KOOKMIN BANK Form 425 July 17, 2008

Filed by Kookmin Bank

Pursuant to Rule 425 under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended

Subject Company: Kookmin Bank

Commission File No. 001-15258

Date: July 17, 2008

#### **Important Information**

In connection with its proposed establishment of a financial holding company, Kookmin Bank has filed and will file important documents with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC), including a registration statement on Form F-4 and amendments thereto and related documents. **Investors are urged to carefully read all such documents when they become available because they will contain important information.** Investors may obtain copies of the documents, when available, free of charge on the SEC s website at www.sec.gov, as well as from Kookmin Bank on the Investor Relations section of its website at www.kbstar.com.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This communication contains forward-looking information and statements about Kookmin Bank and the financial holding company to be established. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts. These statements include financial projections and estimates and their underlying assumptions, statements regarding plans, objectives and expectations with respect to future operations, products and services, and statements regarding future performance. Forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 are generally identified by the words believe, expect, anticipate, target or similar expressions. Although Kookmin Bank s management believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, investors are cautioned that forward-looking information and statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond the control of Kookmin Bank, that could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied or projected by, the forward-looking information and statements. These risks and uncertainties include those discussed or identified in the public filings with the SEC made by Kookmin Bank, including on Form 20-F and on the Form F-4 that Kookmin Bank will file with the SEC. Kookmin Bank undertakes no obligation to publicly update its forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

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Kookmin Bank publicly disclosed the following through filings with the Korea Exchange on July 17, 2008.

#### **Convocation of Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders**

On July 17, 2008, the board of directors of Kookmin Bank resolved to convene an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders as follows:

Date and Time: August 25, 2008, 10:00 A.M. local time

Venue: Fourth Floor Auditorium, Kookmin Bank, 36-3, Yeouido-dong, Yeongdeungpo-gu, Seoul, Korea

Agenda:

- 1) Approval of the stock transfer plan to establish a financial holding company through a comprehensive stock transfer
- 2) Approval of an amendment in the settlement method for Kookmin Bank s outstanding stock options The shareholders may exercise their voting rights without attending the meeting in person by submitting voting cards by mail.

#### Record Date for the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders

On July 17, 2008, Kookmin Bank disclosed in its filing with the Korea Exchange that the record date for the upcoming extraordinary general meeting of shareholders (the <u>EGM</u>) is July 30, 2008. Kookmin Bank will close its shareholder registry book from July 31, 2008 to August 7, 2008 to determine the shareholders who will be eligible to exercise voting rights at the EGM.

#### Summary of

### Amendments to the Stock Transfer Report

In a meeting held on July 17, 2008, the Board of Directors of Kookmin Bank approved the filing of an amended Stock Transfer Report (including an amended draft of the Articles of Incorporation of KB Financial Group Inc.) with the Financial Services Commission of Korea (the <u>FSC</u>), which amends the Stock Transfer Report previously filed with the FSC on April 30, 2008.

A summary of the amendments to the Stock Transfer Report is provided below:

Item 2. Method of Stock Transfer	As filed on April 30, 2008 Organizational chart before the stock transfer showed Kookmin Bank Hong Kong and Kookmin Bank International below KB Real Estate Trust	As amended on July 17, 2008 Organizational chart before the stock transfer corrected to show Kookmin Bank Hong Kong and Kookmin Bank International below Kookmin Bank
Organizational structure before and after stock transfer		
3. Summary of Stock Transfer	August 4, 2008	July 30, 2008
I. Stock transfer schedule:		
Record date for determining stockholders for general meeting of stockholders		
3. Summary of Stock Transfer		Date of preliminary approval by the FSC: June 27, 2008
I. Stock transfer schedule:		
Other scheduled items		

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3. Summary of Stock Transfer	September 19, 2008	August 26, 2008
I. Stock transfer schedule:		
Expected date for public notice and announcement of invalidation of share certificates of companies that will become wholly-owned subsidiaries of KB Financial Group		
6. Details Regarding Exercise of Appraisal Rights	Under Article 62-2 of Financial Holding Companies Act (FHCA) and Article 191,	Under Article 62-2 of Financial Holding Companies Act (FHCA) and Article 191.
C. Share purchase price	Paragraph (3) of the SEA, if a stockholder who holds at least 30% of the total shares for which appraisal rights have been exercised, such stockholder may request that the FSC adjust the purchase price of such shares for which appraisal rights have been exercised (the Purchase Price).	Paragraph (3) of the SEA, if the Company or a stockholder who holds at least 30% of the total shares for which appraisal rights have been exercised, the Company or such stockholder, as the case may be, may request that the FSC adjust the purchase price of such shares for
(2) If Kookmin Bank and the stockholders are unable to determine the purchase price by mutual agreement:		which appraisal rights have been exercised (the Purchase Price ). (added language underlined)
6. Details Regarding Exercise of Appraisal Rights		Pursuant to the applicable tax laws, income tax, corporate tax or stock transfer tax may be assessed upon the exercise of appraisal rights.
E. Miscellaneous		

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The amended draft of the Articles of Incorporation of KB Financial Group Inc. included in the amended Stock Transfer Report is as follows:

#### ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF KB FINANCIAL GROUP DRAFT

Approved by an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of subsidiaries to which shares are to be transferred, on August [ ], 2008.

#### CHAPTER I

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### **Article 1** (Corporate Name)

The name of this company shall be KB Geumyung Jijoo , which shall be expressed in English as KB Financial Group Inc. (the Company ).

#### **Article 2** (Objective)

The objective of the Company shall be to engage in the following business activities:

- Control over or management of companies engaged in financial businesses or other companies related closely to the operations of financial businesses:
- 2. Financial support for the subsidiaries, etc. (including subsidiaries, subsidiaries of such subsidiaries (a Sub-subsidiary) and other companies controlled by a Sub-subsidiary, hereinafter the same);
- 3. Financing for investment in subsidiaries or providing financial support to subsidiaries, etc.;
- 4. Joint development and sales of products with subsidiaries, etc. and administration support for joint utilization of facilities and IT systems;
- 5. Lease and provision of brand, license, etc. to subsidiaries, etc.;
- 6. Other businesses permitted by laws and regulations; and
- 7. Any other businesses incidental or related to those in Items 1 through 6 of this Paragraph.

