

Edgar Filing: NAPCO SECURITY SYSTEMS INC - Form 10-Q

NAPCO SECURITY SYSTEMS INC  
Form 10-Q  
November 16, 2009

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES AND  
--- EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED: SEPTEMBER 30, 2009  
OR  
--- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES AND  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM \_\_\_\_\_ TO \_\_\_\_\_.

Commission File number: 0-10004  
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NAPCO SECURITY TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
-----

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
-----

11-2277818  
-----

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation of organization)

(IRS Employer Identification  
Number)

333 Bayview Avenue  
Amityville, New York  
-----

11701  
-----

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(631) 842-9400  
-----

(Registrant's telephone number including area code)

-----  
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year if  
changed from last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required  
to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934  
during the preceding 12 months (or shorter period that the registrant was  
required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing  
requirements for the past 90 days: Yes X No  
-----

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and  
posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required  
to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the  
preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to  
submit and post such files). Yes No  
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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an  
accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See

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definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

|                         |                           |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Large Accelerated Filer | Accelerated Filer         |
| -----                   | -----                     |
| Non-Accelerated Filer   | Smaller reporting company |
| -----                   | -----                     |

X

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):

|       |       |
|-------|-------|
| Yes   | No    |
| ----- | ----- |

X

Number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of: November 16, 2009

|   |            |
|---|------------|
| COMMON STOCK, \$.01 PAR VALUE PER SHARE | 19,095,713 |
|---|------------|

1

PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

NAPCO SECURITY TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
INDEX - SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets September 30, 2009 and June 30, 2009

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three Months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

SIGNATURE PAGE

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2

PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

NAPCO SECURITY TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

| ASSETS<br>-----                                       | September 30,<br>2009 (unaudited) |
|---|-----------------------------------|
|   | -----<br>(in thousands, e         |
| Current Assets:                                       |                                   |
| Cash and cash equivalents                             | \$ 6,233                          |
| Accounts receivable, net of reserves                  | 16,962                            |
| Inventories   | 16,988                            |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets             | 584                               |
| Income tax receivable                                 | 281                               |
| Deferred income taxes                                 | 489                               |
|   | -----                             |
| Total Current Assets                                  | 41,537                            |
| Inventories - non-current, net                        | 9,402                             |
| Deferred income taxes                                 | 1,714                             |
| Property, plant and equipment, net                    | 8,807                             |
| Intangible assets, net                                | 14,874                            |
| Goodwill  | 923                               |
| Other assets  | 320                               |
|   | -----                             |
| Total Assets  | \$ 77,577<br>=====                |
| <br>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY<br>-----<br> |                                   |
| Current Liabilities:                                  |                                   |
| Loans payable   | \$ 32,528                         |
| Accounts payable                                      | 2,552                             |
| Accrued expenses                                      | 1,610                             |
| Accrued salaries and wages                            | 1,903                             |
|   | -----                             |
| Total Current Liabilities                             | 38,593                            |
| Long-term debt, net of current maturities             | --                                |
| Accrued income taxes                                  | 218                               |
|   | -----                             |
| Total Liabilities                                     | 38,811<br>-----                   |
| Commitments and Contingencies                         |                                   |

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### Stockholders' Equity:

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| Common stock, par value \$.01 per share; 40,000,000 shares authorized,<br>20,095,713 shares issued and 19,095,713 shares outstanding | 201       |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 13,848    |
| Retained earnings  | 30,332    |
|  | 44,381    |
| Less: Treasury Stock, at cost (1,000,000 shares)   | (5,615)   |
|  | 38,766    |
| Total stockholders' equity   | 38,766    |
|  | -----     |
| Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity   | \$ 77,577 |
|  | -----     |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

3

### NAPCO SECURITY TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited)

|   |    | Thru                                     |
|---|----|--|
|   |    | 2009                                     |
|   |    | -----                                    |
|   |    | (in thousands, except per share amounts) |
| Net sales   | \$ | 14                                       |
| Cost of sales   |    | 11                                       |
|   |    | -----                                    |
| Gross Profit  |    | 3  |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses              |    | 4  |
|   |    | -----                                    |
| Operating (Loss) Income                                   |    | (1)                                      |
|   |    | -----                                    |
| Other expense:  |    |  |
| Interest expense, net                                     |    |  |
| Other expense, net  |    |  |
|   |    | -----                                    |
| Total Other expense                                       |    |  |
|   |    | -----                                    |
| (Loss) Income before (Benefit) Provision for Income Taxes |    | (1)                                      |
|   |    | -----                                    |
| (Benefit) provision for income taxes                      |    |  |
|   |    | -----                                    |

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|   |              |
|---|--------------|
| Net (loss) income   | (1)          |
| Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests                                  | -----        |
| Net (Loss) Income attributable to Napco Security Technologies, Inc.                 | \$ (1) ===== |
| (Loss) Earnings attributable to Napco Security Technologies, Inc. per common share: |              |
| Basic   | \$ ( ) ===== |
| Diluted   | \$ ( ) ===== |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding:                                      |              |
| Basic   | 19,095 ===== |
| Diluted   | 19,095 ===== |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

4

NAPCO SECURITY TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

|  | Three Months Ended |
|--|--------------------|
|  | -----              |
|  | 2009               |
|  | -----              |
|  | (in thou)          |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities:  |                    |
| Net (loss) income  | \$ (1,818)         |
| Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities: |                    |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 656                |
| Provision for doubtful accounts  | 10                 |
| Deferred income taxes  | (86)               |
| Non-cash stock based compensation expense  | 69                 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisition effects:                 |                    |
| Accounts receivable  | 3,027              |
| Inventories  | 2,444              |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets  | 123                |
| Other assets   | 3                  |

