

WILSON BANK HOLDING CO

Form 10-Q

August 09, 2007

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**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

**Commission File Number 0-20402
WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)**

Tennessee

62-1497076

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

623 West Main Street, Lebanon, TN

37087

(Address of principal executive offices)

Zip Code

(615) 444-2265

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

YES NO

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common stock outstanding: 6,906,197 shares at August 9, 2007

Part I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

The unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries are as follows:

Consolidated Balance Sheets June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006.

Consolidated Statements of Earnings For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Earnings For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Disclosures required by Item 3 are incorporated by reference to Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation.

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Part II: OTHER INFORMATION

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Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

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EX-32.1 SECTION 906 CERTIFICATION OF THE CEO

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EX-31.1 SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION OF THE CEO

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EX-32.1 SECTION 906 CERTIFICATION OF THE CEO

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WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
Consolidated Balance Sheets
June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006
(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
	(In Thousands)	
<u>Assets</u>		
Loans	\$ 931,525	\$ 890,879
Less: Allowance for loan losses	(9,716)	(10,209)
Net loans	921,809	880,670
Securities:		
Held to maturity, at cost (market value \$12,912 and \$14,376, respectively)	12,996	14,331
Available-for-sale, at market (amortized cost \$241,574 and \$171,829, respectively)	236,967	169,499
Total securities	249,963	183,830
Loans held for sale	4,892	7,065
Restricted equity securities	2,940	2,940
Federal funds sold	19,295	60,070
Total earning assets	1,198,899	1,134,575
Cash and due from banks	54,672	43,334
Bank premises and equipment, net	29,097	28,705
Accrued interest receivable	8,737	8,019
Goodwill	4,805	4,805
Other intangible assets, net	1,894	2,092
Other real estate	422	555
Deferred income tax asset	4,105	3,211
Other assets	5,143	4,989
Total assets	\$ 1,307,774	1,230,285
<u>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</u>		
Deposits	\$ 1,164,658	\$ 1,086,729
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	7,442	13,394
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	16,277	17,092
Accrued interest and other liabilities	9,415	6,902
Total liabilities	1,197,792	1,124,117

Stockholders' equity:

Common stock, \$2.00 par value; authorized 10,000,000 shares, issued 6,903,886 at June 30, 2007 and 5,122,340 shares at December 31, 2006, respectively	13,808	10,244
Additional paid-in capital	34,222	35,624
Retained earnings	64,795	61,738
Net unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities, net of taxes of \$1,764 and \$892, respectively	(2,843)	(1,438)
 Total stockholders' equity	 109,982	 106,168
 Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	 \$ 1,307,774	 \$ 1,230,285

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

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WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
Consolidated Statements of Earnings
Three Months and Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	(Dollars in Thousands Except per Share Amounts)			
Interest income:				
Interest and fees on loans	\$ 17,873	\$ 15,626	\$ 35,200	\$ 30,339
Interest and dividends on securities:				
Taxable securities	2,642	1,268	4,624	2,490
Exempt from Federal income taxes	145	160	297	314
Interest on loans held for sale	62	58	129	94
Interest on Federal funds sold	810	492	1,886	811
 Total interest income	 21,532	 17,604	 42,136	 34,048
 Interest expense:				
Interest on negotiable order of withdrawal accounts	653	322	1,010	629
Interest on money market and savings accounts	1,851	1,703	3,604	3,023
Interest on certificates of deposit	8,694	5,436	16,958	10,342
Interest on securities sold under repurchase agreements	88	80	175	152
Interest on Federal Home Loan Bank advances	191	141	385	282
 Total interest expense	 11,477	 7,682	 22,132	 14,428
 Net interest income before provision for possible loan losses	 10,055	 9,922	 20,004	 19,620
Provision for possible loan losses	790	485	1,552	917
 Net interest income after provision for possible loan losses	 9,265	 9,437	 18,452	 18,703
 Non-interest income:				
Service charges on deposit accounts	1,736	1,550	3,234	2,826
Other fees and commissions	942	801	1,689	1,487
Gain on sale of loans	502	426	935	845
Other income		3		4

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Total non-interest income	3,180	2,780	5,858	5,162
Non-interest expense:				
Salaries and employee benefits	4,734	4,357	9,417	8,518
Occupancy expenses, net	515	361	976	929
Furniture and equipment expense	367	355	738	663
Data processing expense	199	134	404	357
Directors' fees	183	186	408	400
Other operating expenses	1,774	1,642	3,531	3,067
Loss on sale of other real estate	54	5	70	19
Loss on sale of other assets	30	45	74	45
Loss on sale of securities				126
Loss on sale of fixed assets	30		30	
Total non-interest expense	7,886	7,085	15,648	14,125
Earnings before income taxes	4,559	5,130	8,662	9,741
Income taxes	1,739	1,976	3,306	3,743
Net earnings	2,820	3,156	5,356	5,998
Weighted average number of shares outstanding-basic	6,904,499	6,745,465	6,891,675	6,730,483
Weighted average number of shares outstanding-diluted	6,947,722	6,793,197	6,931,524	6,777,365
Basic earnings per common share	\$.41	\$.47	\$.78	\$.89
Diluted earnings per common share	\$.41	\$.46	\$.77	\$.88
Dividends per share	\$	\$	\$.45	\$.45

