ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GROUP PLC Form 6-K August 05, 2011

## FORM 6-K SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington D.C. 20549

Report of Foreign Private Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For August 5, 2011

Commission File Number: 001-10306

The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc

RBS, Gogarburn, PO Box 1000 Edinburgh EH12 1HQ

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check	mark whether the registrant	files or will file annual rep	ports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-	F.
	Form 20-F X	Form 40-F		
Indicate by check 101(b)(1):	•	nitting the Form 6-K in pa	aper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule	
Indicate by check 101(b)(7):	C	nitting the Form 6-K in pa	aper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule	
•	E .	•	tion contained in this Form is also thereby b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934	4.
	Yes	No X		
If "Yes" is marked	, indicate below the file num	iber assigned to the registi	rant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-	

The following information was issued as a Company announcement in London, England and is furnished pursuant to General Instruction B to the General Instructions to Form 6-K:

### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

### Risk management: Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss due to the failure of customers or counterparties to meet payment obligations. The quantum and nature of credit risk assumed across the Group's different businesses varies considerably, while the overall credit risk outcome usually exhibits a high degree of correlation with the macroeconomic environment.

Loans and advances to customers by industry and geography

The table below shows loans and advances to customers excluding reverse repos and assets of disposal groups.

	30 June 2011 Non-			31	March 20 Non-	)11	31 December 2010 Non-		
	Core	Core	Total	Core	Core	Total	Core	Core	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Control and least									
Central and local	6 574	1 507	0.001	5 650	1 5 1 4	7 164	6 701	1 671	0.450
government	6,574	1,507	8,081	5,650	1,514	7,164	6,781	1,671	8,452
Finance	47,545	5,038	52,583	47,797	7,559	55,356	46,910	7,651	54,561
Residential	1.4.4.00	<i>5 5</i> 00	1.40.000	1.40.000	5 (70	1.40.500	1.40.250	( 1.40	146 501
mortgages	144,400	-	149,909	142,920		148,598	140,359		146,501
Personal lending	32,224	3,229	35,453	32,362	3,482	35,844	33,581	3,891	37,472
Property	44,539	42,862	87,401	45,038	43,866	88,904	42,455	47,651	90,106
Construction	8,525	3,070	11,595	9,011	3,231	12,242	8,680	3,352	12,032
Manufacturing	24,068	6,293	30,361	24,621	6,295	30,916	25,797	6,520	32,317
Service industries									
and									
business activities - retail, wholesale									
and repairs	22,123	2,598	24,721	22,185	2,802	24,987	21,974	3,191	25,165
- transport and	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
storage	15,243	6,449	21,692	15,402	7,090	22,492	15,946	8,195	24,141
- health, education	- , -	-, -	,	-, -	.,	, -	- ,	-,	,
and									
recreation	16,707	1,547	18,254	16,391	1,460	17,851	17,456	1,865	19,321
- hotels and	10,707	1,0	10,20	10,071	1,.00	17,001	17,.00	1,000	17,021
restaurants	8,028	1,452	9,480	8,090	1,452	9,542	8,189	1,492	9,681
- utilities	7,487	2,010	9,497	7,679	2,016	9,695	7,098	2,110	9,208
- other	25,128	4,966	30,094	22,876	5,892	28,768	24,464	5,530	29,994
Agriculture, forestry		1,200	30,071	22,070	3,072	20,700	21,101	3,330	20,001
and									
fishing	3,791	123	3,914	3,741	130	3,871	3,758	135	3,893
Finance leases and	3,771	123	3,714	3,771	130	3,071	3,730	133	3,073
instalment credit	8,353	7,920	16,273	8,061	8,119	16,180	8,321	8,529	16,850
Interest accruals	715	176	891	673	193	866	831	278	1,109
iniciest acciuals	/13	170	071	0/3	193	800	631	210	1,109
Gross loans	415,450	94,749	510,199	412,497	100,779	513,276	412,600	108,203	520,803
Loan impairment	(8,621)	(12,006)	(20,627)	(8,287)	(10,841)	(19,128)	(7,740)	(10,315)	(18,055)

### provisions

Net loans 406,829 82,743 489,572 404,210 89,938 494,148 404,860 97,888 502,748

### Key points

- Gross loans reduced by £10.6 billion in the first half of the year, of which £3.1 billion was in the second quarter, principally due to disposals and restructuring and run-offs in Non-Core, partially offset by increased mortgage lending in UK Retail.
- · Unsecured lending decreased in the first half of the year, predominantly in UK Retail.
- · Property lending decreased during the first half of the year in line with the continued focus on lower risk secured lending.
- · The decrease in transport and storage primarily reflects decreases in shipping and aviation.

#### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk (continued)

Loans and advances to customers by industry and geography (continued)

The table below analyses loans and advances to customers excluding reverse repos and assets of disposal groups by geography (by location of office).

	30 June 2011 Non-			31 ]	March 2 Non-	011	31 December 2010 Non-		
	Core	Core	Total	Core	Core	Total	Core	Core	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
UK Central and local									
government	5,945	91	6,036	5,144	104	5,248	5,728	173	5,901
Finance	28,657	3,734	32,391	27,510	5,910	33,420	27,995	6,023	34,018
Residential									
mortgages	103,689	1,570	105,259	102,462	1,632	104,094	99,928	1,665	101,593
Personal lending	22,205	358	22,563	22,278	451	22,729	23,035	585	23,620
Property	36,584	27,182	63,766	36,419	28,322	64,741	34,970	30,492	65,462
Construction	6,839	2,104	8,943	7,271	2,282	9,553	7,041	2,310	9,351
Manufacturing	10,155	1,447	11,602	10,810	1,498	12,308	12,300	1,510	13,810
Service industries and business activities - retail, wholesale									
and repairs	12,255	1,615	13,870	12,762	1,676	14,438	12,554	1,853	14,407
	7,905	3,844	11,749	8,354	4,390	12,744	8,105	5,015	13,120

