(29,273)	\$ —	
Capital expenditures	\$31,444		\$42,993	\$282	\$300	\$—	\$(171)	\$—	\$74,848	
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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations "Live Nation" (which may be referred to as the "Company," "we," "us" or "our") means Live Nation Entertainment, Inc. and it subsidiaries, or one of our segments or subsidiaries, as the context requires. You should read the following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations together with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes to the financial statements included elsewhere in this quarterly report.

Special Note About Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this quarterly report (or otherwise made by us or on our behalf from time to time in other reports, filings with the SEC, news releases, conferences, internet postings or otherwise) that are not statements of historical fact constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, notwithstanding that such statements are not specifically identified. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about our financial position, business strategy, competitive position, potential growth opportunities, potential operating performance improvements, the effects of competition, the effects of future legislation or regulations and plans and objectives of our management for future operations. We have based our forward-looking statements on our beliefs and assumptions based on information available to us at the time the statements are made. Use of the words "may," "should," "continue," "plan," "potential," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "outlook," "could," "target," "project," variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in such statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ from those discussed in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those set forth below under Part II Item 1A.—Risk Factors, in Part I Item IA.—Risk Factors of our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as other factors described herein or in our annual, quarterly and other reports we file with the SEC (collectively, "cautionary statements"). Based upon changing conditions, should any one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described in any forward-looking statements. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the applicable cautionary statements. We do not intend to update these forward-looking statements, except as required by applicable law.

Executive Overview

In the second quarter of 2014, our overall revenue decreased slightly compared to last year driven by a reduction in the number of concert events and fans due to fewer stadium and arena tours. However, Ticketing's ticket sales increased by 2% overall for the quarter and, combined with strong growth in our resale business, resulted in a 10% improvement in Ticketing revenue for the quarter. For the first six months, our overall revenue is up 7% due to an increase in Ticketing ticket sales globally as well as growth in our resale business and strong first quarter results in our Concerts segment. We believe by leveraging our leadership position in the entertainment industry to reach fans through the live concert experience, we will sell more tickets which will then grow our sponsorship and advertising revenue. As the leading global live event and ticketing company, we believe that we are well-positioned to provide the best service to artists, teams, fans and venues and therefore drive growth across all our businesses.

Our Concerts segment revenue for the quarter decreased 2% compared to last year largely due to a reduction in the number of stadium shows as well as fewer arena events. The number of fans was down 5% as a result of these drivers. We delivered increased revenue in North America for the quarter from higher attendance at our amphitheaters as well as improved results for the Electric Daisy Carnival in Las Vegas at the end of June. As we noted in the last quarter, we had a significantly higher volume of arena shows and attendance in the first quarter this year than we have historically seen. This shift in timing drove higher revenue and higher operating income for Concerts in the first quarter. For the first six months, our Concerts revenue has improved 8% over last year. Our overall Concerts operating results declined for the quarter due to this timing of events as well as the gains recognized in the second quarter of 2013 from the sale of a theatrical theater in New York and higher insurance recoveries for storm damage sustained to an amphitheater in New York. We will continue to look for expansion opportunities, both domestically and internationally, as well as ways to market our events more effectively in order to continue to expand our fan base and

geographic reach and to sell more tickets.

Our Ticketing segment revenue for the quarter increased 10% compared to last year largely due to higher primary ticket sales and growth of our resale business in North America. Overall, the total number of tickets sold during the quarter increased 2%. In our resale business, gross transaction value of tickets sold increased in the second quarter of 2014 due in large part to the success of our new TM+ product which drove significant growth in concert and professional sports ticket sales. For the first six months, our gross transaction value of resale tickets sold increased by over 30%, driven by concert and sports ticket sales on TM+ as well as increased results in our international markets. For the first six months, 17% of our total tickets were sold via mobile and tablet devices as we continue to implement new features that are driving further expansion of mobile ticket

transactions. Ticketing operating results for the quarter were down due to higher investments in our technology products and higher depreciation and amortization expenses. We continue to invest in a variety of initiatives aimed at improving the ticket buying process and the overall fan and venue client experience.

Our Artist Nation segment revenue decreased 21% for the quarter as compared to last year primarily due to the decision in July of last year by the Concerts segment to no longer outsource VIP ticket sales to Artist Nation. Operating results for Artist Nation decreased in the quarter largely as a result of higher compensation costs and lower management commissions and merchandise sales. Our Artist Nation segment is focused on serving its existing artists as well as developing new relationships with top artists and extending the various services it provides.

Our Sponsorship & Advertising segment revenue was flat for the quarter as compared to the same period of the prior year with higher sponsorship revenue generated from new clients and our electronic music festivals offset by a decline in specialized campaigns that occurred in the second quarter of 2013. We are incurring higher compensation costs to expand our sales team which we expect to drive additional sales in our online group, in new markets, such as Australia, and new business lines, such as electronic dance music. We anticipate this investment in our sales force will generate revenue growth in the future. Overall, operating income increased slightly due to improved results on certain sponsorship programs partially offset by this growth in our sales staff as well as higher depreciation and amortization expenses. Our extensive on-site and online reach, global venue distribution network, artist relationships and ticketing operations are the key to securing long-term sponsorship agreements with major brands and we plan to expand these assets while extending further into new markets internationally.

We continue to be optimistic about the long-term potential of our company and are focused on the key elements of our business model — expand our concert platform, drive conversion of ticket sales through social and mobile channels, grow our sponsorship and online revenue, sell more tickets for our Ticketmaster clients, deliver fans a fully integrated offering of primary and secondary tickets together, drive cost efficiencies and continue to align our artist management group with our other core businesses.

Our History

We were incorporated in Delaware on August 2, 2005 in preparation for the contribution and transfer by Clear Channel of substantially all of its entertainment assets and liabilities to us. We completed our separation from Clear Channel on December 21, 2005, and became a publicly traded company on the New York Stock Exchange trading under the symbol "LYV."

