### Edgar Filing: ANGLOGOLD ASHANTI LTD - Form 6-K

ANGLOGOLD ASHANTI LTD Form 6-K July 29, 2005 SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 6-K REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 or 15d-16 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 Report on Form 6-K dated July 28, 2005 AngloGold Ashanti Limited

#### (Name of Registrant)

11 Diagonal Street
Johannesburg, 2001
(P O Box 62117)
Marshalltown, 2107
South Africa
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F:

#### **Form 20-F:** Form 40-F:

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

#### Yes:

No:

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Yes:

No:

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes:

No:

Enclosures:

ANGLOGOLD ASHANTI : REPORT FOR THE QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH IFRS

### Quarter 2 2005 Report for the quarter and six months ended 30 June 2005 Group results ... • Gold production steady at 1.569Moz.

- Strong financial performance, including \$74m increase in profit attributable to equity shareholders to \$96m.
- Headline earnings adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives up 19% to \$92m.
- Total cash costs down 2% to \$278/oz, with South African total cash costs 3% lower at R60,287/kg as a result of cost cutting initiatives.
- Interim dividend of R1.70 (\$0.25)/share declared.

Quarter Six months Quarter Six months ended Jun 2005 ended Mar 2005 ended Jun 2005 ended Jun 2004 ended Jun 2005 ended Mar 2005 ended Jun 2005 ended Jun 2004 Restated **Restated** SA rand / Metric US dollar / Imperial **Operating review** Gold Produced - kg / oz (000) 48,792 48,808 97,600 80,972 1,569 1,569 3,138

2,603 Price received 1 - R/kg / \$/oz 87,314 82,152 84,739 84,152 422 424 423 393 Total cash costs - R/kg / \$/oz 57,351 54,778 56,064 54,456 278 284 281 254 Total production costs - R/kg / \$/oz 74,728 70,639 72,683 67,924 363 366 364 317 **Financial review** Gross profit - R / \$ million 931 255 971 1,186 154 57 211 142 Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised nonhedge derivatives 2 - R / \$ million 765 676 1,441 1,593 117 112 230 240 Profit attributable to equity shareholders - R / \$ million 566 50 616 425 96

Headline earnings - R / \$ million Headline earnings adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives - R / \$ million 1,069 Capital expenditure - R / \$ million 1,068 1,932 1,579 Earnings per ordinary share - cents/share Basic Diluted Headline 

54 36 Headline earnings adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives 3 - cents/share 228 175 404 401 35 29 64 62 Dividends cents/share 170 170 25 26 Notes: 1. Price received includes realised non-hedge derivatives. 2. Refer to note 5 of notes for the definition. 3. Refer to note 4 of notes for the definition.

\$ represents US dollar, unless otherwise stated.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Operations at a glance for the quarter ended 30 June 2005 **Price received** 1 **Production Total cash costs** Cash gross profit (loss) 2 **Gross profit (loss)** adjusted for the effect of unrealised nonhedge derivatives 3 \$/oz % Variance 4 oz (000) % Variance 4 \$/oz % Variance 4 \$m % Variance 4 \$m % Variance 4 Sunrise Dam 483 14 131 246 (12)30 36 21 62 Great Noligwa 433 (2)174 (3)

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# Financial and **operating review OVERVIEW OF THE QUARTER**

The June quarter has produced a good financial performance, with steady operational results, in line with those of last quarter. Headline earnings adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives increased 19% to \$92m, of which \$35m relates to the net positive effect of a statutory tax rate reduction in Ghana to 25% for three years (and 28% thereafter). Profit attributable to equity shareholders was \$74m higher than that of the prior quarter, due to the statutory tax rate reductions and as a result of unrealised non-hedge derivative gains in the second quarter, compared with losses in the first quarter of the year.

A combination of factors had led to a 4% increase in gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised nonhedge derivatives of \$117m. The weakening of the rand contributed \$16m to profitability, while savings arising from improved efficiencies were partly offset by lower grades and inflationary increases, with the sustained strength of the oil price continuing to have a negative impact on open-pit operations. As noted, production was consistent quarter-onquarter, due to solid performances from the Brazilian, Malian and Australian assets and to significantly improved performances at several other operations, including Siguiri in Guinea, which posted a 37,000oz production increase following the first full quarter of operation of the newly commissioned carbon-in-pulp plant. Obuasi in Ghana also continued on its course of operational improvement, with production up 11% to 102,000oz and total cash costs down 10% to \$324/oz.

An 11% production improvement at Mponeng helped to offset production declines at several other South African operations, including TauTona and Great Noligwa. After several excellent quarters, production at Geita in Tanzania decreased 14% to 165,000oz and total cash costs climbed 55% to \$331/oz, as a result of both lower grades mined and reduced mining contractor efficiencies as the operation starts the transition to owner-mining. In Australia, the Sunrise Dam mine enjoyed another record production guarter of 131,000oz, equal to that of the first quarter, with total cash costs improving 11% to A\$320/oz (\$246/oz). At the AngloGold Ashanti Mineração operation in Brazil, gold production increased 7% to 61,000oz, with total cash costs climbing 10% to \$161/oz, largely as a consequence of the 7%

appreciation of the Brazilian real over the quarter. The Cerro Vanguardia mine in Argentina saw lower tonnage and feed grade, as planned in the production programme, with total cash costs 21% higher at \$171/oz, mainly due to retroactive January 2005 wage increases paid out during the second quarter. Turning to costs, globally increasing mining contractor rates, the strong oil price and the generally higher price of consumables continue to require that cost containment remains a key management focus across the group. The stringent cost savings programmes noted last quarter are beginning to take effect and the South African region in particular made strides over the quarter in achieving its cost cutting targets, with local total cash costs at R60,287/kg constituting a 3% improvement quarter-onquarter.

Looking ahead, production for the third quarter is estimated to be 1.551Moz at a total cash cost of \$279/oz, assuming the following exchange rates to the US dollar: R6.60; A\$0.76; BRL2.4 and Argentinean peso 2.80. Capital expenditure for the quarter is estimated at \$277m and will be managed in line with profitability.

After serving more than 30 years with AngloGold Ashanti and the Anglo American and De Beers companies, CFO Jonathan Best will retire at the end of July 2005. He is succeeded by Srinivasan Venkatakrishnan, currently deputy CFO, whose professional history includes a senior position with Deloitte and Touche in London, as well as the role of Finance Director of Ashanti from 2000, during which period he led the financial restructuring of the company.

During the quarter under review, the company also indicated that Dr Sam Jonah will move to a non-executive role on the Board of Directors. AngloGold Ashanti's two Chief Operating Officers, Neville Nicolau (Africa) and Roberto Carvalho Silva (International) will now report directly to CEO Bobby Godsell.

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# **OPERATING RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER SOUTH AFRICA**

At **Great Noligwa**, volume mined improved by 13%, although yield dropped 7% as anticipated due to lower face values. Gold production fell 4% to 5,401kg (174,000oz) and total cash costs consequently increased 4% to R55,453/kg (\$270/oz). Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives increased 9% to R133m (\$21m).

The Lost-Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) was 15.66 lost-time injuries per million hours worked (9.51 for the previous quarter). Although Great Noligwa achieved 500,000 fatality-free shifts on 1 June 2005, one employee regrettably lost his life due to a fall of ground incident later in the month. At **Kopanang**, volume mined improved by 2% quarter-on-quarter. Tonnes treated increased 6%, but this benefit was offset by a 7% yield reduction due to the release of lower grade underground ore. Gold production fell 2% to 3,659kg (118,000oz) as a result of a marginal gold lock-up underground, but total cash costs nevertheless improved 2% to R58,208/kg (\$283/oz) as a result of implemented cost savings initiatives. Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives improved 59% to R83m (\$13m), reflecting the improved total cash costs and a higher received price. The LTIFR was 12.89 (12.45).

**Tau Lekoa's** volume mined increased 6% quarteron-quarter, favourably impacting gold production, which increased 5% to 2,126kg (68,000oz). The implementation of cost saving initiatives together with the increased gold production resulted in a 1% improvement in total cash costs to R82,469/kg (\$400/oz). Gross loss adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives improved significantly from R32m last quarter to R11m (\$2m) for the second quarter.

The LTIFR was 12.79 (10.77).

**Moab Khotsong's** improved gold production of 230kg (7,000oz) is not included in the South Africa region's production, as the revenue continues to be capitalised against pre-production costs. Commercial production is scheduled for 2006. The LTIFR was 17.45 (9.60).

At **Mponeng**, gold production improved 11% to 3,968kg (128,000oz), due to a 4% increase in volume mined and improvements in grade. Yield climbed 14% to 9.5g/t. Total cash costs declined 10% to R57,209/kg (\$278/oz) as a consequence of the quarter's increased production, and gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives accordingly improved to R73m (\$11m), also reflecting the impact of a higher received price. The LTIFR was 9.90 (15.82). Regrettably, one employee died in a fall of ground incident. Gold production at Savuka rose 4% to 1,038kg (33,000oz), after an improved mining mix led to a significant increase in grade. The production improvement, together with the implementation of cost savings initiatives, resulted in a 12% decrease in total cash costs to R94,685/kg (\$461/oz). Gross loss adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives declined 41% to R19m (\$3m). In spite of this quarter's operational improvement, Savuka is entering orderly closure mode with likely closure in March 2006.

The LTIFR was 16.75 (13.59).

At **TauTona**, volume mined was in line with that of the previous quarter, although increased offreef mining due to geological constraints and a 4% drop in face values resulted in an 8% drop in both gold production to 3,747kg (120,000oz) and yield. Total cash costs, at R49,773/kg (\$243/oz), reflected a 5% improvement due to labour reductions and cost management interventions. Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives was held to the previous quarter's level of R59m (\$9m).

The LTIFR was 9.35 (8.84). TauTona achieved 500,000 fatality-free shifts on 19 April 2005. **ARGENTINA** 

At **Cerro Vanguardia** (92.5% attributable), gold production decreased in line with previously reported expectations by 11% to 51,000oz due to a decline in feed grade, as well as a decrease in ore treated after a maintenancerelated milling stoppage in May.

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Total cash costs, at \$171/oz, were 21% higher quarter-on-quarter, owing in part to lower gold production, although retroactive January wage increases paid out during the second quarter and higher plant maintenance costs also contributed. Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives declined to \$7m, primarily as a result of 9% decrease in gold revenue.

The LTIFR was 3.74 (2.14).

# AUSTRALIA

For the third consecutive quarter, **Sunrise Dam** maintained a record production level of 131,000oz. Volume treated also increased this quarter, helping to partly offset the effect of a slight decline in recovered grade to 4.28g/t. Total cash costs improved by 11% to A\$320/oz (\$246/oz), which more than offset the effect of higher mining costs. Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives increased 59% to A\$27m (\$21m) as a result of a significantly higher realised price.

It is expected that grades at Sunrise Dam will decline from the third quarter of this year, as mining moves from the high grade southern section of the pit to the lower grade northern section. Mining of this section will take approximately 18 months, and will be supplemented by the underground project, where 954m of underground capital development and 895m of operational development were completed this quarter. The project's development inclines and trial mining will access the higher grade ore.

