TELEFONICA BRASIL S.A. Form 6-K May 17, 2017

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of May, 2017

Commission File Number: 001-14475

TELEFÔNICA BRASIL S.A. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

TELEFONICA BRAZIL S.A. (Translation of registrant's name into English)

Av. Eng° Luís Carlos Berrini, 1376 - 28° andar São Paulo, S.P. Federative Republic of Brazil (Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F:

Form 20-F X Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Yes

No

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Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Yes

Х

No

(A free translation of the original in Portuguese)

Telefônica Brasil S.A.

Quarterly Information (ITR)

at March 31, 2017

and report on review of quarterly information

(A free translation of the original in Portuguese)

Report on review of quarterly information

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders

Telefônica Brasil S.A.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying parent company and consolidated interim accounting information of Telefônica Brasil S.A. ("Company"), included in the Quarterly Information Form (ITR) for the quarter ended March 31, 2017, comprising the balance sheet at that date and the statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the quarter then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management is responsible for the preparation of the parent company interim accounting information in accordance with the accounting standard CPC 21, Interim Financial Reporting, of the Brazilian Accounting Pronouncements Committee (CPC), and of the consolidated interim accounting information in accordance with CPC 21 and International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 - Interim Financial Reporting issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), as well as the presentation of this information in accordance with the standards issued by the Brazilian Securities Commission (CVM), applicable to the preparation of the Quarterly Information (ITR). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim accounting information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Reviews of Interim Financial Information (NBC TR 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity and ISRE 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, respectively). A review of interim information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion on the parent company interim information

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying parent company interim accounting information included in the Quarterly Information referred to above has not been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with CPC 21 applicable to the preparation of the Quarterly Information, and presented in accordance with the standards issued by the CVM.

Conclusion on the consolidated interim information

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim accounting information included in the Quarterly Information referred to above has not been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with CPC 21 and IAS 34 applicable to the preparation of the Quarterly Information, and presented in accordance with the standards issued by the CVM.

Other matters

Statements of value added

We have also reviewed the parent company and consolidated statements of value added for the quarter ended March 31, 2017. These statements are the responsibility of the Company's management and are required to be presented in accordance with standards issued by the CVM applicable to the preparation of Quarterly Information (ITR) and are considered supplementary information under IFRS, which do not require the presentation of the statement of value added. These statements have been submitted to the same review procedures described above and, based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that they have not been prepared, in all material respects, in a manner consistent with the parent company and consolidated interim accounting information taken as a whole.

Audit and review of prior-year information

The Quarterly Information Form (ITR) mentioned in the first paragraph includes accounting information, presented for comparison purposes, related to the statements of income, changes in equity, cash flow and value added for the quarter ended March 31, 2016, obtained from the Quarterly Information Form (ITR) for that quarter, and also to the balance sheet as at December 31, 2016, obtained from the financial statements at December 31, 2016. The review of the Quarterly Information (ITR) for the quarter ended March 31, 2016. The review of the Quarterly Information (ITR) for the quarter ended March 31, 2016 and the audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 were conducted by other independent auditors, whose unqualified review and audit reports were dated April 25, 2016 and February 17, 2017, respectively.

São Paulo, May 9, 2017

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Auditores Independentes

CRC 2SP000160/O-5

Estela Maris Vieira de Souza

Contadora CRC 1RS046957/O-3 "S" SP

TELEFÔNICA BRASIL S.A. Balance Sheets At March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (In thousands of reais)

		Com	pany	Conso	lidated	LIABILITIES		Com	pany
ASSETS	Note	03.31.17	12.31.16	03.31.17	12.31.16	AND EQUITY	Note	03.31.17	12.31.16
Current assets Cash and cash		18,962,757	17,482,265	20,017,177	18,398,995	Current liabilities Personnel, social charges		18,704,777	20,280,286
equivalents Trade accounts	3	5,543,344	4,675,627	6,285,004	5,105,110	and benefits Trade	13	602,270	746,798
receivable, net	4	8,249,786	8,282,685	8,524,033	8,701,688	Taxes,	14	6,788,816	7,539,395
Inventories, net Taxes	5	359,671	368,151	397,539	410,413	charges and contributions Dividends and interest on	15	1,658,707	1,698,334
recoverable Judicial deposits and	6.a	2,860,862	2,952,622	2,906,313	3,027,230		16	2,579,804	2,195,031
garnishments Prepaid	7	321,598	302,349	321,672	302,424	Provisions Deferred	17	1,276,660	1,183,623
expenses Derivative	8	1,160,921	336,508	1,171,165	343,092	revenue	18	396,525	428,488
financial instruments Other assets	30 9	75,918 390,657	68,943 495,380	75,918 335,533	•	Loans and financing Debentures Derivative financial	19 19	2,330,372 2,124,713	2,542,975 2,120,504
Non-current						instruments Other	30	220,043	183,212
assets Short-term investments pledged as		84,208,779	84,475,240	83,338,047	83,667,264	liabilities	20	726,867	1,641,926
collateral Trade accounts		82,246	78,153	82,268	78,166				
receivable, net	4 6.a	185,516 489,892	200,537 474,240	•	305,411 476,844	Non-current liabilities	13	14,685,300 14,256	12,432,800 11,016