On January 25, 2010, we merged with Ticketmaster. Effective on the date of the merger, Ticketmaster became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Live Nation and Live Nation, Inc. changed its name to Live Nation Entertainment, Inc. Segment Overview

Our reportable segments are Concerts, Ticketing, Artist Nation and Sponsorship & Advertising. Concerts

Our Concerts segment principally involves the global promotion of live music events in our owned or operated venues and in rented third-party venues, the operation and management of music venues and the production of music festivals across the world. While our Concerts segment operates year-round, we generally experience higher revenue during the second and third quarters due to the seasonal nature of shows at our outdoor amphitheaters and festivals, which primarily occur May through September. Revenue and related costs for events are generally deferred and recognized when the event occurs. All advertising costs for shows are expensed at the end of the year for any future events. To judge the health of our Concerts segment, we primarily monitor the number of confirmed events in our network of owned or operated and third-party venues, talent fees, average paid attendance and advance ticket sales. In addition, at our owned or operated venues, we monitor attendance, ancillary revenue per fan and premium ticket sales. For business that is conducted in foreign markets, we also compare the operating results from our foreign operations to prior periods on a constant currency basis.

Ticketing

Our Ticketing segment is primarily an agency business that sells tickets for events on behalf of its clients and retains a fixed fee or a percentage of the total convenience charge and order processing fee for its services. We sell tickets through websites, telephone, mobile apps and ticket outlets. Our ticketing sales are impacted by fluctuations in the availability of events for sale to the public, which may vary depending upon scheduling by our clients. Our Ticketing segment also manages our online activities including enhancements to our websites and bundled product offerings. Through our websites, we sell tickets to our own events as well as tickets for our ticketing clients and provide event information. Revenue related to ticketing service charges for our events where we control ticketing is deferred and recognized as the event occurs.

To judge the health of our Ticketing segment, we primarily review the gross transaction value and the number of tickets sold through our ticketing operations, average convenience charges and order processing fees, the number of clients renewed or added and the average royalty rate paid to clients who use our ticketing services. In addition, we review the number of visits to our websites, the overall number of customers in our database, the number of tickets sold via mobile apps and websites and the revenue related to the sale of other products on our websites. For business that is conducted in foreign markets, we also compare the operating results from our foreign operations to prior periods on a constant currency basis.

Artist Nation

Our Artist Nation segment primarily provides management services to music artists in exchange for a commission on the earnings of these artists. Our Artist Nation segment also sells merchandise associated with music artists at live performances, to retailers and directly to consumers via the internet. Revenue earned from our Artist Nation segment is impacted to a large degree by the touring schedules of the artists we represent and generally we experience higher revenue during the second and third quarters as the period from May through September tends to be a popular time for touring events.

To judge the health of our Artist Nation segment, we primarily review the annual commissions earned for each artist represented and the percentage of top artists on tour or with planned album releases as these activities tend to drive higher revenue. For business that is conducted in foreign markets, we also compare the operating results from our foreign operations to prior periods on a constant currency basis.

Sponsorship & Advertising

Our Sponsorship & Advertising segment employs a sales force that creates and maintains relationships with sponsors, through a combination of strategic, international, national and local opportunities that allow businesses to reach customers through our concert, venue, artist relationship and ticketing assets, including advertising on our websites. We work with our corporate clients to help create marketing programs that drive their business goals and connects their brands directly with fans and artists. We also develop, book and produce custom events or programs for our clients' specific brands which are typically experienced exclusively by the clients' consumers. These custom events can involve live music events with talent and media, using both online and traditional outlets. We typically experience higher revenue in the second and third quarters as a large portion of sponsorships are typically associated with our outdoor venues and festivals which are primarily used in or occur during May through September.

To judge the health of our Sponsorship & Advertising segment, we primarily review the average revenue per sponsor, the total revenue generated through sponsorship arrangements, the percentage of expected revenue under contract and the online revenue received from sponsors advertising on our websites. For business that is conducted in foreign markets, we also compare the operating results from our foreign operations to prior periods on a constant currency basis.

Consolidated Results of Operations

	Three Months Ended June 30,			% Change	Six Months Ended June 30,				% Change	
	2014 (in thousar	ada)	2013		C	2014 (in thousand	40)	2013		J
D	*			2	(1)0/			¢2.602.21	1	701
Revenue	\$1,665,78	3	\$1,679,51	3	(1)%	\$2,793,101		\$2,603,21	1	7%
Operating expenses:	1 101 606		1 200 010		(a) ~	1 01 7 0 17		4 = 0 < 0 = 0		=~
Direct operating expenses	1,184,696		1,209,918		(2)%	1,915,847		1,786,852		7%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	325,925		295,719		10%	628,330		575,241		9%
Depreciation and amortization	76,219		82,688		(8)%	158,807		164,853		(4)%
Gain on disposal of operating assets	(3,787)	(30,199))	*	(3,281)	(33,796)	*
Corporate expenses	25,717		21,812		18%	46,891		42,467		10%
Acquisition transaction expenses	1,329		1,769		*	3,129		2,977		*
Operating income	55,686		97,806		(43)%	43,378		64,617		(33)%
Operating margin	3.3	%	5.8	%		1.6	%	2.5	%	
Interest expense	27,590		30,041			52,082		58,192		
Interest income	(1,146)	(890)		(1,812)	(2,658)	
Equity in earnings of nonconsolidated affiliates	¹ (960)	(2,629)		(3,766)	(5,211)	
Other expense (income), net	(330)	3,868			(1,506)	7,506		
Income (loss) before income taxes	30,532		67,416			(1,620)	6,788		
Income tax expense	4,710		8,401			2,655		11,960		
Net income (loss)	25,822		59,015			(4,275)	(5,172)	
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	2,888		885			5,239		(63)	
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders of Live Nation Entertainment, Inc.	\$22,934		\$58,130			\$(9,514)	\$(5,109)	

^{*} Percentages are not meaningful.

Key Operating Metrics

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Er June 30,	nded
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Concerts (1)				
Total estimated events:				
North America	4,027	4,074	7,269	7,354
International	1,639	1,841	3,198	3,463
Total estimated events	5,666	5,915	10,467	10,817
Total estimated fans (rounded):				
North America	9,268,000	9,283,000	14,981,000	14,343,000
International	5,221,000	6,021,000	8,518,000	9,071,000
Total estimated fans	14,489,000	15,304,000	23,499,000	23,414,000
Ticketing				
Number of tickets sold (in thousands) (2)	36,910	36,268	73,563	72,016

Events generally represent a single performance by an artist. Fans generally represent the number of people who attend an event. Festivals are counted as one event in the quarter in which the festival begins, but number of fans is based on the days the fan was present at the festival and thus can be reported across multiple quarters. Events and fan attendance metrics are estimated each quarter.

