SK TELECOM CO LTD Form 6-K September 19, 2016 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16

UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 2016

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 333-04906

SK Telecom Co., Ltd.

(Translation of registrant s name into English)

Euljiro 65 (Euljiro2-ga), Jung-gu

Seoul 04539, Korea

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.)

Form 20-F x Form 40-F "

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): "

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted solely to provide an attached annual report to security holders.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): "

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submission to furnish a report or other document that the registration foreign private issuer must furnish and make public under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the registrant is incorporated, domiciled or legally organized (the registrant s home country), or under the rules of the home country exchange on which the registrant s securities are traded, as long as the report or other document is not a press release, is not required to be and has not been distributed to the registrant s security holders, and if discussing a material event, has already been the subject of a Form 6-K submission or other Commission filing on EDGAR.

Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained in this Form, the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Yes "No x

If Yes is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the Registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-

SEMI-ANNUAL BUSINESS REPORT

(From January 1, 2016 to June 30, 2016)

THIS IS A SUMMARY OF THE SEMI-ANNUAL BUSINESS REPORT ORIGINALLY PREPARED IN KOREAN WHICH IS IN SUCH FORM AS REQUIRED BY THE KOREAN FINANCIAL SERVICES COMMISSION.

IN THE TRANSLATION PROCESS, SOME PARTS OF THE REPORT WERE REFORMATTED, REARRANGED OR SUMMARIZED FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF READERS.

ALL REFERENCES TO THE COMPANY, WE, US, OR OUR SHALL MEAN SK TELECOM CO., LTD. AND, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES, ITS CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES. REFERENCES TO SK TELECOM SHALL MEAN SK TELECOM CO., LTD., BUT SHALL NOT INCLUDE ITS CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES.

UNLESS EXPRESSLY STATED OTHERWISE, ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS PRESENTED ON A CONSOLIDATED BASIS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ADOPTED FOR USE IN KOREA (K-IFRS) WHICH DIFFER IN CERTAIN RESPECTS FROM GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES IN CERTAIN OTHER COUNTRIES, INCLUDING THE UNITED STATES. WE HAVE MADE NO ATTEMPT TO IDENTIFY OR QUANTIFY THE IMPACT OF THESE DIFFERENCES.

I. COMPANY OVERVIEW

1. Company Overview

The Company s semi-annual business report for the six months ended June 30, 2016 includes the following consolidated subsidiaries:

	Date of		Total Assets as of Dec. 31, 2015 (millions of	Material
Name	Establishment	Principal Business	Won)	Subsidiary*
SK Telink Co., Ltd.	Apr. 9, 1998	Telecommunication services		
		and satellite broadcasting services	200.055	M-4
Me-Camina Co. I til	E-1 10 2000	Online information services	309,955	Material
M&Service Co., Ltd. SK Communications Co., Ltd.	Feb. 10, 2000		89,452	Material
SK Communications Co., Ltd.	Sep. 19, 1996	Internet portal and other Internet information services	152,496	Material
Stonebridge Cinema Fund	Sep. 30, 2005	Investment partnership	7,797	
SK Broadband Co., Ltd.	Sep. 5, 1997	Fixed-line telecommunication services, multimedia and IPTV	2 201 707	Matarial
V and Caltern and Contact	N 24 2000	services	3,291,707	Material
K-net Culture and Contents Venture Fund	Nov. 24, 2008	Investment partnership	13,169	
Hwaitec Focus Investment	Dec. 24, 2008	•		
Partnership 2		Investment partnership	18,249	
Open Innovation Fund	Dec. 22, 2008	Investment partnership	19,455	
PS&Marketing Co., Ltd.	Apr. 3, 2009	Sale of telecommunication		
		devices	509,580	Material
Service Ace Co., Ltd.	Jul. 1, 2010	Customer center management services	65,424	
Service Top Co., Ltd.	Jul. 1, 2010	Customer center management	03,121	
service rop co., Eta.	341. 1, 2010	services	61,897	
Network O&S Co., Ltd.	Jul. 1, 2010	Network maintenance services	77,426	Material
SK Planet Co., Ltd.	Oct. 1, 2011	Telecommunication and		
		platform services	2,406,988	Material
Neosnetworks Co., Ltd.	Jun. 12, 2008	Security system services	68,361	
Iriver Ltd.	Jul. 12, 2000	Audio device manufacturing	65,405	
Entrix Co., Ltd.	July 1, 2015	Telecommunication (Cloud) services	30,876	
SK Telecom China Holdings	Jul. 12, 2007	Sel vices	30,070	
Co., Ltd.	Jul. 12, 2007	Investment (holding company)	37,748	
SK Global Healthcare Business	Sep. 14, 2012			
Group, Ltd.		Investment (SPC)	25,768	
Iriver Enterprise Ltd.	Jan. 14, 2014	Management of Chinese		
		subsidiary	4,289	
Iriver China Co., Ltd.	Jun 24, 2004		4,394	

Electronic device manufacturing

		manaractaring	
DongGuan Iriver Electronics	Jul. 6, 2006	Electronic device	
Co., Ltd.		manufacturing	23
SK Planet Japan, K.K.	Mar. 14, 2012	Digital contents sourcing	
		services	5,068
groovers Japan Co. Ltd.	Feb. 25, 2015	Contents and information	
		distribution	1,540
SKT Vietnam PTE., Ltd.	Apr. 5, 2000	Telecommunication services	4,523
SK Planet Global PTE, LTD.	Aug. 4, 2012	Digital contents sourcing	
		services	1,570
SKP Global Holdings PTE, LTD.	Aug. 10, 2012	Investment (holding company)	28,320

Name	Date of Establishment	Principal Business	Total Assets as of Dec. 31, 2015 (millions of Won)	Material Subsidiary*
SKT Americas, Inc.	Dec. 29, 1995	Information collection and		
		management consulting services	51,138	
SK Planet America LLC	Jan. 27, 2012	Digital contents sourcing services	380,141	Material
Shopkick Management	Oct. 9, 2014	Investment		
Company, Inc.			306,248	Material
Shopkick, Inc.	Jun. 1, 2009	Mileage based e-commerce		
		application development	25,388	
SK TechX Co., Ltd.	Mar. 1, 2016	Telecommunication and		
		platform services		Material
Onestore Co., Ltd.	Mar. 1, 2016	Contents distribution		Material
SK Telecom Innovation Fund,	Jan. 15, 2016	Investment		
L.P.				
Iriver America Inc.	May 1, 2005	Wholesale and retail		
Iriver Inc.	Feb. 15, 2007	North America marketing and		
		sales	4,160	
YTK Investment Ltd.	Jul. 1, 2010	Investment	16,318	
Atlas Investment	Jun. 24, 2011	Investment	77,750	Material
SK Telecom China Fund I L.P.	Sep. 14, 2011	Investment	20,901	

^{*} Material Subsidiary means a subsidiary with total assets of Won 75 billion or more as of the end of the latest fiscal year or, with respect to SK TechX Co., Ltd. (SK TechX) and Onestore Co., Ltd. (Onestore), which were established in 2016, a subsidiary with total assets of Won 75 billion or more as of the end of June 30, 2016. During 2016, Technology Innovation Partners, L.P. changed its name to SK Telecom Innovation Fund, L.P. Changes in subsidiaries during 2016 are set forth below.

Change		Name	Remarks
Additions	SK TechX Co., Ltd. Onestore		Split from SK Planet Co., Ltd. and newly established Split from SK Planet Co., Ltd. and newly
			established
Exclusions	Commerce Planet Co.	Ltd.	Merged into SK Planet Co., Ltd.

A. Corporate Legal Business Name: SK Telecom Co., Ltd.

B. Date of Incorporation: March 29, 1984

C. Location of Headquarters

(1) Address: 65 Euljiro, Jung-gu, Seoul, Korea

(2) Phone: +82-2-6100-2114

(3) Website: http://www.sktelecom.com

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D. Major Businesses

(1) Wireless business

The Company provides wireless telecommunications services, characterized by its competitive strengths in handheld devices, affordable pricing, network coverage and an extensive contents library. We continue to maintain our reputation as the unparalleled premium network operator in the LTE market on the basis of our technological leadership and network management technology.

The Company plans to increase its profitability by strengthening its retention policy, which is the fundamental basis of competitiveness for telecommunication companies in this data-intensive era. The Company will lead the information and communication technology (ICT) trend by providing products through which customers can have a distinctive experience and by providing innovative services to transition to service-based competition.

In the business-to-business (B2B) area, the Company is striving to strengthen its solutions business as well as its existing leased line business. In the area of healthcare, the Company achieved several tangible milestones: point-of-care diagnostic devices manufactured by a company of which the Company is the largest shareholder received approval from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration; the Company entered the Chinese healthcare market; and the Company was the first Korean company to export medical information systems. The Company plans to continue to find and develop new growth businesses in healthcare in the mid- to long-term. The Company also plans to seek out new growth engines in existing businesses, including the intelligence business, by utilizing its technologies relating to big data.

In order to strengthen its sales channels, the Company has been offering a variety of fixed-line and wireless telecommunication convergence products to its customers through PS&Marketing Co., Ltd. (PS&Marketing), one of its subsidiaries. Through Service Ace Co., Ltd., another subsidiary, the Company operates customer service centers in Seoul and provides telemarketing services. Furthermore, Network O&S Co., Ltd., the Company s subsidiary responsible for the operation of the Company s 2G to 4G networks (including its CDMA, WCDMA and LTE networks), provides customers with quality network services and provides the Company with technological know-how in network operations.

(2) Fixed-line business

SK Broadband Co., Ltd. (SK Broadband) is engaged in providing telecommunications, broadcasting and new media services and various other services that are permitted to be carried out by SK Broadband under relevant regulations, as well as business activities that are directly or indirectly related to providing those services. In 1999, SK Broadband launched its high-speed Internet service in Seoul, Busan, Incheon and Ulsan and currently provides such services nationwide. SK Broadband also commercialized its TV-Portal service in July 2006 and its IPTV service in January 2009 upon receipt of permit in September 2008.

(3) Other businesses

The Company is a leading player in the Korean e-commerce industry with 11th Street, an e-commerce platform service that connects various sellers and purchasers through its online and mobile platforms, and Shocking Deal, a mobile commerce curation service. In the online-to-offline (O2O) area, the Company is a leading player and continues to expand its market power with OK Cashbag, Korea s largest loyalty mileage program, Syrup, which offers smart

shopping services utilizing its network of business partners and information technology such as big data, Syrup Store, which provides integrated marketing solutions to business partners and other Syrup-related services such as gifticon, Syrup Table and Syrup Order.

In the advertising business area, the Company is engaged in advertisement production, promotion services and research and consulting services as a business idea creator to substantively help businesses increase their value in a rapidly evolving business environment.

In the global business area, the Company has expanded its e-commerce business globally to Turkey, Indonesia and Malaysia and has rapidly grown into one of the leading market players in these regions. The Company intends to continue its efforts to secure the market leading position in these markets.

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In the location-based services business area, the Company provides real time traffic information and various local information through its T-Map Navigation service. In the digital contents business area, the Company provides high-quality digital contents in its leading mobile contents marketplace, Onestore.

In the media business area, the Company provides the optimum environment for subscribers to access multimedia contents according to personal taste and preference through oksusu, available on various digital devices such as personal computers and mobile devices.

The Company provides integrated Internet portal services through NATE and instant messaging services through NATE-ON. In the mobile internet service business area, the Company provides portal-based services and Cymera, which is a camera application. In the portal service business area, key sources of revenue are display advertising, search engine-based advertising, and contents and other services. Display advertising consists of image, video and flash-based multimedia advertising carried on NATE and NATE-ON and aims to give greater exposure to the advertiser s brand name to the public. The increased effectiveness of online media as an advertising outlet has resulted in a greatly expanded advertiser base, and the increasing variety in the format of advertising has contributed to the growth of display advertising. Search engine-based advertising refers to the type of advertising that embeds advertisements within search results produced by searches of certain keywords on the NATE portal site. Search engine-based advertising has a certain appeal to small and medium-sized advertisers.

See II-1. Business Overview for more information.

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E. Credit Ratings

(1) Corporate bonds

Credit rating entity

Credit rating dateratingCredit rating(Credit rating range)Rating classificationApril 11, 2013Corporate bondAAAKorea RatingsCurrent ratingApril 11, 2013Corporate bondAAAInc.Current ratingApril 11, 2013Corporate bondAAANICE Investors ServiceCurrent ratingApril 11, 2013Corporate bondAAAKorea RatingsRegular ratingApril 11, 2013Corporate bondAAAInc.Regular ratingApril 11, 2013Corporate bondAAAInc.Regular ratingApril 22, 2014Corporate bondAAAKorea RatingsRegular ratingApril 22, 2014Corporate bondAAAKorea RatingsRegular ratingApril 22, 2014Corporate bondAAAInc.Regular ratingApril 22, 2014Corporate bondAAAInc.Regular ratingApril 22, 2014Corporate bondAAACo., Ltd.Regular ratingApril 22, 2014Corporate bondAAAKorea RatingsCurrent ratingApril 22, 2014Corporate bondAAAKorea RatingsCurrent ratingApril 22, 2014Corporate bondAAAKorea RatingsCurrent rating				Credit rating entity	
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April 22, 2014 Corporate bond AAA Korea Ratings Regular rating Korea Investors Service, Corporate bond AAA Inc. Regular rating April 22, 2014 NICE Investors Service Corporate bond AAA Co., Ltd. Regular rating April 22, 2014 Corporate bond AAA Korea Ratings Current rating April 22, 2014 Korea Investors Service,	April 11, 2013	•		NICE Investors Service	
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April 22, 2014 Corporate bond AAA Co., Ltd. Regular rating April 22, 2014 Corporate bond AAA Korea Ratings Current rating April 22, 2014 Korea Investors Service,	•	Corporate bond	AAA	Inc.	Regular rating
Corporate bond AAA Co., Ltd. Regular rating April 22, 2014 Corporate bond AAA Korea Ratings Current rating April 22, 2014 Korea Investors Service,	April 22, 2014	•		NICE Investors Service	C
April 22, 2014 Corporate bond AAA Korea Ratings Current rating April 22, 2014 Korea Investors Service,	•	Corporate bond	AAA	Co., Ltd.	Regular rating
•	April 22, 2014	Corporate bond	AAA	Korea Ratings	
Corporate bond AAA Inc. Current rating	April 22, 2014	•		Korea Investors Service,	Ü
	•	Corporate bond	AAA	Inc.	Current rating
April 22, 2014 NICE Investors Service,	April 22, 2014	•		NICE Investors Service,	
Corporate bond AAA Co., Ltd. Current rating	•	Corporate bond	AAA	Co., Ltd.	Current rating
October 15, 2014 Corporate bond AAA Korea Ratings Current rating	October 15, 2014	•	AAA		—
October 15, 2014 Korea Investors Service,	October 15, 2014	•			
Corporate bond AAA Inc. Current rating		Corporate bond	AAA	Inc.	Current rating
October 15, 2014 NICE Investors Service,	October 15, 2014	•		NICE Investors Service,	Č
Corporate bond AAA Co., Ltd. Current rating		Corporate bond	AAA		Current rating
February 9, 2015 Corporate bond AAA Korea Ratings Current rating	February 9, 2015	Corporate bond	AAA	Korea Ratings	Current rating
February 9, 2015 Korea Investors Service,	February 9, 2015	•		Korea Investors Service,	· ·
Corporate bond AAA Inc. Current rating	· ·	Corporate bond	AAA	Inc.	Current rating
February 9, 2015 NICE Investors Service,	February 9, 2015	•		NICE Investors Service,	
Corporate bond AAA Co., Ltd. Current rating	•	Corporate bond	AAA	Co., Ltd.	Current rating
May 21, 2015 Corporate bond AAA Korea Ratings Regular rating	May 21, 2015	•	AAA		_
May 27, 2015 Korea Investors Service,	May 27, 2015	•		Korea Investors Service,	
Corporate bond AAA Inc. Regular rating	•	Corporate bond	AAA	Inc.	Regular rating
June 10, 2015 NICE Investors Service,	June 10, 2015	•		NICE Investors Service,	C
Corporate bond AAA Co., Ltd Regular rating		Corporate bond	AAA	Co., Ltd	Regular rating
July 6, 2015 Corporate bond AAA Korea Ratings Current rating	July 6, 2015	Corporate bond	AAA	Korea Ratings	Current rating
July 6, 2015 Korea Investors Service,		•			
Corporate bond AAA Inc. Current rating		Corporate bond	AAA		Current rating
July 6, 2015 Corporate bond AAA Current rating	July 6, 2015	_	AAA		

NICE Investors Service,

			Co., Ltd.	
October 26, 2015	Corporate bond	AAA	Korea Ratings	Current rating
October 26, 2015			Korea Investors Service,	
	Corporate bond	AAA	Inc.	Current rating
October 26, 2015			NICE Investors Service,	
	Corporate bond	AAA	Co., Ltd.	Current rating
February 19, 2016	Corporate bond	AAA	Korea Ratings	Current rating
February 19, 2016		Korea Investors Service,		
	Corporate bond	AAA	Inc.	Current rating
February 19, 2016			NICE Investors Service,	
	Corporate bond	AAA	Co., Ltd.	Current rating
May 19, 2016	Corporate bond	AAA	Korea Ratings	Current rating
May 20, 2016			Korea Investors Service,	
	Corporate bond	AAA	Inc.	Current rating
May 20, 2016			NICE Investors Service,	
	Corporate bond	AAA	Co., Ltd.	Current rating

^{*} Rating definition: AAA - The certainty of principal and interest payment is at the highest level with extremely low investment risk and is stable such that it will not be influenced by reasonably foreseeable changes in external factors.

(2) Commercial paper (CP)

			Credit rating entity	
Credit rating date	Subject of rating	Credit rating	(Credit rating range)	Rating classification
April 11, 2013	CP	A1	Korea Ratings	Current rating
April 11, 2013			Korea Investors	
	CP	A1	Service, Inc.	Current rating
April 11, 2013			NICE Investors Service	
	CP	A1	Co., Ltd.	Current rating

Credit rating date	Subject of rating	Credit rating	Credit rating entity (Credit rating range)	Rating classification
November 29, 2013	CP	A1	Korea Ratings	Regular rating
December 18, 2013	CI	AI	Korea Investors	Regular racing
December 16, 2013	CP	A1	Service, Inc.	Regular rating
December 20, 2013	CI	AI	NICE Investors Service	Regular racing
December 20, 2013	СР	A1	Co., Ltd.	Regular rating
April 22, 2014	CP	A1	Korea Ratings	Current rating
April 22, 2014	Cı	711	Korea Investors	Current rating
11pm 22, 2011	CP	A1	Service, Inc.	Current rating
April 22, 2014	C1	111	NICE Investors Service	Current rating
	CP	A1	Co., Ltd.	Current rating
October 15, 2014	CP	A1	Korea Ratings	Regular rating
October 15, 2014	01	111	Korea Investors	Trogular Taning
	CP	A1	Service, Inc.	Regular rating
October 15, 2014			NICE Investors Service	\mathcal{E}
ŕ	CP	A1	Co., Ltd.	Regular rating
May 21, 2015	CP	A1	Korea Ratings	Current rating
May 27, 2015			Korea Investors	Č
	CP	A1	Service, Inc.	Current rating
June 10, 2015			NICE Investors Service	
	CP	A1	Co., Ltd.	Current rating
January 19, 2016	Short-term bond	A1	Korea Ratings	Current rating
January 19, 2016			Korea Investors	
	Short-term bond	A1	Service, Inc.	Current rating
January 19, 2016			NICE Investors Service	
	Short-term bond	A1	Co., Ltd.	Current rating
April 27, 2016	CP	A1	Korea Ratings	Current rating
April 27, 2016	Short-term bond	A1	Korea Ratings	Current rating
May 11, 2016			Korea Investors	
	CP	A1	Service, Inc.	Current rating
May 11, 2016			Korea Investors	
	Short-term bond	A1	Service, Inc.	Current rating
May 12, 2016			NICE Investors Service	
	CP	A1	Co., Ltd.	Current rating
May 12, 2016			NICE Investors Service	
	Short-term bond	A1	Co., Ltd.	Current rating

^{*} Rating definition: A1 - Timely repayment capability is at the highest level with extremely low investment risk and is stable such that it will not be influenced by reasonably foreseeable changes in external factors.

(3) International credit ratings

		Credit rating of	Credit rating	
Date of credit rating	Subject of rating	securities	company	Rating type

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June 4, 2012	Bonds denominated in		Moody s Investors	
	Swiss Franc	A3	Service	Current rating
June 6, 2012	Bonds denominated in			
	Swiss Franc	A-	Fitch Inc.	Current rating
June 7, 2012	Bonds denominated in		Standard & Poor s	
	Swiss Franc	A-	Rating Services	Current rating
October 24, 2012	Bonds denominated in			
	U.S. dollars	A-	Fitch Inc.	Current rating
October 24, 2012	Bonds denominated in		Moody s Investors	
	U.S. dollars	A3	Service	Current rating
October 24, 2012	Bonds denominated in		Standard & Poor s	
	U.S. dollars	A-	Rating Services	Current rating

^{*} On August 9, 2013, Moody s Investors Service raised the outlook on the Company s rating from A3 (Negative) to A3 (Stable).

2. Company History

October 2011: SK Planet Co., Ltd. was spun off from the Company.

February 2012: Purchased shares of SK hynix Inc. (formerly, Hynix Semiconductor Inc.)

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^{*} On November 4, 2015, S&P lowered the outlook on the Company s rating from A- (Positive) to A- (Stable).

June 2015: Consummation of the comprehensive share exchange transaction (the Share Exchange) through which the Company acquired all of the shares of SK Broadband that it did not otherwise own in exchange for its treasury shares such that SK Broadband became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

April 2016: The spin-off and merger of the location-based services business and the mobile phone verification services business of SK Planet Co., Ltd.

A. Location of Headquarters

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22 Dohwa-dong, Mapo-gu, Seoul (July 11, 1988)
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16-49 Hangang-ro 3-ga, Yongsan-gu, Seoul (November 19, 1991)

267 Namdaemun-ro 5-ga, Jung-gu, Seoul (June 14, 1995)

99 Seorin-dong, Jongro-gu, Seoul (December 20, 1999)

65 Euljiro, Jung-gu, Seoul (December 13, 2004)

B. Significant Changes in Management

At the 29th General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 22, 2013, Dae Sik Cho was elected as an inside director and Dae Shick Oh was elected as an independent director and member of the audit committee of the Company s board of directors. At the 30th General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 21, 2014, Jae Hoon Lee was elected as an independent director and Jae Hyeon Ahn was elected as an independent director and member of the audit committee of the Company s board of directors. At the 31st General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 20, 2015, Dong Hyun Jang was elected as an inside director. At the 32nd General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 18, 2016, Dae Sik Cho was re-elected as an inside director and Dae Shick Oh was re-elected as an independent director and member of the audit committee of the Company s board of directors.

C. Change in Company Name

On March 23, 2012, SK hynix Inc., which became a subsidiary in February 2012, changed its name to SK hynix Inc. from Hynix Semiconductor Inc. in accordance with a resolution at its annual general meeting of shareholders.

D. Mergers, Acquisitions and Restructuring

(1) Spin-off

In accordance with the resolution of the Company s board of directors on July 19, 2011 and the resolution of the shareholders meeting on August 31, 2011, the Company spun off its platform business and established SK Planet Co., Ltd., effective as of October 1, 2011. The registration of the spin-off was completed on October 5, 2011. Set forth below are important details of the spin-off.

Description

Method of Spin-off Resulting Companies

Detail

Simple vertical spin-off SK Telecom Co., Ltd. (Surviving Company)

SK Planet Co., Ltd. (Spin-off Company) October 1, 2011

Effective Date

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Set forth below is a summary of the Company s financial position before and after the spin-off.

		Before the spin-off (As of September 30, 20 SK Telecom Co.,		(in millions of Won) er the spin-off October 1, 2011)
Description		Ltd.	SK Telecom Co.,	LtdSK Planet Co., Ltd.
Total Assets		19,400,114	19,084,651	1,545,537
Total Liabilities		7,673,828	7,358,365	315,463
Total Shareholders	Equity	11,726,286	11,726,286	1,230,074

The schedule of the spin-off is set forth below.

Category		Date
Board resolution on spin-off		July 19, 2011
Record Date for Determination of Share	cholders for the Shareholders Meeting	
for Spin-off		August 4, 2011
Shareholders Meeting for Approval of	Spin-off Plan	August 31, 2011
Date of Spin-off		October 1, 2011
Shareholders Meeting for Report of Sp	oin-off and Inaugural Meeting of	
Shareholders		October 4, 2011
Registration of Spin-off		October 5, 2011
Others	Notice of closure of shareholders	
	register	
	Period of closure of shareholders	July 20, 2011
	register	·
		August 5, 2011~ August 8, 2011
	Public notice of shareholders meeting	
		August 10, 2011 and August 12, 2011
	Dispatch of notice of shareholders	
	meeting	August 12, 2011

Changes in shareholding, including majority shareholder Not applicable because the spin-off is a simple vertical spin-off.

Appraisal rights of shareholders Not applicable because the spin-off is a simple vertical spin-off.

Protection of creditors

In accordance with Article 530-9 Paragraph 1, both SK Telecom and SK Planet will be jointly and severally liable for the payment of all obligations of SK Telecom incurred prior to the spin-off.

Allocation of new shares

In accordance with Articles 530-2 through 530-12, the spin-off is a simple vertical spin-off and all shares of SK Planet were allocated to SK Telecom.