		- 3	3						
Taxes recoverable						Personnel, social charges and benefits Trade			
Deferred taxes Judicial deposits and	6.b	-	-	133,438	27,497	accounts payable Taxes, charges and	14	72,231	71,907
garnishments Prepaid	7	6,205,430	5,974,733	6,281,188	6,049,142	contributions	15	20,213	20,996
expenses Derivative financial	8	30,850	35,340	31,721	36,430	Deferred taxes	6.b	249,787	88,695
instruments	30	124,121	144,050	124,121	144,050	Provisions Deferred	17	6,889,446	6,591,493
Other assets	9	63,686	53,363	66,487	55,565	revenue Loans and	18	473,665	511,786
Investments Property, plant and	10	1,568,427	1,407,155	85,964	85,745	financing	19	2,935,137	3,126,792
equipment, net Intangible	11	31,590,326	31,837,549	31,673,365	31,924,918	Debentures Derivative financial	19	3,432,646	1,433,803
assets, net	12	43,868,285	44,270,120	44,081,496	44,483,496	instruments Other liabilities	30 20	2,312 595,607	1,404 574,908
						Equity		69,781,459	69,244,419
						Capital	21	63,571,416	63,571,416
						Capital reserves Income	21	1,272,581	1,272,581
						reserves Other comprehensive	21	2,477,632	2,474,974
						income Retained	21	14,764	11,461
						earnings Additional proposed	21	531,079	-
						dividends	21	1,913,987	1,913,987
TOTAL ASSETS		103,171,536	101,957,505	103,355,224	102,066,259	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		103,171,536	101,957,505

TELEFÔNICA BRASIL S.A.

Income Statements

Three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 (In thousands of reais, except earnings per share)

		Company			
	Note	1st quarter of 2017	1st quarter of 2016	1st quart	
Net operating revenue	22	10,079,646	8,358,113		
Cost of sales and services	23	(4,779,398)	(4,157,251)		
Gross profit		5,300,248	4,200,862		
Operating income (expenses) Selling expenses General and administrative expenses Other operating income Other operating expenses	23 23 24 24	(3,952,839) (3,155,988) (616,230) 114,191 (294,812)	(2,582,360) (538,651)		
Operating income		1,347,409	1,476,155		
Financial income Financial expenses Equity pickup	25 25 10	525,624 (839,254) 161,858	(1,044,048)		
Income before taxes		1,195,637	1,435,719		
Income and social contribution taxes	26	(199,440)	(217,489)		
Net income for the period		996,197	1,218,230		
Basic and diluted earnings per common share (in R\$) Basic and diluted earnings per preferred share (in R\$)	21 21	0.55 0.61	0.68 0.74		

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TELEFÔNICA BRASIL S.A. Statements of Changes in Equity Three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 (In thousands of reais)

	Capital	Premium on acquisition of interest	Capital r Other capital reserves	Tre
Balances at December 31, 2015	63,571,416	(75,388)	1,435,757	(8
Prescribed equity instruments DIPJ adjustment - Tax incentives	-	-	-	
Other comprehensive income Net income for the year	-	-	-	
Interim interest on equity	-	-	-	
Balances at March 31, 2016	63,571,416	(75,388)	1,435,757	(8
Payment of additional dividend for 2015 Prescribed equity instruments	-	-	-	
Reclassification of premium on acquisition of equity interest by TData	-	75,388	(, ,	
Preferred shares given referring to the judicial process of expansion plan DIPJ adjustment - Tax incentives	-	-	2	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	
Net income for the year Allocation of income:	-	-	-	
Legal reserve	-	-	-	
Interim interest on equity Reversal of expansion and Modernization Reserve	-	-	-	
Expansion and Modernization Reserve	-	-	-	
Additional proposed dividends	-	-	-	
Balances at December 31, 2016	63,571,416	-	1,360,371	(8
Prescribed equity instruments DIPJ adjustment - Tax incentives	-	-	-	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	
Net income for the year Interim interest on equity	-	-	-	
Balances at March 31, 2017	63,571,416	-	1,360,371	(8

TELEFÔNICA BRASIL S.A. Statements of Other Comprehensive Income Three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 (In thousands of reais)

	NI - 1	Com	
Net income for the period	Note	1st quarter of 2017 996,197	ist qu
Unrealized gains (losses) on investments available for sale Taxes	10	465 (158) 307	
Gains (losses) on derivative financial instruments Taxes	30	6,132 (2,085) 4,047	
Cumulative Translation Adjustments (CTA) on transactions in foreign currency	10	(1,051)	
Other comprehensive income (losses) to be reclassified into income (losses) in subsequent periods		3,303	
Comprehensive income for the period, net of taxes		999,500	

TELEFÔNICA BRASIL S.A. Statements of Value Added Three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 (In thousands in reais)

	Company			
	1st quarter of 2017	1st quarter of 2016 1		
Revenues Sale of goods and services	14,154,139 14,198,866			
Other revenues	282,521			
Provision for impairment of trade accounts receivable	(327,248)	-		
Inputs acquired from third parties	(5,442,147)	• • • •		
Cost of goods and products sold and services rendered	(3,133,464)			
Materials, electric energy, third-party services and other expenses	(2,309,931)			
Assets (loss) recovery	1,248	485,095		
Gross value added	8,711,992	6,892,881		
Withholdings	(1,936,132)	(1,442,448)		
Depreciation and amortization	(1,936,132)	(1,442,448)		
Net value added produced	6,775,860	5,450,433		
Value added received in transfer	687,482	1,003,612		
Equity pickup	161,858	256,011		
Financial income	525,624	747,601		
Total undistributed value added	7,463,342	6,454,045		
Distribution of value added	(7,463,342)	(6,454,045)		
Personnel, social charges and benefits	(1,029,301)	(736,892)		
Direct compensation	(696,842)	(492,171)		
Benefits	(276,008)	(205,603)		
FGTS (unemployment compensation fund)	(56,451)			
Taxes, charges and contributions	(3,935,856)			
Federal	(1,268,462)	(1,154,897)		
State	(2,641,428)	(1,769,142)		
Municipal	(25,966)	(11,356)		
Third-party debt remuneration	(1,501,988)	(1,563,528)		
Interest	(819,466)	(1,032,085)		
Rental	(682,522)	(531,443)		
Equity remuneration	(996,197)	(1,218,230)		
Retained profit	(996,197)	(1,218,230)		

TELEFÔNICA BRASIL S.A. Statements of Cash Flows Three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 (In thousands of *Reais*)