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

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WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Earnings
Three Months and Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	(In Thousands)			
Net earnings	\$ 2,820	\$ 3,156	\$ 5,356	\$ 5,998
Other comprehensive losses, net of tax:				
Unrealized losses on available-for-sale securities arising during period, net of taxes of \$1,012, \$273, \$872 and \$327, respectively	(1,629)	(442)	(1,405)	(529)
Reclassification adjustment for net losses included in net earnings, net of taxes of \$48				78
Other comprehensive losses	(1,629)	(442)	(1,405)	(451)
Comprehensive earnings	\$ 1,191	\$ 2,714	\$ 3,951	\$ 5,547

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

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WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents
(Unaudited)

	2007	2006
	(In Thousands)	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Interest received	\$ 41,387	\$ 33,582
Fees and commissions received	4,923	4,317
Proceeds from sale of loans held for sale	46,897	43,470
Origination of loans held for sale	(43,789)	(44,358)
Interest paid	(21,192)	(13,320)
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(13,501)	(10,893)
Income taxes paid	(2,876)	(4,318)
Net cash provided by operating activities	11,849	8,480
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from maturities, calls, and principal payments of held-to-maturity securities	1,735	171
Proceeds from maturities, calls, and principal payments of available-for-sale securities	29,664	7,209
Purchase of held-to-maturity securities	(402)	
Purchase of available-for-sale securities	(99,376)	(15,028)
Purchase of restricted equity securities		(182)
Loans made to customers, net of repayments	(43,584)	(48,154)
Purchase of premises and equipment	(1,274)	(3,932)
Proceeds from sale of other real estate	617	439
Proceeds from sale of other assets	293	138
Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities		10,532
Proceeds from sale of bank premises and equipment	22	
Net cash used in investing activities	(112,305)	(48,807)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net increase in non-interest bearing, savings and NOW deposit accounts	39,752	11,202
Net increase in time deposits	38,177	39,456
Decrease in securities sold under repurchase agreements	(5,952)	(263)
Net decrease in advances from Federal Home Loan Bank	(815)	(808)
Dividends paid	(2,305)	(2,248)
Proceeds from sale of common stock	2,113	2,063
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	49	99
Net cash provided by financing activities	71,019	49,501

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Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(29,437)	9,174
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	103,404	46,451
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 73,967	\$ 55,625

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

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WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, Continued
Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents
(Unaudited)

	2007	2006
	(In Thousands)	
Reconciliation of net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Net earnings	\$ 5,356	\$ 5,998
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	997	721
Provision for loan losses	1,552	917
FHLB dividend reinvestment		(47)
Stock option compensation	6	26
Loss on sale of other real estate	70	19
Loss on sale of other assets	74	45
Loss on sale of fixed assets	30	
Security losses		126
Decrease (increase) in loans held for sale	2,173	(1,733)
Increase in deferred tax assets	(22)	(14)
Decrease (increase) in other assets, net	(634)	100
Increase (decrease) in taxes payable		(555)
Decrease (increase) in interest receivable	(718)	(396)
Increase in other liabilities	2,025	2,165
Increase in interest payable	940	1,108
 Total adjustments	 6,493	 2,482
 Net cash provided by operating activities	 \$ 11,849	 \$ 8,480
 Supplemental schedule of non-cash activities:		
Unrealized loss in values of securities available-for-sale, net of taxes of \$872 and \$279, for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively	\$ 1,405	\$ 451
 Non-cash transfers from loans to other real estate	 \$ 554	 \$ 1,127
 Non-cash transfers from loans to other assets	 \$ 339	 \$ 162
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited)		

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WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Basis of Presentation

The unaudited, consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Wilson Bank Holding Company (Company) and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Wilson Bank and Trust

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations.

In the opinion of management, the consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments and disclosures necessary to summarize fairly the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, comprehensive earnings for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 and changes in cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated. The interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the notes to the consolidated financial statements presented in the Company's 2006 Annual Report to Stockholders. The results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the complete fiscal year.

Allowance for Loan Losses

Transactions in the allowance for loan losses were as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2007	2006
	(In Thousands)	
Balance, January 1, 2007 and 2006, respectively	\$ 10,209	\$ 9,083
Add (deduct):		
Losses charged to allowance	(2,198)	(525)
Recoveries credited to allowance	153	144
Provision for loan losses	1,552	917
Balance, June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively	\$ 9,716	\$ 9,619

Stock Split

On April 23, 2007, the Company's Board of Directors declared a four-for-three stock split for shareholders of record as of May 8, 2007. Each shareholder received one (1) additional share for each three (3) shares owned with no allowance for fractional shares. The stock was distributed to shareholders on May 31, 2007. The stock split had no impact on the total capital of the Company. Per share data will be adjusted retroactively for reporting periods prior to May 31, 2007.

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***WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The purpose of this discussion is to provide insight into the financial condition and results of operations of the Company and its subsidiary, Wilson Bank & Trust. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements. Reference should also be made to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 for a more complete discussion of factors that impact liquidity, capital and the results of operations.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements regarding, among other things, the anticipated financial and operating results of the Company. Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly release any modifications or revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

In connection with the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, the Company cautions investors that future financial and operating results may differ materially from those projected in forward-looking statements made by, or on behalf of, the Company. The words "believe," "suspect," "anticipate," "seek," "estimate" and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements, but other statements not based on historical fact may also be considered forward-looking. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to those described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K and increased competition with other financial institutions, lack of sustained growth in the Company's market area, rapid fluctuations in interest rates, significant downturns in the business of one or more large customers, changes in the legislative and regulatory environment, inadequate allowance for loan losses and loss of key personnel. These risks and uncertainties may cause the actual results or performance of the Company to be materially different from any future results or performance expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The Company's future operating results depend on a number of factors which were derived utilizing numerous assumptions and other important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in forward-looking statements.