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|  |          |
|--|----------|
| Accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued salaries and wages, and accrued income taxes | (1,367)  |
|  | -----    |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities  | 3,061    |
|  | -----    |
| Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities:   |          |
| Cash used in business acquisition, net of cash acquired of \$520                         | --       |
| Purchases of property, plant and equipment   | (44)     |
|  | -----    |
| Net Cash Used in Investing Activities  | (44)     |
|  | -----    |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities:  |          |
| Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options   | --       |
| Proceeds from acquisition financing  | --       |
| Proceeds from long-term debt borrowings  | --       |
| Principal payments on long-term debt   | (893)    |
| Cash paid for deferred financing costs   | --       |
|  | -----    |
| Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities                                      | (893)    |
|  | -----    |
| Net increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents  | 2,124    |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period   | 4,109    |
|  | -----    |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period   | \$ 6,233 |
|  | =====    |
| Cash Paid During the Period for:   |          |
| -----  |          |
| Interest   | \$ 533   |
|  | =====    |
| Income taxes   | \$ 50    |
|  | =====    |
| Non-cash Investing activities:   |          |
| -----  |          |
| Accrued Business Acquisition costs   | \$ --    |
|  | =====    |
| Debt assumed in the Acquisition  | \$ --    |
|  | =====    |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

NAPCO SECURITY TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

1.) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Disclosures

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The accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are unaudited. In management's opinion, all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation have been made. The results of operations for the period ended September 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the full year.

The unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2009. The accounting policies used in preparing these unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are consistent with those described in the June 30, 2009 Consolidated Financial Statements. In addition, the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet was derived from the audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP").

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Napco Security Technologies, Inc. and all of its wholly-owned subsidiaries, including those of Marks USA I, LLC ("Marks"), a newly formed subsidiary which acquired substantially all of the assets and certain liabilities of G. Marks Hardware, Inc. acquired on August 18, 2008. All inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The Company has evaluated events subsequent to September 30, 2009 through November 16, 2009 for potential recognition or disclosure in these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent gains and losses at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Critical estimates include management's judgments associated with revenue recognition, concentration of credit risk, inventories, goodwill and income taxes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Seasonality

The Company's fiscal year begins on July 1 and ends on June 30. Historically, the end users of Napco's products want to install its products prior to the summer; therefore sales of its products historically peak in the period April 1 through June 30, the Company's fiscal fourth quarter, and are reduced in the period July 1 through September 30, the Company's fiscal first quarter. To a lesser degree, sales in Europe are also adversely impacted in the Company's first fiscal quarter because of European vacation patterns, i.e., many distributors and installers are closed for the month of August. In addition, demand is affected by the housing and construction markets. The severity of the current economic downturn may also affect this trend.

### Advertising and Promotional Costs

Advertising and promotional costs are included in "Selling, General and Administrative" expenses in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and are expensed as incurred. Advertising expense for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 was \$218,000 and \$301,000, respectively.

### Research and Development Costs

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Research and development costs are included in "Cost of Sales" in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and are expensed as incurred. Research and development expense for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 was \$1,229,000 and \$1,312,000, respectively.

### Business Concentration and Credit Risk

An entity is more vulnerable to concentrations of credit risk if it is exposed to risk of loss greater than it would have had if it mitigated its risk through diversification of customers. Such risks of loss manifest themselves differently, depending on the nature of the concentration, and vary in significance.

The Company had two customers with accounts receivable balances that aggregated 24% of the Company's accounts receivable at September 30, 2009 and June 30, 2009. Sales to neither of these customers exceeded 10% of net sales in any of the past three fiscal years.

6

### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

In the ordinary course of business, the Company has established a reserve for doubtful accounts and customer deductions in the amount of \$410,000 and \$400,000 as of September 30, 2009 and June 30, 2009, respectively. The Company's reserve for doubtful accounts is a subjective critical estimate that has a direct impact on reported net earnings. This reserve is based upon the evaluation of accounts receivable agings, specific exposures and historical trends.

### Stock Options

During the three months ended September 30, 2009 the Company granted no stock options under its 2002 Employee Incentive Stock Option Plan or under its 2000 Non-employee Incentive Stock Option Plan. During the three months ended September 30, 2009 there were no options exercised under either plan.

### Goodwill

We evaluate purchased goodwill for impairment at least on an annual basis. Those intangible assets that are classified as goodwill or as other intangibles with indefinite lives are not amortized.

Impairment testing is performed in two steps: (i) the Company determines impairment by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying value, and (ii) if there is an impairment, the Company measures the amount of impairment loss by comparing the implied fair value of goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill.

### Intangible Assets

All goodwill and certain intangible assets determined to have indefinite lives are not amortized but are tested for impairment at least annually. Intangible assets other than goodwill are amortized over their useful lives and reviewed for impairment at least annually at the Company's fiscal year end of June 30 or more often whenever there is an indication that the carrying amount may not be recovered.

The Company's acquisition of substantially all of the assets and certain liabilities of Marks included intangible assets with a fair value of



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\$16,440,000 on the date of acquisition. The Company recorded the estimated value of \$9,800,000 related to the customer relationships, \$340,000 related to a non-compete agreement and \$6,300,000 related to the Marks trade name within intangible assets. The remaining excess of the purchase price of \$922,000 was assigned to Goodwill. The intangible assets will be amortized over their estimated useful lives of twenty years (customer relationships) and seven years (non-compete agreement). The Marks USA trade name was deemed to have an indefinite life. The goodwill recorded as a result of the acquisition is deductible for Federal and New York State income tax purposes over a period of 15 years.