	Company			
Operating activities	1st quarter of 2017	1st quarter		
Operating activities				
Expenses (revenues) not representing changes in cash:				
Income before taxes	1,195,637	1,		
Depreciation and amortization	1,936,132	1,		
Foreign exchange losses (gains) on loans and derivative financial instruments	9,031			
Monetary losses	170,393			
Equity pickup	(161,858)	(2		
Losses (gains) on write-off/sale of goods	(4,992)	(4		
Provision for impairment - accounts receivable	327,248			
Provision of trade accounts payable	119,111			
Write-off and reversals for impairment - inventories	(17,061)			
Pension plans and other post-retirement benefits	7,706			
Provisions for tax, civil, labor and regulatory contingencies	257,076			
Interest expense	288,722			
Other	1,906			
Working capital adjustments:				
Trade accounts receivable	(279,328)	(1		
Inventories	25,541			
Taxes recoverable	(11,311)			
Prepaid expenses	(720,325)	(7		
Other current assets	101,623			
Other noncurrent assets	(10,077)			
Personnel, social charges and benefits	(141,288)			
Trade accounts payable	(256,283)	(1		
Taxes, charges and contributions	47,104			
Other current liabilities	(1,130,169)	(1		
Other non-current liabilities	(169,216)	(2		
	1,585,322	1,		
Interest paid	(222,745)	(2		
Income and social contribution taxes paid	(37,679)			
Total cash generated by operating activities	1,324,898	1,		
Investing activities				
Additions to PP&E, intangible assets	(1,759,945)	(1,3		
Cash received from sale of PP&E items	15,493	-		
Redemption of (increase in) judicial deposits	(148,070)	(1		

Dividends and interest on equity received	-	
Total cash used in investing activities	(1,892,522)	(1,0
Financing activities		
Payment of loans, financing and debentures	(572,573)	(1,1
Funding from the issuance of debentures	2,000,000	
Received from derivative financial instruments	31,253	
Payment of derivative financial instruments	(23,029)	
Payment for reverse split of shares	-	
Dividend and interest on equity paid	(310)	
Total cash generated by (used in) financing activities	1,435,341	(1 ,1
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	867,717	8)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	4,675,627	4,
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	5,543,344	3,
Changes in cash and cash equivalents for the period	867,717	3)

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three-month period ended March 31, 2017

(In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise stated)

1) THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

a) Background information

Telefônica Brasil S.A. ("Company" or "Telefônica Brasil") is a publicly-traded corporation operating in telecommunication services and in the performance of activities that are necessary or useful in the rendering of such services, in conformity with the concessions, authorizations and permissions it has been granted. The Company, headquartered at Avenida Engenheiro Luiz Carlos Berrini, No. 1376, in the city and State of São Paulo, Brazil, is a member of Telefónica Group ("Group"), the telecommunications industry leader in Spain, also present in various European and Latin American countries.

At March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, Telefónica S.A. ("Telefónica"), the Group holding company based in Spain, held total direct and indirect interest in the Company of 73.58%, including treasury shares (Note 21).

The Company is listed in the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission ("CVM") as a publicly-held company under Category A (issuers authorized to trade any marketable securities) and has shares traded on the B3 (company originated from the merger between BM&FBovespa and CETIP, occurred on March 30, 2017). The Company is also listed in the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), of the United States of America, and its American Depositary Shares ("ADSs") are classified under level II, backed only by preferred shares and traded on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE").

b) Operations

The Company operates in the rendering of services: i) Fixed Switched Telephone Service Concession Arrangement ("STFC"), except for the municipalities identified on sector 33 of such agreement; (ii) Multimedia Communication Service ("SCM", data communication, including broadband internet); (iii)

Personal Mobile Service ("SMP"); and iv) Pay TV (conditioned access service - SEAC), throughout Brazil, through concessions and authorizations, as established in the General Plan of Concessions ("PGO").

In accordance with the STFC service concession agreement, in every two years, during the agreement's 20-year term, the Company shall pay a fee equivalent to 2% of its prior-year STFC revenue, net of applicable taxes and social contribution taxes (Note 20). The Company's current STFC concession agreement is valid until December 31, 2025.

In accordance with the authorization terms for the usage of frequencies associated with SMP, in every two years after the first renewal of these agreements, the Company shall pay a fee equivalent to 2% of its prior-year SMP revenue, net of applicable taxes and social contribution taxes, and in the 15th year the Company will pay 1% of its prior-year revenue. The calculation will consider the net revenue from the application of Basic and Alternative Services Plans (Note 20). These agreements can be extended only once for a term of 15 years.

The information on the operation areas (regions) and due dates of the radiofrequency authorizations for SMP services is the same of Note <u>1b) Operations</u> as disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Service concessions and authorizations are granted by the Brazil's Telecommunications Regulatory Agency ("ANATEL"), the agency responsible for the regulation of the Brazilian telecommunications sector under the terms of Law No. 9472 of July 16, 1997 - General Telecommunications Law ("Lei Geral das Telecomunicações" - LGT), amended by Laws No. 9986, of July 18, 2000, and No. 12485, of September 12, 2011. The operation of such concessions is subject to supplementary regulations and plans.

c) Acquisition of GVT Participações S.A. ("GVTPart")

The information on the acquisition process of GVTPart, which occurred in May 2015, is the same of Note <u>4</u>) <u>Acquisition of GVT Participações S.A. ("GVTPart"</u>), as disclosed in the financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three-month period ended March 31, 2017

(In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise stated)

d) Corporate restructuring

The Shareholders' Meeting held on April 1, 2016, approved corporate restructuring in accordance with the terms and conditions proposed on March 14, 2016. The information on the Corporate Restructuring is the same as in Note <u>1c</u>) Corporate Restructuring, as disclosed in the financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

2) BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION OF THE QUARTERLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a) Statement of compliance

The individual (Company) and consolidated quarterly financial Statements were prepared and are presented in accordance with the accounting practices adopted in Brazil, which comprise CVM standards and CPC (Accounting Pronouncements Committee) pronouncements, in compliance with the International Financial Accounting Reporting Standards (IFRS), issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

All significant information in the financial statements - and solely such information - is disclosed and corresponds to that used by Company management for administration purposes.

