

ASPEN INSURANCE HOLDINGS LTD
Form DEF 14A
March 11, 2015
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934
(Amendment No.)

Filed by the Registrant Filed by a Party other than the Registrant

Check the appropriate
box:

- Preliminary Proxy Statement
- Confidential, for Use of the Commission only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- Definitive Proxy Statement
- Definitive Additional Materials
- Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

ASPEN INSURANCE HOLDINGS LIMITED
(Name of registrant as specified in its charter)

(Name of person(s) filing proxy statement, if other than the registrant)
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ASPEN INSURANCE HOLDINGS LIMITED
Notice of 2015 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders
and
Proxy Statement

ASPEN INSURANCE HOLDINGS LIMITED

141 Front Street
Hamilton HM19
Bermuda

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING THE AVAILABILITY OF PROXY MATERIALS FOR THE
SHAREHOLDER MEETING TO BE HELD ON APRIL 22, 2015

To our Shareholders:

The annual general meeting of shareholders (the “Shareholders”) of Aspen Insurance Holdings Limited (the “Company” or “Aspen Holdings”) will be held at the offices of the Company, 141 Front Street, Hamilton HM19, Bermuda on April 22, 2015 at 12.00 p.m. Local Time (the “Annual General Meeting”).

The matters intended to be acted upon at the Annual General Meeting are as follows:

1. To re-elect Messrs. Glyn Jones, Gary Gregg and Bret Pearlman as Class II directors of the Company;
2. To provide a non-binding, advisory vote approving the compensation of the Company’s named executive officers set forth in the proxy statement (“Say-On-Pay Vote”);
3. To appoint KPMG LLP (“KPMG”), London, England, to act as the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm and auditor for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2015 and to authorize the Board of Directors of the Company through the Audit Committee to set the remuneration for KPMG; and
4. To consider such other business as may properly come before the Annual General Meeting or any adjournments thereof.

The Company will also lay before the meeting the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2014 pursuant to the provisions of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, as amended, and the Company’s Bye-Laws.

The close of business on February 23, 2015 has been fixed as the record date for determining the Shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at the Annual General Meeting or any adjournments thereof. For a period of at least ten (10) days prior to the Annual General Meeting, a list of Shareholders entitled to vote at the Annual General Meeting will be open for examination by any Shareholder during ordinary business hours at the Company’s office located at 141 Front Street, Hamilton HM19, Bermuda.

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING THE AVAILABILITY OF PROXY MATERIALS FOR THE SHAREHOLDER MEETING TO BE HELD ON APRIL 22, 2015

The Proxy Statement, the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials and the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 are available at <http://www.edocumentview.com/AHL>.

The Company has taken advantage of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission rule allowing companies to furnish proxy materials via the Internet. On or about March 11, 2015, the Company will mail a Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials (“Notice”) to all shareholders as of the record date, February 23, 2015. The Notice will contain instructions on how to gain access to the Company’s Proxy Statement and Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. In addition, the Notice will contain instructions to allow shareholders to request copies of the proxy materials by mail. The proxy materials sent by mail will include a proxy card containing instructions to submit your proxy via the Internet or telephone, or alternatively you may complete, sign and return the proxy card by mail.

YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT

If you are unable to be present at the Annual General Meeting personally, please follow the instructions for submitting your proxy on the Notice you received for the meeting or, if you requested a paper copy of our proxy materials, by completing, signing, dating and returning your proxy card, or by Internet or telephone as described on your proxy card.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

Patricia Roufca
Company Secretary
Hamilton, Bermuda
March 11, 2015

ASPEN INSURANCE HOLDINGS LIMITED

141 Front Street
Hamilton HM19
Bermuda

PROXY STATEMENT

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

to be held on April 22, 2015

The proxy statement and annual report on Form 10-K are available to security holders at <http://www.edocumentview.com/AHL> and <http://www.aspen.co>

GENERAL INFORMATION

This proxy statement (the "Proxy Statement") is furnished in connection with the solicitation of proxies on behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Aspen Insurance Holdings Limited (the "Company," "we," "us" or "our") to be voted at our annual general meeting of shareholders (the "Shareholders") to be held at the offices of the Company located at 141 Front Street, Hamilton HM19, Bermuda on April 22, 2015 at 12:00 p.m. local time, or at such other meeting upon any postponement or adjournment thereof (the "Annual General Meeting"). Directions to the Annual General Meeting may be obtained by contacting the Company at 1 (441) 295-8201. This Proxy Statement, the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials and the accompanying form of proxy are being first mailed to Shareholders on or about March 11, 2015. These proxy materials, along with a copy of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, are also available for viewing at <http://www.edocumentview.com/AHL> and <http://www.aspen.co>.

