

Edgar Filing: Blink Couture Inc. - Form 10-Q

Blink Couture Inc.  
Form 10-Q  
March 16, 2011

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended January 31, 2011

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number: 333-138951

BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State of organization)

98-0568153  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

c/o Regent Private Capital, LLC  
5727 South Lewis Avenue  
Tulsa, Oklahoma 74105  
(Address of principal executive offices)

(918) 392-3200  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

c/o Regent Private Capital, LLC  
152 West 57th Street, 9th Floor  
New York, New York 10019  
(Former address if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Edgar Filing: Blink Couture Inc. - Form 10-Q

Large Accelerated Filer "	Accelerated Filer "	Non-Accelerated Filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller Reporting Company x
---------------------------------	------------------------	---	-----------------------------------

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  
Yes x No "

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

The registrant had 393,169 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, outstanding at March 14, 2011.

---

TABLE OF CONTENTS

---

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1.	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	3
ITEM 2.	MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	10
ITEM 3.	QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK	13
ITEM 4.	CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	13

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1.	LEGAL PROCEEDINGS	14
ITEM 1A.	RISK FACTORS	14
ITEM 2.	UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS	14
ITEM 3.	DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES	14
ITEM 4.	REMOVED AND RESERVED	14
ITEM 5.	OTHER INFORMATION	14
ITEM 6.	EXHIBITS	14
SIGNATURES		15
EXHIBIT 10.14		
EXHIBIT 31.1		
EXHIBIT 32.1		

## PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## BLINK COUTURE, INC.

## BALANCE SHEETS

(in US\$)	January 31, 2011 (Unaudited)	July 31, 2010 (Audited)
<b>Current Assets</b>		
Cash	\$-	\$-
Prepaid Expense	-	-
Inventory	-	-
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	-	-
Property and Equipment (net)	-	-
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$-</b>	<b>\$-</b>
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		
Accounts Payable	\$1,500	\$4,650
Accrued Interest	14,257	9,300
Notes Due to Related Parties	193,212	156,502
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>208,969</b>	<b>170,452</b>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>208,969</b>	<b>170,452</b>
<b>Stockholders Equity</b>		
Preferred stock, (\$.0001 par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding)	-	-
Common stock, (\$.0001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 393,169 shares outstanding as of January 31, 2011 and July 31, 2010)	2,064	2,064
Additional Paid-in Capital	71,662	71,662
Retained Deficit	(282,695 )	(244,178 )
<b>Total Stockholders Equity</b>	<b>(208,969 )</b>	<b>(170,452 )</b>
<b>Total Liabilities &amp; Stockholders Equity</b>	<b>\$-</b>	<b>\$-</b>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in US\$)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		October 23, 2003 thru
	January 31,	January 31,	January 31,	January 31,	January 31, 2011
	2011	2010	2011	2010	Since Inception
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Revenues	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -
<b>Operating Expenses</b>					
Amortization	-	-	-	-	741
General and Administrative	726	539	1,875	1,637	32,192
Management Fees	10,000	10,000	20,000	20,000	127,500
Marketing	-	-	-	-	11,192
Professional Fees	5,685	20,720	11,685	25,620	96,046
Rent	-	-	-	-	767
Total Operating Expenses	16,411	31,259	33,560	47,257	268,438
<b>Other Expenses</b>					
Interest Expense	2,605	1,368	4,957	2,542	14,257
Total Expenses	19,016	32,627	38,517	49,799	282,695
Net Income	\$(19,016 )	\$(32,627 )	\$(38,517 )	\$(49,799 )	\$ (282,695 )
Basic Earnings/Loss per share	\$(0.05 )	\$(0.08 )	\$(0.10 )	\$(0.13 )	
Weighted Average Shares	393,169	393,169	393,169	393,169	