The LTIFR was 4.89 (0.00). **BRAZIL** 

At **AngloGold Ashanti Mineração**, gold production increased 7% to 61,000oz, primarily due to improved throughput at Cuiabá mine and increased heap-leaching activity at Córrego do Sìtio mine after heavy rains in the first quarter resulted in an accrual of waste material.

Total cash costs, at \$161/oz, were 10% higher as a consequence of the 7% appreciation of the Brazilian real and the increase in mined waste material over the quarter, although the improved gold production worked to partially offset these effects. Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives decreased 15% to \$11m as a consequence of increased cost of sales, which offset the effect of the higher quantity of gold sold.

The LTIFR was 1.45 (2.25). Regrettably, one of the mining contractor's employees died in a heavy mobile equipment incident at the Córrego do Sìtio mine.

At **Serra Grande** (50% attributable), gold production was maintained at last quarter's level of 24,000oz, although total cash costs rose 4% to \$153/oz due to the appreciation of the Brazilian real. Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives was nevertheless maintained at last quarter's level of \$6m as a consequence of a 4% increase in gold sold.

The LTIFR was 0.00 (4.88).

#### GHANA

As anticipated and reported last quarter, the higher grade hard rock stockpile at **Bibiani** was depleted and production consequently decreased 9% to 30,000oz. Going forward, production will likely focus on the lower grade satellite pits and old tailings treatment, although a study on the underground potential is presently being reviewed.

Total cash costs increased marginally quarteron-quarter to \$296/oz and gross loss adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives also increased from last quarter's break-even point to \$1m.

The LTIFR was 0.00 (2.13).

At Iduapriem (85% attributable), gold production decreased by 13% to 40,000oz after crushing and conveyor problems negatively affected plant throughput. Total cash costs consequently increased 18% to \$339/oz. The crusher problems have been addressed and recommendations from the previously reported mine-to-mill study will be implemented during the second half of the year, leading management to expect significant improvements in plant throughput and a related boost in production over the next two quarters. Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives at \$2m, remained unchanged quarter-on-quarter. The LTIFR was 1.15 (0.00).

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As a result of increased tonnages and improved grade, gold production at **Obuasi** climbed 11% to meet a management target of 102,000oz for the quarter. Total cash costs consequently improved by 10% to \$324/oz. In spite of these operational improvements, gross loss adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives increased from \$1m to \$5m due to a lower price received. Over the quarter, development and ore definition drilling improved by 16% and 15%, respectively, and in the second half of the year further improvements in the mining mix and flexibility are anticipated. Regrettably, two employees lost their lives this quarter, one as a result of a fall and the other in a materials handling accident. The LTIFR was 3.56 (4.73).

### **REPUBLIC OF GUINEA**

At Siguiri (85% attributable), gold production increased 86% from that of the previous quarter to 80,000oz and total cash costs declined 46% to \$212/oz. Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives rose by \$7m to \$9m, due primarily to increased gold income. The new carbon-in-pulp plant recorded a significantly improved performance, although a series of pipeline failures prevented the plant from operating at full capacity. This issue is being addressed. As the plant begins to operate at optimal levels, likely at the end of the third quarter, the last of the heap-leach gold will be recovered, and production levels will normalise. On 27 July 2005, AngloGold Ashanti reached an agreement with the government of Guinea to amend the Convention de Base (stability agreement) and resolve all outstanding disputes for a sum of \$7m. In addition, the company has agreed, as part of the settlement, to meet historical and follow-up fees and costs of a consultant that the government retained to advise and assist it in its negotiations and resolution of the dispute. In consideration of the above settlement, the government has irrevocably confirmed its waiver and abandonment of all claims and disputes of any nature whatsoever against the AngloGold Ashanti group of companies. The LTIFR was 0.64 (0.50).

#### MALI

At **Morila** (40% attributable), production was maintained at last quarter's level of 67,000oz, as an increase in tonnage throughput offset the effect of a planned reduction in recovered grade. Total cash costs, at \$173/oz, remain unchanged quarter-on-quarter. Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives declined by 8% to \$11m due to lower level of gold sold quarter-on-quarter. The LTIFR was 1.16 (1.24).

At **Sadiola** (38% attributable), gold production increased by 13% to 43,000oz due to a 14% improvement in recovered grade. Although tonnage throughput was negatively affected this quarter by a mill breakdown, Sadiola remains on track to meet its annual attributable production target.

Total cash costs declined by 10% to \$256/oz and gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives increased to \$4m, a result of the improvements in recovered grade and production.

The LTIFR was 0.00 (1.16).

At **Yatela** (40% attributable), production was maintained at last quarter's level of 23,000oz, although total cash costs climbed 7% to \$299/oz due to increased mining contractor costs. Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives, at \$1m, was 50% below that of the previous quarter due to the increased operating costs and lower gold sold.

The LTIFR was 0.00 (0.00).

# NAMIBIA

At **Navachab**, gold production decreased by 5% to 18,000oz due to an 8% decrease in tonnage throughput, which was adversely affected in April by a crusher failure that resulted in significant downtime. Total cash costs declined by 12% to \$362/oz as a result of the reduced production, and the gross loss adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives was \$1m, compared to last quarter's break-even position.

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Going forward, tonnage throughput and production are expected to climb, as the crusher problem has been resolved and the mine is currently producing according to plan. Navachab is expected to achieve its production target for the year.

The LTIFR was 8.49 (0.00).

## TANZANIA

Production at **Geita** declined as anticipated by 14% to 165,000oz due to a 20% decrease in recovered grade. As previously reported, grades and production are both expected to decline for the remainder of the year as the high-grade ore in the current cut-back will be exhausted before the higher grade ore of the next mining phase in the Nyankanga pit can be accessed.

Total cash costs, at \$331/oz, were 55% higher than those of the previous quarter, reflecting both decreased mining contractor efficiency and lower grades. As a result of the decrease in production and higher operating costs, a gross loss adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives of \$9m was incurred.

To help address these concerns, the AngloGold Ashanti board last quarter approved a move to owner-mining at Geita. The transition will be completed at the end of July 2005, with limited cost benefit evident from the fourth quarter of this year, and the full gains expected from the start of 2006.

The LTIFR was 0.48 (1.06). **USA** 

At **Cripple Creek & Victor** (67% ownership with 100% interest in production until initial loans are repaid), gold production decreased 12% to 71,000oz, as ore placed at significant distance to the leach pad liner in the first quarter resulted in delayed recoveries in the second. A production increase should be evident from next quarter.

As a result of the decreased production, total cash costs, at \$227/oz, were 3% higher quarteron-quarter. Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives declined to \$2m as a result of the lower production and lower realised price.

The LTIFR was 0.00 (0.00). In June, CC&V achieved 19 months without a lost-time accident.

Notes:

- · All references to price received includes realised non-hedge derivatives.
- · In the case of joint venture operations, all production and financial results are attributable to AngloGold Ashanti.

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- Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.
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# Exploration

Total exploration expenditure during the second quarter amounted to \$19m (\$12m expensed and \$7m capitalised), versus \$15m in the previous quarter. Of the \$19m, \$9m (\$2m expensed, \$7m capitalised) was spent on brownfields exploration activities at existing mines, while the remaining \$10m funded greenfields exploration in Tanzania, Alaska, China, Mongolia, Colombia, Peru, Russia and the DRC.

# Brownfields

In **Ghana** at Obuasi, site establishment is in progress for the first two of six surface diamond holes of the Obuasi Ultra Deeps project. These are planned to intersect the Obuasi Fissure 3,400m below surface and are expected to be completed by January 2007.

At Sadiola in **Mali**, the contract for the pre-feasibility study of the Deep Sulphides project will be awarded in the third quarter. Testing of the sulphide potential below the oxide mineralisation at the FE3,

FE3 South and FE4 satellite pits over the second quarter did not yield economic intercepts.

At Morila, the third drilling phase has been completed on the underground Samacline target located 500m west of the current pit at a depth of 400m below surface. A preliminary scoping study investigating the underground mining potential of this target is in progress.

At Siguiri in **Guinea**, drilling results remain encouraging on both the oxide and sulphide extensions of the existing pits. Reconnaissance drilling on a previously delineated 2km soil geochemical anomaly at Foulata, which is situated 45km west of the plant, has delineated a potential oxide Mineral Resource.

In **Tanzania** at Geita, diamond drilling of the Geita Hill North East Extension zone continues to intersect mineralisation down dip and along strike. Drilling of the Geita Hill footwall zone is underway to confirm potential additional mineralisation outside the current pit limits.

In **Brazil**, drilling at various sites at Córrego do Sítio continues to define sulphide mineralisation below existing oxide Mineral Resources and a pre-feasibility study and trial mining is planned to commence in 2006.

At Crixás, down-plunge drill testing of the Forquilha Sul and Mina I-West ore-bodies intersected sub-economic mineralisation, effectively closing off known ore shoots at depth. Exploration continues to look for further orebodies down plunge.

In **Australia**, AngloGold Ashanti has divested its interests in selected tenements north of Sunrise Dam Gold Mine to Crescent Gold Limited.

# Greenfields

In the **DRC**, drilling re-commenced in mid-April at Adidi and preliminary results confirm historical grade and tonnage estimates (1.2Moz at 9.9g/t). Preliminary drilling was also carried out on two additional targets derived from mapping and geochemical sampling during the first quarter.

In **Alaska**, results from the initial drilling programme on the Lost Mine South project in the Pogo area delineated a near-surface, broad, shallow dipping gold zone with grades in the 1-2g/t range; follow-up drilling is planned for the third quarter. Two additional high grade targets are planned to be drill tested in Alaska during the summer.

In South America, greenfields exploration is focussed in **Colombia**. Diamond drilling has commenced at the San Carlos project in the Bolivar department and AngloGold Ashanti is planning to drilltest a further three prospects in Colombia in the second half of 2005. 7

### Review of the gold market

Whilst the quarter saw a wide range of \$30/oz in the spot gold price, and some interesting changes in investor interest in buying gold, the most significant moves during this period occurred in the currency markets.

The \$/euro exchange rate broke down decisively from the euro strength displayed in late 2004 and early 2005. Having tested \$1.35/€ twice during the first quarter of the year, the European currency retreated by almost 10% against the dollar, and closed the quarter at \$1.21/€. The weakness of the euro and resurgence of the US dollar contributed to a shift also in the local currency and the rand weakened against the US dollar by 8% during this quarter. At its weakest point of R6.96/\$1, the South African currency had lost some 19% against the US dollar since the rate of R5.65/\$1 at which the rand opened in 2005. The average \$/euro exchange rate for the quarter of \$1.26/€ reflected the US currency being 4% stronger than in the first quarter of 2005. The South African currency weakened against the US dollar on average by 7% quarter on quarter.