At the Annual General Meeting, Shareholders will be asked to take the following actions:

1. To vote FOR the re-election of Messrs. Glyn Jones, Gary Gregg and Bret Pearlman as Class II directors of the Company;
2. To vote FOR the approval of compensation of the Company's named executive officers as set forth in this Proxy Statement, as part of the non-binding, advisory say-on-pay vote ("Say-On-Pay Vote"); and
3. To vote FOR the appointment of KPMG LLP ("KPMG"), London, England, to act as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm and auditor for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2015 and to authorize the Board through the Audit Committee (the "Audit Committee") to set the remuneration for KPMG.

At the Annual General Meeting, Shareholders may be asked to consider such other business as may properly come before the Annual General Meeting or any adjournments thereof.

Proposals 1, 2 and 3 each require an affirmative vote of the majority of the voting power of the votes cast at the Annual General Meeting (taking into account Bye-Laws 63 to 67). The Company intends to conduct all voting at the Annual General Meeting by poll as requested by the Chairman of the Annual General Meeting, in accordance with our Bye-Laws.

As of February 23, 2015, the record date for the determination of persons entitled to receive notice of, and to vote at, the Annual General Meeting, there were 62,249,298 ordinary shares of the Company, par value U.S. 0.15144558 cents per share (the "ordinary shares"), issued and outstanding. The ordinary shares are our only class of equity securities outstanding currently entitled to vote at the Annual General Meeting. Holders of ordinary shares are entitled on a poll to one vote for each ordinary share held on each matter to be voted upon by the Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

The presence of one or more Shareholders in person or by proxy holding at least 50% of the voting power (that is, the number of maximum possible votes of the Shareholders entitled to attend and vote at a general meeting, after giving effect to the provision of our Bye-Laws 63 to 67) of all of the issued ordinary shares of the Company throughout the Annual General Meeting shall form a quorum for the transaction of business at the Annual General Meeting.

Only recordholders or their properly appointed proxies, beneficial owners of the Company's ordinary shares who have evidence of such ownership and provide personal identification (such as a driver's license or passport) and the Company's guests may attend the Annual General Meeting.

Pursuant to our Bye-Laws 63 to 67, the voting power of all ordinary shares is adjusted to the extent necessary so that there is no 9.5% U.S. Shareholder. For the purposes of our Bye-Laws, a 9.5% U.S. Shareholder is defined as a United States Person (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, of the United States (the "Code")) whose "controlled shares" (as defined below) constitute 9.5% or more of the voting power of all ordinary shares and who would be generally required to recognize income with

respect to the Company under Section 951(a)(1) of the Code, if the Company were a controlled foreign corporation as defined in Section 957 of the Code and if the ownership threshold under Section 951(b) of the Code were 9.5%. The applicability of the voting power reduction provisions to any particular Shareholder depends on facts and circumstances that may be known only to the Shareholder or related persons. Accordingly, the Company requests that any holder of ordinary shares with reason to believe that it is a 9.5% U.S. Shareholder (as described above) contact the Company promptly so that the Company may determine whether the voting power of such holder's ordinary shares should be reduced. By submitting a proxy, unless the Company has otherwise been notified or made a determination with respect to a holder of ordinary shares, a holder of ordinary shares will be deemed to have confirmed that, to its knowledge, it is not, and is not acting on behalf of, a 9.5% U.S. Shareholder.

In order to determine the number of controlled shares owned by each Shareholder, we are authorized to require any Shareholder to provide such information as the Board may deem necessary for the purpose of determining whether any Shareholder's voting rights are to be adjusted pursuant to the Company's Bye-Laws. We may, in our reasonable discretion, disregard the votes attached to ordinary shares of any Shareholder failing to respond to such a request or submitting incomplete or inaccurate information. "Controlled shares" will include, among other things, all ordinary shares that a person is deemed to beneficially own directly, indirectly or constructively (as determined pursuant to Sections 957 and 958 of the Code).

Pursuant to our Bye-Laws 63 to 67, it is currently expected that there will be no adjustments to the voting power of any of the Company's Shareholders. Therefore, every Shareholder will be entitled on a poll to one vote for each ordinary share held by such Shareholder on each matter to be voted upon.

