

TREMOR VIDEO INC.
Form 10-Q
November 09, 2015
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

x **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2015

OR

o **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

TREMOR VIDEO, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

20-5480343

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

1501 Broadway, Suite 801, New York, NY
(Address of principal executive offices)

10036
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(646) 723-5300**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer ☐

Accelerated filer ☒

Non-accelerated filer ☐
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company ☐

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of November 3, 2015, there were 52,112,784 shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, outstanding.

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TREMOR VIDEO, INC.

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Table of Contents**Part I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****Tremor Video, Inc.****Consolidated Balance Sheets***(in thousands, except share and per share data)*

	September 30, 2015 (unaudited)	December 31, 2014
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 65,531	\$ 77,787
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$854 and \$883 as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	53,577	46,765
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,378	1,571
Deferred tax assets	240	194
Total current assets	121,726	126,317
Long-term assets:		
Restricted cash	600	600
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$5,671 and \$5,027 as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	9,990	5,574
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$23,844 and \$20,148 as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	12,635	15,552
Goodwill	10,080	29,719
Other assets	517	243
Total long-term assets	33,822	51,688
Total assets	\$ 155,548	\$ 178,005
Liabilities and stockholders' equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 46,627	\$ 37,258
Deferred rent and security deposits payable, short-term	412	20
Contingent consideration on acquisition, short-term	579	
Deferred revenue	83	15
Total current liabilities	47,701	37,293
Deferred rent, long-term	4,001	745
Contingent consideration on acquisition, long-term	377	
Deferred tax liabilities	194	194
Other long-term liabilities	249	
Total liabilities	52,522	38,232
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value: 250,000,000 shares authorized as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively; 52,105,822 and 51,106,254 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	5	5

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Additional paid-in capital	278,335	274,094
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(78)	98
Accumulated deficit	(175,236)	(134,424)
Total stockholders' equity	103,026	139,773
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 155,548	\$ 178,005

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Tremor Video, Inc.****Consolidated Statements of Operations***(in thousands, except share and per share data)**(unaudited)*

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenue	\$ 49,273	\$ 39,039	\$ 135,948	\$ 117,609
Cost of revenue	31,673	24,046	84,145	75,882
Gross profit	17,600	14,993	51,803	41,727
Operating expenses:				
Technology and development	5,147	4,270	14,869	12,583
Sales and marketing	12,112	10,761	35,780	31,118
General and administrative	4,034	3,724	13,083	11,037
Depreciation and amortization	2,322	1,673	6,055	4,902
Impairment charges	22,665		22,665	
Total operating expenses	46,280	20,428	92,452	59,640
Loss from operations	(28,680)	(5,435)	(40,649)	(17,913)
Interest and other income (expense), net:				
Interest expense	(2)	(3)	(7)	(3)
Other income (expense), net	79	8	102	(15)
Total interest and other income (expense), net	77	5	95	(18)
Loss before provision for income taxes	(28,603)	(5,430)	(40,554)	(17,931)
Provision for income taxes	19	44	258	144
Net loss	\$ (28,622)	\$ (5,474)	\$ (40,812)	\$ (18,075)
Net loss per share:				
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.55)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.79)	\$ (0.36)
Weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding:				
Basic and diluted	51,875,785	50,751,303	51,515,285	50,485,734

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Tremor Video, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net Loss	\$ (28,622)	\$ (5,474)	\$ (40,812)	\$ (18,075)
Other comprehensive loss:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(125)	(63)	(176)	(58)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (28,747)	\$ (5,537)	\$ (40,988)	\$ (18,133)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Tremor Video, Inc.****Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity***(in thousands, except share and per share data)**(unaudited)*

	Common Stock Share	Common Stock Amount		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders Equity
Balance as of December 31, 2014	51,106,254	\$ 5	\$	274,094	\$ 98	\$ (134,424)	\$ 139,773
Exercise of stock option awards	163,626			106			106
Common stock issued for settlement of restricted stock units awards (RSUs) awards, net of 196,724 shares withheld to satisfy income tax withholding obligations	466,794			251			251
Common stock issuance in connection with employee stock purchase plan	369,148			712			712
Stock-based compensation expense				3,172			3,172
Net loss						(40,812)	(40,812)
Foreign currency translation adjustments					(176)		(176)
Balance as of September 30, 2015	52,105,822	\$ 5	\$	278,335	\$ (78)	\$ (175,236)	\$ 103,026

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Tremor Video, Inc.****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows***(in thousands)**(unaudited)*

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (40,812)	\$ (18,075)
Adjustments required to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Impairment charges	22,665	
Depreciation and amortization expense	6,055	4,902
Bad debt recovery	(8)	(36)
Stock-based compensation expense	3,177	3,294
Stock-based long-term incentive compensation expense	262	274
Contingent stock grant to third party vendor		24
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accounts receivable	(5,476)	(5,061)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses, other current assets and other long-term assets	(1,129)	292
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	8,009	2,039
Increase in deferred rent and security deposits payable	3,763	7
Increase in deferred revenue	66	43
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,428)	(12,297)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(7,154)	(2,617)
Acquisition, net of cash acquired	(1,191)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(8,345)	(2,617)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options awards	106	727
Tax withholdings related to net share settlements of restricted stock unit awards (RSUs)	(463)	(565)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(357)	162
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(12,130)	(14,752)
Effect of exchange rate changes in cash and cash equivalents	(126)	(30)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	77,787	92,691
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 65,531	\$ 77,909
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow activities:		
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 416	\$
Cash paid for interest expense	\$ 5	\$ 3
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Common stock issued for settlement of RSUs	\$ 1,107	\$ 952
Contingent consideration on acquisition	\$ 956	\$
Purchase of property and equipment in accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 157	\$

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Tremor Video, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

1. Organization and Description of Business

Tremor Video, Inc. (the Company) is an advertising technology company elevating brand performance across all screens for the world's leading brands and publishers. The Company offers brand advertisers and publishers complete programmatic solutions to reach and engage consumers while providing transparency into what drives the success of brand advertising performance across multiple screens, including computers, smartphones, tablets and TVs. The Company offers advertisers access to premium and often exclusive streaming video inventory and advanced real-time optimization capabilities at scale across multiple internet-connected devices in brand safe environments. In addition, the Company provides advanced video analytics for advertisers and publishers to measure, verify and evaluate the performance of their video ad campaigns.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and footnotes have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) and applicable rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commissions (the SEC) regarding unaudited interim financial information. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's consolidated balance sheets, statements of operations, comprehensive loss, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the interim periods presented. Operating results for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the full year or the results for any future periods due to seasonal and other factors. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been omitted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. Accordingly, these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and footnotes should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the SEC on March 16, 2015.

Principles of Consolidation

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

All of the Company's cash and cash equivalents are held at financial institutions that management believes to be of high credit quality. The Company's cash and cash equivalents may exceed federally insured limits at times. The Company has not experienced any losses on cash and cash equivalents to date.

The Company determines collectability by performing ongoing credit evaluations and monitoring its customers' accounts receivable balances. For new customers and their agents, which may be advertising agencies or other third parties, the Company performs a credit check with an independent credit agency and may check credit references to determine creditworthiness. The Company only recognizes revenue when collection is reasonably assured.

During the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, there were no advertisers that accounted for more than 10% of revenue. At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there were no advertisers that accounted for more than 10% of outstanding accounts receivable.

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Tremor Video, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

FASB Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-16 Business Combinations (Topic 805): Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments

In September 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued an Accounting Standards Update (ASU), which eliminates the requirement for an acquirer in a business combination to account for measurement-period adjustments retrospectively. Under this ASU, acquirers must recognize measurement-period adjustments in the period in which they determine the amounts, including the effect on earnings of any amounts they would have recorded in previous periods if the accounting had been completed at the acquisition date. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the update will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

FASB Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, the FASB issued an ASU that provides a comprehensive model for recognizing revenue with customers. This update clarifies and replaces all existing revenue recognition guidance within U.S. GAAP and may be adopted retrospectively for all periods presented or adopted using a modified retrospective approach. This update is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016. In July 2015, FASB deferred the effective date by one year to December 15, 2017 (beginning with the Company's first quarter in 2018) and permitting early adoption of the standard, but not before the original effective date of December 15, 2016. The Company is currently evaluating the adoption method to apply and the impact that the update will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

3. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Company uses a three-tier fair value hierarchy to classify and disclose all assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as well as assets

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and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis, in periods subsequent to their initial measurement. The hierarchy requires the Company to use observable inputs when available, and to minimize the use of unobservable inputs when determining fair value. If a financial instrument uses inputs that fall in different levels of the hierarchy, the instrument will be categorized based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value calculation. The three-tiers are defined as follows:

- **Level 1.** Observable inputs based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- **Level 2.** Inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- **Level 3.** Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data requiring the Company to develop its own assumptions.