#### Article 3 (Location of Head Office and Establishment of Branches)

- (1) The Company shall have its head office in Seoul.
- (2) The Company may establish branches, liaison offices, representative offices or subsidiaries within or outside Korea, as it deems necessary, by the resolution of the Board of Directors.

# **Article 4** (Method of Public Notices)

Public notices of the Company shall be made in the Seoul Shinmun and Dong-a Ilbo, daily newspapers published in Seoul. However, if the Seoul Shinmun or Dong-a Ilbo is not available due to circumstances beyond the Company scontrol, the public notices of the Company shall be made in Chosun Ilbo and/or Joong-ang Ilbo in such order of preference.

#### CHAPTER II

#### SHARES

#### Article 5 (Total Number of Authorized Shares)

The total number of shares to be issued by the Company shall be one billion (1,000,000,000) shares.

#### **Article 6** (Par Value per Share)

The par value per share to be issued by the Company shall be five thousand (5,000) Won.

#### Article 7 (Number of Shares Issued at the Time of Incorporation)

The total number of shares issued at the time of incorporation of the Company shall be three hundred and fifty six million, three hundred and fifty one thousand, six hundred and ninety three (356,351,693) shares of common stock.

#### Article 8 (Types of Shares)

- (1) The shares to be issued by the Company shall be common shares in registered form and preferred shares in registered form. The shares shall be issued by a resolution of the Board of Directors.
- (2) Preferred shares in registered form may have preferential rights over the common shares with respect to the distribution of dividends or residual properties of the Company.

### **Article 9** (Share Certificates)

- (1) The share certificates of the Company shall be issued in the following eight (8) denominations: one (1), five (5), ten (10), fifty (50), one hundred (100), five hundred (500), one thousand (1,000) and ten thousand (10,000) shares.
- (2) The Company may split or consolidate share certificates at the request of shareholders.
- (3) The Company shall not issue share certificates in whole or in part of shares owned by a shareholder if such shareholder does not desire to receive share certificates corresponding to such shares.

#### Article 10 (Number and Description of Preferred Shares)

- (1) Preferred shares to be issued by the Company shall be non-voting, and the number thereof shall not exceed one half (1/2) of the total number of issued and outstanding shares.
- (2) The dividends on preferred shares shall be no less than one percent (1%) per annum of the par value and the rate thereof shall be determined by the Board of Directors at the time of issuance; *provided*, *that* in the case of the issuance of preferred shares whereby the rate of preferred dividends is adjustable, the Board of Directors shall determine the fact that the rate of preferred dividends are adjustable, the reasons for the adjustability, the base date for the adjustment and the method of adjustment at the time of issuance of such shares.
- (3) Preferred shares to be issued by the Company may be participating or non- participating, and accumulating or non- accumulating by the resolution of the Board of Directors.
- (4) If a resolution not to distribute dividends on preferred shares is adopted, then the preferred shares shall be deemed to have voting rights from the next General Meeting of Shareholders immediately following the General Meeting of Shareholders at which such resolution not to distribute dividends on preferred shares is adopted, to the end of the General Meeting of the Shareholders at which a resolution to distribute dividends on such preferred shares is adopted.
- (5) If the Company increases its capital by a shares offering or a bonus issue, the new shares to be assigned to preferred shares shall be common shares in the case of a shares offering and shall be the shares of same type in the case of a bonus issue.
- (6) Whether or not to specify the duration of preferred shares shall be determined by the resolution of the Board of Directors. If there is any duration of preferred shares, such duration shall be no less than one (1) year and no more than ten (10) years from the date of issuance, and such period of duration shall be determined by the Board of Directors at the time of issuance. If there is any duration of preferred shares, preferred shares shall be converted into common shares upon the expiration of the duration period. However, if the holders of the preferred shares do not receive dividends entitled to them during the duration period, then the duration period shall be extended until such holders receive in full the dividends to which they are entitled. In such a case, Article 15 shall apply *mutatis mutandis* with respect to the distribution of dividends for new shares issued upon conversion.

#### Article 11 (Convertible Shares)

- (1) The Company may, pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors, issue shares that are convertible into common shares or preferred shares, in an amount not exceeding 20% of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of the Company.
- (2) The issue price of the new shares issued upon conversion shall be equal to the issue price of shares prior to conversion, and the number of shares to be issued upon conversion shall be equal to the number of common shares or preferred shares prior to conversion.
- (3) The conversion period shall be determined by a resolution of the Board of Directors and shall be a period that commences not earlier than one (1) year, and ends no later than ten (10) years, from the issue date.
- (4) Article 15 shall apply *mutatis mutandis* with respect to the distribution of dividends for new shares issued upon conversion.

#### Article 12 (Redeemable Shares)

- (1) In the case of issuance of preferred shares, the Company may, pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors, issue such preferred shares as redeemable shares that may be redeemed with profits at the discretion of the Company or such shareholders.
- (2) The redemption price shall be the issue price + additional amount, where the additional amount shall be determined by a resolution of the Board of Directors at the time of issuance of such redeemable shares, considering various factors such as the dividend rate, market condition and general circumstances related to the issuance of such redeemable shares.
- (3) The redemption period for the redeemable shares shall be a period falling between (x) the day immediately following the close of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the fiscal year in which the redeemable shares were issued and (y) one month after the close of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the fiscal year in which the 20<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the issue date falls, as determined by a resolution of the Board of Directors; *provided*, *however*, *that* in the case of redeemable shares which are required to be redeemed by the Company upon the expiration of the redemption period, to the extent that any of the conditions listed below have occurred and remain outstanding, the redemption period shall be extended until such conditions have been resolved:
  - 1. The holders of the redeemable shares did not receive the preferred dividends to which they are entitled; or
  - 2. The Company is unable to redeem the redeemable shares during the redemption period due to a lack of sufficient profits.