The Company's Bye-Law 84 provides that if the voting rights of any shares of the Company are adjusted pursuant to Bye-Laws 63 to 67 and the Company is required or entitled to vote at a general meeting of any of its subsidiaries organized under the laws of a jurisdiction outside of the United States of America (each, a "Non-U.S. Subsidiary"), the Board shall refer the subject matter of the vote to Shareholders of the Company on a poll and seek authority from the Shareholders in a general meeting of the Company for the Company's corporate representative or proxy to vote in favor of the resolutions proposed by such Non-U.S. Subsidiary pro rata to the votes received at the general meeting of the Company's corporate representative or proxy to vote against the directing resolution being taken, respectively, as an instruction for the Company's corporate representative or proxy to vote in the appropriate proportion of its shares for, and the appropriate proportion of its shares against, the resolution proposed by the Non-U.S. Subsidiary.

At the Company's 2009 annual general meeting, Shareholders approved resolutions amending the constitutional documents of the Company and its Non-U.S. Subsidiaries to modify each of their respective voting push-up provisions (which mirror those of the Company described in the preceding paragraph) found in such constitutional documents, so that such provision is only applicable in the event that the voting rights of any shares of the Company are adjusted pursuant to the Company's Bye-Laws 63-67. If voting rights are not adjusted pursuant to the above, resolutions proposed by the Company's Non-U.S. Subsidiaries will not be voted upon by the Company's Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, as amended, and Bye-Law 139 of the Company, the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 will be presented at the Annual General Meeting.

The Board has approved these statements. There is no requirement under Bermuda law that these statements be approved by Shareholders and no such approval will be sought at the Annual General Meeting.

SOLICITATION AND REVOCATION

PROXIES IN THE FORM ENCLOSED ARE BEING SOLICITED BY, OR ON BEHALF OF, THE BOARD. THE BOARD HAS DESIGNATED THE PERSONS NAMED IN THE ACCOMPANYING FORM OF PROXY AS PROXIES. Such persons designated as proxies serve as officers of the Company. Any Shareholder desiring to appoint another person to represent him or her at the Annual General Meeting may do so either by inserting such person's name in the blank space provided on the accompanying form of proxy or by completing another form of proxy and, in either case, delivering an executed proxy to the Company Secretary at the address indicated on page 3 of this Proxy Statement prior to the Annual General Meeting. It is the responsibility of the Shareholder appointing such other

person to represent him or her to inform such person of this appointment.

Each ordinary share represented by a properly executed proxy which is returned and not revoked will be voted in accordance with the instructions, if any, given thereon. If no instructions are provided in a properly executed proxy, it will be voted "FOR" all nominees in Proposal 1, "FOR" Proposals 2 and 3 and in accordance with the proxyholder's best judgment as to any other business as may properly come before the Annual General Meeting. If a Shareholder appoints a person other than the persons named in the enclosed form of proxy to represent him or her, such person will vote the shares in respect of which he or she is appointed proxyholder in accordance with the directions of the Shareholder appointing him or her. Any Shareholder who executes a proxy may revoke it at any time before it is voted by (i) delivering to the Company Secretary a written statement revoking such proxy, (ii) executing and delivering a later-dated proxy or (iii) voting in person at the Annual General Meeting. Attendance at the Annual General Meeting by a

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Shareholder who has executed and delivered a proxy to us shall not in and of itself constitute a revocation of such proxy. For ordinary shares held in "street name" by a broker, bank or other nominee, new voting instructions must be delivered to the broker, bank or nominee prior to the Annual General Meeting.

To the extent that beneficial owners do not furnish voting instructions with respect to any or all proposals submitted for shareholder action, member brokerage firms of The New York Stock Exchange, Inc. (the "NYSE") that hold ordinary shares in "street name" for such beneficial owners may not vote in their discretion on non-routine matters, such as Proposals 1 and 2, but have the discretion to vote on routine matters such as Proposal 3. Therefore, if beneficial owners do not provide voting instructions to their brokerage firm or other nominee, such brokerage firm or other nominee may only vote their shares on Proposal 3 and any other routine matters properly presented for a vote at the Annual General Meeting.