### Gold

The statistics of the gold spot price in US dollars reveal little of the changes in the gold market during the period under review. The average spot price for the quarter of \$427/oz was unchanged from the average price of gold for the first quarter of 2005. The high of \$444/oz was within two dollars of the high for the first quarter, and the low of \$413/oz was similarly close to the first quarter. However, the behaviour of the gold price was remarkable for its divergence from movements in the value of the US dollar during this quarter. See Graph 1 : Euro / US\$ Exchange Rate & US\$ Gold Spot Price: January 2004 – July 2005 Indexed. The distinctive feature of the gold price rally of the past four years has been the extent to which the gold price has risen in proportion to the weakening of the US dollar against the euro, and fallen back when the US dollar has strengthened against the euro. During this quarter however, as the US dollar strengthened against the euro, the US dollar spot price of gold actually finished June some 2% firmer on the quarter. As a direct consequence of the stronger \$/weaker euro, and a stronger spot gold price, the euro price of gold rose by 12% during this quarter to a high of

€368/oz.

In effect, traders on the New York Comex elected to remain long gold as the US currency strengthened. There appeared to be no single justification for this change of trading strategy on Comex. One important element was that of short covering on the Comex. Certain investors had gone significantly short gold early in the quarter when US dollar strength first emerged, taking Comex to a net long position of only 5.6Moz, the lowest net long position since mid-2003. When this short move attracted no further selling interest, the market saw sustained short covering in June notwithstanding the strong US dollar. This reaction on Comex took the net long gold position on the exchange back up to almost 18Moz net long at the end of June. In effect, investors were buying US dollars and buying gold during the same period. See Graph 2 : New York Comex Gold Net Open Position vs IMM US\$ Net Open *Position 2001 – 2005.* 

The correction in the spot gold market was still under-way at the end of the quarter, when the gold price closed at \$434/oz. After the end of the quarter, the price fell as low as \$421/oz, although it has since recovered slightly to trade at around \$425/oz.

The sustained investor interest in gold during this quarter does not necessarily reflect a complete break between gold price movement and changes in the value of the US dollar. It is very likely that gold will again respond positively to renewed US dollar weakness in the future, but off a higher base. The events of this quarter confirm the fact that the New York Comex remains the primary market place for investor and speculator activity in gold, and for the spot pricing of the metal. See Graph 3 : New York Comex Net Open Interest Position and Gold Price: January 2004-July 2005. The combination of a strong spot gold price and a weaker rand during the quarter produced sharply higher rand gold prices and some relief for local gold producers. From a low of R81,500/kg during the quarter, the local price reached almost R96,500/kg, while the average of R87,800/kg for the quarter was R5,000/kg or 6% higher than the average price for the first quarter. During July, however, a degree of recovery in the rand has taken the local gold price back below R90,000/kg. 8

## **Physical Demand**

Physical offtake of gold continued to improve during the first quarter of 2005, following the healthy performance of demand in 2004. Consumption of gold in jewellery in the first quarter increased by 17% year-on-year, largely on the back of growth in Indian demand. Gold jewellery offtake in the developed markets of the USA, Europe and Japan remained flat to down. Net bullion supply on the market increased by 23%, driven particularly by higher official sales of 254t during the first quarter and significantly reduced de-hedging by gold producers, and the market remained effectively in balance. However, gold offtake in the second quarter suffered from the combination of higher gold prices in local currencies (on the back of the stronger US dollar) and seasonally low demand for jewellery. Offtake in India has fallen particularly during this guarter due to these two factors. Nevertheless, the major physical gold markets seem to have adjusted to higher gold prices in general, and demand would be expected to increase again should gold weaken from the higher spot price levels at which it traded at the end of the second quarter.

#### **Official Sector**

The official sector contributed to better sentiment towards gold during this quarter with the announcement by the G8 of a debt relief programme for heavily indebted poor countries which would not be funded by the revaluation or sale of the gold reserves of the IMF, as had been proposed in recent months. Although most commentators had expressed doubt that the proposal by UK's Gordon Brown, for the funding of debt relief by the sale of IMF gold reserves would succeed, the announcement removed a residual uncertainty that new sales might cap the gold market for a time.

The high level of official gold sales during the early months of 2005 has led to less official selling since then, and assisted the physical market in the second quarter, when physical demand has fallen.

### Currencies

At the end of June, the US dollar had gained 11% against the euro since the beginning of 2005, most of this during the second quarter of the year. During July, the US dollar gained further to reach a high of \$1.186/€, a level last seen in mid-2004.

During the four years of correction in the US currency against the euro since 2001, the market has seen several US dollar rallies led by economic good news from the USA, where cyclical strength in the US economy has outweighed the structural problems in that economy. However, during the second quarter of 2005, the cyclical advantages of sound economic growth and rising interest rates in the USA were complemented by recognition of major negative factors in European economies, and the fact that these weaknesses were fundamentally at odds with a stronger euro. Sentiment towards the euro was also damaged by political uncertainties raised by the referenda in France and Holland in June, in which voters rejected the new European Constitution. The US dollar was the direct beneficiary of the market's concern about the European currency, and market fears about the US trade and fiscal deficits receded during the period under review.

Whilst the dollar has moved largely on good news in the US economy and bad news in Europe, the stronger US currency has now broken through the technical trend lines of the correction of the past four years. This technical break has occurred in respect of the exchange rate both against the euro and against a trade-weighted currency index. It will be interesting to see what this means for the US currency during the rest of this year, particularly if cyclically favourable circumstances in the US should weaken. Market commentary is divided between institutions that now see a stronger dollar by the end of 2005, and those who still expect dollar weakness to resume, albeit with more modest year-end targets. Whilst South Africa suffered no particular negative

economic shift during this quarter, the local currency lost ground sharply against the US dollar. This move was driven by the stronger dollar, but also by some public recognition by leading monetary and political figures of the harm done to sectors of the South African economy by a strong local currency.

<sup>9</sup> 

Whilst the further movement of the dollar against the euro will obviously influence rand exchange rates, the market seems more persuaded now of the likelihood of a weaker rand going forward. **Hedging** 

As at 30 June 2005, the net delta hedge position of AngloGold Ashanti was 10.32Moz or 321t valued at the spot gold price at the end of the quarter of \$434.50/oz. This net delta position reflects a decrease of some 400,000oz or 12.5t in the net size of the AngloGold Ashanti hedge compared with the position at the end of the previous quarter. The net reduction reflects the maturing of price contracts during the past quarter.

The marked-to-market value of the hedge position as at 30 June 2005 was negative \$1,032m, little changed from the negative value of \$1,066m recorded at the end of March 2005. However, this value of \$1,032m was calculated off a closing spot price \$7/oz higher than the closing price at the end of March at which the previous valuation was calculated. The marked-to-market value of the hedge at 27 July 2005 at a spot price of \$422.80/oz was negative \$925.620m. The price received by the company for the quarter under review was \$422/oz, compared with an average spot price for the period of \$427/oz. The company continues to manage its hedged positions actively, and to reduce overall levels of pricing commitments in respect of future gold production by the company.

#### **GRAPH 1**

*EURO / US\$ EXCHANGE RATE & US\$ GOLD SPOT PRICE JANUARY 2004 – JULY 2005 INDEXED* 10 GRAPH 2 NEW YORK COMEX GOLD NET OPEN POSITION VS IMM US\$ NET OPEN POSITION 2001 – 2005 GRAPH 3 NEW YORK COMEX NET OPEN INTEREST POSITION AND GOLD PRICE JANUARY 2004-JULY 2005 11

### Hedge position

\$365 \$380

As at 30 June 2005, the group had outstanding the following forward-pricing commitments against future production. The total net delta tonnage of the hedge of the company on this date was 10.32Moz or 321t (at 31 March 2005: 10.72Moz or 334t). The marked-to-market value of all hedge transactions making up the hedge positions was a negative \$1.032bn (negative R6.94bn) as at 30 June 2005 (as at 31 March 2005: \$1.066bn or R6.62bn). This value at 30 June 2005 was based on a gold price of \$434.50/oz, exchange rates of R/\$6.7240 and A\$/\$0.7560 and the prevailing market interest rates and volatilities at that date. As at 27 July 2005, the marked-to-market value of the hedge book was a negative \$925.620m (negative R6.192bn), based on a gold price of \$422.80/oz and exchange rates of R/\$6.69 and A\$/\$0.7546 and the prevailing market interest rates and volatilities at the time. These marked-to-market valuations are not predictive of the future value of the hedge position, nor of future impact on the revenue of the company. The valuation represents the cost of buying all hedge contracts at the time of valuation, at market prices and rates available at the time. Year 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010-2014 Total **DOLLAR GOLD** Forward contracts Amount (kg) 11,511 16,654 32,993 30,076 26,288 53,566 171,088 US\$/oz \$310 \$316 \$344

\$402 \$366 Put options purchased Amount (kg) 4,408 8,592 1,455 14,455 US\$/oz \$333 \$345 \$292 \$336 Put options sold Amount (kg) 5,132 4,354 855 1,882 9,409 21,632 US\$/oz \$411 \$339 \$390 \$400 \$430 \$403 Call options purchased Amount (kg) 11,860 11,211 6,357 29,428 US\$/oz \$329 \$333 \$344 \$334 Call options sold Amount (kg) 18,607 31,224 27,560 27,516 26,211 76,048 207,166 US\$/oz \$360 \$381

\$374 \$380 \$407 \$468 \$413 **RAND GOLD** Forward contracts Amount (kg) \* 1,218 2,449 933 2,164 Rand per kg R109,988 R97,520 R116,335 R160,520 Put options purchased Amount (kg) 1,875 1,875 Rand per kg R93,602 R93,602 Put options sold Amount (kg) 7,620 1,400 9,020 Rand per kg R91,907 R88,414 R91,365 Call options purchased Amount (kg) Rand per kg Call options sold Amount (kg) 9,889 4,517 311 2,986 5,972 23,675 Rand per kg R93,515 R102,447 R108,123 R202,054 R223,756 R141,953

# A DOLLAR GOLD Forward contracts

Amount (kg) \* 1,885 1,555 8,398 3,110 3,390 3,110 17,678 A\$ per oz A\$615 A\$762 A\$650 A\$678 A\$665 A\$689 A\$744 Put options purchased Amount (kg) A\$ per oz Put options sold Amount (kg) A\$ per oz Call options purchased Amount (kg) 3,110 6,221 3,732 3,110 1,244 3,110 20,527 A\$ per oz A\$724 A\$673 A\$668 A\$680 A\$694 A\$712 A\$688 Call options sold Amount (kg) A\$ per oz Delta (kg)

14,198
32,959
59,879
54,809
50,663
108,569
321,077
** Total net gold:
Delta (oz)
456,476
1,059,655
1,925,152
1,762,148
1,628,851
3,490,569
10,322,850
* Long position.
**
The Delta of the hedge position indicated above is the equivalent gold position that would have the same marked-to-market sensitivity for a small change in the gold price. This is calculated using the Black-Scholes option formula with the ruling market prices, interest rates and volatilities as at 30 June 2005.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

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Year 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010-2014 Total DOLLAR **SILVER** Forward contracts Amount (kg) \$ per oz Put options purchased Amount (kg) 21,772 43,545 43,545 24,883 133,745 \$ per oz \$7.11 \$7.11 \$7.40 \$7.40 \$7.26 Put options sold Amount (kg) 21,772 43,545 43,545 24,883 133,745 \$ per oz \$6.02 \$6.02 \$5.93 \$5.75 \$5.94 Call options purchased Amount (kg) \$ per oz Call options sold Amount (kg) 21,772 43,545

```
43,545
24,883
133,745
$ per oz
$8.11
$8.11
$8.40
$8.00
$8.19
The following table indicates the group's currency hedge position at 30 June 2005
Year
2005
2006
2007
2008
2009
2010-2014
Total
RAND DOLLAR (000)
Forward
contracts
Amount
             7,488
($)
7,488
US$/R
R6.34
R6.34
Put
options
purchased
Amount
($)
60,000
60,000
US$/R
R6.97
R6.97
Put
options
sold
Amount
($)
60,000
60,000
US$/R
R6.69
R6.69
Call
options
purchased
Amount
```