See accompanying notes to financial statements

BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in US\$)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		October 23, 2003 thru
	January 31,	January 31,	January 31,	January 31,	January 31, 2011
	2011	2010	2011	2010	Since Inception
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
<b>Operating Activities</b>					
Net Profit (Loss)	(19,016 )	(32,627 )	(38,517 )	(49,799 )	(282,695 )
Amortization	-	-	-	-	741
Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities:					
Change in Prepaid expense	-	-	-	-	-
Change in Inventory	-	-	-	-	-
Change in Accounts Payable	(3,500 )	(2,234 )	(3,150 )	964	1,500
Change in Accrued Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Change in Accrued Interest	2,605	1,368	4,957	2,542	14,257
Net Cash from Operating Activities	(19,911 )	(33,493 )	(36,710 )	(46,293 )	(266,197 )
<b>Investing Activities</b>					
Purchase of Property & Equipment	-	-	-	-	(741 )
Net Cash from Investing Activities	-	-	-	-	(741 )
<b>Financing Activities</b>					
Changes in Notes Due to Related Parties	19,911	33,493	36,710	46,293	193,212
Common Stock Issued for Services	-	-	-	-	300
Donated Capital	-	-	-	-	23,636
Proceeds from Common Stock	-	-	-	-	49,790
Net Cash from Financing Activities	19,911	33,493	36,710	46,293	266,938
Net (decrease) increase in Cash	-	-	-	-	-
Cash Beginning of Period	-	-	-	-	-
Cash End of Period	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -

See accompanying notes to financial statements

BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
January 31, 2011

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Business description

Blink Couture, Inc. (the "Company") was originally incorporated as Fashionfreakz International Inc. on October 23, 2003 under the laws of the State of Delaware. On December 2, 2005, Fashionfreakz International Inc. changed its name to Blink Couture Inc. Until March 4, 2008, the Company's principal business was the online retail marketing of trendy clothing and accessories produced by independent designers. On March 4, 2008, the Company discontinued its prior business and changed its business plan. The Company's business plan now consists of exploring potential targets for a business combination through the purchase of assets, share purchase or exchange, merger or similar type of transaction. The Company has limited operations and in accordance with SFAS # 7, the Company is considered a development stage company.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded as earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The Company has adopted a July 31 year-end.

B. CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

C. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. DEVELOPMENT STAGE

The Company continues to devote substantially all of its efforts to exploring potential targets for a business combination through the purchase of assets, share purchase or exchange, merger or similar type of transaction.

E. BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

In February, 1997, the FASB issued SFAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share", which specifies the computation, presentation and disclosure requirements for earnings (loss) per share for entities with publicly held common stock. SFAS No. 128 supersedes the provisions of APB No. 15, and requires the presentation of basic earnings (loss) per share and diluted earnings (loss) per share.

Basic net loss per share amounts is computed by dividing the net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share are the same as basic earnings per share due to the lack of dilutive items in the Company.



BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
January 31, 2011

F. INCOME TAXES

Income taxes are provided in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 (SFAS 109), Accounting for Income Taxes. A deferred tax asset or liability is recorded for all temporary differences between financial and tax reporting and net operating loss carryforwards. Deferred tax expense (benefit) results from the net change during the year of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

G. REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company has not recognized any revenues from its operations.

H. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Subsequent Events

(Included in ASC 855 "Subsequent Events", previously SFAS No. 165 "Subsequent Events")

ASC 855 established general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued or available to be issued ("subsequent events"). An entity is required to disclose the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated and the basis for that date. For public entities, this is the date the financial statements are issued. ASC 855 does not apply to subsequent events or transactions that are within the scope of other GAAP and did not result in significant changes in the subsequent events reported by the Company. ASC 855 became effective for interim or annual periods ending after June 15, 2009 and did not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company evaluated for subsequent events through March 11, 2011, the issuance date of the Company's financial statements.

NOTE 3. WARRANTS AND OPTIONS

There are no warrants or options outstanding to acquire any additional shares of common or preferred stock.

NOTE 4. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company generated net losses of \$282,695 during the period of October 23, 2003 (inception) to January 31, 2011 and its current liabilities and total liabilities exceed its current assets and total assets by \$208,969. These conditions, among others, raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent on its ability to meet its obligations, to obtain additional financing as may be required and ultimately to attain profitability. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

The Company is dependent on advances from its principal shareholders for continued funding. There are no commitments or guarantees from any third party to provide such funding nor is there any guarantee that the Company will be able to access the funding it requires to continue its operations.

BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
January 31, 2011

NOTE 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On December 29, 2009, pursuant to that certain Stock Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") between Fountainhead Capital Management Limited ("Fountainhead") and Regent Private Capital, LLC ("Regent"), Fountainhead sold an aggregate of 312,383 shares (the "Fountainhead Shares") of common stock, par value \$0.0001 of the Registrant (the "Common Stock") to Regent in consideration for (i) Regent's payment of \$200,000 and (ii) Regent's assignment to Fountainhead of all of Regent's right, title and interest in a certain third party promissory note in the principal amount of \$150,000. The Fountainhead Shares represent approximately 79.45% of the issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Registrant. Additionally, and also included in the consideration paid by Regent, Fountainhead assigned to Regent all of Fountainhead's right, title and interest in a certain promissory note of the Registrant having an outstanding principal balance of \$90,453, along with accrued interest in the amount of \$3,937.

On January 1, 2010, Regent amended and extended the promissory note in the amount of \$90,453 bearing simple interest at 6% per annum to be due and payable on January 30, 2011 (the "Note"). On January 31, 2010, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$123,946 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period November 1, 2009 through January 31, 2010. At January 31, 2010, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$123,946, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

Effective as of January 1, 2010, the Company entered into a Services Agreement with Regent Private Capital, LLC ("Regent"). The term of the Services Agreement is one year and the Company is obligated to pay Regent a quarterly fee in the amount of \$10,000, in cash or in kind, on the first day of each calendar quarter commencing November 1, 2009. During the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 2011, the Company paid a total of \$20,000 in fees to Regent.

On April 30, 2010, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$141,125 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period February 1, 2010 through April 30, 2010. At April 30, 2010, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$141,125, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On July 31, 2010, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$156,502 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period May 1, 2010 through July 31, 2010. At July 31, 2010, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$156,502, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On October 31, 2010, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$173,301 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period August 1, 2010 through October 31, 2010. At October 31, 2010, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$173,301, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On February 23, 2011, the parties further amended and extended the promissory note (i) increasing the principal balance amount to \$193,212, representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period November 1, 2010 through January 31, 2011 and (ii) extending the maturity date of the promissory note through and until January 31, 2012. At January 31, 2011, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$193,212, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of

operation.

8

---

BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
January 31, 2011

NOTE 6. INCOME TAXES

The Company recognizes deferred income tax liabilities and assets for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax liabilities and assets are determined based on the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect in the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. The Company has not incurred any income tax liabilities since its inception due to operating losses of approximately \$283,000. The expected income tax benefit for the net operating loss carryforwards is approximately \$79,000. The difference between the expected income tax benefit and non-recognition of an income tax benefit in each period is the result of a valuation allowance applied to deferred tax assets.

This results in a net deferred tax asset, assuming an effective tax rate of 28% or approximately \$79,000 at January 31, 2011. A valuation allowance in the same amount has been provided to reduce the deferred tax asset, as realization of the asset is not assured.

NOTE 7. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

The stockholders' equity section of the Company contains the following classes of capital stock as of January 31, 2011:

- \* Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value: 20,000,000 shares authorized; -0- shares issued and outstanding.
- \* Common stock, \$0.0001 par value: 100,000,000 shares authorized; 393,169 shares issued and outstanding.

NOTE 8. REVERSE SPLIT

On November 23, 2009, the Company completed a one for fifty-two and one-half shares reverse split. All per share data in this report reflect the impact of this reverse split.

## ITEM 2.MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our unaudited financial statements and the notes thereto.

### Forward-Looking Statements

This quarterly report contains forward-looking statements and information (within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995) relating to Blink Couture, Inc. (“we,” “us,” “our” or the “Company”) that are based on the beliefs of our management as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, our management. When used in this report, the words “believe,” “anticipate,” “expect,” “estimate,” “intend,” “plan” and similar expressions, as they relate to us or our management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management’s current view of us concerning future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including among many others: a general economic downturn; a downturn in the securities markets; federal or state laws or regulations having an adverse effect on proposed transactions that we desire to effect; Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) regulations which affect trading in the securities of “penny stocks,”; and other risks and uncertainties. Although the Company believes its assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of the assumptions could prove inaccurate and, therefore, there can be no assurance the forward-looking statements included in this quarterly report will prove to be accurate. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in the forward-looking statements included herein, the inclusion of such information should not be regarded as a representation by the Company or any other person that the objectives and plans of the Company will be achieved.