Changes in other intangible assets were as follows (in thousands):

|                          | September 30, 2009 |                             |                   |          |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------|
|                          | Cost               | Accumulated<br>amortization | Net book<br>value | Cost     |
| Other intangible assets: |                    |                             |                   |          |
| Customer relationships   | \$ 9,800           | \$(1,511)                   | \$ 8,289          | \$ 9,800 |
| Non-compete agreement    | 340                | (55)                        | 285               | 340      |
| Trademark                | 6,300              | -                           | 6,300             | 6,300    |
|                          | \$ 16,440          | \$(1,566)                   | \$ 14,874         | \$16,440 |

Amortization expense for intangible assets subject to amortization was approximately \$335,000 and \$67,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Amortization expense for each of the next five fiscal years is estimated to be as follows 2010--\$1,339,000; 2011--\$1,154,000; 2012-- \$1,065,000; 2013--\$917,000; and 2014--\$781,000. The weighted average amortization period for intangible assets was 18.3 years and 19.4 years at September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

7

### Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets in question may not be recoverable. An impairment would be recorded in circumstances where undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by an asset are less than the carrying value of that asset.

### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2009, the FASB established the FASB Accounting Standards Codification™ (the "Codification") as the single source of authoritative U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities. Rules and interpretive releases of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of authoritative U.S. GAAP for SEC registrants. The Codification did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements upon adoption. Accordingly, the Company's notes to condensed

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consolidated financial statements will explain accounting concepts rather than cite the topics of specific U.S. GAAP.

### 2.) Stock-based Compensation

-----

The Company has established two share incentive programs, the 2002 Employee Plan and the 2000 Non-Employee Plan, as discussed in more detail in the Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes contained in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2009. The Company recognizes all stock-based compensation as an expense in the financial statements and the cost is measured at the fair market value of the award on the date of grant. Any excess tax benefits related to stock option exercises are reflected as financing cash inflows instead of operating cash inflows. Stock-based compensation costs of \$69,000 and \$118,000 were recognized in three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Unearned stock-based compensation cost was \$232,000 as of September 30, 2009.

The following table reflects activity under the 2002 Plans for the three months ended September 30, 2009:

|   | Options<br>----- | Weighted<br>average<br>exercise<br>price<br>----- |
|---|------------------|---|
| Outstanding at beginning of year                                | 1,390,240        | \$ 2.95   |
| Granted   | --               | --  |
| Exercised   | --               | --  |
|   | -----            | -----   |
| Outstanding at September 30, 2009                               | 1,390,240        | \$ 2.95   |
|   | =====            | =====   |
| Exercisable at September 30, 2009                               | 1,285,306        | \$ 2.72   |
|   | =====            | =====   |
| Weighted average fair value at<br>grant date of options granted | \$ n/a           |   |
| Total intrinsic value of<br>options exercised                   | \$ n/a           |   |
| Total intrinsic value of<br>Options outstanding                 | \$ 1,701,000     |   |
| Total intrinsic value of<br>Options exercisable                 | \$ 1,385,000     |   |

8

The following table reflects activity under the 2000 Plan for the three months ended September 30, :

|                                  | Options<br>----- | Weighted<br>average<br>exercise<br>price<br>----- |
|----------------------------------|------------------|---|
| Outstanding at beginning of year | 30,000           | \$ 5.03   |
| Granted                          | --               | --  |

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|  |           |         |
|--|-----------|---------|
| Exercised  | --        | --      |
| Forfeited  | --        | --      |
| Cancelled/lapsed   | --        | --      |
|  | -----     | -----   |
| Outstanding at end of year                                   | 30,000    | \$ 5.03 |
|  | =====     | =====   |
| Exercisable at end of year                                   | 18,000    | \$ 5.03 |
|  | =====     | =====   |
| Weighted average fair value at grant date of options granted | n/a       |         |
| Total intrinsic value of options exercised                   | n/a       |         |
| Total intrinsic value of Options outstanding                 | \$ 95,000 |         |
| Total intrinsic value of Options exercisable                 | \$ 57,000 |         |

3.) Inventories, net

-----

The Company regularly reviews parts and finished goods inventories on hand and, when necessary, records a reserve for excess or obsolete inventories. As of September 30, 2009 and June 30, 2009, the balance in this reserve amounted to \$1,447,000. The Company also regularly reviews the period over which its inventories will be converted to sales. Any inventories expected to convert to sales beyond 12 months from the balance sheet date are classified as non-current. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or fair market value, with cost being determined on the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The Company previously used the Gross Profit Method (which approximates FIFO) for interim financial statements. In the current quarter management has modified this calculation to the FIFO method that is considered more precise, however management believes the results of operations for interim periods would not be materially different using either method.

|   |                  |                       |
|---|------------------|-----------------------|
| Inventories, net of reserves consist of the following (in thousands): |                  | September 30,<br>2009 |
|   |                  | -----                 |
|   | Component parts  | \$ 16,741             |
|   | Work-in-process  | 3,030                 |
|   | Finished product | 6,619                 |
|   |                  | -----                 |
|   |                  | \$ 26,390             |
|   |                  | =====                 |
| Classification of inventories, net of reserves:                       | Current          | \$ 16,988             |
|   | Non-current      | 9,402                 |
|   |                  | -----                 |
|   |                  | \$ 26,390             |
|   |                  | =====                 |

4.) Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share

-----

Earnings per common share amounts ("Basic EPS") are calculated by dividing

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earnings by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Earnings per common share amounts, assuming dilution ("Diluted EPS"), were computed by reflecting the potential dilution from the exercise of stock options. Both Basic EPS and Diluted EPS are presented on the face of the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

A reconciliation between the numerators and denominators of the Basic and Diluted EPS computations for earnings is as follows (in thousands except per share data):

|   | Three months ended September 30, 2009 |                         |                      |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
|   | Net (Loss)<br>(numerator)             | Shares<br>(denominator) | Per Share<br>Amounts |
| Basic EPS   |                                       |                         |                      |
| -----   |                                       |                         |                      |
| Net loss, as reported                                 | \$ (1,818)                            | 19,096                  | \$ (0.10)            |
| Effect of dilutive securities                         |                                       |                         |                      |
| -----   |                                       |                         |                      |
| Employee Stock Options                                | \$ --                                 | --                      | \$ --                |
| -----   |                                       |                         |                      |
| Diluted EPS   |                                       |                         |                      |
| -----   |                                       |                         |                      |
| Net loss, as reported and<br>assumed option exercises | \$ (1,818)                            | 19,096                  | \$ (0.10)            |
|   | =====                                 | =====                   | =====                |