- (2) Acquisition of shares of SK hynix Inc. (formerly, Hynix Semiconductor Inc.) In accordance with the resolution of the Company s board of directors on November 14, 2011, the Company purchased 146,100,000 shares of SK hynix Inc. (formerly, Hynix Semiconductor Inc.) (SK Hynix) (aggregate purchase price of Won 3,374,726 million) on February 14, 2012 in order to acquire control of SK Hynix. The Company had a 21.05% equity interest in SK Hynix after the purchase.
- (3) Merger of SK Planet and SK Marketing & Company Co., Ltd.
 On January 11, 2013, the Company acquired the remaining 50% equity stake in SK Marketing & Company Co., Ltd.
 (SK Marketing & Company), a company providing e-commerce and advertising services, from SK Innovation Co., Ltd. and gained control of both SK Marketing & Company and its subsidiary, M&Service Co., Ltd. The Company thereafter contributed the 100% equity stake in SK Marketing & Company to SK Planet and merged SK Marketing & Company into SK Planet as of February 1, 2013.

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investment portfolio.

(4) Acquisition of shares of PS&Marketing

On February 20, 2014, the board of directors of the Company resolved to invest an additional Won 100 billion (20 million common shares) into PS&Marketing, an affiliated company, in order to increase its mid- to long-term competitiveness in distribution. The date of investment was April 2, 2014, and the cumulative investment amount totaled Won 330 billion.

- (5) Disposition of shares of iHQ Inc. On March 10, 2014, the Company disposed of 3,790,000 shares (its 9.4% equity share) of iHQ Inc. to rebalance its
- (6) Acquisition of shares of Neosnetworks Co., Ltd. (Neosnetworks) In order to acquire a new growth engine, the Company acquired a controlling stake in Neosnetworks, a building security company, with the purchase of 31,310 shares (a 66.7% equity interest) of Neosnetworks. on April 2, 2014. The Company acquired an additional 50,377 shares in Neosnetworks in April 2015 through a rights offering, resulting in an increase of its ownership to 83.9%.
- (7) Acquisition of shares of Iriver
 On August 13, 2014, the Company purchased 10,241,722 shares (a 39.3% equity interest) of Iriver Ltd. (Iriver) from
 Vogo-Rio Investment Holdings Co., Ltd. and KGF-Rio Limited in order to foster application development and
 smartphone accessories as part of the Company s growth engines. The Company holds a 48.9% equity interest of Iriver
 by acquiring additional shares in its rights offering. The Company does not hold a majority of the voting rights of
 Iriver but the Company has concluded that it has effective control, as it holds significantly more voting rights than any
 other shareholder or any organized group of shareholders.
- (8) Acquisition of shares of Shopkick, Inc. (Shopkick)
 On October 10 2014, SK Planet America LLC, a subsidiary of the Company, acquired (through its 95.2%-owned subsidiary Shopkick Management Company, Inc.) a 100.0% ownership interest in Shopkick, a developer of a shopping app for mobile devices that provides benefits to customers for visiting stores, in order to penetrate the mobile commerce market in the United States. In the first half of 2016, SK Planet America LLC acquired all remaining shares of Shopkick Management Company, Inc.
- (9) Disposition of Shenzen E-Eye shares In 2014, the Company entered into an agreement to dispose of its equity interest in Shenzen E-eye in order to focus its business portfolio on high-growth business areas in the Chinese ICT market. The sale was completed on March 23, 2015.

- (10) Disposition of a portion of KEB Hana Card shares
- On April 3, 2015, the Company sold 27,725,264 shares (10.4% out of the 25.4% equity interest the Company held prior to the sale) of KEB Hana Card Co., Ltd. to Hana Financial Group in cash. With the proceeds of such sale (Won 180 billion), the Company acquired equity interests in Hana Financial Group on April 17, 2015 through participation in a rights offering by Hana Financial Group. The Company plans to maintain its strategic alliance and pursue opportunities to create synergies with, Hana Financial Group.
- (11) SK Broadband Comprehensive Share Exchange
 On March 20, 2015, the Company s board of directors resolved to approve the Share Exchange.

Share Exchange ratio: Shareholders of one common share of SK Broadband were allotted 0.0168936 common shares of SK Telecom

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Shares exchanged: 2,471,883 registered common shares of SK Telecom

Date of Share Exchange agreement: March 23, 2015

Record date: April 6, 2015

Announcement date for the proceeding of the Share Exchange as a small-scale share swap: April 6, 2015

Meeting of board of directors for approval of the Share Exchange: May 6, 2015

Date of the Share Exchange: June 9, 2015

(12) Establishment of Entrix Co., Ltd.

In the first three quarters of 2015, SK Planet spun off its cloud streaming division and established Entrix Co., Ltd. The Company exchanged 1,300,000 shares of SK Planet for 1,300,000 shares of Entrix at the time of the spin-off and later acquired an additional 2,857,000 shares by participating in the recapitalization.

(13) Additional capital raise by NanoEnTek Inc.

In the first three quarters of 2015, the Company acquired 1,090,155 shares through the additional capital raise by NanoEnTek.

- (14) Reclassification of Packet One Networks accounts
- In 2015, the Company reclassified its investments in Packet One from investments in associates and joint ventures to assets classified as held for sale as the Company no longer had significant control over Packet One. The difference between the book value and the fair value of Won 37.4 billion at the time of reclassification was recognized as impairment loss.
- (15) Acquisition of shares of SK Communications Co., Ltd. (SK Communications) On October 1, 2015, the Company became the largest shareholder of SK Communications with a 64.54% equity interest through dividends in kind from SK Planet of 26,523,815 shares and the purchase of 1,506,130 shares over-the-counter.
 - (16) Acquisition of shares of CJ HelloVision Co., Ltd. (CJ HelloVision)

On November 2, 2015, the Company s board of directors resolved to approve the acquisition of CJ HelloVision s shares from CJ O Shopping Co., Ltd. (CJ O Shopping) and on the same day, entered into a share purchase agreement with CJ O Shopping. In addition, on November 2, 2015, SK Broadband s board of directors resolved to approve the merger of SK Broadband with CJ HelloVision and on the same day, entered into a merger agreement with CJ HelloVision and the closing of the merger was conditioned upon receipt of regulatory approval from relevant authorities. On July 25, 2016, the Company notified CJ O Shopping of the termination of the share purchase agreement and SK Broadband notified CJ HelloVision of the termination of the merger agreement, as the Korea Fair Trade Commission on July 18, 2016 denied approval of the proposed merger, which was a closing condition to the consummation of the merger.

(17) Tender offer of shares of CJ HelloVision From November 2, 2015 to November 23, 2015, the Company purchased 6,671,933 shares of CJ Hellovision in a tender offer for up to 10,000,000 shares, paying Won 12,000 per share. Through this tender offer, the Company acquired an 8.61% equity interest in CJ HelloVision.

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(18) Establishment of SK TechX Co., Ltd. and Onestore

In the first half of 2016, SK Planet spun off its platform business and T Store business and established SK TechX and Onestore. The Company exchanged 12,323,905 shares of SK Planet for 6,323,905 shares of SK TechX and 6,000,000 shares of Onestore at the time of the spin-off. The Company later acquired an additional 4,409,600 shares of Onestore at a purchase price of Won 22 billion by participating in the follow-on rights offering. The Company did not participate in the subsequent follow-on rights offering and as of June 30, 2016, the Company has a 65.5% interest in Onestore.

(19) Spin-off and merger of SK Planet s location-based services business and mobile phone verification services business

Through the merger of SK Planet s location-based services business and mobile phone verification services business into SK Telecom, the Company seeks to provide a solid base for continued growth, especially in the next generation platform business, and SK Planet plans to further concentrate its resources on its commerce business. The spin-off and merger was effective as of April 5, 2016 and was registered as of April 7, 2016. SK Planet is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and as the Company did not issue any new shares in connection with the merger, there was no change in the share ownership of the Company.

[SK Broadband]

(1) Mergers among Subsidiaries and Affiliates
On July 26, 2012, the board of directors of SK Broadband resolved to merge Broadband D&M Co., Ltd., its
wholly-owned subsidiary, into SK Broadband after transferring Broadband D&M Co., Ltd. s network maintenance
business to Network O&S Co., Ltd. The merger was effective as of September 26, 2012. In connection with this
merger, SK Broadband did not issue any new shares.

On October 25, 2012, the board of directors of SK Broadband resolved to merge Broadband CS Co., Ltd., its wholly-owned subsidiary, into SK Broadband after transferring Broadband CS Co., Ltd. s customer service business to Service Ace Co., Ltd. The merger was effective as of December 26, 2012. In connection with this merger, SK Broadband did not issue any new shares.

On January 3, 2013, the board of directors of SK Broadband approved the merger of Broadband Media Co., Ltd., its wholly-owned subsidiary, into SK Broadband. The merger was effective as of March 22, 2013 and was recorded as of March 25, 2013. Please refer to the Merger Completion Report filed with the Financial Services Commission on March 25, 2013. In connection with this merger, SK Broadband did not issue any new shares.

On July 29, 2015, the board of directors of SK Broadband approved the acquisition of SK Planet s Hoppin business through a spin-off and subsequent merger transaction pursuant to Article 530-2 of the Korean Commercial Code, with both SK Broadband and SK Planet remaining as existing companies. The spin-off and subsequent merger were effective as of September 1, 2015, and on the same day, SK Broadband issued 2,501,125 new common shares resulting from the merger, allotting 0.0349186 common shares of SK Broadband per one common share of SK Planet to SK Telecom, SK Planet s sole shareholder.

(2) Share Exchange

On March 20, 2015, the board of directors of SK Broadband resolved to approve the Share Exchange. The Share Exchange was approved at the extraordinary meeting of shareholders held on May 6, 2015. Subsequent to the Share Exchange, the Company became the parent company of SK Broadband with 100% ownership and remained a listed corporation on the KRX KOSPI Market, and SK Broadband became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and was delisted from the KRX KOSDAQ Market. There was no change in the share ownership interest of the Company s existing shareholders or the Company s management in connection with the Share Exchange.

Share Exchange ratio: Shareholders of one common share of SK Broadband were allotted 0.0168936 common shares of SK Telecom

Shares exchanged: 2,471,883 registered common shares of SK Telecom

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Date of Share Exchange agreement: March 23, 2015

Record date: April 6, 2015

Announcement date for the proceeding of the Share Exchange as a small-scale share swap: April 6, 2015

Meeting of board of directors for approval of the Share Exchange: May 6, 2015

Date of the Share Exchange: June 9, 2015

(3) Merger with CJ HelloVision

On November 2, 2015, SK Broadband s board of directors resolved to approve the merger of SK Broadband with CJ HelloVision such that CJ HelloVision would be the surviving entity and SK Broadband would be the non-surviving entity. The largest shareholder of the merged entity would be SK Telecom with an equity interest of 78.35%. On February 26, 2016, the entry into the merger agreement was resolved as proposed by SK Broadband s shareholders.

On July 25, 2016, SK Broadband notified CJ HelloVision of the termination of the merger agreement, as the Korea Fair Trade Commission on July 18, 2016 denied approval of the proposed merger, which was a closing condition to the consummation of the merger. On July 27, 2016, SK Broadband s board of directors resolved to terminate the merger agreement as proposed. Subsequently, the merger agreement is no longer effective and all procedures related to the merger, including the issuance of new shares, were terminated.

[SK Planet]

As of February 1, 2013, SK Planet merged with SK Marketing & Company, a company providing e-commerce and advertising services. In connection with this merger, SK Planet issued 12,927,317 of its common stock to SK Telecom, which was a shareholder of SK Marketing & Company.

On April 22, 2013, the board of directors of SK Planet resolved to merge Madsmart, Inc., its wholly-owned subsidiary, into SK Planet to enhance the competitiveness of its platform business and provide faster service to customers by merging the ICT capabilities of the two companies. The merger was effective as of June 1, 2013 and SK Planet did not issue any new shares in connection with the merger.

On May 29, 2015, the board of directors of SK Planet resolved to spin off its cloud streaming division on July 1, 2015 in order to strengthen its business capabilities and expand overseas. The spin-off ratio was 0.9821740 for the surviving company to 0.0178260 for the newly-established company, and the capital reduction ratio was 1.7825968%.

On July 29, 2015, the board of directors of SK Planet resolved to spin off its Hoppin business, which was merged into SK Broadband on September 1, 2015, in order to unify capabilities within the business and maximize synergies to improve its competitive power in the Korean and international mobile media market. SK Planet issued 2,501,125 new common shares in connection with this transaction, and the merger ratio between SK Planet and SK Broadband was 0.0349186:1.

On December 29, 2015, the board of directors of SK Planet resolved to merge Commerce Planet Co., Ltd., its wholly-owned subsidiary, into SK Planet to generate synergies by uniting capabilities to promote its commerce business. The merger was effective as of February 1, 2016, and SK Planet did not issue any new shares in connection with the merger.

Effective as of March 1, 2016, SK Planet spun off its platform business and T Store business in order to enhance the competitiveness of each business for future growth.

Effective as of April 5, 2016, SK Planet spun off its location-based services business and mobile phone verification services business and merged them into the Company in order to further concentrate its resources on its commerce business.

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[SK Communications]

(1) Disposition of shares of SK i-media

Pursuant to the resolution of its board of directors on October 17, 2011, SK Communications sold all of the shares of SK i-media Co., Ltd. it owns to LK Media Tec Co., Ltd. for Won 1 million of cash.

(2) Disposition of shares of U-Land

Pursuant to the resolution of its board of directors on December 21, 2011, SK Communications sold all of the shares of U-Land Co., Ltd. (a 29.85% equity interest) it owns to SK Planet for Won 10 million.

(3) Disposition of the Cyworld service

Pursuant to the resolution of its board of directors on March 6, 2014, SK Communications sold its Cyworld service and certain related assets to Cyworld Co., Ltd. for Won 2.8 billion on April 8, 2014.

(4) Disposition of shares of Service-In

On November 19, 2012, SK Communications sold all of its shares (80,000 common shares) in Service-In Co., Ltd., its subsidiary, to the chief executive officer of Service-In Co., Ltd., pursuant to a resolution of its board of directors of October 31, 2012.

(5) Change in the largest shareholder

On September 24, 2015, SK Telecom and SK Planet entered into a share transfer agreement to transfer all of the shares of SK Communications held by SK Planet to SK Telecom. The agreement became effective on October 1, 2015, making SK Telecom the largest shareholder of SK Communications.

[PS&Marketing]

On February 20, 2014, the board of directors of PS&Marketing resolved to acquire the retail distribution business, including related assets, liabilities, contracts and human capital of the information technology and mobile wing of SK Networks. On the same day, the board of directors of PS&Marketing also resolved to acquire retail stores, including their assets and liabilities, of LCNC Co., Ltd (LCNC). The acquisitions were completed on April 30, 2014 at a purchase price of Won 124.5 billion for the assets acquired from SK Networks and a purchase price of Won 10 billion for the assets acquired from LCNC.

[M&Service]

Upon the merger between SK Marketing & Company, which held a 100% equity stake in M&Service, and SK Planet on February 1, 2013, SK Planet holds a 100% equity stake in M&Service.

[Neosnetworks]

On March 31, 2015, Neos Networks acquired the unmanned electronic security business of Joeun Safe to expand its unmanned security business. The acquisition cost, which had been reported on January 5, 2015 as Won 19.4 billion, was subject to adjustment depending on the customer transfer rate. The final acquisition cost was determined to be Won 16.9 billion. Joeun Safe was spun off from its parent company Joeun System in 2006 and has the fourth largest market share in the Korean unmanned security industry. Upon this acquisition, it is expected that the Company will quickly expand into the unmanned security market.

[Iriver]

(1) Merger of Iriver CS Co., Ltd. (Iriver CS)

Pursuant to the resolution of its board of directors on November 18, 2014, Iriver decided to merge with Iriver CS, its wholly-owned subsidiary, with Iriver as the surviving entity. The merger was completed based on the merger ratio of 1:0 with no capital increase. The merger and merger registration were completed on January 31, 2015 and February 2, 2015, respectively.

(2) New Establishment of groovers Japan Co. Ltd. (groovers Japan) On February 25, 2015, Iriver newly established its overseas subsidiary, groovers Japan, for the purpose of strengthening new business opportunities in Japan.

E. Other Important Matters related to Management Activities [SK Telecom]

(1) Issuance of bonds

On May 14, 2014, the Company issued four tranches of fixed-rate unsecured bonds in the principal amounts of Won 50 billion (with an annual interest rate of 3.301% and a maturity date of May 14, 2019), Won 150 billion (with an annual interest rate of 3.637% and a maturity date of May 14, 2024), Won 50 billion (with embedded options, an annual interest rate of 4.725% and a maturity date of May 14, 2029), and Won 50 billion (with embedded options, an annual interest rate of 4.72% and a maturity date of May 14, 2029).

On October 28, 2014, the Company issued three tranches of fixed-rate unsecured bonds in the principal amounts of Won 160 billion (with an annual interest rate of 2.53% and a maturity date of October 28, 2019), Won 150 billion (with an annual interest rate of 2.66% and a maturity date of October 28, 2021), and Won 190 billion (with an annual interest rate of 2.82% and a maturity date of October 28, 2024).

On February 26, 2015, the Company issued three tranches of fixed-rate unsecured bonds in the principal amounts of Won 100 billion (with an annual interest rate of 2.40% and a maturity date of February 26, 2022, Won 150 billion (with an annual interest rate of 2.49% and a maturity date of February 26, 2025), and Won 50 billion (with an annual interest rate of 2.61% and a maturity date of February 26, 2030).

On July 17, 2015, the Company issued four tranches of fixed-rate unsecured bonds in the principal amounts of Won 90 billion (with an annual interest rate of 1.89% and a maturity date of July 17, 2018), Won 70 billion (with an annual interest rate of 2.66% and a maturity date of July 17, 2025), Won 90 billion (with an annual interest rate of 2.82% and a maturity date of July 17, 2030), and Won 50 billion (with an annual interest rate of 3.40% and a maturity date of July 17, 2030).

On November 30, 2015, the Company issued four tranches of fixed-rate unsecured bonds in the principal amounts of Won 80 billion (with an annual interest rate of 2.073% and a maturity date of November 30, 2018), Won 100 billion

(with an annual interest rate of 2.550% and a maturity date of November 30, 2025), Won 70 billion (with an annual interest rate of 2.749% and a maturity date of November 30, 2035), and Won 50 billion (with embedded options, an annual interest rate of 3.100% and a maturity date of November 30, 2030).

On March 4, 2016, the Company issued four tranches of fixed-rate unsecured bonds in the principal amounts of Won 70 billion (with an annual interest rate of 1.651% and a maturity date of March 4, 2019), Won 100 billion (with an annual interest rate of 1.802% and a maturity date of March 4, 2021), Won 90 billion (with an annual interest rate of 2.077% and a maturity date of March 4, 2026), and Won 80 billion (with an annual interest rate of 2.243% and a maturity date of March 4, 2036).

On June 3, 2016, the Company issued four tranches of fixed-rate unsecured bonds in the principal amounts of Won 50 billion (with an annual interest rate of 1.621% and a maturity date of June 3, 2019), Won 50 billion (with an annual interest rate of 1.709% and a maturity date of June 3, 2021), Won 120 billion (with an annual interest rate of 1.973% and a maturity date of June 3, 2026), and Won 50 billion (with an annual interest rate of 2.172% and a maturity date of June 3, 2031).

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(2) Issuance of hybrid securities

On June 7, 2013, the Company issued Won 400 billion principal amount of hybrid securities in the form of unguaranteed subordinated bonds with an annual interest rate of 4.21%, which is adjusted five years after the date of issuance. The Company classified the hybrid securities as equity, as there is no contractual obligation to deliver financial assets to the bondholders. The maturity date of the hybrid securities is June 7, 2073, which can be extended by the Company without any notice or announcement.

(3) Conversion of convertible notes

On April 7, 2009, the Company issued convertible notes with a maturity of five years in the principal amount of US\$332,528,000 with an annual interest rate of 1.75%. In 2013, holders exercised their conversion rights with respect to an aggregate principal amount of US\$326,023,000 of the convertible notes. The Company delivered 1,241,337 treasury shares in respect of US\$170,223,000 of the exercised aggregate principal amount and delivered cash in respect of the remainder due to the limit on foreign ownership. In connection with such conversion, the Company recognized Won 135 billion in financial expenses in 2013. On November 13, 2013, the Company exercised its early redemption right and on December 13, 2013, redeemed the US\$6,505,000 principal amount of convertible notes not converted by noteholders. A 20-day volume weighted average pricing formula was used for the delivery of cash made in place of treasury shares. Due to such calculation, the Company still had US\$91,108,507 outstanding in payables as of December 31, 2013. The amount was paid in full as of January 6, 2014, and currently, there is no amount outstanding.

[SK Broadband]

SK Broadband acquired subscriberships of regional cable and other service providers on several different occasions. Such acquisitions were intended to secure a stable subscriber base for its broadband Internet service and, at the same time, increase the service coverage area. Because such acquisitions were conducted on a relatively small scale and involved the purchase of subscriberships, SK Broadband did not believe that such acquisitions rose to the level of purchasing an entire business line from another company or were likely to have a material impact on its business, and therefore decided that such acquisitions did not require resolutions of its shareholders.

3. Total Number of Shares

A. Total Number of Shares

(As of June 30, 2016)	(Unit: in shares)			
	Share type)		
	Preferred			
Classification	Common shares shares	Total	Remarks	
I. Total number of authorized shares	220,000,000	220,000,000		
II. Total number of shares issued to date	89,278,946	89,278,946		
III. Total number of shares retired to date	8,533,235	8,533,235		

a. reduction of capital			
b. retirement with profit	8,533,235	8,533,235	
c. redemption of redeemable shares			
d. others			
IV. Total number of shares (II-III)	80,745,711	80,745,711	
V. Number of treasury shares	10,136,551	10,136,551	

B. Treasury Shares

(1) Acquisitions and dispositions of treasury shares

(As of June 30, 2016)			At the Changes			(Unit: in shares)	
			Type of		Changes cqui l@is pos ed	A	At the end of
Acqu	uisition metho	ds	shares	of period	_	(-)	period
		Direct	Common shares	10,136,551	` , ` ` ,		10,136,551
		acquisition					
		from market	Preferred shares				
	Direct	Direct over-	Common shares				
Acquisition pursuant to the Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets	acquisition	the-counter acquisition Tender offer Sub-total	Preferred shares Common shares Preferred shares Common shares Preferred shares	10,136,551		1	10,136,551
Act of Korea (FSCMA)		Held by	Common shares				
	Acquisition through trust and	trustee Held in actual	Preferred shares Common shares				
	other	stock	Preferred shares				
agreer	agreements	Sub-total	Common shares Preferred shares				
Oth	ner acquisition		Common shares Preferred shares				
	Total		Common shares	10,136,551		1	10,136,551
			Preferred shares				

4. Status of Voting Rights

(As of June 30, 2016)	(Unit: in shares)	
Classification	Number of shares Remarks	
Total shares (A)	Common share 80,745,711	
	Preferred share	

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Number of shares without voting rights			
(B)	Common share	10,136,551	Treasury shares
	Preferred share		
Shares without voting rights pursuant to			
the Company s articles of incorporation			
(the Articles of Incorporation) (C)	Common share		
	Preferred share		
Shares with restricted voting rights			
pursuant to Korean law (D)	Common share		
•	Preferred share		
Shares with reestablished voting rights (E)	Common share		
	Preferred share		
The number of shares with exercisable			
voting rights $(F = A - B - C - D + E)$	Common share	70,609,160	
- /	Preferred share	, , , , , ,	

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5. Dividends and Others

A. Dividends

(1) Distribution of cash dividends was approved during the 30th General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 21, 2014.

Distribution of cash dividends per share of Won 8,400 (exclusive of an interim dividend of Won 1,000) was approved.

- (2) Distribution of interim dividends of Won 1,000 was approved during the 366th Board of Directors Meeting on July 24, 2014.
- (3) Distribution of cash dividends was approved during the 31st General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 20, 2015.

Distribution of cash dividends per share of Won 8,400 (exclusive of an interim dividend of Won 1,000) was approved.

- (4) Distribution of interim dividends of Won 1,000 was approved during the 378th Board of Directors Meeting on July 23, 2015.
- (5) Distribution of cash dividends was approved during the 32nd General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 18, 2016.

Distribution of cash dividends per share of Won 9,000 (exclusive of an interim dividend of Won 1,000) was approved.

(6) Distribution of interim dividends of Won 1,000 was approved during the Board of Directors Meeting on July 28, 2016.

B. Dividends for the Last Three Fiscal Years

(Unit: in millions of Won, except per share values and percentages)

Classification

As of and for the As of and for As of and for the months the year ended

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		ended June 30, De 2016	30, December 31, 2015		
Par value per share (Won)		500	500	500	
(Consolidated)Net income		861,982	1,518,604	1,801,178	
Net income per share (Won)		12,089	20,988	25,154	
Total cash dividend		70,609	708,111	666,802	
Total stock dividends					
(Consolidated) Percentage of cash dividend to available income (%)		0.8	46.6	37	
Cash dividend yield ratio (%)	Common share	0.5	4.6	3.5	
Cash dividend yield ratio (%)	Preferred share	0.5	4.0	5.5	
Stock dividend yield ratio (%)	Common share				
	Preferred share				
Cash dividend per share (Won)	Common share	1,000	10,000	9,400	
-	Preferred share				
Stock dividend per share (share)	Common share				
_	Preferred share				

^{*} Net income per share means basic net income per share. The cash dividend per share amounts include the respective interim cash dividend per share amounts.

