

ARBOR REALTY TRUST INC
Form 10-Q
August 05, 2011
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011

Or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 001-32136

Arbor Realty Trust, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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Maryland
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation)

20-0057959
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

333 Earle Ovington Boulevard, Suite 900

Uniondale, NY
(Address of principal executive offices)

11553
(Zip Code)

(516) 506-4200

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

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Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. Common stock, \$0.01 par value per share: 25,438,618 outstanding (excluding 1,090,119 shares held in the treasury) as of August 5, 2011.

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ARBOR REALTY TRUST, INC.

FORM 10-Q

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

The information contained in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q is not a complete description of our business or the risks associated with an investment in Arbor Realty Trust, Inc. We urge you to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made by us in this report.

This report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements relate to, among other things, the operating performance of our investments and financing needs. Forward-looking statements are generally identifiable by use of forward-looking terminology such as may, will, should, potential, intend, expect, endeavor, anticipate, estimate, overestimate, underestimate, believe, could, project, predict, continue or other similar words or expressions. Forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions, discuss future expectations, describe future plans and strategies, contain projections of results of operations or of financial condition or state other forward-looking information. Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, our actual results and performance could differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results in future periods to differ materially from forecasted results. Factors that could have a material adverse effect on our operations and future prospects include, but are not limited to, changes in economic conditions generally and the real estate market specifically; adverse changes in the financing markets we access affecting our ability to finance our loan and investment portfolio; changes in interest rates; the quality and size of the investment pipeline and the rate at which we can invest our cash; impairments in the value of the collateral underlying our loans and investments; changes in the markets; legislative/regulatory changes; completion of pending investments; the availability and cost of capital for future investments; competition within the finance and real estate industries; and other risks detailed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any of these forward-looking statements, which reflect our management's views as of the date of this report. The factors noted above could cause our actual results to differ significantly from those contained in any forward-looking statement. For a discussion of our critical accounting policies, see Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Arbor Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries Significant Accounting Estimates and Critical Accounting Policies in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. We are under no duty to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this report to conform these statements to actual results.

Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****ARBOR REALTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	June 30, 2011 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2010
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 42,396,026	\$ 101,124,564
Restricted cash (includes \$63,885,608 and \$21,085,664 from consolidated VIEs, respectively)	65,590,163	21,085,664
Loans and investments, net (includes \$1,144,334,679 and \$1,301,435,584 from consolidated VIEs, respectively)	1,322,526,435	1,414,225,388
Loan held-for-sale	6,160,000	
Available-for-sale securities, at fair value (includes \$2,000,000 and \$1,000,000 from consolidated VIEs, respectively)	4,246,973	3,298,418
Investment in equity affiliates	65,789,451	65,838,885
Real estate owned, net (includes \$86,349,540 and \$2,707,479 from consolidated VIEs, respectively)	151,904,031	22,839,480
Real estate held-for-sale, net	41,440,000	41,440,000
Due from related party (includes \$160,275 and \$335,048 from consolidated VIEs, respectively)	1,994,647	335,048
Prepaid management fee related party	19,047,949	19,047,949
Other assets (includes \$11,777,724 and \$13,645,594 from consolidated VIEs, respectively)	42,538,558	41,972,532
Total assets	\$ 1,763,634,233	\$ 1,731,207,928
Liabilities and Equity:		
Repurchase agreements	\$	\$ 990,997
Collateralized debt obligations (includes \$1,038,328,166 and \$1,070,852,555 from consolidated VIEs, respectively)	1,038,328,166	1,070,852,555
Junior subordinated notes to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities	158,027,900	157,806,238
Notes payable	85,457,708	51,457,708
Mortgage notes payable real estate owned	74,501,004	20,750,000
Mortgage note payable held-for-sale	41,440,000	41,440,000
Due to related party	1,583,030	17,436,986
Due to borrowers (includes \$1,019,292 and \$1,155,095 from consolidated VIEs, respectively)	1,746,348	2,559,388
Deferred revenue	77,123,133	77,123,133
Other liabilities (includes \$29,654,129 and \$34,940,192 from consolidated VIEs, respectively)	78,367,295	84,375,680
Total liabilities	1,556,574,584	1,524,792,685
Commitments and contingencies		
Equity:		

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Arbor Realty Trust, Inc. stockholders' equity:			
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value: 100,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding			
Common stock, \$0.01 par value: 500,000,000 shares authorized; 26,423,737 shares issued, 25,408,290 shares outstanding at June 30, 2011 and 25,756,810 shares issued, 24,776,213 shares outstanding at December 31, 2010			
		264,237	257,568
Additional paid-in capital		454,654,595	450,686,382
Treasury stock, at cost	1,015,447 shares at June 30, 2011 and 980,597 shares at December 31, 2010	(10,825,582)	(10,669,585)
Accumulated deficit		(190,784,443)	(180,689,667)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(48,184,229)	(55,169,317)
Total Arbor Realty Trust, Inc. stockholders' equity		205,124,578	204,415,381
Noncontrolling interest in consolidated entity		1,935,071	1,999,862
Total equity		207,059,649	206,415,243
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 1,763,634,233	\$ 1,731,207,928

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**ARBOR REALTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Interest income	\$ 18,572,772	\$ 25,866,947	\$ 36,580,339	\$ 50,085,372
Interest expense	15,792,751	16,177,468	28,833,700	34,264,728
Net interest income	2,780,021	9,689,479	7,746,639	15,820,644
Other revenue:				
Property operating income	8,264,317	815,110	13,684,503	1,028,593
Other income	41,556	224,577	63,432	1,022,624
Total other revenue	8,305,873	1,039,687	13,747,935	2,051,217
Other expenses:				
Employee compensation and benefits	2,285,433	1,995,469	4,373,487	3,900,422
Selling and administrative	1,583,793	2,250,402	2,781,618	3,528,397
Property operating expenses	7,210,374	1,085,143	11,011,595	1,443,573
Depreciation and amortization	1,898,034	134,542	2,330,499	146,710
Other-than-temporary impairment		7,004,800		7,004,800
Impairment loss on real estate owned	750,000		750,000	
Provision for loan losses (net of recoveries)	7,560,263	24,830,000	8,095,398	49,830,000
Loss on restructured loans		825,239	1,000,000	825,239
Management fee - related party	2,050,000	2,000,000	4,000,000	3,900,000
Total other expenses	23,337,897	40,125,595	34,342,597	70,579,141
Loss from continuing operations before gain on extinguishment of debt, loss on sale of securities, net, income (loss) from equity affiliates and provision for income taxes	(12,252,003)	(29,396,429)	(12,848,023)	(52,707,280)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	1,926,700	171,032,651	2,819,200	217,531,130
Loss on sale of securities, net		(10,293,063)		(6,989,583)
Income (loss) from equity affiliates	24,446	(27,348)	48,811	(72,923)
(Loss) income before provision for income taxes	(10,300,857)	131,315,811	(9,980,012)	157,761,344
Provision for income taxes		(1,800,000)		(1,800,000)
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(10,300,857)	129,515,811	(9,980,012)	155,961,344
Loss from discontinued operations		(373,914)		(391,937)
Net (loss) income	(10,300,857)	129,141,897	(9,980,012)	155,569,407
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	53,878	53,898	107,574	107,615
Net (loss) income attributable to Arbor Realty Trust, Inc.	\$ (10,354,735)	\$ 129,087,999	\$ (10,087,586)	\$ 155,461,792
Basic (loss) earnings per common share:				
	\$ (0.41)	\$ 5.08	\$ (0.40)	\$ 6.13

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(Loss) income from continuing operations, net of noncontrolling interest							
Loss from discontinued operations			(0.01)				(0.02)
Net (loss) income attributable to Arbor Realty Trust, Inc.	\$	(0.41)	\$	5.07	\$	(0.40)	\$ 6.11
Diluted (loss) earnings per common share:							
(Loss) income from continuing operations, net of noncontrolling interest	\$	(0.41)	\$	5.06	\$	(0.40)	\$ 6.12
Loss from discontinued operations				(0.01)			(0.02)
Net (loss) income attributable to Arbor Realty Trust, Inc.	\$	(0.41)	\$	5.05	\$	(0.40)	\$ 6.10
Dividends declared per common share	\$		\$		\$		\$
Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding:							
Basic		25,440,380		25,477,410		25,202,248	25,432,659
Diluted		25,440,380		25,574,203		25,202,248	25,481,323

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**ARBOR REALTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011

(Unaudited)

	Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Common Stock (1) Shares	Common Stock Par Value	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock Shares	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Arbor Realty Trust, Inc. Stockholders Equity	Non- controlling Interest	Total
Balance											
January 1, 2011		25,756,810	\$ 257,568	\$ 450,686,382	(980,597)	\$ (10,669,585)	\$ (180,689,667)	\$ (55,169,317)	\$ 204,415,381	\$ 1,999,862	\$ 206,415,243
Issuance of common stock for management fee		666,927	6,669	3,968,213					3,974,882		3,974,882
Purchase of treasury stock					(34,850)	(155,997)			(155,997)		(155,997)
Distributions preferred stock of private REIT							(7,190)		(7,190)		(7,190)
Net (loss) income	\$ (9,980,012)						(10,087,586)		(10,087,586)	107,574	(9,980,012)
Distribution to non-controlling interest										(172,365)	(172,365)
Unrealized gain on securities available-for-sale	970,605							970,605	970,605		970,605
Unrealized loss on derivative financial instruments	(8,403,199)							(8,403,199)	(8,403,199)		(8,403,199)
Reclassification of net realized loss on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges into earnings	14,417,682							14,417,682	14,417,682		14,417,682
Balance June 30, 2011	\$ (2,994,924)	26,423,737	\$ 264,237	\$ 454,654,595	(1,015,447)	\$ (10,825,582)	\$ (190,784,443)	\$ (48,184,229)	\$ 205,124,578	\$ 1,935,071	\$ 207,059,649

(1) Comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$144,245,699.

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**ARBOR REALTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$ (9,980,012)	\$ 155,569,407
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash (used in) / provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	2,330,499	209,853
Stock-based compensation		310,500
Other-than-temporary impairment		7,004,800
Impairment loss on real estate owned	750,000	
Gain on extinguishment of debt	(2,819,200)	(217,531,130)
Loss on sale of securities		6,989,583
Provision for loan losses (net of recoveries)	8,095,398	49,830,000
Loss on restructured loans	1,000,000	825,239
Amortization and accretion of interest and fees	6,834,928	3,757,052
Change in fair value of non-qualifying swaps	557,842	(800,781)
(Income) loss from equity affiliates	(48,811)	72,923
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Other assets	(1,255,270)	730,279
Distributions of operations from equity affiliates	48,811	46,365
Other liabilities	(2,265,131)	2,204,078
Change in restricted cash	(312,465)	
Due to/from related party	(13,619,565)	(297,179)
Net cash (used in) / provided by operating activities	\$ (10,682,976)	\$ 8,920,989
Investing activities:		
Loans and investments funded, originated and purchased, net	(73,028,631)	(12,712,038)
Payoffs and paydowns of loans and investments	67,298,389	77,594,339
Deposits received relating to loan held-for-sale		2,250,000
Proceeds from sale of loans		14,500,000
Due to borrowers and reserves	(732,148)	1,877,887
Change in restricted cash	(1,050,000)	
Deferred fees	1,429,610	212,822
Purchase of securities		(4,481,719)
Principal collection on securities		271,766
Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale securities		50,678,631
Investment in real estate, net	(385,636)	(23,745)
Proceeds from investments in real estate owned, net	2,629,138	
Contributions to equity affiliates		(410,540)
Distributions from equity affiliates	49,434	435,937
Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities	\$ (3,789,844)	\$ 130,193,340
Financing activities:		

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Proceeds from loan participations and notes payable	30,800,000	26,000,000
Paydowns of mortgage notes payable real estate owned	(1,600,000)	
Payoffs and paydowns of repurchase agreements and notes payable	(990,997)	(160,156,077)
Payoff of junior subordinated notes to subsidiary trust issuing preferred securities		(10,500,122)
Proceeds from collateralized debt obligations	2,357,959	5,500,000
Payoffs and paydowns of collateralized debt obligations	(31,693,684)	(39,936,209)
Change in restricted cash	(42,799,944)	3,075,122
Payments on swaps to hedge counterparties	(9,670,000)	(13,440,000)
Receipts on swaps from hedge counterparties	9,810,000	8,370,000
Purchases of treasury stock	(155,997)	
Distributions paid to noncontrolling interest	(172,365)	(108,940)
Distributions paid on preferred stock of private REIT	(7,190)	(7,190)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(133,500)	(411,381)
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (44,255,718)	\$ (181,614,797)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (58,728,538)	\$ (42,500,468)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	101,124,564	64,624,275
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 42,396,026	\$ 22,123,807

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**ARBOR REALTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)**

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Cash used to pay interest	\$ 21,364,179	\$ 29,020,708
Cash used for taxes	\$ 290,090	\$ 371,879
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Loans transferred to real estate owned, net	\$ 83,099,540	\$ 20,750,000
Assumption of mortgage note payable real estate owned	\$ 55,351,004	\$ 20,750,000
Issuance of common stock for management incentive fee	\$ 3,974,882	\$
Extinguishment of notes payable	\$	\$ 159,417,756
Extinguishment of trust preferred securities	\$	\$ 102,110,610
Re-issuance of CDO debt	\$	\$ 42,304,391
Accrual of interest on reissued collateralized debt obligations	\$	\$ 22,941,851
Available-for-sale securities exchanged	\$	\$ 400,000
Investments transferred to available-for-sale securities, at fair value	\$	\$ 35,814,344
Loan payoffs and paydowns received by related party	\$	\$ 14,505,791

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ARBOR REALTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

(Unaudited)

Note 1 Description of Business/Form of Ownership

Arbor Realty Trust, Inc. (the Company) is a Maryland corporation that was formed in June 2003 to invest in a diversified portfolio of multi-family and commercial real estate related assets, primarily consisting of bridge loans, mezzanine loans, junior participating interests in first mortgage loans, and preferred and direct equity. The Company may also directly acquire real property and invest in real estate-related notes and certain mortgage-related securities. The Company conducts substantially all of its operations through its operating partnership, Arbor Realty Limited Partnership (ARLP), and ARLP's wholly-owned subsidiaries. The Company is externally managed and advised by Arbor Commercial Mortgage, LLC (ACM).