Table of Contents**Tremor Video, Inc.****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements***(in thousands, except share and per share data)**(unaudited)***3. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)***Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis*

	September 30, 2015 (unaudited)				December 31, 2014			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:								
Money market funds(1)	\$ 51,574	\$	\$	\$ 51,574	\$ 68,570	\$	\$	\$ 68,570
Total assets	\$ 51,574	\$	\$	\$ 51,574	\$ 68,570	\$	\$	\$ 68,570
Liabilities:								
Contingent consideration on acquisition liability(2)	\$	\$	\$ 956	\$ 956	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total liabilities	\$	\$	\$ 956	\$ 956	\$	\$	\$	\$

(1) Money market funds are included within cash and cash equivalents in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. As short-term, highly liquid investments readily convertible to known amounts of cash, the Company's money market funds have carrying values that approximate their fair value. Amounts above do not include \$13,957 and \$9,217 of operating cash balances as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

(2) On August 3, 2015, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of The Video Network Pty Ltd, an Australian proprietary limited company (TVN). The total purchase price includes contingent payments of up to \$8,896 (approximately \$12,200 Australian dollars based on the currency exchange rate on the date of acquisition) payable over two years contingent on the operating performance of TVN in reaching certain financial milestones in each of its 2016 and 2017 fiscal years (which period includes July 1 through June 30 of each calendar year). As of September 30, 2015, the Company estimated the fair value of contingent payments related to TVN sellers that are not subject to continued employment and TVN sellers that are subject to continued employment was \$818 (excluding impact of foreign exchange transaction loss of \$31) and \$169, respectively. In estimating the fair value of the contingent consideration, the Company used a Monte-Carlo valuation model based on future expectations on reaching such financial milestones, other management assumptions, and the weighted-probabilities of possible payments. These assumptions were based on significant inputs not observed in the market and, therefore, represent a Level 3 measurement. Subsequent to the date of acquisition, the Company will re-measure the estimated fair value of the contingent consideration at each reporting date with any changes in fair value recorded in the Company's statements of

operations. Any changes in the unobservable inputs could significantly impact the estimated fair value of the contingent consideration. Refer to note 6 for further discussion on the acquisition of TVN.

Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)

The following table represents the changes in the Company's Level 3 instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

		Contingent Consideration On Acquisition
Beginning balance as of January 1, 2015	\$	
Contingent consideration on acquisition		956
Ending balance as of September 30, 2015	\$	956

Table of Contents**Tremor Video, Inc.****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements***(in thousands, except share and per share data)**(unaudited)***4. Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets**

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consisted of:

	September 30, 2015 (unaudited)	December 31, 2014
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 2,098	\$ 1,406
Prepaid rent	165	165
Leasehold improvement incentives(1)	115	
Total prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 2,378	\$ 1,571

(1) The Company previously recorded \$2,308 related to its office lease for its new headquarters, with a corresponding amount recorded as part of deferred rent liability, of which \$2,193 has since been received from the landlord.

5. Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment, net consisted of:

	September 30, 2015 (unaudited)	December 31, 2014
Computer hardware	\$ 6,666	\$ 5,880
Leasehold improvements	6,058	1,749
Furniture and fixtures	1,483	1,768
Computer software	1,267	991
Office equipment	187	213
Total property and equipment	15,661	10,601
Less: accumulated depreciation	(5,671)	(5,027)
Total property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 9,990	\$ 5,574

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The depreciation expense related to property and equipment was \$1,036 and \$464 for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$2,351 and \$1,275 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The Company recorded a \$566 (includes disposal costs of \$22) impairment charge during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015. This impairment charge represents the remaining net carrying values related to certain property and equipment located at its former headquarters, which were vacated in the second quarter of 2015, that were impaired during the third quarter of 2015 based on changes in expected use of the asset that indicated the carry amount may not be recoverable. Accordingly, the Company recorded a reduction of \$2,251 to the cost and \$1,707 to the accumulated depreciation balances.

The Company recorded a reduction of \$426 to the cost and accumulated depreciation of fully depreciated equipment and leasehold improvements no longer in use for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

6. Acquisition

On August 3, 2015 (the Acquisition Date), the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of TVN pursuant to a share sale agreement (the SSA) between the Company, Tremor Video (Australia) Pty Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and the sellers identified therein (the TVN Sellers). As consideration for the acquisition of the equity of TVN, the Company made an initial payment to the TVN Sellers of \$2,217 (\$3,040 Australian dollars based on the currency exchange rate on the Acquisition Date), subject to certain adjustments as set forth in the SSA, and is required to make payments of \$277 (\$380

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Tremor Video, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

6. Acquisition (Continued)

Australian dollars based on the currency exchange rate on the Acquisition Date) on each of the first and second anniversary of the closing, respectively.

In addition, the TVN Sellers are eligible to receive future cash payments of up to \$8,896 (\$12,200 Australian dollars based on the currency exchange rate on the Acquisition Date) over a term of two years contingent on the operating performance of TVN in reaching certain financial milestones in each of its 2016 and 2017 fiscal years (which period includes July 1 through June 30 of each calendar year).

In estimating the fair value of the contingent cash consideration, the Company used a Monte-Carlo valuation model based on future expectations on reaching such financial milestones, other management assumptions (including operating results, business plans, anticipated future cash flows, and marketplace data), and the weighted-probabilities of possible payments. As of the Acquisition Date, the Company estimated the fair value of the contingent cash consideration to be \$2,822 (\$3,870 Australian dollars based on the currency exchange rate on the Acquisition Date), of which the Company recorded \$818 (\$1,122 Australian dollars based on the currency exchange rate on the Acquisition Date) as purchase consideration for TVN related to TVN Sellers that are not subject to continued employment. This amount has been included within total liabilities in the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

For certain TVN Sellers, the payment of the contingent cash consideration is dependent upon continued employment through the date of payment. As a result, the estimated fair value of the contingent cash consideration relating to such TVN Sellers of \$2,004 (\$2,748 Australian dollars based on the currency exchange rate on the Acquisition Date) was excluded from the purchase consideration and such amounts will be recorded as compensation expense over two years. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company recorded \$169 in compensation-related expenses in connection with the continued employment of certain of the TVN Sellers within sales and marketing expenses in its consolidated statements of operations.

The Company will re-measure the estimated fair value of the contingent consideration at each reporting date with any changes in fair value recorded in the Company's statements of operations. As of September 30, 2015, there were no significant changes in the range of outcomes for the contingent consideration recognized as a result of the acquisition of TVN.

The total consideration transferred is allocated to the tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the Acquisition Date, and are subject to adjustment during a measurement period of up to one year from the Acquisition Date. The measurement period provides the Company with the ability to adjust the fair values of acquired assets and liabilities assumed for new information that is obtained about events

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and circumstances that existed as of the Acquisition Date. Goodwill recognized in the TVN acquisition is not deductible for tax purposes.

The Company incurred \$337 and \$559 of acquisition-related costs (including \$169 in compensation-related expenses as discussed above) that were expensed as incurred for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. These costs (excluding \$169 in compensation-related expenses as discussed above) are included in general and administrative expenses in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

The results of operations of TVN have been included in the Company's consolidated statements of operations since the Acquisition Date. As the financial effects of this acquisition, individually and in the aggregate, was not material to the Company's consolidated balance sheet and statement of operations as of and for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2015 and, therefore, proforma results are not presented.

7. Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net

Interim Goodwill and Intangible Assets Impairment Testing

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment on October 1st of each year or more frequently if impairment indicators are present. Goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level, which the Company operates as, using a two-step approach. The first step is to compare the fair value of the reporting unit to the carrying value of the net assets assigned to the

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Tremor Video, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

7. Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net (Continued)

reporting unit. If the fair value of the reporting unit is greater than the carrying value of the net assets assigned to the reporting unit, the assigned goodwill is not considered impaired. If the fair value is less than the reporting unit's carrying value, step two is performed to measure the amount of the impairment, if any.

During the three months ended September 30, 2015, the Company determined that an impairment indicator was present that required it to perform an interim goodwill impairment analysis as of September 30, 2015 for its reporting unit. This impairment indicator was a decrease in market capitalization below the carrying value of the Company's net assets. As a result, the Company conducted a preliminary interim impairment test on its goodwill to determine if there was an impairment at the reporting unit level. In performing its interim impairment testing, the Company assessed a number of factors including operating results, business plans, anticipated future cash flows and marketplace data. Based on such test, the reporting unit failed step one. Accordingly, the Company performed step two of the goodwill interim impairment test.