Critical Accounting Policies

The accounting principles we follow and our methods of applying these principles conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and with general practices within the banking industry. In connection with the application of those principles to the determination of our allowance for possible loan losses (ALL) and the recognition of our deferred income tax assets, we have made judgments and estimates which have significantly impacted our financial position and results of operations.

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**WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
FORM 10-Q, CONTINUED**

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Continued
Allowance for Loan Losses

Our management assesses the adequacy of the ALL prior to the end of each calendar quarter. This assessment includes procedures to estimate the ALL and test the adequacy and appropriateness of the resulting balance. The ALL consists of two portions: (1) an allocated amount representative of specifically identified credit exposure and exposures readily predictable by historical or comparative experience; and (2) an unallocated amount representative of inherent loss which is not readily available. Even though the ALL is composed of two components, the entire allowance is available to absorb any credit losses.

We establish the allocated amount separately for two different risk groups: (1) unique loans (commercial loans, including those loans considered impaired); and (2) homogenous loans (generally consumer loans). We base the allocation for unique loans primarily on risk rating grades assigned to each of these loans as a result of our loan management and review processes. Each risk-rating grade is assigned an estimated loss ratio, which is determined based on the experience of management, discussions with banking regulators, historical and current economic conditions and our independent loan review process. We estimate losses on impaired loans based on estimated cash flows discounted at the loan's original effective interest rate or the underlying collateral value. We also assign estimated loss ratios to our consumer portfolio. However, we base the estimated loss ratios for these homogenous loans on the category of consumer credit (e.g., automobile, residential mortgage, home equity) and not on the results of individual loan reviews.

The unallocated amount is particularly subjective and does not lend itself to the exact mathematical calculation. We use the unallocated amount to absorb inherent losses which may exist as of the balance sheet date for such matters as changes in the local or national economy, the depth or experience of the lending staff, any concentrations of credit in any particular industry group, and new banking laws or regulations. After we assess applicable factors, we evaluate the aggregate unallocated amount based on our management's experience.

We then test the resulting ALL balance by comparing the balance in the allowance account to historical trends and peer information. Our management then evaluates the result of the procedures performed, including the result of our testing, and concludes on the appropriateness of the balance of the ALL in its entirety. The loan review and the finance committee of our board of directors review the assessment prior to the filing of quarterly financial information.

Results of Operations

Net earnings decreased 10.7% to \$5,356,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2007 from \$5,998,000 in the first six months of 2006. Net earnings were \$2,820,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2007, a decrease of \$336,000, or 10.6%, from \$3,156,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and an increase of \$284,000, or 11.2%, over the quarter ended March 31, 2007. The decrease in net earnings during the six months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to the prior year period was primarily due to a 53.4% increase in total interest expense, offset by a 23.8% increase in interest income. Net earnings for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to June 30, 2006 were also negatively impacted by the increase in provision for possible loan losses of \$635,000 or 69.2%. See Provision for Possible Loan Losses for further explanation. Net interest margin for the six months ended June 30, 2007 was 3.30% as compared to 3.78% for the first six months of 2006 and the net interest margin was 3.32% for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared to 3.40% for the quarter ended March 31, 2007. The decrease in

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Continued

net interest margin is contributed to the competitive pricing pressures for loans and deposits experienced by the Company in its market areas, the increase in the provision for loan losses described in more detail below, growth in investment securities which carry lower yields than loans, a shift in deposit mix to higher costing deposits, the continued flat to inverted shape of the yield curve, and the outpacing of loan growth by deposit growth.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income represents the amount by which interest earned on various earning assets exceeds interest paid on deposits and other interest-bearing liabilities and is the most significant component of the Company's earnings. The Company's total interest income, excluding tax equivalent adjustments relating to tax exempt securities, increased \$8,088,000, or 23.8%, during the six months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006. The increase in total interest income was \$3,928,000, or 22.3%, for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 as compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2006. Interest income for the second quarter of 2007 increased \$928,000, or 4.5%, over the first three months of 2007. The increase in the first six months of 2007 was primarily attributable to higher yields on earning assets and the increased growth in investments and federal funds sold resulting from the fact that the growth in deposits outpaced loan growth. The ratio of average earning assets to total average assets was 93.8% and 93.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006, respectively.

Interest expense increased \$7,704,000, or 53.4%, for the six months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006. The increase was \$3,795,000, or 49.4%, for the three months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006. Interest expense increased \$822,000 or 7.7% for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 over the first three months of 2007. The increase for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 and for the six months ended June 30, 2007 was due primarily to an increase in the volume of deposits due to branch expansion in 2006 as well as increased competition on deposit pricing in our market area and a shift in deposits to higher costing deposits.

The foregoing resulted in an increase in net interest income, before the provision for possible loan losses, of \$384,000, or 2.0%, for the first six months of 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006. The increase was \$133,000, or 1.3%, for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2006 and \$106,000, or 1.1%, when compared to the first quarter of 2007.