<ul><li>transport and</li><li>storage</li><li>health, education</li><li>and</li></ul>									
recreation - hotels and	12,678	835	13,513	12,572	951	13,523	13,502	1,039	14,541
restaurants	6,399	775	7,174	6,500	792	7,292	6,558	808	7,366
- utilities	3,418	908	4,326	3,705	1,088	4,793	3,101	1,035	4,136
- other	13,555	2,199	15,754	13,406	2,603	16,009	14,445	1,991	16,436
Agriculture, forestry									
and									
fishing	2,955	55	3,010	2,935	61	2,996	2,872	67	2,939
Finance leases and									
instalment credit	5,578	7,161	12,739	5,565	7,431	12,996	5,589	7,785	13,374
Interest accruals	365	21	386	371	48	419	415	98	513
	279,182	53,899	333,081	278,064	59,239	337,303	278,138	62,449	340,587
Europe									
Central and local									
government	397	862	1,259	220	899	1,119	365	1,017	1,382
Finance	2,642	719	3,361	3,768	821	4,589	2,642	1,019	3,661
Residential									
mortgages	20,224	640	20,864	19,892		20,576	19,473	621	20,094
Personal lending	2,234	572	2,806	2,276		2,863	2,270	600	2,870
Property	-	12,790	18,273	•	12,711	18,015	-	12,636	17,775
Construction	1,163	864	2,027	1,246		2,097	1,014	873	1,887
Manufacturing	5,669	4,253	9,922	6,167	4,139	10,306	5,853	4,181	10,034
Service industries									
and									
business activities									
- retail, wholesale									
and repairs	4,058	767	4,825	4,074	847	4,921	4,126	999	5,125
- transport and									
storage	5,330	970	6,300	4,932	1,013	5,945	5,625	1,369	6,994
- health, education									
and	1 070	4.45	1.010	1 202	255	1.720	1 440	406	1.020
recreation	1,373	445	1,818	1,383	355	1,738	1,442	496	1,938
- hotels and	1.065	507	1.660	1.051	550	1 (07	1.055	525	1.500
restaurants	1,065	597	1,662	1,051	556		1,055		1,590
- utilities	1,536	654	2,190	1,425		2,016	1,412	623	2,035
- other	4,807	1,850	6,657	3,246	2,286	5,532	3,877	2,050	5,927
Agriculture, forestry									
and	700	60	057	774	60	0.42	9.40	60	017
fishing	789	68	857	774	69	843	849	68	917
Finance leases and instalment credit	264	620	884	265	688	052	370	744	1 111
Interest accruals	135	620 98	233	263 76			143	101	1,114 244
iniciosi acciudis	133	98	233	70	63	101	143	101	∠ <del>44</del>
	57,169	26,769	83,938	56,099	27,182	83,281	55,655	27,932	83,587

# Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk (continued)

Loans and advances to customers by industry and geography (continued)

	30 June 2011			31 ]	31 March 2011			31 December 2010		
		Non-			Non-			Non-		
	Core	Core	Total	Core	Core	Total	Core	Core	Total	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	
US										
Central and local										
government	164	15	179	169	38	207	263	53	316	
Finance	9,820	444	10,264	9,635	495	10,130	9,522	587	10,109	
Residential mortgages	3 20,020	3,093	23,113	20,084	3,243	23,327	20,548	3,653	24,201	
Personal lending	6,315	2,299	8,614	6,327	2,444	8,771	6,816	2,704	9,520	
Property	2,228	1,626	3,854	2,574	1,768	4,342	1,611	3,318	4,929	
Construction	445	68	513	420	63	483	442	78	520	
Manufacturing	6,113	64	6,177	5,614	80	5,694	5,459	143	5,602	
Service industries and	Į.									
business activities										
- retail, wholesale										
and repairs	4,644	144	4,788	4,366	199	4,565	4,264	237	4,501	
- transport and	,		,	,		,	,		,	
storage	1.725	1,297	3,022	1,723	1,337	3,060	1,786	1,408	3,194	
- health, education	1,	1,2>	0,022	1,7.20	1,00,	2,000	1,700	1,.00	2,17.	
and										
recreation	2,396	107	2,503	2,319	138	2,457	2,380	313	2,693	
- hotels and	2,570	107	2,505	2,517	150	2,	2,500	010	2,075	
restaurants	455	71	526	487	90	577	486	136	622	
- utilities	960	27	987	1,001	32	1,033	1,117	53	1,170	
- other	4,195	425	4,620	3,809		4,274	4,042	577	4,619	
Agriculture, forestry	ч,175	723	4,020	3,007	403	7,277	7,072	311	7,017	
and										
fishing	25	_	25	26	_	26	31		31	
Finance leases and	23	_	23	20	-	20	31	-	31	
instalment credit	2 456		2 456	2 100		2 100	2 215		2 215	
	2,456 179	- 57	2,456 236	2,188 179	50	2,188 238	2,315 183	72	2,315 256	
Interest accruals	1/9	57	230	1/9	59	238	183	73	230	
	62 140	9 737	71 877	60 921	10.451	71 372	61,265	13 333	74 598	
	02,140	),131	71,077	00,721	10,431	71,372	01,203	13,333	77,370	
RoW										
Central and local										
government	68	539	607	117	473	590	425	428	853	
Finance	6,426	141	6,567	6,884	333	7,217	6,751	22	6,773	
Residential mortgages		206	673	482	119	601	410	203	613	
Personal lending	1,470		1,470	1,481	-	1,481	1,460	203	1,462	
1 Orbonal Tellaning	1,770	_	1,77	1,701	_	1, 701	1,700	2	1, 702	

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Property Construction Manufacturing	244 78 2,131	1,264 34 529	1,508 112 2,660	741 74 2,030	1,065 35 578	1,806 109 2,608	735 183 2,185	1,205 91 686	1,940 274 2,871	
Service industries and business activities - retail, wholesale										
and repairs - transport and	1,166	72	1,238	983	80	1,063	1,030	102	1,132	
storage - health, education	283	338	621	393	350	743	430	403	833	
and										
recreation	260	160	420	117	16	133	132	17	149	
- hotels and										
restaurants	109	9	118	52	14	66	90	13	103	
- utilities	1,573	421	1,994	1,548	305	1,853	1,468	399	1,867	
- other	2,571	492	3,063	2,415	538	2,953	2,100	912	3,012	
Agriculture, forestry										
and										
fishing	22	-	22	6	-	6	6	-	6	
Finance leases and										
instalment credit	55	139	194	43	-	43	47	-	47	
Interest accruals	36	-	36	47	1	48	90	6	96	
	16,959	4,344	21,303	17,413	3,907	21,320	17,542	4,489	22,031	

### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: REIL and PPL

The table below analyses the Group's risk elements in lending (REIL) and potential problem loans (PPL) and takes no account of the value of any security held which could reduce the eventual loss should it occur, nor of any provisions.

	30 June 2011			31	March 2	2011	31 December 2010				
	Non-				Non-			Non-			
	Core	Core	Total	Core	Core	Total	Core	Core	Total		
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m		
Impaired loans (1)											
- UK	9,229	7,812	17,041	9,175	7,147	16,322	8,575	7,835	16,410		
- Overseas	6,326	16,268	22,594	5,932	15,878	21,810	4,936	14,355	19,291		
	15,555	24,080	39,635	15,107	23,025	38,132	13,511	22,190	35,701		

Accruing loans past due

90 days or more

(2)

#### Edgar Filing: ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GROUP PLC - Form 6-K - UK 1,545 1,487 583 2,070 752 2,297 1,434 939 2,373 230 366 - Overseas 415 645 246 612 262 262 524 1,902 813 2,715 1,911 998 2,909 1,696 1,201 2,897 **Total REIL** 17,457 24,893 42,350 17,018 24,023 41,041 15,207 23,391 38,598 PPL (3) 354 127 481 324 202 526 160 473 633 Total REIL and **PPL** 17,811 25,020 42,831 17,342 24,225 41,567 15,680 23,551 39,231 REIL as a % of gross loans and advances (4) 4.2% 26.1% 8.3% 4.1% 23.0% 7.9% 3.7% 20.7% 7.3% Provisions as a % of REIL 48% 49% 49% 50% 45% 47% 51% 44% 47%

#### Notes:

- (1) Loans against which an impairment provision is held.
- (2) Loans where an impairment event has taken place but no impairment provision recognised. This category is used for fully collateralised non-revolving credit facilities.
- (3) Loans for which an impairment event has occurred but no impairment provision is necessary. This category is used for advances and revolving credit facilities where the past due concept is not applicable.
- (4) Gross loans and advances to customers including disposal groups and excluding reverse repurchase agreements.