In step two of the goodwill impairment testing, the Company estimated the implied fair value of goodwill to be below its carrying value. As a result, the Company recorded an estimated goodwill impairment loss of \$20,890 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 to reduce the carrying value of goodwill to its implied fair value. The Company has not yet finalized step two of the test as it needs additional time to complete its impairment analysis, so it is possible that the Company will need to adjust the amount of this charge upon the completion of the measurement. The Company expects that the adjustment, if any, would be recognized in the fourth quarter of 2015.

The Company also reviews certain identifiable intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of intangible assets are measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of the asset or asset group, using an income approach, to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset or asset group. If such assets are not recoverable, the impairment to be recognized, if any, is measured by the amount which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the estimated fair value of the assets or asset group. As the Company operates as one business unit and our long-lived assets do not have identifiable cash flows that are independent of the other assets and liabilities of this business unit, the impairment testing on intangible assets is performed at the entity-level.

In connection with the interim impairment testing on goodwill, the Company also conducted an impairment testing on certain intangible assets, specifically related to its customer relationships acquired in a historical acquisition, which indicated that the estimated fair value of those intangible assets were below their carrying value. Accordingly, the Company recognized an impairment charge related to its intangible assets of \$1,209 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 to reduce the carrying values of these intangible assets to their estimated fair values. The Company has not identified any other impairment losses on its remaining intangible assets as of September 30, 2015.

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The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill as of September 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Gross Carrying Amount	September 30, 2015 Accumulated Impairment	Net Carrying Amount
Beginning balance as of January 1, 2015	\$ 29,719	\$	\$ 29,719
Acquisition-related goodwill	1,251		1,251
Impairment of goodwill		(20,890)	(20,890)
Ending balance as of September 30, 2015	\$ 30,970	\$ (20,890)	\$ 10,080

Table of Contents**Tremor Video, Inc.****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements***(in thousands, except share and per share data)**(unaudited)***7. Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net (Continued)**

Information regarding the Company's acquisition-related intangible assets, net is as follows:

	Gross Carrying Amount	September 30, 2015 Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
Technology	\$ 24,500	\$ (17,210)	\$ 7,290
Customer relationships(1)	9,658	(4,844)	4,814
Trademarks and trade names(1)	1,671	(1,190)	481
Non-competition agreements	600	(600)	
Domain name(2)	50		50
Total acquisition-related intangible assets, net	\$ 36,479	\$ (23,844)	\$ 12,635

	Gross Carrying Amount	December 31, 2014 Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
Technology	\$ 24,500	\$ (14,491)	\$ 10,009
Customer relationships	8,900	(4,069)	4,831
Trademarks and trade names	1,650	(988)	662
Non-competition agreements	600	(600)	
Domain name(2)	50		50
Total acquisition-related intangible assets, net	\$ 35,700	\$ (20,148)	\$ 15,552

(1) In connection with the Company's acquisition during the three months ended September 30, 2015, the Company acquired the following identifiable acquisition-related intangible assets (a) \$2,042 (excluding impact of foreign exchange transaction loss of \$75) in customer relationships, and (b) \$21 in trademarks and tradenames.

(2) This intangible asset is considered to have an indefinite useful life and, therefore, not subject to amortization.

Amortization expense amounted to \$1,278 and \$1,209 for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$3,696 and \$3,627 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

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The estimated future amortization expenses of the acquisition-related intangible assets, which includes those identifiable intangible assets acquired that are considered to have a definite life, as of September 30, 2015, for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

2015	\$	1,240
2016		4,515
2017		4,050
2018		875
2019		875
2020		839
2021 and thereafter		191
Total(1)	\$	12,585

(1) Total estimated future amortization expenses exclude any intangible assets considered to have an indefinite useful life.

Table of Contents**Tremor Video, Inc.****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements***(in thousands, except share and per share data)**(unaudited)***8. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses**

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of:

	September 30, 2015 (unaudited)	December 31, 2014
Trade accounts payable	\$ 34,236	\$ 27,218
Accrued compensation, benefits and payroll taxes(1)	5,747	6,992
Accrued cost of sales	3,489	1,722
Other payables and accrued expenses	3,155	1,326
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 46,627	\$ 37,258

(1) At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, accrued compensation, benefits and payroll taxes includes \$316 and \$768 of stock-based long-term incentive compensation expense, respectively, related to the Company's long-term sales incentive compensation plan. Payments earned under the plan for the 2014 plan year were paid in stock-based awards in August 2015. The Company issued an aggregate total of 189,003 shares to employees under its 2014 plan on account of such payments, net of 112,183 shares withheld to satisfy income tax withholding obligations in the amount of \$266, which were remitted to tax authorities. Payments earned under the plan for the 2015 plan year will be made in stock-based awards to participants that remain employed with the Company through June 30, 2016, which will be paid in August 2016. If any participant in the Company's long-term sales incentive compensation plan is not employed on June 30, 2016, such participant will forfeit any rights to receive payments under the plan for the 2015 plan year.

9. Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income

The following tables provide the components of accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income:

Foreign
Currency

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		Translation Adjustment		Total
Beginning balance at July 1, 2015	\$	47	\$	47
Other comprehensive loss(1)		(125)		(125)
Ending balance at September 30, 2015	\$	(78)	\$	(78)

		Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment		Total
Beginning balance at July 1, 2014	\$	200	\$	200
Other comprehensive loss(1)		(63)		(63)
Ending balance at September 30, 2014	\$	137	\$	137

		Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment		Total
Beginning balance at January 1, 2015	\$	98	\$	98
Other comprehensive loss(1)		(176)		(176)
Ending balance at September 30, 2015	\$	(78)	\$	(78)

Table of Contents**Tremor Video, Inc.****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements***(in thousands, except share and per share data)**(unaudited)***9. Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income (Continued)**

		Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment		Total
Beginning balance at January 1, 2014	\$	195	\$	195
Other comprehensive loss(1)		(58)		(58)
Ending balance at September 30, 2014	\$	137	\$	137

(1) For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, there were no reclassifications to or from accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income.

10. Commitments and Contingencies***Legal Contingencies***

In November 2013, a putative class action lawsuit was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (the "Court") against the Company, its directors and certain of its executive officers, which alleged certain misrepresentations by the Company in connection with its initial public offering concerning its business and prospects. The lawsuit seeks unspecified damages. On March 5, 2015, the Court granted the Company's motion to dismiss the lawsuit and entered judgment in the Company's favor. On April 7, 2015, plaintiffs filed a motion to vacate the judgment and for leave to file an amended complaint ("Motion to Vacate"). On June 5, 2015, the Court entered an order denying the Motion to Vacate. On July 1, 2015, plaintiffs filed a notice of appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit, and on August 25, 2015 plaintiffs filed their appellate brief in the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. On September 29, 2015, the Company filed an answering brief in response to plaintiffs' appeal. On October 13, 2015, plaintiffs filed their reply brief.

In addition, from time to time, the Company is involved in legal proceedings or subject to claims arising in the ordinary course of our business. Although the results of litigation and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, except as noted above, the Company does not believe it is a party to any legal proceedings that, if determined adversely to the Company, would individually or taken together have a material adverse effect on its business, operating results, financial condition or cash flows. Regardless of the outcome, litigation can have an adverse impact on the Company because of defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources and other factors.

11. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company included stock-based compensation expense related to all of its stock-based awards in various operating expense categories for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2015	2014		2015	2014	
			(unaudited)			
Technology and development	\$	209	\$	239	\$	641
Sales and marketing(1)		376		342		1,179
General and administrative		337		607		1,357
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	922	\$	1,188	\$	3,177
					\$	3,294

Table of Contents**Tremor Video, Inc.****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements***(in thousands, except share and per share data)**(unaudited)***11. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)**

(1) Includes \$5 in stock-based compensation expense related to a non-employee consultant, which was settled in cash in lieu of stock during the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Stock Option Awards Outstanding

The following table presents summary information of the Company's stock option awards outstanding and exercisable as of September 30, 2015:

	Number of Stock Option Awards Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share
Stock option awards outstanding as of December 31, 2014	6,825,142	\$ 4.15
Stock option awards granted(1)	967,500	2.20
Stock option awards forfeited	(838,919)	4.56
Stock option awards exercised	(163,626)	0.65
Stock option awards outstanding as of September 30, 2015	6,790,097	3.90
Stock option awards vested and exercisable as of September 30, 2015	4,939,401	3.95

(1) Includes an employment inducement award granted to the Company's newly appointed Chief Financial Officer, John Rego, on September 8, 2015. This award is comprised of a stock option award to purchase 570,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.94 per share, which represents the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. This award is being issued outside of the Company's shareholder approved equity compensation plans, but is generally subject to the same terms and conditions as applied to awards granted under the Company's 2013 Equity Incentive Plan.