Provision for Possible Loan Losses

The provision for possible loan losses was \$1,552,000 and \$917,000 for the first six months of 2007 and 2006, respectively. The provision for loan losses during the three month periods ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$790,000 and \$485,000, respectively. The increase in the provision in each of 2007 second quarter and first six months of 2007 was primarily related to increased charge-offs resulting from the Company's discovery during the second half of 2006, that a former branch officer had engaged in what appeared to be inappropriate banking procedures when documenting loans and releasing the underlying collateral. The Bank continues to review the former officer's portfolio for any undetermined losses. This review has resulted in additional charge-offs and a related increase in the loan loss provision during 2007 and management anticipates additional charge-offs during the second half of 2007. The provision for possible loan losses is based on past loan experience and other factors which, in management's judgment, deserve current recognition in estimating possible loan losses. Such factors include past loan loss experience, growth and composition of the loan portfolio, review of specific problem loans, the relationship of the allowance for loan losses to outstanding loans, and current

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FORM 10-Q, CONTINUED******Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Continued***

economic conditions that may affect the borrower's ability to repay. Management has in place a system designed for monitoring its loan portfolio in an effort to identify potential problem loans. The increase in charge-offs lowered the allowance for possible loan losses (net of charge offs and recoveries) to \$9,716,000, a decrease of 4.8% from \$10,209,000 at December 31, 2006. The allowance for possible loan losses as a percentage of total outstanding loans was 1.04% and 1.15% at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively.

The level of the allowance and the amount of the provision involve evaluation of uncertainties and matters of judgment. The Company maintains an allowance for loan losses which management believes is adequate to absorb losses inherent in the loan portfolio. A formal review is prepared monthly by the Loan Review Officer to assess the risk in the portfolio and to determine the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses. The review includes analysis of historical performance, the level of non-performing and adversely rated loans, specific analysis of certain problem loans, loan activity since the previous assessment, reports prepared by the Loan Review Officer, consideration of current economic conditions, and other pertinent information. The level of the allowance to net loans outstanding will vary depending on the overall results of this monthly assessment. The review is presented to the Finance Committee and subsequently approved by the Board of Directors. Management believes the allowance for possible loan losses at June 30, 2007 to be adequate.

Non-Interest Income

The components of the Company's non-interest income include service charges on deposit accounts, other fees and commissions and gain on sale of loans. Total non-interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2007 increased 13.5% to \$5,858,000 from \$5,162,000 for the same period in 2006. The increase was \$400,000, or 14.4%, during the quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared to the second quarter in 2006 and there was an increase of \$502,000, or 18.7%, over the first three months of 2007. The increase for the first six months of 2007 was due primarily to an increase in service charges on deposit accounts. Service charges on deposit accounts increased \$408,000, or 14.4%, during the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to the same period in 2006. Service charges on deposit accounts increased \$186,000, or 12.0%, during the quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared to the same quarter in 2006. Other fees and commissions include income on brokerage accounts, insurance policies sold and various other fees. Other fees and commissions increased \$202,000 or 13.6% during the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to the same period in 2006. The increase was \$186,000, or 12.0% during the quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared to the second quarter in 2006 and there was an increase of \$195,000 or 26.1% over the first three months of 2007. Increase in other fees and commissions is attributable to an increase in brokerage fees.

Non-Interest Expenses

Non-interest expenses consist primarily of employee costs, occupancy expenses, furniture and equipment expenses, data processing expenses, director's fees, loss on sale of other real estate and other operating expenses. Total non-interest expenses increased \$1,523,000, or 10.8%, during the first six months of 2007 compared to the same period in 2006. The increase for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 was \$801,000, or 11.3%, as compared to the comparable quarter in 2006. The Company experienced an increase of \$124,000, or 1.6%, in non-interest expenses in the quarter as compared to the first three months of 2007. The increase in non-interest expenses is attributable primarily to an increase in employee salaries and benefits associated with an increase in the number of employees necessary to support the Company's operations. The number of employees increased from 343 at June 30, 2006 to 365 at June 30, 2007. Other operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2007 increased to

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WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Continued

\$3,531,000 from \$3,067,000 for the comparable period in 2006. Other operating expenses increased \$132,000, or 8.0% during the quarter ended June 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006.

Income Taxes

The Company's income tax expense was \$3,306,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2007 a decrease of \$437,000 over the comparable period in 2006. Income tax expense was \$1,739,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2007, a decrease of \$237,000 over the same period in 2006. The percentage of income tax expense to net income before taxes was 38.2% and 38.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and 38.1% and 38.5% for the quarters ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The percentage of income tax expense to net income before taxes was 38.2% for the first three months of 2007 and 38.1% for the quarter ended June 30, 2007. The effective tax rate exceeds the statutory tax rate as a result of permanent differences related to life insurance premiums.

Earnings Per Share

The computation of basic earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The computation of diluted earnings per share for the Company begins with the basic earnings per share plus the effect of common shares contingently issuable from stock options.