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(2)

The number of tickets sold includes primary tickets only. This metric includes tickets sold during the period regardless of event timing except for our promoted events in our owned or operated venues and in certain European territories where these tickets are reported as the events occur. The total number of tickets sold reported above for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 excludes approximately 61 million and 65 million, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 excludes approximately 135 million and 138 million, respectively, of tickets sold using our Ticketmaster systems, through season seat packages and our venue clients' box offices, for which we do not receive a fee.

Revenue

Our revenue decreased \$13.7 million, or 1%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. The overall decrease in revenue was primarily due to decreases in our Concerts and Artist Nation segments of \$20.8 million and \$20.6 million, respectively, partially offset by an increase in our Ticketing segment of \$33.2 million. Excluding the increase of approximately \$20.7 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, revenue decreased \$34.4 million, or 2%. The impact of foreign exchange rates was significant only to the Concerts segment.

Our revenue increased \$189.9 million, or 7%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. The overall increase in revenue was primarily due to increases in our Concerts and Ticketing segments of \$128.1 million and \$62.5 million, respectively. Excluding the increase of approximately \$16.7 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, revenue increased \$173.2 million, or 7%. The impact of foreign exchange rates was significant only to the Concerts segment.

More detailed explanations of these changes are included in the applicable segment discussions below.

Direct operating expenses

Our direct operating expenses decreased \$25.2 million, or 2%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. The overall decrease in direct operating expenses was primarily due to decreases in our Concerts and Artist Nation segments of \$22.5 million and \$21.7 million, respectively, partially offset by an increase in our Ticketing segment of \$23.2 million. Excluding the increase of approximately \$16.7 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, direct operating expenses decreased \$41.9 million, or 3%. The impact of foreign exchange rates was significant only to the Concerts segment.

Our direct operating expenses increased \$129.0 million, or 7%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. The overall increase in direct operating expenses was primarily due to increases in our Concerts and Ticketing segments of \$104.4 million and \$40.8 million, respectively, partially offset by a decrease in our Artist Nation segment of \$11.0 million. Excluding the increase of approximately \$12.6 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, direct operating expenses increased \$116.4 million, or 7%. The impact of foreign exchange rates was significant only to the Concerts segment.

Direct operating expenses include artist fees, event production costs, ticketing client royalties, show-related marketing and advertising expenses, along with other costs.

More detailed explanations of these changes are included in the applicable segment discussions below.

Selling, general and administrative expenses

Our selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$30.2 million, or 10%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. The overall increase in selling, general and administrative expenses was primarily due to increases in our Concerts, Ticketing and Artist Nation segments of \$7.4 million, \$10.0 million and \$11.6 million, respectively. Excluding the increase of approximately \$4.7 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, direct operating expenses increased \$25.5 million, or 9%. The impact of foreign exchange rates was significant only to the Concerts segment.

Our selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$53.1 million, or 9%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. The overall increase in selling, general and administrative expenses was primarily due to increases in our Concerts, Ticketing and Artist Nation segments of \$20.0 million, \$12.0 million and \$17.3 million, respectively. Excluding the increase of approximately \$6.2 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, direct operating expenses increased \$46.9 million, or 8%. The impact of foreign exchange rates was significant only to the Concerts segment.

More detailed explanations of these changes are included in the applicable segment discussions below.

Depreciation and amortization

Our depreciation and amortization expenses decreased \$6.5 million, or 8%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. The overall decrease in depreciation and amortization was primarily due to a decrease in our Concerts segment of \$8.9 million partially offset by an increase in our Ticketing segment of \$4.3 million. Excluding the increase of approximately \$1.0 million related to the impact of changes in

foreign exchange rates, depreciation and amortization decreased \$7.5 million, or 9%. The impact of foreign exchange rates was not significant to the segments individually.

Our depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$6.0 million, or 4%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. The overall decrease in depreciation and amortization was primarily due to decreases in our Concerts and Artist Nation segments of \$9.1 million and \$4.7 million, respectively, partially offset by an increase in our Ticketing segment of \$7.5 million. Excluding the increase of approximately \$1.0 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, depreciation and amortization decreased \$7.0 million, or 4%. The impact of foreign exchange rates was not significant to the segments individually.

More detailed explanations of these changes are included in the applicable segment discussions below.

Gain on disposal of operating assets

Gain on disposal of operating assets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$3.8 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, consisting primarily of a \$3.2 million gain recognized during the second quarter of 2014 in our Concerts segment in connection with a final insurance recovery for storm damage sustained to an amphitheater in New York during Hurricane Sandy in 2012.

Gain on disposal of operating assets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 was \$30.2 million and \$33.8 million, respectively, consisting primarily of a \$21.9 million gain recognized from the May 2013 sale of a theatrical theater in New York in our Concerts segment. In addition, we recognized gains of \$9.4 million and \$12.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, in connection with partial insurance recoveries for the storm damage discussed above.

Corporate expenses

Corporate expenses increased \$3.9 million, or 18%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to the timing of results that impact certain contractual bonuses, annual salary increases and higher consulting expenses.

Corporate expenses increased \$4.4 million, or 10%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to higher compensation costs driven by annual salary increases and higher headcount along with additional consulting expenses.

Interest expense

Interest expense decreased \$2.5 million, or 8%, and \$6.1 million, or 10%, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, as compared to the same periods of the prior year primarily due to the interest cost reduction realized from the August 2013 redemption of the 8.125% senior notes and a lower average interest rate on certain floating rate debt partially offset by the interest costs from the additional 7% senior notes issued in August 2013 and the 5.375% senior notes and the 2.5% convertible senior notes issued in May 2014.

Our debt balances and weighted-average cost of debt, excluding unamortized debt discounts of \$37.2 million and including debt premium of \$7.9 million, were \$2.3 billion and 4.2%, respectively, at June 30, 2014.