Stock option awards are generally granted at the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant, generally vest over periods up to four years, have a one year cliff with monthly vesting thereafter, and have terms not to exceed 10 years.

Other selected information is as follows:

		Nine Months Ended September 30, (unaudited)	
	2015		2014
Aggregate intrinsic value of stock option awards exercised	\$	311	\$ 2,378
Weighted-average grant-date fair value per share of stock option awards granted		0.84	1.84
Cash proceeds received from stock option awards exercised		106	727

The fair value for stock option awards granted is estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. Calculating the fair value of the stock option awards requires subjective assumptions, including, but not limited to, the expected term of the stock option awards and stock price volatility. The Company estimates the expected life of stock option awards granted based on the simplified method, which the Company believes, is representative of the actual characteristics of the awards. The Company estimates the volatility of its common stock on the date of grant based on the historic volatility of

Table of Contents**Tremor Video, Inc.****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements***(in thousands, except share and per share data)**(unaudited)***11. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)**

comparable companies in its industry. Risk-free interest rates are based on yields from United States Treasury zero-coupon issues with a term consistent with the expected term of the awards in effect at the time of grant. Forfeitures are estimated at the time the stock option awards are granted based on actual historical pre-vesting forfeitures and revised, if necessary in subsequent periods, if actual forfeitures differ from those initial estimates to derive the Company's best estimate of stock option awards that are expected to vest. The Company has never declared or paid any cash dividends and has no current plan to do so. Consequently, it used an expected dividend yield of zero.

There was \$3,038 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock option awards granted under the Company's equity incentive plans as of September 30, 2015. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.88 years.

Non-vested Restricted Stock Units (RSU) Awards Outstanding

The following table presents a summary of the Company's non-vested restricted stock unit award activity under all plans and related information for the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

	Number of Shares of Restricted Stock Unit Awards	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share
Non-vested restricted stock unit awards outstanding as of December 31, 2014	1,161,705	\$ 3.82
Restricted stock unit awards granted	1,806,041	2.46
Restricted stock unit awards forfeited	(313,532)	3.18
Restricted stock unit awards vested	(668,265)	3.22
Non-vested restricted stock unit awards outstanding as of September 30, 2015	1,985,949	2.86

Restricted stock unit awards are generally granted at the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant and vest on an annual basis over periods up to four years. Forfeitures are estimated at the time the restricted stock unit awards are granted based on actual historical pre-vesting forfeitures and revised, if necessary in subsequent periods, if actual forfeitures differ from those initial estimates to derive the Company's best estimate of restricted stock unit awards that are expected to vest.

As restricted stock unit awards vest, they are settled on a net-share basis. Upon settlement, certain shares underlying each restricted stock unit award are withheld to satisfy income tax withholding obligations, which is based on the value of the restricted stock unit award on the settlement date as determined by the closing fair market value of the Company's common stock, relating to the employees' minimum statutory obligation.

There was \$4,627 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock unit awards granted under the Company's equity incentive plans as of September 30, 2015. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.24 years.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

In April 2014, the Company's board of directors adopted the 2014 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (2014 ESPP), which was approved by the Company's stockholders at the 2014 annual meeting of stockholders. The 2014 ESPP allows eligible participants to purchase shares of the Company's common stock generally at six-month intervals, or offering periods, at a price equal to 85% of the lower of (i) the fair market value at the beginning of the offering period or (ii) the fair market value at the end of the offering period, or the purchase date.

Employees purchase shares of common stock through payroll deductions, which may not exceed 15% of their total base salary. The 2014 ESPP imposes certain limitations upon an employee's right to purchase shares, including the following: (1) no

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Tremor Video, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

11. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

employee may purchase more than 5,000 shares on any one purchase date and (2) no employee may purchase shares with a fair market value in excess of \$25 in any calendar year.

No more than 2,000,000 shares of common stock are reserved for issuance under the 2014 ESPP. As of September 30, 2015, the Company had 1,630,852 shares of common stock reserved for future issuance under the 2014 ESPP.

The Company began its first offering period in August 2014, which ended in February 2015. The Company's second offering period commenced in February 2015 and ended in August 2015. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, employees purchased 369,148 shares of common stock pursuant to the 2014 ESPP at a weighted average exercise price of \$1.93 per share.

The fair value for awards under the 2014 ESPP was estimated at the date of grant, at the beginning of the offering period, using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. Calculating the fair value of the 2014 ESPP awards requires subjective assumptions, including, but not limited to, the expected term of the 2014 ESPP award and stock price volatility. The Company estimates the expected life of the awards granted under the 2014 ESPP based on the duration of the offering periods, which is six months. The Company estimates the volatility of its common stock on the date of grant based on the historic volatility of comparable companies in its industry. Risk-free interest rates are based on yields from United States Treasury zero-coupon issues with a term consistent with the expected term of the awards in effect at the time of grant. Forfeitures are estimated at the time the 2014 ESPP awards are granted based on actual historical pre-vesting forfeitures and revised, if necessary in subsequent periods, if actual forfeitures differ from those initial estimates to derive the Company's best estimate of 2014 ESPP awards that are expected to vest. The Company has never declared or paid any cash dividends and has no current plan to do so. Consequently, the Company used an expected dividend yield of zero.

There was \$82 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to awards under the 2014 ESPP as of September 30, 2015. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of less than one year.

12. Net Loss Per Share of Common Stock

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	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(unaudited)			
Numerator:				
Net loss	\$ (28,622)	\$ (5,474)	\$ (40,812)	\$ (18,075)
Denominator:				
Weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding for basic and diluted net loss per share	51,875,785	50,751,303	51,515,285	50,485,734
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.55)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.79)	\$ (0.36)

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Tremor Video, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

12. Net Loss Per Share of Common Stock (Continued)

The following securities were outstanding during the periods presented below and have been excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per share of common stock because the effect is anti-dilutive:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
		(unaudited)		
Warrants to purchase common stock	39,824	39,824	39,824	39,824
Stock option awards	6,790,097	6,949,035	6,790,097	6,949,035
Restricted stock unit awards	1,985,949	925,358	1,985,949	925,358
Total anti-dilutive securities	8,815,870	7,914,217	8,815,870	7,914,217

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows should be read in conjunction with (1) the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and (2) the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 16, 2015. This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. These statements are often identified by the use of words such as anticipate, believe, continue, could, estimate, expect, intend, may, plan, project, will, would or the negative or plural of these words or similar expressions or variations. Such forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that could cause actual results and the timing of certain events to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those identified herein, and those discussed in the section titled Risk Factors, set forth in Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our other SEC filings, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 16, 2015. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Furthermore, such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements. We will disclose material non-public information through one or more of the following channels: our investor relations website (<http://investor.tremorvideo.com>), the social media channels identified on our investor relations website, press releases, SEC filings, public conference calls and webcasts.

Overview

Tremor Video, Inc., we or us, is an advertising technology company elevating brand performance across all screens for the world's leading brands and publishers. We offer advertisers and publishers complete programmatic solutions to reach and engage consumers, while providing transparency into what drives the success of brand advertising performance across multiple devices, including computers, smartphones, tablets and TVs. Our relationships with leading advertisers, agencies and publishers have helped us create a robust premium video marketplace, where buyers and sellers can seamlessly transact for brand effectiveness.

Our proprietary technology, VideoHub, is the backbone of our demand platform, which enables advertisers and agencies to efficiently buy, optimize and measure the effectiveness of their video ad campaigns. VideoHub analyzes in-stream video content, detects viewer and system attributes, and leverages our large repository of stored and integrated third-party data to optimize the delivery of ad campaigns to achieve a broad spectrum of marketing goals—from audience reach to more sophisticated goals such as engagement, brand lift and viewability. Through our All-Screen optimization solution, advertisers are able to choose a single campaign goal and VideoHub will optimize delivery of the campaign across a broad inventory pool to find the right viewer wherever they may be watching video, eliminating the need to allocate campaign budgets to a specific screen or device. Our advanced analytics suite enables advertisers to gain a deep understanding of the drivers of campaign performance and obtain reporting on key brand performance metrics such as viewability, as well as TV-like metrics that measure reach and frequency of viewing by a particular audience.