#### Key points

- REIL increased by £3.8 billion in the first half of the year and by £1.3 billion in the second quarter, predominantly in Non-Core and Ulster Bank.
- Ulster Bank (Core and Non-Core) was the predominant contributor to the increase in REIL with an increase of £3.2 billion, principally property lending (commercial real estate up £2.2 billion and mortgages up £0.4 billion).
- Ulster Bank (Core and Non-Core) provision coverage ratio increased to 51% from 44% at 31 December 2010 reflecting provisions relating to development land in the second quarter following re-assessment of collateral values. This contributed to the higher Group provision coverage ratio at 30 June 2011, which now stands at 49% compared with 47% at the year end and at 31 March 2011.

For sector, geography and divisional analysis of loans, REIL and impairments, refer to Appendix 3.

Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Loans, REIL and impairment provisions

Movement in REIL and PPL

The table below details the movement in REIL and PPL for the half year ended 30 June 2011.

REIL PPL Total

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	Core	Non- Core	Total	Core	Non- Core	Total	Core	Non- Core	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
At 1 January 2011 Intra-group	15,207	23,391	38,598	473	160	633	15,680	23,551	39,231
transfers Currency translation and	369	(369)	-	-	-	-	369	(369)	-
other adjustments	68	98	166	1	4	5	69	102	171
Additions Transfers Disposals, restructurings	3,119 137	2,866	5,985 176	305 (137)	152 (39)	457 (176)	3,424	3,018	6,442
and repayments Amounts	(1,342)	(1,426)	(2,768)	(318)	(75)	(393)	(1,660)	(1,501)	(3,161)
written-off	(540)	(576)	(1,116)	-	-	-	(540)	(576)	(1,116)
At 31 March 2011 Intra-group	17,018	24,023	41,041	324	202	526	17,342	24,225	41,567
transfers Currency translation and	12	(12)	-	-	-	-	12	(12)	-
other adjustments Additions	111	376	487 5.596	(5)	(1) 22	(6)	106	375	481 5.745
Transfers Disposals, restructurings	2,492	3,094	5,586 41	137 (21)	(20)	159 (41)	2,629	3,116	5,745
and repayments Amounts	(1,719)	(2,272)	(3,991)	(81)	(76)	(157)	(1,800)	(2,348)	(4,148)
written-off	(478)	(336)	(814)	-	-	-	(478)	(336)	(814)
At 30 June 2011	17,457	24,893	42,350	354	127	481	17,811	25,020	42,831
	<b>C</b>	REIL Non-	T-4-1	Carra	PPL Non-	T-4-1	<b>C</b>	Total Non-	T-4-1
	Core £m	Core £m	Total £m	Core £m	Core £m	Total £m	Core £m	Core £m	Total £m
At 1 January 2011 Intra-group	15,207	23,391	38,598	473	160	633	15,680	23,551	39,231
transfers Currency	381	(381)	-	-	-	-	381	(381)	-
translation and other adjustments	179	474	653	(4)	3	(1)	175	477	652
Additions Transfers Disposals,	5,611 158	5,960 59	11,571 217	442 (158)	174 (59)	616 (217)	6,053	6,134	12,187
restructurings and repayments			(6,759) (1,930)	(399)	(151)	(550)	(3,460) (1,018)		(7,309) (1,930)

Amounts written-off

At 30 June 2011 17,457 24,893 42,350 354 127 481 17,811 25,020 42,831

Disposals, restructurings and repayments include £1,569 million of transfers to the performing book in H1 2011.

For sector, geography and divisional analysis of loans, REIL and impairments, refer to Appendix 3.

Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Loans, REIL and impairment provisions (continued)

#### Restructuring and forbearance

Corporate loan restructuring completed during H1 2011 was £1.0 billion.

During H1 2011, the flow of mortgage loans subject to forbearance arrangements in UK Retail was £289 million representing 0.3% of the book. In Ulster Bank £1.8 billion (31 December 2010 - £1.2 billion) of mortgage loans were subject to forbearance arrangements at 30 June 2011, 78% of these arrangements are in the performing book.

### Movement in loan impairment provisions

The following table shows the movement in impairment provisions for loans and advances to customers and banks.

					Quarte	er ended				
		30 June 2	011		31	March 20	11	30 June 2010		
			RFS							
	Core Non-Core MI Total			Total	Core Non-Core Total			Core Non-Core Total		
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
At beginning of										
period	8,416	10,842	-	19,258	7,866	10,316	18,182	7,397	9,430 1	6,827
Transfers to disposal										
groups	-	9	-	9	-	(9)	(9)	-	(38)	(38)
Intra-group transfers	-	-	-	-	177	(177)	-	_	-	-
Currency translation										
and other										
adjustments	33	145	-	178	56	95	151	(309)	(66)	(375)
Disposals	-	-	11	11	-	-	-	-	(17)	(17)
Amounts written-off	(504)	(474)	-	(978)	(514)	(438)	(952)	(562)	(2,122)(	(2,684)
Recoveries of										
amounts										
previously										
written-off	41	126	-	167	39	80	119	59	21	80
Charge to income										
statement										
- continued	810	1,427	-	2,237	852	1,046	1,898	1,096	1,383	2,479
<ul> <li>discontinued</li> </ul>	-	-	(11)	(11)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unwind of discount	(44)	(68)	-	(112)	(60)	(71)	(131)	(48)	(58)	(106)

At end of period 8,752 12,007 - 20,759 8,416 10,842 19,258 7,633 8,533 16,166

				Half y	year ended				
		30 June 2				30 June 2010			
			RFS						
	Core N	Ion-Core	MI	Total	Core N	on-Core	RFS MI	Total	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	
At beginning of period	7,866	10,316	_	18,182	6,921	8,252	2,110	17,283	
Transfers to disposal groups	-	-	-	-	-	(67)	-	(67)	
Intra-group transfers	177	(177)	-	-	-	_	-	_	
Currency translation and other									
adjustments	89	240	-	329	(279)	119	-	(160)	
Disposals	-	-	11	11	-	(17)	(2,152)	(2,169)	
Amounts written-off	(1,018)	(912)	-	(1,930)	(1,063)	(2,718)	-	(3,781)	
Recoveries of amounts previously									
written-off	80	206	-	286	104	46	-	150	
Charge to income statement									
- continuing	1,662	2,473	-	4,135	2,046	3,035	-	5,081	
- discontinued	-	-	(11)	(11)	-	-	42	42	
Unwind of discount	(104)	(139)	-	(243)	(96)	(117)	-	(213)	
At end of period	8,752	12,007	-	20,759	7,633	8,533	-	16,166	

#### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Loans, REIL and impairment provisions (continued)

Movement in loan impairment provisions (continued)

#### Key points

- · Ulster Bank (Core and Non-Core) was the main contributor to impairment losses with a total half year charge of £2.5 billion (Core £0.7 billion; Non-Core £1.8 billion), 61% of the total Group impairment charge of £4.1 billion. The Ulster Bank (Core and Non-Core) charge includes the impact of a re-assessment of collateral values relating to development land.
- The other main contributor to the Q2 2011 Non-Core impairment charge was impairments in respect of a small number of large corporates.
- Provision balance has increased by £2.6 billion in the first half of 2011 from £18.2 billion to £20.8 billion, as impairments are running twice the rate of write-offs.