The Company is organized and conducts its operations to qualify as a real estate investment trust (REIT) for federal income tax purposes. A REIT is generally not subject to federal income tax on its REIT taxable income that it distributes to its stockholders, provided that it distributes at least 90% of its REIT taxable income and meets certain other requirements. Certain assets of the Company that produce non-qualifying income are owned by its taxable REIT subsidiaries, the income of which is subject to federal and state income taxes.

The Company's charter provides for the issuance of up to 500 million shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 100 million shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share. The Company was incorporated in June 2003 and was initially capitalized through the sale of 67 shares of common stock for \$1,005.

On July 1, 2003, ACM contributed \$213.1 million of structured finance assets and \$169.2 million of borrowings supported by \$43.9 million of equity in exchange for a commensurate equity ownership in ARLP. In addition, certain employees of ACM were transferred to ARLP. At that time, these assets, liabilities and employees represented a substantial portion of ACM's structured finance business. The Company is externally managed and advised by ACM and pays ACM a management fee in accordance with a management agreement. ACM also sources originations, provides underwriting services and services all structured finance assets on behalf of ARLP, and its wholly owned subsidiaries.

On July 1, 2003, the Company completed a private equity offering of 1,610,000 units (including an overallotment option), each consisting of five shares of common stock and one warrant to purchase one share of common stock at \$75.00 per unit. The Company sold 8,050,000 shares of common stock in the offering. Gross proceeds from the private equity offering totaled \$120.2 million. Gross proceeds from the private equity offering combined with the concurrent equity contribution by ACM totaled approximately \$164.1 million in equity capital. The Company paid and accrued offering expenses of \$10.1 million resulting in Arbor Realty Trust, Inc. stockholders' equity and noncontrolling interest of \$154.0 million as a result of the private placement.

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In April 2004, the Company sold 6,750,000 shares of its common stock in a public offering at a price of \$20.00 per share, for net proceeds of approximately \$124.4 million after deducting the underwriting discount and other estimated offering expenses. The Company used the proceeds to pay down indebtedness. In May 2004, the underwriters exercised a portion of their over-allotment option, which resulted in the issuance of 524,200 additional shares. The Company received net proceeds of approximately \$9.8 million after deducting the underwriting discount. In October 2004, ARLP received proceeds of approximately \$9.4 million from the exercise of warrants for 629,345 operating partnership units. Additionally, in 2004 and 2005, the Company issued 973,354 and 282,776 shares of common stock, respectively, from the exercise of warrants under its Warrant Agreement dated July 1, 2003, the (Warrant Agreement) and received net proceeds of \$12.9 million and \$4.2 million, respectively.

In June 2007, the Company completed a public offering in which it sold 2,700,000 shares of its common stock registered for \$27.65 per share, and received net proceeds of approximately \$73.6 million after deducting the underwriting discount and the other estimated offering expenses. The Company used the proceeds to pay down debt and finance its loan and investment portfolio.

In June 2008, the Company's external manager exercised its right to redeem its approximate 3.8 million operating partnership units in the Company's operating partnership for shares of the Company's common stock on a

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ARBOR REALTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

(Unaudited)

one-for-one basis. In addition, the special voting preferred shares paired with each operating partnership unit, pursuant to a pairing agreement, were redeemed simultaneously and cancelled by the Company.

In June 2010, the Company filed a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the 1933 Act) with respect to an aggregate of \$500.0 million of debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, depositary shares and warrants that may be sold by the Company from time to time pursuant to Rule 415 of the 1933 Act. On June 23, 2010, the SEC declared this shelf registration statement effective.

The Company had 25,408,290 shares of common stock outstanding at June 30, 2011 and 24,776,213 shares of common stock outstanding at December 31, 2010.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification , the authoritative reference for accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP), for interim financial statements and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements, although management believes that the disclosures presented herein are adequate to prevent the accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements presented from being misleading.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company, its wholly owned subsidiaries, partnerships or other joint ventures in which the Company owns a voting interest of greater than 50 percent, and Variable Interest Entities (VIEs) of which the Company is the primary beneficiary. VIEs are defined as entities in which equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. A VIE is required to be consolidated by its primary beneficiary, which is the party that (i) has the power to control the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and (ii) has the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. Updated accounting guidance requires the Company to present a) assets of a consolidated VIE that can be used only to settle obligations of the consolidated VIE, and b) liabilities of a consolidated VIE for which creditors (or beneficial interest holders) do not have recourse to the general

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credit of the primary beneficiary. As a result of this guidance, the Company has separately disclosed parenthetically the assets and liabilities of its three collateralized debt obligation (CDO) subsidiaries on its Consolidated Balance Sheets. Entities in which the Company owns a voting interest of 20 percent to 50 percent are accounted for primarily under the equity method.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. All significant inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current period presentation. One of the Company's real estate investments was reclassified from real estate owned to real estate held-for-sale at September 30, 2010, and was subsequently sold in October 2010, which resulted in a reclassification of its operating activity from property operating income and expenses to discontinued operations for all prior period presentations.

The preparation of consolidated interim financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions in determining the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Further, in connection with preparation of the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, the Company

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(Unaudited)

evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date of June 30, 2011 through the issuance of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year ending December 31, 2011. The accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated annual financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents in high quality financial institutions. The consolidated account balances at each institution periodically exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance coverage and the Company believes that this risk is not significant.

Restricted Cash

At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Company had restricted cash of \$65.6 million and \$21.1 million, respectively. Restricted cash primarily represents proceeds from loan repayments on deposit with the trustees for the Company's CDOs which will be used to purchase replacement loans as collateral for the CDO that has not reached its replenishment date, unfunded loan commitments, interest payments received from loans and principal repayments for the CDOs that have reached their replenishment dates, and are remitted quarterly to the bond holders and the Company in the month following the quarter. See Note 7 Debt Obligations. One of the Company's recently acquired real estate owned assets also has a restricted cash balance of \$1.7 million as of June 30, 2011 due to a first mortgage escrow requirement. See Note 6 Real Estate Owned and Held-For-Sale.

Loans, Investments and Securities

At the time of purchase, the Company designates a security as held-to-maturity, available-for-sale, or trading depending on the Company's ability and intent to hold it to maturity. The Company does not have any securities designated as trading or held-to-maturity as of June 30, 2011. Securities available-for-sale are reported at fair value with the net unrealized gains or losses reported as a component of accumulated other

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comprehensive loss. Unrealized losses that are determined to be other-than-temporary are recognized in earnings up to their credit component. The determination of other-than-temporary impairment is a subjective process requiring judgments and assumptions. The process may include, but is not limited to, assessment of recent market events and prospects for near-term recovery, assessment of cash flows, internal review of the underlying assets securing the investments, credit of the issuer and the rating of the security, as well as the Company's ability and intent to hold the investment to maturity. Management closely monitors market conditions on which it bases such decisions.

The Company also assesses certain of its securities, other than those of high credit quality, to determine whether significant changes in estimated cash flows or unrealized losses on these securities, if any, reflect a decline in value which is other-than-temporary and, accordingly, should be written down to their fair value against earnings. On a quarterly basis, the Company reviews these changes in estimated cash flows, which could occur due to actual prepayment and credit loss experience, to determine if an other-than-temporary impairment is deemed to have occurred. The determination of other-than-temporary impairment is a subjective process requiring judgments and assumptions and is not necessarily intended to indicate a permanent decline in value. The Company calculates a revised yield based on the current amortized cost of the investment, including any other-than-temporary impairments recognized to date, and the revised yield is then applied prospectively to recognize interest income.

Loans held for investment are intended to be held to maturity and, accordingly, are carried at cost, net of unamortized loan origination costs and fees, loan purchase discounts, and net of the allowance for loan losses when such loan or investment is deemed to be impaired. The Company invests in preferred equity interests that, in some cases, allow the Company to participate in a percentage of the underlying property's cash flows from operations and

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proceeds from a sale or refinancing. At the inception of each such investment, management must determine whether such investment should be accounted for as a loan, joint venture or as real estate. To date, management has determined that all such investments are properly accounted for and reported as loans.

From time to time the Company may enter into an agreement to sell a loan. These loans are considered held-for-sale and are valued at the lower of the loan's carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. For the sale of loans, recognition occurs when ownership passes to the buyer.

Impaired Loans, Allowance for Loan Losses, Loss on Restructured Loans and Charge-offs

The Company considers a loan impaired when, based upon current information and events, it is probable that it will be unable to collect all amounts due for both principal and interest according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. The Company evaluates each loan in its portfolio on a quarterly basis. The Company's loans are individually specific and unique as it relates to product type, geographic location, and collateral type, as well as to the rights and remedies and the position in the capital structure the Company's loans and investments have in relation to the underlying collateral. The Company evaluates all of this information as well as general market trends related to specific classes of assets, collateral type and geographic locations, when determining the appropriate assumptions such as capitalization and market discount rates, as well as the borrower's operating income and cash flows, in estimating the value of the underlying collateral when determining if a loan is impaired. The Company utilizes internally developed valuation models and techniques primarily consisting of discounted cash flow and direct capitalization models in determining the fair value of the underlying collateral on an individual loan. The Company may also obtain a third party appraisal, which may include as-is or stabilized value. Such appraisals may be used as an additional source of valuation information only and no adjustments are made to appraisals. Included in the evaluation of the capitalization and market discount rates, the Company considers not only assumptions specific to the collateral but also considers geographical and industry trends that could impact the collateral's value.

If upon completion of the valuation, the fair value of the underlying collateral securing the impaired loan is less than the net carrying value of the loan, an allowance is created with a corresponding charge to the provision for loan losses. The allowance for each loan is maintained at a level that is believed to be adequate by management to absorb probable losses. The Company had an allowance for loan losses of \$171.2 million relating to 26 loans with an aggregate carrying value, before reserves, of approximately \$318.9 million at June 30, 2011 and \$205.5 million in allowance for loan losses relating to 30 loans with an aggregate carrying value, before reserves, of approximately \$530.6 million at December 31, 2010. In addition, during the second quarter of 2011, the Company recorded net recoveries of \$3.8 million related to five loans in the Company's portfolio. During the first quarter of 2011, the Company recorded recoveries of \$1.0 million related to two loans in the Company's portfolio. These recoveries were recorded in provision for loan losses on the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Loan terms may be modified if the Company determines that based on the individual circumstances of a loan and the underlying collateral, a modification would more likely increase the total recovery of combined principal and interest recovery from the loan. Any loan modification is

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predicated upon a goal of maximizing the collection of the loan. Typical triggers for a modification would include situations where the projected cash flow is insufficient to cover required debt service, when asset performance is lagging the initial projections, where there is a requirement for rebalancing, where there is an impending maturity of the loan, and where there is an actual loan default. Loan terms that have been modified have included, but are not limited to interest rate, maturity date and in certain cases, principal amount. Length and amounts of each modification have varied based on individual circumstances and are determined on a case by case basis. If the loan modification constitutes a concession whereas the Company does not receive ample consideration in return for the modification, and the borrower is experiencing financial difficulties and cannot repay the loan under the current terms, then the modification is considered by the Company to be a troubled debt restructuring. If the Company receives a benefit, either monetary or strategic, and the above criteria are not met, the modification is not considered to be a troubled debt restructuring.

The Company records interest on modified loans on an accrual basis to the extent that the modified loan is contractually current. To date, the Company has not recorded interest income on a modified loan where the Company has not subsequently received the cash.

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Loss on restructured loans are recorded when the Company has granted a concession to the borrower in the form of principal forgiveness related to the payoff or the substitution or addition of a new debtor for the original borrower or when the Company incurs costs on behalf of the borrower related to the modification, payoff or the substitution or addition of a new debtor for the original borrower. When a loan is restructured, the Company records its investment at net realizable value, taking into account the cost of all concessions at the date of restructuring. The reduction in the recorded investment is recorded as a charge to the Statement of Operations in the period in which the loan is restructured. The Company recorded a loss on restructured loans of \$1.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 as a result of the execution of a forbearance agreement in the first quarter of 2011 on a loan modified in the second quarter of 2011. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company recorded a loss on restructured loans of \$0.8 million.

Charge-offs to the allowance for loan losses occur when losses are confirmed through the receipt of cash or other consideration from the completion of a sale; when a modification or restructuring takes place in which the Company grants a concession to a borrower or agrees to a discount in full or partial satisfaction of the loan; when the Company takes ownership and control of the underlying collateral in full satisfaction of the loan; when loans are reclassified as other investments; or when significant collection efforts have ceased and it is highly likely that a loss has been realized. For the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company recorded charge-offs to the allowance for loan losses of \$45.3 million and \$46.4 million, respectively.

Real Estate Owned and Held-For-Sale

Real estate owned, shown net of accumulated depreciation and impairment charges, is comprised of real property acquired by foreclosure or through partial or full settlement of mortgage debt. The real estate acquired is recorded at the estimated fair value at the time of acquisition.

Costs incurred in connection with the foreclosure of the properties collateralizing the real estate loans are expensed as incurred and costs subsequently incurred to extend the life or improve the assets subsequent to foreclosure are capitalized.