- (4) The Company may redeem the redeemable shares in whole at once or in part; *provided that*, in the case of partial redemption, the Company may select the shares to be redeemed by lottery, or proportionally among each holder. Fractional shares resulting from proportional redemption shall not be redeemed.
- (5) If the Company wishes to redeem the redeemable shares, the Company shall provide public notice specifying its intention to redeem, the redeemable shares to be redeemed and the fact that the share certificates must be presented to the Company within a period of no less than one month. The Company must separately provide notice to the shareholders registered in the Company s registry of shareholders and the registered pledgees. Upon the expiration of the period mentioned above, the Company shall mandatorily redeem the redeemable shares.
- (6) At the time of issuance of redeemable shares, the Company may, pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors, issue the redeemable shares as convertible shares as provided for in Article 11 hereof.

#### **Article 13** (Preemptive Rights)

- (1) The shareholders of the Company shall have pre-emptive rights to subscribe for new shares to be issued by the Company in proportion to their respective shareholdings.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provision of Paragraph (1) above, the Company may allocate new shares to persons other than existing shareholders of the Company by the resolution of the Board of Directors, in any of the following instances:
  - 1. If the Company issues new shares for its capital increase by way of a general public offering, to the extent not exceeding <sup>50</sup>/100 of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Act (the SEA.);
  - 2. If the Company preferentially allocates new shares to members of the Employee Stock Ownership Association in accordance with the provisions of the SEA;
  - 3. If the Company issues new shares upon the exercise of stock options in accordance with the provisions of the SEA;
  - 4. If the Company issues new shares for the issuance of depositary receipts (DR), to the extent not exceeding 100 of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of the Company in accordance with the relevant provisions of the SEA, etc.;
  - 5. If the Company issues new shares to foreign or domestic financial institutions or institutional investors, to the extent not exceeding 50/100 of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of the Company, where such investment is deemed to be necessary for the management or operations of the Company; or

- 6. If the Company issues new shares to a third party who has provided money, loan, advanced financial technology or know-how to the Company, has close, cooperative business relations with the Company, or has contributed to the management of the Company, to the extent not exceeding 50/100 of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of the Company.
- (3) In the case of issuance of new shares pursuant to each item under Paragraph (2) above, the type and total number of shares to be issued and the issue price, etc. shall be determined by a resolution of the Board of Directors.
- (4) In the case a shareholder waives or loses the pre-emptive right to subscribe new shares, those shares not subscribed due to such waiver or loss of the pre-emptive right shall be disposed by a resolution of the Board of Directors. If fractional shares result from the allocation of new shares, such shares shall also be disposed of by a resolution of the Board of Directors.

#### Article 14 (Stock Options)

- (1) The Company may grant stock options to the officers and employees of the Company, its subsidiaries or Sub-subsidiaries prescribed under the relevant laws, such as the SEA, etc., pursuant to the provisions of the SEA, by a special resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders, to the extent not exceeding <sup>15</sup>/ 100 of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of the Company; *provided, however, that* the Company may grant stock options to the officers and employees other than directors, by a resolution of the Board of Directors, to the extent not exceeding one percent (1%) of the total number of issued and outstanding shares, in case of such the Company must obtain the approval of shareholders at the nearest forthcoming General Meeting of Shareholders.
- (2) The persons who are entitled to receive such stock options shall be officers and employees of the Company prescribed under Paragraph (1) above who have contributed, or are capable of contributing, to the management or technical innovation of the Company, except for officers or employees in any of the following cases:
  - 1. The Largest Shareholder of the Company and Specially Related Persons thereof (as defined in the SEA and the Enforcement Decree of the SEA, hereinafter, the same), except for such persons who are deemed Specially Related Persons upon becoming officers (including an officer who is a non-standing officer of any affiliate company) of the Company;
  - 2. Major Shareholders (as defined in the SEA, hereinafter, the same) of the Company, and Specially Related Persons thereof, except for such persons who are deemed Specially Related Persons upon becoming officers (including an officer who is a non-standing officer of any affiliate company) of the Company; and

- 3. Persons who become Major Shareholders of the Company through exercise of their stock options.
- (3) The shares to be issued upon the exercise of stock options shall be common shares or preferred shares, both of which shall be in registered form.
- (4) The total number of shares to be given to one (1) officer or employee pursuant to the stock option shall not exceed \(^{1}\)/100 of the total number of shares issued and outstanding.
- (5) The exercise price per share for the stock option shall be determined in accordance with the relevant laws, such as the SEA, etc. Adjustment of exercise price shall be determined likewise.
- (6) Stock options may be exercised during the period as decided by a resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders or Board of Directors, at the time that the stock options are granted. Such exercise period shall fall between the date commencing from the 2nd anniversary of the date that a resolution was made to grant such stock options (as provided in Paragraph (1) above) until a date not later than the 7th anniversary of such resolution date.
- (7) A stock option is exercisable by a person who has served the Company for two (2) years or more from the date specified in Paragraph (1) above at which a resolution to grant such stock option was adopted. If the grantee s continuous service terminates by reason of the grantee s death, attainment of mandatory retirement age or for reasons other than by the fault of the grantee within two (2) years from the said date of resolution, the option may be exercisable within the exercise period.
- (8) In the case of granting the stock options, the Company may condition the exercise of the stock options upon achieving a detailed set of performance goals, and may cancel all or a portion of the stock options or postpone the exercise of stock options if such condition is not satisfied.
- (9) In the following instances, the Company may, by a resolution of the Board of Directors, cancel the stock options:
  - When the relevant officer or employee voluntarily resigns or retires from his or her position at the Company after receiving the stock option;
  - 2. When the relevant officer or employee inflicts material damage or losses on the Company due to his or her willful misconduct or negligence;
  - 3. When the Company cannot respond to the exercise of stock options due to its bankruptcy, dissolution, etc.;
  - 4. When a measure of accusation or notification to the criminal investigation authority of any violations of the SEA of an officer or an employee of the Company who had been granted stock options is taken against such officer or employee or a recommendation of dismissal from the office under the SEA is given to such officer or employee by the Financial Services Commission (the FSC); or
  - 5. When there occurs any other event for cancellation of the stock option pursuant to the stock option agreement.

#### **Article 15** (Issuance Date of New Shares for the Purpose of Dividends)

In case the Company issues new shares through a share offering, bonus issue, stock options and/or stock dividend, the new shares shall be deemed to have been issued at the end of the fiscal year immediately prior to the fiscal year during which the new shares are issued for the purpose of distribution of dividends for such new shares.