The consolidated IFRS (Consolidated) have been prepared and are presented in accordance with CPC 21 (R1) Interim Statements and IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting issued by the IASB and standards

established as Resolution nº 739/15 of the CVM.

b) Basis of preparation and presentation

The Company's quarterly financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2017 are presented in thousands of *Reais* (unless otherwise stated), which is the functional currency of the Company.

Management has assessed the Company's ability to continue operating normally and is convinced that it has the resources to continue its business in the future. In addition, Management is not aware of any material uncertainties that could generate significant doubts about its ability to continue operating. Therefore, these quarterly financial statements were prepared based on the assumption of continuity.

These quarterly financial statements compares the quarters ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, except for the balance sheets, that compare the positions as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

The Board of Directors authorized the issue of these individual and consolidated financial statements at the meeting held on May 9, 2017.

Business segments are defined as components of a company for which separate financial information is available and regularly assessed by the operational decision making professional in decisions on how to allocate funds to an individual segment and in the assessment of segment performance. Considering that : (i) all officers and managers' decisions are based on consolidated reports; (ii) the Company and subsidiaries' mission is to provide their customers with quality telecommunications services; and (iii) all decisions related to strategic planning, finance, purchases, short- and long-term investments are made consolidated on a consolidated basis, the Company and subsidiaries operate in a single operating segment, namely the provision of telecommunications services.

These quarterly financial statements were prepared following the preparation basis and accounting policies consistent with those adopted in the preparation of the financial statements as of December 31, 2016, and should therefore be read with such statements. The information in the notes to the financial statements that did not significantly change or present irrelevant disclosures as compared to December 31, 2016 were not fully restated in these quarterly financial statements. In the meantime, the Company selected and included information to explain the main events and transactions occurring during the three-month period ended March 31, 2017, in order to understand the changes in the Company's financial position and performance.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three-month period ended March 31, 2017

(In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise stated)

In this context, the Company indicates below the number of the notes disclosed in the annual financial statements as of December 31, 2016 and not fully restated in these quarterly financial statements:

- Note 1 Operations
- Note 2 Basis of Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements
- Note 3 Summary of Significant Accounting Practices
- Note 4 Acquisition of GVT Participações S.A. ("GVTPart")
- Note 9 Judicial Deposits and Garnishments
- Note 14 Intangible Assets, Net
- Note 21 Loans, Financing and Debentures
- Note 23 Equity
- Note 31 Share-Based Payment Plans
- Note 32 Pension Plans and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The accounting standards adopted in Brazil require the presentation of the Statement of Value Added ("SVA"), individual and consolidated, while IFRS does not require presentation. As a result, under IFRS standards, the SVA is being presented as supplementary information, without prejudice to the overall quarterly financial statements.

As a result of the Corporate Restructuring process (Note 1d), which occurred on April 1, 2016, the individual quarterly financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 are not comparable.

The quarterly financial statements were prepared in accordance with the principles, practices and accounting criteria consistent with those adopted in the preparation of the financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 (Note 3) Summary of Significant Accounting Practices) and should be analyzed in conjunction with these Financial statements, in addition to the new pronouncements, interpretations and amendments, which came into effect as of January 1, 2017, as described below:

<u>IAS 7 - Cash Flow, amendments:</u> The changes are part of the IASB disclosure initiative and require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to assess changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both. The changes stemming from cash flows, such as changes that do not affect cash. At the initial adoption of the amendment, entities are not required to provide comparative information for prior periods. The application of the changes in this standard did not cause any material impact on the Company's cash flow disclosures.

<u>IAS 12 - Income Taxes, amendments:</u> The amendments clarify that an entity should consider whether tax legislation restricts sources of taxable income against which it may make deductions on the reversal of that deductible temporary difference. In addition, the amendments provide guidance on how an entity should determine future taxable income and explain the circumstances under which taxable income may include the recovery of some assets for amounts greater than their carrying amount. If an entity adopts the changes for an earlier period, it should disclose that fact. The application of the changes in this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position.

On the date of preparation of these quarterly financial statements, the following IFRS amendments had been published; however, their application was not mandatory. The Company does not adopt early any pronouncement, interpretation or amendment that has been issued, before application is mandatory.

Telefônica Brasil S. A.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three-month period ended March 31, 2017

(In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise stated)

Standards and Amendments to the Standards IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, issued	Effective as of: January 1, 2018
IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, as issued	January 1, 2018
IFRS 2 Classication and Valuation of Share Based Transactions, as amended	January 1, 2018
IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts, as amended	January 1, 2018
IAS 40 Investment Property Transfers, as amended	January 1, 2018
IFRIC 22 Transactions in Foreign Currency and Advance Payments, as issued	January 1, 2018
Annual Improvements to IFRS, 2014-2016 Cycle, as issued	January 1, 2017 / 2018
IFRS 16 Leases, as issued	January 1, 2019
IFRS 10, 12 and IAS 28 Investiment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception, as amended	TBD

Based on preliminary, the Company expects the implementation of many of these standards, changes and interpretations will not have a significant impact on the financial statements in the initial period of application. However, the Company expects the following standards issued, but not yet mandatory, may have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements at the time of its application and prospectively.

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments. Issue: In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9, which replaces IAS 39 and all previous versions of IFRS 9.