II. BUSINESS

1. Business Overview

Each company in the consolidated entity is a separate legal entity providing independent services and products. The business is primarily separated into (1) the wireless business consisting of cellular voice, wireless data and wireless Internet services, (2) the fixed-line business consisting of fixed-line telephone, high speed Internet, data and network lease services, among others, and (3) other businesses consisting of platform services and Internet portal services, among others.

Set forth below is a summary business description of material consolidated subsidiaries.

Classification Wireless	Company name SK Telecom Co., Ltd.	Description of business Wireless voice and data telecommunications services via digital wireless networks
	PS&Marketing Co., Ltd.	Sale of fixed-line and wireless telecommunications products through wholesale, retail and online distribution channels
	Network O&S Co., Ltd.	Maintenance of switching stations
Fixed-line	SK Broadband Co., Ltd.	High-speed Internet, TV, telephone, commercial data and other fixed-line services and management of the transmission system for online digital contents
		Various media-related services, such as channel management, including video on demand, and mobile IPTV services
	SK Telink Co., Ltd.	International wireless direct-dial 00700 services, pre-paid international card calling services, voice services using Internet protocol and Mobile Virtual Network Operator (MVNO) services
Other business	SK Planet Co., Ltd.	Various platform services such as 11th Street, Syrup, OK Cashbag in the commerce area
	SK TechX Co., Ltd.	Develop and supply system software for SK Telecom
	Onestore Co., Ltd.	Operate app store
	SK Communications Co., Ltd.	Integrated portal services through NATE and instant messaging services through NATE-ON
	M&Service Co., Ltd.	System software development, distribution and technical support services and other online

information services

SK Planet America LLC System software development, distribution and

investments

Shopkick Management Company, Inc. System software development, distribution and

investments

Atlas Investment Investments

[Wireless Business]

A. Industry Characteristics

The Korean mobile communication market is considered to have reached its maturation stage with more than a 100% penetration rate. However, the Korean mobile communications market continues to improve in the quality of services with the help of advances in network-related technology and the development of highly advanced LTE-A, LTE and 3G smartphones which enable the provision of convergence services for multimedia contents, mobile commerce, telematics, new media and other related services. In addition, through the commercialization of LTE network in July 2011 and LTE-A network in June 2013, B2B businesses, such as the corporate connected workforce business which can directly contribute to an enhancement in productivity, are expected to grow rapidly. In the first half of 2014, wideband LTE-A service was commercialized and on December 29, 2014, tri-band LTE-A service with a maximum speed of 300 Mbps was also commercialized. Such achievements were the building blocks towards the Company s LTE penetration reaching 68.7% as of June 30, 2016.

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B. Growth Potential

(Unit: in 1,000 persons) As of December 31, As of June 30, Classification 2016 2015 2014 2013 **SK Telecom** 26,528 26,250 26,468 26,286 Others (KT, LGU+) 27,184 26,765 26,125 25,909 Number of **MVNO** 6,397 2,485 5,921 4,584 subscribers **Total** 60,109 58,936 57,177 54,680

C. Domestic and Overseas Market Conditions

The Korean mobile communication market includes the entire population of Korea with mobile communication service needs, and almost every Korean is considered a potential user. Sales revenue related to data services is expected to increase due to the increasing popularity of smartphones and high-speed wireless networks. There is also a growing importance to the business-to-business segment, which creates added value by selling and developing various solutions. Seasonal and economic fluctuations have much less impact on the Korean mobile communication market compared to other industries.

Set forth below is the historical market share of the Company.

		(Unit: in percentages)			
	As of June 30,	June 30, As of D		er 31,	
Classification	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Mobile communication services	49.3	49.4	50.2	50.0	

^{*} Source: MSIP website and each Korean telecommunications company s respective earnings releases (including MVNOs).

D. Business Overview and Competitive Strengths

The Company is seeking to transform itself from a telecommunications service provider into a comprehensive ICT service provider. It has continued to innovate the scope of its services and achieved strong growth in subscribers amid fierce competition and rate cuts. As a result, for the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company recorded Won 8.5 trillion in revenue and Won 0.8 trillion in operating income on a consolidated basis and Won 6.2 trillion in revenue and Won 0.9 trillion in operating income on a separate basis.

^{*} Source: Wireless subscriber data from the Ministry of Science, ICT and Future Planning (MSIP) as of June 30, 2016.

In particular, the number of subscribers subscribing to Band Data plans, which was launched in the second quarter of 2015, has continued to steadily increase in 2016, which in turn led to an increase in data usage. The success of Luna, a smartphone launched in September 2015 that was designed to run exclusively on the Company s networks, led to the launch of various other relatively low-priced devices and became an example of successfully targeting a niche market.

By continuing to be innovative in developing core competencies, the Company has more firmly established its position as the market leader in wireless telecommunications. The competitive environment of the wireless telecommunications industry has become more focused on retention. For the six months ended June 30, 2016, the average monthly churn rate was 1.5%, a record low since 2004 when the mobile number portability system was first introduced. The number of subscribers (including MVNO subscribers) as of June 30, 2016 was 29.2 million, an increase of approximately 230,000 from the previous quarter. In particular, the number of smartphone subscribers as of June 30, 2016 was 21.3 million, an increase of approximately 310,000 from the previous quarter, propelled by 20.0 million LTE subscribers, solidifying the Company s market leadership. In addition, as of June 30, 2016, the number of subscribers for products targeted towards second devices such as the T Kids phone Joon and T Outdoor reached 890,000, which the Company believes shows a level of demand that can potentially lead to growth of the lifestyle enhancement platform.

Following the launch of commercial LTE services in July 2011, the Company became the first telecommunications service provider in the world to launch commercial wideband LTE-A services in June 2014. In December 2014, the Company launched tri-band LTE-A services. By launching various high quality services utilizing the LTE-A and wideband LTE networks such as group video conference call services and full high definition mobile IPTV streaming services, the Company plans to provide an innovative user experience, enhance customer satisfaction and increase profitability.

The Company has proved that it has superior network quality compared to its competitors according to the Korea Communications Commission quality evaluations. The Company has also proved to be the leader in Korea s top three customer satisfaction indices: according to the National Customer Satisfaction Index, Korean Customer Satisfaction Index and Korean Standard Service Quality Index, the Company has continued to hold the leading position for 19 years, 18 years and 17 years, respectively.

SK Telink, a consolidated subsidiary of the Company, expanded its operations to the MVNO business based on its technical expertise and know-how obtained in its international telecommunications business and launched its MVNO service, 7Mobile, which is offered at reasonable rates and provides excellent quality. SK Telink is increasing its efforts to develop low-cost distribution channels and create niche markets through targeted marketing towards customers with lower average revenue per user. An MVNO leases the networks of a mobile network operator (MNO) and provides wireless telecommunication services under its own brand and fee structure, without owning telecommunication networks or frequencies.

Network O&S, a subsidiary of the Company responsible for the operation of the Company s base stations and related transmission and power facilities, offers quality fixed-line and wireless network services to customers, including mobile office products to business customers.

PS&Marketing, a subsidiary of the Company, provides a sales platform for products of the Company and SK Broadband including fixed-line and wireless telecommunication products that address customers needs for various convergence products. PS&Marketing provides differentiated service to clients through the establishment of new sales channels and product development.

[Fixed-line Business]

A. Industry Characteristics

As subscribers to various bundled wireless and fixed-line products continue to increase, the IPTV business is evolving to satisfy diverse customer needs for media services through differentiated service offerings, including mobile IPTV, bundled wireless and IPTV products and ultra-high definition broadcasting services for smart televisions. In the Korean pay TV market, analog cable broadcasting is increasingly being replaced with digital broadcasting and IPTV is the fastest growing digital broadcasting platform. While it is currently expected that there will be a decline in the number of subscribers switching from cable TV to IPTV, the Company believes that it will need to aggressively increase its subscriber base by providing differentiated services on its IPTV platform. In addition, with the maturity of the residential market and the changing trends of broadcasting consumption towards mobile platforms, the Company believes that giga and ultra-high definition broadcasting services and mobile media services will be important competitive factors. In the future, the Company believes that there will be rapid evolution towards a broadband network stemming from increased demand for giga and ultra-high definition broadcasting services and cloud services and the government is likely to promote the development of the next-generation ICT industry through various policies and regulations.

B. Growth Potential

(Unit: in 1,000 persons for high-speed Internet and fixed-line telephone, in 1,000 terminals for IPTV)

			As of De	ecember
		As of June 30,	31	1,
Classification		2016	2015	2014
Fixed line	High-speed Internet	20,314	20,025	19,199
Fixed-line	Fixed-line telephone	15,998	16,341	16,939
Subscribers	IPTV (real-time)	10,992	10,992	9,670

^{*} Source: MSIP website.

C. Cyclical Nature and Seasonality

High-speed Internet, fixed-line telephone and IPTV services are mature markets that are comparatively less sensitive to cyclical economic changes as such services have become more of a necessity and the market has matured. The telecommunications services market overall is not expected to be particularly affected by economic downturns due to the low income elasticity of demand for telecommunication services.

Set forth below is the historical market share of the Company.

	(Unit: in percentages)		
	As of June 30s, of December 31		
Classification	2016	2015	2014
High-speed Internet (including resales)	25.3	25.1	25.1
Fixed-line telephone (including Voice over Internet			
Protocol (VoIP))	17.0	17.1	17.0
IPTV	30.5	30.5	29.2

^{*} Source: MSIP website.

D. Business Overview and Competitive Strengths

In 1999, the Company was the first in the world to commence commercial ADSL services. On the back of its premium technology and enhanced competitiveness achieved through bundled products, it is currently expanding

^{*} The number of IPTV subscribers was taken from data announced by the MSIP on May 18, 2016 and the number of IPTV subscribers as of December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2016 shown above is the average number of subscribers for the last six months of 2015.

^{*} With respect to Internet telephone, the market share was calculated based on market shares among the Company, KT and LG U+ and is based on the number of IP phone subscribers.

^{*} The number of IPTV subscribers was taken from data announced by the MSIP on May 18, 2016 and the IPTV market shares as of December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2016 was calculated using the average number of subscribers for the last six months of 2015.

subscriber base across all of its businesses, including broadband Internet, telephone and IPTV. In particular, SK Broadband has positioned itself to focus on corporate customer services and IPTV services as key strategic areas for mid- to long-term growth, exploiting opportunities in new ICT-based businesses that have led to revenue growth, and providing differentiated contents in its IPTV business by securing popular programming which includes exclusive children s channels and live broadcasts of Major League Baseball games. In addition, the Company has reinforced its leadership in the ultra-high definition broadcasting market by launching ultra-high definition services that require no set-top boxes in April 2014 and by commercializing ultra-high definition set-top boxes for the first time in Korea in September 2014. Furthermore, the Company was the first in the industry to adopt solutions to upgrade full high definition to ultra-high definition, and the Company also strengthened the line-up of ultra-high definition contents by securing access to diverse contents provided by Sony and NBC Universal. Moreover, the Company provides the greatest number of channels in full high definition in the IPTV market due to its recent upgrade of all 130 live high definition channels to full high definition. The Company has also been selected by the government as the lead trial operator of gigabit (GiGA) Internet service to promote the discovery of new technologies and services related to the expansion of GiGA coverage within the hybrid fiber-coaxial network and provide GiGA Wi-Fi and other services. Furthermore, the Company has solidified its technological leadership by setting a worldwide precedent for providing super 8K ultra-high definition broadcasting service, which has resolution four times as high as the pre-existing 4K ultra-high definition broadcasting service in the IPTV industry.

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SK Telink, a provider of international telecommunications service, has been able to establish itself as a market leader as a result of its affordable pricing, proactive marketing and the quality of its services. It launched a mobile phone-based international calling service under the brand name 00700 in 1998, creating a new niche market within the long-distance telephony market that was otherwise dominated by existing service providers. In 2003, SK Telink was designated a common carrier for international calling services, which allowed the Company to expand its international calling services to fixed-line international calling services. In 2005, SK Telink obtained a license to operate VoIP services and local calling value-added services to develop into a versatile fixed-line telecommunications service provider. SK Telink plans to strategically target the convergence of wireless and fixed-line telecommunications and strengthen its existing business, including international and long-distance calling services, value-added services for local calling and B2B services, and video conference call services while aiming to satisfy the diverse needs of customers by providing quality solutions at reasonable prices.

[Other Business]

A. Industry Characteristics

As the number of smartphones distributed in Korea exceeds 40 million, the growth in various mobile devices has spurred the rise of the service provider with a strong platform business as the leader in the ICT market. It is becoming increasingly important to enhance competitiveness by building a platform with large data capacity to handle the increase in data transmission.

A platform business acts as an intermediary by promoting interactions among various customer groups, thereby generating new values. It is important for a platform business to continually attract subscribers and users and to create an ecosystem with certain lock-in effects. A platform can exist in various forms, including as a technological standard (iOS, Android OS), a subscriber-based service platform (Facebook, Twitter) or a marketplace (Amazon, Onestore). Platform businesses are evolving and expanding globally.

In order to move beyond the saturated wireless telecommunications market and plan for new future opportunities, the Company is aiming to transform itself into a next-generation platform service provider. The Company plans to actively develop a portfolio of services on its growth platforms using its leading position in the ICT business as a foundation to overcome boundaries between industries. In particular, the Company intends to maximize synergies between various business areas and overcome the limitations on growth in the wireless telecommunications market through its three growth platforms, comprising its Internet of Things (IoT) solutions platform, lifestyle enhancement platform and advanced media platform. The Company intends to expand its competitive strengths in the residential market, based on its media offerings through its advanced media platform, to also develop its IoT solutions and lifestyle enhancement platforms. The Company also intends to continue to seek business opportunities for its growth businesses such as its healthcare and B2B solutions businesses and integrate them with its growth platforms.

A platform business has strong growth potential due to its connectivity with related services and ease of global expansion. Apple became a world-leading smartphone producer based on its innovative design and the competitive strength of its App Store platform. Google has created a new ecosystem of long-tail advertising by attracting millions of third parties to its advertising platform, as well as showing strong growth in mobile markets with its competitive platform based on Android OS. It is becoming increasingly important to enhance competitiveness through a database that can register and analyze purchase patterns of customers across all areas and a platform with large data capacity with which to utilize this database and provide differentiated services to customers.

B. Growth Potential

The scope and value generated by the platform business, including application and content marketplaces and N-screen services, continue to increase as smartphones and tablet computers become more popular and the bandwidth and speed of network infrastructure improve. As the wireless network evolves to LTE, business opportunities for the platform business exist, including multimedia streaming, N-screen service based on cloud technology and high-definition location-based services. Since the platform business realizes profit by connecting with advertisements or commerce sites after building a critical mass of subscribers and traffic, the recent growth in the advertising and commerce markets is expected to present an opportunity for platform businesses. The importance of building a platform with large data capacity that is connected to various digital contents and commerce is expected to increase in the future.

C. Domestic and Overseas Market Conditions

(1) Commerce markets

The Company expects that online/mobile commerce markets will continue to grow due to the growth potential of the Internet shopping population, the strengthening of online business models by off-line operators, and the rapid rise of mobile commerce. Recently, due to the widespread use of smartphones and social media, the commercialization of location-based services and the development of big data technology, online to offline (or, O2O) business, which is a concept of attracting customers to offline stores using online and mobile environments, is being highlighted as a new field in the online commerce market industry.

(2) Digital contents

The growth of application marketplaces, which started with Apple s App Store, provides the platform business with new opportunities for revenue generation. The competitive paradigm is shifting from a competition among platform operators toward a competition among eco-systems that include application developers as well as platform operators.

(3) Media

Due to an increase in the number of devices owned by each user and an increase in network speed, each user can now enjoy music or video files anywhere and anytime by storing them in cloud servers, called N-screen service. Users can recommend music to other users through social networking services and this is expected to become a distribution model for digital media contents. Various service providers are competing in this market expecting a strong growth in the online and mobile video market.

D. Business Overview and Competitive Strengths

The Company plans to expand its platform ecosystem focusing on its Open & Collaboration motto in operating its commerce business such as 11th Street, Syrup, and OK Cashbag, its digital contents business such as Onestore and its location-based service business such as T-Map Navigation, thereby ultimately increasing its enterprise value.

(1) Commerce

11th Street, an online marketplace, has continued its growth through effective marketing and customer satisfaction. Despite its later entry into the online commerce market (launched in 2008) which was already divided between Auction and G-Market, it is leading the domestic e-commerce market and is also rapidly growing in the mobile commerce market and has established itself as the domestic market leader in this market. Growth plans involving overseas joint ventures based on 11th Street s business expertise have resulted in the successful launch of an open online commerce market in Turkey in partnership with Doğuş Group in March 2013. In Indonesia, an open market platform was successfully launched through a joint venture established in July 2013 with PT XM Axiata Tbk, a wireless telecommunications company in Indonesia. In October 2014, SK Planet and Celcom Axiata Berhad, which is a leading telecommunications service provider in Malaysia, established a joint venture, Celcom Planet, and launched online commerce services tailored to the Malaysian market in April 2015 and is actively engaged in operating such business.

Syrup is a consumer-oriented commerce service with the goal of minimizing its customers—time and efforts while maximizing the economic benefits by providing information about coupons and events based on time, place and occasion. To achieve this goal, Syrup combines location-based services, such as geo-fencing, a virtual perimeter technology using a global positioning system (or, GPS) and Bluetooth Low Energy (or, BLE), with big data analysis of consumption patterns. Syrup—s business partners can benefit from cost-effective marketing through Syrup by utilizing statistics and analysis regarding consumers—frequency of visits, preferred products, and consumption patterns. Furthermore, Syrup is strengthening its market power and competitiveness through the continual release of vertical products such as Syrup Pay, Syrup Order and Syrup Table and the expansion of Merchant.

OK Cashbag is a point-based loyalty marketing program which has grown to become a top-tier loyalty marketing program since its inception in 1999. Customers have access to increased benefits through accumulation of loyalty reward points and partner companies use OK Cashbag as a marketing resource. As Korea s largest loyalty mileage program, OK Cashbag maintains a leading position in the industry. The Company is continuing to develop its service in light of market conditions and customers needs to enhance its customers perception of point value and is reviewing and pursuing various plans to develop OK Cashbag into a service that goes beyond a mileage program that leverages the key competitiveness of OK Cashbag such as its platform and partnership network.

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(2) Location-based services

T-Map Navigation provides map, local information, real-time traffic information and navigation services. T-Map Navigation is one of the leading location-based service platforms in Korea. By entering the Online to Offline service area with T map Taxi, T map Public Transportation and others, the Company is expanding its mobile platform foundation that connects day to day life. The Company is also providing infotainment systems to commercial vehicle businesses as well as providing localized content on its products, such as region-specific information and advertisements. The Company plans to further develop the T-Map Navigation platform by initiating open application programming interface-based services, providing services to more diverse types of devices and providing local area-based services.

(3) Digital contents

Onestore, an application platform launched in 2016 through a joint venture between SK Telecom, KT, LG U+ and Naver s app store, plans to widen its services to tablets and navigation devices. The Company intends to further develop Onestore into a personalized gateway and mobile playground through expansion of the scope of serviceable devices, reinforcement of digital content offerings and enhancement of search services, among other things.

(4) Social networking services (SNS) and Internet portal services

The Company s instant messenger service, Nate-On, had a market share of 20.6% in the instant messenger market in Korea with 3.2 million net users during the month of June 2016. The Company s Internet search portal service, Nate, had a page-view market share of 3.8% as of June 30, 2016. (Source: Korean Click, based on fixed-line access)

2. Major Products & Services

A. Updates on Major Products and Services

(Unit: in millions of Won and percentages)

Business	Major Companies	Item	Major Trademarks	Consolidated Sales Amount (ratio)
Wireless	SK Telecom Co., Ltd., PS&Marketing Co., Ltd., Network O&S Co., Ltd.	Mobile communication service, wireless data service, ICT service	T, Band Data and others	6,499,445 (77%)
Fixed-line	SK Broadband Co., Ltd., SK Telink Co., Ltd.	Fixed-line phone, high speed Internet, data and network lease service	B tv , 00700 international call, 7Mobile and others	1,329,664 (16%)
Other	SK Planet Co., Ltd.,			666,643 (7%)

SK TechX Co., Ltd., Internet portal OK Cashbag, service and NATE, Onestore Onestore Co., Ltd., e-commerce and others

SK Communications Co., Ltd.,

M&Service Co., Ltd.,

SKP America, LLC,

Shopkick Mgmt. Co., Ltd.

Total 8,495,752 (100%)

[Wireless Business]

As of June 30, 2016, based on the Company s standard monthly subscription plan, the basic service fee was Won 11,000 and the usage fee was Won 1.8 per second.

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[Fixed-line Business]

SK Broadband provides broadband Internet access service, telephony, TV, corporate data services and other services for both individual and corporate customers. As of June 30, 2016, broadband Internet and TV services comprised 57.8% of SK Broadband s revenue, telephony service 16.0%, corporate data services 24.8% and other telecommunications services 1.4%. Price fluctuations in the different services provided by SK Broadband are due to discounts provided for long term contracts, changes in equipment costs and competition between companies.

[Other Business]

Set forth below are major products and services of the Company s material consolidated subsidiaries.

Business	Item	Major Trademarks
Platform	ICT services, new media services, advertisement services, telecommunications sales, e-commerce and others	Syrup, Onestore, 11th Street, T Map, OK Cashbag and others
Advertisement (Display, Search)	Online advertisement services	Nate, Nate-On
Contents and others	Pay content sales and other services	Nate, Nate-On

3. Investment Status

[Wireless Business]

A. Investment in Progress

(Unit: in 100 millions of Won)

Business	Classification	Investment period	Subject of investment	Investment effect	Expected investment amount	Amount already Future investeinvestment	
Network/Common	Upgrade/ New installation	Six months ended June 30, 2016	Network, systems and others	Capacity increase and quality improvement; systems improvement	21,000	3,125	
Total					21,000	3,125	

B. Future Investment Plan

(Unit: in 100 millions of Won)

			Expect	ted investmen	t for each	
	Expected invest	ment amount		year		
Business	Asset type	Amount	2016	2017	2018	Investment effect
Network/Common	Network, systems and others	21,000	21,000	To be determined	To be determined	Upgrades to the existing services and expanded provision of services including wideband LTE-A
Total		21,000	21,000	To be determined	To be determined	

[Fixed-line Business]

A. Investment in Progress

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company spent Won 239.7 billion for capital expenditures as set out below, including the investment of Won 103.4 billion to expand subscriber networks. In 2016, the Company expects to spend additional amounts to strengthen the competitiveness of its advanced media and IoT solutions platforms; however, the overall capital expenditure amount is expected to be similar to 2015 through efficient management of investments.

^{*} On July 28, 2016, the Company s board of directors resolved to increase its 2016 capital expenditure budget from Won 20 trillion to Won 21 trillion.