Impairment provisions on loans and advances

30 June 2011 31 March 2011

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							31 D	31 December 2010			
		Non-			Non-			Non-			
	Core	Core	Total	Core	Core	Total	Core	Core	Total		
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m		
Latent loss Collectively	1,568	786	2,354	1,583	963	2,546	1,653	997	2,650		
assessed Individually	4,510	1,100	5,610	4,375	1,112	5,487	4,139	1,157	5,296		
assessed	2,543	10,120	12,663	2,329	8,766	11,095	1,948	8,161	10,109		
Customer loans	8,621	12,006	20,627	8,287	10,841	19,128	7,740	10,315	18,055		
Bank loans	131	1	132	129	1	130	126	1	127		
Total provisions	8,752	12,007	20,759	8,416	10,842	19,258	7,866	10,316	18,182		
% of loans (1)	2.1%	12.6%	4.0%	2.0%	10.4%	3.7%	1.9%	9.1%	3.4%		

### Note:

### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Loans, REIL and impairment provisions (continued)

### Impairment charge

### Quarter ended

	30	June 2011		31 March 2011				
	Core No	on-Core	Total	Core Non-Core	e Total			
	£m	£m	£m	£m £n	£m			
Latent loss	(16)	(172)	(188)	(116)	(107)			
Collectively assessed	465	126	591	584 136	720			
Individually assessed	361	1,473	1,834	384 901	1,285			
Customer loans Securities - sovereign debt impairment and	810	1,427	2,237	852 1,046	5 1,898			
related interest rate hedge	0.42		0.40					
adjustments	842	-	842	<del>-</del>	· -			
Securities - other	43	(16)	27	20 29	) 49			
Charge to income statement	1,695	1,411	3,106	872 1,075	1,947			
Charge relating to customer loans as a %	0.8%	6.0%	1.8%	0.8% 4.0%	1.5%			

<sup>(1)</sup> Customer provisions as a percentage of gross loans and advances to customers including disposal groups and excluding reverse repurchase agreements.

of gross customer loans (1)

	Half year ended								
	30	June 2011		30	30 June 2010				
	Core N	on-Core	Total	Core Non-Core		Total			
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m			
Latent loss	(132)	(163)	(295)	(69)	24	(45)			
Collectively assessed	1,049	262	1,311	1,249	344	1,593			
Individually assessed	745	2,374	3,119	866	2,667	3,533			
Customer loans Securities - sovereign debt	1,662	2,473	4,135	2,046	3,035	5,081			
impairment and related interest rate hedge									
adjustments	842	-	842	-	-	-			
Securities - other	63	13	76	22	59	81			
Charge to income statement	2,567	2,486	5,053	2,068	3,094	5,162			
Charge relating to customer loans as a %									
of gross customer loans (1)	0.8%	5.2%	1.6%	1.0%	4.8%	1.8%			

#### Note:

(1) Customer loan impairment charge as a percentage of gross loans and advances to customers including disposal groups and excluding reverse repurchase agreements.

### Key points

- · Non-Core latent loss in Q2 2011 principally reflects the release of Ulster Bank's provision relating to development land booked in Q1 2011, substituted with individually assessed impairment charge in Q2 2011.
- The H1 2011 impairment charge was marginally lower than for H1 2010. The decrease in loan impairments of £0.9 billion was substantially offset by impairments of AFS Greek sovereign bonds.

Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Debt securities

The table below analyses debt securities by issuer and measurement classification with short positions netted against debt securities. However such netting is not reflected in the Group's balance sheet under IFRS.

	Central and loca	Central and local government					
	UK	UK US (		Other institutions		ABS Corporate	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
30 June 2011							
	8,035	14,608	51,434	12,099	25,636	6,357	118,169

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Held-for-trading (HFT)	1		192	10 1	9 213
DFV Available-for-sale	11 200	16 600	37,546	10 1 7,951 43,207	9 213 1,965 118,668
Loans and receivables	11,399 11	16,600	37,340	367 5,813	404 6,595
Loans and receivables	11	-	-	307 3,613	404 0,393
	19,446	31,208	89,172	20,427 74,657	8,735 243,645
Short positions (HFT)		(15,841)	(25,064)	(5,450) (1,041)	(2,134) (53,394)
•					
	15,582	15,367	64,108	14,977 73,616	6,601 190,251
Available-for-sale					
Gross unrealised	363	474	422	71 1 200	62 2602
gains Gross unrealised	303	4/4	422	71 1,300	62 2,692
losses	(3)	_	(119)	(29) (3,179)	(6) (3,336)
103503	(3)		(11))	(27) (3,177)	(0) (3,330)
31 March 2011					
Held-for-trading	5,422	19,079	51,792	7,461 23,907	5,478 113,139
DFV	1	-	199	16 114	2 332
Available-for-sale	8,474	15,621	34,325	7,988 42,884	1,836 111,128
Loans and receivables	11	-	-	391 5,951	432 6,785
	12.000	2 4 = 00	06.246	15056 5005	
	13,908	34,700	86,316	15,856 72,856	7,748 231,384
Short positions (HFT)	(4,852)	(12,715)	(22,463)	(3,421) (1,014)	(2,684) (47,149)
	9,056	21,985	63,853	12,435 71,842	5,064 184,235
	- ,	,	,	, , -	-,,,
Available-for-sale					
Gross unrealised					
gains	207	202	346	38 1,102	65 1,960
Gross unrealised	( <b>2.1</b> )	7445	(0.00)	(24) (2.204)	(22) (4.4.72)
losses	(24)	(44)	(820)	(31) (3,201)	(33) (4,153)
31 December 2010					
Held-for-trading	5,097	15,956	43,224	7,548 21,988	5,056 98,869
DFV	1	-	262	16 119	4 402
Available-for-sale	8,377	17,890	33,122	7,849 42,515	1,377 111,130
Loans and receivables	11	-	-	419 6,203	446 7,079
				,	,
	13,486	33,846	76,608	15,832 70,825	6,883 217,480
Short positions (HFT)	(4,200)	(11,398)	(18,909)	(3,622) (1,335)	(1,553) (41,017)
	9,286	22,448	57,699	12,210 69,490	5,330 176,463
Available-for-sale					
Gross unrealised					
gains	349	341	700	60 1,057	88 2,595
Gross unrealised	547	5 11	, 50	30 1,037	2,3,3
losses	(10)	(1)	(618)	(32) (3,396)	(40) (4,097)
	. /				

#### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Debt securities (continued)

### Key points

- · Held-for-trading bonds increased in H1 2011 by £19.3 billion, with increases in G10 and Australian government bonds. The increase in asset-backed securities (ABS) included £4.1 billion in GBM Mortgage trading primarily in US agency pass-through notes, reflecting strong investor appetite.
- The Group has continued to add to its liquidity resources through the purchase of around £7.5 billion of top quality AFS government bonds during Q2 2011. These purchases for the Group's liquidity portfolio have been focussed in the highest quality securities and most liquid markets. The growth in these liquidity reserves provides the Group with an opportunity to manage market risk and improve returns.