The following is a summary of components comprising basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	(Dollars in Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)		(Dollars in Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)	
Basic EPS Computation:				
Numerator Earnings available to common Stockholders	\$ 2,820	3,156	\$ 5,356	\$ 5,998
Denominator Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	6,904,499	6,745,465	6,891,675	6,730,483
Basic earnings per common share	\$.41	\$.47	\$.78	\$.89
Diluted EPS Computation:				
Numerator Earnings available to common Stockholders	\$ 2,820	\$ 3,156	\$ 5,356	\$ 5,998
Denominator Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	6,904,499	6,745,465	6,891,675	6,730,483
Dilutive effect of stock options	43,223	47,732	39,849	46,882
	6,947,722	6,793,197	6,931,524	6,777,365

Diluted earnings per common share	\$.41	\$.46	\$.77	\$.88
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FORM 10-Q, CONTINUED****Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Continued****Financial Condition****Balance Sheet Summary**

The Company's total assets increased 6.3% to \$1,307,774,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2007 from \$1,230,285,000 at December 31, 2006. Total assets decreased \$3,148,000 during the three-month period ended June 30, 2007 and there was an increase of \$80,637,000, or 6.6%, during the three-month period ended March 31, 2007. Loans, net of allowance for possible loan losses, totaled \$921,809,000 at June 30, 2007, a 4.7% increase compared to \$880,670,000 at December 31, 2006. Loan growth has slowed as a result of competition in the target market as well as increased charge-offs resulting from our continued investigation into the activities of a former branch manager. Securities increased \$66,133,000, or 36.0%, to \$249,963,000 at June 30, 2007 from \$183,830,000 at December 31, 2006. Securities increased \$37,375,000, or 17.6%, during the three months ended June 30, 2007. The significant growth in the Company's securities was due to replacing securities that were due to mature in the second half of 2007 with excess federal funds. Federal funds sold decreased from \$60,070,000 at December 31, 2006 to \$19,295,000 at June 30, 2007.

Total liabilities increased by 6.5% to \$1,197,792,000 at June 30, 2007 compared to \$1,124,117,000 at December 31, 2006. From March 31, 2007 total liabilities decreased \$4,356,000 or 0.4%. The increase in total liabilities for the six months ended June 30, 2007, was comprised primarily of a \$77,929,000, or 7.2%, increase in total deposits, offset by a decrease of \$5,952,000, or 44.4%, in securities sold under repurchase agreements during the six months ended June 30, 2007. Federal Home Loan Bank advances decreased \$815,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2007.

The following schedule details the loans of the Company at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

	(In Thousands)	
	June 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
Commercial, financial & agricultural	\$ 299,719	\$ 301,589
Real estate - construction	87,633	67,162
Real estate - mortgage	466,020	439,164
Installment	78,153	82,964
	931,525	890,879
Allowance for possible losses	(9,716)	(10,209)
	\$ 921,809	\$ 880,670

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Continued

The Company follows the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 114, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan and SFAS No. 118, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan - Income Recognition and Disclosures . These pronouncements apply to impaired loans except for large groups of smaller-balance homogeneous loans that are

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***WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
FORM 10-Q, CONTINUED***

collectively evaluated for impairment including credit card, residential mortgage, and consumer installment loans.

A loan is impaired when it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal and interest due under the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Impaired loans are measured at the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, at the loan's observable market price, or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. If the measure of the impaired loan is less than the recorded investment in the loan, the Company shall recognize an impairment by creating a valuation allowance with a corresponding charge to the provision for loan losses or by adjusting an existing valuation allowance for the impaired loan with a corresponding charge or credit to the provision for loan losses.

The Company's first mortgage single family residential, consumer and credit card loans which totaled approximately \$321,570,000, \$71,951,000 and \$2,848,000, respectively, at June 30, 2007, are divided into various groups of smaller-balance homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and thus are not subject to the provisions of SFAS Nos. 114 and 118. Substantially all other loans of the Company are evaluated for impairment under the provisions of SFAS Nos. 114 and 118.

The Company considers all loans subject to the provisions of SFAS Nos. 114 and 118 that are on nonaccrual status to be impaired. Loans are placed on nonaccrual status when doubt as to timely collection of principal or interest exists, or when principal or interest is past due 90 days or more unless such loans are well-secured and in the process of collection. Delays or shortfalls in loan payments are evaluated with various other factors to determine if a loan is impaired. Generally, delinquencies under 90 days are considered insignificant unless certain other factors are present which indicate impairment is probable. The decision to place a loan on nonaccrual status is also based on an evaluation of the borrower's financial condition, collateral, liquidation value, and other factors that affect the borrower's ability to pay.

Generally, at the time a loan is placed on nonaccrual status, all interest accrued on the loan in the current fiscal year is reversed from income, and all interest accrued and uncollected from the prior year is charged off against the allowance for loan losses. Thereafter, interest on nonaccrual loans is recognized as interest income only to the extent that cash is received and future collection of principal is not in doubt. If the collectibility of outstanding principal is doubtful, such interest received is applied as a reduction of principal. A nonaccrual loan may be restored to accruing status when principal and interests are no longer past due and unpaid and future collection of principal and interest on a timely basis is not in doubt. At June 30, 2007, the Company had nonaccrual loans totaling \$3,524,000 as compared to \$1,360,000 at December 31, 2006. The increase in nonaccrual loans is primarily related to the Company's ongoing examination of the former branch manager's loan portfolio described above.