(Unit: in 100 millions of Won)

Business	Classification	Investment period	Subject of investment	Investment effect	Amount already invested	Future investment
High-speed					1 001	
Internet				Expand subscriber	1,091	
Telephone			Backbone	networks and facilities	1	
Television	Upgrade/	Six months	and		571	
Corporate	New	ended June 30,	subscriber	Increase leased-line		To be determined
Data	installation	2016	network /	and integrated		
			others	information system	328	
Others				Expand networks and		
				required space	406	

Total 2,397

4. Revenues

(Unit: in millions of Won)

					(Cint. in i	minons or won,
Business	Sales	Item		For the six months ended June 30, en 2016	For the year ded Decemberer 2015	For the year Ided December 31 2014
Dusiness	type	Item				
Wireless	Services	Mobile communication	Export Domestic	8,900 6,490,545	15,035 13,254,243	6,773 13,521,108
			Subtotal	6,499,445	13,269,278	13,527,881
			Export	53,926	94,387	63,608
Fixed-line	Services	Fixed-line, B2B data, High-speed Internet, TV	Domestic	•	2,400,186	2,386,312
		raga speed mornet, r	Subtotal	1,329,664	2,494,573	2,449,920
			Export	21,340	53,622	20,798
Other	Services	Display and Search ad., Content	Domestic	· ·	1,319,261	1,165,199
		Content	Subtotal	666,643	1,372,883	1,185,997
			Export	84,166	163,044	91,179
Total			Domestic	,	16,973,690	17,072,619
			Total	8,495,752	17,136,734	17,163,798

					(Unit: in mill	ions of Won)
					Internal	After
For the six months ended June 30, 2016	Wireless	Fixed	Other	Sub total	transaction	consolidation
Total sales	7,292,918	1,629,570	928,512	9,851,000	(1,355,248)	8,495,752
Internal sales	793,473	299,906	261,869	1,355,248	(1,355,248)	
External sales	6,499,445	1,329,664	666,643	8,495,752		8,495,752
Operating income (loss)	920,427	64,388	(175,324)	809,491		809,491
Profit (loss) for the period						1,100,874
Total assets	23,836,373	3,680,610	2,865,977	30,382,960	(1,853,570)	28,529,390
Total liabilities	9,731,374	2,316,179	987,201	13,034,754	127,143	13,161,897

5. Derivative Transactions

A. Current Swap Contract Applying Cash Flow Risk Hedge Accounting

Currency swap contracts under cash flow hedge accounting as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

						Duration of
]	Borrowing date	Hedged item	Hedged risk	Contract type	Financial institution	contract
ŀ	ful. 20, 2007	Fixed-to-fixed cross	Foreign currency	Cross currency	Morgan Stanley and	Jul. 20, 2007
		currency swap (U.S.	risk	swap	five other banks	Jul. 20, 2027
		dollar denominated bonds				
		face value of				
		US\$400,000,000)				

Borrowing date	Hedged item	Hedged risk	Contract type	Financial institution	Duration of contract
Jun. 12, 2012	Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap (Swiss Franc denominated bonds face value of CHF 300,000,000)	Foreign currency risk		Citibank and five other banks	Jun. 12, 2012 Jun.12, 2017
Nov. 1, 2012	Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap (U.S. dollar denominated bonds face value of US\$700,000,000)	Foreign currency risk	Cross currency swap	Barclays and nine other banks	Nov. 1, 2012 May. 1, 2018
Jan. 17, 2013	Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap (Australia dollar denominated bonds face value of AUD 300,000,000)	Foreign currency risk	Cross currency swap	BNP Paribas and three other banks	Jan. 17, 2013 Nov. 17, 2017
Mar. 7, 2013	Floating-to-fixed cross currency interest rate swap (U.S. dollar denominated bonds face value of US\$300,000,000)	Foreign currency risk and interest rate risk	Cross currency interest rate swap	DBS Bank	Mar. 7, 2013 Mar. 7, 2020
Oct. 29, 2013	Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap (U.S. dollar denominated bonds face value of US\$300,000,000)	Foreign currency risk	Cross currency swap	Korea Development Bank and others	Oct. 29, 2013 Oct. 26, 2018
Dec. 16, 2013	Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap (U.S. dollar denominated loan face value of US\$69,056)	Foreign currency risk	Cross currency swap	Deutsche Bank	Dec. 16, 2013 Apr. 29, 2022

B. Treatment of Derivative Instruments on the Balance Sheet

As of June 30, 2016, fair values of the above derivatives recorded in assets or liabilities and details of derivative instruments are as follows:

(Unit: in millions of Won and thousands of foreign currencies)

Hedged item Fair value

(1	oss) on valuati of derivatives	on	translation gain (loss)			
Non-current assets:						
Convertible option ^(*2)						
(face amounts of Won 150 billion)					9,961	9,961
Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap						
(U.S. dollar denominated bonds face value	ie					
of US\$400,000,000)	(50,424)	(16,098)	8,299	129,806		71,583
Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap						
(U.S. dollar denominated bonds face value	ie					
of US\$700,000,000)	(15,296)	(4,884)	51,650			31,470
Floating-to-fixed cross currency swap						
(U.S. dollar denominated bonds face value	ie					
of US\$300,000,000)	(11,613)	(3,709)	24,255			8,933
Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap						
(U.S. dollar denominated bonds face value	ie					
of US\$300,000,000)	(4,481)		30,694			26,213
Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap						
(U.S. dollar denominated bonds face value	ie					
of US\$69,056)	(3,622)	(1,156)	7,457			2,679
Total assets						150,839
Non-current liabilities:						
Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap						
(Swiss Franc denominated bonds face						
value of CHF 300,000,000)	(6,565)	(2,095)	(6,710)			(15,370)
Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap						
(Australia dollar denominated bonds face						
value of AUD 300,000,000)	2,873	918	(74,879)			(71,088)
Total liabilities						(86,458)

(*1) Cash flow hedge accounting has been applied to the relevant contract from May 12, 2010. Others represent gain on valuation of currency swap incurred prior to the application of hedge accounting and was recognized through profit or loss prior to the year ended December 31, 2015.

6. Major Contracts

[SK Telecom]

				(Unit: in 100 millions	s of Won)
			Completion		Contract
Category	Vendor	Start Date	Date	Contract Title	Amount
Product	Acts Display &	May 4, 2016	February 28,	Purchase smart beam	
	Optics Company		2017	laser	64
Real Estate	SK Broadband Co.,	February 1,	January 31,	Namsan Office	
	Ltd.	2016	2017	Building Lease	
				Contract	53
Real Estate				Purchase land	
				(Euiwang and four	
	Multiple	January 1, 2016	June 30, 2016	others)	26

Subtotal 143

[SK Broadband]

Below are SK Broadband s contracts related to its telecommunications equipment. In addition to the below, SK Broadband also has entered into various real estate rental agreements.

Counterparty Telecommunication service providers	Contract Contents Interconnection among telecommunication service providers	Contract Period	Note Automatically renewed for two years at a time unless specific amendments are requested
KEPCO	Provision of electric facilities	From Nov. 2015 to Nov. 2016	Use of electricity poles
		(Unless special reasons arise, the usage period will be renewed annually)	
Seoul City Railway	Use of telecommunication line conduits	From Jan. 2015 to Dec. 2017	Use of railway telecommunication conduit (Serviced areas to expand)
Busan Transportation Corporation	Use of telecommunication line conduits	From July 2009 to July 2013 (Renewal in progress, currently in the process of	Use of railway telecommunication conduit (Serviced areas to expand)

transitioning to private network system, plans to enter into a contract once completed and the remaining work is confirmed)

Seoul Metro Use of telecommunication

line conduits

From May 2010 to May 2013 (Renewal in progress,

currently in discussion to decide usage unit price, future plans to enter into a

contract)

Gwangju City Railway Use of telecommunication

line conduits

From Sep. 2010 to Dec.

2012 (Renewal in progress, in the completion stage of transitioning to private network system, currently reviewing whether to renew contract at the end of 2016)

Use of railway telecommunication conduit (Serviced areas to expand)

Use of railway telecommunication

conduit (Service lease)

^{*} Renewal is in progress after negotiation of lower usage fees.

[SK Communications]

Counterparty	Purpose	Contract Period	Contract Amount
Valraa Carn	Cost-per-click Internet		Amount determined based on the
Kakao Corp.	search advertisement		number of clicks

^{*} SK Communications and Kakao Corp. have agreed not to publicly disclose the contract period with respect to the contract with Kakao Corp.

7. R&D Investments

Set forth below are the Company s R&D expenditures.

(Unit: in millions of Won except percentages)

For the six months ended June

		30,	For the year ended	December 31	l ,
Category		2016	2015	2014	Remarks
Raw material		347	1,267	530	
Labor		60,458	68,969	71,224	
Depreciation		64,638	147,577	176,975	
Commissioned service		23,842	37,001	67,802	
Others		20,528	67,888	81,221	
Total R&D costs		169,813	322,702	397,752	
Accounting	Sales and administrative expenses Development expenses (Intangible	168,111	315,790	390,943	
	assets)	1,702	6,912	6,809	
R&D cost / sales amount ratio (Total R&D costs / Current sales amount×100)		2.00%	7.88%	2.32%	

8. Other information relating to investment decisions

A. Trademark Policies

The Company manages its corporate brand and other product brands in a comprehensive way to protect and increase their value. The Company s Brand Strategy Council in charge of overseeing its systematic corporate branding operates full-time to execute decisions involving major brands and operates Brandnet, an intranet system to manage corporate

brands by providing solutions such as registering and licensing of the brands.

B. Business-related Intellectual Property [SK Telecom]

As of June 30, 2016, the Company holds 6,029 Korean-registered patents, 403 U.S.-registered patents, 238 Chinese-registered patents (all including patents held jointly with other companies) and more patents with other countries. The Company holds 951 Korean-registered trademarks and owns intellectual property rights to the design of the alphabet T. The designed alphabet T is registered in all business categories for trademarks (total of 45) and is being used as the primary brand of the Company.

[SK Broadband]

As of June 30, 2016, SK Broadband holds 419 Korean-registered patents relating to high-speed Internet, telephone and IPTV service. In addition, SK Broadband has applied for a patent relating to two-way broadcasting system. SK Broadband also holds a number of trademarks and service marks relating to its service and brand.

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[SK Planet]

As of June 30, 2016, SK Planet held 2,275 registered patents, 126 registered design marks, 1,140 registered trademarks and five copyrights (including those held jointly with other companies) in Korea. It also holds 114 U.S.-registered patents, 84 Chinese-registered patents, 66 Japanese-registered patents, 24 E.U.-registered patents (all including patents held jointly with other companies) and 241 registered trademarks, along with a number of other intellectual property rights, in other countries.

[SK Communications]

As of June 30, 2016, SK Communications held 92 registered patents, 26 registered design rights and 641 registered trademarks in Korea.

C. Business-related Pollutants and Environmental Protection

The Company does not engage in any manufacturing and therefore does not undertake any industrial processes that emit pollutants into the air or industrial processes in which hazardous materials are used.

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III. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. Summary Financial Information (Consolidated and Separate)

A. Summary Financial Information (Consolidated)

Below is the summary consolidated financial information of the Company as of June 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. The Company s reviewed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, which are prepared in accordance with K-IFRS, are attached hereto.

(Unit: in millions of Won except number of companies)

As of

As of

As of

	AS OI	AS OI	AS OI
	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Assets			
Current Assets	6,118,565	5,160,242	5,083,148
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,099,561	768,922	834,429
Accounts Receivable Trade, net	2,199,983	2,344,867	2,392,150
Accounts Receivable Other, net	1,273,406	673,739	690,527
Others	1,545,615	1,372,714	1,166,042
Non-Current Assets	22,410,825	23,421,145	22,858,085
Long-Term Investment Securities	1,046,661	1,207,226	956,280
Investments in Associates and Joint			
Ventures	6,929,114	6,896,293	6,298,088
Property and Equipment, net	9,716,070	10,371,256	10,567,701
Intangible Assets, net	2,070,189	2,304,784	2,483,994
Goodwill	1,912,065	1,908,590	1,917,595
Others	736,726	732,996	634,427
Total Assets	28,529,390	28,581,387	27,941,233
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	5,219,997	5,256,493	5,420,310
Non-Current Liabilities	7,941,900	7,950,798	7,272,653
Total Liabilities	13,161,897	13,207,291	12,692,963
Equity			
Equity Attributable to Owners of the			
Parent Company	15,218,121	15,251,079	14,506,739
Share Capital	44,639	44,639	44,639
Capital Surplus (Deficit) and Other			
Capital Adjustments	191,684	189,510	277,998
Retained Earnings	15,214,203	15,007,627	14,188,591
Reserves	(232,405)	9,303	(4,489)

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Non-controlling Interests	149,372	123,017	741,531
Total Equity	15,367,493	15,374,096	15,248,270
Total Liabilities and Equity	28,529,390	28,581,387	27,941,233
Number of Companies Consolidated	38	37	40

(Unit: in millions of Won except per share amounts)

		\	1 1	,
	For the six months ended June 30,	For the six months ended June 30,	For the year ended	For the year ended
	2016	2015	December 31, 2015 I	•
Operating Revenue	8,495,752	8,496,025	17,136,734	17,163,798
Operating Income	809,491	815,526	1,708,006	1,825,105
Profit Before Income Tax	1,100,874	1,075,605	2,035,365	2,253,828
Profit for the Period	863,288	840,635	1,515,885	1,799,320
Profit for the Period Attributable				
to Owners of the Parent Company	861,982	840,334	1,518,604	1,801,178
Profit for the Period Attributable				
to Non-controlling Interests	1,306	301	(2,719)	(1,858)
Basic Earnings Per Share (Won)	12,089	11,695	20,988	25,154
Diluted Earnings Per Share				
(Won)	12,089	11,695	20,988	25,154

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B. Summary Financial Information (Separate)

Below is the summary separate financial information of the Company as of June 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 and the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. The Company s reviewed separate financial statements as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, which are prepared in accordance with K-IFRS, are attached hereto.

	(Unit: in millions of		illions of Won)
	As of	As of	As of
	June 30, 2016 De	ecember 31, 201 5 De	ecember 31, 2014
Assets			
Current Assets	3,559,993	2,713,529	2,689,913
Cash and Cash Equivalents	646,221	431,666	248,311
Accounts Receivable Trade, net	1,520,723	1,528,751	1,559,281
Accounts Receivable Other, net	697,642	264,741	305,990
Others	695,407	488,371	576,331
Non-Current Assets	19,621,845	20,433,411	20,022,549
Long-Term Investment Securities	756,370	726,505	608,797
Investments in Subsidiaries and			
Associates	8,759,224	8,810,548	8,181,769
Property and Equipment, net	6,802,084	7,442,280	7,705,906
Intangible Assets, net	1,585,409	1,766,069	1,928,169
Goodwill	1,306,236	1,306,236	1,306,236
Others	412,522	381,773	291,672
Total Assets	23,181,838	23,146,940	22,712,462
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	3,370,769	3,491,306	3,378,046
Non-Current Liabilities	6,008,250	5,876,174	5,792,195
Total Liabilities	9,379,019	9,367,480	9,170,241
Equity			
Share Capital	44,639	44,639	44,639
Capital Surplus and Other Capital			
Adjustments	371,481	369,446	433,894
Retained Earnings	13,431,966	13,418,603	12,996,790
Reserves	(45,267)	(53,228)	66,898
Total Equity	13,802,819	13,779,460	13,542,221
Total Liabilities and Equity	23,181,838	23,146,940	22,712,462

(Unit: in millions of Won except per share amounts)

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	For the six months ended June 30, 2016	For the six months ended June 30, 2015	For the year ended December 31, 2015	For the year ended December 31, 2014
Operating Revenue	6,190,249	6,277,222	12,556,979	13,012,644
Operating Income	908,056	803,916	1,658,776	1,737,160
Profit Before Income Tax	846,130	698,142	1,469,444	1,321,750
Profit for the Period	666,350	527,783	1,106,761	1,028,541
Basic Earnings Per Share (Won)	9,318	7,301	15,233	14,262
Diluted Earnings Per Share				
(Won)	9,318	7,301	15,233	14,262

2. Other Matters Related to Financial Information

A. Restatement of the Financial Statements

Not applicable.

B. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

(1) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of Trade and Other Receivables

(Unit: in millions of Won) For the six months ended June 30, 2016

Allowance for Doubtful
amount Accounts Perc

		Gross amoun	t Accounts	Percentage
Accounts receivable	trade	2,480,255	251,843	10%
Loans		155,850	28,091	18%
Accounts receivable	other	1,398,087	76,698	6%
Accrued income		12,645		0%
Guarantee deposits		300,119		0%
-				
Total		4,346,956	356,632	8%

(Unit: in millions of Won)

For the year ended December 31, 2015

			Allowance for	
		Gross	Doubtful	
		amount	Accounts	Percentage
Accounts receivable	trade	2,629,605	239,495	9%
Loans		141,878	25,529	18%
Accounts receivable	other	755,151	78,992	10%
Accrued income		10,753		0%
Guarantee deposits		299,142		0%
Total		3,836,529	344,016	9%

(Unit: in millions of Won)

For the year ended December 31, 2014

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Accounts receivable	other	772.711	78,588	10%
Accrued income		10,134	, ,,,,,,,	0%
Guarantee deposits		289,009		0%
1		,		
Total		3,912,383	328,191	8%

(2) Movements in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of Trade and Other Receivables

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	For the six months ended June 30, 2016	For the year ended December 31, 2015	For the year ended December 31, 2014
Beginning balance	344,016	328,191	323,985
Increase of allowance for doubtful			
accounts	22,643	75,773	63,697
Reversal of allowance for doubtful			
accounts	3,409		
Write-offs	(29,775)	(87,798)	(89,529)
Other	16,339	27,850	30,039
Ending balance	356,632	344,016	328,191

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(3) Policies for Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company establishes allowances for doubtful accounts based on the likelihood of recoverability of trade and other receivables based on their aging at the end of the period and past customer default experience for the past two years. With respect to trade receivables relating to wireless telecommunications services, the Company considers the likelihood of recovery based on past customer default experience and the length of default in connection with the type of default (e.g., whether the customer—s service has been terminated or is continued). For such trade receivables that have been overdue for more than two years after the customer—s service has been terminated, the Company records an allowance of 100% of such receivables. For such trade receivables that have been overdue for less than two years after the customer—s service has been terminated or relates to a customer that is continuing his service, the Company records an allowance of a certain percentage of such receivable. Consistent with customary practice, the Company writes off trade and other receivables for which the prescription period has passed or that are determined to be impossible or economically too costly to collect, including receivables that are less than Won 200,000 and more than six months overdue and receivables that have been determined to be the subject of identity theft.

(4) Aging of Accounts Receivable

(Unit: in millions of Won)

		As of June 30, 2016				,
		Six months or	From six months to one	From one year to three	More than	
		less	year	years	three years	Total
Accounts receivable	general	2,119,980	55,655	214,108	90,512	2,480,255
Percentage		85.5%	2.2%	8.6%	3.7%	100%

C. Inventories

(1) Detailed Categories of Inventories

(Unit: in millions of Won)

	For the six mo	nths	
	ended	For the year endel	for the year ended
	June 30,	December 31,	December
Account Category	2016	2015	31, 2014
Merchandise	242,792	242,230	246,738
Goods in transit			
Other inventories	28,079	31,326	20,929
Total	270,871	273,556	267,667
Percentage of inventories to total assets			
[Inventories / Total assets]	0.959	% 0.96%	0.96%
	6.45	7.23	7.55

Inventory turnover
[Cost of sales / { (Beginning balance of inventories + Ending balance of inventories) / 2}]

(2) Reporting of Inventories

The Company holds handsets, ICT equipment for offline sales, etc. in inventory. The Company conducts physical due diligence of its inventories with its auditors at the end of each year.

D. Fair Value Measurement

See notes 4(5) to 4(7) and 4(16) of the notes to the Company s audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 for more information.

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Certificate

E. Key Terms of Debt Securities [SK Telecom]

The following are key terms and conditions of bonds issued by the Company.

(As of June 30, 2016)	(Unit: in millions of Won except percentages)
-----------------------	---

(Maturity			
Name	Issue Date	Date	Principal Amount	Date of Fiscal Agency Agreement	Fiscal Agent
Unsecured Bond Series 54	Sept. 12, 2006	Sept. 12, 2016	200,000	Sept. 4, 2006	Shinhan Investment Corp.
Unsecured Bond Series 57-2	March 3, 2008	March 3, 2018	200,000	Feb. 22, 2008	Shinhan Investment Corp.
Maintenance of Financi		Key Term mpliance Status		Debt ratio no greate Complia	
Restriction on Liens		Key Term		apital as of the end of t	bt not to exceed 50% of he previous fiscal year
	Coı	mpliance Status		Complia	nt
Restriction on Disposition Assets	on of	Key Term	Disposal	of assets per fiscal yea won	r not to exceed 5 trillion
	Cor	mpliance Status		Complia	nt
Submission of Complian	nce Coi	mpliance Status		Submitted on Apr	il 27, 2016

		Maturity			
Name	Issue Date	Date	Principal Amount	Date of Fiscal Agency Agreement	Fiscal Agent
	Series Dec. 27, 2011				Hana Financial Investment Co., Ltd.
Unsecured Bond 61-2	Series Dec. 27, 2011	Dec. 27, 2021	190,000	Dec. 19, 2011	Hana Financial Investment Co., Ltd.

Maintenance of Financial Ratio	Key Term Compliance Status	Debt ratio no greater than 300% Compliant	
Restriction on Liens	Key Term	The total amount of secured debt not to exceed 50% of share capital as of the end of the previous fiscal year	
	Compliance Status	Compliant	
Restriction on Disposition of	Key Term	Disposal of assets per fiscal year not to exceed 2 trillion	
	Compliance Status	share capital as of the end of the previous fisc Compliant	cal year

Compliance Status

Compliant

Submission of Compliance Certificate

Compliance Status

Submitted on April 27, 2016

M	atıı	ritv
TAT	aıu	1114

			Principal	Date of Fiscal	
Name	Issue Date	Date	Amount	Agency Agreement	Fiscal Agent
Unsecured Bond					
Series 62-1	Aug. 28, 2012	Aug. 28, 2019	170,000	Aug. 22, 2012	Meritz Securities Co., Ltd.
Unsecured Bond					
Series 62-2	Aug. 28, 2012	Aug. 28, 2022	140,000	Aug. 22, 2012	Meritz Securities Co., Ltd.
Unsecured Bond	-				
Series 62-3	Aug. 28, 2012	Aug. 28, 2032	90,000	Aug. 22, 2012	Meritz Securities Co., Ltd.

Maintenance of Financial Ratio	Key Term Compliance Status	Debt ratio no greater than 300% Compliant
Restriction on Liens	Key Term Compliance Status	The total amount of secured debt not to exceed 100% of share capital as of the end of the previous fiscal year Compliant
Restriction on Disposition of Assets	Key Term Compliance Status	Disposal of assets per fiscal year not to exceed 2 trillion won Compliant
Submission of Compliance Certificate	Compliance Status	Submitted on April 27, 2016

			Maturity			
Name		Issue Date	Date	Principal Amount	Date of Fiscal Agency Agreement	Fiscal Agent
Unsecured Bond 63-1	Series	April 23, 2013	April 23, 2023	230,000	April 17, 2013	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 63-2	Series	April 23, 2013	April 23, 2033	130,000	April 17, 2013	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 64-1	Series	May 14, 2014	May 14, 2019	50,000	April 29, 2014	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 64-2	Series	May 14, 2014	May 14, 2024	150,000	April 29, 2014	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 64-4	Series	May 14, 2014	May 14, 2029	50,000	April 29, 2014	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 65-1	Series	Oct. 28, 2014	Oct. 28, 2019	160,000	Oct. 16, 2014	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 65-2	Series	Oct. 28, 2014	Oct. 28, 2021	150,000	Oct. 16, 2014	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 65-3	Series	Oct. 28, 2014	Oct. 28, 2024	190,000	Oct. 16, 2014	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 66-1	Series	Feb. 26, 2015	Feb. 26, 2022	100,000	Feb. 11, 2015	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 66-2	Series	Feb. 26, 2015	Feb. 26, 2025	150,000	Feb. 11, 2015	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 66-3	Series	Feb. 26, 2015	Feb. 26, 2030	50,000	Feb. 11, 2015	Korea Securities Finance Corp.

Maintenance of Financial Ratio	Key Term Compliance Status	Debt ratio no greater than 300% Compliant
Restriction on Liens	Key Term	The total amount of secured debt not to exceed 100% of share capital as of the end of the previous fiscal year
	Compliance Status	Compliant
Restriction on Disposition of Assets	Key Term	Disposal of assets per fiscal year not to exceed 2 trillion won
	Compliance Status	Compliant
Submission of Compliance Certificate	Compliance Status	Submitted on April 27, 2016

			Maturity			
				Principal	Date of Fiscal	
Name		Issue Date	Date	Amount	Agency Agreement	Fiscal Agent
Unsecured Bond 67-1	Series	July 17, 2015	July 17, 2018	90,000	July 9, 2015	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 67-2	Series	July 17, 2015	July 17, 2025	70,000	July 9, 2015	Korea Securities Finance Corp.

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Unsecured Bond 67-3	Series	July 17, 2015	July 17, 2030	90,000	July 9, 2015	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 67-4	Series	July 17, 2015	July 17, 2030	50,000	July 9, 2015	Korea Securities Finance Corp.

Table of Contents		
Maintenance of Financial Ratio	Key Term Compliance Status	Debt ratio no greater than 300% Compliant
Restriction on Liens	Key Term	The total amount of secured debt not to exceed 100% of share capital as of the end of the previous fiscal year
	Compliance Status	Compliant
Restriction on Disposition of Assets	Key Term	Disposal of assets per fiscal year not to exceed 2 trillion won
	Compliance Status	Compliant
Submission of Compliance Certificate	Compliance Status	Submitted on April 27, 2016

			Maturity	Principal	Date of Fiscal	
Name		Issue Date	Date	Amount	Agency Agreement	Fiscal Agent
Unsecured Bond 68-1	Series	November 30, 2015	November 30, 2018	80,000	November 18, 2015	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 68-2	Series	November 30, 2015	November 30, 2025	100,000	November 18, 2015	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 68-3	Series	November 30, 2015	November 30, 2035	70,000	November 18, 2015	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 68-4	Series	November 30, 2015	November 30, 2030	50,000	November 18, 2015	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Maintenance of Financial Ratio Key Tern Compliance Status			Key Term pliance Status	Debt ratio no greater than 300% Compliant		
·			Key Term	The total amount of secured debt not to exceed 100% of share capital as of the end of the previous fiscal year Compliant		
Restriction on Disposition of Assets			Key Term	Disposal of assets per fiscal year not to exceed 2 trillion won		
			pliance Status		Compliant Submitted on April	

NT		Laura Data	Maturity	Principal	Date of Fiscal Agency	E:1 A4
Name		Issue Date	Date	Amount	Agreement	Fiscal Agent
Unsecured Bond 69-1	Series	March 4, 2016	March 4, 2019	70,000	February 22, 2016	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 69-2	Series	March 4, 2016	March 4, 2021	100,000	February 22, 2016	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
		March 4, 2016	March 4, 2026	90,000	February 22, 2016	Ŷ

Korea Securities Finance			
Corp.			
Koras Sacurities Finance			
2, 2016 Corp.			
Corp.			
2000			
Debt ratio no greater than 300%			
mpliant			
The total amount of secured debt not to exceed 100% of share capital as of the end of the previous fiscal year			
трпан			
Disposal of assets per fiscal year not to exceed 2 trillion			
won			
mpliant			
mpnant			
n April 27, 2016			
1			

Certificate

[SK Broadband]

The following are key terms and conditions of bonds issued by SK Broadband.

(As of June 30, 2016) (Unit: in millions of Won except percentages)

			Maturity			
Name		Issue Date	Date	Principal Amount	Date of Fiscal Agency Agreement	Fiscal Agent
Unsecured Bond	Series 36-3	Jan. 19, 2012	Jan. 19, 2017	100,000	January 11, 2012	Samsung Securities Co., Ltd.
Unsecured Bond	Series 37-2	Oct. 12, 2012	Oct. 12, 2017	120,000	October 8, 2012	Hanwha Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.