The Company allocates the purchase price of operating properties to land, building, tenant improvements, deferred lease cost for the origination costs of the in-place leases, intangibles for the value of the above or below market leases at fair value and to any other identified intangible assets or liabilities. The Company finalizes its purchase price allocation on these assets within one year of the acquisition date. The Company amortizes the value allocated to the in-place leases over the remaining lease term. The value allocated to the above or below market leases are amortized over the remaining lease term as an adjustment to rental income.

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Real estate assets, including assets acquired by foreclosure or through partial or full settlement of mortgage debt, that are operated for the production of income are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Ordinary repairs and maintenance which are not reimbursed by the tenants are expensed as incurred. Major replacements and betterments which improve or extend the life of the asset are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful life.

The Company's properties are individually reviewed for impairment each quarter, if events or circumstances change indicating that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. The Company recognizes impairment if the undiscounted estimated cash flows to be generated by the assets are less than the carrying amount of those assets. Measurement of impairment is based upon the estimated fair value of the asset. Upon evaluating a property for impairment, many factors are considered, including estimated current and expected operating cash flows from the property during the projected holding period, costs necessary to extend the life or improve the asset, expected capitalization rates, projected stabilized net operating income, selling costs, and the ability to hold and dispose of such real estate owned in the ordinary course of business. Valuation adjustments may be necessary in the event that effective interest rates, rent-up periods, future economic conditions, and other relevant factors vary significantly from those assumed in valuing the property. If future evaluations result in a diminution in the value of the property, the reduction will be recognized as an impairment charge at that time.

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Real estate is classified as held-for-sale when management commits to a plan of sale, the asset is available for immediate sale, there is an active program to locate a buyer, and it is probable the sale will be completed within one year. Properties classified as held-for-sale are not depreciated and the results of their operations are shown in discontinued operations. Real estate assets that are expected to be disposed of are valued, on an individual asset basis, at the lower of their carrying amount or their fair value less costs to sell.

The Company recognizes sales of real estate properties upon closing. Payments received from purchasers prior to closing are recorded as deposits. Profit on real estate sold is recognized upon closing using the full accrual method when the collectability of the sale price is reasonably assured and the Company is not obligated to perform significant activities after the sale. Profit may be deferred in whole or in part until collectability of the sales price is reasonably assured and the earnings process is complete.

Revenue Recognition

Interest income Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis as it is earned from loans, investments, and securities. In certain instances, the borrower pays an additional amount of interest at the time the loan is closed, an origination fee, a prepayment fee and/or deferred interest upon maturity. In some cases, interest income may also include the amortization or accretion of premiums and discounts arising from the purchase or origination of the loan or security. This additional income, net of any direct loan origination costs incurred, is deferred and accreted into interest income on an effective yield or interest method adjusted for actual prepayment activity over the life of the related loan or security as a yield adjustment. Income recognition is suspended for loans when, in the opinion of management, a full recovery of all contractual principal is not probable. Income recognition is resumed when the loan becomes contractually current and performance is resumed. The Company records interest income on certain impaired loans to the extent cash is received, in which a loan loss reserve has been recorded, as the borrower continues to make interest payments. The Company recorded loan loss reserves related to these loans as it was deemed that full recovery of principal and interest was not probable.

Several of the Company's loans provide for accrual of interest at specified rates, which differ from current payment terms. Interest is recognized on such loans at the accrual rate subject to management's determination that accrued interest and outstanding principal are ultimately collectible, based on the underlying collateral and operations of the borrower. If management cannot make this determination, interest income above the current pay rate is recognized only upon actual receipt. The Company currently has no loans in its portfolio accruing such interest. Therefore, interest income is recorded on all of the Company's loans and investments only to the extent that the current pay rate is received.

Given the transitional nature of some of the Company's real estate loans, the Company may require funds to be placed into an interest reserve, based on contractual requirements, to cover debt service costs. The Company will analyze these interest reserves on a periodic basis and determine if any additional interest reserves are needed. Recognition of income on loans with funded interest reserves are accounted for in the same manner as loans without funded interest reserves. The Company will not recognize any interest income on loans in which the borrower has

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failed to make the contractual interest payment due or has not replenished the interest reserve account. As of June 30, 2011, the Company had total interest reserves of \$7.6 million on 31 loans with an aggregate unpaid principal balance of \$551.6 million and had three non-performing loans with an aggregate unpaid principal balance of \$44.3 million with a funded interest reserve of \$0.1 million. Income from non-performing loans is generally recognized on a cash basis only to the extent it is received. Full income recognition will resume when the loan becomes contractually current and performance has recommenced.

Additionally, interest income is recorded when earned from equity participation interests, referred to as equity kickers. These equity kickers have the potential to generate additional revenues to the Company as a result of excess cash flow distributions and/or as appreciated properties are sold or refinanced. The Company did not record interest income from such investments for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

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Property operating income Property operating income represents income associated with the operations of commercial real estate properties classified as real estate owned. The Company recognizes revenue for these activities when the fees are fixed or determinable, or are evidenced by an arrangement, collection is reasonably assured and the services under the arrangement have been provided. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company recorded approximately \$8.3 million and \$13.7 million, respectively, of property operating income relating to its real estate owned properties, as compared to approximately \$0.8 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010. As of June 30, 2011, the Company had four real estate owned properties including a portfolio of multifamily assets that was purchased by the Company out of bankruptcy and a portfolio of hotel assets that was transferred to the Company by the owner, a creditor trust. Both of these portfolios were acquired in the first quarter of 2011. As of June 30, 2010, the Company had two real estate owned properties. Additionally, another real estate investment was reclassified from real estate owned to real estate held-for-sale in the third quarter of 2010, which resulted in a reclassification of its operating activity from property operating income and expenses into discontinued operations for all prior periods. See Note 6 Real Estate Owned and Held-For-Sale for further details.

Other income Other income represents loan structuring, defeasance, and miscellaneous asset management fees associated with the Company's loans and investments portfolio. The Company recognizes these forms of income when the fees are fixed or determinable, are evidenced by an arrangement, collection is reasonably assured and the services under the arrangement have been provided.

Investment in Equity Affiliates

The Company invests in joint ventures that are formed to acquire, develop, and/or sell real estate assets. These joint ventures are not majority owned or controlled by the Company, or are VIEs for which the Company is not the primary beneficiary, and are not consolidated in its financial statements. These investments are recorded under either the equity or cost method of accounting as appropriate. The Company records its share of the net income and losses from the underlying properties of its equity method investments and any other-than-temporary impairment on these investments on a single line item in the Consolidated Statements of Operations as income or losses from equity affiliates.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has granted certain of its employees, independent directors, and employees of ACM, restricted stock awards consisting of shares of the Company's common stock that vest immediately or annually over a multi-year period, subject to the recipient's continued service to the Company. The Company records stock-based compensation expense at the grant date fair value of the related stock-based award with subsequent remeasurement for any unvested shares granted to non-employees of the Company with such amounts expensed against earnings, at the grant date (for the portion that vest immediately) or ratably over the respective vesting periods. Dividends are paid on the restricted stock as dividends are paid on shares of the Company's common stock whether or not they are vested. Stock-based compensation is disclosed in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations under employee compensation and benefits for employees and under selling and

administrative expense for non-employees.

Income Taxes

The Company is organized and conducts its operations to qualify as a REIT and to comply with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code with respect thereto. A REIT is generally not subject to federal income tax on taxable income which is distributed to its stockholders, provided that the Company distributes at least 90% of its taxable income and meets certain other requirements. Certain REIT income may be subject to state and local income taxes. The Company's assets or operations that would not otherwise comply with the REIT requirements, are owned or conducted by the Company's taxable REIT subsidiaries, the income of which is subject to federal and state income tax. Under current federal tax law, the income and the tax on such income, if any, attributable to certain debt extinguishment transactions realized in 2009 and 2010 may, at the Company's election, be deferred to future periods.

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Current accounting guidance clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements. This guidance prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This guidance also provides clarity on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods and disclosure.

Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)

The Company divides comprehensive income or loss into net income (loss) and other comprehensive income (loss), which includes unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities. In addition, to the extent the Company's derivative instruments qualify as hedges, net unrealized gains or losses are reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss). See *Derivatives and Hedging Activities* below. At June 30, 2011, accumulated other comprehensive loss was \$48.2 million and consisted of \$49.3 million of net unrealized losses on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges and a \$1.1 million unrealized gain related to available-for-sale securities. At December 31, 2010, accumulated other comprehensive loss was \$55.2 million and consisted of \$55.3 million of net unrealized losses on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges and a \$0.1 million unrealized gain related to available-for-sale securities.

Derivatives and Hedging Activities

The Company recognizes all derivatives as either assets or liabilities at fair value and these amounts are recorded in other assets or other liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Additionally, the fair value adjustments will affect either accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) until the hedged item is recognized in earnings, or net income (loss) depending on whether the derivative instrument qualifies as a hedge for accounting purposes and, if so, the nature of the hedging activity. The Company utilizes quotations from a third party to assist in the determination of these fair values.

The Company records all derivatives on the Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives depends on the intended use of the derivative, whether a company has elected to designate a derivative in a hedging relationship and apply hedge accounting and whether the hedging relationship has satisfied the criteria necessary to apply hedge accounting. Derivatives designated and qualifying as a hedge of the exposure to changes in the fair value of an asset, liability, or firm commitment attributable to a particular risk, such as interest rate risk, are considered fair value hedges. Derivatives designated and qualifying as a hedge of the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows, or other types of forecasted transactions, are considered cash flow hedges. Hedge accounting generally provides for the matching of the timing of gain or loss recognition on the hedging instrument with the recognition of the changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk in a fair value hedge or the earnings effect of the hedged forecasted transactions in a cash flow hedge. The Company may enter into derivative contracts that are intended to economically hedge certain of its risks, even though hedge accounting does not apply or the Company elects not to apply hedge accounting.

In the normal course of business, the Company may use a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage, or hedge, interest rate risk. These derivative financial instruments must be effective in reducing its interest rate risk exposure in order to qualify for hedge accounting. When the terms of an underlying transaction are modified, or when the underlying hedged item ceases to exist, all changes in the fair value of the instrument are marked-to-market with changes in value included in net income (loss) for each period until the derivative instrument matures or is settled. In cases where a derivative financial instrument is terminated early, any gain or loss is generally amortized over the remaining life of the hedged item. Any derivative instrument used for risk management that does not meet the hedging criteria is marked-to-market with the changes in value included in net income (loss). The Company uses derivatives for hedging purposes rather than speculation. See Note 8 Derivative Financial Instruments for further details.

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Variable Interest Entities

The Company has evaluated its loans and investments, mortgage related securities, investments in equity affiliates, junior subordinated notes and CDOs, in order to determine if they qualify as VIEs or as variable interests in VIEs. This evaluation resulted in the Company determining that its bridge loans, junior participation loans, mezzanine loans, preferred equity investments, investments in equity affiliates, junior subordinated notes, CDOs, and investments in debt securities were potential VIEs or variable interests in VIEs. A VIE is defined as an entity in which equity investors (i) do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest, and/or (ii) do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional financial support from other parties. A VIE is required to be consolidated by its primary beneficiary, which is defined as the party that (i) has the power to control the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and (ii) has the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. See Note 9 Variable Interest Entities for further details.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2011, the FASB issued updated guidance on comprehensive income which amends U.S. GAAP to conform to the disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The amendment eliminates the option to present components of other comprehensive income as part of the Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity and requires a separate Statement of Comprehensive Income or two consecutive statements in the Statement of Operations and in a separate Statement of Comprehensive Income. This guidance is effective as of the first quarter of 2012, though early adoption is permitted, and its adoption is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In May 2011, the FASB issued updated guidance on fair value measurement which amends U.S. GAAP to conform to IFRS measurement and disclosure requirements. The amendments change the wording used to describe the requirements in U.S. GAAP for measuring fair value, changes certain fair value measurement principles and enhances disclosure requirements. This guidance is effective as of the first quarter of 2012, applied prospectively, and its adoption is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In April 2011, the FASB issued updated guidance on a creditor's determination of whether a restructuring will be a troubled debt restructuring, which establishes new guidelines in evaluating whether a loan modification meets the criteria of a troubled debt restructuring. This guidance is effective as of the third quarter of 2011, applied retrospectively to the beginning of the fiscal year as required, and its adoption is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

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In December 2010, the FASB issued updated guidance on business combinations, which clarifies that when pro forma financial information is required, it is to be presented as if the business combination occurred at the beginning of the prior year. The guidance also requires a description of the nature and amount of material, nonrecurring pro forma adjustments directly attributable to the business combination. The guidance is effective for business combinations in fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2010 and the adoption of this guidance on January 1, 2011 did not have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In July 2010, the FASB issued updated guidance on disclosures about the credit quality of financing receivables and the allowance for credit losses which requires a greater level of information disclosed about the credit quality of loans and allowance for loan losses, as well as additional information related to credit quality indicators, past due information, and information related to loans modified in a troubled debt restructuring. This guidance is effective as of the fourth quarter of 2010, except for the information related to loans modified in a troubled debt restructuring which was postponed by the FASB to the third quarter of 2011. As the guidance only amends existing disclosure requirements, its adoption resulted in additional disclosures and did not have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In January 2010, the FASB issued updated guidance on fair value measurements and disclosures, which requires disclosure of details of significant asset or liability transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 measurements within the fair value hierarchy and inclusion of gross purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in

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the roll forward of assets and liabilities valued using Level 3 inputs within the fair value hierarchy. The guidance also clarifies and expands existing disclosure requirements related to the disaggregation of fair value disclosures and inputs used in arriving at fair values for assets and liabilities using Level 2 and Level 3 inputs within the fair value hierarchy. This guidance is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, and its adoption did not have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements. The gross presentation of the Level 3 roll forward is required for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2010 and its adoption on January 1, 2011 did not have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

Note 3 Loans and Investments

The following table sets forth the composition of the Company's loan and investment portfolio at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