The table below analyses debt securities by issuer and external ratings.

	Central and l	ocal governi	ment	Financial				
	UK	US	Other	institutions	ABS	Corporate	Total	% of
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	total
30 June 2011								
AAA	19,446	31,208	55,063	7 750	55,669	135	169,580	70
AAA to AA+	19,440	31,206	5,290	3,300	5,668	678	14,936	6
A to AA-	_	_	23,843	5,191	3,991	1,797	34,822	14
BBB- to A-	_	_	3,229	1,848	3,501	2,442	-	5
Non-investment	_	_	3,227	1,040	3,301	2,772	11,020	3
grade	_	_	1,687	931	4,579	2,340	9,537	4
Unrated	_	_	60	1,398	1,249	1,043	3,750	1
Omated			00	1,570	1,217	1,013	3,730	
	19,446	31,208	89,172	20,427	74,657	8,735	243,645	100
31 March 2011								
AAA	13,908	34,700	51,272	2.701	52,867	171	155,619	67
AA to AA+	-	-	6,428	3,341	7,031	640		7
A to AA-	_	_	22,778	4,832	3,187	1,366	*	14
BBB- to A-	_	_	3,351	1,897	3,799	1,883		5
Non-investment			- ,	,	- ,	,	- /	
grade	_	_	1,946	1,300	4,805	3,413	11,464	5
Unrated	-	-	541	1,785	1,167	275	3,768	2
	13,908	34,700	86,316	15,856	72,856	7,748	231,384	100
31 December 2010								
AAA	13,486	33,846	44,784	3 084	51,235	153	146,588	67
AA to AA+	-	-	18,025	3,261	6,335	554		13
A to AA-	_	_	9,138	4,352	3,244	1,141	17,875	8
BBB- to A-	_	_	2,843	1,489	3,385	1,869	9,586	5
DDD 10/11			2,013	1,107	5,505	1,007	,,,,,,,,,,	3

Non-investment						
grade	-	-	1,766	2,245 4,923	2,311 11,245	5
Unrated	-	-	52	1,401 1,703	855 4,011	2
	13,486	33,846	76,608	15,832 70,825	6,883 217,480	100

### Key points

- The proportion of AAA rated debt securities increased to 70% primarily due to a move towards higher quality government bonds as well as demand for US agency pass-through notes.
- Non-investment grade and unrated bonds were 5% of the portfolio compared with 7% at the end of Q1 2011 and 2010 year end.

### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Asset-backed securities

### **RMBS** (1)

	G10 (	Covered		Non-		CMBS			Other	
	government	bond	Prime	conforming	Sub-prime	(2)	CDOs (3)C	LOs (4)	ABS	Total
30 June 2011	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
	24.200	7.245	4.025	1.505	205	1.001	200	2 116	2.712	<b>55</b> 660
AAA	34,399	7,345	4,835	1,587		1,991	389		· ·	55,669
AA to AA+	1,401	381	451	96	138	435	539	1,356	871	5,668
A to AA-	144	385	239	76	280	1,238	389	448	792	3,991
BBB- to A-	-	61	138	301	86	398	171	582	1,764	3,501
Non-investment										
grade	-	-	758	727	308	408	1,900	259	219	4,579
Unrated	-	-	108	23	101	14	97	484	422	1,249
	35,944	8,172	6,529	2,810	1,208	4,484	3,485	5,245	6,780	74,657
31 March 2011										
AAA	32,067	7,200	4,140	1,684	273	1,922	424	2,269	2,888	52,867
AA to AA+	1,547	475	653	96	218	744	565	1,617	1,116	7,031
A to AA-	-	197	118	73	246	979	358	345	871	3,187
BBB- to A-	-	157	162	299	84	390	185	578	1,944	3,799
Non-investment										
grade	-	-	760	917	246	439	1,847	344	252	4,805
Unrated	-	-	25	28	143	2	76	673	220	1,167
	33,614	8,029	5,858	3,097	1,210	4,476	3,455	5,826	7,291	72,856
31 December 2010										
AAA	28,835	7,107	4,355	1,754	317	2,789	444	2.490	3.144	51,235
AA to AA+	1,529	357	147	144	116	392	567	-		6,335
111101111	1,527	331	17/	177	110	372	307	1,700	1,271	0,555

A to AA-	-	408	67	60	212	973	296	343	885	3,244
BBB- to A-	-	-	82	316	39	500	203	527	1,718	3,385
Non-investment										
grade	-	-	900	809	458	296	1,863	332	265	4,923
Unrated	-	-	196	52	76	-	85	596	698	1,703
	30,364	7,872	5,747	3,135	1,218	4,950	3,458	6,074	8,007	70,825

### Notes:

- (1) Residential mortgage-backed securities.
- (2) Commercial mortgage-backed securities.
- (3) Collateralised debt obligations.
- (4) Collateralised loan obligations.

For analyses of ABS by geography and measurement classification, refer to Appendix 3.

### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Available-for-sale debt securities and reserves

The table below analyses available-for-sale (AFS) debt securities by issuer and related AFS reserves, gross and net of tax, for countries exceeding £0.5 billion, together with the total of those individually less than £0.5 billion.

			30 June	2011		31 March 2011						
	Central				AFS	AFS	Central				AFS	
	and local				reserves	reserves	and local				reserves	ar
	government	ABS	Other (1)	Total	(gross)	(net)	government	ABS	Other (1)	Total	(net)	gove
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	
US	16,600	20,707	521	37,828	131	265	15,670	20,961	731	37,362	(133)	
UK	11,399	4,286	2,066	17,751	182	(148)	8,500	-		14,686	, ,	
Germany	14,218	1,160	477	15,855	(38)	(35)	12,584	-	•	14,382	, ,	
Netherlands	5,323	7,366	782	13,471	(66)	40	3,977	7,096	774	11,847	(8)	
France	5,503	628	1,171	7,302	(36)	(22)	4,195	579	1,000	5,774		
Spain	91	7,018	51	7,160	(1,243)	(921)	91	6,912	78	7,081	(863)	
Japan	4,240	-	6	4,246	1	1	4,204	-	3	4,207	-	
Australia	-	599	2,141	2,740	(17)	(20)	-	467	2,421	2,888	(27)	
Singapore	1,144	-	213	1,357	-	-	798	-	206	1,004	-	
Italy	955	240	16	1,211	(105)	(79)	928	238	24	1,190	(67)	
Supranational	_	-	960	960	26	25	-	-	489	489	4	
Denmark	694	-	206	900	(3)	(3)	690	-	251	941	(7)	
India	642	-	175	817	(8)	(5)	657	-	156	813	(3)	
Belgium	770	36	8	814	(52)	(39)	742	35	8	785	(32)	
Greece	733	-	-	733	-	-	936	-	-	936	(476)	
Switzerland	535	-	173	708	12	10	749	-	161	910	8	
Austria	283	162	150	595	(34)	(27)	267	50	143	460	(19)	
Sweden	79	257	253	589	-	-	77	250	219	546		

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Hong Kong	544	-	1	545	-	-	797	-	12	809	-
South Korea	129	271	-	400	1	1	229	383	-	612	1
Republic of											
Ireland	93	160	128	381	(100)	(75)	101	161	375	637	(67)
Other	1,570	317	418	2,305	(91)	(71)	2,228	320	221	2,769	(43)
	65,545 4	3,207	9,916 1	118,668	(1,440)	(1,103)	58,420 4	2,884	9,824	111,128	(2,125)

#### Note:

### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Derivatives

The Group's derivative assets by internal grading scale and residual maturity are set out below. Master netting arrangements in respect of mark-to-market (mtm) values and collateral do not result in a net presentation in the Group's balance sheet under IFRS.