#### Article 16 (Transfer Agent)

- (1) The Company shall designate a transfer agent for shares.
- (2) The transfer agent, its place of business and the scope of its agency business shall be determined by a resolution of the Board of Directors and a public notice thereof shall be given.
- (3) The shareholders registry or duplicates thereof shall be kept at the business place of the transfer agent and the alterations in the registry of shareholders, registration of creation and cancellation of pledges over shares, indication of trust assets and cancellation thereof with respect to shares, issuance of share certificates, receipt of reports and other related activities shall be conducted by the transfer agent.
- (4) The procedure provided for in Paragraph (3) above shall be regulated by the Regulation on Securities Transfer Agency Business of Transfer Agent, etc.

#### Article 17 (Report of Addresses, Names and Seals or Signatures of Shareholders and Others)

- (1) Shareholders and registered pledgees shall file their names, addresses, and seals or signatures with the transfer agent under Article 16 above.
- (2) Shareholders and registered pledgees who reside in a foreign country should report to the Company appointed agents and the addresses in Korea to which notices are to be sent.
- (3) The same shall apply in case of any changes in the matters referred to in Paragraphs (1) and (2) above.

### Article 18 (Close of Shareholders Registry and Record Date)

- (1) The Company shall suspend entries of alteration of the shareholders registry from the 1 to the 31st of January of each year.
- (2) The shareholders registered in the shareholders registry as of December 31 of each fiscal year shall be entitled to exercise the rights as shareholders at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders convened for such fiscal year.
- (3) The Company may, if necessary for convening of an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders or any other necessary cases, suspend any entry into the shareholders registry with respect to shareholders rights for a period not exceeding

three (3) months as determined by a resolution of the Board of Directors, or cause the shareholders whose names appear in the shareholders registry on a record date set by a resolution of the Board of Directors to exercise their rights as shareholders. If the Board of Directors deems it necessary, the Company may suspend any entry into the shareholders registry and set the record date at the same time. The Company shall give at least two (2) weeks prior notice to the public.

(4) Notwithstanding the provision of the last sentence of Paragraph (3) above, if prescribed otherwise by the Financial Holding Companies Act and other relevant laws and regulations, such laws may prevail.

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#### CHAPTER III

#### **BONDS**

#### Article 19 (Issuance of Convertible Bonds)

- (1) The Company may issue to persons other than existing shareholders of the Company convertible bonds, by the resolution of the Board of Directors, to the extent that the total face value of the bonds shall not exceed two trillion five hundred billion (2,500,000,000,000) Won, in the following cases:
  - 1. If the Company issues convertible bonds through a general public offering;
  - 2. If the Company issues convertible bonds to domestic or foreign financial institutions or institutional investors in order to raise the fund to meet urgent need; or
  - 3. If the Company issues convertible bonds to a third party who has provided money, loan, advanced financial technology or know-how to the Company, has close, cooperative business relations with the Company, or has contributed to the management of the Company.
- (2) The Board of Directors may determine that the convertible bonds referred to in Paragraph (1) may be issued on the condition that conversion rights will be attached to only a portion of the convertible bonds.
- (3) The shares to be issued upon conversion shall be common shares or preferred shares. The conversion price, which shall be equal to or more than the face value of the shares, shall be determined by the Board of Directors at the time of issuance of convertible bonds.
- (4) The conversion period shall commence on the date following three (3) months from the issue date of the convertible bonds and end on the date immediately preceding the redemption date thereof. However, the conversion period may be adjusted within the above period by a resolution of the Board of Directors.
- (5) For the purpose of any distribution of dividends on the shares issued upon conversion and any payment of accrued interest on the convertible bonds, Article 15 hereof shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

#### Article 20 (Bonds with Warrants)

- (1) The Company may issue to persons other than existing shareholders of the Company bonds with warrants, by the resolution of the Board of Directors, to the extent that the total face value of the bonds shall not exceed two trillion five hundred billion (2,500,000,000,000) Won, in the following cases:
  - 1. If the Company issues bonds with warrants through a general public offering;

2.

If the Company issues bonds with warrants to domestic or foreign financial institutions or institutional investors in order to raise the fund to meet urgent need; or

- 3. If the Company issues bonds with warrants to a third party who has provided money, loan, advanced financial technology or know-how to the Company, has close, cooperative business relations with the Company, or has contributed to the management of the Company.
- (2) The amount of new shares which can be subscribed for by the holders of the bonds with warrants shall be determined by the Board of Directors to the extent that the maximum amount of such new shares shall not exceed the face value of the bonds with warrants.
- (3) The shares to be issued upon exercise of warrants shall be common shares or preferred shares. The issue price, which shall be equal to or more than the face value of the shares, shall be determined by the Board of Directors at the time of issuance of bonds with warrants.
- (4) The warrant exercise period shall commence on the date following three (3) months from the issue date of the relevant bonds and end on the date immediately preceding the redemption date thereof. However, the warrant period may be adjusted within the above period by resolution of the Board of Directors.
- (5) For the purpose of any distribution of dividends on the shares issued upon exercise of warrants, Article 15 hereof shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

### Article 21 (Issuance of Participating Bonds)

- (1) The Company may issue participating bonds to persons other than existing shareholders by the resolution of Board of Directors; to the extent that the total face value of the bonds shall not exceed one trillion (1,000,000,000,000) Won, in the following cases:
  - 1. If the Company issues participating bonds through a general public offering;
  - 2. If the Company issues participating bonds to domestic or foreign financial institutions or institutional investors in order to raise the fund to meet urgent need; or
  - If the Company issues participating bonds to a third party who has provided money, loan, advanced financial technology or know-how to the Company, has close, cooperative business relations with the Company, or has contributed to the management of the Company.
- (2) The matters about participation in any distribution of dividends on bonds issued pursuant to Article (1) above shall be determined by the resolution of the Board of Directors on the basis of the distribution of dividends on common shares at the time of issuance.

#### Article 22 (Applicable Provisions for the Issuance of Bonds)

The provisions of Articles 16 and 17 hereof shall be applicable to the issuance of bonds.