	June 30, 2011 (1)	Percent of Total	Loan Count	Wtd. Avg. Pay Rate (2)	Wtd. Avg. Remaining Months to Maturity	First Dollar LTV Ratio (3)	Last Dollar LTV Ratio (4)
Bridge loans	\$ 899,146,004	59%	54	4.48%	31.2	0%	85%
Mezzanine loans	196,413,974	13%	28	4.47%	37.5	79%	98%
Junior participation loans	328,014,030	22%	11	4.34%	43.2	65%	85%
Preferred equity investments	90,586,631	6%	18	2.83%	65.9	89%	98%
	1,514,160,639	100%	111	4.35%	36.7	29%	87%
Unearned revenue	(14,242,839)						
Allowance for loan losses	(171,231,365)						
Loans and investments, net	\$ 1,328,686,435						

	December 31, 2010 (1)	Percent of Total	Loan Count	Wtd. Avg. Pay Rate (2)	Wtd. Avg. Remaining Months to Maturity	First Dollar LTV Ratio (3)	Last Dollar LTV Ratio (4)
Bridge loans	\$ 1,070,013,851	66%	54	4.14%	33.0	0%	88%
Mezzanine loans	233,406,411	14%	30	4.83%	32.4	78%	97%
Junior participation loans	240,971,047	15%	12	5.15%	41.5	61%	86%
Preferred equity investments	89,472,959	5%	17	5.68%	72.3	90%	98%
	1,633,864,268	100%	113	4.47%	36.3	30%	89%
Unearned revenue	(14,168,578)						
Allowance for loan losses	(205,470,302)						

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Loans and investments, net \$ 1,414,225,388

- (1) Includes a bridge loan with an unpaid principal balance of \$6.2 million as of June 30, 2011 classified as held-for-sale due to the Company's intent to sell the loan within one year. There were no loans classified as held-for-sale as of December 31, 2010.
- (2) The Weighted Average Pay Rate is a weighted average, based on the unpaid principal balances of each loan in the Company's portfolio, of the interest rate that is required to be paid monthly as stated in the individual loan agreements. Certain loans and investments that require an additional rate of interest Accrual Rate to be paid at the maturity are not included in the weighted average pay rate as shown in the table. At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 the Company had no such loans in its portfolio that were currently accruing such interest.
- (3) The First Dollar LTV Ratio is calculated by comparing the total of the Company's senior most dollar and all senior lien positions within the capital stack to the fair value of the underlying collateral to determine the point at which the Company will absorb a total loss of its position.
- (4) The Last Dollar LTV Ratio is calculated by comparing the total of the carrying value of the Company's loan and all senior lien positions within the capital stack to the fair value of the underlying collateral to determine the point at which the Company will initially absorb a loss.

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ARBOR REALTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

(Unaudited)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company operates in one portfolio segment, commercial mortgage loans and investments. Commercial mortgage loans and investments can potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk. The Company is subject to concentration risk in that, as of June 30, 2011, the unpaid principal balance related to 26 loans with five unrelated borrowers represented approximately 28% of total assets. At December 31, 2010 the unpaid principal balance related to 32 loans with five unrelated borrowers represented approximately 32% of total assets. As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Company had 111 and 113 loans and investments, respectively.

As a result of the loan review process, the Company identified loans and investments that it considers higher-risk loans that had a carrying value, before loan loss reserves, of approximately \$329.7 million and a weighted average last dollar loan-to-value (LTV) ratio of 97%, compared to lower-risk loans with a carrying value, before loan loss reserves, of \$1.2 billion and a weighted average last dollar LTV ratio of 85% at June 30, 2011.

The Company measures its relative loss position for its mezzanine loans, junior participation loans, and preferred equity investments by determining the point where the Company will be exposed to losses based on its position in the capital stack as compared to the fair value of the underlying collateral. The Company determines its loss position on both a first dollar LTV and a last dollar LTV basis. First dollar LTV is calculated by comparing the total of the Company's senior most dollar and all senior lien positions within the capital stack to the fair value of the underlying collateral to determine the point at which the Company will absorb a total loss of its position. Last dollar LTV is calculated by comparing the total of the carrying value of the Company's loan and all senior lien positions within the capital stack to the fair value of the underlying collateral to determine the point at which the Company will initially absorb a loss.

As a component of the Company's policies and procedures for loan valuation and risk assessment, each loan and investment is assigned a credit risk rating. Individual ratings range from one to five, with one being the lowest risk and five being the highest. Each credit risk rating has benchmark guidelines which pertain to debt-service coverage ratios, LTV ratios, borrower strength, asset quality, and funded cash reserves. Other factors such as guarantees, market strength, remaining loan term, and borrower equity are also reviewed and factored into determining the credit risk rating assigned to each loan. This metric provides a helpful snapshot of portfolio quality and credit risk. Given the Company's asset management approach, however, the risk rating process does not result in differing levels of diligence contingent upon credit rating. That is because all portfolio assets are subject to the level of scrutiny and ongoing analysis consistent with that of a high-risk loan. All assets are subject to, at minimum, a thorough quarterly financial evaluation in which historical operating performance is reviewed, and forward-looking projections are created. Generally speaking, given the Company's typical loan and investment profile, a risk rating of three suggests that the Company expects the loan to make both principal and interest payments according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement, and is not considered impaired. A risk rating of four indicates the Company anticipates that the loan will require a modification of some kind. A risk rating of five indicates the Company expects the loan to underperform over its term, and that there could be loss of interest and/or principal. Ratings of 3.5 and 4.5 generally indicate loans that have characteristics of both the immediately higher and lower classifications. Further, while the above are the primary guidelines used in determining a certain risk rating, subjective items such as borrower strength, condition of the market of the underlying collateral, additional collateral or other credit enhancements, or loan terms, may result in a rating that is higher or lower

than might be indicated by any risk rating matrix.

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A summary of the loan portfolio's weighted average internal risk ratings and LTV ratios by asset class as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 is as follows:

Asset Class	Unpaid Principal Balance	As of June 30, 2011			
		Percentage of Portfolio	Wtd. Avg. Internal Risk Rating	First Dollar LTV Ratio	Last Dollar LTV Ratio
Multi-family	\$ 613,839,931	40.5%	3.6	22%	87%
Office	533,681,601	35.2%	3.2	44%	85%
Hotel	136,062,453	9.0%	3.8	44%	92%
Land	161,513,780	10.7%	4.1	0%	92%
Commercial	54,412,874	3.6%	3.6	0%	90%
Condo	14,650,000	1.0%	3.9	67%	91%
Total	\$ 1,514,160,639	100.0%	3.5	29%	87%

Asset Class	Unpaid Principal Balance	As of December 31, 2010			
		Percentage of Portfolio	Wtd. Avg. Internal Risk Rating	First Dollar LTV Ratio	Last Dollar LTV Ratio
Multi-family	\$ 615,788,256	37.7%	3.6	26%	87%
Office	563,914,007	34.5%	3.3	47%	87%
Hotel	220,277,021	13.5%	3.9	25%	95%
Land	164,161,755	10.0%	4.1	0%	94%
Commercial	55,073,229	3.4%	3.6	0%	92%
Condo	14,650,000	0.9%	3.9	66%	90%
Total	\$ 1,633,864,268	100.0%	3.6	30%	89%

Geographic Concentration Risk

As of June 30, 2011, 41%, 16%, and 7% of the outstanding balance of the Company's loans and investments portfolio had underlying properties in New York, California, and Florida, respectively. As of December 31, 2010, 38%, 15%, and 12% of the outstanding balance of the Company's loans and investments portfolio had underlying properties in New York, California and Florida, respectively.

Impaired Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

The Company performs evaluations of the loan portfolio quarterly to assess the performance of its loans and whether a reserve for impairment should be recorded. The Company considers a loan impaired when, based upon current information and events, it is probable that it will be unable to collect all amounts due for both principal and interest according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement.

During the three months ended June 30, 2011, the Company determined that the fair value of the underlying collateral securing three impaired loans with an aggregate carrying value of \$50.5 million was less than the net carrying value of the loans, resulting in an \$11.4 million provision for loan losses. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company determined that the fair value of the underlying collateral securing six impaired loans with an aggregate carrying value of \$72.3 million was less than the net carrying value of the loans, resulting in a \$12.9 million provision for loan losses. In addition, during the second quarter of 2011, the Company recorded net recoveries of \$3.8 million related to five loans in the Company's portfolio. During the first quarter of 2011, the Company recorded recoveries of \$1.0 million related to two loans in the Company's portfolio. These recoveries were recorded in provision for loan losses on the Consolidated Statement of Operations. The effect of the recoveries resulted in a provision for loan losses, net of recoveries, of \$7.6 million and \$8.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively. The \$11.4 million and \$12.9 million of loan loss reserves recorded during the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 was attributable to loans on which the Company had previously recorded reserves. The Company recorded a \$25.6 million and \$50.6 million provision for loan losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively, when it performed an evaluation of its loan portfolio and determined that the fair value of the underlying collateral securing 12 and 17 impaired loans, respectively, with

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an aggregate carrying value of \$284.2 million and \$398.3 million, respectively, were less than the net carrying value of the loans. In addition, the Company also recorded a recovery of \$0.8 million received in the second quarter of 2010 for a fully reserved loan, the effect of which resulted in a provision for loan losses, net of recoveries, of \$24.8 million and \$49.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively. There were no loans for which the value of the collateral securing the loan was less than the carrying value of the loan for which the Company had not recorded a provision for loan loss.

At June 30, 2011, the Company had a total of 26 loans with an aggregate carrying value, before reserves, of \$318.9 million for which impairment reserves have been recorded. At December 31, 2010, the Company had a total of 30 loans with an aggregate carrying value, before reserves, of \$530.6 million for which impairment reserves have been recorded.

A summary of the changes in the allowance for loan losses is as follows:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2010
Allowance at beginning of the period	\$ 205,470,302	\$ 326,328,039
Provision for loan losses	12,900,000	50,580,000
Charge-offs	(10,724,862)	(40,780,256)
Charge-offs on loans reclassified to real estate owned, net	(31,710,929)	(5,600,000)
Recoveries of reserves	(4,703,146)	
Allowance at end of the period	\$ 171,231,365	\$ 330,527,783

A summary of charge-offs and recoveries is as follows:

	For the Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
<i>Charge-offs:</i>		
Multi-family	\$ (21,971,114)	\$ (5,600,000)
Office	(7,114,677)	
Hotel	(13,350,000)	
Land		(35,350,926)
Condo		(5,429,330)
Total	\$ (42,435,791)	\$ (46,380,256)

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<i>Recoveries:</i>			
Multi-family	\$	(821,389)	\$
Office		(3,881,757)	
Total	\$	(4,703,146)	\$
Net Charge-offs	\$	(37,732,645)	\$ (46,380,256)
Ratio of net charge-offs during the period to average loans and investments outstanding during the period		2.4%	2.4%

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A summary of the Company's impaired loans by asset class is as follows:

Asset Class	June 30, 2011			Three Months Ended June 30, 2011		Six Months Ended June 30, 2011	
	Unpaid Principal Balance	Carrying Value (1)	Allowance for Loan Losses	Average Recorded Investment (2)	Interest Income Recognized	Average Recorded Investment (2)	Interest Income Recognized
Multi-family	\$ 114,623,249	\$ 114,573,683	\$ 57,789,180	\$ 122,437,326	\$ 381,302	\$ 152,597,720	\$ 1,287,009
Office	34,219,603	29,145,388	17,000,000	59,219,128	506,554	62,712,473	1,599,669
Hotel	33,671,507	35,771,507	28,671,515	33,671,507	242,422	76,171,507	486,209
Land	130,255,660	129,378,936	58,700,000	130,255,660	8,622	130,255,661	16,978
Condo	10,000,000	10,000,000	9,070,670	10,000,000	77,125	10,000,000	137,125
Total	\$ 322,770,019	\$ 318,869,514	\$ 171,231,365	\$ 355,583,621	\$ 1,216,025	\$ 431,737,361	\$ 3,526,990

Asset Class	As of December 31, 2010			Three Months Ended June 30, 2010		Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	
	Unpaid Principal Balance	Carrying Value (1)	Allowance for Loan Losses	Average Recorded Investment (2)	Interest Income Recognized	Average Recorded Investment (2)	Interest Income Recognized
Multi-family	\$ 190,572,190	\$ 189,163,526	\$ 77,681,683	\$ 274,603,262	\$ 2,002,365	\$ 269,553,399	\$ 4,440,468
Office	91,205,342	86,132,382	27,996,434	41,540,342	499,754	38,418,388	994,026
Hotel	118,671,507	116,643,603	32,021,515	189,657,037	2,513,129	190,631,248	3,547,579
Land	130,255,661	128,686,443	58,700,000	171,650,627	2,433,344	171,273,448	4,588,357
Commercial				38,297,088		38,297,088	
Condo	10,000,000	10,000,000	9,070,670	12,964,665	96,864	12,934,614	187,831
Retail				6,575,636		6,580,636	29,425
Total	\$ 540,704,700	\$ 530,625,954	\$ 205,470,302	\$ 735,288,657	\$ 7,545,456	\$ 727,688,821	\$ 13,787,686

(1) Represents the unpaid principal balance of impaired loans less unearned revenue and other holdbacks and adjustments by asset class.