Any "broker non-votes" and abstentions will be counted toward the presence of a quorum at, but will not be considered votes cast on any proposal brought before, the Annual General Meeting. Generally, "broker non-votes" occur when ordinary shares held for a beneficial owner are not voted on a particular proposal because the broker has not received voting instructions from the beneficial owner and the broker does not have discretionary authority to vote the ordinary shares on a particular proposal. If a quorum is not present, the Annual General Meeting shall stand adjourned to such other day and such other time and place as the chairman of the meeting may determine and at such adjourned meeting two Shareholders present in person or by proxy and holding at least ten percent (10%) in the aggregate of the voting power of shares entitled to vote at such meeting (taking into account the Company's Bye-Laws 63-67) shall be a quorum. The Company shall give not less than twenty-one (21) days' notice of any meeting adjourned through want of a quorum and such notice shall state that two Shareholders present in person or by proxy and holding at least ten percent (10%) in the aggregate of the voting power of shares entitled to vote at such meeting (taking into account the Company's Bye-Laws 63-67) shall be a quorum. An adjournment will have no effect on the business that may be conducted at the adjourned meeting.

We will bear the cost of solicitation of proxies. We have engaged Innisfree M&A Incorporated to be our proxy solicitation agent. For these services, we will pay Innisfree M&A Incorporated a fee of approximately \$15,000 plus reasonable expenses. Further solicitation may be made by our directors, officers and employees personally, by telephone, Internet or otherwise, but such persons will not be specifically compensated for such services. We may also make, through bankers, brokers or other persons, a solicitation of proxies of beneficial holders of the ordinary shares. Upon request, we will reimburse brokers, dealers, banks or similar entities acting as nominees for reasonable expenses incurred in forwarding copies of the proxy materials relating to the Annual General Meeting to the beneficial owners of ordinary shares which such persons hold of record.

MANAGEMENT

Board of Directors of the Company

Our Bye-Laws provide for a classified Board divided into three classes of directors with each class elected to serve a term of three years. Our incumbent Class I directors were elected at our 2014 annual general meeting and are scheduled to serve until our 2017 annual general meeting. Our incumbent Class II directors were elected at our 2012 annual general meeting and will be subject for re-election at this Annual General Meeting (with the exception of Gary Gregg who was appointed by the Board with effect from April 24, 2013 and elected as a Class II director at our 2014 annual general meeting, and Bret Pearlman who was appointed by the Board with effect from July 24, 2013 and elected as a Class II director at our 2014 annual general meeting). Our incumbent Class III directors were elected at our 2013 annual general meeting and are scheduled to serve until our 2016 annual general meeting.

We have provided information below about our directors, including their ages, committee positions, business experience for the past five years and the names of other companies on which they serve, or have served, for the past five years. We have also provided information regarding each director's specific experience, qualifications, attributes and skills that led the Board to conclude that each should serve as a director.

As of February 15, 2015, we had the following directors on the Board and committees:

Name	Age	Director Since	Audit	Compensation	Corporate Governance & Nominating	Investment	Risk
Class I Directors:							
Christopher O'Kane	60	2002					
Heidi Hutter (1)	57	2002	P		P		Chair
John Cavoores	57	2006					P
Liaquat Ahamed	62	2007				Chair	P
Albert Beer	64	2011	P				P
Class II Directors:							
Glyn Jones	62	2006				P	
Gary Gregg	59	2013	P	P			P
Bret Pearlman	48	2013		P		P	
Class III Directors:							
Richard Bucknall	66	2007	P	Chair	P		
Peter O'Flinn	62	2009	P		Chair		
Ronald Pressman	56	2011		P		P	
Gordon Ireland	61	2013	Chair				P

(1) Ms. Hutter was also appointed as Lead Independent Director on October 29, 2014.

Glyn Jones. With effect from May 2, 2007, Mr. Jones was appointed as Chairman of the Board. Mr. Jones has been a director and a member of the Investment Committee since October 30, 2006. He also served as a non-executive director and Chairman of Aspen Insurance UK Limited ("Aspen U.K.") between December 4, 2006 and May 6, 2014 and was a member of Aspen U.K.'s audit committee between September 4, 2006 and May 6, 2014. Mr. Jones is also the senior independent director, chair of the investment committee and audit committee member of Direct Line Insurance Group plc, a FTSE 100 company. Mr. Jones is also a director of UK Insurance Limited, a subsidiary of Direct Line. Mr. Jones is also the Chairman of Aldermore Group plc, chair of its corporate governance and nominating committee and a member of its compensation committee. Mr. Jones is also the Chairman of Aldermore Bank plc, Aldermore Group plc's banking subsidiary. Mr. Jones was previously the Chairman of Hermes Fund Managers, BT Pension Scheme Management and Towry Holdings. Mr. Jones was the Chief Executive Officer of Thames River Capital LLP from October 2005 until May 2006. From 2000 to 2004, he served as Chief Executive Officer of Gartmore Investment Management in the United Kingdom. Prior to Gartmore, Mr. Jones was Chief Executive Officer of Coutts NatWest Group and Coutts Group, which he joined in 1997, and was responsible for strategic leadership, business performance and risk management. In 1991, he joined Standard Chartered, later

becoming the general manager of Global Private Banking. Mr. Jones was a consulting partner with Coopers & Lybrand/Deloitte Haskins & Sells Management Consultants from 1981 to 1990.