(\$) US\$/R Call options sold Amount (\$) 115,000 115,000 US\$/R R7.13 R7.13 A DOLLAR (000) Forward contracts Amount (\$) 15,970 39,222 55,192 A\$0.61 A\$/US\$ A\$0.75 A\$0.70 Put options purchased Amount (\$) A\$/US\$ Put options sold Amount (\$) A\$/US\$ Call options purchased Amount (\$) A\$/US\$ Call options sold Amount (\$) 50,000 20,000 70,000 A\$/US\$ A\$0.75 A\$0.74 A\$0.75 **BRAZILIAN REAL (000)** Forward contracts Amount (\$) 12,000 24,000 4,000 40,000

US\$/BRL **BRL2.94** BRL3.18 BRL3.31 BRL3.12 Put options purchased Amount (\$) US\$/BRL Put options sold Amount (\$) US\$/BRL Call options purchased Amount (\$) US\$/BRL Call options sold Amount (\$) 10,000 20,000 30,000 US\$/BRL BRL3.03 BRL3.29 BRL3.20 Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies. 13

Group income statement Quarter Quarter Quarter Six months Six months ended ended ended ended ended June March June June June 2005 2005 2004 2005 2004 Restated Restated **SA Rand million** Notes Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Revenue 4,563 4,016 3,754 8,579 7,095 Gold income 4,404 3,858 3,559 8,261 6,693 Cost of sales 2 (3,620) (3,415)(2,925) (7,036)(5,338)

Non-hedge derivatives

147 (188)(379) (40)(384) **Gross Profit** 931 255 255 1,186 971 Corporate administration and other expenses (103)(99) (105)(201) (181)Market development costs (21) (21) (22) (42)(48)**Exploration costs** (78) (60)(72)(138) (131)Amortisation of intangible assets (54) (106)Impairment of tangible assets (45)(45)Other operating expenses (38) (23)(22)(63) (27)Other operating income 8 4

-

12
Operating profit (loss) 654
56
(21)
709
478
Interest receivable
39
54
80
93
172 Other net (expense) income
Other net (expense) income (4)
7
(7)
4
(8)
(Loss) profit on disposal of assets and subsidiaries
•
(1)
7
(1)
27
Finance costs and unwinding of decommissioning
and restoration obligations
( <b>159</b> ) (148)
(148) (124)
(308)
(282)
Fair value adjustment on option component of convertible bond
<b>79</b>
115
397
194
248
Fair value gains (losses) on interest rate swaps
11
(16)
(15)
(5)
(33) Share of associates profit (loss)
2
1
(2)
3
(1)

Profit before taxation
<b>621</b>
68
316
689
602 Tourtier
Taxation 3
5 62
59
87
121
(64)
Profit after taxation
683
127
403
810
538
Discontinued operations
7
(69)
(51)
(52)
(121)
(52)
614
76
351
690
486
Allocated as follows
Equity Shareholders
566
50
326
616
425
Minority interest
48
26
25
74
61
614
76
351
690
486
Basic earnings per ordinary share (cents)
Profit from continuing operations

Loss from discontinued operations (26)(19)(21)(46)(22)Profit Diluted earnings per ordinary share (cents) Profit from continuing operations Loss from discontinued operations (26) (19)(19)(46)(21) Profit **Dividends** - Rm - cents per share Calculated on the basic weighted average number of ordinary shares. 

Calculated on the diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares.

3

Dividends are translated at actual rates on date of payment. The current period is only indicative. Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

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Group income statement Quarter Quarter Quarter Six months Six months ended ended ended ended ended June March June June June 2005 2005 2004 2005 2004 Restated Restated **US Dollar million** Notes Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Revenue 708 668 570 1,377 1,065 Gold income 684 642 541 1,326 1,005 Cost of sales 2 (565)(568)(445)(1, 133)(801) Non-hedge derivatives

35 (17) (62) 18 (62) Gross Profit 154 57 34 211 142 Corporate administration and other expenses (16)(16) (16)(32) (27)Market development costs (3) (4) (3) (7)(7)Exploration costs (12) (10) (11) (22) (20)Amortisation of intangible assets -(8) (16)Impairment of tangible assets (7) -\_ (7) Other operating expenses (6) (4) (3) (10) (4)Other operating income 1 1 \_

2
- Operating profit (loss)
111
24
(7)
135
68
Interest receivable 6
9
12
15
26
Other net (expense) income
(1) 1
(1)
-
(2)
Profit on disposal of assets and subsidiaries
-
-
-
- 4
Finance costs and unwinding of decommissioning
and restoration obligations
(25)
(24)
(19)
(50) (42)
Fair value adjustment on option component of convertible bond
13
19
61
32
38
Fair value gains (losses) on interest rate swaps 2
(3)
(2)
(1)
(5)
Share of associates profit (loss)
-
-

**Profit before taxation** Taxation (7)**Profit after taxation** Discontinued operations (12) (9) (8) (21) (8) Allocated as follows Equity Shareholders Minority interest Basic earnings per ordinary share (cents) Profit from continuing operations

Loss from discontinued operations (5) (3) (3)(8) (3)Profit Diluted earnings per ordinary share (cents) Profit from continuing operations Loss from discontinued operations (5) (3)(3) (8)(3)Profit **Dividends** - \$m - cents per share Calculated on the basic weighted average number of ordinary shares.

Calculated on the diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares.

3

Dividends are translated at actual rates on date of payment. The current period is only indicative. Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

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Group balance sheet As at As at As at As at June March June December 2005 2005 2004 2004 Restated Restated **SA Rand million** Notes Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Audited **ASSETS** Non-current assets Tangible assets 37,528 35,634 34,079 33,195 Intangible assets 2,727 2,569 2,524 2,347 Investments in associates 254 43 43 43 Investment properties 60 51 42 44 Other investments 550 190 91 179 Inventories 789

677 140 124 Derivatives 403 458 832 1,055 Deferred taxation 215 -Other non-current assets 170 524 351 487 42,696 40,146 38,102 37,474 **Current assets** Inventories 2,619 2,365 2,371 2,363 Trade and other receivables 2,025 1,726 1,873 1,747 Derivatives 3,053 3,512 1,904 2,767 Current portion of other non-current assets 5 5 385 5 Cash and cash equivalents 1,835 1,744 3,458 1,758 9,537 9,352 9,991

8,640 Non-current assets held for sale 100 \_ 9,637 9,352 9,991 8,640 **TOTAL ASSETS** 52,333 49,498 48,093 46,114 **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES** Equity Ordinary share capital and premium 9 19,006 18,995 18,980 18,987 Retained earnings and other reserves 10 1,410 (193) 70 (1,200)Shareholders' equity 20,416 18,802 19,050 17,787 Minority interests 11 401 367 350 327 20,817 19,169 19,400 18,114 **Non-current liabilities** Borrowings 10,500 9,934 8,088 7,262 Provisions

	3.	3
2,729		
2,548		
2,117		
2,339		
Derivatives		
2,130		
2,191		
2,393		
3,032		
Deferred taxation		
8,231		
7,885		
8,211		
7,542		
23,590		
22,558		
20,809		
20,175		
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables		
2,919		
2,580		
2,940		
2,650		
Current portion of borrowings		
1,141		
889		
2,125		
1,800		
Derivatives		
3,551		
3,948		
2,662		
3,007		
Taxation		
315		
354		
157		
368		
7,926		
7,771		
7,884		
7,825		
Total liabilities		
31,516		
30,329		
28,693		
28,000		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIA	BILITIES	5
52,333		
49,498		

48,093 46,114 Net asset value - cents per share **7,715** 7,108 7,205 6,726 Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies. 16

Group balance sheet As at As at As at As at June March June December 2005 2005 2004 2004 Restated Restated **US Dollar million** Notes Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Audited **ASSETS** Non-current assets Tangible assets 5,615 5,727 5,473 5,880 Intangible assets **408** 413 405 416 Investments in associates 38 7 7 8 Investment properties 9 8 7 8 Other investments 82 31 14 32 Inventories

Derivatives Deferred taxation -Other non-current assets 6,388 6,453 6,118 6,639 **Current assets** Inventories Trade and other receivables Derivatives Current portion of other non-current assets Cash and cash equivalents 1,427 1,502

1,531 Non-current assets held for sale 15 \_ 1,442 1,502 1,604 1,531 **TOTAL ASSETS** 7,830 7,955 7,723 8,170 **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES** Equity Ordinary share capital and premium 9 2,843 3,053 3,048 3,364 Retained earnings and other reserves 10 211 (31)12 (213)Shareholders' equity 3,054 3,022 3,060 3,151 Minority interests 11 60 59 56 58 3,114 3,081 3,116 3,209 **Non-current liabilities** Borrowings 1,571 1,597 1,299 1,286 Provisions

400
408
409
340
415
Derivatives
319
352
384
537
Deferred taxation
1,231
1,267
1,319
1,336
3,529
3,625
3,342
3,574
Current liabilities
Trade and other payables
<b>437</b>
415
471
470
Current portion of borrowings
171
143
341
319
Derivatives
531
634
428
533
Taxation
47
57
25
65
1,186
1,249
1,265
1,387
Total liabilities
4,715
4,874
4,607
4,961
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES
7,830
7,955

7,723 8,170 Net asset value - cents per share **1,154** 1,142 1,157 1,191 Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies. 17 Group cash flow statement Quarter Quarter Quarter Six months Six months ended ended ended ended ended June March June June June 2005 2005 2004 2005 2004 Restated Restated **SA Rand million** Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations 1,191 825 787 2,016 1,323 Cash utilised by discontinued operations (62) (51)(6) (113)7 Environmental, rehabilitation and other expenditure (16)(12)(13)(29)(30)Taxation paid

(61) (56)(95)(161)Net cash inflow from operating activities 1,078 701 712 1,779 1,139 Cash flows from investing activities Capital expenditure (1,068) (864)(1,012)(1,932) (1,579)Proceeds from disposal of tangible assets 9 -35 Investments acquired (89) (2)(89)(2)Acquisition of subsidiary net of cash (802)(802)Net loans (advanced) repaid (29) (1)74 (31) 76 Utilised in hedge restructure (415)(415)Net cash outflow from investing activities (1, 186)(1, 280)(1,733)

(2,466)(2,272)**Cash flows from financing activities** Proceeds from issue of share capital 10 8 1 18 12 Share issue expenses (1)(1)Proceeds from borrowings 545 2,568 60 3,113 6,797 Repayment of borrowings (407) (1, 488)(1, 379)(1,895) (4,571)Interest received 27 45 61 72 133 Finance costs (68) (221)(78)(288)(253)Dividends paid (31) (488)(59) (519) (817)Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities 77 424 (1, 395)501 1,300

Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents (31) (155)(2,416)(186)167 Translation 123 141 6 264 (76)Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,744 1,758 5,868 1,758 3,367 Closing cash and cash equivalents 1,835 1,744 3,458 1,835 3,458 **Cash generated from operations** Profit before taxation 621 68 316 689 602 Adjusted for: Non-cash movements 126 (32)(39) 95 (8) Movement on non-hedge derivatives (185)427 386 242 568 Deferred stripping costs 17 8 (40)25 (114)Amortisation of tangible assets

787 732 600 1,519 1,046 Amortisation of intangible assets 3 3 54 6 106 Impairment of tangible assets 45 \_ 45 Interest receivable (39) (54)(81)(93)(172)Loss (profit) on disposal of assets and subsidiaries -1 (7)1 (27)Finance costs and unwinding of decommissioning and restoration obligations 159 148 124 308 282 Fair value adjustment on option component of convertible bond (79) (115)(397) (194)(248)Movement in working capital (267)(361) (130)(628)(712)1,191 825 787

2,016
1,323
Movement in working capital
(Increase) decrease in inventories
(339)
(567)
(157)
(906)
39
Increase in trade and other receivables
(268)
-
(168)
(267)
(225)
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables
340
206
195
546
(526)
(267)
(361)
(130)
(628)
(712)
Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.
18

Group cash flow statement Quarter Quarter Quarter Six months Six months ended ended ended ended ended June March June June June 2005 2005 2004 2005 2004 Restated Restated **US Dollar million** Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations 193 136 102 329 220 Cash utilised by discontinued operations (11) (8) (1)(19)1 Environmental, rehabilitation and other expenditure (3) (2)(2)(5) (5)Taxation paid

(10)(9) (15) (24)Net cash inflow from operating activities 175 116 90 290 192 Cash flows from investing activities Capital expenditure (167) (144)(153)(311) (237)Proceeds from disposal of tangible assets 1 -5 Investments acquired (15)(15)Acquisition of subsidiary net of cash (126)(126)Net loans (advanced) repaid (5) 11 (5)11 Utilised in hedge restructure (69) (69) Net cash outflow from investing activities (186)(213)(267)

(399) (347)**Cash flows from financing activities** Proceeds from issue of share capital 2 1 \_ 3 2 Share issue expenses \_ Proceeds from borrowings **43** 458 22 501 1,019 Repayment of borrowings (27) (278)(213)(305) (685)Interest received 4 7 9 12 20 Finance costs (10)(37) (12)(47)(38)Dividends paid (5) (82) (9) (87) (122)Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities 7 69 (203)77 196

Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents (4) (28)(380)(32)41 Translation (2) (4)1 (5)9 Opening cash and cash equivalents 280 312 934 312 505 Closing cash and cash equivalents 275 280 555 275 555 **Cash generated from operations** Profit before taxation 107 26 44 132 87 Adjusted for: Non-cash movements 20 (5) (5) 15 2 Movement on non-hedge derivatives (38) 57 64 18 90 Deferred stripping costs 2 1 (6) 4 (17)Amortisation of tangible assets

123 122 91 244 157 Amortisation of intangible assets -8 1 16 Impairment of tangible assets 7 -7 Interest receivable (6) (9) (12) (15)(26)Profit on disposal of assets and subsidiaries \_ . (4)Finance costs and unwinding of decommissioning and restoration obligations 25 24 19 50 42 Fair value adjustment on option component of convertible bond (13)(19)(61) (32) (39) Movement in working capital (33)(61) (40)(94) (88)193 136 102

200
329
220
Movement in working capital
Increase in inventories
(17)
(50)
(29)
(67)
(16)
(Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables
(20)
29
(29)
9
(52)
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables
4
(40)
18
(36)
(20)
(33)
(61)
(40)
(94)
(88)
Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.
19

Statement of recognised income and expense for the six months ended 30 June 2005 Six months Six months ended ended .June June 2005 2004 Unaudited Unaudited Actuarial gains on defined benefit retirement plans 42 Net (gain) loss on cash flow hedges removed from equity and reported in income (91)446 Net (loss) gain on cash flow hedges (116)645 Net (loss) gain on available for sale financial assets (2)5 Deferred taxation on items above 182 (279)Net exchange translation differences (159)91 Net (expense) income recognised directly in equity (144)908 Profit for the period 690 486 Total recognised income and expense for the period 546 1,394 Attributable to: Equity shareholders 429 1,329 Minority interest 117 65 546 1,394 Actuarial gains on defined benefit retirement plans 7 -

Net (gain) loss on cash flow hedges removed from equity and reported in income (11)78 Net (loss) gain on cash flow hedges (17)104 Net (loss) gain on available for sale financial assets (2)1 Deferred taxation on items above 26 (41) Net exchange translation differences (4)(13)Net (expense) income recognised directly in equity (1)129 Profit for the period 130 72 Total recognised income and expense for the period 129 201 Attributable to: Equity shareholders 120 187 Minority interest 9 14 129 201 Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies. **SA Rand million US Dollar million** 20

Group operating results Quarter Quarter Six months Six months Quarter Quarter Six months Six months ended ended ended ended ended ended ended ended June March June June June March June June 2005 2005 2005 2004 2005 2005 2005 2004 Restated Restated Restated Restated Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited **Rand / Metric Dollar / Imperial OPERATING RESULTS UNDERGROUND OPERATION** Milled

- 000 tonnes
1
- 000 tons
3,466
3,386
6,853
6,277 <b>3,821</b>
3,733
7,554
6,919
Yield
- g / t
/
- oz / t
7.26
7.35
7.30
7.74
0.212
0.214
0.213
0.226 Cald produced
Gold produced - kg
- Kg /
- oz (000)
25,175
24,884
50,059
48,565
809
800
1,609
1,562
SURFACE AND DUMP RECLAMATION
Treated
- 000 tonnes
/ - 000 tons
1,886
2,111
3,997
3,400
2,078
2,327
4,406
3,747
Yield
- g / t
/

- oz / t 0.49 0.47 0.48 0.57 0.014 0.014 0.014 0.017 Gold produced - kg / - oz (000) 927 986 1,913 1,925 30 32 62 62 **OPEN-PIT OPERATION** Mined - 000 tonnes / - 000 tons 46,042 38,217 84,259 62,576 50,753 42,127 92,880 68,978 Treated - 000 tonnes / - 000 tons 6,501 5,057 11,557 7,598 7,166 5,574 12,740 8,375 Stripping ratio - t (mined total - mined ore) / t mined ore 4.82 6.10 5.34

7.31 4.82 6.10 5.34 7.31 Yield - g / t / - oz / t 2.90 3.60 3.21 3.10 0.085 0.105 0.094 0.090 Gold in ore - kg / - oz (000) 11,188 14,898 26,086 17,307 360 479 839 556 Gold produced - kg / - oz (000) 18,856 18,220 37,076 23,573 606 585 1,192 758 **HEAP LEACH OPERATION** Mined - 000 tonnes / - 000 tons 14,465 17,913 32,377 35,170 15,945

19,745
35,690
38,769
Placed
1
- 000 tonnes
/
- 000 tons
5,241
6,610
11,851
10,382
5,777
7,286
13,063
11,445
Stripping ratio
- t (mined total - mined ore) / t mined ore
2.33
1.72
1.96
2.33
2.33
1.72
1.96
2.33
Yield
2
- g / t
/
- oz / t
0.77
0.87
0.83
0.84
0.023
0.025
0.024
0.025
Gold placed
3
- kg
- ĸġ /
- oz (000)
4,046
5,776
9,822
8,726
130
186
316

281
Gold produced
- kg
/
- oz (000) <b>3,835</b>
4,718
8,553
6,910
123
152 275
222
TOTAL
Gold produced
- kg
/
- oz (000) <b>48,792</b>
48,808
97,600
80,972
<b>1,569</b> 1,569
3,138
2,603
Gold sold
- kg
/ - oz (000)
<b>48,560</b>
48,313
96,873
80,256
<b>1,561</b> 1,553
3,115
2,580
Price received
- R / kg
/ - \$ / oz
- sold
87,314
82,152
84,739
84,152 <b>422</b>
424
423
393

Total cash costs
- R / kg
/ - \$ / oz
- produced
57,351
54,778
56,064 54,456
278
284
281
254 Total production costs
- R / kg
/
- \$ / oz
- produced
<b>74,728</b> 70,639
72,683
67,924
363
366 364
317
PRODUCTIVITY PER EMPLOYEE
Target
Target - g
Target - g / - oz <b>431</b>
Target - g / - oz <b>431</b> 419
Target - g / - oz <b>431</b> 419 425
Target - g / - oz <b>431</b> 419
Target - g / - oz 431 419 425 362 13.86 13.47
Target - g / - oz 431 419 425 362 13.86 13.47 13.66
Target - g / - oz 431 419 425 362 13.86 13.47 13.66 11.64
Target - g / - oz 431 419 425 362 13.86 13.47 13.66 11.64 Actual
Target - g / - oz 431 419 425 362 13.86 13.47 13.66 11.64 Actual - g /
Target - g / - oz 431 419 425 362 13.86 13.47 13.66 11.64 Actual - g / - oz
Target - g / - oz 431 419 425 362 13.86 13.47 13.66 11.64 Actual - g / - oz 382
Target - g / - oz 431 419 425 362 13.86 13.47 13.66 11.64 Actual - g / - oz
Target - g / - oz 431 419 425 362 13.86 13.47 13.66 11.64 Actual - g / - oz 382 394 388 351
Target - g / - oz 431 419 425 362 13.86 13.47 13.66 11.64 Actual - g / - oz 382 394 388 351 12.28
Target - g / - oz 431 419 425 362 13.86 13.47 13.66 11.64 Actual - g / - oz 382 394 388 351 12.28 12.66
Target - g / - oz 431 419 425 362 13.86 13.47 13.66 11.64 Actual - g / - oz 382 394 388 351 12.28

# **CAPITAL EXPENDITURE**

- Rm - \$m 1,068 864 1,932 1,579 167 144 311 237 1 Tonnes (Tons) placed on to leach pad. 2 Gold placed / tonnes (tons) placed. 3 Gold placed into leach pad inventory. Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

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**Notes** 

### for the guarter and six months ended 30 June 2005

1.

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historic cost convention except for certain financial instruments which are stated at fair value. The group's accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those used in the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004 except for the new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) statements which are effective 1 January 2005, where applicable.

The option to account for actuarial gains and losses through equity reserves under IAS19 revised has been adopted. The financial effects of the adoption on prior periods are disclosed in Note 13.

The financial statements of AngloGold Ashanti have been prepared in compliance with IAS34, in compliance with the JSE Listings Requirements and in the manner required by the South African Companies Act, 1973 for the preparation of financial information of the group for the quarter and six months ended 30 June 2005. Where the preparation or classification of an item has been amended, comparative information has been reclassified to ensure comparability with the current period. The amendments have been made to provide the users of the financial statements with additional information. Refer to Note 7, discontinued operations, Note 13, financial effects of IAS19 revised and Note 19, convertible bonds.