(2) Represents an average of the beginning and ending unpaid principal balance of each asset class.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2011, the Company entered into a \$32.0 million non-recourse junior loan participation, at a discount, on a mezzanine loan with an unpaid principal balance of \$50.0 million. The Company received proceeds of \$28.8 million and recorded a non-cash recovery of a previously recorded reserve of \$3.2 million as well as a \$3.2 million charge to interest expense as a result of the amortization of discount on the participation during the second quarter of 2011. See Note 7 Debt Obligations. During the quarter ended March 31, 2011, the

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Company sold a mezzanine loan with a carrying value of \$7.0 million, which had been fully reserved for in a prior period, for \$0.2 million and wrote down a bridge loan with a carrying value of \$44.5 million to \$2.9 million, after principal paydowns of \$38.0 million, and recorded charge-offs to previously recorded reserves of \$10.4 million. The Company also charged-off \$31.7 million of loan loss reserves related to two loans with carrying values totaling approximately \$77.2 million, net of reserves and assumed debt, on properties that were transferred to the Company by the owner, a creditor trust as well as purchased by the Company out of bankruptcy and recorded to real estate owned, net on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet in the first quarter of 2011. See Note 6 Real Estate Owned and Held-For-Sale for further details. A loss on restructured loans of \$1.0 million was recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2011 as a result of the execution of a forbearance agreement in the first quarter of 2011 on a loan modified in the second quarter of 2011.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2010, the Company sold one of its bridge loans for \$35.0 million and recorded a charge-off to previously recorded reserves of \$35.4 million to remove the amount of allowance for loan losses that had previously been recorded related to this loan, received \$19.9 million in principal payoffs on two bridge loans and a mezzanine loan with an aggregate carrying value of \$20.7 million and wrote down a mezzanine loan with a carrying value, after principal paydowns, of \$15.4 million to \$10.0 million, recording a loss on the restructuring of approximately \$0.8 million and a charge-off to previously recorded reserves of \$5.4 million, respectively. The Company also reclassified a \$5.6 million loan loss reserve related to a junior participation loan on a property that was acquired through deed-in-lieu of foreclosure and recorded to real estate owned, net on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet. See Note 6 Real Estate Owned and Held-For-Sale for further details. There were no charge-offs, reclassifications to real estate owned, recoveries of reserves, or loss on restructured loans for the quarter ended March 31, 2010.

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As of June 30, 2011, ten loans with an aggregate net carrying value of approximately \$24.6 million, net of related loan loss reserves of \$34.9 million, were classified as non-performing and all ten loans had loan loss reserves. Income is generally recognized on a cash basis only to the extent it is received. Full income recognition will resume when the loan becomes contractually current and performance has recommenced. As of December 31, 2010, nine loans with an aggregate net carrying value of approximately \$25.6 million, net of related loan loss reserves of \$54.2 million, were classified as non-performing for which income recognition had been suspended. The Company had previously established loan loss reserves on all of these loans.

A summary of the Company's non-performing loans by asset class as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 is as follows:

Asset Class	As of June 30, 2011			As of December 31, 2010		
	Carrying Value	Less Than 90 Days Past Due	Greater Than 90 Days Past Due	Carrying Value	Less Than 90 Days Past Due	Greater Than 90 Days Past Due
Multi-family	\$ 28,108,151	\$	\$ 28,108,151	\$ 41,236,389	\$ 1,363,097	\$ 39,873,292
Office	2,800,000		2,800,000	9,806,298		9,806,298
Hotel	3,671,507		3,671,507	3,671,507		3,671,507
Land	24,999,972		24,999,972	24,999,972		24,999,972
Total	\$ 59,579,630	\$	\$ 59,579,630	\$ 79,714,166	\$ 1,363,097	\$ 78,351,069

At June 30, 2011, the Company did not have any loans contractually past due 90 days or more that are still accruing interest. During the quarter ended June 30, 2011, the Company refinanced and/or modified three loans totaling \$112.0 million, none of which were considered by the Company to be troubled debt restructurings. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company refinanced and/or modified 9 loans totaling \$208.8 million, of which two loans totaling \$17.2 million were considered by the Company to be troubled debt restructurings. In addition, the Company had unfunded commitments totaling \$0.2 million on modified loans classified as troubled debt restructurings.

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ARBOR REALTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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(Unaudited)

Note 4 Available-For-Sale Securities

The following is a summary of the Company's securities classified as available-for-sale at June 30, 2011:

	Face Value	Amortized Cost	Beginning Carrying Value	Amortization of Premium	Unrealized Gain / (Loss)	Estimated Fair Value
Common equity securities	\$	\$ 58,789	\$ 176,368	\$	\$ (29,395)	\$ 146,973
Collateralized debt obligation bond	10,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000	2,000,000
Commercial mortgage-backed security	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,122,050	(22,050)		2,100,000
Total available-for-sale securities	\$ 12,100,000	\$ 3,158,789	\$ 3,298,418	\$ (22,050)	\$ 970,605	\$ 4,246,973

The following is a summary of the Company's securities classified as available-for-sale at December 31, 2010:

	Face Value	Amortized Cost	Beginning Carrying Value	Other-Than-Temporary Impairment	Unrealized Gain / (Loss)	Estimated Fair Value
Common equity securities	\$	\$ 88,184	\$ 88,184	\$ (29,395)	\$ 117,579	\$ 176,368
Collateralized debt obligation bond	10,000,000	7,975,405	7,975,405	(6,975,405)		1,000,000
Commercial mortgage-backed security	2,100,000	2,122,050	2,122,050			2,122,050
Total available-for-sale securities	\$ 12,100,000	\$ 10,185,639	\$ 10,185,639	\$ (7,004,800)	\$ 117,579	\$ 3,298,418

The following is a summary of the underlying credit ratings of the Company's CDO bond and CMBS investments available-for-sale at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

At June 30, 2011	Percent	At December 31, 2010	Percent
Amortized		Amortized	

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Rating (1)	#	Cost	of Total	#	Cost	of Total
BB-		\$		1	\$ 7,975,405	79%
CCC-	2	3,100,000	100%	1	2,122,050	21%
	2	\$ 3,100,000	100%	2	\$ 10,097,455	100%

(1) Based on the rating published by Standard & Poor's for each security.

The Company owns 2,939,465 shares of common stock of Realty Finance Corporation, formerly CBRE Realty Finance, Inc., a commercial real estate specialty finance company, which it purchased in 2007 for \$16.7 million, and which had a fair value of \$0.1 million at June 30, 2011. As of June 30, 2011, a net unrealized gain totaling \$0.1 million was recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss related to these securities.

The Company owns a CDO bond security, purchased at a discount in 2008 for \$7.5 million, which bears interest at a spread of 30 basis points over LIBOR, has a stated maturity of 40.8 years, but has an estimated remaining life of 4.8 years based on the maturities of the underlying assets. As of the second quarter of 2010, the Company is no longer accreting income on the security which had \$2.0 million of original discount and a fair value of \$2.0 million at June 30, 2011. As of June 30, 2011, an unrealized gain of \$1.0 million was recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss related to this security.

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The Company owns a CMBS investment, purchased at a premium in 2010 for \$2.1 million, which is collateralized by a portfolio of hotel properties. The Company currently has two mezzanine loans with a carrying value before loan loss reserves of \$30.0 million related to this portfolio. The CMBS investment bears interest at a spread of 89 basis points over LIBOR, has a stated maturity of 9.0 years, but has an estimated life of 1.0 years based on the extended maturity of the underlying asset and a fair value of \$2.1 million at June 30, 2011.

Available-for-sale securities are carried at their estimated fair value with unrealized gains and losses reported in accumulated other comprehensive loss. The Company does not intend to sell its available-for-sale investments and it is not more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell the investments before recovery of its amortized cost basis, which may be at maturity. The Company evaluates these securities periodically to determine whether a decline in their value is other-than-temporary, though such a determination is not intended to indicate a permanent decline in value. The Company's evaluation is based on its assessment of cash flows which is supplemented by third-party research reports, internal review of the underlying assets securing the investments, levels of subordination and the ratings of the securities and the underlying collateral. The Company's estimation of cash flows expected to be generated by the securities portfolio is based upon an internal review of the underlying mortgage loans securing the investments both on an absolute basis and compared to the Company's initial underwriting for each investment and efforts are supplemented by third party research reports, third party market assessments and dialogue with market participants. Management closely monitors market conditions on which it bases such decisions. As of June 30, 2011, the CDO bond security available-for-sale has been in a loss position as compared to its original purchase price for more than twelve months. Based on the Company's analysis in 2010, the Company concluded that this CDO bond investment was other-than-temporarily impaired and recorded a \$7.0 million impairment charge in the second quarter of 2010 to the Company's Consolidated Statement of Operations which was reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss. The Company also concluded that the common stock securities were other-than-temporarily impaired and recorded \$16.2 million, \$0.4 million and less than \$0.1 million of impairment charges to the Consolidated Statements of Operations in 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively. No impairment was recorded on the available-for-sale securities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company amortized less than \$0.1 million of premium into interest income from its CMBS investment and no discount was accreted into interest income from its CDO bond investment. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company accreted approximately \$0.3 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, of discount into interest income from its CDO bond investments, representing accretion on approximately \$7.5 million of total original discount, and approximately less than \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, of discounts into interest income from its CMBS investments.

In June 2010, the Company sold three investment grade commercial real estate CDO bonds with an aggregate face value of \$44.7 million and an amortized cost of \$40.4 million, for \$29.9 million, and recorded an aggregate realized loss on sale of securities of \$10.5 million in its Consolidated Statement of Operations. Additionally, in June 2010, the Company sold two CMBS investments, with an aggregate face value of \$6.5 million and an amortized cost of \$6.3 million, for \$6.5 million, and recorded an aggregate realized gain on sale of securities of \$0.2 million in its Consolidated Statement of Operations. Upon the sale of these securities in the second quarter of 2010, the Company reclassified \$11.6 million from accumulated other comprehensive loss into loss on sale of securities based on the specific amounts recorded to accumulated other comprehensive loss for each investment. In the first quarter of 2010, the Company also sold two CMBS investments with a combined amortized cost of \$11.1 million for \$14.4 million and recorded a gain on sale of securities of \$3.3 million.

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The weighted average yield on the Company's CDO bond and CMBS securities available-for-sale based on their face values was 0.40%, including the amortization of premium and 3.69%, including the accretion of discount, for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and 0.37%, including the amortization of premium and 3.96%, including the accretion of discount, for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

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(Unaudited)

Note 5 Investment in Equity Affiliates

The following is a summary of the Company's investment in equity affiliates at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

Equity Affiliates	Investment in Equity Affiliates at		Outstanding Loan Balance to Equity Affiliates at
	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010	June 30, 2011
930 Flushing & 80 Evergreen	\$ 554,476	\$ 554,476	\$ 23,912,875
450 West 33rd Street			50,000,000
1107 Broadway	5,720,000	5,720,000	
Alpine Meadows			33,500,000
St. John's Development			25,000,000
Lightstone Value Plus REIT L.P.	55,988,409	55,988,409	
JT Prime	851,000	851,000	
West Shore Café	2,097,566	2,147,000	5,000,000
Issuers of Junior Subordinated Notes	578,000	578,000	
Total	\$ 65,789,451	\$ 65,838,885	\$ 137,412,875

The Company accounts for the 450 West 33rd Street and Lightstone Value Plus REIT L.P. investments under the cost method and the remaining investments under the equity method.

The following represents a change in the Company's investments in equity affiliates:

West Shore Café

In August 2010, the Company invested approximately \$2.1 million in exchange for a 50% non-controlling interest with a 20% preferred return subject to certain conditions in the West Shore Café, a restaurant / inn on an approximate 12,463 square foot lakefront property in Lake Tahoe, California. The Company also provided a \$5.5 million first mortgage loan, \$5.0 million of which was funded as of June 30, 2011, that matures in August 2013 and bears interest at a yield of 10.5%. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company received distributions of approximately \$0.1 million related to the preferred return, which were recorded as a return of investment.

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(Unaudited)

Note 6 Real Estate Owned and Held-For-Sale

The Company had a \$29.8 million loan secured by a portfolio of multifamily assets in various locations of the United States that had a maturity date of June 2010 and a weighted average interest rate of approximately 4.26%. In prior years, the Company established an \$18.4 million provision for loan loss related to this portfolio reducing its carrying value to \$11.4 million as of December 31, 2010. In March 2011, the Company purchased the portfolio of multifamily assets securing this loan out of bankruptcy and assumed a \$55.4 million first mortgage loan secured by the portfolio of assets. As of the date of this transaction, as well as at December 31, 2010, the loan was past due and non-performing. The Company recorded this transaction as real estate owned in its first quarter 2011 Consolidated Financial Statements at a fair value of \$65.3 million and the carrying value of the loan represented the fair value of the underlying collateral at the time of the transfer. For the first quarter of 2011, the Company did not record any property operating income or expenses from this portfolio because ownership did not pass to the Company until the end of the quarter and the Company believes that any operating activity that occurred was immaterial to the Company's interim Consolidated Financial Statements. In June 2011, one of the properties in the portfolio was sold to a third party for \$1.6 million and the proceeds were used to pay down the first lien mortgage. No gain or loss was recorded on the transaction as the asset was sold for its historical cost basis. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company recorded property operating income of \$2.5 million, property operating expense of \$2.0 million and depreciation of \$0.7 million. At June 30, 2011, this investment's balance sheet was comprised of land and building, net of accumulated depreciation, totaling approximately \$63.9 million, cash of \$0.7 million, restricted cash of \$1.7 million due to a first mortgage escrow requirement, other assets of \$0.3 million, other liabilities of \$0.7 million and a mortgage note payable of \$53.8 million. The Company will finalize the purchase price allocation within one year of the acquisition date.