Mr. Jones has over 25 years of experience within the financial services sector. He is the former chief executive officer of a number of large, regulated, international financial services groups and has served as chairman of the board in a number of other

financial services companies. As a result, Mr. Jones provides the Board leadership for a complex, global and regulated financial services business such as ours.

Christopher O’Kane. Mr. O’Kane has been our Chief Executive Officer and a director since June 21, 2002. He was also a director of Aspen U.K. between 2002 and 2014 and its Chief Executive Officer until January 2010. Mr. O’Kane also served as Chairman of Aspen Bermuda Limited (“Aspen Bermuda”) until December 2006. He also serves as a director on various other boards of the Company’s U.S. subsidiaries. Prior to the creation of the Company, from November 2000 until June 2002, Mr. O’Kane served as a director of Wellington and Chief Underwriting Officer of Lloyd’s Syndicate 2020 where he built his specialist knowledge in the fields of property insurance and reinsurance, together with active underwriting experience in a range of other insurance disciplines. From September 1998 until November 2000, Mr. O’Kane served as one of the underwriting partners for Syndicate 2020. Prior to joining Syndicate 2020, Mr. O’Kane served as deputy underwriter for Syndicate 51 from January 1993 to September 1998. Mr. O’Kane began his career as a Lloyd’s broker.

Mr. O’Kane has over 30 years of experience in the specialty re/insurance industry and is both a co-founder of the Company and its Chief Executive Officer. Mr. O’Kane brings his market experience and industry knowledge to Board discussions and is also directly accountable to the Board for the day-to-day management of the Company and the implementation of its business strategy.

Liaquat Ahamed. Mr. Ahamed has been a director of the Company since October 31, 2007. Mr. Ahamed has a background in investment management with leadership roles that include heading the World Bank’s investment division. From 2004, Mr. Ahamed has been an adviser to the Rock Creek Group, an investment firm based in Washington D.C. From 2001 to 2004, Mr. Ahamed was the Chief Executive Officer of Fischer Francis Trees & Watts, Inc., a subsidiary of BNP Paribas specializing in institutional single and multi-currency fixed income investment portfolios. Mr. Ahamed is a director of the Rohatyn Group and related series of funds and a member of the Board of Trustees at the Brookings Institution and the Putnam Funds.

Mr. Ahamed has over 30 years of experience in investment management and previously served as the chief investment officer and Chief Executive Officer of Fischer Francis Trees & Watts, Inc. Mr. Ahamed’s investment management experience provides the Board with experience to oversee the Company’s investment decisions, strategies and investment risk appetite. As a result, Mr. Ahamed also serves as Chair of the Investment Committee and is a member of the Risk Committee.

Albert J. Beer. Mr. Beer has been a director of the Company since February 4, 2011 and a director of Aspen Bermuda since July 23, 2014. Since 2006, Mr. Beer has been the Michael J Kevany/XL Professor of Insurance and Actuarial Science at St John’s University School of Risk Management. From 1992 to 2006, Mr. Beer held various senior executive positions at American Re-Insurance Corporation (Munich Re America). From 1989 to 1992, Mr. Beer held various positions at Skandia America Reinsurance Corporation, including that of Chief Actuary. He also has been a board member of United Educators Insurance Company since 2006, having served as Vice-Chair from 2009 to 2013. Since 2009, Mr. Beer has been a Trustee Emeritus for the Actuarial Foundation, having served as a board member from 2006 until 2009. In 2013, Mr. Beer was elected as a member of the Board of the American Academy of Actuaries, having previously served on such board from 1992 until 1994 and again from 1996 until 1999. Mr. Beer was a member of the Actuarial Standards Board, which promulgates standards for the actuarial profession in the United States, from 2007 to 2012 and was its Chair from 2010 to 2011. Mr. Beer previously served as a member of the Board of the Casualty Actuarial Society.