			30 June 2011 31									
								March	December			
		0-3	3-6	6-12	1-5	Over 5		2011	2010			
Asset	Probability	months	months	months	years	years	Total	Total	Total			
quality	of default range	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m			
AQ1	0% - 0.034%	23 480	10,823	16 883	114 941	190,904	357,031	323,302	408,489			
AQ2	0.034% - 0.048%	648	154	366	1,666	2,766	5,600	5,365	2,659			
AQ3	0.048% - 0.095%	1,523	461	741	3,293	4,890	10,908	10,780	3,317			
AQ4	0.095% - 0.381%	776	138	429	2,434	2,847	6,624	6,349	3,391			
AQ5	0.381% - 1.076%	602	164	251	2,290	3,626	6,933	6,396	4,860			
AQ6	1.076% - 2.153%	1,574	57	121	963	880	3,595	3,991	1,070			
AQ7	2.153% - 6.089%	194	25	55	511	1,287	2,072	1,880	857			
AQ8	6.089% - 17.222%	3	1	10	108	532	654	786	403			
AQ9	17.222% - 100%	20	10	24	192	240	486	995	450			
AQ10	100%	184	7	36	468	274	969	1,204	1,581			
		29 004	11,840	18 016	126 866	208 246	394,872	361,048	427,077			
Counta	rparty mtm netting	27,004	11,040	10,710	120,000	200,240	(323,455)	*				
	ollateral held against d	erivative					(323,733)	(270,402)	(330,371)			
exposu	_	ciivative					(27,500)	(25,363)	(31,096)			
Net exp	oosure						43,917	45,223	65,584			

At 30 June 2011, the Group also held collateral in the form of securities of £4.2 billion (31 March 2011 - £3.3 billion; 31 December 2010 - £2.9 billion) against derivative positions.

<sup>(1)</sup> Relates to financial institutes and corporates.

The table below analyses the fair value of the Group's derivatives by type of contract.

		30 June 2011 Assets Liabilities		ch 2011 Liabilities	31 December 2010 Assets Liabilities		
Contract type	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	
Interest rate contracts Exchange rate contracts Credit derivatives Equity and commodity contracts	283,966 72,682 32,507 5,717	269,638 78,095 30,877 9,199	259,006 73,552 22,704 5,786	250,515 79,045 21,689 9,376	311,731 83,253 26,872 5,221	299,209 89,375 25,344 10,039	
	394,872	387,809	361,048	360,625	427,077	423,967	

#### Key points

#### 30 June 2011 compared with 31 March 2011

- · Net exposure, after taking account of position and collateral netting arrangements reduced marginally in Q2 2011, despite an increase in derivative carrying values.
- Interest rate contracts increased due to lower over-the-counter contract compression trades, reductions in interest rate yields and depreciation of sterling against the euro. This was partially offset by the effect of the appreciation of sterling against the US dollar. All major five year interest rate indices (sterling, euro, and US dollar), moved down, decreasing by approximately 45, 26, and 39 basis points respectively.

#### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Derivatives (continued)

Key points (continued)

### 30 June 2011 compared with 31 March 2011 (continued)

- · Exchange rate contracts decreased due to the trading fluctuations and movements in forward rates and volume.
- · Credit derivative fair values increased by £9.8 billion, primarily as a result of de-risking of Non-Core where hedging trades resulted in higher assets and liabilities. Widening credit spreads also contributed to the increase in Non-Core.

#### 30 June 2011 compared with 31 December 2010

- · Net exposure, after taking account of position and collateral netting arrangements, reduced by 33%, primarily reflecting reductions in derivative carrying values.
- The main driver of the £28 billion decrease in interest rate assets reflected greater use of over-the-counter contract compression trades during H1 2011 overall and appreciation of sterling against the US dollar, as the majority of interest rate contracts are US dollar denominated. This was partially offset by a reduction in clearing house netting, downward shifts in US interest rate yields and increased net new business.
- · Exchange rate contracts decreased due to trading fluctuations and movements in forward rates and volume.

· Credit derivatives increased by £5.6 billion, primarily as a result of de-risking of Non-Core where hedging trades put in place in Q2 2011 resulted in higher assets and liabilities. Widening credit spreads also increased carrying values in Non-Core's Structured Credit Products.

Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Derivatives (continued)

The Group's exposures to monolines and CDPCs by credit rating are summarised below, ratings are based on the lower of S&P and Moody's. All of these exposures are in Non-Core.

		Fair value:		Credit			
	Notional:	reference		valuation			
	protected	protected	Gross	adjustment		Net	
	assets	assets	exposure	(CVA)	Hedges	exposure	
Monoline insurers	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	
30 June 2011							
A to AA-	5,547	4,936	611	166	-	445	
Non-investment							
grade	7,079	4,047	3,032	2,155	68	809	
	12,626	8,983	3,643	2,321	68	1,254	
Of which:							
CMBS	3,853	2,131	1,722	1,285			
CDOs	1,086	230	856	596			
CLOs	4,946	4,561	385	107			
Other ABS	2,241	1,739	502	250			
Other	500	322	178	83			
	12,626	8,983	3,643	2,321			
31 March 2011							
A to AA-	5,759	5,121	638	194	-	444	
Non-investment grade	8,123	5,246	2,877	1,984	69	824	
grade	0,123		2,077	1,501	0)	021	
	13,882	10,367	3,515	2,178	69	1,268	
Of which:							
CMBS	3,859	2,316	1,543	1,132			
CDOs	1,092	245	847	569			
CLOs	6,183	5,747	436	139			
Other ABS	2,260	1,734	526	260			
Other	488	325	163	78			

	13,882	10,367	3,515	2,178		
31 December 2010 A to AA-	6,336	5,503	833	272	_	561
Non-investment grade	8,555	5,365	3,190	2,171	71	948
	14,891	10,868	4,023	2,443	71	1,509
Of which:						
CMBS	4,149	2,424	1,725	1,253		
CDOs	1,133	256	877	593		
CLOs	6,724	6,121	603	210		
Other ABS	2,393	1,779	614	294		
Other	492	288	204	93		
	14,891	10,868	4,023	2,443		

### Key points

### 30 June 2011 compared with 31 March 2011

- · The gross exposure to monolines increased primarily due to lower prices of underlying reference instruments.
- · The CVA increased reflecting the increase in exposure and widened credit spreads.

#### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Derivatives (continued)

### 30 June 2011 compared with 31 December 2010

- The exposure to monolines decreased primarily due to higher prices of underlying reference instruments. The trades with monolines are predominantly US dollar denominated. The strengthening of sterling against the US dollar further decreased the exposure.
- The CVA decreased on a total basis, with a reduction in exposure but partially offset by the impact of wider credit spreads.

		Fair value:				
	Notional:	reference		Credit		
	protected	protected	Gross	valuation	Net	
	assets	assets	exposure	adjustment	exposure	
CDPCs	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	
30 June 2011						
AAA	205	205	-	-	-	
A to AA-	622	607	15	4	11	
Non-investment grade	19,724	18,759	965	427	538	
Unrated	3,927	3,712	215	101	114	

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	24,478	23,283	1,195	532	663
31 March 2011					
AAA	206	206	-	-	-
A to AA-	623	607	16	5	11
Non-investment grade	19,686	18,793	893	362	531
Unrated	3,964	3,772	192	78	114
	24,479	23,378	1,101	445	656
31 December 2010					
AAA	213	212	1	-	1
A to AA-	644	629	15	4	11
Non-investment grade	20,066	19,050	1,016	401	615
Unrated	4,165	3,953	212	85	127
	25,088	23,844	1,244	490	754

### Key points

#### 30 June 2011 compared with 31 March 2011

- Exposure to CDPCs increased primarily driven by wider credit spreads on the underlying reference loans and bonds, partially offset by a decrease in the relative value of senior tranches compared with that of underlying reference portfolios.
- · The CVA increased in line with the increased exposure.

#### 30 June 2011 compared with 31 December 2010

- Exposure to CDPCs reduced, primarily driven by a decrease in the relative value of senior tranches compared with that of the underlying reference portfolios. This was partially offset by wider credit spreads on the underlying reference instruments. The trades with CDPCs are predominantly US and Canadian dollar denominated. The strengthening of sterling against these currencies also contributed to the decrease in exposure.
- The increase in CVA was primarily driven by an increase in the estimated cost of hedging expected underlying portfolio default losses in excess of the capital available in each vehicle. The level of CVA on CDPC exposures is estimated by reference to cost of hedging as above and recent market events affecting CDPCs, including commutation activity.

#### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

#### Risk management: Credit risk: Cross border exposures

Cross border exposures consist of loans and advances gross of provisions and other financial instruments, such as debt securities and derivatives, including non-local currency claims of overseas on local residents. The geographical analysis is based on the country of domicile of the borrower or guarantor of ultimate risk. Cross border exposures exclude exposure to local residents in local currency.

The table below sets out the Group's cross border exposures greater than 0.5% of the Group's total assets at 30 June 2011. Short positions have been netted against cross border exposures. However such netting is not reflected in the Group's balance sheet under IFRS. None of these countries have experienced repayment difficulties that have so far required restructuring of outstanding debt. On 21 July 2011 proposals to restructure Greek government debt were announced by the Heads of State or Government of the Euro area and EU institutions. These proposals include a voluntary programme of debt exchange and a buyback plan developed by the Greek government.

	30 June 2011					31 December 2010						
						Net of						Net of
					Short	short					Short	short
	Government	Banks	Other	Total	positions	positions	Government	Banks	Other	Total	positions	positions
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
US	22,912	9,721	39,259	71,892	19,484	52,408	21,201	14,382	36,813	72,396	14,240	58,156
France	18,905	18,956	6,635	44,496	6,069	38,427	17,293	16,007	6,756	40,056	4,285	35,771
Germany	21,741	6,595	8,320	36,656	5,391	31,265	22,962	6,276	10,467	39,705	4,685	35,020
Netherlands	4,303	5,186	11,778	21,267	1,287	19,980	2,900	3,055	10,824	16,779	951	15,828
Japan	5,421	7,789	5,777	18,987	3,336	15,651	7,983	6,962	7,542	22,487	409	22,078
Spain	1,247	4,911	11,242	17,400	2,402	14,998	1,401	4,248	11,589	17,238	1,357	15,881
Italy	8,501	1,671	1,846	12,018	5,337	6,681	6,409	1,083	2,188	9,680	3,183	6,497
Switzerland	4,313	4,024	3,309	11,646	18	11,628	4	1,714	2,944	4,662	12	4,650
Republic of												
Ireland	186	3,094	2,376	5,656	82	5,574	199	3,789	3,101	7,089	131	6,958
Set out belo	w are cross b	order ex	posures	for sele	ected other	r						
eurozone co		01.001 07	r courts	101 5010	out out	•						
Portugal	189	536	957	1,682	113	1,569	197	985	472	1,654	121	1,533
Greece	1,032	48	840	1,920	29	1,891	1,015	228		2,418	37	2,381

Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Country risk\*

Country exposures are managed under the Group's country risk framework. This includes active management of exposures that have either been identified as exhibiting signs of actual or potential stress using the Group's country watchlist process or where it is considered appropriate to actively control exposure levels. Limit controls are applied on a risk-differentiated basis. Granular portfolio reviews are undertaken with a view to adjusting the risk profile and to align to the Group's country risk appetite in light of the evolving economic and political developments.

A re-appraisal of sovereign default risk among the most vulnerable eurozone economies has resulted in intensified management responses. This included frequent, comprehensive and detailed reviews of exposures to each of these countries, including increased vigilance in counterparty monitoring, leading to several divestments and limit reductions to ensure the Group's exposure remains within defined risk appetite. Exposure to Irish banks for example is now less than half of the exposure in Q4 2008.

In addition to the macroeconomic and strategic analysis in the regular country risk control process, the Group has undertaken sovereign-related stress tests and a series of broad thematic reviews of possible high-impact scenarios

related to the eurozone crisis, with potential impact and mitigating actions. Investigated themes include sovereign debt restructuring, various eurozone break-up scenarios and a re-examination of potential financial sector support given ongoing public finance and political pressures. These reviews combine operational analysis with strategic commentary to develop detailed contingency plans and identify potential business opportunities.

A dynamic limit setting methodology was introduced with an automatic reduction of trading limits upon evidence of reduced liquidity or increased CDS spreads. This approach has resulted in an effective reduction in sovereign issuer risk limits for the vulnerable eurozone countries.

The table below shows the Group's exposure in terms of credit risk assets, to countries where the exposure to counterparties domiciled in that country exceeded £1 billion and where the country had an external rating of A+ or below from Standard & Poor's, Moody's or Fitch at 30 June 2011, and selected other countries. The numbers are stated gross of mitigating action which may have been taken to reduce or eliminate exposure to country risk events.

Further details for selected eurozone countries are provided in Appendix 3.

### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Country risk\* (continued)

	Lending									
	Central		Other						and	
	and local	Central	financial					Non-	contingent	
	government	banksiı	nstitutions C	Corporate I	Personal	Total	Core	Core	obligations	
30 June 2011	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	
Republic of										
Ireland	53	1,557	459	20,669	20,773	43,511	32,364	11,147	2,448	
India	192	260	1,170	2,625	16	4,263	3,975	288	1,448	
Italy	7	81	1,121	2,317	26	3,552	1,891	1,661	2,323	
China	14	223	1,431	647	34	2,349	2,177	172	1,697	
South Korea	-	12	1,078	710	2	1,802	1,786	16	394	
Turkey	207	36	312	1,216	13	1,784	1,221	563	556	
Russia	-	49	815	808	65	1,737	1,610	127	248	
Brazil	-	-	1,001	301	4	1,306	1,185	121	88	
Mexico	-	8	249	1,036	1	1,294	872	422	198	
Romania	34	183	48	477	401	1,143	17	1,126	125	
Poland	41	5	52	723	5	826	744	82	372	
Indonesia	83	57	233	264	133	770	632	138	321	
Portugal	45	-	48	585	5	683	327	356	555	

Additional selected countries

<sup>\*</sup> not reviewed

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Spain	20	13	3 1	,197	6,842	405	8,477	4,022	4,455	2,372
Belgium	172	11	1	,182	983	19	2,367	1,855	512	2,342
Japan	401		- 1	,028	756	24	2,209	1,561	648	1,907
Greece	10	9	)	36	421	15	491	341	150	220
31 December										
2010										
Republic of										
Ireland	61	2,119	900	19,881	20,228	43,1893	32,4311	0,758	3,496	
India	262	-	1,614	2,590	273	4,739	4,085	654	1,249	
Italy	45	78	1,086	2,483	27	3,719	1,817	1,902	2,312	
China	17	298	1,240	753	64	2,372	2,136	236	1,572	
South Korea	-	276	1,039	555	2	1,872	1,822	50	643	
Turkey	282	68	485	1,365	12	2,212	1,520	692	547	
Russia	-	110	251	1,181	58	1,600	1,475	125	216	
Brazil	-	-	825	315	5	1,145	1,025	120	120	
Mexico	-	8	149	999	1	1,157	854	303	148	
Romania	36	178	42	426	446	1,128	7	1,121	142	
Poland	-	168	13	655	6	842	736	106	381	
Indonesia	84	42	262	293	131	812	657	155	273	
Portugal	86	-	63	611	6	766	450	316	537	
Additional selected	countries									
Spain	19	5	258	6,962	407	7,651	3,130	4,521	2,447	
Belgium	102	14	473	893	327	1,809	1,307	502	2,546	
Japan	1,379	-	685	809	24	2,897	2,105	792	2,000	
Greece	14	36	49	188	16	303	173	130	214	

# Note:

(1) Credit risk assets consist of:

Lending: cash and balances at central banks, loans and advances to banks and customers (including overdraft facilities, instalment credit and finance leases). Undrawn commitments are excluded;

Derivative exposures are measured at mark-to-market and net of liabilities where a master netting arrangement is enforceable;

Contingent obligations, primarily letters of credit and guarantees. Undrawn commitments are excluded.

Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Country risk\* (continued)

Key points

<sup>\*</sup> not reviewed

- Exposure shows a mixed picture for the selected countries during the first half of 2011. Currency movements increased euro denominated lending by 4.6% and reduced US dollar denominated exposures by 3.5%. There were reductions in lending to governments, central banks and corporate clients whereas exposure to banks increased. Non-Core exposures fell, except in a few countries where drawings took place under committed facilities. Appendix 3 provides further commentary and details on selected eurozone countries, including held-for-trading and available-for-sale holdings.
- · Japan lending exposure at £2.2 billion reduced by £0.7 billion since 31 December 2010 driven by a reduction in government lending.
- North Africa and the Middle East exposure reduced during the first half of 2011. Of the countries experiencing varying degrees of social and political unrest. Lending exposure to Bahrain and Egypt was £197 million and £77 million respectively. Exposure to Libya and Syria is negligible.

Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Commercial real estate\*

The commercial real estate lending portfolio totalled £84.6 billion at 30 June 2011, a 5.9% decrease since 31 December 2010 (£89.9 billion). The Non-Core portion of the portfolio totalled £42.7 billion (50.5% of the portfolio) at 30 June 2011 (31 December 2010 - £47.7 billion, or 53.0% of the portfolio) and includes exposures in Ulster Bank Group as discussed on page 159. The analysis below excludes RRM and contingent obligations.

	30 June 2011			31	March 2011		31 December 2010		
	Investment I	Development	Total	Investment	Development	Total	Investment	Development	Total
By division	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Core UK									
Corporate(1)	25,472	5,839	31,311	26,514	6,124	32,638	24,879	5,819	30,698
Ulster Bank US Retail &	4,338	955	5,293	4,272	1,015	5,287	4,284	1,090	5,374
Commercia	1 4,009	98	4,107	4,083	87	4,170	4,322	93	4,415
GBM	775	402	1,177	1,030	417	1,447	1,131	644	1,775
	34,594	7,294	41,888	35,899	7,643	43,542	34,616	7,646	42,262
Non-Core UK									
Corporate	4,765	2,504	7,269	5,372	2,701	8,073	7,591	3,263	10,854
Ulster Bank US Retail &	4,076	9,002	13,078	3,947	8,881	12,828	3,854	8,760	12,614
Commercia	1,101	49	1,150	1,234	55	1,289	1,325	70	1,395

<sup>\*</sup> not reviewed

GBM	20,823	399 21,222	21,707	523 20,230	22,405	417 22,822
	30,765	11,954 42,719	32,260	12,160 44,420	35,175	12,510 47,685
	65,359	19,248 84,607	68,159	19,803 87,962	69,791	20,156 89,947

#### Note:

### Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Commercial real estate\* (continued)

	Investment		Develop	oment	
	Commercial	Residential	Commercial	Residential	Total
By geography	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
30 June 2011					
UK (excluding Northern Ireland)	31,116	6,696	1,356	7,763	46,931
Ireland (ROI & NI) (1)	5,424	1,210	2,762	6,701	16,097
Western Europe	10,887	1,565	13	87	12,552
US	5,880	1,196	79	108	7,263
RoW	1,361	24	149	230	1,764
	54,668	10,691	4,359	14,889	84,607
31 March 2011					
UK (excluding Northern Ireland)	32,221	7,195	1,405	8,184	49,005
Ireland (ROI & NI) (1)	5,153	1,143	2,848	6,556	15,700
Western Europe	12,273	712	8	70	13,063
US	6,696	1,252	234	97	8,279
RoW	1,490	24	141	260	1,915
	57,833	10,326	4,636	15,167	87,962
31 December 2010					
UK (excluding Northern Ireland)	32,979	7,255	1,520	8,296	50,050
Ireland (ROI & NI) (1)	5,056	1,148	2,785	6,578	15,567
Western Europe	12,262	707	25	46	13,040
US	7,405	1,332	69	175	8,981
RoW	1,622	25	138	524	2,309

<sup>(1)</sup> The increase in Core UK Corporate exposures in Q1 2011 reflected Non-Core returning commercial real estate assets, in preparation for the sale of the RBS England and Wales branch-based business to Santander.

<sup>\*</sup> not reviewed

59,324 10,467 4,537 15,619 89,947

Note:

(1) ROI: Republic of Ireland; NI: Northern Ireland.

# Risk and balance sheet management (continued)

Risk management: Credit risk: Commercial real estate\* (continued)

	Investr Core N	nent Non-Core	Developi Core N	Total	
By geography	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
30 June 2011 UK (excluding Northern					
Ireland) Ireland (ROI & NI)	26,564	11,248	6,023	3,096	46,931

<sup>\*</sup> not reviewed