The Company had an \$85.0 million loan secured by a portfolio of six hotel assets in Florida that had a maturity date of July 2014 and a weighted average interest rate of approximately 3.75%. During 2010, the Company established a \$13.4 million provision for loan loss related to this portfolio reducing its carrying value to \$71.6 million as of December 31, 2010. In February 2011, the portfolio of hotel assets securing this loan were transferred to the Company by the owner, a creditor trust. As of the date of this transaction, as well as at December 31, 2010, the loan was contractually current. The Company recorded this transaction as real estate owned in its first quarter 2011 Consolidated Financial Statements at a fair value of \$67.3 million and the carrying value of the loan represented the fair value of the underlying collateral at the time of the transfer. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company recorded property operating income of \$5.1 million and \$9.8 million, respectively, property operating expense of \$4.3 million and \$7.2 million, respectively, and depreciation of \$1.0 million and \$1.3 million, respectively. The operating results of the hotels are seasonal with the majority of revenues earned in the first two quarters of the calendar year. At June 30, 2011, this investment's balance sheet was comprised of land and building, net of accumulated depreciation, totaling approximately \$66.3 million, cash of \$0.6 million, other assets of \$1.9 million, receivable from related party of \$1.8 million and other liabilities of \$1.9 million. The Company will finalize the purchase price allocation within one year of the acquisition date.

The Company had a \$5.6 million junior participating interest in a first mortgage loan secured by an apartment building in Tucson, Arizona that had a maturity date of July 2012 and bore interest at a fixed rate of 10%. During 2009, the Company established a \$5.6 million provision for loan loss related to this property equal to the carrying value of the loan and in the second quarter of 2010, the Company purchased the property securing this loan by deed-in-lieu of foreclosure and assumed the \$20.8 million interest in a first mortgage loan. The Company recorded this transaction as real estate owned in its Consolidated Financial Statements at a fair value of \$20.8 million and the carrying value of the loan represented the fair value of the underlying collateral at the time of the transfer. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company

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recorded property operating income of \$0.6 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, property operating expense of \$0.6 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, and depreciation of \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company recorded property operating income of \$0.6 million, property operating expense of \$0.7 million and depreciation of \$0.1 million. At June 30, 2011, this investment's balance sheet was comprised of land and building, net of accumulated depreciation, totaling approximately \$19.8 million, cash of \$0.1 million, other assets of \$0.6 million, mortgage note payable of \$20.8 million and other liabilities of \$0.3 million.

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(Unaudited)

The Company had a \$4.0 million bridge loan secured by a hotel located in St. Louis, Missouri that matured in 2009 and bore interest at a variable rate of LIBOR plus 5.00%. In April 2009, the borrower delivered a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure to the Company. As a result, during the second quarter of 2009 the Company recorded this investment on its balance sheet as real estate owned at a fair value of \$2.9 million. The carrying value represented the fair value of the underlying collateral at the time of the transfer. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company recorded property operating income of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, property operating expense of \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, and depreciation of less than \$0.1 million for both periods. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company recorded property operating income of \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, property operating expense of \$0.4 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, and depreciation of less than \$0.1 million for both periods. During the three months ended June 30, 2011, through site visits and discussion with market participants, the Company determined that the asset exhibited indicators of impairment and performed an impairment analysis. As a result of the impairment analysis based on the indicators of value from the market participants, the Company recorded an impairment loss of \$0.8 million in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. At June 30, 2011, this investment's balance sheet was comprised of land and building, net of accumulated depreciation, totaling approximately \$1.9 million, other assets of \$0.1 million and other liabilities of \$0.5 million.

The Company had a \$9.9 million bridge loan secured by a motel located in Long Beach, California that matured in 2008 and bore interest at a variable rate of LIBOR plus 4.00%. During 2008 and 2009, the Company recorded a \$4.3 million provision for loan loss related to this property reducing the carrying amount to \$5.6 million. In August 2009, the Company was the winning bidder at a foreclosure sale of the property securing this loan which was recorded as real estate owned. The carrying value represented the then fair value of the underlying collateral at the time of the sale. During the third quarter of 2010, the Company agreed to sell the property to a third party at which time it was determined that the property met the held-for-sale requirements pursuant to the accounting guidance. As a result, the Company reclassified this investment from real estate owned to real estate held-for-sale at a value of \$5.5 million and reclassified property operating income and expenses for current and prior periods to discontinued operations in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, loss from discontinued operations consisted of property operating income of \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, property operating expense of \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, and depreciation of less than \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. In addition, discontinued operations have not been segregated in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. The Company sold the property to the third party receiving net proceeds of approximately \$6.8 million and recording a gain to income from discontinued operations of \$1.3 million in October 2010.

The Company had a \$5.0 million mezzanine loan secured by an office building located in Indianapolis, Indiana that was scheduled to mature in June 2012 and bore interest at a fixed rate of 10.72%. During the first quarter of 2008, the Company established a \$1.5 million provision for loan loss related to this property reducing the carrying value to \$3.5 million at March 31, 2008. In April 2008, the Company was the winning bidder at a UCC foreclosure sale of the entity which owns the equity interest in the property securing this loan, subject to a \$41.4 million first mortgage on the property. As a result, during the second quarter of 2008, the Company recorded this investment on its Consolidated Balance Sheet as real estate owned at fair value, which included the Company's \$3.5 million carrying value of the mezzanine loan and the \$41.4 million first lien mortgage note payable. During the third quarter of 2009, the Company mutually agreed with the first mortgage lender to appoint a receiver to operate the property and the Company is working to assist in the transfer of title to the first mortgage lender. As a result, the Company reclassified this investment from real estate owned to real estate held-for-sale at a fair value of \$41.4 million, reclassified property operating income and expenses for the current and prior periods to discontinued operations in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements, and recorded an impairment loss of \$4.9 million in 2009. The Company had originally planned to transfer the property to the first mortgage lender within one year of the date of its designation as held-for-sale, however, due to circumstances beyond the Company's control, the transfer has not

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been completed within the one year time frame. The Company believes it is reasonable to expect the transfer to be completed in 2011. Based on the facts and circumstances related to this property, the Company will continue to account for this investment as real estate held-for-sale.

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As of June 30, 2011, real estate held-for-sale consisted of land and building, net of accumulated depreciation, of approximately \$41.4 million. At June 30, 2011, the Company also had a mortgage note payable held-for-sale of \$41.4 million and other liabilities of \$1.2 million. The Company did not record interest expense related to the note payable, as the interest expense is non-recourse and the Company is in the process of cooperating with the receiver and the first lien holder in order for the first lien holder to take title to the office building. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the receiver's issued financial statements reported net income for the office building investment. The Company believes these amounts are not realizable at this time and, as such, did not record any income or loss on this held-for-sale investment.

As of June 30, 2011, the Company's seven hotel properties and eight multifamily properties classified as real estate owned had weighted average occupancy rates of 54.1% and 84.6%, respectively.

Note 7 Debt Obligations

The Company utilizes collateralized debt obligations, junior subordinated notes, a note payable, loan participations and mortgage notes payable to finance certain of its loans and investments. Borrowings underlying these arrangements are primarily secured by a significant amount of the Company's loans and investments.

Repurchase Agreements

The following table outlines borrowings under the Company's repurchase agreement as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

	June 30, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Debt Carrying Value	Collateral Carrying Value	Debt Carrying Value	Collateral Carrying Value
Repurchase agreement, financial institution, expiration June 2011, interest was variable based on one-month LIBOR; the weighted average note rate was 2.80%	\$	\$	\$ 990,997	\$ 523,938
Total repurchase agreement	\$	\$	\$ 990,997	\$ 523,938

At December 31, 2010, the weighted average note rate for the Company's repurchase agreement was 2.80%. There were no interest rate swaps on this repurchase agreement at December 31, 2010.

The Company had a repurchase agreement that bore interest at 250 basis points over LIBOR. In June 2009, the Company amended this facility extending the maturity to June 2010, with a one year extension option. In June 2010, the Company exercised the option, extending the maturity to June 2011. In addition, the amendment included the removal of all financial covenants and a reduction of the committed amount reflecting the one asset currently financed in this facility. In June 2011, the Company repaid the facility in full.

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Collateralized Debt Obligations

The following table outlines borrowings and the corresponding collateral under the Company's collateralized debt obligations as of June 30, 2011:

(Amounts in thousands)	Debt		Loans		Collateral			Cash Restricted Cash (2)	Collateral At-Risk
	Face Value	Carrying Value	Unpaid Principal (4)	Carrying Value (4)	Face Value	Securities Carrying Value	Fair Value (1)		
CDO I Issued four investment grade tranches January 19, 2005. Reinvestment period through April 2009. Stated maturity date of February 2040. Interest is variable based on three-month LIBOR; the weighted average note rate was 4.45%	\$ 191,891,986	\$ 198,079,580	\$ 336,920,909	\$ 279,866,159	\$	\$	\$	\$ 19,950,943	\$ 149,339
CDO II Issued nine investment grade tranches January 11, 2006. Reinvestment period through April 2011. Stated maturity date of April 2038. Interest is variable based on three-month LIBOR; the weighted average note rate was 2.73%	294,601,364	300,959,462	459,731,163	416,261,497	10,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	83,902	103,839
CDO III Issued 10 investment grade tranches December 14, 2006. Reinvestment period through	529,897,960	539,289,124	590,119,224	534,556,563				22,634,124	168,096

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January 2012. Stated maturity date of January 2042. Interest is variable based on three-month LIBOR; the weighted average note rate was 1.28%

Total CDOs	\$ 1,016,391,310	\$ 1,038,328,166	\$ 1,386,771,296	\$ 1,230,684,219	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 42,668,969	\$ 421,275
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The following table outlines borrowings and the corresponding collateral under the Company's collateralized debt obligations as of December 31, 2010:

(Amounts in thousands)	Debt		Loans		Collateral		Fair Value (1)	Cash Restricted Cash (2)	Collateral At-Risk (3)
	Face Value	Carrying Value	Unpaid Principal (4)	Carrying Value (4)	Face Value	Securities Carrying Value			
CDO I Issued four investment grade tranches January 19, 2005. Reinvestment period through April 2009. Stated maturity date of February 2040. Interest is variable based on three-month LIBOR; the weighted average note rate was 4.52%	\$ 220,475,564	\$ 226,770,198	\$ 413,724,169	\$ 337,901,200	\$	\$	\$	\$ 474,669	\$ 171,330,
CDO II Issued nine investment grade tranches January 11, 2006. Reinvestment period through April 2011. Stated maturity date of April 2038. Interest is variable based on three-month LIBOR; the weighted average note rate was 2.77%	295,530,671	301,999,004	446,125,317	404,475,017	10,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,529,307	141,439,
CDO III Issued 10 investment grade tranches December 14, 2006. Reinvestment period through January 2012. Stated maturity date of January 2042. Interest is variable based on three-month LIBOR; the weighted average note rate was 1.77%	532,540,000	542,083,353	609,849,262	561,766,846				49,810	174,133,
Total CDOs	\$ 1,048,546,235	\$ 1,070,852,555	\$ 1,469,698,748	\$ 1,304,143,063	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 2,053,786	\$ 486,903,

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(1) The security with a fair value of \$2,000,000 was rated a CCC- at June 30, 2011 and a BB- at December 31, 2010 by Standard & Poor's.

(2) Represents restricted cash held for reinvestment and/or principal repayments in the CDOs. Does not include restricted cash related to interest payments, delayed fundings and expenses.

(3) Amounts represent the face value of collateral in default, as defined by the CDO indenture, as well as assets deemed to be credit risk. Credit risk assets are reported by each of the CDOs and are generally defined as one that, in the CDO collateral manager's reasonable business judgment, has a significant risk of declining in credit quality or, with a passage of time, becoming a defaulted asset.

(4) Amounts include loans to real estate assets consolidated by the Company that were reclassified to real estate owned, net on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the aggregate weighted average note rate for the Company's collateralized debt obligations, including the cost of interest rate swaps on assets financed in these facilities, was 2.30% and 2.63%, respectively. Excluding the effect of swaps, the weighted average note rate at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 was 0.81%.

As of April 15, 2009, CDO I has reached the end of its replenishment date and will no longer make \$2.0 million amortization payments to investors that were made quarterly prior to the replenishment date. Investor capital is repaid quarterly from proceeds received from loan repayments held as collateral in accordance with the terms of the CDO. Proceeds distributed are recorded as a reduction of the CDO liability.

As of April 15, 2011, CDO II has reached the end of its replenishment date and will no longer make \$1.2 million amortization payments to investors that were made quarterly prior to the replenishment date. Investor capital is repaid quarterly from proceeds received from loan repayments held as collateral in accordance with the terms of the CDO. Proceeds distributed are recorded as a reduction of the CDO liability.

CDO III has a \$100.0 million revolving note class that provides a revolving note facility. The outstanding note balance for CDO III was \$539.3 million at June 30, 2011 which included \$94.6 million outstanding under the revolving note facility. CDO III is not required to make any amortization payments prior to the end of its replenishment period in January 2012.

In the second quarter of 2011, the Company purchased \$3.5 million of investment grade rated Class C and F notes originally issued by its CDO III issuing entity for a price of \$1.6 million from third party investors and recorded a net gain on extinguishment of debt of \$1.9 million in its 2011 Consolidated Statement of Operations.

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In the first quarter of 2011, the Company purchased a \$1.5 million investment grade rated Class F note originally issued by its CDO III issuing entity for a price of \$0.6 million from a third party investor and recorded a net gain on extinguishment of debt of \$0.9 million in its 2011 Consolidated Statement of Operations.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company had purchased approximately \$19.0 million and \$46.7 million, respectively, of investment grade rated Class A2, B, C, D, E, F and G notes originally issued by its CDO I, CDO II and CDO III issuing entities for a price of \$6.2 million and \$13.6 million, respectively, from third party investors and recorded a net gain on extinguishment of debt of \$12.8 million and \$33.0 million, respectively, in its 2010 Consolidated Statements of Operations.