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WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
FORM 10-Q, CONTINUED

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Continued

Other loans may be classified as impaired when the current net worth and financial capacity of the borrower or of the collateral pledged, if any, is viewed as inadequate. In those cases, such loans have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt, and if such deficiencies are not corrected, there is a probability that the Company will sustain some loss. In such cases, interest income continues to accrue as long as the loan does not meet the Company's criteria for nonaccrual status.

Generally the Company also classifies as impaired any loans the terms of which have been modified in a troubled debt restructuring after January 1, 1995. Interest is accrued on such loans that continue to meet the modified terms of their loan agreements. At June 30, 2007, the Company had no loans that have had the terms modified in a troubled debt restructuring.

The Company's charge-off policy for impaired loans is similar to its charge-off policy for all loans in that loans are charged-off in the month when they are considered uncollectible. Net charge-offs for the period ended June 30, 2007 was \$2,198,000 as compared to \$525,000 for the period ended June 30, 2006. The increase in net charge-offs is primarily related to the Company's ongoing examination of the former branch manager's loan portfolio described above.

Impaired loans and related allowance for loan loss amounts at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 were as follows:

	June 30, 2007		December 31, 2006	
	Recorded Investment	Allowance For Loan Loss	Recorded Investment	Allowance For Loan Loss
(In Thousands)				
Impaired loans with allowance for loan loss	\$ 3,524	422	\$ 868	177
Impaired loans with no allowance for loan loss				
	\$ 3,524	422	\$ 868	\$ 177

The allowance for loan loss related to impaired loans was measured based upon the estimated fair value of related collateral.

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WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
FORM 10-Q, CONTINUED

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Continued

The following schedule details selected information as to non-performing loans of the Company at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

	June 30, 2007		December 31, 2006	
	Past Due 90 Days	Non-Accrual	Past Due 90 Days	Non-Accrual
	(In Thousands)		(In Thousands)	
Real estate loans	\$ 1,686	1,736	\$ 2,648	387
Installment loans	372	156	556	156
Commercial	1,816	1,632	739	817
	\$ 3,874	3,524	\$ 3,943	1,360
Renegotiated loans	\$			

Non-performing loans, which included non-accrual loans and loans 90 days past due, at June 30, 2007 totaled \$7,398,000 an increase from \$5,303,000 at December 31, 2006. During the three months ended June 30, 2007, non-performing loans decreased \$1,345,000 from \$8,743,000 at March 31, 2007. The increase in non-performing loans during the six months ended June 30, 2007 of \$2,095,000 is due primarily to an increase in non-performing commercial loans of \$1,892,000 and an increase in non-performing real estate loans of \$387,000, offset by a decrease in non-performing installment loans. The increase in non performing loans is primarily related to the Company's ongoing examination of the former branch manager's loan portfolio described above. No material losses on these loans are anticipated by management.

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WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
FORM 10-Q, CONTINUED

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Continued

The following table presents total internally graded loans as of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

	June 30, 2007 (In Thousands)			
	Total	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful
Commercial, financial and Agricultural	\$ 3,630	1,591	1,788	251
Real estate mortgage	6,289	3,111	2,827	351
Real estate construction				
Consumer	1,648	527	810	311
	\$ 11,567	5,229	5,425	913
	December 31, 2006 (In Thousands)			
	Total	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful
Commercial, financial and Agricultural	\$ 2,357	1,947	38	372
Real estate mortgage	7,767	6,024	1,147	596
Real estate construction				
Consumer	2,159	1,230	112	817
	\$ 12,283	9,201	1,297	1,785

The collateral values securing internally graded loans, based on estimates received by management, total approximately \$21,260,000 (\$8,832,000 related to real property and \$12,428,000 related to personal and other loans). The internally classified loans have decreased \$716,000, or 5.8%, from \$12,283,000 at December 31, 2006 to \$11,567,000 at June 30, 2007. Loans are listed as classified when information obtained about possible credit problems of the borrower has prompted management to question the ability of the borrower to comply with the repayment terms of the loan agreement. The loan classifications do not represent or result from trends or uncertainties which management expects will materially impact future operating results, liquidity or capital resources.

Residential real estate loans that are internally classified totaling \$6,289,000 and \$7,767,000 at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively, consist of 14 and 20 loans at December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007, respectively that have been graded accordingly due to bankruptcies, inadequate cash flows and delinquencies. No material loss on these loans is anticipated by management.

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WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
FORM 10-Q, CONTINUED

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Continued

The following detail provides a breakdown of the allocation of the allowance for possible loan losses:

	June 30, 2007		December 31, 2006	
	In Thousands	Percent of Loans In Each Category To Total Loans	In Thousands	Percent of Loans In Each Category To Total Loans
Commercial, financial and Agricultural	\$ 1,751	32.2%	\$ 2,573	33.9%
Real estate construction	570	9.4	392	7.5
Real estate mortgage	5,245	50.0	5,288	49.3
Installment	2,150	8.4	1,956	9.3
	\$ 9,716	100.0%	\$ 10,209	100.0%

Liquidity and Asset Management

The Company's management seeks to maximize net interest income by managing the Company's assets and liabilities within appropriate constraints on capital, liquidity and interest rate risk. Liquidity is the ability to maintain sufficient cash levels necessary to fund operations, meet the requirements of depositors and borrowers and fund attractive investment opportunities. Higher levels of liquidity bear corresponding costs, measured in terms of lower yields on short-term, more liquid earning assets and higher interest expense involved in extending liability maturities.