Mr. Beer has over 30 years of actuarial experience in the insurance industry. Mr. Beer’s roles at American Re-Insurance Corporation included the active supervision of principal financial and accounting officers. In addition, Mr. Beer has extensive experience in reserving matters, which constitute the principal subjective assessments within the Company’s accounts. As a result, Mr. Beer serves as a designated financial expert on the Company’s Audit Committee and is a member of the Risk Committee.

Richard Bucknall. Mr. Bucknall has been a director of the Company since July 25, 2007, a director of Aspen U.K. since January 14, 2008 and a director of Aspen Managing Agency Limited (“AMAL”) since February 28, 2008. Mr. Bucknall retired from Willis Group Holdings Limited where he was Vice Chairman from February 2004 to March

2007 and Group Chief Operating Officer from January 2001 to December 2006. While at Willis, Mr. Bucknall served as director on various boards within the Willis Group. He was also previously Chairman/Chief Executive Officer of Willis Limited from May 1999 to March 2007. Mr. Bucknall is currently the non-executive Chairman of FIM Services Limited and the non-executive Chairman of the XIS Group (comprised of Ins-Sure Holdings Limited, Ins-Sure Services Limited, London Processing Centre Ltd and LSPO Limited) where he is also a member of the audit committee. On December 11, 2012, he was appointed Chairman of Tokio Marine Kiln Insurance Limited (formerly Tokio Marine Europe Insurance Limited) having previously served as a non-executive director since 2010. He is also a member of the Tokio Marine Kiln Insurance Limited audit and risk committees. Mr. Bucknall was also previously a director of Kron AS until 2009. He is a fellow of the Chartered Insurance Institute.

Mr. Bucknall has over 40 years of experience within the re/insurance broking industry and latterly served as Group Chief Operating Officer of the Willis Group. Since our revenues are primarily derived from brokers as distribution channels, Mr. Bucknall's background in the insurance broking industry provides the Board with an experienced perspective on broking relationships and their ability to impact our trading operations. Given his broad background across a number of operational disciplines, Mr. Bucknall serves

as Chair of our Compensation Committee of the Board (the “Compensation Committee”) and is a member of the Audit and Corporate Governance and Nominating Committees.

John Cavoores. Mr. Cavoores has been a director of the Company since October 30, 2006. From October 5, 2010 through December 31, 2011, Mr. Cavoores was the Co-Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Insurance, focusing on Aspen Insurance’s casualty and professional lines and U.S. property businesses, where he had executive oversight for Aspen Insurance’s U.S. platform. From January 1, 2012, Mr. Cavoores re-assumed his role as a non-executive director of the Company. From September 2006 until March 2010, Mr. Cavoores was an advisor to Blackstone. During 2006, Mr. Cavoores was a Managing Director of Century Capital, a Boston-based private equity firm. From 2003 to 2005, Mr. Cavoores served as President and Chief Executive Officer of OneBeacon Insurance Company, a subsidiary of the White Mountains Insurance Group. He was employed with OneBeacon from 2001 to 2005. Among his other positions, Mr. Cavoores was President of National Union Insurance Company, a subsidiary of AIG, Inc. He spent 19 years at Chubb Insurance Group, where he served as Chief Underwriting Officer, Executive Vice President and Managing Director of overseas operations, based in London. Mr. Cavoores is a current director of Guidewire Software, Inc. and Cunningham Lindsey, Inc. Mr. Cavoores previously served as a director of Cyrus Reinsurance Holdings and Alliant Insurance Holdings.

Mr. Cavoores has over 30 years of experience within the insurance industry having, among other positions, formerly served as President and Chief Executive Officer of OneBeacon Insurance. As a result, Mr. Cavoores provides the Board with broad ranging business experience, with particular focus on insurance matters and strategies within the United States, and is a member of the Risk Committee.

Gary Gregg. Mr. Gregg has been a director of the Company since April 24, 2013. Since May 2013, Mr. Gregg has been an advisor to Ortelius Ventures LLC. From 2011 to 2013, Mr. Gregg was engaged as a private consultant on a number of insurance and non-insurance related business purchase transactions. Prior to this, Mr. Gregg held various senior positions at Liberty Mutual Group from 1989 to 2011. From 2005 to 2011, Mr. Gregg served as President of Liberty Mutual Agency Corporation, one of Liberty Mutual Group’s four major business units. Prior to this, he served as President of Commercial Markets, another of the four major business units within Liberty Mutual Group from 1999 to 2005. Before joining Liberty Mutual Group, Mr. Gregg was a partner at KPMG Peat Marwick LLP from 1988 to 1989, where he also held various positions of increasing responsibility from 1979 to 1988. Mr. Gregg is currently a member of the Executive Committee, the Vice-Chairman of the Audit Committee, the Vice-Chairman of the Nominating Committee and the Secretary of the Board of Trustees of the Museum of Science in Boston, Massachusetts, having previously served as a member of the Board of Governors. Mr. Gregg is also a member of the Academic Affairs Committee and the Dean’s Executive Council of the D’Amore-Mckim School of Business at Northeastern University. Mr. Gregg also serves as a Trustee, member of the audit committee and Chairman of the Development Committee at the Stimson Center.