### Description of the Business

The Company was incorporated in the State of Delaware on October 23, 2003, under the name Fashionfreakz International Inc. On December 2, 2005, the Company changed its name to Blink Couture, Inc. Until March 4, 2008, the Company’s principal business was the online retail marketing of trendy clothing and accessories produced by independent designers. On March 4, 2008, the Company discontinued its prior business and changed its business plan. The Company’s business plan now consists of exploring potential targets for a business combination through the purchase of assets, share purchase or exchange, merger or similar type of transaction.

The Company is currently considered to be a “blank check” company. The SEC defines those companies as “any development stage company that is issuing a penny stock, within the meaning of Section 3(a)(51) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), and that has no specific business plan or purpose, or has indicated that its business plan is to merge with an unidentified company or companies.” Many states have enacted statutes, rules and regulations limiting the sale of securities of “blank check” companies in their respective jurisdictions. The Company is also a “shell company,” defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act as a company with no or nominal assets (other than cash) and no or nominal operations.

We will not be restricted in our search for business combination candidates to any particular geographical area, industry or industry segment, and may enter into a combination with a private business engaged in any line of business, including service, finance, mining, manufacturing, real estate, oil and gas, distribution, transportation, medical, communications, high technology, biotechnology or any other. Management’s discretion is, as a practical matter, unlimited in the selection of a combination candidate. Management will seek combination candidates in the United States and other countries, as available time and resources permit, through existing associations and by word of mouth. This plan of operation has been adopted in order to attempt to create value for our stockholders.

### Results of Operations

The Company has not conducted any active operations since March 4, 2008, except for its efforts to locate suitable acquisition candidates. No revenue has been generated by the Company from October 23, 2003 (Inception) to January 31, 2011. It is unlikely the Company will have any revenues unless it is able to effect an acquisition or merger with an operating company, of which there can be no assurance. It is management's assertion that these circumstances may hinder the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's plan of operation for the next twelve months shall be to continue its efforts to locate suitable acquisition candidates.

Three Months ended January 31, 2011 Compared to Three Months ended January 31, 2010.

For the three months ended January 31, 2011, the Company had a net loss of \$19,016 compared to a net loss of \$32,627 for the three months ended January 31, 2010. This decrease in net loss of \$13,611 (approximately 41%) between the comparable periods was primarily attributable to a decrease in legal fees and other professional fees and expenses from \$20,720 for the three months ended January 31, 2010 to \$5,568 for the three months ended January 31, 2011, which was partially offset by an increase in interest expense from \$1,368 for the three months ended January 31, 2010 to \$2,605 for the same quarter in 2011. The decrease in legal fees and other professional fees and expenses for the three months ended January 31, 2011, was a result of the legal fees paid by the Company, during the three-month period ended January 31, 2010, in connection with the transactions related to the change of control of the Company effective as of December 29, 2009. The increase in interest expense between the comparable periods reflects additional interest payable by the Company with respect to additional loans made by Regent Private Capital, LLC, the Company's principal stockholder ("Regent"), since December 29, 2009, to pay all expenses incurred by the Company.

Six Months ended January 31, 2011 Compared to Six Months ended January 31, 2010.

For the six months ended January 31, 2011, the Company had a net loss of \$38,517 compared to a net loss of \$49,799 for the six months ended January 31, 2010. This decrease in net loss of \$11,282 (approximately 23%) between the comparable periods was primarily attributable to a decrease in legal fees and other professional fees and expenses from \$25,620 for the six months ended January 31, 2010 to \$11,685 for the six months ended January 31, 2011, which was partially offset by an increase in interest expense from \$2,542 for the six months ended January 31, 2010 to \$4,957 for the same period in 2011. The decrease in legal fees and other professional fees and expenses for the six months ended January 31, 2011, was a result of the legal fees paid by the Company, during the six-month period ended January 31, 2010, in connection with the transactions related to the change of control of the Company effective as of December 29, 2009. The increase in interest expense between the comparable periods reflects additional interest payable by the Company with respect to additional loans made by Regent Private Capital, LLC, the Company's principal stockholder ("Regent"), since December 29, 2009, to pay all expenses incurred by the Company.