Liquid assets include cash and cash equivalents and securities and money market instruments that will mature within one year. At June 30, 2007, the Company's liquid assets totaled \$182,425,000. The Company maintains a formal asset and liability management process to quantify, monitor and control interest rate risk and to assist management in maintaining stability in the net interest margin under varying interest rate environments. The Company accomplishes this process through the development and implementation of lending, funding and pricing strategies designed to maximize net interest income under varying interest rate environments subject to specific liquidity and interest rate risk guidelines.

Analysis of rate sensitivity and rate gap analysis are the primary tools used to assess the direction and magnitude of changes in net interest income resulting from changes in interest rates. Included in the analysis are cash flows and maturities of financial instruments held for purposes other than trading, changes in market conditions, loan volumes and pricing and deposit volume and mix. These assumptions are inherently uncertain, and, as a result, net interest income can not be precisely estimated nor can the impact of higher or lower interest rates on net interest income be precisely predicted. Actual results will differ due to timing, magnitude and frequency of interest rate changes and changes in market conditions and management's strategies, among other factors.

The Company's primary source of liquidity is a stable core deposit base. In addition loan payments, investment security maturities and short-term borrowings provide a secondary source.

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***WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
FORM 10-Q, CONTINUED***

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Continued

Interest rate risk (sensitivity) focuses on the earnings risk associated with changing interest rates. Management seeks to maintain profitability in both immediate and long-term earnings through funds management/interest rate risk management. The Company's rate sensitivity position has an important impact on earnings. Senior management of the Company meets monthly to analyze the rate sensitivity position of the subsidiary banks. These meetings focus on the spread between the Company's cost of funds and interest yields generated primarily through loans and investments.

The Company's securities portfolio consists of earning assets that provide interest income. For those securities classified as held-to-maturity, the Company has the ability and intent to hold these securities to maturity or on a long-term basis. Securities classified as available-for-sale include securities intended to be used as part of the Company's asset/liability strategy and/or securities that may be sold in response to changes in interest rate, prepayment risk, the need or desire to increase capital and similar economic factors. Securities totaling approximately \$49.7 million mature or will be subject to rate adjustments within the next twelve months.

A secondary source of liquidity is the Company's loan portfolio. At June 30, 2007 loans totaling approximately \$432.0 million either will become due or will be subject to rate adjustments within twelve months from the respective date. Continued emphasis will be placed on structuring adjustable rate loans.

As for liabilities, certificates of deposit of \$100,000 or greater totaling approximately \$257.8 million will become due or reprice during the next twelve months. Historically, there has been no significant reduction in immediately withdrawable accounts such as negotiable order of withdrawal accounts, money market demand accounts, demand deposit and regular savings. Management anticipates that there will be no significant withdrawals from these accounts in the future.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

At June 30, 2007, the Company had unfunded loan commitments outstanding of \$187.5 million and outstanding standby letters of credit of \$16.3 million. Because these commitments generally have fixed expiration dates and many will expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment level does not necessarily represent future cash requirements. If needed to fund these outstanding commitments, the Company's bank subsidiary has the ability to liquidate Federal funds sold or securities available-for-sale or on a short-term basis to borrow and purchase Federal funds from other financial institutions. Additionally, the Company's bank subsidiary could sell participations in these or other loans to correspondent banks. As mentioned above, the Company's bank subsidiary has been able to fund its ongoing liquidity needs through its stable core deposit base, loan payments, its investment security maturities and short-term borrowings.

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**WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
FORM 10-Q, CONTINUED**

**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Continued
Capital Position and Dividends**

At June 30, 2007, total stockholders' equity was \$109,982,000, or 8.4%, of total assets, which compares with \$106,168,000, or 8.6%, of total assets at December 31, 2006. The dollar increase in stockholders' equity during the six months ended June 30, 2007 results from the Company's net income of \$5,356,000, proceeds from the issuance of common stock related to exercise of stock options of \$49,000, the net effect of a \$2,277,000 unrealized loss on investment securities net of applicable income taxes of \$872,000, cash dividends declared of \$2,305,000 of which \$2,113,000 was reinvested under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan and \$6,000 related to stock option compensation.

In April, 1999, the stockholders of the Company approved the Wilson Bank Holding Company 1999 Stock Option Plan (the "Stock Option Plan"). The Stock Option Plan provides for the granting of stock options, and authorizes the issuance of common stock upon the exercise of such options, for up to 200,000 shares of common stock, to officers and other key employees of the Company and its subsidiaries. Furthermore, the Company may issue additional shares under the Stock Option Plan as needed in order that the aggregate number of shares that may be issued during the term of the Stock Option Plan is equal to five percent (5%) of the shares of common stock then issued and outstanding. Under the Stock Option Plan, stock option awards may be granted in the form of incentive stock options or nonstatutory stock options, and are generally exercisable for up to ten years following the date such option awards are granted. Exercise prices of incentive stock options must be equal to or greater than 100% of the fair market value of the common stock on the grant date. As of June 30, 2007, the Company has granted key employees options to purchase a total of 99,703 shares of common stock. At June 30, 2007, options to purchase 34,265 shares were exercisable.