Other expense (income), net

Other expense (income), net was income of \$0.3 million and \$1.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, and includes the impact of foreign exchange rate gains of \$0.5 million and foreign exchange rate losses of \$2.3 million, respectively. In addition, the six-month period includes \$4.7 million of income primarily from the dissolution of two artist management businesses.

Other expense (income), net was expense of \$3.9 million and \$7.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, and includes the impact of foreign exchange rate losses of \$4.4 million and \$7.8 million, respectively.

Income taxes

Income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$2.7 million and \$12.0 million, respectively. The decrease in income tax expense results primarily from deferred tax benefits of \$6.1 million attributable to the release of valuation allowances primarily due to deferred tax liabilities associated with the March 2014 acquisition of an artist management business located in California. These benefits were partially offset by increased foreign taxes of \$1.7 million based on the expected annual rate and \$1.1 million for prior period taxes.

Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests

Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests increased to income of \$5.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to a loss of \$0.1 million for the comparable period of the prior year. The increase is primarily due to improved operating results from certain artist management businesses partially offset by lower operating results from certain international concert businesses.

Concerts Results of Operations

Our Concerts segment operating results were, and discussions of significant variances are, as follows:

	Three Months Ended			%	Six Months Ended				%	
	June 30,				Change	June 30,				Change
	2014		2013			2014		2013		
	(in thousands	s)				(in thousar	nds)			
Revenue	\$1,172,166		\$1,193,006		(2)%	\$1,834,65	6	\$1,706,54	1	8%
Direct operating expenses	969,991		992,476		(2)%	1,487,146		1,382,728		8%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	166,890		159,517		5%	316,806		296,835		7%
Depreciation and amortization	26,189		35,068		(25)%	54,709		63,770		(14)%
Gain on disposal of operating asset	s(3,745))	(31,332)	*	(3,235)	(34,462)	*
Acquisition transaction expenses	456		313		*	783		547		*
Operating income (loss)	\$12,385		\$36,964		(66)%	\$(21,553)	\$(2,877)	*
Operating margin	1.1	%	3.1	%		(1.2)%	(0.2)%	
Adjusted operating income **	\$37,143		\$42,588		(13)%	\$34,506		\$29,446		17%

^{*} Percentages are not meaningful.

Three Months

Concerts revenue decreased \$20.8 million, or 2%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. Excluding the increase of \$16.9 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, revenue decreased \$37.7 million, or 3%, primarily due to fewer arena shows and decreased global touring activity due to the timing of tours. These decreases were partially offset by more shows in our North America owned or operated amphitheaters.

Concerts direct operating expenses decreased \$22.5 million, or 2%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. Excluding the increase of \$14.8 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, direct operating expenses decreased \$37.3 million, or 4%, primarily related to the changes in show activity discussed above and due to lower costs in North America festivals.

Concerts selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$7.4 million, or 5%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. Excluding the increase of \$2.9 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$4.5 million, or 3%, primarily due to higher compensation costs resulting from annual salary increases and additional headcount along with additional costs for venue enhancements. In addition, we had incremental expenses of \$2.9 million from the acquisition of various festival promotion businesses.

Concerts depreciation and amortization decreased \$8.9 million, or 25%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year resulting primarily from lower amortization driven by the acceleration of amortization in 2013 associated with a change in the estimated life of certain venue management and leasehold intangible assets.

Concerts gain on disposal of operating assets of \$3.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 consists primarily of the final insurance recovery for storm damage to an amphitheater in New York during Hurricane Sandy in 2012. Concerts gain on disposal of operating assets of \$31.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 was primarily due to a \$21.9 million gain on the sale of a theatrical theater in New York and \$9.4 million related to the insurance recovery discussed above.

^{**} AOI is defined and reconciled to operating income (loss) below.

The decreased operating income for Concerts for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily driven by the lower gain on disposal of operating assets.

Six Months

Concerts revenue increased \$128.1 million, or 8%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. Excluding the increase of \$14.2 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, revenue increased \$113.9 million, or 7%, primarily due to higher average attendance at our international arena shows and more North America amphitheater, arena and third-party stadium events along with higher global touring activity.

Concerts direct operating expenses increased \$104.4 million, or 8%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. Excluding the increase of \$11.3 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, direct operating expenses increased \$93.1 million, or 7%, primarily due to higher expenses associated with the increased show activity discussed above.

Concerts selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$20.0 million, or 7%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. Excluding the increase of \$4.3 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$15.7 million, or 5%, primarily due to higher compensation costs driven by annual salary increases and additional headcount along with additional costs for venue enhancements. In addition, we had incremental expenses of \$7.8 million from the acquisition of various festival and concert promotion businesses.

Concerts depreciation and amortization decreased \$9.1 million, or 14%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year resulting primarily from lower amortization driven by the acceleration of amortization recorded in 2013 associated with a change in the estimated life of certain venue management and leasehold intangible assets.

Concerts gain on disposal of operating assets of \$3.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 consists primarily of the final insurance recovery for storm damage to an amphitheater in New York during Hurricane Sandy in 2012. Concerts gain on disposal of operating assets of \$34.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 was primarily due to a \$21.9 million gain on the sale of a theatrical theater in New York and \$12.6 million related to the insurance recovery discussed above.

The increased operating loss for Concerts for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily driven by the lower gain on disposal of operating assets partially offset by increased show results and the lower amortization discussed above.

Ticketing Results of Operations

Our Ticketing segment operating results were, and discussions of significant variances are, as follows:

	Three Months Ended			%	Six Months Ended				%
	June 30,			Change	June 30,				Change
	2014		2013		2014		2013		
	(in thousan	ds)		(in thousand	s)			
Revenue	\$371,000		\$337,827	10%	\$725,461		\$662,962		9%
Direct operating expenses	183,269		160,021	15%	355,860		315,083		13%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	111,882		101,919	10%	225,902		213,859		6%
Depreciation and amortization	40,968		36,685	12%	86,951		79,498		9%
Loss (gain) on disposal of operating assets	(43)	42	*	(117)	(20)	*
Acquisition transaction expenses	58			*	63		24		*
Operating income	\$34,866	07	\$39,160	(11)%	\$56,802	01	\$54,518	07	4%
Operating margin Adjusted operating income **	9.4 \$76,554	%	11.6 % \$77,569	(1)%	7.8 \$146,571	<i>70</i>	8.2 \$137,158	%	7%

^{*} Percentages are not meaningful.