Maintenance of Financial Ratio	Key Term Compliance Status	Debt ratio no greater than 500% Compliant
Restriction on Liens	Key Term Compliance Status	The total amount of secured debt not to exceed 200% of share capital as of the end of the previous fiscal year Compliant
Restriction on Disposition of Assets	Key Term Compliance Status	Disposal of assets per fiscal year not to exceed 10 trillion won Compliant
Submission of Compliance Certificate	Compliance Status	Compliant

			Maturity			
Name		Issue Date	Date	Principal Amount	Date of Fiscal Agency Agreement	Fiscal Agent
Unsecured Bond 38-1	Series	April 2, 2014	Oct. 2, 2016	80,000	March 21, 2014	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 38-2	Series	April 2, 2014	April 2, 2019	210,000	March 21, 2014	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond	Series 39	Sept. 29, 2014	Sept. 29, 2019	130,000	Sept. 17, 2014	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 40-1	Series	Jan. 14, 2015	Jan. 14, 2018	50,000	Jan. 2, 2014	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond 40-2	Series	Jan. 14, 2015	Jan. 14, 2020	160,000	Jan. 2, 2014	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond	Series 41	July 15, 2015	July 15, 2020	140,000	July 3, 2015	Korea Securities Finance Corp.
Unsecured Bond	Series 42	October 6, 2015	October 6, 2020	130,000	September 22, 2015	Korea Securities Finance Corp.

Maintenance of Financial Ratio	Key Term Compliance Status	Debt ratio no greater than 400% Compliant
Restriction on Liens	Key Term	The total amount of secured debt not to exceed 200% of share capital as of the end of the previous fiscal year
	Compliance Status	Compliant
Restriction on Disposition of Assets	Key Term	Disposal of assets per fiscal year not to exceed 2 trillion won
	Compliance Status	Compliant
Submission of Compliance Certificate	Compliance Status	Compliant

IV. AUDITOR S OPINION

1. Auditor (Consolidated)

Six months ended June 30, 2016

KPMG Samjong Accounting Corp.

Year ended December 31, 2015

KPMG Samjong Accounting Corp.

KPMG Samjong Accounting Corp.

2. Audit Opinion (Consolidated)

Period	Auditor s opinion	Issues noted
Six months ended June 30, 2016		
Year ended December 31, 2015	Unqualified	N/A
Year ended December 31, 2014	Unqualified	N/A

^{*} The Company s quarterly financial statements for the first and second quarters of 2016 were reviewed and nothing came to the attention of the Company s auditors that such financial statements were not presented fairly, in all material respects.

3. Remuneration for Independent Auditors for the Past Three Fiscal Years

A. Audit Contracts

(Unit: in millions of Won except number of hours)

Total number of hours accumulated for the fiscal

				ioi the fiscal
Fiscal Year	Auditors	Contents	Fee	year
Year ended December 31, 2016	KPMG Samjong Accounting Corp.	Semi-annual review Quarterly review Separate financial statements audit Consolidated financial statements audit English financial statements review and other audit task	1,350	19,412
Year ended December 31, 2015	KPMG Samjong Accounting Corp.	Semi-annual review Quarterly review Separate financial statements audit	1,320	18,127
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		Consolidated financial statements audit English financial statements review and other audit task		
Year ended December 31, 2014	KPMG Samjong Accounting Corp.	Semi-annual review Quarterly review Separate financial statements audit Consolidated financial statements audit English financial statements review and other audit task	1,280	17,890

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B. Non-Audit Services Contract with External Auditors

(Unit: in millions of Won) **Service**

Period	Contract date	Service provided	duration	Fee
Six months ended June, 2016		Confirmation of		
	May 10, 2016	financial information	May 10-May 12, 2016	2
Year ended December 31,			January 9-January 23,	
2015	January 9, 2015	Audit of public WiFi	2015	85
		Confirmation of debt	September 30,	
	September 30, 2015	ratio	2015-October 5, 2015	30
			November	
	November 9, 2015	Audit of public WiFi	9-November 30, 2015	102
Year ended December 31,	March 18, 2014	Due diligence of assets	March 18-April 2, 2014	50
2014			May 28-September 23,	
	May 28, 2014	Tax advice	2014	42
		Review of revised local		
	June 12, 2014	tax laws	June 12-July14, 2014	22

4. Change of Independent Auditors

Not applicable.

V. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Omitted in quarterly and semi-annual reports in accordance with Korean disclosure rules.

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VI. CORPORATE ORGANIZATION INCLUDING BOARD OF DIRECTORS

1. Board of Directors

A. Overview of the Composition of the Board of Directors

The Company s board of directors (the Board of Directors) is composed of six members: four independent directors and two inside directors. Within the Board, there are five committees: Independent Director Nomination Committee, Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, CapEx Review Committee, and Corporate Citizenship Committee.

(As of June 30, 2016)

Total number

of persons Inside directors Independent directors

Dong Hyun Jang, Dae Sik Cho Jay Young Chung, Dae Shick Oh, Jae Hoon Lee, Jae Hyeon

Ahn

At the 32nd General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 18, 2016, Dae Sik Cho and Dae Shick Oh were re-elected as an inside director and an independent director, respectively.

B. Significant Activities of the Board of Directors

Meeting	Date	Agenda	Approval
		- Approval of the spin-off and merger of SK Planet s location-based services business and other businesses	Approved as proposed
384th (the 1st meeting of 2016)	January 25, 2016	- Plan regarding designation of record date and closing period of the register of shareholders related to dissenting opinions in small-scale spin-offs and mergers	Approved as proposed
		- Transactions of goods, services and assets with SK Planet in 2016	Approved as proposed
		- Financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015	Approved as proposed

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		- Annual business report as of and for the year Approved as proposed ended December 31, 2015	l
		- Delegation of funding through long-term borrowings in 2016 Approved as proposed	[
		- Lease contract with SK Broadband Approved as proposed	l
		- Report of internal accounting management	
		- Report for the period after the fourth quarter of 2015	
386th (the 3rd meeting of 2016)	February 18, 2016	- Convocation of the 32nd General Meeting of Shareholders Approved as proposed	Į.
		- Report of internal accounting management	
387th (the 4th meeting of 2016)	March 2, 2016	- Approval of the spin-off and merger contract with SK Planet Approved as proposed	l
388th	March 18, 2016	- Additional investment in Oneand Co., Ltd. Approved as proposed	Į.
(the 5th meeting of 2016)		- Election of the chairman of the Board of Directors Approved as proposed	l
		- Election of committee members	l
		- Additional procurement of LTE frequency bands Approved as proposed	l
		- Transactions with SK Holdings in the second quarter of 2016 Approved as proposed	l
		- Transactions regarding corporate bonds with affiliated company (SK Securities) Approved as proposed	l

- Financial transactions with affiliated company (SK Securities)

Approved as proposed

389th

April 5, 2016

(the 6th meeting of 2016)

- Notice relating to the spin-off and merger transactions with SK Planet

Approved as proposed

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Meeting	Date	Agenda	Approval
390th (the 7th meeting of 2016)	April 28, 2016	- Provision of funds for management of the 2016 SUPEX meeting	Approved as proposed
(are the mooning of 2010)		- Report for the period after the first quarter of 2016	
391st (the 8th meeting of 2016)	May 20, 2016	- Payment of newly allocated LTE frequency bandwidths	Approved as proposed
(the still meeting of 2010)		- Application for reallocation of the 2.1GHz frequency bandwidth	Approved as proposed
392nd (the 9th meeting of 2016)	June 23, 2016	- Transactions with SK Holdings in the third quarter of 2016	Approved as proposed
		- Transactions with SK China Investment Management Company Limited	Approved as proposed
		- Allocation of operating costs in 2016 relating to the strategy and technology planning department	Approved as proposed
		- Transactions regarding corporate bonds with affiliated company (SK Securities)	Approved as proposed
		- Financial transactions with affiliated company (SK Securities)	Approved as proposed
		- Additional capital expenditure plans for LTE network in 2016	

^{*} The line items that do not show approval are for reporting purposes only.

C. Committees within Board of Directors

- (1) Committee structure (as of June 30, 2016)
 - (a) Compensation Review Committee

Total number		Members	
of persons	Inside Directors	Independent Directors	Task
3		Jay Young Chung, Dae Shick Oh, Jae	Review CEO remuneration system
		Hyeon Ahn	and amount

^{*} The Compensation Review Committee is a committee established by the resolution of the Board of Directors.

(b) Capex Review Committee

Total number		Members	
of persons	Inside Directors	Independent Directors	Task
4		Jay Young Chung, Dae Shick Oh, Jae Hoon Lee, Jae Hyeon Ahn	Review major investment plans and changes thereto

^{*} The Capex Review Committee is a committee established by the resolution of the Board of Directors.

(c) Corporate Citizenship Committee

Total number		Members	
of persons	Inside Directors	Independent Directors	Task
3		Jay Young Chung, Jae Hoon Lee, Jae	Review guidelines on corporate social
		Hyeon Ahn,	responsibility (CSR) programs, etc.

^{*} The Corporate Citizenship Committee is a committee established by the resolution of the Board of Directors.

(d) Independent Director Nomination Committee

Total number		Members	
of persons	Inside Directors	Independent Directors	Task
3	Dong Hyun Jang	Jay Young Chung, Dae Shick Oh	Nomination of independent directors

^{*} Under the Korean Commercial Code, a majority of the members of the Independent Director Nomination Committee should be independent directors.

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(e) Audit Committee

Total number		Members	
of persons	Inside Directors	Independent Directors	Task
3		Dae Shick Oh, Jae Hoon Lee, Jae Hyeon	Review financial statements and
		Ahn	supervise independent audit process,
			etc.

^{*} The Audit Committee is a committee established under the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation and the Korean Commercial Code.

2. Audit System

The Company s Audit Committee consists of three independent directors, Dae Shick Oh, Jae Hoon Lee and Jae Hyeon Ahn.

Major activities of the Audit Committee as of June 30, 2016 are set forth below.

Meeting	Date	Agenda	Approval
		- Report of internal accounting management system	
		- Review of business and audit results for the second half of 2015 and business and audit plans for 2016	
The 1st	February 2, 2016	- Evaluation of internal monitoring controls based on the opinion of the members of the Audit Committee	Approved as proposed
meeting of 2016	- Construction of fixed-line and wireless networks in 2016	Approved as proposed	
		- Contract for payment of customer appreciation gifts in 2016	Approved as proposed
		- Service contract with SKTCH	Approved as proposed
		- Report on the IFRS audit of fiscal year 2015	

		- Report on review of 2015 internal accounting management system	
		- Evaluation of internal accounting management system operation	Approved as proposed
		- Agenda and document review for the 32nd General Meeting of Shareholders	Approved as proposed
		- Auditor s report for fiscal year 2015	Approved as proposed
The 3rd meeting of 2016	March 17, 2016	- Changes in a contract for maintenance services of transmission equipment and optical cables in 2016	Approved as proposed
meeting of 2010	-	- Contract for maintenance services of transmission equipment in 2016	Approved as proposed
		- Election of the chairman	Approved as proposed
The 4th		- Purchase of supplies from Happynarae Co., Ltd.	Approved as proposed
April 2 meeting of 2016	April 27, 2016	- Remuneration for outside auditor for fiscal year 2016	Approved as proposed
		- Outside auditor service plan for fiscal year 2016	Approved as proposed
		- Audit plan for fiscal year 2016	

^{*} The line items that do not show approval are for reporting purposes only.

3. Shareholders Exercise of Voting Rights

A. Voting System and Exercise of Minority Shareholders Rights

Pursuant to the Articles of Incorporation as shown below, the cumulative voting system was first introduced in the general meeting of shareholders held in 2003.

Articles of Incorporation	Description
Article 32(3) (Election of Directors)	Cumulative voting under Article 382-2 of the Korean Commercial Code
	will not be applied for the election of directors.
Article 4 of the 12 th Supplement to the	Article 32(3) of the Articles of Incorporation shall remain effective until
Articles of Incorporation (Interim	the day immediately preceding the date of the general meeting of
Regulation)	shareholders held in 2003.

Also, neither written or electronic voting system is applicable. Minority shareholder rights were not exercised during the relevant period.

VII. SHAREHOLDERS

1. Shareholdings of the Largest Shareholder and Related Persons

A. Shareholdings of the Largest Shareholder and Related Persons

(As of June 30, 2016)			Number of Beginning o	shares own	n shares and ped and owner End of	rship ratio
Name	Relationship	Type of share	Number of shares	Ownership ratio	Number of shares	Ownership ratio
SK Holdings Co., Ltd.	Largest	Type or share	SHALES	14010	Sitties	14410
22.22.23.28.20.1, 2.20.	Shareholder	Common share	20,363,452	25.22	20,363,452	25.22
Tae Won Chey	Officer of affiliated					
	company	Common share	100	0.00	100	0.00
Shin Won Chey	Officer of affiliated					
	company	Common share	1,067	0.00	1,067	0.00
Dong Hyun Jang	Officer of the					
	Company	Common share	251	0.00	251	0.00
Myung Hyun Cho	Officer of affiliated					
	company	Common share	60	0.00	60	0.00
Total		Common share	20,364,930	25.22	20,364,930	25.22

B. Overview of the Largest Shareholder

As of June 30, 2016, the Company s largest shareholder was SK Holdings Co., Ltd. (SK Holdings) with 20,363,452 shares (25.22%) of the Company. SK Holdings was established on April 13, 1991 and was made public on the securities market for the first time under the name SK C&C Co., Ltd. on November 11, 2009. On August 3, 2015, SK Holdings merged with and into SK C&C and the merged entity was renamed SK Holdings. The main business of SK Holdings includes managing its subsidiaries as a holding company, IT services, security services and logistics services, among others.

C. Changes in Shareholdings of the Largest Shareholder

Changes in shareholdings of the largest shareholder are as follows:

(As of June 30, 2016)

(Unit: in shares and percentages)

Date of the change in the largest shareholder/

	lai gest shar cholder			
	Date of change in	Shares	Holding	
Largest Shareholder	shareholding	Held	Ratio	Remarks
SK Holdings	January 2, 2014	20,367,290	25.22	Shin Won Chey, SKC s
· ·	·			Chairman, purchased 1,000
				shares
	March 24, 2014	20,368,290	25.23	Shin Won Chey, SKC s
				Chairman, purchased 1,000
				shares
	January 2, 2015	20,364,290	25.22	Shin Won Chey, SKC s
				Chairman, disposed of
				4,000 shares
	March 20, 2015	20,363,803	25.22	Appointment of CEO Dong
				Hyun Jang (ownership of
				251 shares of the
				Company), Retirement of
				Sung Min Ha
	June 9, 2015	20,365,006	25.22	Purchase through the Share
				Exchange between SK
				Broadband and SK Telecom
				(Shin Won Chey, SKC s
				Chairman, purchased 1,067
				shares, and Myung Hyun
				Cho, SK Broadband s
				independent director,
				purchased 136 shares)
	August 3, 2015	20,364,930	25.22	Myung Hyun Cho, SK
				Broadband s independent
				director, disposed of 76
				shares

^{*} Shares held are the sum of shares held by SK Holdings and its related parties.

2. Distribution of Shares

A. Shareholders with ownership of 5% or more and others

(As of June 30, 2016) (Unit: in shares and percentages)

		C	common share		
Rank	Name (title)	Number of shares Ow	nership ratio	Remarks	
1	Citibank ADR	8,778,468	10.87		
2	SK Holdings	20,363,452	25.22		
3	SK Telecom	10,136,551	12.55	Treasury shares	
4	National Pension Service	6,761,879	8.37		
Shareholdings under the Employee Stock					
Ownersh	nip Program	67	0.00		

B. Shareholder Distribution

(As of June 30, 2016)			(Uni	t: in shares and	percentages)
Classification	Number of shareholde	rtio (%)	Number of shares	Ratio (%)	Remarks
Total minority shareholders*	63,607	99.9%	34,703,883	42.98%	

^{*} Defined as shareholders whose shareholding is less than a hundredth of the total issued and outstanding shares.

3. Share Price and Trading Volume in the Last Six Months

A. Domestic Securities Market

(Unit: in Won and shares)

Тур	oes	June 2016	May 2016	April 2016	March 2016 F	ebruary 2016.	January 2016
Common	Highest	221,500	222,000	211,000	223,000	233,500	210,500
stock	Lowest	208,500	209,000	201,500	207,500	204,500	193,000
	Average	213,881	213,025	205,825	213,818	218,861	203,650
Daily	Highest	380,552	399,830	384,732	385,725	1,126,589	348,930
transaction							
volume	Lowest	75,945	52,430	96,265	71,671	102,889	77,348
Monthly trai	nsaction						
volume		3,347,201	2,674,439	3,296,402	3,866,625	4,561,480	4,349,859

B. Foreign Securities Market

New York Stock Exchange

(Unit: in U.S. dollars and number of American Depositary Receipts)

March

					March		
Тур	es	June 2016	May 2016	April 2016	2016	February 2016.	January 2016
Depositary	Highest	21.08	20.83	20.48	20.98	20.82	19.99
receipt	Lowest	19.60	19.47	19.27	19.60	18.78	17.89
	Average	20.29	20.01	19.74	20.26	19.64	18.92
Daily	Highest	1,161,177	1,940,353	1,655,112	1,080,598	1,194,211	1,279,531
transaction							
volume	Lowest	259,773	307,678	391,518	275,174	341,417	368,941
Monthly tran	saction						
volume		12,857,856	13,729,657	21,103,195	12,929,342	13,790,441	14,437,399

VIII. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

1. Employees

(As of June 30, 2016) (Unit: in persons and millions of Won)

Number of employees
Employees
with a
Employees without a fixed term

		fixed term of	of		Aggregate wage			
		employment Part-tii	employmer me Part-1		Average service	for the A first half	verage wage per	
Business segment	Gender	Total employ	eesTotalemplo	yees Total	year	of 2016	person	
	Male	3,645	130	3,775	12.3	258,136	70	
	Female	550	76	626	9.5	29,263	49	
Total		4,195	206	4,401	11.9	287,399	67	

2. Compensation of Directors

A. Amount Approved at the Shareholders Meeting

(As of June 30, 2016)		(Unit: in millions of Won)
Classification	Number of Directors	Aggregate Amount Approved
Directors	6	12,000

B. Amount Paid

(As of June 30, 2016)	(Unit: in millions of Won)				
Classification	Number of DiAggorgate	e Andouerra Peaidh	nount Paid Per Director		
Insider Directors	2	1,373	687		
Independent Directors	1	39	39		
Audit Committee Members	3	117	39		
Total	6	1,529			

^{*} Based on Section 9-1-2 (Employee Status) of the Corporate Disclosure Guidelines (amended as of February 2015).

^{*} Average wage per person was calculated based on the average number of employees for the six months ended June 30, 2016 (Total: 4,262, Male: 3,670 Female: 592)

3. Individual Compensation of Directors

A. Amount Paid

(As of December 31, 2015)

(Unit: in millions of Won)

Aggregate Amount

Name

Title

Paid

Dong Hyun Jang

Inside director

1,045

^{*} Excluding amounts contributed to provision for retirement income.

B. Method of Calculation

Name Dong Hyun Jang

Method of calculation

Total remuneration

Won 1,045 million (consisting of Won 285 million in salary, Won 757 million in bonus and Won 3 million in long-term employment bonus).

Did not receive any retirement income.

Salary

Annual salary is set within the executive compensation limit established by the board of directors and reflects the relevant position of the director.

Annual salary is equally divided and paid on a monthly basis.

Bonus

Bonus is awarded based on performance in the previous year and is composed of target incentive payments and profit sharing payments.

Bonus in the range of 0 to 200% of annual salary may be awarded by evaluating the previous year s performance through certain financial indicators, such as revenue and operating profit, and non-financial indicators, such as leadership, meeting the Company s strategy plans, expertise and other contributions.

Financial indicators: For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company met its financial targets with revenue of Won 17.1 trillion and operating profit of Won 1.7 trillion.

Non-financial indictors: Mr. Jang contributed to the Company s market leadership position despite intensified competition in the industry (maintaining number one position in the industry by National Customer Satisfaction Index for the previous 18 years as well as by Korea Standard Service Quality Index and Korean Customer Satisfaction Index and being first to commercialize L4 technology globally) and enhanced mid-to-long term sustainability by establishing the foundation of its growth business areas of IoT solutions, lifestyle enhancement and advanced media platforms.

IX. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

1. Line of Credit Extended to the Largest Shareholder

			(Unit: in millions of Won)		
		Account	Change d	letails	Accrued
Name (Corporate name)	Relationship	category	Beginnin y ncreas D e	crease Ending	interesRemarks
SK Wyverns		Long-term and			
	Affiliate	short-term loans	1,017	1,017	

2. Transfer of Assets to/from the Largest Shareholder and Other Transactions

None.

3. Transactions with the Largest Shareholder

				(Unit: in milli	ons of Won)
			Transaction	Transaction	Transaction
Name (Corporate name)	Relationship	Investment	period	items	amount
PS&Marketing		Sales/			
			January 1, 2016 to	Marketing	
	Affiliate	Purchases	June 30, 2016	commissions, etc.	762,585
SK Broadband		Sales/			
			January 1, 2016 to	Interconnection	
	Affiliate	Purchases	June 30, 2016	revenues, etc.	315,034

4. Related Party Transactions

See note 34 of the notes to the Company s consolidated financial statements attached hereto for more information regarding related party transactions.

5. Related Party Transactions (excluding Transactions with the Largest Shareholder and Related Persons)

A. Provisional Payment and Loans (including loans on marketable securities)

			(Un	it: in millions of Won)
		Account	Change details	Accrued
Name (Corporate name)	Relationship	category	Beginning Increase Decrease	e Ending inter Ret marks

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Baekmajang and others		Long-term and				
	Agency	short-term loans	58,602	99,377	(85,379)	72,601
Daehan Kanggun BCN Inc.	Investee	Long-term loans	22,147			22,147
Wave City Development,						
Inc.	Investee	Short-term loans	1,890	1,100	(1,700)	1,290

X. OTHER INFORMATION RELATING TO THE PROTECTION OF INVESTORS

1. Developments in the Items Mentioned in Prior Reports on Important Business Matters

A. Status and Progress of Major Management Events

Date	Resolution	Description	Status
		1. Issuing company: CJ HelloVision	SK Broadband terminated the merger agreement, as the Korea Fair Trade Commission on July 18, 2016 denied approval of the proposed merger, which
		2. Expected acquisition: 23,234,060 common shares (30.0%)	was a closing condition to the consummation of the merger.
July 28, 2016	Acquisition of other company shares and investment	3. Amount to be paid: Won 500 billion	
	securities	4. Acquisition Method: cash	
		5. Purpose of acquisition: To secure position as the next generation media platform provider through merger with subsidiary SK Broadband	

B. Summary Minutes of the General Meeting of Shareholders

Date		Agenda	Resolution
	1.	Approval of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013	Approved (Cash dividend, Won 8,400 per share)
	2.	Amendments to Articles of Incorporation	Approved
	3.	Election of directors	

		- Election of an inside director	Approved (Sung Min Ha)
		- Election of an independent director	Approved (Jay Young Chung)
		- Election of an independent director	Approved (Jae Hoon Lee)
		- Election of an independent director	Approved (Jae Hyeon Ahn)
	4.	Election of an independent director as Audit Committee member	Approved (Jae Hyeon Ahn)
	5.	Approval of remuneration limit for directors	Approved (Won 12 billion)
	1.	Approval of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014	Approved (Cash dividend, Won 8,400 per share)
	2.	Amendments to Articles of Incorporation	Approved
31st Fiscal Year Meeting of Shareholders (March 20, 2015)	3.	Election of directors	
		- Election of an inside director	Approved (Dong Hyun Jang)
	4.	Election of an independent director as Audit Committee member	Approved (Jae Hoon Lee)
	5.	Approval of remuneration limit for directors	Approved (Won 12 billion)
	1.	Approval of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015	Approved (Cash dividend, Won 9,000 per share)
	2.	Amendments to Articles of Incorporation	Approved
22nd Figur	3.	Election of directors	

32nd Fiscal Year Meeting of **TableholdContents**

Election of an inside director Approved (Dae Sik Cho)
 Election of an independent director Approved (Dae Shick Oh)
 Election of an independent director as Audit Committee member
 Approved (Dae Shick Oh)
 Approved (Won 12 billion)
 Amendments to executive payroll regulations Approved

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2. Contingent Liabilities

[SK Telecom]

A. Material Legal Proceedings

(1) Claim for copyright license fees regarding Coloring services

On May 7, 2010, Korea Music Copyright Association (KOMCA) filed a lawsuit with the court demanding that the Company pay KOMCA license fees for the Company s Coloring services. The court rendered a judgment against the Company ordering the Company to pay Won 570 million to KOMCA, which was affirmed by the appellate court on October 26, 2011. The Company filed an appeal at the Supreme Court of Korea and the judgment was overturned on July 11, 2013. The case was remanded down to the appellate court which ruled in favor of the Company on September 4, 2014. KOMCA filed an appeal at the Supreme Court of Korea, and on January 15, 2015, the Supreme Court of Korea affirmed the Seoul High Court s decision. There is no impact on the Company s business or results of operation as the final outcome of this litigation has been rendered in favor of the Company.

B. Other Matters

None.

[SK Broadband]

A. Material Legal Proceedings

(1) SK Broadband as the plaintiff None.