Plan of Operation

The Company currently does not engage in any business activities that provide cash flow. During the next twelve months we anticipate incurring costs related to:

- (i) filing Exchange Act reports, and
- (ii) investigating, analyzing and consummating an acquisition.

We believe we will be able to meet these costs through use of funds in our treasury, through deferral of fees by certain service providers and additional amounts, as necessary, to be loaned to or invested in us by our stockholders, management or other investors.

The Company may consider acquiring a business which has recently commenced operations, is a developing company in need of additional funds for expansion into new products or markets, is seeking to develop a new product or service, or is an established business which may be experiencing financial or operating difficulties and is in need of additional capital. In the alternative, a business combination may involve the acquisition of, or merger with, a company which does not need substantial additional capital but which desires to establish a public trading market for its shares while avoiding, among other things, the time delays, significant expense, and loss of voting control which may occur in a public offering.



Any target business that is selected may be a financially unstable company or an entity in its early stages of development or growth, including entities without established records of sales or earnings. In that event, we will be subject to numerous risks inherent in the business and operations of financially unstable and early stage or potential emerging growth companies. In addition, we may effect a business combination with an entity in an industry characterized by a high level of risk, and, although our management will endeavor to evaluate the risks inherent in a particular target business, there can be no assurance that we will properly ascertain or assess all significant risks.

The Company anticipates that the selection of a business combination will be complex and extremely risky. Because of general economic conditions, rapid technological advances being made in some industries and shortages of available capital, our management believes that there are numerous firms seeking even the limited additional capital which we will have and/or the perceived benefits of becoming a publicly traded corporation. Such perceived benefits of becoming a publicly traded corporation include, among other things, facilitating or improving the terms on which additional equity financing may be obtained, providing liquidity for the principals of and investors in a business, creating a means for providing incentive stock options or similar benefits to key employees, and offering greater flexibility in structuring acquisitions, joint ventures and the like through the issuance of stock. Potentially available business combinations may occur in many different industries and at various stages of development, all of which will make the task of comparative investigation and analysis of such business opportunities extremely difficult and complex.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

We had no cash on hand at January 31, 2011 and had no other assets to meet ongoing expenses or debts that may accumulate. Since inception, we have accumulated a deficit of \$282,695. As of January 31, 2011 we had total liabilities of \$208,969.

We have no commitment for any capital expenditure and foresee none. However, we will incur routine fees and expenses incident to our reporting duties as a public company, and we will incur expenses in finding and investigating possible acquisitions and other fees and expenses in the event we make an acquisition or attempt but are unable to complete an acquisition. Our cash requirements for the next twelve months are relatively modest, principally accounting expenses and other expenses relating to making filings required under the Exchange Act, which should not exceed \$50,000 in the fiscal year ending July 31, 2011. Any travel, lodging or other expenses which may arise related to finding, investigating and attempting to complete a combination with one or more potential acquisitions could also amount to thousands of dollars.

We will only be able to pay our future obligations and meet operating expenses by raising additional funds, acquiring a profitable company or otherwise generating positive cash flow. As a practical matter, we are unlikely to generate positive cash flow by any means other than acquiring a company with such cash flow. We believe that management members or stockholders will lend funds to us as needed for operations prior to completion of an acquisition. Management and the stockholders are not obligated to provide funds to us, however, and it is not certain they will always want or be financially able to do so. Our stockholders and management members who advance funds to us to cover operating expenses will expect to be reimbursed, either by us or by the company acquired, prior to or at the time of completing a combination. We have no intention of borrowing money to reimburse or pay salaries to any of our officers, directors or stockholders or their affiliates. There currently are no plans to sell additional securities to raise capital, although sales of securities may be necessary to obtain needed funds. Our current management has agreed to continue their services to us and to accrue sums owed them for services and expenses and expect payment reimbursement only.