^{**} AOI is defined and reconciled to operating income (loss) below.

Three Months

Ticketing revenue increased \$33.2 million, or 10%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to increased domestic primary and resale ticket volumes and higher domestic primary ticket fees driven by an increase in concert ticket sales.

Ticketing direct operating expenses increased \$23.2 million, or 15%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to higher costs associated with the increased ticket sales discussed above.

Ticketing selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$10.0 million, or 10%, for the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. Excluding the increase of \$1.4 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$8.6 million, or 8%, primarily due to legal settlements from certain of our insurance carriers and law firms received during the first half of 2013 and higher compensation costs associated with annual salary increases and increased headcount. Ticketing depreciation and amortization increased \$4.3 million, or 12%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to higher depreciation from our investment in our technology platform.

The decrease in Ticketing operating income for the three months ended June 30, 2014 is primarily due to increased selling, general and administrative expenses and depreciation associated with our investment in our technology platform. These increases were partially offset by higher domestic ticket volumes discussed above. Six Months

Ticketing revenue increased \$62.5 million, or 9%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to increased domestic primary and resale ticket volumes and higher domestic primary ticket fees driven by an increase in concert ticket sales.

Ticketing direct operating expenses increased \$40.8 million, or 13%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to higher costs associated with the increased ticket sales discussed above.

Ticketing selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$12.0 million, or 6%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year. Excluding the increase of \$1.4 million related to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates, selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$10.6 million, or 5%, primarily due to higher compensation costs associated with annual salary increases and higher headcount along with the impact of legal settlements received in 2013.

Ticketing depreciation and amortization increased \$7.5 million, or 9%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to higher depreciation from our investment in our technology platform.

The increase in Ticketing operating income for the six months ended June 30, 2014 is primarily due to increased domestic ticket sales discussed above partially offset by higher compensation costs and increased depreciation.

Artist Nation Results of Operations

Our Artist Nation segment operating results were, and discussions of significant variances are, as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				%	Six Months Ended June 30,				%
					Change					Change
	2014		2013			2014		2013		
	(in thous	ands)			(in thousa				
Revenue	\$79,162		\$99,739		(21)%	\$151,718		\$150,010		1%
Direct operating expenses	47,242		68,920		(31)%	89,318		100,332		(11)%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	34,029		22,476		51%	59,822		42,514		41%
Depreciation and amortization	7,665		10,136		(24)%	15,436		20,170		(23)%
Loss on disposal of operating assets	1		1,091		*	34		679		*
Acquisition transaction expenses	(265)	17		*	188		145		*
Operating loss	\$(9,510)	\$(2,901)	*	\$(13,080)	\$(13,830)	*
Operating margin	(12.0)%	(2.9)%		(8.6))%	(9.2)%	
Adjusted operating income **	\$3,218		\$8,498		(62)%	\$8,362		\$7,455		12%

^{*} Percentages are not meaningful.

Three Months

Artist Nation revenue decreased \$20.6 million, or 21%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to reductions in VIP ticket sales, from the decision in July 2013 by the Concerts segment to expand their premium ticket packages and no longer outsource VIP ticket sales to Artist Nation, along with a reduction in tour merchandise driven by the timing of certain artist tours. These decreases were partially offset by incremental revenue of \$6.7 million resulting from the recent acquisitions or prospective consolidation of various artist management companies.

Artist Nation direct operating expenses decreased \$21.7 million, or 31%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to a reduction in costs associated with the VIP ticket sales reduction and lower tour merchandise sales discussed above.

Artist Nation selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$11.6 million, or 51%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to incremental selling, general and administrative expenses of \$2.6 million resulting from the acquisitions noted above along with higher compensation cost driven by increased headcount and higher non-cash compensation expense in the management business.

Artist Nation depreciation and amortization decreased \$2.5 million, or 24%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year resulting from lower amortization driven by certain intangible assets in the management business that became fully amortized in 2013.

The increased operating loss for Artist Nation for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily driven by lower merchandise results and increased non-cash compensation expense.

Six Months

Artist Nation revenue increased \$1.7 million, or 1%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year partially due to incremental revenue of \$9.6 million resulting from the acquisition or prospective consolidation of various artist management companies. In addition, revenue increased due to higher management revenue driven by the timing of certain artist commissions and higher tour merchandise sales. These increases were partially offset by reductions in VIP ticket sales due to the decision by the Concerts segment to no longer outsource this service to Artist Nation.

Artist Nation direct operating expenses decreased \$11.0 million, or 11%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to a reduction in costs associated with the VIP ticket

^{**} AOI is defined and reconciled to operating income (loss) below.

sales reduction discussed above partially offset by higher costs associated with the increase in tour merchandise sales.

Artist Nation selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$17.3 million, or 41%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to higher compensation and non-cash compensation expenses in the management business along with incremental expenses of \$3.9 million resulting from the acquisitions noted above.

Artist Nation depreciation and amortization decreased \$4.7 million, or 23%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year resulting from lower amortization driven by certain intangible assets in the management business that became fully amortized in 2013.

The operating loss for Artist Nation for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was relatively unchanged as higher commissions were offset by higher compensation costs in the management business.

Sponsorship & Advertising Results of Operations

Our Sponsorship & Advertising segment operating results were, and discussions of significant variances are, as follows:

	Three Month	ns Ended	%	Six Months E	nded	%
	June 30,		Change	June 30,		Change
	2014	2013		2014	2013	
	(in thousand	s)		(in thousands)		
Revenue	\$70,903	\$71,240	_	\$116,291	\$111,387	4%
Direct operating expenses	9,995	13,311	(25)%	18,059	20,175	(10)%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	12,244	10,959	12%	24,165	20,647	17%
Depreciation and amortization	1,739	596	*	1,943	738	*
Operating income	\$46,925	\$46,374	1%	\$72,124	\$69,827	3%
Operating margin	66.2 %	6 65.1 %)	62.0 %	62.7)
Adjusted operating income **	\$49,029	\$47,159	4%	\$74,784	\$70,919	5%

^{*} Percentages are not meaningful.