Advertisers primarily access our demand platform on a managed service basis, with our team of specialists managing the execution and delivery of an advertising campaign, from advising on pre-campaign planning through post-campaign reporting and analysis. In addition, advertisers can transact directly on our demand platform through an intuitive and customizable user interface, which allows them to actively manage the execution of their campaigns. We deliver advertising campaigns on either a guaranteed basis, with an agreed set of campaign objectives at a pre-negotiated fixed price, or on a non-guaranteed basis using real-time bidding technology, or RTB, to dynamically purchase individual ad impressions through integrated inventory pools in an open exchange as well as through private marketplaces that connect advertisers directly to

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selected publishers. During the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, we derived a substantial majority of our revenue by delivering in-stream video advertising through our demand platform on a managed service basis.

We also deliver advertising campaigns through our supply side platform, or SSP, which helps publishers maximize the value of their video inventory by enabling their programmatic sales efforts and automating workflow. Publishers using our SSP can

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make inventory available to advertisers through an open exchange, where demand sources bid on inventory in a robust auction environment, or through private marketplaces so that only selected advertisers have the opportunity to purchase video ad inventory. Advertisers connect to publishers on our SSP through our demand platform or through third-party demand side platforms that are integrated with our technology.

To better align our solutions with the specific needs of advertisers on a given campaign, we offer a number of different pricing models, including traditional CPM (cost per thousand impressions) pricing models, which are based solely on the number of ad impressions delivered, performance-based pricing models where we are compensated only when certain measurable brand results are achieved, and pricing models with demographic guarantees where an advertiser pays based on the number of impressions that are delivered to a target demographic. Our performance-based pricing models typically generate higher gross margins than other campaigns running through our platform because we are often able to serve our advertisers' performance goals with a lower number of purchased impressions.

During the three months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2014, we increased our revenue to \$49.3 million from \$39.0 million, representing a 26.2% increase year over year. Over the same period, our gross margin decreased to 35.7% from 38.4%. For the three months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2014, our adjusted EBITDA (refer to Key Metrics) decreased to a \$1.5 million loss from a \$2.3 million loss, and our net loss increased to \$28.6 million from \$5.5 million. The increase in our net loss includes \$22.7 million of non-cash impairment charges to goodwill, certain intangible assets and property and equipment maintained at our former headquarters (refer to notes 5 and 7 in notes to consolidated financial statements).

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we increased our revenue to \$135.9 million from \$117.6 million, representing a 15.6% increase year over year. Over the same period, our gross margin increased to 38.1% from 35.5%. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014, our adjusted EBITDA decreased to a \$6.8 million loss from a \$9.2 million loss, and our net loss increased to \$40.8 million from \$18.1 million. The increase in our net loss includes \$22.7 million of non-cash impairment charges to goodwill, certain intangible assets and property and equipment maintained at our former headquarters (refer to notes 5 and 7 in notes to consolidated financial statements).

Key Metrics

We monitor the key metrics set forth in the table below to help us evaluate growth trends, establish budgets, measure the effectiveness of our sales and marketing efforts and assess our operational efficiencies.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(dollars in thousands)			
Revenue	\$ 49,273	\$ 39,039	\$ 135,948	\$ 117,609
Gross margin	35.7%	38.4%	38.1%	35.5%
Net loss	\$ (28,622)	\$ (5,474)	\$ (40,812)	\$ (18,075)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (1,515)	\$ (2,282)	\$ (6,767)	\$ (9,164)

Gross margin is our gross profit expressed as a percentage of our total revenue. Our gross margin is primarily impacted by video advertising inventory costs associated with delivering our advertisers campaigns relative to the revenue we generate from delivering such campaigns. Our

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gross margins have generally been positively affected by campaigns priced on a performance basis, as well as campaigns running through our All-Screen optimization solution. Advertising campaigns running through our SSP solution as well as campaigns purchased programmatically through our demand platform on a non-guaranteed basis typically generate lower gross margins than other campaigns running through our platform. Accordingly, our gross margin will be impacted depending on the relative mix of our revenue and the manner in which we sell advertising campaigns.

Adjusted EBITDA represents our net loss before interest and other income, net, provision for income taxes, depreciation and amortization expense, and adjusted to eliminate the impact of non-cash stock-based compensation expense, non-cash stock-based long-term incentive compensation expense, non-cash impairment charges, executive severance costs, acquisition-related costs and litigation costs associated with class action securities litigation. Adjusted EBITDA is a key measure used by management to evaluate operating performance, generate future

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operating plans and make strategic decisions regarding the allocation of capital. In particular, the exclusion of certain expenses in calculating adjusted EBITDA facilitates operating performance comparisons on a period-to-period basis and, in the case of the exclusion of the impact of non-cash stock-based compensation expense, non-cash stock-based long-term incentive compensation expense, non-cash impairment charges, executive severance costs, acquisition-related costs, and litigation costs associated with class action securities litigation, excludes items that we do not consider to be indicative of our core operating performance.

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. Our use of adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our financial results as reported under U.S. GAAP. Some of these limitations are: (a) although depreciation and amortization expense are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized may have to be replaced in the future, and adjusted EBITDA does not reflect cash and capital expenditure requirements for such replacements or for new capital expenditure requirements; (b) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs; (c) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect the potentially dilutive impact of equity-based compensation; (d) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect tax payments that may represent a reduction in cash available to us; (e) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect litigation costs associated with class action securities litigation; (f) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect non-cash impairment charges associated with changes in the estimated fair value of our net assets compared to their carrying values; (g) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect executive severance costs; (h) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect acquisition-related costs; (i) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect impairment charges; and (j) other companies, including companies in our industry, may calculate adjusted EBITDA or similarly titled measures differently, which reduces its usefulness as a comparative measure. Because of these and other limitations, you should consider adjusted EBITDA alongside our other U.S. GAAP-based financial performance measures, net loss and our other U.S. GAAP financial results. The following table presents a reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA to net loss, the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure, for each of the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(dollars in thousands)			
Net loss	\$ (28,622)	\$ (5,474)	\$ (40,812)	\$ (18,075)
Adjustments:				
Impairment charges(1)	22,665		22,665	
Depreciation and amortization expense	2,322	1,673	6,055	4,902
Stock-based compensation expense	922	1,188	3,177	3,294
Executive severance(2)	508		870	
Acquisition-related costs(3)	337		559	
Litigation costs	226	132	294	279
Stock-based long-term incentive compensation(4)	185	160	262	274
Provision for income taxes	19	44	258	144
Total interest and other (income) expense, net	(77)	(5)	(95)	18
Total net adjustments	27,107	3,192	34,045	8,911
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (1,515)	\$ (2,282)	\$ (6,767)	\$ (9,164)

(1) Reflects impairment charges of (a) \$20.9 million related to goodwill, (b) \$1.2 million related to certain intangible assets and (c) \$0.6 million related to certain property and equipment. Refer to notes 5 and 7 in notes to consolidated financial statements.

(2) Reflects severance costs incurred related to the termination of certain executives.

(3) Reflects acquisition-related costs incurred in connection with our acquisition of TVN. Includes \$169 in compensation-related expenses related to contingent consideration payable to certain TVN sellers that are subject to continued employment. Refer to note 6 in notes to consolidated financial statements.

(4) Reflects amounts accrued for the 2015 and 2014 plan years, net of forfeitures.

Components of Operating Results

We operate in one segment, online video advertising services. The key elements of our operating results include:

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Revenue

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, we generated substantially all of our revenue by delivering in-stream video advertisements for brand advertisers and agencies through our demand platform and SSP.

For video advertising campaigns that are priced on a CPM basis, we recognize revenue upon delivery of impressions. For campaigns that are purchased with performance-based pricing models, we recognize revenue only when the specified action is taken or campaign result is achieved, and for campaigns purchased with demo guarantees, we recognize revenue upon delivery of impressions to a specific target demographic. The prices we charge our clients also may vary depending upon the ad format chosen, the device type through which the campaign runs, including whether the client is utilizing our All-Screen optimization solution, whether the campaign is purchased on a guaranteed or non-guaranteed basis, whether the campaign runs through our demand platform or a third party demand side platform, and whether the campaign utilizes third party data or verification services.