#### CHAPTER IV

#### GENERAL MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

#### **Article 23** (Convening of General Meetings of Shareholders)

- (1) General Meetings of Shareholders of the Company shall be of two types: (i) Ordinary and (ii) Extraordinary.
- (2) The Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders shall be held within three (3) months after the end of each fiscal year and the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders may be convened whenever deemed necessary.

#### Article 24 (Authority to Convene)

- (1) The Representative Director shall convene the General Meeting of Shareholders in accordance with a resolution by the Board of Directors, unless otherwise prescribed by other laws and ordinances.
- (2) If the Representative Director is unable to perform his/her duties, Article 41, Paragraph (2) shall apply mutatis mutandis.

#### Article 25 (Personal or Public Notices for Convening)

- (1) Written or electronic notice of the General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company shall state the date, time, place of the Meeting, the purposes for which the Meeting has been called. The written or electronic notice shall be sent to all shareholders at least two (2) weeks prior to the date set for such Meeting.
- (2) The written or electronic notice of a General Meeting of Shareholders under Paragraph (1) above to be given to shareholders holding one-hundredth (1/100) or less of the total issued and outstanding voting shares may be substituted by giving public notice of the convening of the General Meeting of Shareholders in the Seoul Shinmun and the Dong-a Ilbo, which are published in the city of Seoul and at least two (2) notices are made in the said publications two (2) weeks prior to the date set for such Meeting; *provided that*, if the Seoul Shinmun and the Dong-a Ilbo are not available due to circumstances beyond the Company s control, the public notices shall be given in the order of the Chosun Ilbo and the Joongang Ilbo.

#### **Article 26** (Place of Meeting)

The General Meeting of Shareholders shall be held in the city where the head office is located or any other places adjacent thereto as required.

#### Article 27 (Chairman of the General Meeting of Shareholders)

The person who has the authority to convene the General Meeting of Shareholders under Article 24 above shall be the Chairman of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

#### Article 28 (Chairman s Authority to Maintain Order)

- (1) The Chairman of the General Meeting of Shareholders may order persons who purposely speak or act in a manner that disrupts or inhibits the deliberations of the General Meeting of Shareholders or who otherwise disturb the public order of the General Meeting of Shareholders to desist, retract his/her remarks, or to leave the place of meeting.
- (2) The Chairman of the General Meeting of Shareholders may restrict the length and frequency of the speech of shareholders if it is necessary for the orderly conduct of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

#### Article 29 (Voting Rights)

- (1) Each shareholder shall have one (1) vote for each share he/she owns.
- (2) If the Company, any of its parent company and subsidiary or subsidiaries hold shares exceeding one tenth (1/10) of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of another company, the shares of the Company held by such other company shall not have voting rights.

#### Article 30 (Split Voting)

- (1) If any shareholder who holds two (2) or more votes wishes to split his/her votes, he/she shall notify in writing the Company of such intent and the reasons therefor no later than three (3) days before the date set for the General Meeting of Shareholders.
- (2) The Company may refuse to allow the shareholder to split his/her votes unless the shareholder acquired the shares in trust or otherwise holds the shares for and on behalf of some other person.

#### Article 31 (Voting by Proxy)

- (1) A shareholder may exercise his/her voting rights by proxy.
- (2) In the case of Paragraph (1) above, the proxy holder shall file with the Company the documents (power of attorney) evidencing the authority to act as a proxy before the General Meeting of Shareholders.

#### **Article 32** (Method of Resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders)

Except as otherwise provided in the applicable laws and regulations, all resolutions of the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the shareholders present; provided that such votes shall, in any event, represent not less than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of the total number of issued and outstanding shares.

#### Article 33 (Exercise of Voting Rights in Writing)

- (1) If the method of written resolutions at the General Meeting of Shareholders is adopted by the resolution of the Board of Directors, at which the convening of the General Meeting of Shareholders is determined, the shareholders may exercise their voting rights in writing without attending the meeting.
- (2) In the case of Paragraph (1), the Company shall send the documents and references necessary for the exercise of the voting rights, together with the convening notice of the General Meeting of Shareholders.
- (3) If a shareholder intends to exercise his/her voting rights in writing, the shareholder shall fill in and submit to the Company the documents referred to in Paragraph (2) one day before the date set for the General Meeting of Shareholders.

#### **Article 34** (Minutes of the General Meetings of Shareholders)

The substance of the course of the proceedings of the General Meeting of Shareholders and the results thereof shall be recorded in the minutes and shall be preserved at the head office and branches of the Company, after being affixed with the names and seal impressions or signatures of the Chairman and the Directors present.

#### CHAPTER V

#### DIRECTORS AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Article 35	(The Number of Directors)

- (1) The Company shall have not more than thirty (30) Directors.
- (2) The number of Non-executive Directors shall be more than one half  $(^{1}/2)$  of the total number of Directors and five (5) or more.

#### **Article 36** (Election of Director)

- (1) The Directors shall be elected at the General Meeting of Shareholders.
- (2) Non-executive Directors shall be recommended by the Non-executive Director Nominating Committee pursuant to Article 47 and elected at the General Meeting of Shareholders.

#### Article 37 (Qualification of Non-executive Directors)

Non-executive Directors shall be well qualified and sufficiently experienced in a related field of study, including finance, economics, management, law, accounting, journalism, etc., and shall have a good public reputation with any of the following qualifications and shall not be disqualified under any applicable laws and regulations including the Financial Holding Companies Act, etc.:

- 1. A professional manager or executive official (a qualified person who is or used to be an executive official or of a higher rank in a Stock listed corporation or a KOSDAQ listed corporation, or treated as the same);
- 2. A professor (or of a higher rank) who is or used to be in authorized colleges, or treated as the same;
- 3. A lawyer or CPA (Certified Public Accountants) with at least 5-year work experience;
- 4. A person who has served in finance related organizations with at least 10-year work experience; or
- 5. A person who is recognized by the Board of Directors as the same through 1 to 4.

#### Article 38 (Term of Director)

- (1) A Director shall be appointed to a term of office of three (3) years, and may be re-appointed; *provided*, *that* such term may be otherwise determined at the General Meeting of Shareholders to the extent it does not exceed three (3) years.
- (2) If the term of office expires after the end of a fiscal year but before the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders convened in respect of such fiscal year, the term of office shall be extended up to the close of such General Meeting of Shareholders.
- (3) Unless otherwise prescribed by General Meeting of Shareholders, the term of office of the Director shall commence from the date of appointment.