1,420,000 options to purchase shares of common stock in the three months ended September 30, 2009 were excluded in the computation of Diluted EPS because their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

9

|   | Three months ended September 30, 2008 |                         |                      |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
|   | Net Income<br>(numerator)             | Shares<br>(denominator) | Per Share<br>Amounts |
| Basic EPS   |                                       |                         |                      |
| -----   |                                       |                         |                      |
| Net income, as reported                                 | \$ 322                                | 19,095                  | \$ 0.02              |
| Effect of dilutive securities                           |                                       |                         |                      |
| -----   |                                       |                         |                      |
| Employee Stock Options                                  | \$ --                                 | 384                     | \$ --                |
| -----   |                                       |                         |                      |
| Diluted EPS   |                                       |                         |                      |
| -----   |                                       |                         |                      |
| Net income, as reported and<br>assumed option exercises | \$ 322                                | 19,479                  | \$ 0.02              |
|   | =====                                 | =====                   | =====                |

397,000 options to purchase shares of common stock in the three months

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ended September 30, 2008 were excluded in the computation of Diluted EPS because the exercise prices were in excess of the average market price for this period and their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

### 5.) Acquisition of Business

-----

On August 18, 2008, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets and business of G. Marks Hardware, Inc. ("Marks") for \$25.2 million, the repayment of \$1 million of bank debt and the assumption of current liabilities as described more fully in the Asset Purchase Agreement. As such, the operations of Marks subsequent to the acquisition date have been included in the Company's Statement of Operations. The Marks business involves the manufacturing and distribution of door-locking devices. The Company completed this acquisition at a price in excess of the value of the net identifiable assets because it believes that the combination of the two companies offers the potential for manufacturing and operational synergies as the Company combines the Marks operations and production into its own door-locking operations and production structure. The Company funded the acquisition with a term loan from its lenders as described in Note 6.

The acquisition described above was accounted for as a purchase and was valued based on management's estimate of the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Based on the Company's evaluation, the allocation of the purchase price for the acquisition was as follows (in thousands):

|  |          |
|--|----------|
| Assets Acquired:                           |          |
| Cash                                       | \$ 520   |
| Accounts receivable                        | 1,836    |
| Inventory                                  | 6,740    |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets  | 112      |
| Property and equipment                     | 801      |
| Goodwill                                   | 922      |
| Intangible assets                          | 16,440   |
|  | -----    |
|  | 27,371   |
|  | -----    |
| Less: Liabilities Assumed:                 |          |
| Line of credit borrowings outstanding      | 1,000    |
| Accounts payable                           | 637      |
| Accrued expenses                           | 339      |
|  | -----    |
|  | 1,976    |
|  | -----    |
| Total consideration (including acquisition |          |
| Costs of \$222)                            | \$25,395 |
|  | =====    |

The Company recorded the estimated value of \$9,800,000 related to the customer relationships, \$340,000 related to a non-compete agreement and \$6,300,000 related to the Marks trade name within intangible assets and the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the acquired assets of \$922,000 was assigned to Goodwill. The intangible assets will be amortized over their estimated useful lives of twenty years (customer relationships) and seven years (non-compete agreement). The weighted average amortization period of these assets is 19.6 years. The Marks trade name was deemed to have an indefinite life. The goodwill recorded as a result of the acquisition is deductible for Federal and New York State income tax purposes over a period of 15 years.

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### 6.) Long Term Debt

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10

As of September 30, 2009, debt consists of a revolving credit loan facility of \$11,100,000 and a \$25,000,000 term loan utilized to finance the asset purchase agreement as described in Note 5. Both facilities bear interest based on the Prime Rate. In September 2009 the Company and its banks amended the revolving line of credit to provide for a borrowing base formula in calculating availability under the line effective October 31, 2009. The amended revolving credit agreement and the term loan are secured by all the accounts receivable, inventory, the Company's headquarters in Amityville, New York, certain other assets of Napco Security Technologies, Inc. and the common stock of three of the Company's subsidiaries. The agreements contain various restrictions and covenants including, among others, restrictions on payment of dividends, restrictions on borrowings and compliance with certain financial ratios, as defined in the agreement. As of September 30, 2009 the Company was not in compliance with the covenants relating to ratios associated with maximum leverage, a modified quick ratio and debt service coverage. The Company is currently in discussions with its banks regarding waivers for the non-compliance with the covenants at September 30, 2009. The Company expects to receive the appropriate waivers from its banks but this has not been completed as of the date of this filing. As a result, the Company has classified the entire amount outstanding under these facilities as a current liability.

As of September 30, 2009 the outstanding balances and interest rates are as follows (dollars in thousands):

|                          | September 30, 2009 |               | June 30, 2009 |            |
|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
|                          | Outstanding        | Interest Rate | Outstanding   | Interest R |
| Revolving line of credit | \$ 11,100          | 6.50%         | \$ 11,100     |            |
| Term loan                | 21,428             | 6.50%         | 22,321        |            |
| Total debt               | \$ 32,528          | 6.50%         | \$ 33,421     |            |

The term loan is being repaid in 19 quarterly installments of \$893,000 each, commencing in December 2008, and a final payment of \$8,033,000 due in August 2013. The revolving line of credit expires in August 2012 and any outstanding borrowings are to be repaid or refinanced on or before that time.

### 7.) Geographical Data

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The Company is engaged in one major line of business: the development, manufacture, and distribution of security alarm products and door security devices for commercial and residential use. Sales to unaffiliated customers are primarily shipped from the United States. The Company has customers worldwide with major concentrations in North America, Europe, and South America.