IFRS 9 applies to financial assets and liabilities and establishes the classification, valuation, losses and write-off criteria for recognition of such items, as well as a new hedge accounting model. The Company estimates that major changes will occur in the documentation of hedge policies and strategies, as well as in the estimation of expected losses on financial assets. The changes introduced by IFRS 9 will affect the recognition of financial assets and derivative financial instruments as of January 1, 2018. The Company is carrying out the process of implementing the new criteria, but due to the relevance of the potentially affected items and the complexity of the estimates, understands that it is not reasonably possible to quantify the impacts of the application of this standard on the closing date of the quarterly financial statements.

<u>IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers, Issuance:</u> IFRS 15 establishes criteria's for the accounting of revenues from customer contracts. The Company is currently in the process of estimating the impacts of this new standard on its contracts. This analysis identified a number of expected impacts related to the following aspects, among others:

• Under the current accounting policy, the Company offers commercial packages that combine equipment's and services of telephony, fixed and mobile, data, internet and television, total revenue of services is distributed among its elements identified based on their respective fair values.

Under IFRS 15, amounts will be allocated to each element based on the basis of the independent selling prices of each individual component in relation to the total price of the package and will be recognized when (and the measure) the obligation is satisfied. Consequently, the application of the new criteria will mean an acceleration in the recognition of equipment sales revenues, which are generally recognized at the time of delivery to the final consumer. To the extent that the packages are marketed at a discount, the difference between the profit on sales of equipment and the amount received from the customer at the inception of the contract will be recognized as a contractual asset.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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• According to the criteria currently in force, all costs directly related to obtaining commercial contracts (sales commissions and other expenses with third parties) are accounted as expenses when incurred. On the other hand, IFRS 15 requires the recognition of an asset for the amounts incurred by these concepts and its subsequent accounting to the income statement according to the period of the respective agreement. Likewise, certain costs related to the performance of the contract, currently recognized as expenses, when incurred, will be deferred when associated with compliance obligations over the period of contract.

• Compared to the current standard, IFRS 15 establishes much more detailed requirements on the accounting treatment of contract changes. Thus, certain changes will be recorded retrospectively and others prospectively as a separate or contract resulting from the redistribution of revenues among the various performance obligations identified.

The Company is advancing in the process of implementing the new criteria, but due to the high number of transactions affected, the high volume and dispersion of the necessary information and the complexity of the estimates, the Company understands that at the closing date of the quarterly financial statements cannot reliably measure the impact of the application of this standard.

However, considering the current commercial offers as well as the volume of affected contracts, the Company estimates that the changes introduced by IFRS 15 will have a significant impact on its financial statements at the date of its initial application. In addition, the Company's financial statements will include more quantitative disclosures of revenue-related accounts.

<u>IFRS 16 - Leasing, Issuance:</u> IFRS 16 establishes that companies acting as lessees must recognize in the balance sheet the assets and liabilities arising from all lease agreements (except for short-term lease agreements and those for low value assets).

The Company has a very large number of leases as a lessee of various assets, such as third-party towers, circuits, real estate and land (where the towers are primarily located). Under the current standard, significant portions of such contracts are classified as operating leases, where payments are generally recorded on a straight-line basis over the contract term.

The Company is currently in the process of estimating the impact of this new standard on such contracts. In this analysis, the estimate of the term of the lease is included, considering the non-cancellable period and the periods covered if exercised the option to extend the lease for those cases in which exist reasonable certainty, which will depend, of the expected use of the Company's assets installed in the leased assets.

In addition to the term of the lease, assumptions will be used to calculate the discount rate, which will depend mainly on the incremental financing rate for the estimated periods. In addition to the previous estimates, the standard allows two transition methods, being: i) full retrospective for each comparative period presented; and (ii) modified retrospective with the cumulative effect of the initial application of the recognized standard at the date of initial application. In addition, it is possible to choose specific practical relieves at the time of applying the standard on measurement of liability, discount rate, losses, leases ending within twelve months after the first application, initial direct costs, and lease duration. Thus, depending on the transition method to be chosen, the impacts will be different.

Due to the different alternatives, as well as the complexity of the estimates and the high number of contracts, the Company has not yet completed the implementation process, so that at the closing date of the quarterly financial statements it is not possible to estimate the impact of the application of this standard.

However, considering the volume of contracts affected, the Company estimates that the changes introduced by IFRS 16 will have a significant impact on its financial statements from the date of adoption, including the recognition of the right to use and the corresponding obligations in respect to the contracts which, under the current standard, are classified as operating leases. In addition, depreciation of the right to use the assets and recognition of interest on the lease obligation will replace a significant portion of the amount recognized as expenses in the income statement of the operating lease. The classification of payments in the statement of cash flows will also be affected by the adoption of IFRS 16.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise stated)

c) Basis of consolidation

At March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company held the following equity interests on the respective dates:

Investees Telefônica Data S.A. ("TData") POP Internet Ltda ("POP") (note 1c)	Type of investment Wholly-owned subsidiary Wholly-owned subsidiary	At 03.31.17 100.00% 100.00%	At 12.31.16 100.00% 100.00%	Country (Headq
Aliança Atlântica Holging B.V. ("Aliança")	Jointly-controlled subsidiary	50.00%	50.00%	
Companhia AIX de Participações ("AIX")	Jointly-controlled subsidiary	50.00%	50.00%	
Companhia ACT de Participações ("ACT")	Jointly-controlled subsidiary	50.00%	50.00%	

Interest held in subsidiaries or jointly-controlled entities is measured under the equity method in the individual financial statements. In the consolidated financial statements, investments and all asset and liability balances, revenues and expenses arising from transactions and interest held in subsidiaries are fully eliminated. Investments in jointly-controlled entities are measured under the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

3) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Compa	iny	Consolic	lated
	03/31/17	12/31/16	03/31/17	12/31/16
Cash and banks	111,371	189,445	113,230	198,369
Short-term investments	5,431,973	4,486,182	6,171,774	4,906,741
Total	5,543,344	4,675,627	6,285,004	5,105,110

Highly liquid short-term investments basically comprise Bank Deposit Certificates (CDB) and Repurchase Agreements kept at first-tier financial institutions, pegged to the Interbank Deposit Certificate (CDI) rate variation, with original maturities of up to three months, and with immaterial risk of change in value. Revenues (or expenses) generated by these investments are recorded as financial income (or expenses).

4) TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

	Comp	any	Consolidated		
	03/31/17	12/31/16	03/31/17	12/31/16	
Billed amounts	6,172,772	6,077,768	6,883,730	6,939,909	
Unbilled amounts	1,930,749	1,898,630	1,953,653	1,930,708	
Interconnection amounts	1,269,692	1,333,595	1,276,449	1,345,471	
Amounts from related parties					
(Note 27)	135,343	177,741	185,333	190,906	
Gross accounts receivable	9,508,556	9,487,734	10,299,165	10,406,994	
Estimated impairment losses	(1,073,254)	(1,004,512)	(1,491,626)	(1,399,895)	
Total	8,435,302	8,483,222	8,807,539	9,007,099	
Current Non-current	8,249,786	8,282,685	8,524,033	8,701,688 305,411	
Non-current	185,516	200,537	283,506	305,411	

Consolidated balances of non-current trade accounts receivable include:

• R\$126,855 at March 31, 2017 (R\$143,265 at December 31, 2016), relating to the business model of resale of goods to legal entities, receivable within 24 months. At March 31, 2017, the impact of the present-value adjustment was R\$27,132 (R\$32,920 at December 31, 2016).

• R\$58,661, at March 31, 2017 (R\$57,272, at December 31, 2016), net of the present value adjustment relating to the portion of accounts receivable arising from negotiations on the bankruptcy process of companies from the OI group. At March 31, 2017, the impact of the present-value adjustment was R\$8,879

(R\$10,268 at December 31, 2016).

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• R\$97,990, at March 31, 2017, (R\$104,874 at December 31, 2016), relating to "Soluciona TI", traded by TData, which consists of lease of IT equipment to small and medium companies and receipt of fixed installments over the contractual term. Considering the contractual terms, this product was classified as finance lease. At March 31, 2017, the impact of the present-value adjustment was R\$1,353 (R\$3,005 at December 31, 2016).

The balances of current and non-current trade accounts receivable, relating to finance lease of "Soluciona TI" product, comprise the following effects:

	Consolidated		
	03/31/17	12/31/16	
Present value of accounts			
receivable	589,864	608,379	
Deferred financial income	1,353	3,005	
Nominal amount receivable	591,217	611,384	
Estimated impairment losses	(362,677)	(344,738)	
Net amount receivable	228,540	266,646	
Current	130,550	161,772	
Non-current	97,990	104,874	

At March 31, 2017, the aging list of gross trade accounts receivable relating to "Soluciona TI" product is as follows:

	Consolidated		
	Nominal	Present value	
	amount	of accounts	
	receivable	receivable	
Falling due within one year	318,759	318,759	
Falling due between one year and			
five years	272,458	271,105	
Total	591,217	589,864	

There are no unsecured residual values resulting in benefits to the lessor nor contingent payments recognized as revenue for the year.

The aging list of trade accounts receivable, net of estimated impairment losses, is as follows:

	Compa	iny	Consolic	lated
	03/31/17	12/31/16	03/31/17	12/31/16
Falling due	5,914,433	6,392,442	6,295,571	6,841,752
Overdue – 1 to 30 days	1,365,808	1,025,630	1,378,164	1,073,568
Overdue – 31 to 60 days	469,559	309,210	481,940	322,485
Overdue – 61 to 90 days	240,823	225,132	218,692	227,010
Overdue – 91 to 120 days	130,879	110,813	137,897	105,048
Overdue – over 120 days	313,800	419,995	295,275	437,236
Total	8,435,302	8,483,222	8,807,539	9,007,099

At March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, no customer represented more than 10% of trade accounts receivable, net.

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Changes in the estimated impairment losses for accounts receivable are as follows:

	Company	Consolidated
Balance at 12/31/15	(1,650,112)	(2,217,926)
Increase to estimated losses (Note 23)	(412,897)	(498,225)
Reversal of estimated losses (Note 23)	136,232	153,835
Write-off due to use	136,221	185,331
Balance at 03/31/16	(1,790,556)	(2,376,985)
Increase to estimated losses	(1,254,462)	(1,345,550)
Reversal of estimated losses	305,385	341,719
Write-off due to use	1,895,841	1,980,921
Merger (Note 1d)	(160,720)	-
Balance at 12/31/16	(1,004,512)	(1,399,895)
Increase to estimated losses (Note 23)	(396,175)	(430,932)
Reversal of estimated losses (Note 23)	68,927	73,189
Write-off due to use	258,506	266,012
Balance at 03/31/17	(1,073,254)	(1,491,626)

5) INVENTORIES, NET

	Company		Consolida	ated
	03/31/17	12/31/16	03/31/17	12/31/16
Materials for resale (1)	323,003	335,281	363,670	377,465
Materials for consumption	73,556	75,086	75,928	77,732
Other inventories	7,879	7,892	7,879	7,892
Gross total	404,438	418,259	447,477	463,089
Estimated losses from				
impairment or obsolescence	(44,767)	(50,108)	(49,938)	(52,676)
Total	359,671	368,151	397,539	410,413

(1) This includes, among others, mobile phones, simcards (chip) and IT equipment in stock.