#### Article 39 (By-election of Directors)

- (1) In the event of any interim vacancy in the office of the Director, a substitute Director shall be elected at the General Meeting of Shareholders; *provided, however, that* the foregoing shall not apply if the number of remaining Directors satisfies the requirement Article 35 hereof and such vacancy does not cause any difficulties in business operation of the Company.
- (2) If the number of Non-executive Directors does not satisfy the requirement referred to in Article 35 due to the death or resignation of Non-executive Directors, etc., Non-executive Directors shall be elected to fill the vacancy at the first General Meeting of Shareholders to be held after such occurrence so as to cause the number of Non-executive Directors to be such prescribed number.

#### Article 40 (Appointment of Representative Director, et al.)

The Company may appoint several Representative Directors by the resolution of the Board of Directors.

### Article 41 (Duties of Directors)

- (1) The Representative Director shall represent the Company and shall perform the matters resolved by the Board of Directors and oversee the business of the Company as determined by the Board of Directors.
- (2) Directors who are not Non-executive Directors shall assist the Representative Director, and divide and perform their respective duties as may be determined by the Representative Director. In the case of an absence of, or an accident caused to, the Representative Director, the Directors shall take his/her place as the Representative Director in accordance with their order of priority as determined by the Board of Directors.

#### Article 42 (Director s Obligation)

(1) Directors shall attend the meeting of the Board of Directors and shall perform their respective duties faithfully. During his/her service period and after his/her retirement, Directors shall not disclose trade secrets of the Company obtained in the course of his/her performance of duties.

(2)	If any Director finds any facts which may cause substantial losses to the Company, such Director shall promptly report to the Audit
	Committee thereof.

#### **Article 43** (Composition and Convening of the Meeting of Board of Directors)

- (1) The Board of Directors shall consist of Directors, and shall resolve important matters regarding the business affairs of the Company.
- (2) The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be elected among the Directors by a resolution of the Board of Directors.
- (3) The Meeting of the Board of Directors shall be convened at least once per fiscal quarter.
- (4) The Meeting of the Board of Directors shall be convened by giving notice to each Director at least three (3) days prior to the scheduled date of such Meeting. In the absence of or if accidents are caused to the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Director(s) as determined by the Board of Directors shall take his/her place as the Representative Director. However, the said notice period may be shortened in urgent cases and the said procedures may be omitted with the consent thereon of all Directors.
- (5) Matters to be resolved by the Board of Directors, and other matters regarding the operation of the Board of Directors shall be determined in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors.

#### Article 44 (Method of Resolution)

- (1) The quorum for the Board of Directors shall be the presence of at least more than one half (1/2) of the Directors, and all resolutions of the Board of Directors shall require the affirmative votes of a majority of the Directors present at the meeting of the Board of Directors; provided that amendment of the Articles of Incorporation, appointment of the Representative Director, amendment of resolutions of the Audit Committee and other matters requiring the resolution of General Meeting of Shareholders shall be adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors in office.
- (2) The Board meetings may be held by means of a videoconference or other similar arrangement whereby all or part of the Directors may participate in the meeting and vote on matters at the same time. In such case, a Director participating in the meeting by such arrangement shall be considered present at the meeting.
- (3) Any Director who has an interest in the matters to be resolved at the Meeting of the Board of Directors shall not be entitled to vote at such Meeting.

#### Article 45 (Minutes of the Meeting of Board of Directors)

- (1) The proceedings of a Board meeting shall be recorded in the minutes.
- (2) The agenda, proceedings, resolutions, dissenting director (if any) and his/her reasons for dissenting of a Board meeting shall be recorded in the minutes on which the names and seals of the Directors present at the meeting shall be affixed or signed by them.

#### Article 46 (Power and Obligation of the Board of Directors to the Wholly-Owned Subsidiary, etc.)

- (1) The Board of Directors shall retain the power to give advice, corrective recommendation and request for submission of materials with respect to the matters of management of the subsidiary of which the total issued and outstanding shares are owned by the Company (Wholly-Owned Subsidiary), and the Sub-subsidiary company of which the total issued and outstanding shares are owned by the Wholly-Owned Subsidiary (Wholly-Owned Sub-subsidiary), and Wholly-Owned Subsidiary, etc. together with Wholly-Owned Subsidiary).
- (2) When exercising the power under Paragraph (1) above, the Board of Directors shall be liable for the followings:
  - 1. The Board of Directors shall not hinder the soundness of management, consumer s right and the sound order of financial transactions;
  - 2. During his/her service period and after his/her retirement, Directors shall not disclose trade secrets of the Wholly-Owned Subsidiary, etc. obtained in the course of his/her performance of duties; and
  - 3. The Board of Directors shall not violate the relevant laws and regulations.
- (3) The Board of Directors shall set up the standards of internal compliance in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations such as Financial Holding Companies Act in order to supervise the subsidiaries and Sub-subsidiaries of the Company, and may appoint the compliance officer to inspect compliance of such standards.

### Article 47 (Committees)

- (1) The Company may establish various committees including following committees within the Board of Directors as determined by the resolution of the Board of Directors for the purposes of smooth operation of the Board of Directors and effective management of the Company:
  - 1. Board Steering Committee;
  - 2. Management Strategy Committee;
  - 3. Risk Management Committee;

- 4. Evaluation and Compensation Committee;
- 5. Non-executive Director Nominating Committee; and
- 6. Audit Committee Member Nominating Committee.
- (2) Matters regarding the composition, power, operation, etc. of each committee shall be determined by the resolution of the Board of Directors.
- (3) Article 43, Paragraph (4), Article 44 and Article 45 shall apply mutatis mutandis with respect to the committees.

#### Article 48 (Remuneration for Directors, etc.)

The remuneration and severance pay for the Directors shall be determined by a resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

#### Article 49 (Consultants)

The Company may retain consultants, honorary directors, advisors, etc. by a resolution of the Board of Directors.