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The following represents selected consolidated geographical data for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (in thousands):

|   | Three Months ended September 30, |               |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|
|   | 2009                             | 2008          |
| <b>Sales to external customers(1):</b>      |                                  |               |
| <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> |                                  |               |
| Domestic                                    | \$ 13,233                        | \$ 15,427     |
| Foreign                                     | 1,232                            | 2,056         |
| <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> |                                  |               |
| Total Net Sales                             | \$ 14,465                        | \$ 17,483     |
| <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> |                                  |               |
| As of                                       |                                  |               |
| <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> |                                  |               |
|   | September 30,<br>2009            | June 30, 2009 |
| <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> |                                  |               |
| <b>Identifiable assets:</b>                 |                                  |               |
| <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> |                                  |               |
| United States                               | \$ 57,909                        | \$ 60,456     |
| Dominican Republic (2)                      | 18,130                           | 18,822        |
| Other foreign countries                     | 1,538                            | 2,308         |
| <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> |                                  |               |
| Total Identifiable Assets                   | \$ 77,577                        | \$ 81,586     |
| <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/> |                                  |               |

11

(1) All of the Company's sales occur in the United States and are shipped primarily from the Company's facilities in the United States and United Kingdom. There were no sales into any one foreign country in excess of 10% of Net Sales.

(2) Consists primarily of inventories (\$13,429,000 and \$13,960,000) and fixed assets (\$4,574,000 and \$4,696,000) located at the Company's principal manufacturing facility in the Dominican Republic as of September 30, 2009 and June 30, 2009, respectively.

### 8.) Commitments and Contingencies

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In the normal course of business, the Company is a party to claims and/or litigation. Management believes that the settlement of such claims and/or litigation, considered in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

### 9.) Income Taxes

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The provision for income taxes represents Federal, foreign, and state and local income taxes. The effective rate differs from statutory rates due to the effect of state and local income taxes, tax rates in foreign jurisdictions and certain nondeductible expenses. Our effective tax rate will change from quarter to quarter based on recurring and non-recurring factors including, but not limited to, the geographical mix of earnings, enacted tax legislation, and state and local income taxes. In addition,

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changes in judgment from the evaluation of new information resulting in the recognition, de-recognition or re-measurement of a tax position taken in a prior annual period are recognized separately in the quarter of the change.

The Company does not expect that our unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change within the next twelve months. We file a consolidated U.S. income tax return and tax returns in certain state and local and foreign jurisdictions. On October 30, 2009 Napco has received Form 4564 (Information Document Request) from the IRS requesting certain information for the tax year ended June 30, 2008. At this time management does not know of any tax positions taken on the June 30, 2008 tax return that need to be reserved for. As of September 30, 2009, we remain subject to examination in all tax jurisdictions for all relevant jurisdictional statutes.

The Company has identified its U.S. Federal income tax return and its State return in New York as its major tax jurisdictions. During the three months ending September 30, 2009 the Company increased its reserve for uncertain income tax positions by \$5,000. As a result, as of September 30, 2009 the Company has a long-term accrued income tax liability of \$218,000.

### 10.) Restructuring Costs

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In March 2009, the Company began a Restructuring Plan consisting of a series of actions to consolidate its Sales, Production and Warehousing operations of Marks and those in Europe and the Middle East into the Corporate Headquarters in Amityville, NY and its production facility in the Dominican Republic. We expect these restructuring initiatives to cost between \$1,200,000 and \$1,500,000. The majority of these actions were completed by August 2009, while certain Production-related actions are expected to be completed by December 31, 2009. Accordingly, the Company recognized restructuring costs of \$1,274,000 in year ended June 30, 2009. Of this amount, \$210,000 relates to Workforce Reductions communicated in March 2009 and \$1,064,000 to Business Exits and related costs associated with inventory and lease impairments related to the closure of the Marks, European and Middle East facilities. As of September 30, 2009, \$1,138,000 of the \$1,274,000 in restructuring costs has been incurred and \$136,000 remains in accrued expenses.

### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and

#### Results of Operations

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the information incorporated by reference may include "Forward-Looking Statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Exchange Act of 1934. The Company intends the Forward-Looking Statements to be covered by the Safe Harbor Provisions for Forward-Looking Statements. All statements regarding the Company's expected financial position and operating results, its business strategy, its financing plans and the outcome of any contingencies are Forward-Looking Statements. The Forward-Looking Statements are based on current estimates and projections about our industry and our business. Words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," or variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such Forward-Looking Statements. The Forward-Looking Statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth or implied by any Forward-Looking Statements. For example,



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the Company is highly dependent on its Chief Executive Officer for strategic planning. If he is unable to perform his services for any significant period of time, the Company's ability to continue growing could be adversely affected. In addition, factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the Forward-Looking Statements include, but are not limited to, the ability to maintain adequate financing to fund operations, adverse tax consequences of offshore operations, significant fluctuations in the exchange rate between the Dominican Peso and the U.S. Dollar, distribution problems, unforeseen environmental liabilities, the uncertain economic, military and political conditions in the world and the successful integration of Marks into our existing operations.

12

### Overview

The Company is a diversified manufacturer of security products, encompassing intrusion and fire alarms, building access control systems and electronic locking devices. These products are used for commercial, residential, institutional, industrial and governmental applications, and are sold worldwide principally to independent distributors, dealers and installers of security equipment. International sales accounted for approximately 9% and 12% of our revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

The Company owns and operates manufacturing facilities in Amityville, New York and the Dominican Republic. A significant portion of our operating costs are fixed, and do not fluctuate with changes in production levels or utilization of our manufacturing capacity. As production levels rise and factory utilization increases, the fixed costs are spread over increased output, which should improve profit margins. Conversely, when production levels decline our fixed costs are spread over reduced levels, thereby decreasing margins.

On August 18, 2008, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets and business of G. Marks Hardware, Inc. ("Marks") for \$25.2 million, the repayment of \$1 million of bank debt and the assumption of certain current liabilities. The Company also entered into a lease for the building where Marks has maintained its operations. The lease provided for an annual base rent of \$288,750 plus maintenance and real estate taxes, expired in August 2009 and provided for two annual extensions thereafter. In March 2009 the Company began to move the Marks operations into its existing facilities. The Company completed this consolidation in August 2009. The Marks business involves the manufacturing and distribution of door-locking devices.