Cost of Revenue

Our cost of revenue primarily represents video advertising inventory costs, research costs, third-party hosting fees, and third-party serving fees incurred to deliver video ads. Cost of revenue also includes costs from our licenses from third-party data providers utilized in our solutions. Substantially all of our cost of revenue is attributable to video advertising inventory costs. We recognize cost of revenue on a publisher-by-publisher basis at the same time as we recognize the associated advertising revenue. Substantially all of our exclusive publisher contracts contain minimum percentage fill rates on qualified video ad requests, which effectively means that we must purchase this inventory from our exclusive publishers even if we lack a video advertising campaign to deliver. We recognize the difference between our contractually required fill rate and the number of video ads actually delivered by us on the publisher's website, if any, as a cost of revenue as of the end of each applicable monthly period. Historically, the impact of the difference between the contractually required fill rate and the number of ads delivered has not been material. Costs owed to publishers but not yet paid are recorded in our consolidated balance sheets and included as part of accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses consist of technology and development, sales and marketing, general and administrative, depreciation and amortization expenses, and impairment charges. Salaries, incentive compensation, stock-based compensation and other personnel-related costs and impairment charges are the most significant components of each of these expense categories other than depreciation and amortization expenses. We include stock-based compensation expense in connection with the grant of stock option awards or restricted stock unit awards in the applicable operating expense category based on the respective equity award recipient's function.

Technology and Development Expense. Technology and development expense primarily consists of salaries, incentive compensation, stock-based compensation and other personnel-related costs for development, network operations and engineering personnel. Additional expenses in this category include costs related to the development, quality assurance and testing of new technology and maintenance and enhancement of existing technology and infrastructure

as well as consulting, travel and other related overhead. Due to the rapid development and changes in our business, we have expensed technology and development expenses in the same period that the costs are incurred. We intend to continue to invest in our technology and development efforts, as we believe these efforts are essential to maintaining our competitive position.

Sales and Marketing Expense. Sales and marketing expense primarily consists of salaries, incentive compensation, stock-based compensation and other personnel-related costs for our marketing, creative, sales and sales support employees. Additional expenses in this category include marketing programs, consulting, travel and other related overhead. We expect our sales and marketing expense to increase in the foreseeable future as we continue to grow our advertiser and publisher focused sales and marketing professionals and expand our marketing activities.

General and Administrative Expense. General and administrative expense primarily consists of salaries, incentive compensation, stock-based compensation and other personnel-related costs for business operations, administration, finance and accounting, legal, information systems and human resources employees. Included in general and administrative expenses are consulting and professional fees, including legal, accounting and investor relations fees, insurance costs associated with compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and other public company corporate expenses, travel and other related overhead. We expect our general and administrative expenses to increase in absolute dollars as a result of operating as a public company and the continuing growth of our business.

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Depreciation and Amortization Expense. Depreciation and amortization expense primarily consists of our depreciation expense related to investments in property, equipment and software as well as the amortization of certain intangible assets.

Impairment Charges. Impairment charges consist write downs to goodwill and intangible assets recorded in connection with interim impairment testing conducted on our goodwill and intangible asset balance during the three months ended September 30, 2015, as a result of certain interim impairment indicators that were present, as well as charges recorded in connection with the impairment of certain property and equipment located at our former headquarters that we vacated (refer to notes 5 and 7 in notes to consolidated financial statements).

Interest and Other Income (Expense), Net

Interest and other income (expense), net, primarily consists of non-operating net income generated from the sublease of our former headquarters, foreign exchange transaction gains and losses, interest income, interest expense, and mark-to-market expense. Interest income is derived from interest received on our cash and cash equivalents. As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, we did not have any outstanding borrowings under our credit facility.

Provision for Income Taxes

Provision for income taxes consists of minimum U.S. state and local taxes, income taxes in foreign jurisdictions in which we conduct business and deferred income taxes.

Results of Operations

The following table is a summary of our consolidated statements of operations data for each of the periods indicated. The period-to-period comparisons of the results are not necessarily indicative of our results for future periods.

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2015	Percentage	2014	Percentage	2015	Percentage	2014	Percentage
	Amount	of Revenue	Amount	of Revenue	Amount	of Revenue	Amount	of Revenue
				(dollars in thousands)				
Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:								

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Revenue	\$	49,273	100.0%	\$	39,039	100.0%	\$	135,948	100.0%	\$	117,609	100.0%
Cost of revenue		31,673	64.3		24,046	61.6		84,145	61.9		75,882	64.5
Gross profit		17,600	35.7		14,993	38.4		51,803	38.1		41,727	35.5
Operating expenses:												
Technology and development		5,147	10.4		4,270	10.9		14,869	10.9		12,583	10.7
Sales and marketing		12,112	24.6		10,761	27.6		35,780	26.3		31,118	26.5
General and administrative		4,034	8.2		3,724	9.5		13,083	9.6		11,037	9.3
Depreciation and amortization		2,322	4.7		1,673	4.3		6,055	4.5		4,902	4.2
Impairment charges		22,665	46.0					22,665	16.7			
Total operating expenses		46,280	93.9		20,428	52.3		92,452	68.0		59,640	50.7
Loss from operations		(28,680)	(58.2)		(5,435)	(13.9)		(40,649)	(29.9)		(17,913)	(15.2)
Interest and other income (expense), net		77	0.2		5	0.0		95	0.1		(18)	0.0
Loss before provision for income taxes		(28,603)	(58.0)		(5,430)	(13.9)		(40,554)	(29.8)		(17,931)	(15.2)
Provision for income taxes		19	0.1		44	0.1		258	0.2		144	0.2
Net loss	\$	(28,622)	(58.1)%	\$	(5,474)	(14.0)%	\$	(40,812)	(30.0)%	\$	(18,075)	(15.4)%

Comparison for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Change Increase / (Decrease)		Nine Months Ended September 30,		Change Increase / (Decrease)							
	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage						
	(dollars in thousands)													
Revenue	\$	49,273	\$	39,039	\$	10,234	26.2%	\$	135,948	\$	117,609	\$	18,339	15.6%

Revenue

Our revenue during the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased to \$49.3 million from \$39.0 million for the same period in 2014. The increase in revenue was primarily attributable to an increase in revenue from our SSP solution, which we

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introduced to market in the first quarter of 2015, as well as incremental contributions from campaigns running through our demand platform.

Our revenue during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased to \$135.9 million from \$117.6 million for the same period in 2014. The increase in revenue was primarily attributable to an increase in revenue from our SSP solution, which we introduced to market in the first quarter of 2015, as well as incremental contributions from campaigns running through our demand platform.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Change Increase / (Decrease)		Nine Months Ended September 30,		Change Increase / (Decrease)	
	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage
(dollars in thousands)								
Cost of revenue	\$ 31,673	\$ 24,046	\$ 7,627	31.7%	\$ 84,145	\$ 75,882	\$ 8,263	10.9%
Gross profit	17,600	14,993	2,607	17.4	51,803	41,727	10,076	24.1
Gross margin	35.7%	38.4%			38.1%	35.5%		

Cost of Revenue, Gross Profit and Gross Margin

Our cost of revenue during the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased to \$31.7 million from \$24.0 million for the same period in 2014. The increase in cost of revenue was driven primarily by \$7.0 million of increased video advertising inventory costs and a \$0.6 million increase in data, ad serving, hosting and research costs. The increase in our gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the same period in 2014, was driven by a \$10.2 million increase in revenue, partially offset by a \$7.6 million increase in our cost of revenue.

Our gross margin during the three months ended September 30, 2015 decreased to 35.7% from 38.4%, for the same period in 2014. The 2.7 percentage point decrease was primarily due to increases in contributions to our revenue from our SSP, which we introduced in 2015, partially offset by an increase in the percentage of revenue attributable to performance based products and our All-Screen optimization solution compared to the prior year period.

Our cost of revenue during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased to \$84.1 million from \$75.9 million for the same period in 2014. The increase in cost of revenue was driven primarily by \$6.6 million of increased video advertising inventory costs and \$1.7 million increase in data, ad serving, hosting and research costs. The increase in our gross profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the same period in 2014, was driven by an \$18.3 million increase in revenue, partially offset by an \$8.2 million increase in our cost of revenue.

Our gross margin during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased to 38.1% from 35.5% for the same period in 2014. The 2.6 percentage point increase was primarily attributable to a higher percentage of revenue attributable to performance based products compared to the prior year period and contributions from our All-Screen optimization solution, which we introduced during the second quarter of 2014. These improvements were partially offset by an increase in contributions to revenue from our SSP, which we introduced in 2015.

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	Three Months Ended		Change		Nine Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,		Increase / (Decrease)		September 30,		Increase / (Decrease)	
	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage
	(dollars in thousands)							
Technology and development expense	\$ 5,147	\$ 4,270	\$ 877	20.5%	\$ 14,869	\$ 12,583	\$ 2,286	18.2%
% of total revenue	10.4%	10.9%			10.9%	10.7%		

Technology and Development Expense

The increase in technology and development expense during the three months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2014, was primarily attributable to a \$0.7 million increase in salaries, incentive compensation, overhead costs and other personnel-related costs, including severance, and a \$0.2 million increase in professional fees and consulting fees, as we continued to invest in technology and development efforts.