(2) SK Broadband as the defendant

(Unit: in thousands of Won)

Description of Proceedings	Date of Commencement of Proceedings	Amount of Claim	Status
Damages claim by Mag			Pending before district
Telecom Co., Ltd. and 7 others	January 2012	3,560,465	court
Others		309,150	
Total		3,869,615	

The Company does not believe that the outcome of any of the proceedings in which SK Broadband is named as a defendant will have a material effect on the Company s financial statements.

B. Other Contingent Liabilities

(1) Pledged assets and covenants

SK Broadband, upon approval by its board of directors, has provided guarantees for financial instruments amounting to Won 1.1 billion to support employees funding for the Employee Stock Ownership Program.

Additionally, SK Broadband has provided geun mortgage amounting to Won 7.4 billion to others, including Ilsan Guksa, on a part of its buildings in connection with the leasing of the buildings.

Seoul Guarantee Insurance Company has provided a performance guarantee of Won 15.9 billion to SK Broadband in connection with the performance of certain contracts and the repair of any defects.

SK Broadband has entered into revolving credit facilities with a limit of Won 100 billion with Shinhan Bank and one other financial institution in relation to the Company s loans.

SK Broadband has entered into a leased line contract and a resale contract for fixed-line telecommunication services with SK Telecom.

KB Kookmin Bank has provided a payment guarantee of Won 100 million to SK Broadband in connection with its e-commerce business.

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[SK Planet]

A. Material Legal Proceedings

As of June 30, 2016, there were eight pending cases proceeding with SK Planet as the defendant and the aggregate amount of the claim was Won 117.8 million. The management cannot reasonably forecast the outcome of this case and no amount in connection with this proceeding was recognized on the Company s financial statements.

B. Other Contingent Liabilities

None.

[SK Communications]

A. Material Legal Proceedings

As of June 30, 2016, the aggregate amount of claims was Won 1.1 billion. The Company successfully defended some but not all suits relating to a leak of personal information of subscribers of NATE. Relevant proceedings remain pending at various courts in Korea. The management cannot reasonably forecast the outcome of the pending proceedings, and as a result, adjustments were not made in the financial statements of the Company. The Company does not believe that the outcome of any of the proceedings in which SK Communications is named as a defendant will have a material effect on the Company s financial statements.

B. Other Contingent Liabilities

The material payment guarantees provided by third parties to SK Communications as of June 30, 2016 are set forth in the table below.

(Unit: in thousands of Won)

Financial Institution Guarantee	
Seoul Guarantee Insurance Company Prepaid coverage payment guarantee insurance Company Provisional deposit guarantee insurance Provisional attachment of real est	urance for bonds 190,000

Total 1,008,000

3. Status of sanctions, etc.

[SK Telecom]

On July 4, 2012, the Fair Trade Commission issued correctional orders and imposed fines on the Company and seven affiliated companies for alleged unfair advantage provided to SK C&C, an affiliated company, in services fees for

information technology system management and operation. The Company and SK Planet were imposed fines of Won 25,042 million and Won 1,349 million, respectively. The Company and the seven affiliated companies appealed the orders and on May 14, 2014, won the suit at the Seoul High Court. The Fair Trade Commission appealed the decision, and on March 10, 2016, the Supreme Court of Korea ruled in favor of the Company.

On December 27, 2013, the Korea Communications Commission imposed on the Company a fine of Won 56.0 billion and issued a correctional order for providing discriminatory subsidies to subscribers. The Company paid the fine and completed the improvement of the procedures and reported to the Korea Communications Commission on the implementation of actions pursuant to the correctional order by January 2014.

On March 7, 2014, the MSIP imposed a suspension of operations for 45 days for failure to observe the order of the Korea Communications Commission to cease providing discriminatory subsidies to subscribers. The Company suspended its operations during the period between April 5, 2014 and May 19, 2014, and reported to the MSIP on the implementation of actions pursuant to the suspension order by May 2014.

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On March 13, 2014, the Korea Communications Commission imposed on the Company a fine of Won 16.65 billion, imposed a suspension on acquiring new customers for 7 days, and issued a correctional order for providing discriminatory subsidies to subscribers. In April 2014, the Company paid the fine and completed the improvement of the procedures and reported to the Korea Communications Commission on the implementation of actions pursuant to the correctional order by April 2014. The Company suspended acquisition of new customers during the period beginning September 11, 2014 and ending September 17, 2014, and reported to the Korea Communications Commission on the implementation of actions pursuant to the correctional order by September 2014.

On January 31, 2013, the Seoul Central District Court acquitted Mr. Jae Won Chey, the Company s former director and vice chairman, on all charges against him. On September 27, 2013, the Seoul High Court reversed the acquittal of the above-mentioned former director, sentencing him to a prison term of three and a half years for violating the Act on the Aggravated Punishment, etc. of Specific Economic Crimes. On February 27, 2014, the Supreme Court of Korea affirmed the Seoul High Court s decision. While the court s final decision on the appealed case is not expected to have a material effect on the Company s financial position, investors should note that it is difficult to predict, among others, the market s assessment of such case.

On August 21, 2014, the Korea Communications Commission imposed on the Company a fine of Won 37.1 billion and issued a correctional order for providing discriminatory subsidies to subscribers. The Company paid the fine and completed the improvement of the procedures and reported to the Korea Communications Commission on the implementation of actions pursuant to the correctional order by September 2014.

On December 4, 2014, the Korea Communications Commission imposed on the Company a fine of Won 800 million and issued a correctional order for violating the Mobile Device Distribution Improvement Act. The Company paid the fine and completed the improvement of the procedures and reported to the Korea Communications Commission on the implementation of actions pursuant to the correctional order by January 2015.

On March 12, 2015, the Korea Communications Commission imposed on the Company a fine of Won 934 million and issued a correctional order for violating the Mobile Device Distribution Improvement Act with respect to the Company s compensation programs for used handsets. The Company paid the fine and completed the improvement of the procedures and reported to the Korea Communications Commission on the implementation of actions pursuant to the correctional order by April 2015.

On March 26, 2015, the Korea Communications Commission imposed on the Company a fine of Won 23.5 billion, imposed a suspension on acquiring new customers for seven days, and issued a correctional order for violating the Mobile Device Distribution Improvement Act. The Company paid the fine and implemented the improvement of the procedures and reported to the Korea Communications Commission on the implementation of actions pursuant to the correctional order in May 2015. The suspension on acquiring new customers was implemented from October 1, 2015 to October 7, 2015.

On May 13, 2015, the Korea Communications Commission imposed on the Company a fine of Won 3.56 billion and issued a correctional order for violating its obligations to protect personal information (a fine of Won 360 million imposed for violation of its obligations to protect personal information and Won 3.2 billion imposed for damaging users interests). The Company paid the fine in July 2015 and reported to the Korea Communications Commission on the implementation of actions pursuant to the correctional order in September 2015. Whether the correctional order on the violation of obligations to protect personal information will be enforced depends on the Court s ruling following the Company s filing of an administrative proceeding to appeal the order on June 24, 2015.

On May 28, 2015, the Korea Communications Commission imposed on the Company a fine of Won 350 million and issued a correctional order for misleading and exaggerated advertisement of bundled media and telecommunications products. The Company paid the fine in August 2015 and reported to the Korea Communications Commission on the implementation of actions pursuant to the correctional order in October 2015.

On December 10, 2015, the Korea Communications Commission imposed on the Company a fine of Won 560 million and issued a correctional order for misleading and exaggerated advertisement of bundled media and telecommunications products. The Company paid the fine and reported to the Korea Communications Commission on the implementation of actions pursuant to the correctional order in February 2016.

On January 14, 2016, the Korea Communications Commission imposed on the Company a fine of Won 15 million and issued a correctional order for failure to comply with the retention period for its subscribers personal information. The Company paid the fine and reported to the Korea Communications Commission on the implementation of actions pursuant to the correctional order.

[SK Broadband]

(1) Violation of the Telecommunications Business Act

Date: December 10, 2015

Sanction: SK Broadband received a correctional order (corrective measures for damaging users interests through misleading and exaggerated advertisement of bundled media and telecommunications products).

Reason and the Relevant Law: Violated Article 50-1 Paragraph 5 of the Telecommunications Business Act and Article 42-1 of its enforcement ordinance by inducing subscribers through misleading and exaggerated advertisements.

Status of Implementation: Made an official announcement about having received the correctional order and paid the fine.

Company s Plan: Make an official announcement about having received the correctional order

(2) Violation of the Telecommunications Business Act

Date: May 28, 2015

Sanction: SK Broadband received a correctional order (corrective measures for damaging users interests through misleading and exaggerated advertisement of bundled media and telecommunications products).

Reason and the Relevant Law: Violated Article 50-1 Paragraph 5 of the Telecommunications Business Act and Article 42-1 of its enforcement ordinance by inducing subscribers through misleading and exaggerated advertisements.

Status of Implementation: Established plans to manage distribution network related to the misleading and exaggerated advertisements.

Company s Plan: Make an official announcement about having received the correctional order and improve operational procedures.

(3) Violation of the Act on Consumer Protection in Electronic Commerce

Date: July 11, 2014

Sanction: SK Broadband received a correctional order (relating to the failure to notify consumers of information relating to cancellations of purchases) and a fine of Won 1 billion.

Reason and the Relevant Law: Violated Article 13 of the Act on Consumer Protection in Electronic Commerce by not having notified consumers of the procedures for cancellation of purchases for paid IPTV contents.

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Status of Implementation: Implemented voluntary improvements to notify consumers of cancellation procedures for such purchase prior to a decision by the Fair Trade Commission.

Company s Plan: Implement the correctional order and pay the fine.

(4) Violation of the Act on Facilitation of the Use of Information Network and Protection of Information

Date: June 16, 2014

Sanction: SK Broadband was imposed a fine of Won 3 million.

Reason and the Relevant Law: Violated Articles 59 and 76 of the Act on Facilitation of the Use of Information Network and Protection of Information and Article 76 of the Enforcement Decree of the Act by not having designated proper contacts for the users of telecommunications billing services to raise objections and protect rights and interests of the users and by not having provided the contact information on the Internet or other means of communication.

Status of Implementation: Paid the fine, designated contact persons for user protection of telecommunications billing services, provided contact information on the Company s website, and paid the fine.

Company s Plan: Designate contact persons for user protection of telecommunications billing services and provide contact information to users.

[SK Planet]

(1) Violation of the Electronic Financial Transactions Act

Date: May 4, 2016

Sanction: SK Planet received a fine of Won 25 million

Reason and the Relevant Law: Violated Article 21 (Duty to Ensure Safety) of the Electronic Financial Transactions Act.

Status of Implementation: Paid the fine.

Company s Plan: Implemented procedures to prevent recurrence such as setting up various detailed test scenarios, enhancing quality assurance, organizing real-time notification processes upon detection of abnormal transactions and refining a continuous monitoring and reporting system

[SK Telink]

(1) Violation of the Telecommunications Business Act

Date: February 4, 2016

Sanction: SK Telink received a correctional order and a fine of Won 49 million.

Reason and the Relevant Law: Violated Article 50-1, Paragraph 5 of the Telecommunications Business Act and Article 42-1 of the related Enforcement Decree by transferring account names of cell phone lines without subscribers—consent, changing phone numbers upon such transfer of account names, subscribing users to cell phone lines that exceed the maximum number of cell phone lines determined in the user agreement, opening accounts using a third party—s name and transferring ownership of and reselling the account, changing account names with fabricated names of foreigners and changing accounts of cell phone lines owned by foreigners whose residency period in Korea has expired.

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Status of Implementation: Ceased the prohibited practice, disclosed having received the correctional order in the press (May 2016) and paid the fine (May 2016).

Company s Plan: Improve operating procedures to prevent its recurrence.

(2) Violation of the Telecommunications Business Act

Date: August 21, 2015

Subject: SK Telink

Sanction: SK Telink received a correctional order and a fine of Won 480 million.

Reason and the Relevant Law: Violated Article 50-1, Paragraph 5 and Article 50-2 of the Telecommunications Business Act and Article 42-1 of the related Enforcement Decree by failing to inform or giving false information about key terms of the contract and failing to deliver usage contract

Status of Implementation: Ceased the prohibited practice, disclosed having received the correctional order in a newspaper (October 2015), improved operating procedures related to recruitment of users through phone solicitation calls and paid the fine (October 2015).

Company s Plan: Accurately inform consumers of key terms of the contract and distribute usage contract by mail after entering into contract.

4. Important Matters That Occurred After June 30, 2016

[SK Telecom]

The Company terminated the share purchase agreement with CJ O Shopping and SK Broadband terminated the merger agreement with CJ HelloVision, as the Korea Fair Trade Commission on July 18, 2016 denied approval of the proposed merger, which was a closing condition to the consummation of the merger.

[SK Broadband]

On July 25, 2016, SK Broadband notified CJ HelloVision of the termination of the merger agreement, as the Korea Fair Trade Commission on July 18, 2016 denied approval of the proposed merger, which was a closing condition to the consummation of the merger. On July 27, 2016, SK Broadband s board of directors resolved to terminate the merger agreement as proposed. Subsequently, the merger agreement is no longer effective and all procedures related to the merger, including the issuance of new shares, were terminated.

A. Use of Proceeds from Public Offerings

Not applicable.

B. Use of Proceeds from Private Offerings

(As of June 30, 2016)	(Unit: in millions of Won)				
				Actual Use	Reasons
Classification	Closing Date	Proceeds	Planned Use of Proceeds	of Proceeds	for Change
Convertible Bonds*	April 7, 2009	437,673	Refinancing of convertible bonds issued in May 2004	Refinancing and working capital	

^{*} In 2013, holders exercised their conversion rights with respect to an aggregate principal amount of US\$326,023,000 of the convertible notes. The Company delivered 1,241,337 treasury shares in respect of US\$170,223,000 of the exercised aggregate principal amount and delivered cash in respect of the remainder due to the limit on foreign ownership. In connection with such conversion, the Company recognized Won 135.1 billion in financial expenses in 2013. On November 13, 2013, the Company exercised its early redemption right and on December 13, 2013, redeemed the US\$6,505,000 principal amount of convertible notes not converted by noteholders.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SK Telecom Co., Ltd.

(Registrant)

By: /s/ Sung Hyung Lee

(Signature)

Name: Sung Hyung Lee Title: Senior Vice President

Date: September 19, 2016

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(With Independent Auditors Review Report Thereon)

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Independent Auditors Review Report

Based on a report originally issued in Korean

To The Board of Directors and Shareholders

SK Telecom Co., Ltd.:

Reviewed financial statements

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed separate interim financial statements of SK Telecom Co., Ltd. (the Company), which comprise the condensed separate statement of financial position as of June 30, 2016, the related condensed separate statements of income and comprehensive income for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the condensed separate statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management s responsibility

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these condensed separate interim financial statements in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards (K-IFRS) No.1034, *Interim Financial Reporting*, and for such internal controls as management determines necessary to enable the preparation of condensed separate interim financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors responsibility

Our responsibility is to issue a report on these condensed separate interim financial statements based on our reviews.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Review Standards for Quarterly and Semiannual Financial Statements established by the Securities and Futures Commission of the Republic of Korea. A review of interim financial statements consists principally of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Korean Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed separate interim financial statements referred to above are not prepared fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with K-IFRS No.1034, *Interim Financial Reporting*.

Other matters

The separate statement of finance position of the Company as of December 31, 2015, and the related separate statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, which are not accompanying this report, were audited by us in accordance with Korean Standards on Auditing and our report thereon, dated February 23, 2016, expressed an unqualified opinion. The accompanying condensed separate statement of financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2015, presented for comparative purposes, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited separate financial statements from which it has been derived.

The procedures and practices utilized in the Republic of Korea to review such condensed separate interim financial statements may differ from those generally accepted and applied in other countries.

KPMG Samjong Accounting Corp.

Seoul, Korea

August 5, 2016

This report is effective as of August 5, 2016, the review report date. Certain subsequent events or circumstances, which may occur between the review report date and the time of reading this report, could have a material impact on the accompanying condensed separate financial statements and notes thereto. Accordingly, the readers of the review report should understand that the above review report has not been updated to reflect the impact of such subsequent events or circumstances, if any.

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Condensed Separate Statements of Financial Position

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015

(In millions of won)	Note		June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Assets:				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	26,27	₩	646,221	431,666
Short-term financial instruments	4,26,27		107,500	121,500
Short-term investment securities	6,26,27		322,494	92,262
Accounts receivable trade, net	5,26,27,28		1,520,723	1,528,751
Short-term loans, net	5,26,27,28		59,011	47,741
Accounts receivable other, net	5,26,27,28,31		697,642	264,741
Prepaid expenses			89,963	92,220
Inventories, net			36,534	45,991
Advanced payments and other	5,6,26,27		79,905	88,657
Total Current Assets			3,559,993	2,713,529
Non-Current Assets:				
Long-term financial instruments	4,26,27		10,062	10,062
Long-term investment securities	6,26,27		756,370	726,505
Investments in subsidiaries and associates	7		8,759,224	8,810,548
Property and equipment, net	8,28		6,802,084	7,442,280
Goodwill	9		1,306,236	1,306,236
Intangible assets, net	10		1,585,409	1,766,069
Long-term loans, net	5,26,27,28		37,075	35,080
Long-term receivables - other	5,26,27,28,31		45,498	
Long-term prepaid expenses			28,692	29,802
Guarantee deposits	5,26,27,28		166,320	166,656
Long-term derivative financial assets	15,26,27		124,626	139,923
Other non-current assets			249	250
Total Non-Current Assets			19,621,845	20,433,411
Total Assets		₩	23,181,838	23,146,940

See accompanying notes to the condensed separate interim financial statements.

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Condensed Separate Statements of Financial Position, Continued

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015

(In millions of won)	Note	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity:			
Current Liabilities:			
Short-term borrowings	11,26,27	₩	230,000
Current installments of long-term debt, net	11,26,27	679,117	592,637
Current installments of long-term payables other	12,26,27	116,079	120,185
Accounts payable other	26,27,28	961,191	927,170
Withholdings	26,27	629,790	607,690
Accrued expenses	26,27	550,100	540,770
Income tax payable	24	319,092	375,189
Unearned revenue		1,688	10,014
Derivative financial liabilities	15,26,27	15,370	
Provisions	13	31,086	37,551
Receipts in advance		67,256	50,100
Total Current Liabilities		3,370,769	3,491,306
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Debentures, excluding current installments, net	11,26,27	5,282,937	5,033,495
Long-term borrowings, excluding current installments, net	11,26,27	65,656	72,554
Long-term payables other	12,26,27	440,841	550,964
Long-term unearned revenue		2,643	2,768
Defined benefit liabilities	14	23,788	4,006
Long-term derivative financial liabilities	15,26,27	71,088	89,296
Long-term provisions	13	26,682	20,055
Deferred tax liabilities	24	45,956	56,274
Other non-current liabilities	26,27	48,659	46,762
Total Non-Current Liabilities		6,008,250	5,876,174
Total Liabilities		9,379,019	9,367,480
Shareholders Equity:			
Share capital	1,16	44,639	44,639
Capital surplus and others	16,17,18	371,481	369,446
Retained earnings	19	13,431,966	13,418,603
Reserves	20	(45,267)	(53,228)

Total Shareholders Equity 13,802,819 13,779,460

Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity \times 23,181,838 23,146,940

See accompanying notes to the condensed separate interim financial statements.

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Condensed Separate Statements of Income

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In millions of won except for per share data)

		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015 Three-month	
	Note	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	period ended	Six-month period ended
Operating revenue:	28				
Revenue		₩ 3,091,988	6,190,249	3,143,766	6,277,222
Operating expenses:	28				
Labor		161,832	334,817	249,706	423,033
Commissions		1,140,041	2,358,319	1,228,049	2,571,119
Depreciation and amortization		547,735	1,090,181	531,639	1,056,576
Network interconnection		189,188	382,473	182,446	352,367
Leased line		91,922	180,554	85,383	181,586
Advertising		48,548	75,606	58,398	91,028
Rent		107,321	211,868	95,663	193,593
Cost of products that have been resold		123,131	243,026	110,599	224,108
Others	21	204,065	405,349	205,793	379,896
		2,613,783	5,282,193	2,747,676	5,473,306
Operating income		478,205	908,056	396,090	803,916
Finance income	23	20,614	127,830	19,735	82,519
Finance costs	23	(60,404)	(123,643)	(67,890)	(133,598)
Other non-operating income	22	8,429	37,328	3,737	6,969
Other non-operating expenses	22	(18,770)	(55,823)	(32,291)	(61,664)
Loss on investments in subsidiaries and					
associates	7	(47,618)	(47,618)		
Profit before income tax		380,456	846,130	319,381	698,142
Income tax expense	24	96,313	179,780	87,384	170,359
Profit for the period		₩ 284,143	666,350	231,997	527,783
Earnings per share:	25				
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in won)		₩ 3,905	9,318	3,135	7,301

See accompanying notes to the condensed separate interim financial statements.

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Condensed Separate Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In millions of won)		June 3	0, 2016	June 30, 2015		
		Three-month		Three-month	1	
	Note	period ended	Six-month period ended	period ended	Six-month period ended	
Profit for the period		₩ 284,143	666,350	231,997	527,783	
Other comprehensive income (loss)						
Items that will never be reclassified to						
profit or loss, net of taxes:						
Remeasurement of defined benefit liabilities	14	(2,188)	(9,085)	(410)	(2,453)	
Items that are or may be reclassified						
subsequently to profit or loss, net of taxes:						
Net change in unrealized fair value of						
available-for-sale financial assets	20	(32,907)	15,802	(28,520)	(53,569)	
Net change in unrealized fair value of						
derivatives	15,20	5,322	(7,841)	(24,802)	(15,402)	
Other comprehensive loss for the period,						
net of taxes		(29,773)	(1,124)	(53,732)	(71,424)	
Total comprehensive income		₩ 254,370	665,226	178,265	456,359	

See accompanying notes to the condensed separate interim financial statements.

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Condensed Separate Statements of Changes in Equity

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

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ne:

uillions of w	von)									
			Cap	ital surplus	and others	š				
				Loss on disposal of	4					
	Share capital	Paid-in surplus	Treasury stock	treasury stock	Hybrid bond	Other	Sub-total	Retained earnings	Reserves	Total equity
nce at ary 1,										
	₩ 44,639	2,915,887	(2,139,683)	(18,087)	398,518	(722,741)	433,894	12,996,790	66,898	13,542,2
orehensive ne:										
t for the d								527,783		527,7
r orehensive								(2,453)	(68,971)	(71,4
								525,330	(68,971)	456,3
sactions owners:										
dividends								(595,865)		(595,8
osal of sury stocks est on			369,249	18,087		24,736	412,072			412,0
id bond								(8,420)		(8,4
			369,249	18,087		24,736	412,072	(604,285)		(192,2
nce at 30, 2015	₩ 44,639	2,915,887	(1,770,434)		398,518	(698,005)	845,966	12,917,835	(2,073)	13,806,3
nce at ary 1,	₩ 44,639	2,915,887	(2.260.626)		200 510	(694 222)	260 446	12 410 602	(52 229)	12 770
i	*** 44,039	2,915,887	(2,260,626)		398,518	(684,333)	369,446	13,418,603	(53,228)	13,779,4

d r								666,350		666,
prehensive										
								(9,085)	7,961	(1,1)
								657,265	7,961	665,2
sactions owners:										
dividends								(635,482)		(635,4
ness pination r common										
ol						2,035	2,035			2,0
est on id bond								(8,420)		(8,4
						2,035	2,035	(643,902)		(641,8
nce at 30, 2016	W 4	4,639	2,915,887	(2,260,626)	398,518	(682,298)	371,481	13,431,966	(45,267)	13,802,8

See accompanying notes to the condensed separate interim financial statements.

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Condensed Separate Statements of Cash Flows

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In millions of won)	Note	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash generated from operating activities:			
Profit for the period		₩ 666,350	527,783
Adjustments for income and expenses	30	1,423,773	1,383,546
Changes in assets and liabilities related to operating activities	30	(184,697)	(647,987)
Sub-total		1,905,426	1,263,342
Interest received		12,566	11,819
Dividends received		96,433	56,561
Interest paid		(109,351)	(111,951)
Income tax paid		(245,836)	(68,359)
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,659,238	1,151,412
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Cash inflows from investing activities:			
Decrease in short-term financial instruments, net		14,000	10,000
Collection of short-term loans		87,079	199,853
Proceeds from disposal of long-term investment securities		7,438	5,235
Proceeds from disposal of investments in subsidiaries and associates			185,557
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		5,575	5,739
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets		1,117	72
Increase in cash due to business combination		360	
Sub-total		115,569	406,456
Cash outflows for investing activities:		110,000	.00,100
Increase in short-term investment securities, net		(230,000)	(69,842)
Increase in short-term loans		(100,477)	(150,164)
Acquisition of long-term investment securities		(14,677)	(202,424)
Acquisition of investments in subsidiaries and associates		(31,258)	(246,271)
Acquisition of property and equipment		(504,302)	(789,708)
Acquisition of intangible assets		(16,010)	(9,859)
Increase in other non-current assets			(38)
Sub-total		(896,724)	(1,468,306)
Net cash used in investing activities		₩ (781,155)	(1,061,850)

See accompanying notes to the condensed separate interim financial statements.