The security products market is characterized by constant incremental innovation in product design and manufacturing technologies. Generally, the Company devotes 7-8% of revenues to research and development (R&D) on an annual basis. The Company does not expect products resulting from our R&D investments in fiscal 2010 to contribute materially to revenue during this fiscal year, but should benefit the Company over future years. In general, the new products introduced by the Company are initially shipped in limited quantities, and increase over time. Prices and manufacturing costs tend to decline over time as products and technologies mature.

### Economic and Other Factors

Since October 2008, the U.S. and international economies have experienced a significant downturn and continue to be very volatile. In the event that the downturn in the U.S. or international financial markets is prolonged, our revenue, profit and cash-flow levels could be materially adversely affected further in future periods. This could affect our ability to maintain adequate

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financing. If the current worldwide economic downturn continues, many of our current or potential future customers may experience serious cash flow problems and as a result may, modify, delay or cancel purchases of our products. Additionally, customers may not be able to pay, or may delay payment of, accounts receivable that are owed to us. Furthermore, the current downturn and market instability makes it difficult for us to forecast our revenues.

### Restructuring Costs

In March 2009, the Company began a Restructuring Plan consisting of a series of actions to consolidate its Sales, Production and Warehousing operations of Marks and those in Europe and the Middle East into the Corporate Headquarters in Amityville, NY and its production facility in the Dominican Republic. We expect these restructuring initiatives to cost between \$1,200,000 and \$1,500,000. The majority of these actions were completed by August 2009, while certain Production-related actions are expected to be completed by December 31, 2009. Accordingly, the Company recognized restructuring costs of \$1,274,000 in year ended June 30, 2009. Of this amount, \$210,000 relates to Workforce Reductions communicated in March 2009 and \$1,064,000 to Business Exits and related costs associated with inventory and lease impairments related to the closure of the Marks, European and Middle East facilities. As of September 30, 2009, \$1,138,000 of the \$1,274,000 in restructuring costs has been incurred and \$136,000 remains in accrued expenses.

### Seasonality

The Company's fiscal year begins on July 1 and ends on June 30. Historically, the end users of Napco's products want to install its products prior to the summer; therefore sales of its products historically peak in the period April 1 through June 30, the Company's fiscal fourth quarter, and are reduced in the period July 1 through September 30, the Company's fiscal first quarter. To a lesser degree, sales in Europe are also adversely impacted in the Company's first fiscal quarter because of European vacation patterns, i.e., many distributors and installers are closed for the month of August. In addition, demand is affected by the housing and construction markets. The severity of the current economic downturn may also affect this trend.

13

### Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses reported in those financial statements. These judgments can be subjective and complex, and consequently actual results could differ from those estimates. Our most critical accounting policies relate to revenue recognition; concentration of credit risk; inventories; intangible assets; goodwill; and income taxes.

### Revenue Recognition

Revenues from merchandise sales are recorded at the time the product is shipped or delivered to the customer pursuant to the terms of sale. We report our sales levels on a net sales basis, which is computed by deducting from gross sales the amount of actual returns received and an amount established for anticipated returns and other allowances.

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Our sales return accrual is a subjective critical estimate that has a direct impact on reported net sales and income. This accrual is calculated based on a history of gross sales and actual sales returns, as well as management's estimate of anticipated returns and allowances. As a percentage of gross sales, sales returns, rebates and allowances were 6% and 7% for three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

An entity is more vulnerable to concentrations of credit risk if it is exposed to risk of loss greater than it would have had if it mitigated its risk through diversification of customers. Such risks of loss manifest themselves differently, depending on the nature of the concentration, and vary in significance.

The Company had two customers with accounts receivable balances that aggregated 24% of the Company's accounts receivable at September 30, 2009 and June 30, 2009. Sales to neither of these customers exceeded 10% of net sales in any of the past three fiscal years.

In the ordinary course of business, we have established a reserve for doubtful accounts and customer deductions in the amount of \$410,000 and \$400,000 as of September 30, 2009 and June 30, 2009, respectively. Our reserve for doubtful accounts is a subjective critical estimate that has a direct impact on reported net earnings. This reserve is based upon the evaluation of accounts receivable agings, specific exposures and historical trends.

### Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or fair market value, with cost being determined on the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The reported net value of inventory includes finished saleable products, work-in-process and raw materials that will be sold or used in future periods. Inventory costs include raw materials, direct labor and overhead. The Company's overhead expenses are applied based, in part, upon estimates of the proportion of those expenses that are related to procuring and storing raw materials as compared to the manufacture and assembly of finished products. These proportions, the method of their application, and the resulting overhead included in ending inventory, are based in part on subjective estimates and approximations and actual results could differ from those estimates. The Company previously used the Gross Profit Method (which approximates FIFO) for interim financial statements. In the current quarter management has modified this calculation to the FIFO method that is considered more precise, however management believes the results of operations for interim periods would not be materially different using either method.

In addition, the Company records an inventory obsolescence reserve, which represents the difference between the cost of the inventory and its estimated market value, based on various product sales projections. This reserve is calculated using an estimated obsolescence percentage applied to the inventory based on age, historical trends, requirements to support forecasted sales, and the ability to find alternate applications of its raw materials and to convert finished product into alternate versions of the same product to better match customer demand. There is inherent professional judgment and subjectivity made by production, engineering and financial members of management in determining the estimated obsolescence percentage. As of September 30, 2009 and June 30, 2009, the balance in this reserve amounted to \$1,447,000. In addition, and as necessary, the Company may establish specific reserves for future known or anticipated events.

The Company also regularly reviews the period over which its inventories will be converted to sales. Any inventories expected to convert to sales beyond 12

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months from the balance sheet date are classified as non-current.