#### CHAPTER VI

#### AUDIT COMMITTEE

#### **Article 50** (Constitution of Audit Committee)

- (1) The Company shall establish an Audit Committee, as prescribed by the Financial Holding Companies Act and other applicable laws and regulations instead of an auditor.
- (2) The Audit Committee of the Company shall consist of three (3) or more Non-executive Directors, who are recommended by the Audit Committee Member Nominating Committee, which is composed of all Non-executive Directors under Article 41-2 of the Financial Holding Companies Act.
- (3) Two-thirds (2/3) of the members of the Audit Committee shall be elected from the Non-executive Directors. The members of the Audit Committee who are not Non-executive Directors shall satisfy the requirements of Article 41, Paragraph (3) of the Financial Holding Companies Act.
- (4) The Members of the Audit Committee shall have any of the following qualifications and not less than one of the members of the Audit Committee shall be a professional in financial affairs pursuant to the relevant laws:
  - 1. A licensed person such as lawyer, CPA with at least 5-year work experience in the licensed business;
  - 2. A person who has been a researcher in the institutions or a full-time instructor in colleges, having a master s degree in law or economics-business with at least 5-year work experience;
  - 3. A person who has been served as a professional in accounting, internal compliance, audit, Information Technology (IT) and so on with at least 10-year work experience in finance related organizations;
  - 4. A person who has served as an executive official for at least 5-year, or as an employee who has a specific and practical knowledge in economics, business, law, accounts and the like for at least 10-year in Stock listed corporations or KOSDAQ listed corporations; or
  - 5. A person who is recognized as being equivalently qualified as those listed in items 1 through 4 by the Board of Directors or General Meeting of the Shareholders.

- (5) The Chairman of the Audit Committee shall be elected among the members who are Non-executive Directors by a resolution of the Audit Committee.
- (6) If the number of members of the Audit Committee does not satisfy the requirement referred to Paragraph (3) due to the death or resignation of members or any other reason, the members shall be elected to fill the vacancy at the first General Meeting of Shareholders to be held after such occurrence so as to cause the number of members to be such prescribed number.

#### Article 51 (Duties of Audit Committee)

- (1) The Audit Committee shall audit Directors performance of their duties and may request business reports from any Director, or investigate the business and status of property of the Company.
- (2) The Audit Committee shall inspect the matters listed in the agenda of, and documents submitted to, a General Meeting of Shareholders to investigate whether there is any event violating the laws or these Articles of Incorporation and the Chairman of the Audit Committee shall express his/her opinion to the General Meeting of Shareholders.
- (3) The Audit Committee may request the Board of Directors to convene the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders by submitting documents stating the agenda and reasons for convening such meeting.
- (4) The Audit Committee may request business reports from any subsidiary of the Company when it is necessary to perform its duties. In this case, if such subsidiary does not report to the Audit Committee immediately or the Audit Committee needs to verify the contents of the reports, it may investigate the status of business and the financial condition of the subsidiary.
- (5) The Audit Committee shall retain the power to audit the status of the operation and property and to request the submission of materials in relation to the managerial matters of the Wholly-Owned Subsidiary, etc. and with respect to the exercise of such power Article 46 Paragraph (2) shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the liability of the Audit Committee.
- (6) In the selection and appointment of an external auditor, the Audit Committee shall approve it.
- (7) In addition to the matters referred to in Paragraphs (1) through (6), the Audit Committee shall carry out the matters delegated by the Board of Directors.

#### Article 52 (Audit Committee s Record)

The Audit Committee shall record the substance and results of its audit in the Audit Committee s record, on which the name and seal of the Audit Committee Member who has performed such audit shall be affixed or shall be signed by such Audit Committee Member.

#### CHAPTER VII

#### ACCOUNTING

#### Article 53 (Fiscal Year)

The fiscal year of the Company shall begin on January 1 and end on December 31 of each year.

#### Article 54 (Preparation and Maintenance of Financial Statements and Business Report, etc.)

- (1) The Representative Director of the Company shall prepare the following documents to be submitted to the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, together with supplementary data and business reports, and have such documents audited by the Audit Committee no later than six (6) weeks before the date of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders:
  - 1. balance sheet:
  - 2. statements of profit and loss; and
  - 3. statement of appropriation of retained earnings or statement of disposition of deficit.
- (2) The Audit Committee shall submit an audit report to the Representative Director no later than one (1) week before the date of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.
- (3) The Representative Director shall keep on file copies of the documents described in Paragraph (1) above, together with the business report and Audit Committee s audit report thereon, at the head office of the Company for five (5) years, and certified copies of all of such documents at the branches of the Company for three (3) years, beginning from one (1) week before the date of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.
- (4) Upon obtaining approval for the documents mentioned in Paragraph (1) above from the General Meeting of Shareholders, within three (3) months from the end of the relevant fiscal year, the Representative Director shall make a public notice of the balance sheet, income statement, consolidated financial statements pursuant to the Act on External Audit of Stock Companies which are designated by the FSC and the opinion of an external auditor. In doing so, notwithstanding the provisions of Article 4, the Company may use the means of electronic document as prescribed by Article 55-2 of the Financial Holding Companies Act.

## Article 55 (Appointment of External Auditor)

The Company shall appoint the external auditor with the approval of the Audit Committee, and shall report such fact to the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to be held first after such appointment.

## Article 56 (Disposal of Profits)

earned surplus reserves;

other statutory reserves;

1.

2.

(1)

(3)

(4)

The Comp	anv shall	dispose of	the unapprop	oriated retained	earnings as	of the end of	of each fiscal	year as follows:

	3.	dividends;
	4.	temporary reserves; and
	5.	other appropriations of earned surplus.
Arti	icle 57	7 (Retirement of Shares)
(1)	The	Company may retire the shares within the scope of profits attributable to the shareholders by the resolution of the Board of Directors.
(2)	In o	rder to retire the shares pursuant to Paragraph (1), the Board of Directors shall adopt the following resolutions:
	1.	Types and the total number of shares to be retired;
	2.	The total amount of shares to be acquired for retirement; and
	3.	Acquisition period or retirement date (the acquisition period or retirement date shall be before the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to be held first after the resolution of such retirement).
(3)	In ca	ase of acquisition of shares for the purpose of retirement pursuant to Paragraph (1), the following criteria shall be followed:
	1.	In the case of acquisition of shares for the purpose of retirement, such acquisition shall be made in accordance with the method and criteria as prescribed in the relevant laws, such as the SEA, etc.
	2.	Total price of the shares to be acquired for the purpose of retirement shall not be more than the amount as prescribed in the relevant laws, such as the SEA, etc. within the scope available for dividend as at the end of such fiscal year pursuant to Article 462, Paragraph (1) of the Commercial Code.
(4)		en the shares are retired pursuant to Paragraph (1), the matters referred to in each Subparagraph of Paragraph (2) and the results of ement shall be reported to the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to be held first after the resolution of such retirement.