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The following table sets forth the face amount and gain on extinguishment of the Company's CDO bonds repurchased in the following periods by bond class:

Class:	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2011				For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011			
	Face Amount	Gain	Face Amount	Gain	Face Amount	Gain	Face Amount	Gain
A2	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 7,375,000	\$ 4,683,125
B			10,000,000	5,525,000			14,500,000	8,392,344
C	1,630,000	757,950	60,000	46,500	1,630,000	757,950	12,350,132	9,823,405
D							822,216	680,384
E							1,636,457	1,374,624
F	1,870,000	1,168,750	4,936,662	3,968,921	3,370,000	2,061,250	5,936,662	4,828,921
G			4,030,552	3,254,671			4,030,552	3,254,671
Total	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 1,926,700	\$ 19,027,214	\$ 12,795,092	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 2,819,200	\$ 46,651,019	\$ 33,037,474

In February 2010, the Company re-issued its own CDO bonds it had acquired throughout 2009 with an aggregate face amount of approximately \$42.8 million as part of an exchange for the retirement of \$114.1 million of its junior subordinated notes. This transaction resulted in the recording of \$65.2 million of additional CDO debt, of which \$42.3 million represents the portion of the Company's CDO bonds that were exchanged and \$22.9 million represents the estimated interest due on the reissued bonds through their maturity, of which \$21.9 million remains at June 30, 2011. See *Junior Subordinated Notes* below for further details.

The Company intends to own these portfolios of real estate-related assets until their maturities and accounts for these transactions on its Consolidated Balance Sheet as financing facilities. The Company's CDOs are VIEs for which the Company is the primary beneficiary and are consolidated in the Company's Financial Statements accordingly. The investment grade tranches are treated as secured financings, and are non-recourse to the Company.

Junior Subordinated Notes

The following table outlines borrowings under the Company's junior subordinated notes as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

June 30, 2011**December 31, 2010**

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	Debt Carrying Value	Debt Carrying Value
Junior subordinated notes, maturity March 2034, unsecured, face amount of \$28.0 million, interest rate fixed until 2012 then variable based on three-month LIBOR, the weighted average note rate was 0.50%	\$ 25,164,228	\$ 25,126,543
Junior subordinated notes, maturity April 2035, unsecured, face amount of \$7.0 million, interest rate fixed until 2012 then variable based on three-month LIBOR, the weighted average note rate was 0.50%	6,268,571	6,260,453
Junior subordinated notes, maturity March 2034, unsecured, face amount of \$28.0 million, interest rate fixed until 2012 then variable based on three-month LIBOR, the weighted average note rate was 0.50%	25,164,228	25,126,543
Junior subordinated notes, maturity March 2034, unsecured, face amount of \$27.3 million, interest rate fixed until 2012 then variable based on three-month LIBOR, the weighted average note rate was 0.50%	24,534,431	24,497,690
Junior subordinated notes, maturity June 2036, unsecured, face amount of \$14.6 million, interest rate fixed until 2012 then variable based on three-month LIBOR, the weighted average note rate was 0.50%	13,103,858	13,086,871
Junior subordinated notes, maturity April 2037, unsecured, face amount of \$15.7 million, interest rate fixed until 2012 then variable based on three-month LIBOR, the weighted average note rate was 0.50%	14,081,268	14,062,800
Junior subordinated notes, maturity April 2037, unsecured, face amount of \$31.5 million, interest rate fixed until 2012 then variable based on three-month LIBOR, the weighted average note rate was 0.50%	28,288,262	28,251,162
Junior subordinated notes, maturity April 2035, unsecured, face amount of \$21.2 million, interest rate fixed until 2012 then variable based on three-month LIBOR, the weighted average note rate was 0.50%	19,059,848	19,034,178
Junior subordinated notes, maturity June 2036, unsecured, face amount of \$2.6 million, interest rate fixed until 2012 then variable based on three-month LIBOR, the weighted average note rate was 0.50%	2,363,206	2,359,998
Total junior subordinated notes	\$ 158,027,900	\$ 157,806,238

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The carrying value under these facilities was \$158.0 million at June 30, 2011 and \$157.8 million at December 31, 2010, which is net of a deferred amount of \$17.8 million and \$18.1 million, respectively. The current weighted average note rate was 0.50% at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, however, based upon the accounting treatment for the restructuring mentioned below, the effective rate was 3.85% at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The impact of these variable interest entities with respect to consolidation is discussed in Note 9 Variable Interest Entities.

In February 2010, the Company retired \$114.1 million of its junior subordinated notes, with a carrying value of \$102.1 million, in exchange for the re-issuance of its own CDO bonds it had acquired throughout 2009 with an aggregate face amount of \$42.8 million, CDO bonds of other issuers it had acquired in the second quarter of 2008 with an aggregate face amount of \$25.0 million and a carrying value of \$0.4 million, and \$10.5 million in cash. This transaction resulted in the recording of \$65.2 million of additional CDO debt, of which \$42.3 million represents the portion of the Company's CDO bonds that were exchanged and \$22.9 million represents the estimated interest due on the bonds through their maturity, a reduction to securities available-for-sale of \$0.4 million representing the fair value of CDO bonds of other issuers, and a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$26.3 million, or \$1.03 per basic and diluted common share, in the first quarter of 2010.

In 2009, the Company retired \$265.8 million of its then outstanding trust preferred securities, primarily consisting of \$258.4 million of junior subordinated notes issued to third party investors and \$7.4 million of common equity issued to us in exchange for \$289.3 million of newly issued unsecured junior subordinated notes, representing 112% of the original face amount. The notes bear a fixed interest rate of 0.50% per annum until March 31, 2012 or April 30, 2012 (the Modification Period). Thereafter, interest is to be paid at the rates set forth in the existing trust agreements until maturity, equal to three month LIBOR plus a weighted average spread of 2.90%, which was reduced to 2.77% after the exchange in February 2010 mentioned above. The 12% increase to the face amount due upon maturity, which had a balance of \$17.8 million at June 30, 2011, is being amortized into expense over the life of the notes.

During the Modification Period, the Company will be permitted to make distributions of up to 100% of taxable income to common shareholders. The Company has agreed that such distributions will be paid in the form of the Company's stock to the maximum extent permissible under the Internal Revenue Service rules and regulations in effect at the time of such distribution, with the balance payable in cash. This requirement regarding distributions in stock can be terminated by the Company at any time, provided that the Company pays the note holders the original rate of interest from the time of such termination.

The junior subordinated notes are unsecured, have original maturities of 25 to 28 years, pay interest quarterly at a fixed rate or floating rate of interest based on three-month LIBOR and, absent the occurrence of special events, are not redeemable during the first two years.

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The following table outlines borrowings under the Company's notes payable as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

	June 30, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Debt Carrying Value	Collateral Carrying Value	Debt Carrying Value	Collateral Carrying Value
Note payable relating to investment in equity affiliates, \$50.2 million, expiration July 2016, interest is fixed, the weighted average note rate was 4.06%	\$ 50,157,708	\$ 55,988,411	\$ 50,157,708	\$ 55,988,411
Junior loan participation, maturity of July 2012, secured by the Company's interest in a mezzanine loan with a principal balance of \$32.0 million, participation interest was based on a portion of the interest received from the loan which has a variable rate of LIBOR plus 4.35%	32,000,000	32,000,000		
Junior loan participation, maturity of August 2012, secured by the Company's interest in a mezzanine loan with a principal balance of \$11.8 million. The participation has a 0% rate of interest	2,000,000	2,000,000		
Junior loan participation, secured by the Company's interest in a first mortgage loan with a principal balance of \$1.3 million, participation interest was based on a portion of the interest received from the loan which has a fixed rate of 9.57%	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,300,000
Total notes payable	\$ 85,457,708	\$ 91,288,411	\$ 51,457,708	\$ 57,288,411

At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the aggregate weighted average note rate for the Company's notes payable was 4.20%. There were no interest rate swaps on the notes payable at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

In 2008, the Company recorded a \$49.5 million note payable after receiving cash related to a transaction with Lightstone Value Plus REIT, L.P. to exchange the Company's profits interest in Prime Outlets Member, LLC (POM) for operating partnership units in Lightstone Value Plus REIT, L.P. The note, which was paid down to \$48.5 million as of December 31, 2008, was initially secured by the Company's interest in POM, matures in July 2016 and bears interest at a fixed rate of 4.06% with payment deferred until the closing of the transaction. Upon the closing of the POM transaction in March 2009, the note balance was increased to \$50.2 million and is secured by the Company's investment in common and preferred operating partnership units in Lightstone Value Plus REIT, L.P. In March 2009, the Company also recorded a gain on exchange of profits interest of \$56.0 million. At June 30, 2011, the outstanding balance of this note was \$50.2 million.

In April 2011, the Company entered into a non-recourse junior loan participation in the amount of \$32.0 million on a \$50.0 million mezzanine loan. The loan was participated out at a discount and the Company received \$28.8 million of proceeds. The subordinate lender will receive its proportionate share of the interest received from the loan, which has a variable rate of LIBOR plus 4.35% and a maturity of July 2012. The Company also has the right to sell its \$18.0 million senior participation to the subordinate lender, at face value, in the event of default or if the loan is not repaid by July 9, 2012. In June 2011, the Company entered into a non-recourse junior loan participation in the amount of \$2.0 million on an \$11.8 million mezzanine loan. The participation has a 0% rate of interest and a maturity of August 2012. The Company also has a junior loan participation with an outstanding balance at June 30, 2011 of \$1.3 million on a \$1.3 million bridge loan. Participations have a maturity date equal to

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(Unaudited)

the corresponding mortgage loan and are secured by the participant's interest in the mortgage loan. Interest expense is based on the portion of the interest received from the loan that is paid to the junior participant. The Company's obligation to pay interest on the participation is based on the performance of the related loan.

In the first quarter of 2010, the Company entered into an agreement with Wachovia Bank, National Association, owned by Wells Fargo, National Association (Wachovia) whereby the Company could retire all of its \$335.6 million of debt outstanding at the time the parties began to negotiate the agreement for a discounted payoff amount of \$176.2 million, representing 52.5% of the face amount of the debt. The \$335.6 million of indebtedness was comprised of \$286.1 million of term debt and a \$49.5 million working capital facility. Upon closing on the discounted payoff agreement on June 30, 2010, the Company recorded a \$158.4 million gain to its 2010 Consolidated Statement of Operations, net of \$0.4 million of stock warrant expense and \$0.6 million of other various expenses and commissions. Estimated state income taxes were approximately \$0.9 million and recorded in provision for income taxes resulting in a net gain of approximately \$157.5 million.

In July 2011, the Company entered into a two year, \$50.0 million warehouse facility with a financial institution to finance first mortgage loans on multifamily properties. The facility bears interest at a rate of 275 basis points over LIBOR, has a 1.00% commitment fee upon closing, and has warehousing and non-use fees. The facility also has a maximum advance rate of 75% and contains several restrictions including full repayment of an advance if a loan becomes 60 days past due, is in default or is written down by the Company. The facility also includes various financial covenants including a minimum liquidity requirement of \$20.0 million, minimum tangible net worth which includes junior subordinated notes as equity of \$150.0 million, total liabilities less subordinate debt of \$2.0 billion, as well as certain other debt service coverage ratios and debt to equity ratios.

Mortgage Notes Payable Real Estate Owned

During the first quarter of 2011, the Company assumed a \$55.4 million interest-only first lien mortgage in connection with the acquisition of real property pursuant to bankruptcy proceedings for an entity in which the Company had a \$29.8 million loan secured by a portfolio of multifamily assets. The real estate investment was classified as real estate owned in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet in March 2011. The mortgage bears interest at a variable rate of one-month LIBOR plus 1.23% and has a maturity date of March 2014 with a one year and three month extension option. In June 2011, one of the properties in the portfolio was sold to a third party for \$1.6 million and the proceeds were used to pay down the first lien mortgage to a balance of \$53.8 million at June 30, 2011.

During the second quarter of 2010, the Company assumed a \$20.8 million interest-only first lien mortgage related to a deed in lieu of foreclosure agreement for an entity in which the Company had a \$5.6 million junior participation loan secured by an apartment building. The real estate investment was classified as real estate owned in April 2010. The mortgage bears interest at a fixed rate of 6.23% and has a maturity date of December 2013 with a five year extension option.

The total outstanding balance of these mortgages was approximately \$74.5 million and \$20.8 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

Mortgage Note Payable - Held-For-Sale

During the second quarter of 2008, the Company assumed a \$41.4 million interest-only first lien mortgage related to the foreclosure of an entity in which the Company had a \$5.0 million mezzanine loan. The real estate investment was originally classified as real estate owned and was reclassified as real estate held-for-sale at September 30, 2009. The mortgage bears interest at a fixed rate of 6.13% and has a maturity date of June 2012. The outstanding balance of this mortgage was \$41.4 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

Table of Contents**ARBOR REALTY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****June 30, 2011****(Unaudited)***Debt Covenants*

The Company's debt obligations do not contain financial covenants and restrictions at June 30, 2011.

The Company's CDO vehicles contain interest coverage and asset over collateralization covenants that must be met as of the waterfall distribution date in order for the Company to receive such payments. If the Company fails these covenants in any of its CDOs, all cash flows from the applicable CDO would be diverted to repay principal and interest on the outstanding CDO bonds and the Company would not receive any residual payments until that CDO regained compliance with such tests. The Company's CDOs were in compliance with all such covenants as of June 30, 2011, as well as on the most recent determination date in July 2011. In the event of a breach of the CDO covenants that could not be cured in the near-term, the Company would be required to fund its non-CDO expenses, including management fees and employee costs, distributions required to maintain REIT status, debt costs, and other expenses with (i) cash on hand, (ii) income from any CDO not in breach of a CDO covenant test, (iii) income from real property and loan assets, (iv) sale of assets, (v) or accessing the equity or debt capital markets, if available. The Company has the right to cure covenant breaches which would resume normal residual payments to it by purchasing non-performing loans out of the CDOs. However, the Company may not have sufficient liquidity available to do so at such time.