14

### Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are reviewed for impairment at least annually at the Company's fiscal year-end of June 30 or more often whenever there is an indication that the carrying amount may not be recovered. Those intangible assets that are classified as goodwill or as other intangibles with indefinite lives are not amortized.

Impairment testing is performed in two steps: (i) the Company determines impairment by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying value, and (ii) if there is an impairment, the Company measures the amount of impairment loss by comparing the implied fair value of goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill. At the conclusion of fiscal 2009, the Company performed its annual impairment evaluation required by this standard and determined that its goodwill relating to its Alarm Lock and Continental subsidiaries was impaired. Accordingly, in fiscal 2009 the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$9,686,000 which represented the unamortized balance of this Goodwill.

The Company's acquisition of substantially all of the assets and certain liabilities of Marks included intangible assets with a fair value of \$16,440,000 on the date of acquisition. The Company recorded the estimated value of \$9,800,000 related to the customer relationships, \$340,000 related to a non-compete agreement and \$6,300,000 related to the Marks trade name within intangible assets and Goodwill of \$922,000 subject to further adjustment. The intangible assets will be amortized over their estimated useful lives of twenty years (customer relationships) and seven years (non-compete agreement). The Marks USA trade name was deemed to have an indefinite life. The goodwill recorded as a result of the acquisition is deductible for Federal and New York State income tax purposes over a period of 15 years.

### Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes represents Federal, foreign, and state and local income taxes. The effective rate differs from statutory rates due to the effect of state and local income taxes, tax rates in foreign jurisdictions and certain nondeductible expenses. Our effective tax rate will change from quarter to quarter based on recurring and non-recurring factors including, but not limited to, the geographical mix of earnings, enacted tax legislation, and state and local income taxes. In addition, changes in judgment from the evaluation of new information resulting in the recognition, de-recognition or re-measurement of a tax position taken in a prior annual period are recognized separately in the quarter of the change.

We do not expect that our unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change within the next twelve months. We file a consolidated U.S. income tax return and tax returns in certain state and local and foreign jurisdictions. On October 30, 2009 Napco has received Form 4564 (Information Document Request) from the IRS requesting certain information for the tax year ended June 30, 2008. At this time management does not know of any tax positions taken on the June 30, 2008 tax return that need to be reserved for. As of September 30, 2009, we remain subject to examination in all tax jurisdictions for all relevant jurisdictional statutes.

### Results of Operations

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|   | Three months ended September 30,<br>(dollars in thousands) |           |                           |
|---|--|-----------|---------------------------|
|   | 2009   | 2008      | % Increase/<br>(decrease) |
| Net sales   | \$ 14,465  | \$ 17,483 | (17.3)%                   |
| Gross profit  | 3,339  | 5,606     | (40.4)%                   |
| Gross profit as a % of net sales                                    | 23.1%  | 32.1%     | (9.0)%                    |
| Selling, general and administrative                                 | 4,692  | 4,776     | (1.8)%                    |
| Selling, general and administrative<br>as a percentage of net sales | 32.4%  | 27.3%     | 5.1%                      |
| Operating (loss) income   | (1,353)  | 830       | (263.0)%                  |
| Interest expense, net   | 571  | 315       | 81.3%                     |
| Other expense   | 14   | 79        | (82.3)%                   |
| Minority interest in net loss of<br>subsidiary                      | --   | 42        | (100.0)%                  |
| (Benefit) Provision for income<br>taxes                             | (120)  | 156       | (176.9)%                  |
| Net (loss) income   | (1,818)  | 322       | (664.6)%                  |

Sales for the three months ended September 30, 2009 decreased by approximately 17% to \$14,465,000 as compared to \$17,483,000 for the same period a year ago. The decrease in sales for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was primarily from decreased sales of the Company's intrusion products (\$1,383,000), door locking products (\$1,117,000), products specific to the Company's Middle East operation (\$636,000), and access control products (\$110,000). The Company's sales continue to be adversely affected by the worldwide economic downturn, primarily since the quarter ended March 31, 2009.

15

Gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2009 decreased to \$3,339,000 or 23.1% of sales as compared to \$5,606,000 or 32.1% of sales for the same period a year ago. The decrease in Gross profit in dollars and as a percentage of sales for the three months was primarily due to the decrease in sales of the Company's products as described above and the resulting reduction in overhead absorption in the production of these products.

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2009 decreased by \$84,000 to \$4,692,000, or 32.4% of sales, as compared to \$4,776,000, or 27.3% of sales a year ago. The decrease in dollars for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was due primarily to the Company's cost-cutting and restructuring measures initiated in the quarter ended June 30, 2009 (\$555,000) as partially offset by having a full three months of Marks expenses in the quarter ended September 30, 2009 and only 6 weeks of these expenses in the same quarter a year ago due to the acquisition occurring mid-quarter (\$540,000). The increases as a percentage of sales are due primarily to the decreases in sales as described above without a corresponding decrease in expenses.

Interest expense, net for the three months ended September 30, 2009 increased by \$256,000 to \$571,000 as compared to \$315,000 for the same period a year ago. The increase in interest expense for the three months resulted primarily from the \$25,000,000 acquisition loan dated August 17, 2008 being outstanding for the entire three months in the quarter ended September 30, 2009 as compared to 6 weeks in the quarter ended September 30, 2008 and higher interest rates on the outstanding debt in the three months ended September 30, 2009 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2008. This was partially offset by a reduction

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of \$5,679,000 in the total amount outstanding under the revolving line of credit and acquisition loan for the quarter ended September 30, 2009 as compared to the same period a year ago.

The Company's provision for income taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2009 decreased by \$276,000 to a benefit of \$120,000 as compared to a provision of \$156,000 for the same period a year ago. The decrease in provision for income taxes for the three months was due primarily to the decrease in income before provision for income taxes which resulted from the results described above. As a result, the Company's effective rate for income tax was 6.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2009 as compared to 32.6% for the same period a year ago.