The increase in technology and development expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014, was primarily attributable to a \$1.8 million increase in salaries, incentive compensation, stock-based compensation, overhead costs and other personnel-related costs and a \$0.5 million increase in professional fees and consulting fees, as we continued to invest in technology and development efforts.

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	Three Months Ended September 30,		Change Increase / (Decrease)		Nine Months Ended September 30,		Change Increase / (Decrease)	
	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage
	(dollars in thousands)							
Sales and marketing expense	\$ 12,112	\$ 10,761	\$ 1,351	12.6%	\$ 35,780	\$ 31,118	\$ 4,662	15.0%
% of total revenue	24.6%	27.6%			26.3%	26.5%		

Sales and Marketing Expense

The increase in sales and marketing expense during the three months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2014, was primarily attributable to a \$1.4 million increase in salaries, incentive compensation, overhead costs and other personnel-related costs, including severance, primarily associated with an increase in the number of sales personnel supporting new product offerings.

The increase in sales and marketing expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014, was primarily attributable to a \$4.1 million increase in salaries, incentive compensation, stock-based compensation, overhead costs and other personnel-related costs, primarily associated with an increase in the number of sales personnel supporting new product offerings, \$0.6 million increase in consulting and other professional fees and software costs.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Change Increase / (Decrease)		Nine Months Ended September 30,		Change Increase / (Decrease)	
	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage
	(dollars in thousands)							
General and administrative expense	\$ 4,034	\$ 3,724	\$ 310	8.3%	\$ 13,083	\$ 11,037	\$ 2,046	18.5%
% of total revenue	8.2%	9.5%			9.6%	9.3%		

General and Administrative Expense

The increase in general and administrative expense during the three months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2014, was primarily attributable to a \$0.3 million increase in legal, accounting and other professional fees.

The increase in general and administrative expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014, was primarily attributable to an increase of \$1.1 million in salaries, incentive compensation, stock-based compensation and other personnel-related costs, including severance, a \$0.7 million increase in accounting, legal and other professional fees and a \$0.2 million increase in other local business taxes.

Three Months Ended	Change	Nine Months Ended	Change
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	September 30,		Increase / (Decrease)		September 30,		Increase / (Decrease)	
	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage
	(dollars in thousands)							
Depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 2,322	\$ 1,673	\$ 649	38.8%	\$ 6,055	\$ 4,902	\$ 1,153	23.5%
% of total revenue	4.7%	4.3%			4.5%	4.2%		

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

The increase in depreciation and amortization expense during the three months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2014, and during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014, was primarily attributable to additional leasehold improvements to our office spaces, purchases of computer hardware as a result of an increase in headcount and purchases of computer hardware and software related to our third-party data center hosting facilities.

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	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015		2014		Change Increase / (Decrease) Amount		Percentage (dollars in thousands)		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015		2014		Change Increase / (Decrease) Amount		Percentage	
Impairment charges	\$	22,665	\$		\$	22,665		100.0%	\$	22,665	\$		\$	22,665		100.0%
% of total revenue		46.0%				%				16.7%				%		

Impairment charges

During the three months ended September 30, 2015, we determined that an impairment indicator was present based on a decrease in our market capitalization below the carrying value of our net assets. We performed an interim impairment test on our net assets and, based on such test, we recorded a goodwill impairment charge of \$20.9 million and an intangible asset impairment charge of \$1.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 (refer to notes 5 and 7 in notes to consolidated financial statements).

In addition to the goodwill and intangible asset impairment charges, we recorded an impairment charge of \$0.6 million related to certain property and equipment at our former headquarters, that we vacated during the second quarter of 2015, that were impaired during the third quarter of 2015 based on changes in expected use of the asset that indicated the carry amount may not be recoverable (refer to notes 5 and 7 in notes to consolidated financial statements).

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015		2014		Change Increase / (Decrease) Amount		Percentage (dollars in thousands)		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015		2014		Change Increase / (Decrease) Amount		of Revenue	
Total interest and other income (expense), net	\$	77	\$	5	\$	72		N/A	\$	95	\$	(18)	\$	113		N/A
% of total revenue		0.2%		0.0%						0.1%		0.0%				

Interest and Other Income (Expense), Net

The increase in our interest and other income (expense), net during the three months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2014, and during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014, was primarily attributable to non-operating net income generated from the sublease of our former headquarters.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015		2014		Change Increase / (Decrease) Amount		Percentage (dollars in thousands)		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015		2014		Change Increase / (Decrease) Amount		of Revenue	
Provision for income taxes	\$	19	\$	44	\$	(25)		(56.8)%	\$	258	\$	144	\$	114		79.2%
% of total revenue		0.1%		0.1%						0.2%		0.2%				

Provision for income taxes

The decrease in our provision for income taxes during the three months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2014, was primarily attributable to a decrease in estimated state and local income taxes as a result of our expected geographic mix of our pre-tax loss.

The increase in our provision for income taxes during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014, is primarily attributable to an increase in our effective tax rate as a result of an increase in our estimated minimum U.S. state and local taxes based on our expected pre-tax loss.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

Working Capital

The following table summarizes our cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts and working capital for the periods indicated:

		2015	As of September 30, (dollars in thousands)	2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	65,531	\$	77,909
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts		53,577		46,519
Working capital		74,025		92,382

Our cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2015 were held for working capital purposes. We do not enter into investments for trading or speculative purposes. Our policy is to invest any cash in excess of our immediate requirements in investments designed to preserve the principal balance and provide liquidity. Accordingly, our cash and cash equivalents are invested primarily in demand deposit accounts and money market funds that are currently providing only a minimal return.

Sources of Liquidity

Our principal sources of liquidity are our cash and cash equivalents and cash generated from operations. Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of cash on deposit with banks and investments in money market funds. Cash and cash equivalents were \$65,531, \$77,787 and \$77,909 as of September 30, 2015, December 31, 2014, and September 30, 2014, respectively.

Credit Facility

We are party to a loan and security agreement, which we refer to as our credit facility, with Silicon Valley Bank, which we refer to as our lender. Pursuant to the credit facility, we can incur revolver borrowings up to the lesser of \$32.5 million and a borrowing base equal to 80.0% of eligible accounts receivable. Any outstanding principal amount must be paid at maturity. Interest accrues at a floating rate equal to the lender's prime rate and is payable monthly. We are charged a fee of 0.25% of any unused borrowing capacity. This fee is payable quarterly but no fee is charged for a particular quarter if the average principal amount of borrowings during such quarter is more than \$10.0 million. The credit facility also includes a letter of credit, foreign exchange and cash management facility in an aggregate amount of \$2.5 million. The credit facility matures in December 2016. As of September 30, 2015, we had no outstanding borrowings under the credit facility.

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The credit facility contains customary conditions to borrowings, events of default and negative covenants, including covenants that restrict our ability to dispose of assets, merge with or acquire other entities, incur indebtedness, incur encumbrances, make distributions to holders of our capital stock, make investments or engage in transactions with our affiliates. We are also subject to a financial covenant with respect to minimum monthly working capital levels. Our obligations under the credit facility are secured by substantially all of our assets other than our intellectual property, although we have agreed not to encumber any of our intellectual property without the lender's prior written consent. We are also required to maintain all of our cash and cash equivalents at accounts with the lender, unless we maintain at least \$30.0 million of cash and cash equivalents with the lender, in which case we can maintain the excess with another banking institution. We were in compliance with all covenants as of September 30, 2015 and through the date of this filing.

Operating and Capital Expenditure Requirements

We believe our existing cash balances will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash requirements through at least the next 12 months. If our available cash balances and available borrowings under our credit facility are insufficient to satisfy our liquidity requirements, we will need to raise additional funds to support our operations, and such funding may not be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all. If we are unable to raise additional funds when needed, our operations and ability to execute our business strategy could be adversely affected. We may seek to raise additional funds through equity, equity-linked or debt financings. If we raise additional funds through the incurrence of indebtedness, such indebtedness would have rights that are

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senior to holders of our equity securities and could contain covenants that restrict our operations. Any additional equity financing may be dilutive to our stockholders.