#### Article 58 (Dividends)

- (1) Dividends may be distributed in cash or stock.
- (2) In case the dividends are to be distributed in stock and the Company has several classes of shares, the stock dividend distribution may be made in shares of different types by a resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders.
- (3) Dividends of Paragraph (1) above shall be paid to the shareholders registered in the Company s registry of shareholders or the registered pledgees as of the last day of each fiscal year.

#### Article 59 (Quarterly Dividends)

- (1) The Company may distribute cash dividends to the shareholders as of the end of March, June or September by resolution of the Board of Directors.
- (2) Quarterly Dividends provided under Paragraph (1) shall be decided by a resolution of the Board of Directors, provided that the specific method and limit, etc. of quarterly dividends shall satisfy the relevant laws and regulations including the SEA, etc.
- (3) In case the Company issues new shares through a shares offering, bonus issue, stock dividend, conversion of convertible bonds, exercise of warrant of bond with warrants or stock options, the new shares shall be deemed to have been issued at the end of the fiscal year immediately prior to the fiscal year during which the new shares are issued with respect to distribution of dividends for such new shares.
- (4) In case of distributing quarterly dividends, the same dividend rate as that of common shares of the Company shall be applied to the preferred shares, unless otherwise determined at the time of issuance.

#### Article 60 (Expiration of Right to Payment of Dividends)

- (1) The right to demand payment of dividends shall extinguish by prescription if not exercised within five (5) years.
- (2) The dividends, for which the right has been extinguished under Paragraph (1) above, shall be kept by the Company.

#### **Article 61 (Supplementary Provision)**

Matters not specified in these Articles of Incorporation shall be determined by the resolution of the Board of Directors or the General Meeting of Shareholders, or in accordance with the Commercial Code or other laws.

#### ADDENDUM

#### **Article 1** (Effective Date)

These Articles of Incorporation shall become effective from the date of registration of incorporation.

#### **Article 2** (Initial Fiscal Year after Incorporation)

Notwithstanding the provision of Article 53, the initial fiscal year of the Company after incorporation shall be from the date of incorporation to December 31, 2008.

#### **Article 3** (Initial Transfer Agent after Incorporation)

The initial transfer agent of the Company after incorporation shall be Korea Securities Depository.

#### Article 4 (Appointment of Initial Director, Representative Director, et al. after Incorporation)

Notwithstanding the provisions of Articles 36 and 39, the initial Directors and the initial Representative Director after incorporation shall be appointed at the General Meetings of Shareholders of the Stock Transfer Companies, at which the resolution to approve the stock transfer is adopted.

### **Article 5** (Term of Office of Initial Director after Incorporation)

Notwithstanding the provisions of Articles 38, the term of office of the initial Directors after incorporation shall be determined, to the extent it does not exceed three (3) years, at the General Meetings of Shareholders of the Stock Transfer Companies at which the stock transfer plan is approved.

#### **Article 6** (Appointment of Initial Non-executive Director after Incorporation)

Notwithstanding the provision of Article 36, Paragraph (2), the initial Non-executive Directors of the Company after incorporation shall be appointed at the General Meetings of Shareholders of the Stock Transfer Companies, at which the resolution to approve the stock transfer is adopted, without recommendation of the Non-executive Director Nominating Committee.

#### Article 7 (Appointment of Initial Members of Audit Committee after Incorporation)

Notwithstanding the provision of Article 50, Paragraph (2), the initial members of the Audit Committee shall be appointed at the General Meetings of Shareholders of the Stock Transfer Companies, at which the resolution to approve the stock transfer is adopted, without recommendation of the Audit Committee Member Nominating Committee.

#### **Article 8** (Remuneration of Directors in Initial Fiscal Year after Incorporation)

Notwithstanding the provision of Article 48, the remuneration of Directors in initial fiscal year after incorporation shall be determined at the first meeting of the Board of Directors after incorporation, to the extent not exceeding two (2) billion Won.

#### **Article 9** (Stock Transfer Companies)

In order to incorporate the Company, the following Stock Transfer Companies hereby prepare these Articles of Incorporation and affix their respective names and seals hereon on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 2008.

Kookmin Bank

9-1, 2ga, Namdaemun-ro, Jung-gu, Seoul

Representative Director President, Chung Won Kang (Seal)

KB Real Estate Trust Co., Ltd.

15~16th Floor, Poonglim Building, 823 Yeoksam-dong, Gangnum-gu, Seoul

Representative Director CEO, Jeong Min Kim (Seal)

KB Investment Co., Ltd.

9th Floor, Shinyoung Building, 68-5 Cheongdam-dong, Gangnam-gu, Seoul

Representative Director CEO, Nam Sik Yang (Seal)

KB Credit Information Co., Ltd.

12th Floor Korea Exchange Building, 33 Yeoido-dong, Yeongdeungpo-gu, Seoul

Representative Director CEO, Sung Bok Park (Seal)

KB Data Systems Co., Ltd.

5,6th Floor, Korea Exchange Building, 33 Yeoido-dong, Yeongdeungpo-gu, Seoul

Representative Director CEO, Yeon Geun Jung (Seal)

KB Asset Management Co., Ltd.

25th Floor, Good Morning Tower 23-2, Yeoido-dong, Yeongdeungpo-gu, Seoul

Representative Director CEO, Won Ki Lee (Seal)

KB Futures Co., Ltd.

9th Floor, HP Building 23-6, Yeoido-dong, Yeongdeungpo-gu, Seoul, Korea

Representative Director CEO, Kyu Hyung Jung (Seal)

KB Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.

21, 22<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Good Morning Tower 23-2, Yeoido-dong, Yeongdeungpo-gu, Seoul

Representative Director CEO, Myung Han Kim (Seal)