Net income decreased by \$2,140,000 to a net loss of \$1,818,000 or \$(0.10) per diluted share for the three months ended September 30, 2009 as compared to net income of \$322,000 or \$0.02 per diluted share for the same period a year ago. The decrease for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was primarily due to the decrease in net sales and gross profit as described above.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

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During the three months ended September 30, 2009 the Company utilized a portion of its cash from operations (\$3,061,000) to repay outstanding debt (\$893,000) and purchase property, plant and equipment (\$44,000). The Company believes its current working capital, cash flows from operations and its revolving credit agreement will be sufficient to fund the Company's operations through the next twelve months.

Accounts Receivable at September 30, 2009 decreased \$3,037,000 to \$16,962,000 as compared to \$19,999,000 at June 30, 2009. This decrease is primarily the result of the lower sales volume during the quarter ended September 30, 2009 as compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2009, which is typically the Company's highest.

Inventories at September 30, 2009 decreased by \$2,444,000 to \$26,390,000 as compared to \$28,834,000 at June 30, 2009. This decrease was primarily the result of the Company continuing to increase the accuracy of its sales forecasting by product as well as efforts to reduce its excess inventory.

On August 18, 2008, the Company and its banks amended and restated the existing \$25,000,000 revolving credit agreement. The amended facility was \$50,000,000 and provides for a \$25,000,000 revolving credit line as well as a \$25,000,000 term portion of which the entire \$25,000,000 was utilized to finance the asset purchase agreement as described in Note 5. The amended revolving credit agreement was amended in November 2008 to \$20,000,000 and amended in May 2009 to \$11,100,000 and is secured by all the accounts receivable, inventory, the Company's headquarters in Amityville, New York and certain other assets of Napco Security Technologies, Inc. and the common stock of three of the Company's subsidiaries. The agreements bear interest based on the Prime Rate as described in the agreement. The August 2008 amendment extended the revolving credit agreement to August 2012. Any outstanding borrowings are to be repaid or refinanced on or before that time. In September 2009 the Company and its banks amended the revolving line of credit to provide for a borrowing base formula in calculating availability under the line effective October 31, 2009. As of September 30, 2009 there was \$11,100,000 outstanding under the revolving credit facility with an interest rate of 6.5% and \$21,428,000 outstanding under the term loan with an interest rate of 6.5%. The term loan is being repaid in 19 quarterly installments of \$893,000 each, commencing in December 2008, and a final payment of \$8,033,000 due in August 2013. The agreements contain various restrictions and covenants including, among others, restrictions on payment of dividends, restrictions on borrowings and compliance with certain financial

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ratios, as defined in the agreement. As of September 30, 2009 the Company was not in compliance with the covenants relating to ratios associated with maximum leverage, a modified quick ratio and debt service coverage. The Company is currently in discussions with its banks regarding waivers for the non-compliance with the covenants at September 30, 2009. The Company expects to receive the appropriate waivers from its banks but this has not been completed as of the date of this filing. As a result, the Company has classified the entire amount outstanding under these facilities as a current liability.

16

As of September 30, 2009 the Company had no material commitments for capital expenditures or inventory purchases other than purchase orders issued in the normal course of business.

### ITEM 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

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The Company's principal financial instrument is long-term debt (consisting of a revolving credit facility and term loan) that provides for interest based on the prime rate as described in the agreement. The Company is affected by market risk exposure primarily through the effect of changes in interest rates on amounts payable by the Company under this credit facility. At September 30, 2009, an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$32,528,000 was outstanding under the Company's credit facility with a weighted average interest rate of approximately 6.5%. If principal amounts outstanding under the Company's credit facility remained at this level for an entire year and the prime rate increased or decreased, respectively, by 1% the Company would pay or save, respectively, an additional \$325,000 in interest that year.

A significant number of foreign sales transactions by the Company are denominated in U.S. dollars. As such, the Company has shifted foreign currency exposure onto many of its foreign customers. As a result, if exchange rates move against foreign customers, the Company could experience difficulty collecting unsecured accounts receivable, the cancellation of existing orders or the loss of future orders. The foregoing could materially adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the Company transacts certain sales in Europe in British Pounds Sterling, therefore exposing itself to a certain amount of foreign currency risk. Management believes that the amount of this exposure is immaterial. We are also exposed to foreign currency risk relative to expenses incurred in Dominican Pesos ("RD\$"), the local currency of the Company's production facility in the Dominican Republic. The result of a 10% strengthening in the U.S. dollar to our RD\$ expenses would result in an annual decrease in income from operations of approximately \$315,000.

### ITEM 4: Controls and Procedures

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We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the

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SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management necessarily applied its judgment in assessing the costs and benefits of such controls and procedures, which, by their nature, can provide only reasonable assurance regarding management's control objectives.

At the conclusion of the period ended September 30, 2009, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2010, there were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Management is in the process of reviewing, documenting and evaluating the internal controls over financial reporting that exist at the Company's Marks subsidiary, which was acquired during the first quarter of Fiscal 2009.

17

### PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

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Information regarding the Company's Risk Factors are set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2009. There have been no material changes in the risk factors previously disclosed in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2009 during the three months ended September 30, 2009.

#### Item 6. Exhibits

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- 4.1 Amendment and Waivers to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of October 13, 2009.
- 31.1 Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of Richard L. Soloway, Chairman of the Board and President
- 31.2 Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of Kevin S. Buchel, Senior Vice President of Operations and Finance
- 32.1 Section 1350 Certifications

18

SIGNATURES



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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

November 16, 2009

NAPCO SECURITY TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
(Registrant)

By: /s/ RICHARD L. SOLOWAY

-----  
Richard L. Soloway  
Chairman of the Board of Directors, President and Secretary  
(Chief Executive Officer)

By: /s/ KEVIN S. BUCHEL

-----  
Kevin S. Buchel  
Senior Vice President of Operations and Finance and Treasurer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)