2. Cost of sales Quarter ended Six months ended Quarter ended Six months ended Jun 2005 Mar 2005 Jun 2005 Jun 2005 Jun 2005 Mar 2005 Jun 2005 Jun 2005 Jun 2005 Jun 2005 Mar 2004 Mar 2005 Mar 2005 Mar 2004 Mar 2005 Mar 2005 Mar 2005 Mar 2005 Mar 2005 Mar 2005 Mar 2004 Mar 2005 Mar 200 Mar 200 Mar 2005 Mar 200 Mar 2005 Mar 200 Mar 200 2						
Unaudited Unaudited SA Rand million US Dollar million Cash operating costs <b>2,744</b> 2,650 5,395 4,279 <b>428</b>	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited

441
870
642
Other cash costs
92
100
192
137
14
17
31
21
Total cash costs
2,836
2,750
5,587
4,416
443
458
901
663
Retrenchment costs
31
14
46
30
5
2
7
5
Rehabilitation & other non-cash costs
49
45
94
57
8
7
15
9
Production costs
2,916
2,809
5,727
4,503
<b>4</b> ,505 <b>456</b>
467
923
677
Amortisation of tangible assets
787
732

1,519 1,046 123 122 244 157 Amortisation of intangible assets 3 3 6 \_ \_ \_ 1 Total production costs 3,706 3,544 7,252 5,549 **578** 590 1,168 833 Inventory change (86) (129)(216) (211) (14)(21) (35) (33) 3,620 3,415 7,036 5,338 565 568 1,133 801 3. Taxation Quarter ended Six months ended **Quarter ended** Six months ended Jun 2005 Mar 2005 Jun 2005 Jun 2004 Jun 2005

Mar 2005 Jun 2005 Jun 2004 Restated Restated		Uncerdite d	To see the d				11
Unaudited Una SA Rand million US Dollar million Current taxation 11	udited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
(38) (27) (6) (5) Deferred taxation (158)	(134) (20)	1					
(34) (191) (6) (28) Deferred taxation of <b>314</b> 72 386 - <b>47</b> 12 59 - Deferred taxation of hedge derivatives							
(105) 59 (47) 229 (16) 9 (7)							
37 62 59 121 (64) 9 9 18 (7)							
(7) Rounding of figure 22	s may resi	ult in computation	onal discrepar	ncies			

4. Headline earnings and headline earning Quarter ended Six months ended Quarter ended Six months ended Jun 2005 Mar 2005 Jun 2005 Jun 2004 Jun	s adjusted for t	the effect of un	realised non-he	edge derivative	:S
2005					
Mar					
2005					
Jun					
2005					
Jun 2004					
Restated					
Restated					
Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
SA Rand million					
US Dollar million Profit attributable to equity shareholders					
has been adjusted by the following to					
arrive at headline earnings:					
Profit attributable to equity shareholders					
566					
50					
616 425					
<b>96</b>					
22					
118					
64					
Amortisation of intangible assets					
-					
_					
106					
-					
-					
-					
16 Impairment of tangible assets					
Impairment of tangible assets <b>45</b>					
_					

45
- 7 - 7 7
-
7
<ul> <li>Loss (profit) on disposal of assets and subsidiaries</li> </ul>
- 1 1
(27)
-
_
<ul><li>(4)</li><li>Taxation on items above</li><li>(15)</li></ul>
-
(15) 7
(2)
- (2)
1
Net loss from discontinued operations
(note 7) <b>69</b>
51
121
52
<b>12</b> 9
21
8
Headline earnings
665
102 767
563
112
31 143
85
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives
(166)
421 255
622
(37)
55

19 98 Deferred taxation on unrealised nonhedge derivatives (note 3) 105 (59)47 (229)16 (9)7 (37)Headline earnings adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives (2)604 464 1,069 956 92 77 169 147 Cents per share (1) Headline earnings 251 39 290 236 42 12 54 36 Headline earnings adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives 228 175 404 401 35 29 64 62 (1)Calculated on the basic weighted average number of ordinary shares. (2)Non-hedge derivatives in the income statement comprise the change in fair value of all non-hedge derivatives as follows:

-

*Open positions: The change in fair value from the previous reporting date or date of recognition (if later) through to the current* 

reporting date; and

Settled positi the date of settlement.	ions: The chang	e in fair value j	from the previou	us reporting da	te or date of red	cognition (if lat	er) through to
	rnings adjusted j ::	for the effect of	funrealised non	e-hedge derivati	ives, is intended	l to illustrate ec	arnings after
- The unrealist historic	ed fair value ch	ange in contrac	cts that are still	open at the rep	orting date, as	well as, the unv	vinding of the
marked-to-m	arket value of th	he positions set	tled in the perio	od; and			
- Investment ir and the quar	n hedge restruct ter	ure transaction	a: During the he	edge restructure	e of the quarter	ended 31 Dece	mber 2004
ended 31 Ma value of long	urch 2005, \$83m  -		-	-		-	
in long-dated							
account when	all of which hav n portion of long-o	·					
settled. 5.							
		fit adjusted for	r the effect of u	Inrealised non	-hedge derivat	ives	
Quarter end Six months							
Jun	enueu						
2005 Mor							
Mar 2005							
Jun							
2005 Jun							
2004							
Jun							
2005 Mar							
2005							
Jun							
2005 Jum							
Jun 2004							
Restated							
Restated							
Unaudited SA Rand mil	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
US Dollar m							
Reconciliatio	on of gross profi	-					
profit adjuste	ed for the effect	of					

unrealised non-hedge derivatives: Gross profit 931 255 1,186 971 154 57 211 142 Unrealised non-hedge derivatives (166)421 255 622 (37) 55 19 98 Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives (1) 765 676 1,441 1,593 117 112 230 240 (1)Non-hedge derivatives in the income statement comprise the change in fair value of all non-hedge derivatives as follows: Open positions: The change in fair value from the previous reporting date or date of recognition (if later) through to the current reporting date; and Settled positions: The change in fair value from the previous reporting date or date of recognition (if later) through to the date of settlement. Gross profit adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives, is intended to illustrate earnings after adjusting for: The unrealised fair value change in contracts that are still open at the reporting date, as well as, the unwinding of the historic marked-to-market value of the positions settled in the period; and Investment in hedge restructure transaction: During the hedge restructure of the quarter ended 31 December 2004 and the quarter ended 31 March 2005, \$83m and \$69m in cash was injected into the hedge book in these quarters to increase the

value of long-

dated contracts. The entire investment in short-dated derivatives (certain of which have now matured) and investment in long-dated

derivatives (all of which have not yet matured), for the purposes of the adjustment to earnings, will only be taken into account when

the realised portion of long-dated non-hedge derivatives are settled, and not when the short-term contracts are settled.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies

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Eugar Hinry. ANGEOGOED ASHANTI ETD - TOITH O-R
6. Capital commitments
Jun
2005
Mar
2005
Jun
2004
Dec
2004
Jun
2005
Mar
2005
Jun
2004
Dec
2004
SA Rand million
US Dollar million
Orders placed and outstanding on capital
contracts at the prevailing rate of exchange
1,312
1,108
885
835
196
178
142
7. Discontinued operations
The Ergo surface dump reclamation, which forms part of the South African operations has been discontinued as the operation has reached the end of its useful life. The results of Ergo for the period are presented below:
Quarter ended
Six months ended
Quarter ended
Six months ended
Jun
2005
Mar
2005
Jun
2005
Jun
2004
Jun
2005
Mar
2005
Jun
2005
Jun

Gold ince <b>10</b> 85 95 309 <b>2</b> 14 16 46	l million ar million ome	audited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	
Retrenchment, rehabilitation and other costs									
(261) (136) (334) (23)	(398) ( <b>41</b> ) (64)	(50)							
	ge derivat	ives							
(9)	ss (303) (48) ent loss re	(8)	(39)						
- 17									
_ 17 _									
	oss before taxation from discontinued perations 136)								
	(188) (31) taxation	(53) (8)	(22)						

67 1 10 10 Net loss attributable to discontinued operations (69) (51)(12)(121)(52)(9)(21)(8)8. Shares **Quarter ended** Six months ended Jun 2005 Mar 2005 Jun 2004 Jun 2005 Jun 2004 Authorised shares: Ordinary shares of 25 SA cents each 400,000,000 400,000,000 400,000,000 400,000,000 400,000,000 A redeemable preference shares of 50 SA cents each 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 B redeemable preference shares of 1 SA cent each 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 Issued shares: Ordinary shares of 25 SA cents each 264,611,494 264,527,794 264,403,394 264,611,494 264,403,394 A redeemable preference shares 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 B redeemable preference shares 778,896 778,896 778,896 778,896 778,896 Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the period Basic ordinary shares

264,556,116 264,488,624 253,046,275 264,522,557 238,129,583 Diluted number of ordinary shares 265,101,415 265,024,329 265,069,987 268,430,890 248,695,939 During the quarter, 83,700 ordinary shares were allotted in terms of the AngloGold Share Incentive Scheme. All the preference shares are held by a wholly-owned subsidiary company. 9. Ordinary share capital and premium As at As at Jun 2005 Jun 2004 Jun 2005 Jun 2004 Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited SA Rand million US Dollar million Balance at December 18,987 9,668 3,364 1,450 Ordinary shares issued 19 9,312 3 1,368 Translation (524)230 **Balance at June** 19,006 18,980 2,843 3,048 Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies 24

10. **Retained earnings and other reserves** Retained earnings Nondistributable reserves Foreign currency translation reserve Other Comprehensive income **Total SA Rand million** Balance at December 2003 as previously reported 3,848 138 (755)(2,047)1,184 Change in accounting policy for defined benefit retirement plans (112)(112)As restated 3,848 138 (755)(2, 159)1,072 Net loss on cash flow hedges removed from equity and reported in income 444 444 Net gain on cash flow hedges — 642 642 Deferred taxation on cash flow hedges

(279)(279)Net gain on available for sale financial assets \_ 5 5 Exchange translation differences (1,583)92 (1,491) Profit attributable to equity shareholders 425 425 Dividends paid (748)\_ (748)Balance at June 2004 (restated) 3,525 138 (2,338)(1, 255)70 Balance at December 2004 (restated) 3,379 138 (3,552) (1,040)(1,075)Change in accounting policy for defined benefit retirement plans (125)(125)As restated 3,379 138 (3,552)

(1, 165)(1,200)Actuarial gain on defined benefit retirement plans 42 42 Deferred taxation on defined benefit retirement plans (14)(14)Net gain on cash flow hedges removed from equity and reported in income \_ (93)(93)Net loss on cash flow hedges (116)(116)Deferred taxation on cash flow hedges \_ 196 196 Net loss on available for sale financial assets (2)(2)Exchange translation differences 2,656 (199)2,455 Profit attributable to equity shareholders 616 616

Dividends paid (476)(476)**Balance at June 2005** 3,519 138 (896) (1,351)1,410 **US Dollar million** (1) Balance at December 2003 as previously reported 356 21 108 (307)178 Change in accounting policy for defined benefit retirement plans (18)(18)As restated 356 21 108 (325)160 Net loss on cash flow hedges removed from equity and reported in income \_ 78 78 Net gain on cash flow hedges 103 103 Deferred taxation on cash flow hedges