The chart below is a summary of the Company's CDO compliance tests as of the most recent determination date in July 2011:

Cash Flow Triggers	CDO I	CDO II	CDO III
Overcollateralization (1)			
Current	196.92%	181.74%	109.50%
Limit	184.00%	169.50%	105.60%
Pass / Fail	Pass	Pass	Pass
Interest Coverage (2)			
Current	427.99%	560.41%	534.29%
Limit	160.00%	147.30%	105.60%
Pass / Fail	Pass	Pass	Pass

(1) The overcollateralization ratio divides the total principal balance of all collateral in the CDO by the total principal balance of the bonds associated with the applicable ratio. To the extent an asset is considered a defaulted security, the asset's principal balance for purposes of the overcollateralization test is the lesser of the asset's market value or the principal balance of the defaulted asset multiplied by the asset's recovery rate which is determined by the rating agencies. Rating downgrades of CDO collateral will generally not have a direct impact on the principal balance of a CDO asset for purposes of calculating the CDO's overcollateralization test unless the rating downgrade is below a significantly low threshold (e.g. CCC-) as defined in each CDO vehicle.

(2) The interest coverage ratio divides interest income by interest expense for the classes senior to those retained by the Company.

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As of the determination dates in July 2011, April 2011, January 2011 and October 2010, the Company's overcollateralization ratios were 196.92%, 185.59%, 185.88% and 184.24%, respectively, for CDO I; 181.74%, 181.74%, 171.81% and 171.00%, respectively, for CDO II; and 109.50%, 109.89%, 109.50% and 109.47%, respectively, for CDO III. The ratio will fluctuate based on the performance of the underlying assets, transfers of assets into the CDOs prior to the expiration of their respective replenishment dates, purchase or disposal of other investments, and loan payoffs.

Also, no payment due under the Junior Subordinated Indentures may be paid if there is a default under any senior debt and the senior lender has sent notice to the trustee. The Junior Subordinated Indentures are also cross-defaulted with each other.

Note 8 Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company recognizes all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets and measures those instruments at fair value. Additionally, the fair value adjustments will affect either accumulated other comprehensive loss until the hedged item is recognized in earnings, or net income (loss) attributable to Arbor Realty Trust, Inc., depending on whether the derivative instrument qualifies as a hedge for accounting purposes and, if so, the nature of the hedging activity. The ineffective portion of a derivative's change in fair value is recognized immediately in earnings.

In connection with the Company's interest rate risk management, the Company periodically hedges a portion of its interest rate risk by entering into derivative financial instrument contracts. Specifically, the Company's derivative financial instruments are used to manage differences in the amount, timing, and duration of its expected cash receipts and its expected cash payments principally related to its investments and borrowings. The Company's objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest income and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish this objective, the Company primarily uses interest rate swaps as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for the Company making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount. The Company has entered into various interest rate swap agreements to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk on (i) variable rate borrowings as it relates to fixed rate loans; (ii) the difference between the CDO investor return being based on the three-month LIBOR index while the supporting assets of the CDO are based on the one-month LIBOR index; and (iii) use of a LIBOR rate caps in loan agreements.

Derivative financial instruments must be effective in reducing the Company's interest rate risk exposure in order to qualify for hedge accounting. When the terms of an underlying transaction are modified, or when the underlying hedged item ceases to exist, all changes in the fair value of the instrument are marked-to-market with changes in value included in net income for each period until the derivative instrument matures or is settled. In cases where a derivative financial instrument is terminated early, any gain or loss is generally amortized over the remaining life of the hedged item. Any derivative instrument used for risk management that does not meet the hedging criteria is marked-to-market with the changes

in value included in net income. The Company does not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes.

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(Unaudited)

The following is a summary of the derivative financial instruments held by the Company as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (dollars in thousands):

Designation\ Cash Flow	Derivative	Count	Notional Value		December 31, 2010	Expiration Date	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	
			June 30, 2011	Count				June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Non- Qualifying	Basis Swaps	9	\$ 937,812	9	\$ 1,056,851	2012 - 2015	Other Assets	\$ 751	\$ 1,306
Non- Qualifying	LIBOR Caps	2	\$ 13,000	1	\$ 7,000	2012 - 2013	Other Assets	\$ 9	\$ 12
Qualifying	LIBOR Cap	1	\$ 73,301		\$	2013	Other Assets	\$ 13	\$
Qualifying	Interest Rate Swaps	28	\$ 562,715	30	\$ 639,696	2011 - 2017	Other Liabilities	\$ (45,578)	\$ (50,803)

The fair value of Non-Qualifying Basis Swap Hedges was \$0.8 million and \$1.3 million as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, and was recorded in other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. These basis swaps are used to manage the Company's exposure to interest rate movements and other identified risks but do not meet hedge accounting requirements. The Company is exposed to changes in the fair value of certain of its fixed rate obligations due to changes in benchmark interest rates and uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to changes in fair value on these instruments attributable to changes in the benchmark interest rate. These interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for the Company making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without the exchange of the underlying notional amount. The fair value of the Non-Qualifying LIBOR Cap Hedges was less than \$0.1 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, and is recorded in other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company entered into these hedges in the fourth quarter of 2010 and the first quarter of 2011 due to loan agreements which required LIBOR Caps of 1% to 2%. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2011, the notional value on two basis swaps decreased by approximately \$119.0 million pursuant to the contractual terms of the respective swap agreements. For the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the change in fair value of the Non-Qualifying Swaps was \$(0.3) million and \$1.0 million, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the change in fair value of the Non-Qualifying Swaps was \$(0.6) million and \$0.8 million, respectively, and was recorded in interest expense on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The fair value of Qualifying Interest Rate Swap Cash Flow Hedges as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 was \$(45.6) million and \$(50.8) million, respectively, and was recorded in other liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The change in the fair value of Qualifying Interest Rate Swap Cash Flow Hedges was recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. These interest rate swaps are used to hedge the variable cash flows associated with existing variable-rate debt, and amounts reported in accumulated

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other comprehensive loss related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest expense as interest payments are made on the Company's variable-rate debt. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company entered into a LIBOR Cap with a notional value of approximately \$73.3 million that qualifies as a cash flow hedge. The fair value of the Qualifying LIBOR Cap Hedge was less than \$0.1 million at June 30, 2011 and is recorded in other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The Company entered into this hedge in the first quarter of 2011 due to a loan agreement which required a LIBOR Cap of 2%. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2011, the notional value on three interest rate swaps decreased by approximately \$53.5 million pursuant to the contractual terms of the respective swap agreements and two interest rate swaps matured with a combined notional value of approximately \$24.8 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company entered into two new interest rate swaps that qualify as cash flow hedges with a combined notional value of approximately \$7.5 million, the notional value of one interest rate swap decreased by approximately \$17.1 million pursuant to the contractual terms of the swap agreement, and two interest rate swaps matured with a combined notional of approximately \$12.5 million.

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million. As of June 30, 2011, the Company expects to reclassify approximately \$(21.7) million of other comprehensive loss from Qualifying Cash Flow Hedges to interest expense over the next twelve months assuming interest rates on that date are held constant.

Gains and losses on terminated swaps are being deferred and recognized in earnings over the original life of the hedged item. These swap agreements must be effective in reducing the variability of cash flows of the hedged items in order to qualify for the aforementioned hedge accounting treatment. As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Company has a net deferred loss of \$3.7 million and \$4.5 million, respectively, in accumulated other comprehensive loss. The Company recorded \$0.4 million as additional interest expense related to the amortization of the loss for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and less than \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million as a reduction to interest expense related to the accretion of the net gains for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The Company recorded \$0.9 million as additional interest expense related to the amortization of the loss for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million as a reduction to interest expense related to the accretion of the net gains for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The Company expects to record approximately \$1.2 million of net deferred loss to interest expense over the next twelve months.

The following table presents the effect of the Company's derivative financial instruments on the Statements of Operations as of June 30, 2011 and 2010 (dollars in thousands):

Designation Cash Flow	Derivative	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Other Comprehensive Loss (Effective Portion) For the Six Months Ended		Amount of Loss Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss into Interest Expense (Effective Portion) For the Six Months Ended		Amount of (Loss) or Gain Recognized in Interest Expense (Ineffective Portion) For the Six Months Ended			
		June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010		
Non- Qualifying	Basis Swaps / Caps	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	(344)	\$	816
Qualifying	Interest Rate Swaps / Cap	\$	6,015	\$	(11,324)	\$	(14,418)	\$	(15,812)

The cumulative amount of other comprehensive loss related to net unrealized losses on derivatives designated as Cash Flow Hedges as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 of approximately \$(49.3) million and approximately \$(55.3) million, respectively, is a combination of the fair value of qualifying cash flow hedges of \$(45.6) million and \$(50.8) million, respectively, deferred losses on terminated interest swaps of

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\$(4.6) million and \$(5.5) million as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, and deferred net gains on termination of interest swaps of \$0.9 million and \$1.0 million as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

The Company has agreements with certain of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where if the Company defaults on any of its indebtedness, including default where repayment of the indebtedness has not been accelerated by the lender, then the Company could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations. As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the fair value of derivatives in a net liability position, which includes accrued interest but excludes any adjustment for nonperformance risk related to these agreements, was \$(20.1) million and \$(21.1) million, respectively. As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Company has minimum collateral posting thresholds with certain of its derivative counterparties and has posted collateral of \$21.1 million and \$21.3 million, which is recorded in other assets in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

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(Unaudited)

Note 9 Variable Interest Entities

The Company has evaluated its loans and investments, mortgage related securities, investments in equity affiliates, junior subordinated notes and CDOs, in order to determine if they qualify as VIEs or as variable interests in VIEs. This evaluation resulted in the Company determining that its bridge loans, junior participation loans, mezzanine loans, preferred equity investments, investments in equity affiliates, junior subordinated notes, CDOs, and investments in mortgage related securities are potential VIEs. A VIE is defined as an entity in which equity investors (i) do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest, and/or (ii) do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional financial support from other parties.

A VIE is required to be consolidated by its primary beneficiary, which is defined as the party that (i) has the power to control the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and (ii) has the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The Company's involvement with VIEs primarily affects its financial performance and cash flows through amounts recorded in interest income, interest expense, provision for loan losses and through activity associated with its derivative instruments.

Consolidated VIEs

The Company consolidates its three CDO subsidiaries, which qualify as VIEs, of which the Company is the primary beneficiary. These CDOs invest in real estate and real estate-related securities and are financed by the issuance of CDO debt securities. The Company, or one of its affiliates, is named collateral manager, servicer, and special servicer for all CDO collateral assets which the Company believes gives it the power to direct the most significant economic activities of the entity. The Company also has exposure to CDO losses to the extent of its equity interests and also has rights to waterfall payments in excess of required payments to CDO bond investors. As a result of consolidation, equity interests in these CDOs have been eliminated, and the balance sheet reflects both the assets held and debt issued by the CDOs to third parties. The Company's operating results and cash flows include the gross amounts related to CDO assets and liabilities as opposed to the Company's net economic interests in the CDO entities.

Assets held by the CDOs are restricted and can be used only to settle obligations of the CDOs. The liabilities of the CDOs are non-recourse to the Company and can only be satisfied from each CDO's respective asset pool. Assets and liabilities related to the CDOs are disclosed parenthetically, in the aggregate, in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. See Note 7 Debt Obligations for further details.

The Company is not obligated to provide, has not provided, and does not intend to provide financial support to any of the consolidated CDOs.

Unconsolidated VIEs

The Company determined that it is not the primary beneficiary of 41 VIEs as of June 30, 2011 because it does not have the ability to direct the activities of the VIEs that most significantly impact each entity's economic performance. VIEs, of which the Company is not the primary beneficiary, have an aggregate carrying amount of \$630.4 million and exposure to real estate debt of approximately \$4.1 billion at June 30, 2011.

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The following is a summary of the Company's variable interests in identified VIEs, of which the Company is not the primary beneficiary, as of June 30, 2011:

Type	Origination Date	Carrying Amount (1)	Property	Location
Loan and investment	Dec 03	\$ 50,000,000	Office	New York
Loan	Aug 05	17,050,000	Office	New York
Loan	Jan 06	1,350,000	Multifamily	New York
Loan	Mar 06	9,885,212	Office	Pennsylvania
Loan	Jun 06	105,255,660	Land	California
Loan	Aug 06	5,452,137	Multifamily	Indiana
Loan	Sep 06	2,800,000	Office	Rhode Island
Loan	Oct 06	1,349,992	Multifamily	South Carolina
Loan	Oct 06	2,031,012	Multifamily	North Carolina
Loan	May 08	12,492,789	Multifamily	Florida
Loan	Dec 06	63,885,000	Multifamily	New York
Loan	Jan 07	4,123,938	Multifamily	Texas
Loan	Mar 07	1,960,000	Office	South Carolina
Loan	Mar 07	67,000,000	Office	New York
Loan	Apr 08	5,924,306	Multifamily	Indiana
Loan	Feb 07	53,250,000	Multifamily	Florida
Loan	Mar 07	2,000,000	Multifamily	Florida
Loan	Mar 07	6,625,103	Multifamily	Indiana
Loan	Mar 07	3,671,507	Hotel	Arizona
Loan	Mar 07	4,779,630	Multifamily	Michigan
Loan	Jul 07	10,557,122	Multifamily	Texas
Loan	Jul 07	9,141,866	Multifamily	Texas
Loan	Jul 07	4,492,811	Multifamily	Texas
Loan	Feb 08	56,799,999	Multifamily	California
Loan	May 06	10,000,000	Condo	California
Loan	Aug 07	6,000,000	Multifamily	Florida
Loan	Dec - 04	7,200,000	Multifamily	Indiana
Loan	Dec 06	32,000,000	Multifamily	Various
Loan	Dec 06	25,000,000	Land	Florida
Loan	Jun 06	1,870,000	Multifamily	Texas
Loan	Aug 10	7,147,000	Hotel	California
Loan	Dec 10	15,180,779	Multifamily	New York
Loan	Dec 10	7,000,000	Multifamily	Texas
Loan	Jan 11	2,000,000	Multifamily	Texas
Loan				