Changes in estimated impairment losses and inventory obsolescence are as follows:

	Company	Consolidated
Balance at 12/31/15	(48,390)	(52,341)
Increase to estimated losses	-	(1,181)
Reversal of estimated losses	6,525	6,525
Balance at 03/31/16	(41,865)	(46,997)
Increase to estimated losses	(24,943)	(28,574)
Reversal of estimated losses	16,700	22,895
Balance at 12/31/16	(50,108)	(52,676)
Increase to estimated losses	(4,385)	(7,702)
Reversal of estimated losses	9,726	10,440
Balance at 03/31/17	(44,767)	(49,938)

Additions and reversals of estimated impairment losses and inventory obsolescence are included in cost of goods sold (Note 23).

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NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three-month period ended March 31, 2017

(In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise stated)

6) DEFERRED TAXES AND TAXES RECOVERABLE

a) Taxes recoverable

	Compa	iny	Consolio	dated
	03/31/17	12/31/16	03/31/17	12/31/16
State VAT (ICMS) (1)	2,282,560	2,317,739	2,295,608	2,329,159
Income and social contribution				
taxes recoverable (2)	901,570	829,160	906,508	830,549
Withholding taxes and				
contributions (3)	78,278	131,915	93,557	157,371
PIS and COFINS	68,015	125,273	68,937	148,759
INSS, ISS and other taxes	20,331	22,775	36,196	38,236
Total	3,350,754	3,426,862	3,400,806	3,504,074
Current	2,860,862	2,952,622	2,906,313	3,027,230
Non-current	489,892	474,240	494,493	476,844

(1) This includes credits arising from the acquisition of property and equipment (subject to offsetting in 48 months); requests for refund of ICMS, which was paid under invoices that were cancelled subsequently; for the rendering of services; tax substitution; and tax rate difference; among others. Non-current consolidated amounts include credits arising from the acquisition of property and equipment of R\$389,327 and R\$370,770 on March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

(2) This refers to prepayments of income and social contribution taxes, which will be offset against federal taxes to be determined in the future.

(3) This refers to credits on withholding income tax (IRRF) on short-term investments, interest on equity and others, which are used as deduction in operations for the period and social contribution tax withheld at source on services provided to public agencies.

b) Deferred taxes

Deferred income and social contribution tax assets are computed considering expected generation of taxable profit, which were based on a technical feasibility study, approved by the Board of Directors.

Significant components of deferred income and social contribution taxes are as follows:

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(In thousands of *Reais*, unless otherwise stated)

						Company		Morac
Deferred tax	Balances at 12/31/15		Comprehensive income	Balances at 03/31/16		Comprehensive income		Merge (not 1c
assets (liabilities) Income and social contribution taxes on tax losses (1) Merged tax credit (2) Income and social contribution taxes on temporary	- (337,535)	-	-	- (337,535)	1,376 -	-	-	
differences (3) Provisions for legal, labor, tax civil and regulatory	181,584	48,717	8,043	238,344	(765,486)	70,755	5 (1,516)	705,36
contingencies Trade accounts payable and other	1,681,016	61,878	-	1,742,894	195,410	-	-	282,75
provisions Customer portfolio and	535,001	21,570	-	556,571	(14,868)	-	-	66,45
trademarks Estimated losses on impairment of	256,056 369,174		-	400,000		-	-	119,69 54,64

accounts receivable Estimated losses from modems and other P&E								
items Pension plans and other post-employment	170,132	(5,113)	-	165,019	(5,448)	-	-	122,69
benefits	26,164	(582)		25,582	2,362	80,459		
		· · ·	-			00,409	-	0.00
Profit sharing	88,944	(31,530)	-	57,414	62,534	-	-	3,96
Provision for	<u> </u>				(1.1.0.00)			
loyalty program	32,604	577	-	33,181	(14,069)	-	-	
Accelerated								
accounting								
depreciation	10,865	(1,348)	-	9,517	14,516	-	-	
Estimated								
impairment								
losses on								
inventories	9,364	(464)	-	8,900	(11,293)	-	-	13,62
Derivative								
transactions	47,911	-	7,962	55,873	2,891	(9,595)	-	10,52
Licenses	(1,204,226)	(54,082)	-	(1,258,308)	(162,248)	-	-	
Effects of								
goodwill								
generated in the								
merger of Vivo								
Part.	(809,600)	(15,242)	-	(824,842)	(39,478)	-	-	
Goodwill from	(000,000)	(10,212)		(021,012)	(00,110)			
Vivo Part.	(837,918)	(41,802)	-	(879,720)	(125,400)	-	-	
Goodwill from	(007,010)	(11,002)		(0/0,720)	(120,100)			
GVT Part.	-	_	-	-	(522,228)	-	-	
Technological					(022,220)			
Innovation Law	(193,146)	15,233	_	(177,913)	36,973	-	_	
Income and	(100,140)	10,200		(177,510)	00,070			
social contribution	r							
taxes on other								
temporary								
differences (4)	(757)	74,078	81	73,402	(14,652)	(100)	(1,516)	31,01
Total deferred	(151)	74,070	01	70,402	(14,002)	(103)	(1,510)	51,01
tax assets								
(liabilities),	(155 051)	10 717	0 0 1 2	(00 101)	(764 110)	70 755	(1 516)	705 26
noncurrent	(155,951)	48,717	8,043	(99,191)	(764,110)	70,755	(1,516)	105,30
Deferred tax								
assets	3,535,671			3,683,430				
Deferred tax	0,000,071			5,005,450				
liabilities	(3,691,622)			(3,782,621)				
Deferred tax	(0,001,022)			(0,102,021)				
assets								
(liabilities), net	(155,951)			(99,191)				
(110)111103), 1101	(155,851)			(33,131)				

Represented in the balance sheet as follows: Deferred tax liabilities (155,951)

(99,191)