(41) (41)Net gain on available for sale financial assets \_ \_ 1 1 Exchange translation differences 1 (225)(18)(242)Profit attributable to equity shareholders 64 64 Dividends paid (111)— (111)Balance at June 2004 (restated) 309 22 (117)(202)12 Balance at December 2004 (restated) 286 24 (317) (184)(191) Change in accounting policy for defined benefit retirement plans — \_ (22)(22)As restated 286 24 (317)(206)(213)

Actuarial gain on defined benefit retirement plans
-
-
_ 7
Deferred taxation on defined benefit retirement plans
-
-
- (2)
(2)
Net gain on cash flow hedges removed from
equity and reported in income
equity and reported in income
-
- (11)
(11)
Net loss on cash flow hedges
(17)
(17)
Deferred taxation on cash flow hedges
_
_
28
28
Net loss on available for sale financial assets
_
_
_
(2)
(2)
Exchange translation differences
_
(3)
385
1
383
Profit attributable to equity shareholders
118
_
_
_
118
Dividends paid
(80)

(80)
Balance at June 2005
324
21
68
(202)
211
(1) The 2004 opening balances and comparative amounts have been restated in terms of IAS21 revised. Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies
25

11. Minority interests		
As at		
Jun		
2005		
Jun		
2004		
Jun 2005		
Jun		
2004		
Unaudited Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
SA Rand million	Onduction	Chaddhed
US Dollar million		
Balance at December		
327		
354		
58		
53		
Attributable profit		
74		
61		
12		
8 Dividende avid		
Dividends paid		
(43) (69)		
(7)		
(11)		
Net loss on cash flow hedges removed		
from equity and reported in income		
2		
2		
-		
-		
Net loss on cash flow hedges		
-		
3		
- 1		
Exchange translation differences		
41		
(1)		
(3)		
5		
Balance at June		
401		
350		
60		

56 **12. Exchange rates** Jun 2005 Mar 2005 Jun 2004 Dec 2004 Rand/US dollar average for the period 6.21 6.01 6.44 6.67 Rand/US dollar average for the quarter 6.41 6.01 6.59 6.05 Rand/US dollar closing 6.68 6.22 6.23 5.65 Rand/Australian dollar average for the period 4.80 4.94 4.82 4.67 Rand/Australian dollar average for the quarter 4.93 4.67 4.70 4.58 Rand/Australian dollar closing 5.06 4.81 4.33 4.42 13. **Financial effects of IAS19 revised** The cumulative effect of accounting for actuarial gains and losses through equity reserves for the previous reported periods are as follows: SA Rand million US Dollar million As at Mar 2005 As at Jun 2004 As at Dec 2004 As at Mar 2005 As at Jun 2004 As at Dec

2004 Unaudited Unaudited Audited Unaudited Audited Non-current assets **Other non-current assets** As previously reported 637 520 601 102 83 106 Actuarial gain related to the pension plan asset recognised directly in equity (113)(169)(114)(20)(25)(16)Translation 2 (4)(2)As restated 524 351 487 84 56 86 **Non-current liabilities Provisions** As previously reported 2,473 2,117 2,265 397 340 402 Actuarial gain related to the post retirement medical liability recognised directly in equity 74 74 13 11 Translation 1 (1)2 — \_ As restated 2,548 2,117 2,339 409

340 415 **Non-current liabilities Deferred taxation** As previously reported 7,948 8,268 7,605 1,277 1,328 1,347 Actuarial gain related to the retirement plans recognised directly in equity (63) (57)(63)(11)(9)(9) Translation 1 (2)As restated 7,885 8,211 7,542 1,267 1,319 1,336

The financial effects of the IAS19 revised option for the current quarter relating to the pension plan asset and the post-retirement medical liability as well as the effects on the equity reserves for the current and the prior periods are disclosed in the Statement of recognised income and expense.

Rounding if figures may result in computational discrepancies

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#### 14.

#### **Contingent liabilities**

AngloGold Ashanti acts as ultimate guarantor in respect of sureties provided to bankers and other parties by its subsidiaries in respect of certain loans and commitments. At 30 June 2005, the aggregate contingent liability is approximately \$88m. Discussions are continuing in respect of the class action being brought against the former Ashanti Goldfields and it is anticipated that the final outcome of this claim will have no material effect on the company.

#### 15. Attributable interest

Although AngloGold Ashanti holds a 66.7% interest in Cripple Creek & Victor Gold Mining Company Limited, it is currently entitled to receive 100% of the cash flows from the operation until the loan, extended to the joint venture by AngloGold Ashanti USA Inc., is repaid.

#### 16. Announcements

16.1 On 15 April 2005, the South African Department of Water Affairs and Forestry issued a directive ordering three mining groups, DRDGold, Harmony and AngloGold Ashanti to share equally the costs of pumping water at some shafts of DRDGold's North West operations in South Africa. This follows an interdict application made by AngloGold Ashanti in response to DRDGold's threat to cease funding the pumping of water at these shafts, after placing Buffelsfontein, its subsidiary that operated the North West operations, into liquidation on 22 March 2005. The aggregate monthly cost of pumping is estimated at R8m (\$1m).
16.2 On 28 April 2005, the company announced that agreement had been reached with Trans-Siberian Gold plc (TSG) on revised terms for the second subscription of shares in TSG, and a revised subscription price of £1.30 per share, compared to £1.494 per share agreed between the parties on 30 June 2004. The revised terms of the subscription were approved by TSG shareholders on 27 May 2005 and AngloGold Ashanti's 17.5 percent equity interest in TSG increased to 29.9 percent on 31 May 2005, the date on which the second subscription was completed.

16.3 On 29 April 2005, AngloGold Ashanti announced the conditional sale of exploration assets in the Laverton area in Australia, comprising the Sickle royalty of \$30 per ounce, the Child Harold prospect, various 100 percent AngloGold Ashanti Australia-owned interests including the Lord Byron and Fish projects as well as its interests in the Jubilee, Black Swan and Jasper Hills Joint Ventures to Crescent Gold Limited, for a total consideration of A\$4m (\$3m). A\$0.3m (\$0.2m) was payable on the execution of a binding sale and purchase agreement, A\$1m (\$0.8m) is payable in Crescent Gold shares and A\$3m (\$2m) is payable in cash, on or before 15 December 2006.

16.4 On 17 March 2005, it was announced that with effect from 1 May 2005, Mr R Carvalho Silva and Mr N F Nicolau would be appointed executive directors to the board of AngloGold Ashanti. At the same time, Mr J G Best indicated that he would be retiring from the board and that Mr S Venkatakrishnan would be appointed to the board with effect from 1 August 2005.

16.5 On 21 June 2005, Dr S E Jonah indicated that he wished to move to a non-executive role on the board of AngloGold Ashanti, with effect from 31 July 2005. He will retain the title of President.

16.6 On 19 July 2005, Aflease Gold and Uranium Resources Limited (Aflease) announced that it had purchased from AngloGold Ashanti, its Weltevreden mine in an all script deal valued at R75m (\$11m). On finalisation of the transaction AngloGold Ashanti will hold in excess of 5% of Aflease shares.

16.7 On 27 July 2005, the board approved the appointment of Mr Réne Médori, as a non-executive director with effect from 1 August 2005, in place of Mr Tony Lea, who retires from the board with effect from 31 July 2005. Mr Medori has nominated Mr Peter Whitcutt as his alternate.

16.8 On 27 July 2005 AngloGold Ashanti reached an agreement with the Government of Guinea to amend the Convention de Base (stability agreement) and resolve all outstanding disputes for a sum of \$7m. In addition, the company has agreed as part of this settlement to meet historical and follow-up fees and costs of a consultant that the Government retained to advise and assist it in its negotiations and resolution of the dispute. In consideration of the above settlement, the Government has irrevocably confirmed its waiver and abandonment of all claims and disputes of any nature whatsoever against the AngloGold Ashanti group of companies.

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#### 17. Dividend

The directors have today declared Interim Dividend No. 98 of 170 (Interim Dividend No. 96: 170) South African cents per ordinary share for the six months ended 30 June 2005. In compliance with the requirements of STRATE, given the company's primary listing on the JSE Limited (formerly JSE Securities Exchange South Africa), the salient dates for payment of the dividend are as follows:

#### To holders of ordinary shares and to holders of CHESS Depositary Interests (CDIs)

Each CDI represents one-fifth of an ordinary share.

#### 2005

Currency conversion date for UK pounds, Australian dollars and Ghanaian cedis

Thursday, 4 August

Last date to trade ordinary shares cum dividend

Friday, 12 August

Last date to register transfers of certificated securities cum dividend

Friday, 12 August

Ordinary shares trade ex dividend

Monday, 15 August

Record date

Friday, 19 August

Payment date

Friday, 26 August

On the payment date, dividends due to holders of certificated securities on the South African share register will either be electronically transferred to shareholders' bank accounts or, in the absence of suitable mandates, dividend cheques will be posted to such shareholders.

Dividends in respect of dematerialised shareholdings will be credited to shareholders' accounts with the relevant CSDP or broker.

To comply with the further requirements of STRATE, between Monday, 15 August 2005 and Friday, 19 August 2005, both days inclusive, no transfers between the South African, United Kingdom, Australian and Ghana share registers will be permitted and no ordinary shares pertaining to the South African share register may be dematerialised or rematerialised.

#### **To holders of American Depositary Shares**

Each American Depositary Share (ADS) represents one ordinary share.

#### 2005

Ex dividend on New York Stock Exchange

Wednesday, 17 August

Record date

Friday, 19 August

Approximate date for currency conversion

Friday, 26 August

Approximate payment date of dividend

Monday, 5 September

Assuming an exchange rate of R6.69/\$1, the dividend payable on an ADS is equivalent to 25.41 US cents. This compares with the interim dividend of 25.62 US cents per ADS paid on 7 September 2004. However, the actual rate of payment will depend on the exchange rate on the date for currency conversion.

#### To holders of Ghanaian Depositary Shares (GhDSs)

100 GhDSs represent one ordinary share.

#### 2005

Last date to trade and to register GhDSs cum dividend Friday, 12 August GhDSs trade ex dividend Monday, 15 August Record date

Friday, 19 August

Approximate payment date of dividend

Monday, 29 August

Assuming an exchange rate of R1/¢1,349 the dividend payable per GhDS is equivalent to 22.93 cedis. This compares with the interim dividend of 24.848 cedis per GhDS paid on 30 August 2004. However, the actual rate of payment will depend on the exchange rate on the date for currency conversion. In Ghana, the authorities have determined that dividends payable to residents on the Ghana share register be subject to a final withholding tax at a rate of 10%, similar to the rate applicable to dividend payments made by resident companies which is currently at 10%.

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#### 18.

### Group financial statements

The group financial statements for the quarter and six months ended 30 June 2005 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors passed on 27 July 2005. AngloGold Ashanti is a limited liability company incorporated in the Republic of South Africa.

#### **19.** Convertible

#### bonds

The group changed its accounting policy for convertible bonds during the first quarter of 2005. Previously, convertible bonds were accounted for as compound financial instruments, part equity and part liability. The equity component was not re-measured for changes in fair value.

Convertible bonds are now accounted for entirely as a liability, with the option component disclosed as a derivative liability, carried at fair value. Changes in such fair value are recorded in the income statement. This change was made in response to additional guidance becoming available on the interpretation of International Financial Reporting Standards. This change is applied retrospectively and comparative figures have been restated.