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Condensed Separate Statements of Cash Flows, Continued

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In millions of won)	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Cash inflows from financing activities:		
Increase in short-term borrowings, net	₩	570,000
Proceeds from issuance of debentures	607,474	298,718
Cash inflows from settlement of derivatives		175
Sub-total	607,474	868,893
Cash outflows for financing activities:		
Decrease in short-term borrowings, net	(230,000)	
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(6,407)	(6,407)
Repayments of long-term account payables-other	(120,718)	(190,134)
Repayments of debentures	(270,000)	(250,000)
Payments of cash dividends	(635,482)	(595,865)
Payments of interest on hybrid bonds	(8,420)	(8,420)
Cash outflows from settlement of derivatives		(329)
Sub-total Sub-total	(1,271,027)	(1.051.155)
Sub-total	(1,2/1,02/)	(1,051,155)
Net cash used in financing activities	(663,553)	(182,262)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	214,530	(92,700)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	431,666	248,311
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	25	76
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	₩ 646,221	155,687

See accompanying notes to the condensed separate interim financial statements.

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

1. Reporting Entity

SK Telecom Co., Ltd. (the Company) was incorporated in March 1984 under the laws of the Republic of Korea (Korea) to provide cellular telephone communication services in Korea. The Company mainly provides wireless telecommunications services in Korea. The Head office of the Company is located at 65, Eulji-ro, Jung-gu, Seoul, Korea.

The Company s common shares and depositary receipts (DRs) are listed on the Stock Market of Korea Exchange, the New York Stock Exchange and the London Stock Exchange. As of June 30, 2016, the Company s total issued shares are held by the following shareholders:

	Number of	Percentage of
	shares	total shares issued (%)
SK Holdings Co., Ltd.	20,363,452	25.22
National Pension Service, other institutional		
investors and other minority stockholders	50,245,708	62.23
Treasury stock	10,136,551	12.55
	80,745,711	100.00

2. Basis of Presentation

(1) Statement of compliance

These condensed separate interim financial statements were prepared in accordance with K-IFRS No. 1034, *Interim Financial Reporting*, as part of the period covered by the Company s K-IFRS annual financial statements. Selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Company since December 31, 2015. These condensed separate interim financial statements do not include all of the disclosures required for full annual financial statements.

These condensed interim financial statements are separate interim financial statements prepared in accordance with K-IFRS No.1027, *Separate Financial Statements*, presented by a parent, an investor with joint control of, of significant influence over, an investee, in which the investments are accounted for at cost.

(2) Use of estimates and judgments

1) Critical judgments, assumptions and estimation uncertainties

The preparation of the condensed separate interim financial statements in conformity with K-IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these condensed separate interim financial statements, the significant judgments made by management in applying the Company s accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015.

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

2 Basis of Presentation, Continued

(2) Use of estimates and judgments, Continued

2) Fair value measurement

A number of the Company s accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This includes a valuation team that has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values, and reports directly to the finance executive.

The valuation team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the valuation team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of K-IFRS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Information about assumptions used for fair value measurements are included in Note 27.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied by the Company in these condensed separate interim financial statements are the same as those applied by the Company in its separate financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015.

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

4. Restricted Deposits

Deposits which are restricted in use as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are summarized as follows:

(In	mili	lions	of	won)

	June 3	0, 2016	December 31, 2015
Short-term financial instruments(*)	₩	79,000	79,000
Long-term financial instruments(*)		10,062	10,062
	₩	89,062	89,062

(*) Financial instruments include charitable trust fund established by the Company. Profits from the fund are donated to charitable institutions. As of June 30, 2016 the funds cannot be withdrawn.

5. Trade and Other Receivables

(1) Details of trade and other receivables as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)	June 30, 2016 Allowances for		
	Gross amount	doubtful accounts	Carrying amount
Current assets:			
Accounts receivable - trade	₩ 1,649,991	(129,268)	1,520,723
Short-term loans	59,607	(596)	59,011
Accounts receivable - other	755,753	(58,111)	697,642
Accrued income	9,020		9,020
	2,474,371	(187,975)	2,286,396
Non-current assets:			
Long-term loans	56,337	(19,262)	37,075
Long-term receivables - other	45,498		45,498
Guarantee deposits	166,320		166,320

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	268,155	(19,262)	248,893
	₩ 2,742,526	(207,237)	2,535,289
(In millions of won)	De Gross	cember 31, 2015 Allowances for doubtful	Carrying
	amount	accounts	amount
Current assets:			
Accounts receivable - trade	₩ 1,654,575	(125,824)	1,528,751
Short-term loans	48,223	(482)	47,741
Accounts receivable - other	323,870	(59,129)	264,741
Accrued income	7,505		7,505
	2,034,173	(185,435)	1,848,738
Non-current assets:			
Long-term loans	54,322	(19,242)	35,080
Guarantee deposits	166,656		166,656
	220,978	(19,242)	201,736
	₩ 2,255,151	(204,677)	2,050,474

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

5. Trade and Other Receivables, Continued

(2) Changes in allowances for doubtful accounts of trade and other receivables during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)	For the six-month period ended			ended
	June 3	30, 2016	June 3	0, 2015
Balance at January 1	₩	204,677	1	89,851
Increase of bad debt allowances		15,137		27,697
Write-offs		(22,863)	(22,319)
Collection of receivables previously written-off		10,286		10,011
Balance at June 30	₩	207,237	2	05,240

(3) Details of overdue but not impaired, and impaired trade and other receivables as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)	June 30, 2016		December 31, 2015	
	Accounts receivable - trade	Other receivables	Accounts receivable - trade	Other receivables
Neither overdue nor impaired	₩ 1,182,054	969,486	1,188,225	488,244
Overdue but not impaired	30,493		45,146	
Impaired	437,444	123,049	421,204	112,332
	1,649,991	1,092,535	1,654,575	600,576
Allowances for doubtful accounts	(129,268)	(77,969)	(125,824)	(78,853)
	₩ 1,520,723	1,014,566	1,528,751	521,723

The Company establishes allowances for doubtful accounts based on the likelihood of recoverability of trade and other receivables based on their aging at the end of the period, past customer default experience, customer credit status, and economic and industrial factors.

(4) The aging of overdue but not impaired accounts receivable as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Less than 1 month	₩ 10,562	5,550
1 ~ 3 months	6,129	9,507
3 ~ 6 months	1,566	6,583
More than 6 months	12,236	23,506
	₩ 30,493	45,146

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

6. Investment Securities

(1) Details of short-term investment securities as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)		
	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Beneficiary certificates(*)	₩ 322.494	92.262

- (*) The income distributable in relation to beneficiary certificates as of June 30, 2016 were accounted for as accrued income.
 - (2) Details of long-term investment securities as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Equity securities:		
Marketable equity securities	₩ 600,197	579,282
Unlisted equity securities	79,271	72,461
Equity investments	68,177	65,659
	747,645	717,402
Debt securities:		
Investment bonds(*)	8,725	9,103
	₩ 756,370	726,505

(*) The Company classified the convertible bonds of IRIVER LIMITED, amounting to \(\foware\)6,695 million, as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and the difference between carrying amount and fair value was accounted for as gain or loss relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

7. Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates

(1) Investments in subsidiaries and associates as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Investments in subsidiaries	₩ 4,413,248	4,469,997
Investments in associates	4,345,976	4,340,551
	₩ 8,759,224	8,810,548

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

7. Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates, Continued

(2) Details of investments in subsidiaries as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won, except for share data)		June 30, 2016		December 31, 2015
uait)	Number of shares	Ownership percentage	Carrying amount	Carrying amount
SK Telink Co., Ltd.	1,082,272	83.5	144,740	144,740
SK Broadband Co., Ltd.(*1)	298,460,212	100.0	1,870,582	1,870,582
SK Communications Co., Ltd.	28,029,945	64.5	151,934	151,934
PS&Marketing Corporation	66,000,000	100.0	313,934	313,934
Service Ace Co., Ltd.	4,385,400	100.0	21,927	21,927
Service Top Co., Ltd.	2,856,200	100.0	14,281	14,281
Network O&S Co., Ltd.	3,000,000	100.0	15,000	15,000
SK Planet Co., Ltd.(*2,3)	57,338,266	100.0	1,298,231	1,520,206
Neosnetworks Co., Ltd.	408,435	83.9	63,967	63,967
IRIVER LIMITED	15,202,039	48.9	54,503	54,503
SK Telecom China Holdings Co., Ltd.		100.0	38,652	38,652
SKT Vietnam PTE. Ltd.	180,476,700	73.3	2,364	2,364
SKT Americas, Inc.(*4)	122	100.0	45,701	93,319
YTK Investment Ltd.		100.0	18,693	18,693
Atlas Investment		100.0	80,905	78,618
SK Global Healthcare Business Group				
Ltd.		100.0	39,649	39,649
Entrix Co., Ltd.	4,157,000	100.0	27,628	27,628
SK techx Co., Ltd.(*2)	6,323,905	100.0	128,371	
One Store Co., Ltd.(*2)	10,409,600	65.5	82,186	

₩ 4,413,248 4,469,997

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

7. Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates, Continued

- (2) Details of investments in subsidiaries as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows, Continued:
- (*1) On November 2, 2015, the board of directors of the Company entered into a share purchase agreement to acquire 30%(23,234,060 shares) of the issued and outstanding common shares of CJ Hello Vision Co., Ltd. (CJ Hello Vision) from CJ O Shopping Co., Ltd. (CJ O Shopping) for an aggregate purchase price of W500,000 million. The agreement states government s approval as prerequisite.

On November 2, 2015, the board of directors of SK Broadband Co., Ltd. (SK Broadband), a subsidiary of the Company, approved the merger of SK Broadband into CJ Hello Vision, and then SK Broadband entered into a merger agreement with CJ Hello Vision with government s approval as prerequisite.

After the announcement of disapproval of proposed takeover of CJ Hello Vision by the Fair Trade Commission (FTC) on July 18, 2016, the Company announced the revocation of share purchase agreement to CJ O Shopping while SK Broadband withdrew from merger agreement with CJ Hello vision on July 25, 2016 as execution of the share purchase agreement with CJ O Shopping and merger agreement between SK Broadband and CJ Hello Vision became objectively impossible.

- (*2) During the six-month period ended June 30, 2016, SK techx Co., Ltd. and One Store Co., Ltd. were established by spin-offs of platform service division and T-store service division of SK Planet Co., Ltd. from SK Planet Co., Ltd., respectively. In connection with the spin-offs, the Company exchanged 12,323,905 shares of SK Planet Co., Ltd. for 6,323,905 shares of SK techx Co., Ltd. and 6,000,000 shares of One Store Co., Ltd. The Company additionally acquired 4,409,600 shares of One Store Co., Ltd. for \text{\text{\$\text{\$W}}22,048 million by participating in capital increase.} The Company has equity interest of 65.5% on One Store Co., Ltd. as a result of unparticipated disproportionate capital increase by One Store Co., Ltd.
- (*3) During the six-month period ended June 30, 2016, the Company acquired Location Based Service(LBS) division and mobile phone verification services business, spun-off from SK Planet Co., Ltd., in order to strengthen the platform business capabilities. Since this is considered a business combination of entities under common control, the Company succeeded the assets and liabilities at the acquiree s carrying amounts and recognized the difference between the carrying amount of 1,547,516 shares of SK Planet Co., Ltd., which were retired, and the net assets acquired in capital surplus and others.

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

7. Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates, Continued

(3) Details of investments in associates as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won, except for share data)		June 30, 2016		December 31, 2015
	Number of shares	Ownership percentage	Carrying amount	Carrying amount
SK China Company Ltd.(*1)	720,000	9.6	47,830	47,830
HappyNarae Co., Ltd.	680,000	42.5	12,250	12,250
Korea IT Fund(*2)	190	63.3	220,957	220,957
Wave City Development Co., Ltd.(*1)	393,460	19.1	1,532	1,532
KEB HanaCard Co., Ltd.(*1)	39,902,323	15.0	253,739	253,739
Daehan Kanggun BcN Co., Ltd.	1,675,124	29.0	8,340	8,340
NanoEnTek, Inc.	6,960,445	28.5	47,958	47,958
SK Industrial Development China Co.,				
Ltd.	72,952,360	21.0	83,691	83,691
SK Technology Innovation Company	14,700	49.0	45,864	45,864
SK hynix Inc.	146,100,000	20.1	3,374,725	3,374,725
SK MENA Investment B.V.	9,772,686	32.1	14,485	14,485
SK Latin America Investment S.A.	9,448,937	32.1	14,243	14,243
SKY Property Mgmt. Ltd.	12,639	33.0	145,656	145,656
SK Wyverns Baseball Club Co., Ltd.				
and others			74,706	69,281
			₩ 4,345,976	4,340,551

^(*1) Classified as investments in associates as the Company can exercise significant influence through its right to appoint the members of board of directors even though the Company has less than 20% of equity interests.

^(*2) Investment in Korea IT Fund was classified as investment in associates as the Company does not have control over Korea IT Fund under the agreement.

⁽⁴⁾ The market price of investments in listed subsidiaries as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

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(In millions of won, except for share data)

		June 30, 2016 Decem		ecember 31, 2	ember 31, 2015	
		Market				
	Market			value per		
	value per			share		
	share	Number of	Market	(In	Number of	Market
	(In won)	shares	price	won)	shares	price
IRIVER LIMITED	₩ 4,420	15,202,039	67,193	5,400	15,202,039	82,091
SK Communications Co., Ltd.	2,930	28,029,945	82,128	4,390	28,029,945	123,051

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

8. Property and Equipment

Changes in property and equipment for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

For	the six	-month	period	ended	June	30, 2016
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	В	eginning						Ending
	1	balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Transfer	Depreciation	Others(*)	balance
Land	₩	494,359	1,725	(2,639)	7,519			500,964
Buildings		557,932	295	(8,411)	19,014	(17,792)		551,038
Structures		342,411	486	(15)	5,224	(16,459)		331,647
Machinery		5,222,023	44,201	(3,033)	235,486	(806,843)	2,612	4,694,446
Other		402,252	125,304	(2,036)	(127,123)	(55,768)	344	342,973
Construction in								
progress		423,303	115,679	(6,848)	(154,557)		3,439	381,016
	W	7,442,280	287,690	(22,982)	(14,437)	(896,862)	6,395	6,802,084

(*) Composed of property and equipment acquired in connection with business combination.

(In millions of won)

Lon	tha	ois.	month	namiad	andad	Tuno	20	2015
HOT	tne	CIV.	.mantn	nerina	ended	lline	411	2015

	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Transfer	Depreciation	Ending balance
Land	₩ 448,255	828	(328)	5,155		453,910
Buildings	568,874	782	(4,131)	21,997	(17,409)	570,113
Structures	350,915	761	(33)	11,911	(17,013)	346,541
Machinery	5,277,929	22,013	(689)	525,155	(791,819)	5,032,589
Other	430,478	421,932	(1,730)	(309,165)	(54,630)	486,885
Construction in progress	629,455	200,553		(296,772)		533,236
	₩ 7,705,906	646,869	(6,911)	(41,719)	(880,871)	7,423,274

9. Goodwill

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Goodwill as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 is as follows:

(In millions of won)

	June 30,	
	2016	December 31, 2015
Goodwill related to acquisition of Shinsegi		
Telecom, Inc.	₩ 1,306,236	1,306,236

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

10. Intangible Assets

(1) Changes in intangible assets for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

-	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016							
	Beginning						Ending	
	balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Transfer	Amortization	Others(*)	balance	
Frequency usage rights	₩ 1,103,517				(140,264)		963,253	
Land usage rights	11,695	781			(2,265)		10,211	
Industrial rights	11,828	1,971			(1,923)	202	12,078	
Facility usage rights	16,486	478	(4)	72	(1,277)		15,755	
Memberships	61,512	118	(1,057)				60,573	
Other	561,031	12,662		28,307	(104,137)	25,676	523,539	

(1,061)

28,379

(249,866)

25,878

1,585,409

(*) Composed of intangible assets acquired in connection with business combination.

16,010

₩ 1,766,069

(In millions of won)

•	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015						
	Beginning					Ending	
	balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Transfer	Amortization	balance	
Frequency usage rights	₩ 1,384,044				(140,264)	1,243,780	
Land usage rights	14,016	1,412			(2,431)	12,997	
Industrial rights	10,583	3,507	(2)		(2,109)	11,979	
Facility usage rights	15,843	515	(12)	271	(1,276)	15,341	
Memberships	63,465	62				63,527	
Other	440,218	4,363	(5)	50,721	(87,030)	408,267	
	₩ 1,928,169	9,859	(19)	50,992	(233,110)	1,755,891	

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

10. Intangible Assets, Continued

(2) The carrying amount and residual useful lives of frequency usage rights as of June 30, 2016 are as follows, all of which are amortized on a straight-line basis:

(In millions of won)

	Amount	Description	Commencement of amortization	Completion of amortization
W-CDMA license	₩ 54,988	Frequency usage rights relating to W-CDMA service	Dec. 2003	Dec. 2016
W-CDMA license	8,155	Frequency usage rights relating to W-CDMA	Oct. 2010	Dec. 2016
800MHz license	202,720	Frequency usage rights relating to CDMA and	Jul. 2011	Jun. 2021
1.8GHz license	690,910	Frequency usage rights	Sep. 2013	Dec. 2021
WiBro license	6,480) WiBro service	Mar. 2012	Mar. 2019

₩ 963,253

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

11. Borrowings and Debentures

(1) There are no short-term borrowings as of June 30, 2016. Short-term borrowings as of December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

	Annual interest		Dec	ember 31,
Lender	rate (%)	Maturity		2015
Kookmin Bank	2.47	Jan. 21, 2016	₩	40,000
Commercial Papers	1.84	Jan. 14, 2016		190,000
			₩	230,000

(2) Long-term borrowings as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won and thousands of U.S. dollars)

•	Annual interest		June 30,	December 31,
Lender	rate (%)	Maturity	2016	2015
Export Kreditnamnden(*)	1.70	Apr. 29, 2022	₩ 80,430	87,685
			(USD 69,056)	(USD 74,817)
Less present value discount			(1,811)	(2,124)
			78,619	85,561
Less current installments			(12,963)	(13,007)
			₩ 65,656	72,554

(*) Prior to 2015, the Company obtained long-term borrowings from Export Kreditnamnden, an export credit agency. The long-term borrowings are repaid by installments on an annual basis from 2014 to 2022.

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

11. Borrowings and Debentures, Continued

(3) Debentures as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won, thousands of U.S. dollars, and thousands of other currencies)

(,	<i>J</i> •• •	Annual		
			interest rate	June 30,	December 31,
	Purpose	Maturity	(%)	2016	2015
Unsecured private bonds	Refinancing				
	fund	2016	5.00	₩ 200,000	200,000
Unsecured private bonds	Other fund	2018	5.00	200,000	200,000
Unsecured private bonds		2016	5.54		40,000
Unsecured private bonds		2016	5.92		230,000
Unsecured private bonds	Operating fund	2016	3.95	110,000	110,000
Unsecured private bonds		2021	4.22	190,000	190,000
Unsecured private bonds	Operating and	2019	3.24	170,000	170,000
Unsecured private bonds	refinancing	2022	3.30	140,000	140,000
Unsecured private bonds	fund	2032	3.45	90,000	90,000
Unsecured private bonds	Operating fund	2023	3.03	230,000	230,000
Unsecured private bonds		2033	3.22	130,000	130,000
Unsecured private bonds		2019	3.30	50,000	50,000
Unsecured private bonds		2024	3.64	150,000	150,000
Unsecured private bonds(*2)		2029	4.72	54,969	54,695
Unsecured private bonds	Refinancing	2019	2.53	160,000	160,000
Unsecured private bonds	fund	2021	2.66	150,000	150,000
Unsecured private bonds		2024	2.82	190,000	190,000
Unsecured private bonds	Operating and	2022	2.40	100,000	100,000
Unsecured private bonds	refinancing	2025	2.49	150,000	150,000
Unsecured private bonds	fund	2030	2.61	50,000	50,000
Unsecured private bonds	Operating fund	2018	1.89	90,000	90,000
Unsecured private bonds		2025	2.66	70,000	70,000
Unsecured private bonds		2030	2.82	90,000	90,000
Unsecured private bonds(*2)		2030	3.40	50,098	50,485
Unsecured private bonds	Operating and	2018	2.07	80,000	80,000
Unsecured private bonds	refinancing	2025	2.55	100,000	100,000
Unsecured private bonds	fund	2035	2.75	70,000	70,000
Unsecured private bonds(*2)		2030	3.10	50,460	50,524
Unsecured private bonds	Operating fund	2019	1.65	70,000	

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Unsecured private bonds	2021	1.80	100,000
Unsecured private bonds	2026	2.08	90,000
Unsecured private bonds	2036	2.24	80,000
Unsecured private bonds	2019	1.62	50,000
Unsecured private bonds	2021	1.71	50,000
Unsecured private bonds	2026	1.97	120,000
Unsecured private bonds	2031	2.17	50,000

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

11. Borrowings and Debentures, Continued

(3) Debentures as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows, Continued:

(In millions of won, thousands of U.S. dollars, and thousands of other currencies)

			Annual				
			interest rate	June 30,		December 31,	
	Purpose	Maturity	(%)	2	2016	2015	
Unsecured global bonds		2027	6.63		465,880		468,800
				(USD	400,000)	(USD	400,000)
Unsecured private Swiss bonds		2017	1.75		356,760		355,617
				(CHF	300,000)	(CHF	300,000)
Unsecured global bonds		2018	2.13		815,290		820,400
				(USD	700,000)	(USD	700,000)
Unsecured private Australian		2017	4.75				
bonds					260,310		255,930
				(AUD	300,000)	(AUD	300,000)
Floating rate notes (*1)		2020	3M LIBOR +				
			0.88		349,410		351,600
				(USD	300,000)	(USD	300,000)
Sub-total					5,973,177	4	5,638,051
Less discounts on bonds					(24,086)		(24,926)
					5,949,091	4	5,613,125
Less current installments of bonds	3				(666,154)		(579,630)
				W	£ 202 027		5 022 40F
				₩	5,282,937		5,033,495

The carrying amount of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss exceeds the principal amount required to pay at maturity by \times 5,527 million as of June 30, 2016.

^(*1) As of June 30, 2016, 3M LIBOR rate is 0.65%.

^(*2) The Company eliminated a measurement inconsistency of accounting profit or loss between the bonds and related derivatives by designating the structured bonds as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

12. Long-term Payables - Other

(1) As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, details of long-term payables other which consist of payables related to the acquisition of W-CDMA licenses for 2.3GHz and 1.8GHz frequencies are as follows (See Note 10):

(In millions of won)

	Period of repayment	Coupon rate	Annual effective interest rate(*)	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
2.3GHz	2014~2016	3.00%	5.80%		2,882
1.8GHz	2012~2021	2.43~3.00%	4.84~5.25%	589,172	707,006
				589,172	709,888
Present value discount on long-term payables other				(32,252)	(38,739)
				556,920	671,149
Less current installments of long-term payables other				(116,079)	(120,185)
Carrying amount at period end				₩ 440,841	550,964

- (*) The Company estimated the discount rates based on its credit ratings and corporate bond yield rate as there is no market interest rate available for long-term payables other.
 - (2) The repayment schedule of the principal amount of long-term payables related to acquisition of W-CDMA licenses as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

(In millions of won)

	Amount
Less than 1 year	₩ 117,834
1~3 years	235,669
3~5 years	235,669

₩ 589,172

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

13. Provisions

Changes in provisions for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)	For the	As of June 30, 2016					
	Beginning				Ending		Non-
	balance	Increase	Utilization	Reversal	balance	Current	current
Provision for installment of							
handset subsidy	₩ 5,670		(1,019)		4,651	1,213	3,438
Provision for restoration	50,459	2,137	(332)	(697)	51,567	28,323	23,244
Emission allowance	1,477	242	(169)		1,550	1,550	
	₩ 57,606	2,379	(1,520)	(697)	57,768	31,086	26,682

(In millions of won)	For the	six-month	As of June 30, 2015				
	Beginning	-	TT.010		Ending	G	Non-
	balance	Increase	Utilization	Reversal	balance	Current	current
Provision for installment of handset							
subsidy	₩ 26,799		(2,696)	(18,173)	5,930	3,368	2,562
Provision for restoration	51,333	2,116	(344)	(962)	52,143	34,208	17,935
	₩ 78,132	2,116	(3,040)	(19,135)	58,073	37,576	20,497

The Company has provided handset subsidy to subscribers who purchase handsets on an installment basis and recognized a provision for subsidy amounts which the Company is expected to pay in future periods.

14. Defined Benefit Liabilities

(1) Details of defined benefit liabilities as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Present value of defined benefit obligations	₩ 239,797	212,139

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Fair value of plan assets (216,009) (208,133) \times 23,788 4,006

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Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

14. Defined Benefit Liabilities, Continued

(2) Changes in defined benefit obligations for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

	For the six-month period				
(In millions of won)	ene	ded			
	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015			
Beginning balance	₩ 212,139	195,130			
Current service cost	18,364	17,610			
Interest cost	2,731	2,707			
Remeasurement:					
- Demographic assumption		16			
- Adjustment based on experience	6,816	834			
Benefit paid	(3,755)	(20,266)			
Others	3,502	1,867			
Ending balance	₩ 239,797	197,898			

(3) Changes in plan assets for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

	For the six-month period					
(In millions of won)	ended					
	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015				
Beginning balance	₩ 208,133	179,575				
Interest income	2,590	2,491				
Actuarial loss	(5,169)	(2,387)				
Contributions	11,000	25,000				
Benefit paid	(3,350)	(19,643)				
Others	2,805					
Ending balance	₩216,009	185,036				

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(4) Expenses recognized in profit and loss for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)		For the six-month period ended				
	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015				
Current service cost	₩ 18,364	17,610				
Net Interest cost	141	216				
	₩ 18,505	17,826				

The above costs are recognized in labor cost and research and development.