Mr. Gregg has over 25 years of experience within the insurance industry, with expertise in the U.S. property and casualty market. Mr. Gregg also has relevant entrepreneurial experience in running insurance companies through his various positions held at Liberty Mutual Group. Given his extensive operational background, Mr. Gregg also serves as a member of the Audit, Compensation and Risk Committees.

Heidi Hutter. Ms. Hutter has been a director of the Company since June 21, 2002 and Lead Independent Director since October 29, 2014. She has served as a non-executive director of Aspen U.K. since August 6, 2002 and as a director and Chair of AMAL, the managing agent of our Lloyd’s Syndicate 4711, since February 28, 2008. She has served as Chief Executive Officer of Black Diamond Group, LLC since 2001 and Manager of Black Diamond Capital Partners since 2005. Ms. Hutter began her career in 1979 with Swiss Reinsurance Company in New York where she specialized in the then new field of finite reinsurance. From 1993 to 1995, she was Project Director for the Equitas Project at Lloyd’s which became the largest run-off reinsurer in the world. From 1996 to 1999, she served as Chief Executive Officer of Swiss Re America and was a member of the Executive Board of Swiss Re in Zurich. Ms. Hutter currently serves as a director and Chair of the audit committee of AmeriLife Group LLC. Ms. Hutter is director and Chair of the audit committee of Shenandoah Life Insurance Company, a director of SBLI USA Life Insurance Company, Inc. and a director of Prosperity Life Insurance Group LLC (Shenandoah’s and SBLI’s holding company). She was previously a director of Aquila, Inc., Smart Insurance Company (formerly United Prosperity Life Insurance

Company) and Talbot Underwriting and related corporate entities.

Ms. Hutter is a qualified actuary with over 35 years of experience within the re/insurance industry. Ms. Hutter is a recognized industry leader with relevant experience both in the United States and internationally. Ms. Hutter has particular insurance experience at Lloyd's as she served as Project Director for the Equitas Project at Lloyd's from 1993 to 1995, and having previously served on the board of Talbot Underwriting Ltd. (corporate member and managing agent of Lloyd's syndicate) from 2002 to 2007. As a result of her experience, Ms. Hutter provides the Board with insight on numerous matters relevant to insurance practice. Ms. Hutter also serves as Chair of the Risk Committee and as a member of the Audit and Corporate Governance and Nominating Committees.

Gordon Ireland. Mr. Ireland has been a director of the Company since February 7, 2013. He worked at PricewaterhouseCoopers and its predecessor firms for 36 years until 2010 where he was a member of the U.K. Firms' Supervisory Board for nine years, serving at various times as Chairman of the Senior Management Remuneration Committee and Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory Board and was, for a number of years, Chairman of the PricewaterhouseCoopers' partner admissions panel. Mr. Ireland was Chairman of the PricewaterhouseCoopers' Global International Insurance Accounting Group. Mr. Ireland represented PricewaterhouseCoopers on The

Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales Accounting sub-Committee. Mr. Ireland has also represented the ICAEW on the Federation des Experts Comptables European equivalent committee and was a member of the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group Financial Instruments Working Group. Mr. Ireland served as a director of Global Insurance Company Limited between March 2011 and December 2014. Since July 2010, Mr. Ireland has been a director of L&F Holdings Limited and Chief Executive of L&F Indemnity Limited, the professional indemnity captive insurance group which serves the PricewaterhouseCoopers network. He is also a director of Lifeguard Insurance (Dublin) Limited, Catamount Indemnity Limited and Professional Asset Indemnity Limited.

Mr. Ireland has over 35 years of experience within the financial services sector having worked at PricewaterhouseCoopers. As a result of his audit-led exposure to the London Market and general insurance and reinsurance markets throughout his career, Mr. Ireland provides strong insurance audit skills and technical accountancy expertise to our Board. As a result, he serves as Chair of the Audit Committee, on which he is also a designated financial expert, and as a member of the Risk Committee.