The impact on comparative figures is as follows:

Quarter to 30 June 2004:

Profit attributable to equity shareholders increased by \$61m;

Option component previously disclosed as equity (\$82m) is removed from shareholders equity, and replaced by a derivative liability of \$43m.

Six months ended 30 June 2004:

Profit attributable to equity shareholders increased by \$39m;

Option component previously disclosed as equity (\$82m) is removed from shareholders equity, and replaced by a derivative liability of \$43m.

#### 20. Borrowings

AngloGold Ashanti's borrowings are interest bearing.

#### By order of the Board

### **R P EDEY**

### **R M GODSELL**

Chairman Chief Executive Officer 27 July 2005 29 Segmental reporting for the quarter and six months ended June 2005 Quarter Quarter Quarter Six months Six months Quarter Quarter Quarter Six months Six months ended June March June June June June March June June June 2005 2005 2004 2005 2004 2005 2005 2004 2005 2004 Restated Restated Restated Restated Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited

Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited <b>SA Rand million</b> <b>US Dollar million</b> <b>Gold income</b> South Africa <b>1,953</b> 1,646 1,758 3,600
3,594 <b>303</b> 274
267 577 538
Argentina 142
151 129 293
244 <b>22</b> 25
20 47
37 Australia <b>413</b>
337 273 750
520 64 56
41 120
78 Brazil <b>270</b>
247 258 517
508 <b>42</b>
41 39 83

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Gross profit (loss) adjusted for the effect of unrealised non-hedge derivatives plus amortisation of tangible and intangible assets, less non-cash revenues.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Based on risks and returns the directors consider that the primary reporting format is by business segment. The directors consider that there is only one business segment being mining,

extraction and production of gold. Therefore the disclosures for the primary segment have already been given in the abbreviated financial statements. The secondary reporting format is

by geographical analysis by origin.

30

Segmental reporting (continued) Quarter Quarter Quarter Six months Six months Quarter Quarter Quarter Six months Six months ended June March June June June June March June June June 2005 2005 2004 2005 2004 2005 2005 2004 2005 2004 Restated Restated Restated Restated Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited

Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited <b>Gold production</b> South Africa <b>20,604</b> 20,732 22,379
41,336 43,797 <b>662</b> 666
719 1,329 1,408 Argentina
<b>1,591</b> 1,779 1,449 3,370 2,546
<b>51</b> 57 47 108
82 Australia <b>4,063</b> 4,064 3,008
8,127 5,711 <b>131</b> 131
97 261 184 Brazil <b>2,660</b>
2,528 2,733 5,188 5,066
<b>86</b> 81 88 167
163 Ghana <b>5,341</b>

5,313 3,821 10,654
3,820 172
171 123
343
123 Guinea
<b>2,486</b> 1,345
535 3,831
535 <b>80</b>
43 17
123 17
Mali <b>4,139</b>
3,980 3,214
8,119 6,565
<b>133</b> 128
103 261
211 Namibia
<b>560</b> 596
503 1,156
963 <b>18</b>
19 16
37 31
Tanzania <b>5,133</b>
5,963 4,339
11,097 7,234
<b>165</b> 192
140

357
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USA
2,215
2,508
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4,610
71
81
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48,792
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Quarter
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ended
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ended ended ended June March June June June June March June June June 2005 2005 2004 2005 2004 2005 2005 2004 2005 2004 Unaudited **SA Rand million US Dollar million Capital expenditure** South Africa 527 482 510 1,008 926 82 80 77 162 139 Argentina 37 23 27

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<b>167</b>			
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311			
237			
As at			
June			
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June			
December			
June			
March			
June			
December			
2005			
2005			
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2005 2005			
2004			
2004			
Unaudited			
Unaudited			

Unaudited Audited Unaudited
Unaudited
Unaudited Audited
SA Rand million
Total assets South Africa
14,753
14,506
13,174 15,039
2,207
2,331
2,116 2,664
Argentina
<b>1,866</b> 2,115
1,811
1,784
<b>279</b> 340
291
316
Australia <b>4,665</b>
4,389
3,898 4,062
<b>698</b>
705
626 719
Brazil
2,392
2,048 1,825
1,962
<b>358</b> 329
293
348
Ghana 12,102
11,403
10,997 10,016
10,010 1,811
1,832

1,766
1,774
Guinea
1,817
1,699
1,167
1,366
272
273
187
242
Mali
2,168
2,041
2,186
1,820
324
328
351
322
Namibia
210
214
200
216
31
34
32
38
Tanzania
7,109
6,682
6,960
6,233
1,064
1,073
1,118
1,104
USA
2,946
2,752
2,564
2,311
441
442
412
409
Other
2,305
1,649
3,261

1,306
345
268
524
233
52,333
49,498
48,093
46,114
7,830
7,955
7,723
8,170
Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.
US Dollar million
kg
oz (000)
31

Price and unit cost calculation **Ouarter Quarter Six months** Six months **Ouarter** Quarter Six months Six months ended ended ended ended ended ended ended ended June March June June June March June June 2005 2005 2005 2004 2005 2005 2005 2004 Restated Restated Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited **Price received** Gold income per income statement 4,404 3,858 8,261 6,693 684 642 1,326 1,005

Adjusted for minority interests and non-gold producing
companies
(146)
(122)
(267)
(176)
(24)
(21)
(46)
(26)
4,258
3,736
7,994
6,517
660
621
1,280
978
Realised non-hedge derivatives
(18)
233
215
238
(2)
38
37
36
4,240
3,969
8,209
6,754
658
659
1,317
1,015
Attributable gold sold - kg / - oz (000)
48,560
48,313
96,873
80,256
1,561
1,553
3,115
2,580
Revenue price per unit - R/kg / -\$/oz
87,314
82,152
84,739
84,152
422
101

100
423
393 Tettel Cente
Total Costs
Total cash costs (note 2)
2,836
2,750
5,587
4,416 443
445
438 901
663
Adjusted for minority interests and non-gold producing companies
(38)
(76)
(115)
(7)
(f) (6)
(13)
(19)
(1))
Total cash costs
2,798
2,674
5,472
4,409
437
445
882
661
Retrenchment costs (note 2)
31
14
46
30
5
2
7
5
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs (note 2)
49
45
94
57
8
7
15
9
Amortisation of tangible assets (note 2)
787

732 1,519 1,046 123 122 244 157 Amortisation of intangible assets (note 2) 3 3 6 \_ -1 Adjusted for minority interests and non-gold producing companies (22) (20)(43) (42)(4) (2) (6)(7)**Total production costs** 3,646 3,448 7,094 5,500 569 574 1,143 825 Gold produced - kg / - oz (000) 48,792 48,808 97,600 80,972 1,569 1,569 3,138 2,603 Total cash cost per unit - R/kg / -\$/oz 57,351 54,778 56,064 54,456 278 284

281
254
Total production cost per unit - R/kg / -\$/oz
74,728
70,639
72,683
67,924
363
366
364
317
Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.
SA Rand / Metric
US Dollar / Imperial
32

Development

Development values represent actual results of sampling, no allowances having been made for adjustments necessary in estimating ore reserves. **Quarter ended June 2005** Statistics are shown in metric units Advance Sampled metres metres channel gold uranium width cm g/t cm.g/t kg/t cm.kg/t VAAL RIVER **Great Noligwa Mine** Vaal reef 3,198 316 109.3 35.72 3,904 0.92 100.71 **Kopanang Mine** Vaal reef 6,743 822 11.9 118.15 1,406 1.33 15.80 Tau Lekoa Mine Ventersdorp Contact reef 3,219 1,028 100.1 10.28 1,029 0.01 0.97 **Moab Khotsong Mine** Vaal reef 4,570 188 114.9 21.75

2,499 1.40 161.00 WEST WITS **Tau Tona Mine** Ventersdorp Contact reef 486 Carbon Leader reef 4,154 \_ Savuka Mine Ventersdorp Contact reef 580 \_ Carbon Leader reef 350 70 56.9 14.31 814 -**Mponeng Mine** Ventersdorp Contact reef 4,281 730 81.3 27.74 2,255 -AUSTRALIA **Sunrise Dam** 1,674 516

```
_
3.17
_
-
BRAZIL
AngloGold Ashanti Mineração
Mina de Cuiabá
1,514
601
_
5.54
_
Córrego do Sitio
161
60
1.77
-
Lamego
385
_
Serra Grande
Mina III
889
55
8.90
Mina Nova
90
_
-
GHANA
Obuasi
6,486
1,409
10.67
```

-
-
Statistics are shown in imperial units
Advance
Sampled
feet
feet
channel
gold .
uranium
width inches
oz/t
ft.oz/t
lb/t
ft.lb/t
VAAL RIVER
Great Noligwa Mine
Vaal reef
10,492
1,037
43.03
1.04
3.73
1.84
6.60 Kananang Mina
Kopanang Mine Vaal reef
v aar reer
22,123
22,123 2,697
22,123 2,697 4.69
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b>
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef 10,561
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef 10,561 3,373
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef 10,561 3,373 39.41
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef 10,561 3,373 39.41 0.30
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef 10,561 3,373 39.41 0.30 0.99
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef 10,561 3,373 39.41 0.30 0.99 0.02
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef 10,561 3,373 39.41 0.30 0.99 0.02 0.07
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef 10,561 3,373 39.41 0.30 0.99 0.02 0.07 <b>Moab Khotsong Mine</b>
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef 10,561 3,373 39.41 0.30 0.99 0.02 0.07 <b>Moab Khotsong Mine</b> Vaal reef
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef 10,561 3,373 39.41 0.30 0.99 0.02 0.07 <b>Moab Khotsong Mine</b> Vaal reef 14,993
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef 10,561 3,373 39.41 0.30 0.99 0.02 0.07 <b>Moab Khotsong Mine</b> Vaal reef 14,993 617
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef 10,561 3,373 39.41 0.30 0.99 0.02 0.07 <b>Moab Khotsong Mine</b> Vaal reef 14,993 617 45.24
22,123 2,697 4.69 3.45 1.35 2.66 1.04 <b>Tau Lekoa Mine</b> Ventersdorp Contact reef 10,561 3,373 39.41 0.30 0.99 0.02 0.07 <b>Moab Khotsong Mine</b> Vaal reef 14,993 617

# 2.80 10.56 WEST WITS **Tau Tona Mine** Ventersdorp Contact reef 1,595 \_ \_ Carbon Leader reef 13,629 \_ \_ -Savuka Mine Ventersdorp Contact reef 1,904 Carbon Leader reef 1,150 230 22.40 0.42 0.78 -\_ **Mponeng Mine** Ventersdorp Contact reef 14,045 2,395 32.01 0.81 2.16 -**AUSTRALIA Sunrise Dam** 5,492 1,693

0.09 -\_ BRAZIL AngloGold Ashanti Mineração Mina de Cuiabá 4,967 1,972 0.16 -\_ Córrego do Sitio 528 197 \_ 0.05 \_ \_ Lamego 1,263 \_ -\_ \_ Serra Grande Mina III 2,917 180 -0.26 \_ -Mina Nova 295 \_ \_ \_ \_ **GHANA** Obuasi 21,281 4,624

-0.31