Should existing management or stockholders refuse to advance needed funds, however, we would be forced to turn to outside parties to either lend funds to us or buy our securities. There is no assurance whatsoever that we will be able to raise necessary funds, when needed, from outside sources. Such a lack of funds could result in severe consequences to us, including among others:

- failure to make timely filings with the SEC as required by the Exchange Act, which may also result in suspension of trading or quotation of our stock and could result in fines and penalties to us under the Exchange Act;
- curtailing or eliminating our ability to locate and perform suitable investigations of potential acquisitions; or

- inability to complete a desirable acquisition due to lack of funds to pay legal and accounting fees and acquisition-related expenses.

It is our intention to seek reimbursement from potential acquisition candidates for professional fees and travel, lodging and other due diligence expenses incurred by our management, in connection with our investigation, negotiation and consummation of a business combination with such acquisition candidates. There is no assurance that any potential candidate will agree to reimburse us for such costs.

### Going Concern

Our independent auditors have added an explanatory paragraph to their audit issued in connection with the financial statements for the period ended July 31, 2010, relative to our ability to continue as a going concern. We had a working capital deficit of \$208,969 at January 31, 2011; we had an accumulated deficit of \$282,695 incurred through January 31, 2011; and recorded losses of \$19,016 for the three months ended January 31, 2011 and \$38,517 for the six months ended January 31, 2011. The going concern opinion issued by our auditors means that there is substantial doubt that we can continue as an ongoing business for the twelve month period ending July 31, 2011 and thereafter. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the uncertainty about our ability to continue our business.

### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

### Contractual Obligations

As a “smaller reporting company” as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As a “smaller reporting company” as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) that is designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission’s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the issuer’s management, including its principal executive officer or officers and principal financial officer or officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In accordance with Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15, an evaluation was completed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company’s management, including the Company’s Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based on that evaluation, the Company’s management including the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, concluded that the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures were effective in providing reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the Company’s reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act was recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no significant changes to the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended January 31, 2011 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There are no legal proceedings which are pending or have been threatened against us or any of our officers, directors or control persons of which management is aware.

### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

As a “smaller reporting company” as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

There were no unregistered sales of our equity securities during the period covered by this quarterly report.

### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

### ITEM 4. REMOVED AND RESERVED

### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Fifth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note

On February 23, 2011, we executed a Fifth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note (the “Fifth Amendment and Note Restatement”) with Regent. The Fifth Amendment and Note Restatement amended and restated the Fourth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note (the “Fourth Amendment and Note Restatement”), which was filed as Exhibit 10.9 to the Registrant’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) on March 17, 2010, and supplemented by (i) Supplement to Fourth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement, filed as Exhibit 10.11 to the Registrant’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on June 14, 2010, (ii) Supplement No. 2 to Fourth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement, filed as Exhibit 10.12 to the Registrant’s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on October 29, 2010, and (iii) Supplement No. 3 to the Fourth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement, filed as Exhibit 10.13 to the Registrant’s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on December 14, 2010. The Fifth Amendment and Note Restatement, among other things, extends the maturity date set forth in the Fourth Amendment and Note Restatement from January 31, 2011, through and until January 31, 2012, and increases the aggregate principal amount outstanding thereunder, as supplemented, to include additional advances made by Regent to the Company to pay operating expenses from November 1, 2010, through and until January 31, 2011, by \$19,911 to \$193,212. All other terms of the Fourth Amendment and Note Restatement were unchanged and continued in full force and effect, unless and until further supplemented or amended thereafter.

The foregoing description of the Fifth Amendment and Note Restatement is only a summary and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Fifth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note, a copy of which is attached as an exhibit to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Edgar Filing: Blink Couture Inc. - Form 10-Q

Exhibit No.	Description
10.14	Fifth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note, dated February 23, 2011.
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer filed pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer furnished pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

14

---

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BLINK COUTURE, INC.

Date: March 15, 2011

By:

/s/ Lawrence D. Field  
Lawrence D. Field  
President, Chief Executive Officer,  
Chief Financial Officer and Secretary  
(Principal Executive Officer and  
Principal Financial Officer)