Three Months

Sponsorship & Advertising revenue was relatively unchanged decreasing \$0.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year.

Sponsorship & Advertising direct operating expenses decreased \$3.3 million, or 25%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year driven by lower fulfillment costs on certain sponsorship and online programs.

Sponsorship & Advertising selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$1.3 million, or 12%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily from higher compensation costs from the timing of increased headcount to drive additional online sales in future periods along with annual salary increases.

Overall, operating income for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was relatively unchanged as compared to last year.

Six Months

Sponsorship & Advertising revenue increased \$4.9 million, or 4%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to new, or expansion of existing, sponsorship agreements. Sponsorship & Advertising direct operating expenses decreased \$2.1 million, or 10%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year driven by lower fulfillment costs on certain sponsorship and online programs.

Sponsorship & Advertising selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$3.5 million, or 17%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily related to higher compensation costs from the timing of increased headcount to drive additional online sales in future periods.

^{**} AOI is defined and reconciled to operating income (loss) below.

The increased operating income for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to improved results on certain sponsorship programs.

Reconciliation of Segment Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)

AOI is a non-GAAP financial measure that we define as operating income (loss) before acquisition expenses (including transaction costs, changes in the fair value of accrued acquisition-related contingent consideration arrangements and acquisition-related severance), depreciation and amortization (including goodwill impairment), loss (gain) on disposal of operating assets and non-cash and certain stock-based compensation expense. We use AOI to evaluate the performance of our operating segments. We believe that information about AOI assists investors by allowing them to evaluate changes in the operating results of our portfolio of businesses separate from non-operational factors that affect net income, thus providing insights into both operations and the other factors that affect reported results. AOI is not calculated or presented in accordance with GAAP. A limitation of the use of AOI as a performance measure is that it does not reflect the periodic costs of certain amortizing assets used in generating revenue in our business. Accordingly, AOI should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for, operating income (loss), net income (loss), and other measures of financial performance reported in accordance with GAAP. Furthermore, this measure may vary among other companies; thus, AOI as presented herein may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

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The following table sets forth the reconciliation of adjusted operating income (loss) to operating income (loss):

	Adjusted operating income (loss)	Non-cash and stock- based compensation expense	Loss (gain) on disposal of operating assets (in thousand	Depreciation and amortization	expenses	Operating income (loss)	
Three Months Ended June 30, 20	14		(/			
Concerts	\$37,143	\$ 1,858	\$(3,745) \$26,189	\$456	\$12,385	
Ticketing	76,554	705	(43) 40,968	58	34,866	
Artist Nation	3,218	5,327	1	7,665	(265)	(9,510)
Sponsorship & Advertising	49,029	365		1,739		46,925	
Other and Eliminations	(2,525) —		·		(1,641)
Corporate	(21,422) 4,295		542	1,080	(27,339)
Total	\$141,997	\$12,550	\$(3,787) \$76,219	\$1,329	\$55,686	
Three Months Ended June 30, 20	•				,		
Concerts	\$42,588	\$ 1,575	\$(31,332) \$35,068	\$313	\$36,964	
Ticketing	77,569	1,682	42	36,685		39,160	
Artist Nation	8,498	155	1,091	10,136	17	(2,901)
Sponsorship & Advertising	47,159	189		596		46,374	
Other and Eliminations	1,663			(475)		2,138	
Corporate	(17,599) 4,213		678	1,439	(23,929)
Total	\$159,878	\$7,814	\$(30,199) \$82,688	\$1,769	\$97,806	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2014							
Concerts	\$34,506	\$3,802	\$(3,235) \$54,709	\$783	\$(21,553)
Ticketing	146,571	2,872	(117) 86,951	63	56,802	
Artist Nation	8,362	5,784	34	15,436	188	(13,080)
Sponsorship & Advertising	74,784	717		1,943		72,124	
Other and Eliminations	(2,124) —		(1,373)		(751)
Corporate	(37,498) 9,393	37	1,141	2,095	(50,164)
Total	\$224,601	\$ 22,568	\$(3,281) \$158,807	\$3,129	\$43,378	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2013			•				
Concerts	\$29,446	\$ 2,468	\$(34,462) \$63,770	\$ 547	\$(2,877)
Ticketing	137,158	3,138	(20) 79,498	24	54,518	
Artist Nation	7,455	291	679	20,170	145	(13,830)
Sponsorship & Advertising	70,919	354		738		69,827	
Other and Eliminations	2,391		7	(793)		3,177	
Corporate	(34,599	7,868		1,470	2,261	(46,198)
Total	\$212,770	\$14,119	\$(33,796) \$164,853	\$2,977	\$64,617	
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Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our working capital requirements and capital for our general corporate purposes, including acquisitions and capital expenditures, are funded from operations or from borrowings under our senior secured credit facility described below. Our cash is centrally managed on a worldwide basis. Our primary short-term liquidity needs are to fund general working capital requirements, capital expenditures and debt service requirements while our long-term liquidity needs are primarily related to acquisitions and debt repayment. Our primary sources of funds for our short-term liquidity needs will be cash flows from operations and borrowings under our senior secured credit facility, while our long-term sources of funds will be from cash flows from operations, long-term bank borrowings and other debt or equity financings. We may from time to time engage in open market purchases of our outstanding debt securities or redeem or otherwise repay such debt.

Our balance sheet reflects cash and cash equivalents of \$2.0 billion at June 30, 2014 and \$1.3 billion at December 31, 2013. Included in the June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 cash and cash equivalents balances are \$577.4 million and \$538.4 million, respectively, of cash received that includes the face value of tickets sold on behalf of ticketing clients and the clients' share of convenience and order processing charges, or client cash. We generally do not utilize client cash for our own financing or investing activities as the amounts are payable to clients on a regular basis. Our foreign subsidiaries held approximately \$502.3 million in cash and cash equivalents, excluding client cash, at June 30, 2014. We do not intend to repatriate these funds, but if we did, we would need to accrue and pay United States federal and state income taxes on any future repatriations, net of applicable foreign tax credits. We may from time to time enter into borrowings under our revolving credit facility. If the original maturity of these borrowings is 90 days or less, we present the borrowings and subsequent repayments on a net basis in the statement of cash flows to better represent our financing activities. Our balance sheet reflects total debt of \$2.3 billion and \$1.8 billion at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Our weighted-average cost of debt, excluding the debt discounts and including the debt premium on our term loans and notes, was 4.2% at June 30, 2014.