<u>Deferred tax</u> <u>assets</u> (liabilities) Income and social contribution	Balances at 12/31/15		Comprehensive income	Balances at 03/31/16	Income	Consolidated Comprehensive income	Other	Balaı at 12/3
taxes on tax losses (1)	26,519	(11,859)	-	14,660	(589)	-	-	14
Merged tax credit (2) Income and social	(337,535)	-	-	(337,535)	-	-	-	(337,
contribution taxes on temporary differences (3) Provisions for legal, labor, tax	1,022,606	84,497	8,043	1,115,146	(833,466)	70,797	(1,516)	350
civil and regulatory contingencies Trade accounts	1,954,236	87,027	-	2,041,263	189,073	-	-	2,230
payable and other provisions Estimated losses on impairment of	687,124	30,145	-	717,269	(40,146)	-	-	677
accounts receivable Customer portfolio and	447,018	38,666	-	485,684	(126,879)	-	-	358
trademarks Estimated losses from modems	343,107 294,945	23,464 (4,733)	-	366,571 290,212	(53,479) (5,535)	-	-	313 284

and other P&E items								
Pension plans								
and other								
post-employment								
benefits	26,285	(689)	-	25,596	2,322	80,501	-	108
Profit sharing Provision for	106,198	(43,867)	-	62,331	62,925	-	-	125
loyalty program Accelerated	32,604	577	-	33,181	(14,069)	-	-	19
accounting depreciation Estimated	10,865	(1,348)	-	9,517	14,516	-	-	24
impairment								
losses on	10 707			04.004				10
inventories	10,707	13,557	-	24,264	(12,165)	-	-	12
Derivative	50 409		7 060	67 970	0.050			60
transactions Licenses	59,408 (1,204,226)	-	7,962	67,370 (1,258,308)	2,358	(9,595)	-	60
Effects of	(1,204,220)	(54,082)	-	(1,256,306)	(162,248)	-	-	(1,420,
goodwill								
•								
generated in the acquisition of								
Vivo Part.	(809,600)	(15,242)	_	(824 842)	(30 478)			(864
Goodwill from	(809,800)	(15,242)	-	(824,842)	(39,478)	-	-	(864,
Vivo Part.	(837,918)	(41,802)	_	(879,720)	(125,400)	_	_	(1,005,
Goodwill from	(007,010)	(+1,002)	_	(075,720)	(120,400)			(1,005,
GVTPart.	_	_	-	-	(522,228)	-	-	(522,
Technological					(022,220)			(022,
Innovation Law	(193,146)	15,233	-	(177,913)	36,973	-	-	(140,
Income and	(100,100)	,		(,,)	,			(,
social contribution	า							
taxes on other								
temporary								
differences (4) Total deferred tax assets	94,999	37,591	81	132,671	(40,006)	(109)	(1,516)	91
(liabilities), noncurrent	711,590	72,638	8,043	792,271	(834,055)	70,797	(1,516)	27
Deferred tax								
assets Deferred tax	4,153,054			4,357,692				4,541
liabilities Deferred tax	(3,441,464)			(3,565,421)				(4,514,
assets (liabilities), net	711,590			792,271				27
Represented in the balance sheet as								

follows: Deferred tax			
assets Deferred tax	711,590	792,271	27,497
liabilities	-	-	-

(1) This refers to the amounts recorded which, in accordance with Brazilian tax legislation, may be offset to the limit of 30% of the tax bases computed for the following years, with no expiry date.

(2) This refers to tax benefits arising from corporate restructuring of goodwill for expected future profitability, where tax use complies with the limit set forth in tax legislation.

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(3) This refers to amounts that will be realized upon payment of provisions, effective impairment losses for trade accounts receivable, or realization of inventories, as well as upon reversal of other provisions.

(4) These refer to deferred taxes arising from other temporary differences, such as deferred income, renewal of licenses burden, subsidy on the sale of mobile phones, among others.

At March 31, 2017, deferred tax credits (income and social contribution tax losses) were not recognized in indirect subsidiary (Innoweb) accounting records, in the amount of R\$3,071 (R\$2,993 at December 31, 2016), as it is not probable that future taxable profits shall be available for these subsidiaries to benefit from such tax credits.

7) JUDICIAL DEPOSITS AND GARNISHMENTS

In some situations, in connection with a legal requirement or presentation of guarantees, judicial deposits are made to secure the continuance of the claims under discussion. These judicial deposits may be required for claims where the likelihood of loss was analyzed by the Company and its subsidiaries, grounded on the opinion of its legal advisors as a probable, possible or remote loss.

	Company		Consolidated	
	03/31/17	12/31/16	03/31/17	12/31/16
Judicial deposits				
Тах	3,879,065	3,698,966	3,939,932	3,758,787
Labor	1,046,284	1,040,635	1,057,568	1,051,430
Civil	1,159,287	1,107,929	1,160,172	1,109,001

Regulatory	280,794	276,604	280,794	276,604
Total	6,365,430	6,124,134	6,438,466	6,195,822
Garnishments	161,598	152,948	164,394	155,744
Total	6,527,028	6,277,082	6,602,860	6,351,566
Current	321,598	302,349	321,672	302,424
Non-current	6,205,430	5,974,733	6,281,188	6,049,142

The information related to tax-related judicial deposits is the same as in Note <u>9) Judicial Deposits and</u> <u>Garnishments</u>, as disclosed in the financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

On March 31, 2017, the Company and its subsidiaries had several tax-related judicial deposits in the consolidated amount of R\$3,939,932 (R\$3,758,787 at December 31, 2016). In Note 17, we provide further details on issues arising from the most significant judicial deposits.

The table below presents the composition of the balances as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 of the tax judicial deposits (segregated and summarized by tribute).

Telefônica Brasil S. A.

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	Consolidated	
	03/31/17	12/31/16
Contribution tax on gross revenue for Social Integration Program		
(PIS) and for Social Security Financing (COFINS)	36,104	35,570
Social Contribution Tax for Intervention in the Economic Order		
(CIDE)	179,299	176,557
Telecommunications Inspection Fund (FISTEL)	1,114,150	1,095,789
Withholding Income Tax (IRRF)	75,057	