Components of Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following table summarizes our historical cash flows for the periods indicated:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014
	(dollars in thousands)	
Net cash (used in) provided by:		
Operating activities	\$ (3,428)	\$ (12,297)
Investing activities	(8,345)	(2,617)
Financing activities	(357)	162

Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities is primarily influenced by the revenue our business generates, video advertising inventory costs and amounts of cash we invest in personnel and infrastructure to support the growth of our business. Net cash used in operating activities has been used to fund operations through changes in working capital, particularly in the areas of accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, adjusted for non-cash expense items such as depreciation, amortization, impairment charges and stock-based compensation expenses.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, our net cash used in operating activities was \$3.4 million and consisted of a net loss of \$40.8 million, offset by \$32.2 million in adjustments for non-cash items and \$5.2 million in net cash provided by changes in working capital. Net loss was primarily driven by expansion of our operations, our investment in technology and development and sales personnel to facilitate our growth, and non-cash charges. Adjustments for non-cash items primarily consisted of \$22.7 million in impairment charges, \$6.1 million in depreciation and amortization expense, and \$3.4 million in non-cash stock-based compensation expense. The increase in cash resulting from changes in our working capital during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 primarily consisted of an increase in operating cash flow due to a \$8.0 million increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses and a \$3.8 million increase in deferred rent and security deposits payable as a result of our new headquarters, which were partially offset by a \$5.5 million increase in accounts receivable and a \$1.1 million net decrease in other changes in our working capital.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, our net cash used in operating activities was \$12.3 million and consisted of a net loss of \$18.1 million and \$2.7 million of cash used in working capital offset by \$8.5 million in adjustments for non-cash items. Net loss was primarily driven by expansion of our operations, our investment in technology and development and sales personnel to facilitate our growth and non-cash charges. Adjustments for non-cash items primarily consisted of \$4.9 million in depreciation and amortization expense and \$3.6 million in non-cash stock-based compensation expense. The decrease in cash resulting from changes in working capital primarily consisted of a decrease in operating cash flow due to a \$5.1 million increase in accounts receivable, which was partially offset by a \$2.0 million increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses and a \$0.4 million net increase in other changes in our working capital.

Investing Activities

Our investing activities consist of net cash used for purchases of property and equipment primarily related to leasehold improvements and cash used for acquisitions.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, our net cash used in investing activities was \$8.3 million and consisted of \$7.1 million used to purchase property and equipment primarily related to leasehold improvements for the Company's new headquarters and \$1.2 million used to acquire a business in Australia, net of cash acquired (*refer to note 6 in notes to consolidated financial statements*).

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, our net cash used in investing activities was \$2.6 million used to purchase computer hardware and software related to our third-party data center hosting facilities.

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Financing Activities

Our financing activities consist of tax payments made on behalf of employees related to net share settlements of restricted stock unit awards and proceeds received from the exercise of stock option awards.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, our net cash used in financing activities was \$0.4 million and consisted of \$0.5 million in tax payments on behalf of employees related to net share settlements of restricted stock unit awards, partially offset by \$0.1 million in proceeds received from the exercise of stock option awards.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, our net cash provided by financing activities was \$0.2 million and consisted of \$0.7 million in proceeds received from the exercise of stock option awards, partially offset by \$0.5 million of tax payments on behalf of employees related to net share settlements of restricted stock unit awards.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

During the periods presented, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of SEC Regulation S-K, such as the use of unconsolidated subsidiaries, structured finance, special purpose entities or variable interest entities.

Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgments and Estimates

We prepare our unaudited interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of unaudited interim consolidated financial statements also requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, costs and expenses and related disclosures. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ significantly from the estimates made by our management. To the extent that there are differences between our estimates and actual results, our future financial statement presentation, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows will be affected. We believe the estimates, assumptions and judgments involved in revenue recognition and deferred revenue, stock-based compensation expense, and accounting for income taxes have the greatest potential impact on our unaudited interim consolidated financial statements, and consider these to be our critical accounting policies and estimates.

There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates as compared to the critical accounting policies and estimates described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on March 16, 2015.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are exposed to market risk primarily related to changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. We do not use derivative financial instruments for speculative, hedging or trading purposes, although in the future we may enter into hedging arrangements to manage the risks described below.

Interest Rate Risk

We maintain cash and a short-term investment portfolio consisting mainly of highly liquid, short-term money market funds, which we consider to be cash and cash equivalents, respectively. The primary objective of our investment activities is to preserve principal while maximizing income without significantly increasing risk. Because our cash and cash equivalents have a relatively short maturity, our portfolio's fair value is relatively insensitive to interest rate changes. These investments earn interest at variable rates and, as a result, decreases in market interest rates would generally result in decreased interest income. A 10% decline in interest rates occurring from January 1, 2015 and sustained through the period ended September 30, 2015, would not have been material. We do not enter into investments for trading or speculative purposes. In future periods, we will continue to evaluate our investment policy relative to our overall objectives.

We were exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in interest rates related to our \$32.5 million credit facility. We currently do not have any outstanding borrowings under our credit facility. Interest on our credit facility is tied to the lender's prime rate and fluctuates periodically. As a result, the interest rates on any of our outstanding borrowings may fluctuate from time to time.

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Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

Due to our international operations, we are exposed to foreign exchange risk related to foreign denominated revenues and costs, which must be translated into U.S. dollars. Historically, our primary exposures have been related to non-U.S. dollar denominated revenues and costs in Canada, Singapore and the United Kingdom. In addition, on August 3, 2015, we acquired a business in Australia, which will expose us to risk related to non-U.S. dollar denominated revenues and costs in Australia, as well as future payments required to be made in connection with the acquisition that are denominated in Australian dollars (*refer to Note 6 in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements*). The effect of a 10% adverse change in exchange rates on foreign denominated cash, receivables and payables would not have been material for the periods presented. Substantially all of our advertiser contracts are currently denominated in U.S. dollars. Therefore, we have minimal foreign currency exchange risk with respect to our revenue. These exposures may change over time as our business practices evolve and if our exposure increases, adverse movements in foreign currency exchanges rates could have a material adverse impact on our financial results.

Inflation Risk

We do not believe that inflation has had a material effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. We continue to monitor the impact of inflation in order to minimize its effects through pricing strategies, productivity improvements and cost reductions. If our costs were to become subject to significant inflationary pressures, we may not be able to fully offset such higher costs through price increases. Our inability or failure to do so could harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2015. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2015, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of September 30, 2015, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rules 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, believes that our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and are effective at a reasonable assurance level. However, our management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls also is based

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in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Part II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

In November 2013, a putative class action lawsuit was filed in the Court against us, our directors, and certain of our executive officers. The lawsuit alleges certain misrepresentations by us in connection with our initial public offering concerning our business and prospects. The lawsuit seeks unspecified damages. On March 5, 2015, the Court granted our motion to dismiss and entered judgment in our favor. On April 7, 2015, plaintiffs filed a motion to vacate the judgment and for leave to file an amended complaint (Motion to Vacate). On June 5, 2015, the Court entered an order denying the Motion to Vacate. On July 1, 2015, plaintiffs filed a notice of appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit, and on August 25, 2015 plaintiffs filed their appellate brief in the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. On September 29, 2015, we filed an answering brief in response to plaintiffs appeal. On October 13, 2015, plaintiffs filed their reply brief.

In addition, from time to time we are involved in legal proceedings or subject to claims arising in the ordinary course of our business. Although the results of litigation and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, except as noted above we do not believe we are a party to any legal proceedings that, if determined adversely to us, would individually or taken together have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, financial condition or cash flows. Regardless of the outcome, litigation can have an adverse impact on us because of defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources and other factors.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes to our risk factors as compared to the risk factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the SEC on March 16, 2015.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

(a) Recent Sales of Unregistered Equity Securities

None.

(b) Use of Proceeds

None.

(c) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

None.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

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Item 5. Other Information.

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits.

(a)List of Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
10.1+	Employment Offer Letter by and between the Company and John Rego, dated August 3, 2015.
31.1+	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a).
31.2+	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a).
32.1++	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2++	Certification Pursuant of Principal Financial Officer to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.

+ Exhibits marked with a plus sign (+) are filed herewith.

++ In accordance with Item 601(b)(32)(ii) of Regulation S-K and SEC Release Nos. 33-8238 and 34-47986, Final Rule: Management's Reports on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Certification of Disclosure in Exchange Act Periodic Reports, the certifications furnished in Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2 hereto are deemed to accompany this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and will not be deemed filed for purpose of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such certifications will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended,

except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates it by reference.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TREMOR VIDEO, INC.

By: */s/ William Day*
William Day
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 9, 2015

TREMOR VIDEO, INC.

By: */s/ John Rego*
John Rego
Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 9, 2015