Our cash and cash equivalents are held in accounts managed by third-party financial institutions and consist of cash in our operating accounts and invested cash. Cash held in interest-bearing operating accounts in many cases exceeds the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limits. The invested cash is in interest-bearing funds consisting primarily of bank deposits and money market funds. While we monitor cash and cash equivalent balances in our operating accounts on a regular basis and adjust the balances as appropriate, these balances could be impacted if the underlying financial institutions fail. To date, we have experienced no loss or lack of access to our cash and cash equivalents; however, we can provide no assurances that access to our cash and cash equivalents will not be impacted by adverse conditions in the financial markets.

For our Concerts segment, we generally receive cash related to ticket revenue at our owned or operated venues in advance of the event, which is recorded in deferred revenue until the event occurs. With the exception of some upfront costs and artist deposits, which are recorded in prepaid expenses until the event occurs, we pay the majority of event-related expenses at or after the event.

We view our available cash as cash and cash equivalents, less ticketing-related client cash, less event-related deferred revenue, less accrued expenses due to artists and cash collected on behalf of others for ticket sales, plus event-related prepaids. This is essentially our cash available to, among other things, repay debt balances, make acquisitions and finance capital expenditures.

Our intra-year cash fluctuations are impacted by the seasonality of our various businesses. Examples of seasonal effects include our Concerts and Artist Nation segments, which report the majority of their revenue in the second and third quarters. Cash inflows and outflows depend on the timing of event-related payments but the majority of the inflows generally occur prior to the event. See "—Seasonality" below. We believe that we have sufficient financial flexibility to fund these fluctuations and to access the global capital markets on satisfactory terms and in adequate amounts, although there can be no assurance that this will be the case, and capital could be less accessible and/or more costly given current economic conditions. We expect cash flows from operations and borrowings under our senior secured credit facility, along with other financing alternatives, to satisfy working capital requirements, capital expenditures and debt service requirements for at least the succeeding year.

On July 15, 2014, pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing our 2.875% convertible senior notes, holders of \$29.3 million in aggregate outstanding principal exercised their right to redeem their notes for cash and were subsequently paid and that portion of the notes retired. In late July 2014, pursuant to our option under the indenture governing the 2.875% convertible senior notes, we notified the holders of the remaining notes that we intend to redeem all outstanding notes in late September at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of the notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

We may need to incur additional debt or issue equity to make other strategic acquisitions or investments. There can be no assurance that such financing will be available to us on acceptable terms or at all. We may make significant acquisitions in the near term, subject to limitations imposed by our financing agreements and market conditions. The lenders under our revolving loans and counterparties to our interest rate hedge agreements consist of banks and other third-party financial institutions. While we currently have no indications or expectations that such lenders and counterparties

will be unable to fund their commitments as required, we can provide no assurances that future funding availability will not be impacted by adverse conditions in the financial markets. Should an individual lender default on its obligations, the remaining lenders would not be required to fund the shortfall, resulting in a reduction in the total amount available to us for future borrowings, but would remain obligated to fund their own commitments. Should any counterparty to our interest rate hedge agreements default on its obligations, we could experience higher interest rate volatility during the period of any such default.

Sources of Cash

Senior Secured Credit Facility

At June 30, 2014, our senior secured credit facility consists of (i) a \$115 million term loan A, (ii) a \$950 million term loan B and (iii) a \$335 million revolving credit facility. In addition, subject to certain conditions, we have the right to increase such facilities by at least \$450 million or a greater amount so long as the senior secured leverage ratio calculated on a pro-forma basis (as defined in the credit agreement) is no greater than 3.25x. The revolving credit facility provides for borrowings up to the amount of the facility with sublimits of up to (i) \$150 million to be available for the issuance of letters of credit, (ii) \$50 million to be available for swingline loans and (iii) \$150 million to be available for borrowings in Euros or British Pounds and (iv) \$50 million to be available for borrowings in one or more other approved currencies. The senior secured credit facility is secured by a first priority lien on substantially all of our tangible and intangible personal property and the domestic subsidiaries that are guarantors, and by a pledge of substantially all of the shares of stock, partnership interests and limited liability company interests of our direct and indirect domestic subsidiaries and 65% of each class of capital stock of any first-tier foreign subsidiaries. The interest rates per annum applicable to revolving credit facility loans and term loan A under the senior secured credit facility are, at our option, equal to either LIBOR plus 2.25% or a base rate plus 1.25%, subject to stepdowns based on our net leverage ratio. The interest rates per annum applicable to term loan B are, at our option, equal to either LIBOR plus 2.75% or a base rate plus 1.75%, subject to a LIBOR floor of 0.75% and a base rate floor of 1.75%. We are required to pay a commitment fee of 0.5% per year on the undrawn portion available under the revolving credit facility, subject to stepdowns based on our net leverage ratio, and variable fees on outstanding letters of credit. For the term loan A, we are required to make quarterly payments ranging from \$1.4 million to \$13.8 million with the balance due at maturity in August 2018. For the term loan B, we are required to make quarterly payments of \$2.4 million with the balance due at maturity in August 2020. The revolving credit facility matures in August 2018. We are also required to make mandatory prepayments of the loans under the credit agreement, subject to specified exceptions, from excess cash flow, and with the proceeds of asset sales, debt issuances and specified other events. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, we made principal payments totaling \$7.6 million on these term loans. At June 30, 2014, the outstanding balances on these term loans, net of discounts, were \$1.0 billion. There were no borrowings under the revolving credit facility as of June 30, 2014. Based on our letters of credit of \$74.8 million, \$260.2 million was available for future borrowings.