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

15. Derivative Instruments

(1) Currency swap contracts under cash flow hedge accounting as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

(In thousands of foreign currencies)

(Financial	
Borrowing date	Hedging Instrument (Hedged item)	Hedged risk	Contract type	institution	Duration of contract
Jul. 20, 2007	Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap (U.S. dollar denominated bonds with face value of USD 400,000)	Foreign currency risk	Currency swap	Morgan Stanley and five other banks	Jul. 20, 2007 ~ Jul. 20, 2027
Jun. 12, 2012	Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap (Swiss Franc denominated bonds with face value of CHF 300,000)	Foreign currency risk	Currency swap	Citibank and four other banks	Jun. 12, 2012 ~ Jun. 12, 2017
Nov. 1, 2012	Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap (U.S. dollar denominated bonds with face value of USD 700,000)	Foreign currency risk	Currency swap	Barclays and eight other banks	Nov. 1, 2012 ~ May. 1, 2018
Jan. 17, 2013	Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap (Australia dollar denominated bonds with face value of AUD 300,000)	Foreign currency risk	Currency swap	BNP Paribas and three other banks	Jan. 17, 2013 ~ Nov. 17, 2017
Mar. 7, 2013	Floating-to-fixed cross currency interest rate swap (U.S. dollar denominated bonds with face value of USD 300,000)	Foreign currency risk and interest rate risk	Currency and interest rate swap	DBS Bank	Mar. 7, 2013 ~ Mar. 7, 2020
Dec. 16, 2013	Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap (U.S. dollar denominated bonds with face value of USD 69,056)	Foreign currency risk	Currency swap	Deutsche bank	Dec. 16, 2013 ~ Apr. 29, 2022

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Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

15. Derivative Instruments, Continued

(2) As of June 30, 2016, details of fair values of the above derivatives recorded in assets or liabilities are as follows:

(In millions of won and thousands of foreign currencies)

(In militons of won and inousands of foreig	in currencies)		Fair v	ماراه				
	Cash flow hedge							
	Accumulated gain (loss) on valuation of	Tax	Accumulated foreign currency translations (gain)	Others	Held for	m . 1		
Hedging Instrument (Hedged item)	derivatives	effect	loss	(*)	trading	Total		
Non-current assets:								
Structured bond (face value of KRW 150,000)	₩				9,961	9,961		
Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap								
(U.S. dollar denominated bonds with face								
value of USD 400,000)	(50,424)	(16,098)	8,299	129,806		71,583		
Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap								
(U.S. dollar denominated bonds with face	(15.206)	(4.004)	£1.650			21 470		
value of USD 700,000) Floating-to-fixed cross currency interest	(15,296)	(4,884)	51,650			31,470		
rate swap								
(U.S. dollar denominated bonds with face								
value of USD 300,000)	(11,613)	(3,709)	24,255			8,933		
Fixed-to-fixed long-term borrowings	, i	, , ,	·					
(U.S. dollar denominated bonds with face								
value of USD 69,056)	(3,622)	(1,156)	7,457			2,679		
T-4-14-						W 124 (26		
Total assets						₩ 124,626		
Current liability:								
Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap								
(Swiss Franc denominated bonds with face		(2.005)	(6.710)			(15.270)		
value of CHF 300,000)	₩ (6,565)	(2,095)	(6,710)			(15,370)		

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Non-current liability:

Fixed-to-fixed cross currency swap				
(Australia dollar denominated bonds with				
face value of AUD 300,000)	2,873	918	(74,879)	(71,088)

Total liabilities Ψ (86,458)

(*) Cash flow hedge accounting has been applied to the relevant contracts from May 12, 2010. Others represent gain on valuation of currency swap recognized in profit or loss prior to May 12, 2010, when the Company started to apply hedge accounting to these contracts.

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

16. Share Capital and Capital Surplus and Others

The Company s outstanding share capital consists entirely of common stocks with a par value of W500. The number of authorized, issued and outstanding common shares and capital surplus and others as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won, except for share data)

	Jun	e 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Number of authorized shares	2	20,000,000	220,000,000
Number of issued shares(*)		80,745,711	80,745,711
Share capital:			
Common stock	W	44,639	44,639
Capital surplus and others:			
Paid-in surplus		2,915,887	2,915,887
Treasury stock (Note 17)		(2,260,626)	(2,260,626)
Hybrid bond (Note 18)		398,518	398,518
Others		(682,298)	(684,333)
	₩	371,481	369,446

(*) Prior to 2015, the Company retired shares of treasury stock which reduced its retained earnings before appropriation. As a result, the Company s outstanding shares have decreased without change in the share capital. There were no changes in share capital for the six-month period ended June 30, 2016 and the year ended December 31, 2015 and details of shares outstanding as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

(In shares)		June 30, 2016	•		June 30, 2015	
	Issued	Treasury	Outstanding	Issued	Treasury	Outstanding
	shares	stock	shares	shares	stock	shares
Beginning	80,745,711	10,136,551	70,609,160	80,745,711	9,809,375	70,936,336
Disposal of treasury stock					(1,692,824)	1,692,824
Ending	80,745,711	10,136,551	70,609,160	80,745,711	8,116,551	72,629,160

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17. Treasury Stock

The Company acquired treasury stocks to provide stock dividends, merge with Shinsegi Telecom, Inc. and SK IMT Co, Ltd., increase shareholder value and to stabilize its stock prices.

Treasury stocks as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won, shares)

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Number of shares	10,136,551	10,136,551
Amount	₩ 2,260,626	2,260,626

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

18. Hybrid Bonds

Hybrid bonds classified as equity as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

	Туре	Issuance date	Maturity	Annual interest rate(%)	Amount
Private hybrid bonds	Unsecured subordinated bearer bond	June 7, 2013	June 7, 2073(*1)	4.21(*2)	₩ 400,000
Issuance costs				, ,	(1,482)
					₩ 398.518

Hybrid bonds issued by the Company are classified as equity as there is no contractual obligation for delivery of financial assets to the bond holders. These are subordinated bonds which rank before common stocks in the event of a liquidation or reorganization of the Company.

- (*1) The Company has a right to extend the maturity under the same terms at issuance without any notice or announcement. The Company also has the right to defer interest payment at its sole discretion.
- (*2) Annual interest rate is calculated as yield rate of 5 year national bonds plus premium. According to Step-up clause, additional premium of 0.25% and 0.75%, respectively, after 10 years and 25 years from the issuance date are applied.

19. Retained Earnings

(1) Retained earnings as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

	June	30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Appropriated:			
Legal reserve	W	22,320	22,320
Reserve for research & manpower			
development		60,001	87,301

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Reserve for business expansion	9,871,138	9,671,138
Reserve for technology development	2,826,300	2,616,300
	12,779,759	12,397,059
Unappropriated	652,207	1,021,544
	₩ 13,431,966	13,418,603

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

20. Reserves

(1) Details of reserves, net of taxes, as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

	June	e 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Changes in unrealized fair value of			
available-for-sale financial assets	₩	39,380	23,578
Changes in unrealized fair value of derivatives		(84,647)	(76,806)
	₩	(45,267)	(53,228)

(2) Changes in reserves for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

	For the six-month period ended June			
(In millions of won)	lions of won) 2016			
	Unrealized			
	fair value			
	of			
	available-for-sale	Unrealized		
	financial	fair value of		
	assets	derivatives	Total	
Balance at January 1, 2016	₩ 23,578	(76,806)	(53,228)	
Changes	20,847	(10,344)	10,503	
Tax effect	(5,045)	2,503	(2,542)	
Balance at June 30, 2016	₩ 39,380	(84,647)	(45,267)	
	For the six-mo	onth period ende	d June 30,	
(In millions of won)		2015		
	Unrealized	Unrealized	Total	
	fair value	fair value		
	of	of		

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	available-for-sale financial assets	derivatives	
Balance at January 1, 2015	₩ 145,106	(78,208)	66,898
Changes	(70,672)	(20,319)	(90,991)
Tax effect	17,103	4,917	22,020
Balance at June 30, 2015	₩ 91,537	(93,610)	(2,073)

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

21. Other Operating Expenses

Details of other operating expenses for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)	2016		2015		
			Three-month	ı	
	Three-month period ended June 30	Six-month period ended June 30	period ended June 30	Six-month period ended June 30	
Other Operating Expenses:					
Communication	₩ 7,542	15,542	8,475	18,058	
Utilities	46,779	100,397	45,979	95,260	
Taxes and dues	4,329	9,307	5,116	9,509	
Repair	55,236	101,860	53,017	91,491	
Research and development	66,349	133,518	62,071	110,954	
Training	4,931	9,991	4,421	10,161	
Bad debt for accounts receivable - trade	9,158	11,724	16,347	23,612	
Other	9,741	23,010	10,367	20,851	
	₩ 204,065	405,349	205,793	379,896	

22. Other Non-operating Income and Expenses

Details of other non-operating income and expenses for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)	20)16	2015	
	Three-month period	Six-month	Three-month period	Six-month
	ended June 30	period ended June 30	ended June 30	period ended June 30
Other Non-operating Income:				
Gain on disposal of property and equipment				
and intangible assets	₩ 435	870	866	937
Others	7,994	36,458	2,871	6,032

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	₩ 8,429	37,328	3,737	6,969
Other Non-operating Expenses:				
Loss on disposal of property and equipment				
and intangible assets	₩ 2,628	9,970	884	2,056
Donations	11,447	40,647	18,116	23,562
Bad debt for accounts receivable - other	3,413	3,413	6,239	4,085
Others	1,282	1,793	7,052	31,961
	₩ 18,770	55,823	32,291	61,664

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Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

23. Finance Income and Costs

(1) Details of finance income and costs for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)		016	2015		
	Three-month period ended June 30	Six-month period ended June 30	Three-month period ended June 30	Six-month period ended June 30	
Finance Income:					
Interest income	₩ 5,839	12,218	5,465	11,160	
Gain on disposal of accounts receivable -					
trade	5,191	7,855			
Dividends	6,082	96,433	2,308	56,731	
Gain on foreign currency transactions	816	5,601	2,308	4,484	
Gain on foreign currency translation	531	111	1,197	1,098	
Gain relating to financial liabilities at fair					
value through profit or loss	403	177	6,965	5,188	
Gain relating to financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss	148				
Gain on disposal of long-term investment					
securities	1,141	1,751	1,492	2,828	
Gain on valuation of derivatives	463	3,684		1,030	
	₩ 20,614	127,830	19,735	82,519	
Finance Costs:					
Interest expense	₩ 57,235	116,707	59,906	121,132	
Loss on foreign currency transactions	2,850	5,040	2,378	7,027	
Loss on foreign currency translation		340		25	
Loss on disposal of long-term investment					
securities		44		2	
Loss on valuation of derivatives			699		
Loss on settlement of derivatives	319	319	4,517	4,517	
Loss relating to financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss		378	358	689	

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Loss relating to financial liabilities at fair				
value through profit or loss				174
Other finance costs		815	32	32
	₩ 60,404	123,643	67,890	133,598

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Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

23. Finance Income and Costs, Continued

(2) Details of interest income included in finance income for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)	20	016	2015		
	Three-month period ended June 30	Six-month period ended June 30	Three-month period ended June 30	Six-month period ended June 30	
Interest income on cash equivalents and					
deposits	₩ 1,914	3,750	1,668	3,483	
Interest income on installment receivables and others	3,925	8,468	3,797	7,677	
	₩ 5,839	12,218	5,465	11,160	

(3) Details of interest expenses included in finance costs for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)	20	016	2015		
	Three-month		Three-month	1	
	period	Six-month	period	Six-month	
	ended	period ended	ended	period ended	
	June 30	June 30	June 30	June 30	
Interest expenses on borrowings	₩ 1,767	3,271	6,981	10,010	
Interest expenses on debentures	48,051	97,254	44,050	91,353	
Others	7,417	16,182	8,875	19,769	
	₩ 57,235	116,707	59,906	121,132	

(4) Details of impairment losses for financial assets for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

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(In millions of won)	20	016	2015		
	Three-month		Three-month	n	
	period ended June 30	Six-month period ended June 30	period ended June 30	Six-month period ended June 30	
Accounts receivable - trade	₩ 9,158	11,724	16,347	23,612	
Other receivables	3,413	3,413	6,239	4,085	
Available-for-sale financial assets		815	32	32	
	₩ 12,571	15,952	22,618	27,729	

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Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

24. Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense was calculated by considering current tax expense adjusted to changes in estimates related to prior periods, deferred tax expenses by origination and reversal of temporary differences.

25. Earnings per Share

- (1) Basic earnings per share
 - 1) Basic earnings per share for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are calculated as follows:

(In millions of won, shares)	2016			2015		
		riod ended June 30	Six-month period ended June 30	Three-month period ended June 30	Six-month period ended June 30	
Profit for the period	₩	284,143	666,350	231,997	527,783	
Interest on hybrid bond		(8,420)	(8,420)	(8,420)	(8,420)	
Profit for the period on common shares		275,723	657,930	223,577	519,363	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		70,609,160	70,609,160	71,326,988	71,132,741	
Basic earnings per share (in won)	₩	3,905	9,318	3,135	7,301	

2) The weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are calculated as follows:

(In shares)	Weighted number of shares				
	Three-month period				
	Number of	ended	Six-month period		
	shares	June 30	ended June 30		
Issued common shares at January 1, 2016	80,745,711	80,745,711	80,745,711		
Weighted average number of treasury stock	(10,136,551)	(10,136,551)	(10,136,551)		

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Weighted average number of common shares			
outstanding at June 30, 2016	70,609,160	70,609,160	70,609,160

Tł	0	umber of shares od
Number of shares	ended June 30	Six-month period ended June 30
80,745,711	80,745,711	80,745,711
(8,116,551)	(9,418,723)	(9,612,970)
72 620 160	71 326 088	71,132,741
	Number of shares 80,745,711	Three-month period shares June 30 80,745,711 80,745,711 (8,116,551) (9,418,723)

(2) Diluted earnings per share

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, there were no potentially dilutive shares. Therefore, diluted earnings per share for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are the same as basic earnings per share.

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

26. Categories of Financial Instruments

(1) Financial assets by categories as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

	June 30, 2016					
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Available- for-sale financial assets	Loans and receivables	Derivative financial instruments designated as hedged item	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	₩		646,221		646,221	
Financial instruments			117,562		117,562	
Short-term investment securities		322,494			322,494	
Long-term investment securities(*1)	6,695	749,675			756,370	
Accounts receivable - trade			1,520,723		1,520,723	
Loans and other receivables(*2)			1,014,566		1,014,566	
Derivative financial assets	9,961			114,665	124,626	
	₩ 16,656	1,072,169	3,299,072	114,665	4,502,562	

(In millions of won)

	December 31, 2015				
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Available- for-sale financial assets	Loans and receivables	Derivative financial instruments designated as hedged item	Total
		assets		Itelli	
Cash and cash equivalents	₩		431,666		431,666
Financial instruments			131,562		131,562
Short-term investment securities		92,262			92,262
Long-term investment securities(*1)	7,073	719,432			726,505
Accounts receivable - trade			1,528,751		1,528,751
Loans and other receivables(*2)			521,723		521,723

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Derivative financial assets	6,277			133,646	139,923
	₩ 13,350	811,694	2,613,702	133,646	3,572,392

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

26. Categories of Financial Instruments, Continued

- (1) Financial assets by categories as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows, Continued:
- (*1) Long-term investment securities were designated as financial assets at fair value through profit of loss since the embedded derivative (conversion right option) could not be separately measured.
- (*2) Details of loans and other receivables as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

,	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Short-term loans	₩ 59,011	47,741
Accounts receivable other	697,642	264,741
Accrued income	9,020	7,505
Long-term loans	37,075	35,080
Long-term receivables - other	45,498	
Guarantee deposits	166,320	166,656
	₩ 1,014,566	521,723

(2) Financial liabilities by categories as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

,	June 30, 2016						
	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or	Financial liabilities measured at amortized	Derivative financial instruments designated as hedged				
	loss	cost	item	Total			
Derivative financial liabilities	₩		86,458	86,458			
Borrowings		78,619		78,619			
Debentures (*1)	155,527	5,793,564		5,949,091			

Accounts payable - other and others (*2)		2,102,486		2,102,486
	₩ 155,527	7,974,669	86,458	8,216,654
(In millions of won)		December	31, 2015	
	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Derivative financial instruments designated as hedged item	Total
Derivative financial liabilities	W		89,296	89,296
Borrowings		315,561		315,561
Debentures (*1)	155,704	5,457,421		5,613,125
Accounts payable other and others (*2)		2,171,141		2,171,141

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

26. Categories of Financial Instruments, Continued

- (2) Financial liabilities by categories as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows, Continued:
- (*1) Bonds classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are structured bonds and they were designated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss in order to eliminate the difference in measurement bases with the related derivatives and bonds.
- (*2) Details of accounts payable and other payables as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

	\mathbf{J}	une 30,	
		2016	December 31, 2015
Accounts payable - other	₩	961,191	927,170
Withholdings		50	
Accrued expenses		550,100	540,770
Current installments of long-term payables -			
other		116,079	120,185
Long-term payables - other		440,841	550,964
Other non-current liabilities		34,225	32,052
	₩	2,102,486	2,171,141

27. Financial Risk Management

(1) Financial risk management

The Company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. Market risk is the risk related to the changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices. The Company implements a risk management system to monitor and manage these specific risks.

The Company s financial assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, financial instruments, available-for-sale financial assets, trade and other receivables. Financial liabilities consist of trade and other payables, borrowings, and debentures.

1) Market risk

(i) Currency risk

Currency risk occurs on forecasted transaction and recognized assets and liabilities which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company. The Company manages currency risk by currency forward, etc., if needed, to hedge currency risk on business transactions.

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

27. Financial Risk Management, Continued

- (1) Financial risk management, Continued
- 1) Market risk, Continued
- (i) Currency risk, Continued

Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

(In millions of won, thousands of foreign currencies)

	As	ssets	Liabilities		
	Foreign currencies	Won equivalent	Foreign currencies	Won equivalent	
USD	62,993	73,367	1,462,207	1,703,033	
EUR	7,408	9,597			
JPY	96,201	1,089			
AUD			299,274	259,680	
CHF			299,587	356,269	
Others		1,744		6	
		₩ 85,797		₩ 2,318,988	

In addition, the Company has entered into cross currency swaps to hedge against currency risk related to foreign currency borrowings and debentures. (See Note 15)

As of June 30, 2016, effects on income (loss) before income tax as a result of change in exchange rate by 10% are as follows:

(In millions of won)

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	If increa	sed by 10%	If decreased by 10%
USD	₩	6,889	(6,889)
EUR		960	(960)
JPY		109	(109)
Others		174	(174)
	₩	8,132	(8,132)

(ii) Equity price risk

(iii) Interest rate risk

Since the Company s interest bearing assets are mostly fixed-interest bearing assets, the Company s revenue and operating cash flows are not influenced by the changes in market interest rates. However, the Company still has interest rate risk arising from borrowings and debentures.

Accordingly, the Company performs various analysis of interest rate risk to reduce interest rate risk and to optimize its financing. To minimize risks from changes in interest rates, the Company takes various measures such as refinancing, renewal, alternative financing and hedging.

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

27. Financial Risk Management, Continued

- (1) Financial risk management, Continued
- 1) Market risk, Continued
- (iii) Interest rate risk, Continued

The Company s interest rate risk arises from floating-rate borrowings and payables. As of June 30, 2016, floating-rate debentures amount to \\ 349,410 million and the Company has entered into interest rate swaps to hedge interest rate risk related to floating-rate borrowings and debentures (See Note 15). Therefore, income before income taxes for the six-month period ended June 30, 2016 would not have been changed by the interest expense from floating-rate borrowings and debentures.

2) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet his/her contractual obligations. The maximum credit exposure as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

	June 30,	
	2016	December 31, 2015
Cash and cash equivalents	₩ 646,198	431,636
Financial instruments	117,562	131,562
Available-for-sale financial assets	2,030	2,030
Accounts receivable trade	1,520,723	1,528,751
Loans and receivables	1,014,566	521,723
Derivative financial assets	124,626	139,923
Financial assets at fair value through profit		
or loss	6,695	7,073

₩ 3,432,400

2,762,698

To manage credit risk, the Company evaluates the credit worthiness of each customer or counterparty considering the party s financial information, its own trading records and other factors. Based on such information, the Company establishes credit limits for each customer or counterparty.

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016, the Company has no trade and other receivables or loans which have indications of significant impairment loss or are overdue for a prolonged period. As a result, the Company believes that the possibility of default is remote. Also, the Company s credit risk can arise due to transactions with financial institutions related to its cash and cash equivalents, financial instruments and derivatives. To minimize such risk, the Company has a policy to deal only with financial institutions with high credit ratings. The amount of maximum exposure to credit risk of the Company is the carrying amount of financial assets as of June 30, 2016.

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

27. Financial Risk Management, Continued

(1) Financial risk management, Continued

3) Liquidity risk

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

· ·		Contractual			
	Carrying amount		Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5
Borrowings(*)	# 78,6		14,861	57,154	years 13,625
Debentures(*)	5,949,0	•	846,181	2,930,047	3,425,681
Accounts payable - other and others	2,102,4	2,123,750	1,585,341	538,409	
	₩ 8,130,1	96 9,411,299	2,446,383	3,525,610	3,439,306

The Company does not expect that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier or at different amounts.

(*) Includes interest to be paid.

As of June 30, 2016, periods which cash flows from cash flow hedge derivatives are expected to occur are as follows:

(In millions of won)

,		Contractual			
	Carrying	cash	Less than		More than 5
	amount	flows	1 year	1 - 5 years	years
Assets	₩ 114,665	122,752	1,785	97,692	23,275
Liabilities	(86,458)	(88,457)	(12,384)	(76,073)	
	₩ 28,207	34,295	(10,599)	21,619	23,275

(2) Capital management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a business while maximizing the return to shareholders through the optimization of its debt and equity structure. The overall strategy of the Company is the same as that of the Company as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The Company monitors its debt-equity ratio as a capital management indicator. This ratio is calculated as total liabilities divided by total equity; the total liabilities and equity is derived from the financial statements.

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SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

27. Financial Risk Management, Continued

(2) Capital management, Continued

Debt-equity ratios as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

/ T	• 7		C	١.
(In	mili	ions	of won)

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Total liabilities	₩ 9,379,019	9,367,480
Total equity	13,802,819	13,779,460
Debt-equity ratios	67.95%	67.98%

(3) Fair value

1) Fair value and carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities including fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

	C	arrying				
	a	mount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets that are measured at fair						
value:						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	₩	16,656		9,961	6,695	16,656
Derivative financial assets		114,665		114,665		114,665
Available-for-sale financial assets		671,879	600,197	47,494	24,188	671,879
	₩	803,200	600,197	172,120	30,883	803,200
Financial liabilities that are measured at fair						
value:						
	₩	155,527		155,527		155,527

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Financial liabilities at fair value through proloss	ofit or			
Derivative financial liabilities		86,458	86,458	86,458
	₩	241,985	241,985	241,985
Financial liabilities that are not measure fair value:	d at			
Borrowings	₩	78,619	81,768	81,768
Debentures		5,793,564	6,391,877	6,391,877
	₩	5,872,183	6,473,645	6,473,645

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

27. Financial Risk Management, Continued

- (3) Fair value, Continued
 - 2) Fair value and carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities including fair value hierarchy as of December 31, 2015 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Carrying amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets that are measured at fair value:						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	₩	13,350		6,277	7,073	13,350
Derivative financial assets		133,646		133,646		133,646
Available-for-sale financial assets		655,845	579,282	47,262	29,301	655,845
	₩	802,841	579,282	187,185	36,374	802,841
Financial liabilities that are measured at fair value:						
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or						
loss	₩	155,704		155,704		155,704
Derivative financial liabilities		89,296		89,296		89,296
	₩	245,000		245,000		245,000
Financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value:						
Borrowings	₩	315,561		316,726		316,726
Debentures		5,457,421		5,887,378		5,887,378
	₩	5,772,982		6,204,104		6,204,104

The above information does not include fair values of financial assets and liabilities of which fair values have not been measured as carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair values.

Available-for-sale financial assets amounting to \(\foware \)400,290 million and \(\foware \)155,849 million as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, are measured at cost in accordance with K-IFRS 1039 since they are considered as equity instruments which do not have quoted price in an active market for the identical instruments (inputs for level 1) and cannot be reliably measured using other valuation methods.

SK TELECOM CO., LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Separate Interim Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

27. Financial Risk Management, Continued

(3) Fair value, Continued

Fair value of the financial instruments that are traded in an active market (available-for-sale financial assets, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, etc.) is measured based on the bid price at the end of the reporting date.

The Company uses various valuation methods for determination of fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market. Fair value of available-for-sale securities is determined using the market approach methods and financial assets through profit or loss are measured using the option pricing model. In addition, derivative financial contracts and long-term liabilities are measured using the present value methods. Inputs used to such valuation methods include swap rate, interest rate, and risk premium, and the Company performs valuation using the inputs which are consistent with natures of assets and liabilities measured.

Interest rates used by the Company for the fair value measurement as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Interest rate
Derivative instruments	1.82 ~ 2.99%
Borrowings and debentures	1.57%

3) There have been no transfers between Level 2 and Level 1 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2016 and changes of financial assets classified as Level 3 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

(In millions of won)

Balance
at
January
1, Loss for the
2016 period