The Company's principal regulators have established minimum risk-based capital requirements and leverage capital requirements for the Company and its subsidiary bank. These guidelines classify capital into two categories of Tier I and total risk-based capital. Total risk-based capital consists of Tier I (or core) capital (essentially common equity less intangible assets) and Tier II capital (essentially qualifying long-term debt, of which the Company and subsidiary bank have none, and a part of the allowance for possible loan losses). In determining risk-based capital requirements, assets are assigned risk-weights of 0% to 100%, depending on regulatory assigned levels of credit risk associated with such assets. The risk-based capital guidelines require the subsidiary bank and the Company to have a total risk-based capital ratio of 8.0% and a Tier I risk-based capital ratio of 4.0%. Set forth below is the Company's and the bank subsidiary's capital ratios as of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006.

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WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
FORM 10-Q, CONTINUED

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Continued

	Wilson Bank Holding Company		Wilson Bank & Trust	
	Amount (Dollars in Thousands)	Ratio	Amount (Dollars in Thousands)	Ratio
June 30, 2007				
Actual:				
Total Capital	\$ 112,050	12.08%	\$ 117,761	12.24%
Tier 1 Capital	102,334	11.03	107,665	11.19
Leverage	102,334	8.25	107,665	8.36
For Capital Adequacy Purposes:				
Total Capital		8.0%		8.0%
Tier 1 Capital		4.0		4.0
Leverage		4.0		4.0
December 31, 2006				
Actual:				
Total Capital	\$ 113,010	11.87%	\$ 112,706	11.84%
Tier 1 Capital	102,801	10.80	102,497	10.77
Leverage	102,801	9.32	102,497	9.29
For Capital Adequacy Purposes:				
Total Capital		8.0		8.0
Tier 1 Capital		4.0		4.0
Leverage		4.0		4.0

Impact of Inflation

Although interest rates are significantly affected by inflation, the inflation rate is immaterial when reviewing the Company's results of operations.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company's primary component of market risk is interest rate volatility. Fluctuations in interest rates will ultimately impact both the level of income and expense recorded on a large portion of the Company's assets and liabilities, and the market value of all interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, other than those which possess a short term to maturity. Based upon the nature of the Company's operations, the Company is not subject to foreign currency exchange or commodity price risk.

Interest rate risk (sensitivity) management focuses on the earnings risk associated with changing interest rates. Management seeks to maintain profitability in both immediate and long-term earnings through funds management/interest rate risk management. The Company's rate sensitivity position has an important impact on earnings. Senior management of the Company meets monthly to

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***WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
FORM 10-Q, CONTINUED***

analyze the rate sensitivity position. These meetings focus on the spread between the cost of funds and interest yields generated primarily through loans and investments.

There have been no material changes in reported market risks during the six months ended June 30, 2007.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act), that are designated to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and its Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including its Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on the evaluation of these disclosure controls and procedures, its Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer concluded that its disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the Company's fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2007 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Table of Contents**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION*****Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS***

None

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

There were no material changes to the Company's risk factors as previously disclosed in Part I, Item 1A, of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

(a) None

(b) Not applicable.

(c) The Company did not repurchase any shares of Company common stock during the quarter ended June 30, 2007.

Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

(a) None

(b) Not applicable

Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

The annual meeting of stockholders was held April 10, 2007 at which the shareholders voted on the following board members: James F. Comer, John B. Freeman, Marshall Griffith, John R. Trice, and Robert T. Vanhooser, Jr.

Each director was elected by the following tabulation:

	Number of Shares Voting	For	Against	Abstain	Broker Non-Votes
James F. Comer	2,930,003	2,907,237	22,766	0	
John B. Freeman	2,930,003	2,921,617	8,386	0	0
Marshall Griffith	2,930,003	2,921,617	8,386	0	0
John R. Trice	2,930,003	2,921,571	8,432	0	0
Robert T. Vanhooser Jr.	2,930,003	2,921,429	8,574	0	0

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In addition, the following directors will continue in office until the annual meeting of shareholders for the year indicated:

Jack W. Bell	2008
Mackey Bentley	2008
Harold R. Patton	2008
H. Elmer Richerson	2008
Charles Bell	2009
Randall Clemons	2009
Jerry L. Franklin	2009
James Anthony Patton	2009

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Shareholders intending to submit proposals for presentation at the next Annual Meeting and inclusion in the Proxy Statement and form of proxy for such meeting should forward such proposals to J. Randall Clemons, Wilson Bank Holding Company, 623 West Main Street, Lebanon, Tennessee 37087. Proposals must be in writing and must be received by the Company prior to November 15, 2007 in order to be included in the Company's Proxy Statement and form of proxy relating to the 2007 Annual Meeting of Shareholders. Proposals should be sent to the Company by certified mail, return receipt requested, and must comply with Rule 14a-8 of Regulation 14A of the proxy rules of the SEC.

For any other shareholder proposals to be timely (but not considered for inclusion in the Company's Proxy Statement), a shareholder must forward such proposal to Mr. Clemons at the Company's main office (listed above) prior to January 29, 2008.

Item 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
 - 31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
 - 32.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 32.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes- Act of 2002.
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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

WILSON BANK HOLDING COMPANY
(Registrant)

DATE: August 9, 2007

/s/ Randall Clemons
Randall Clemons
President and Chief Executive Officer

DATE: August 9, 2007

/s/ Lisa Pominski
Lisa Pominski
Senior Vice President & Chief Financial
Officer