5.375% Senior Notes

In May 2014, we issued \$250 million of 5.375% senior notes due 2022. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually in cash in arrears on June 15 and December 15, beginning December 15, 2014, and the notes will mature in June 2022. We may redeem some or all of the notes at any time prior to June 15, 2017 at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption, plus a 'make-whole' premium. We may also redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes from the proceeds of certain equity offerings prior to June 15, 2017, at a price equal to 105.375% of the principal amount, plus any accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, on or after June 15, 2017, we may redeem at our option some or all of the notes at redemption prices that start at 104.0313% of their principal amount, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption. We must make an offer to redeem the notes at 101% of the aggregate principal amount, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to the repurchase date, if we experiences certain defined changes of control.

2.5% Convertible Senior Notes

In May 2014, we issued \$275 million of convertible senior notes due 2019. The notes pay interest semiannually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 at a rate of 2.5% per annum, beginning on November 15, 2014. The notes will mature in May 2019 and may not be redeemed by us prior to the maturity date. The notes will be convertible, under

certain circumstances, until November 15, 2018, and on or after such date without condition, at an initial conversion rate of 28.8363 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, subject to adjustment, which represents a 52.5% conversion premium based on the last reported sale price for our common stock of \$22.74 on May 19, 2014. Upon conversion, the notes may be settled in shares of common stock or, at our election, cash or a combination of cash and shares of common stock. Assuming we fully settled the notes in shares, the maximum number of shares that could be issued to satisfy the conversion is currently 7.9 million.

If we experience a fundamental change, as defined in the indenture governing the notes, the holders of the 2.5% convertible senior notes may require us to purchase for cash all or a portion of their notes, subject to specified exceptions, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. Debt Covenants

Our senior secured credit facility contains a number of covenants and restrictions that, among other things, requires us to satisfy certain financial covenants and restricts our and our subsidiaries' ability to incur additional debt, make certain investments and acquisitions, repurchase our stock and prepay certain indebtedness, create liens, enter into agreements with affiliates, modify the nature of our business, enter into sale-leaseback transactions, transfer and sell material assets, merge or consolidate, and pay dividends and make distributions (with the exception of subsidiary dividends or distributions to the parent company or other subsidiaries on at least a pro-rata basis with any noncontrolling interest partners). Non-compliance with one or more of the covenants and restrictions could result in the full or partial principal balance of the credit facility becoming immediately due and payable. The senior secured credit facility agreement has one covenant, measured quarterly, that relates to total leverage. The consolidated total leverage covenant requires us to maintain a ratio of consolidated total funded debt to consolidated EBITDA (both as defined in the credit agreement) of 5.25x over the trailing four consecutive quarters through September 30, 2014. The consolidated total leverage ratio will reduce to 5.0x on December 31, 2014, 4.75x on December 31, 2015 and 4.50x on December 31, 2016.

The indentures governing our 7% senior notes and 5.375% senior notes contain covenants that limit, among other things, our ability and the ability of our restricted subsidiaries to incur certain additional indebtedness and issue preferred stock, make certain distributions, investments and other restricted payments, sell certain assets, agree to any restrictions on the ability of restricted subsidiaries to make payments to us, merge, consolidate or sell all of our assets, create certain liens, and engage in transactions with affiliates on terms that are not arms-length. Certain covenants, including those pertaining to incurrence of indebtedness, restricted payments, asset sales, mergers and transactions with affiliates will be suspended during any period in which the notes are rated investment grade by both rating agencies and no default or event of default under the indenture has occurred and is continuing. The 7% senior notes contain two incurrence-based financial covenants, as defined, requiring a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 2.0x and a maximum secured indebtedness leverage ratio of 3.25x. The 5.375% senior notes contain three incurrence-based financial covenants, as defined, requiring a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 2.0x, a maximum secured indebtedness leverage ratio of 3.50x and a minimum leverage ratio of 2.75x.

Some of our other subsidiary indebtedness includes restrictions on entering into various transactions, such as acquisitions and disposals, and prohibits payment of ordinary dividends. They also have financial covenants including minimum consolidated EBITDA to consolidated net interest payable, minimum consolidated cash flow to

acquisitions and disposals, and prohibits payment of ordinary dividends. They also have financial covenants includin minimum consolidated EBITDA to consolidated net interest payable, minimum consolidated cash flow to consolidated debt service and maximum consolidated debt to consolidated EBITDA, all as defined in the applicable debt agreements.

As of June 30, 2014, we believe we were in compliance with all of our debt covenants. We expect to remain in compliance with all of our debt covenants throughout 2014.

Disposals of Assets

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we received \$81.1 million of proceeds primarily related to the sale of a theatrical theater in New York and a partial insurance recovery for storm damage sustained to an amphitheater located in New York. There were no significant disposals of operating assets for the six months ended June 30, 2014. Stock Option Exercises

During the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, we received \$11.7 million and \$73.4 million, respectively, of proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

Uses of Cash

Acquisitions

When we make acquisitions, the acquired entity may have cash on its balance sheet at the time of acquisition. All amounts discussed in this section are presented net of any cash acquired. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, we used \$24.5 million of cash primarily for two acquisitions of artist management businesses in our Artist Nation segment. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we used \$23.8 million of cash primarily for the acquisition in

our Concerts segment of a controlling interest in a company that promotes festivals in May 2013.

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Capital Expenditures

Venue and ticketing operations are capital intensive businesses, requiring continual investment in our existing venues and ticketing systems in order to address audience and artist expectations, technological industry advances and various federal, state and/or local regulations.

We categorize capital outlays between maintenance capital expenditures and revenue generating capital expenditures. Maintenance capital expenditures are associated with the renewal and improvement of existing venues and technology systems, web development and administrative offices. Revenue generating capital expenditures generally relate to the construction of new venues, major renovations to existing buildings or buildings that are being added to our venue network, the development of new online or ticketing tools and technology enhancements. Revenue generating capital expenditures can also include smaller projects whose purpose is to increase revenue and/or improve operating income. Capital expenditures typically increase during periods when venues are not in operation since that is the time that such improvements can be completed.

Our capital expenditures, including accruals but excluding expenditures funded by outside parties such as landlords or replacements funded by insurance companies, consisted of the following:

Six Months Ended

	June 30,			
	2014 2013			
	(in thousands)			
Maintenance capital expenditures	\$32,319 \$26,52	3		
Revenue generating capital expenditures	28,568 28,772			
Total capital expenditures	\$60,887 \$			