Peter O'Flinn. Mr. O'Flinn has been a director of the Company since April 29, 2009. From 1999 to 2003, Mr. O'Flinn was Co-Chairman of LeBoeuf, Lamb, Greene and MacRae. He previously served as a director and audit committee member of Sun Life Insurance and Annuity Company of New York from 1998 until August 2013, and of Euler ACI Holdings, Inc. from 1998 until December 2013.

Mr. O'Flinn is a qualified lawyer with over 25 years of private practice experience. Mr. O'Flinn is a corporate lawyer and former Co-Chairman of LeBoeuf, Lamb, Greene & MacRae, as well as former chair of their corporate practice, and has extensive experience on legal matters relevant to both the re/insurance industry and public company legal matters generally. Mr. O'Flinn provides the Board with input on corporate initiatives and regulatory and governance matters. As a result of his experience, Mr. O'Flinn serves as the Chair of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee and as a member of the Audit Committee.

Bret Pearlman. Mr. Pearlman has been a director of the Company since July 24, 2013. Since 2004, Mr. Pearlman has been a Managing Director of Elevation Partners, where he is also a Co-Founder. In October 2014, Mr. Pearlman also became a Manager of HRS 1776 Partners. Previously, Mr. Pearlman worked for The Blackstone Group where he served as a Senior Managing Director from 2000 to 2004 and held various roles from 1989 to 2000. Mr. Pearlman has also been a board member of Forbes Media LLC since 2009. From 2006 to 2008, Mr. Pearlman was the Chairman and a board member of VGH Holdings. Mr. Pearlman continues to serve on the board of the Youth Renewal Fund Charity and the Jericho Athletic Association charity.

Mr. Pearlman has over 25 years of experience within private equity, providing a strong understanding of performance management, business models, corporate finance and capital management. His current role as Managing Director at Elevation Partners provides significant experience of the digital world and technology. As a result of his experience, Mr. Pearlman also serves as a member of the Compensation and Investment Committees.

Ronald Pressman. Mr. Pressman has been a director of the Company since November 17, 2011. Effective January 30, 2012, Mr. Pressman was appointed as Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of TIAA-CREF.

Previously, he worked at General Electric ("GE") Corporation for 31 years, where he was most recently President and Chief Executive Officer of GE Capital Real Estate from 2007 until 2011. From 2000 to 2007, Mr. Pressman also served as President and Chief Executive Officer of GE Asset Management and as Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President of Employers Reinsurance. Earlier in his career, Mr. Pressman led GE energy businesses in Europe, the Middle East, Africa, Southwest Asia and the United States. Mr. Pressman previously served as a member of the board of New York Life Insurance Company from November 2011 until January 2012. He currently serves as Chairman of the national board of A Better Chance, a non-profit organization which provides leadership development opportunities for children of color in the United States. He is also a director of Pathways to College, a non-profit organization that prepares young people from deprived communities for college. Mr. Pressman is also a charter trustee of Hamilton College.

Mr. Pressman has over 30 years of experience within the financial services sector, in particular real estate, asset management and reinsurance, having worked at GE for over 30 years and currently serving as Chief Operating Officer of TIAA-CREF. With his varied experience across such sectors having held senior positions, Mr. Pressman provides

further insight on a wide-range of matters including operations, insurance industry and investment management expertise. As a result of his experience, Mr. Pressman also serves as a member of the Compensation and Investment Committees.

Review and Approval of Transactions with Related Persons

The review and approval of any direct or indirect transactions between the Company and “related persons” (directors, executive officers or any of their immediate family members) is governed by our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, which provides guidelines for any transaction which may create a conflict of interest between us and our employees, officers or directors and members of their immediate family. Pursuant to our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, we will review personal benefits received, personal financial interest in a transaction and certain business relationships in evaluating whether a conflict of interest exists. The Audit Committee is responsible for applying the Company’s conflict of interest policy and approving certain individual transactions.

Director Independence

Under the NYSE Corporate Governance Standards applicable to U.S. domestic issuers, a majority of the Board and each member of the Audit, Compensation and Corporate Governance and Nominating Committees must be independent. The Board may determine a director to be independent if the director has no disqualifying relationship as enumerated in the NYSE Corporate Governance Standards and if the Board has affirmatively determined that the director has no direct or indirect material relationship with the Company. Independence determinations are made on an annual basis at the time the Board approves director nominees for inclusion in the annual proxy statement and on an ad hoc basis when a director joins the Board between annual general meetings.

The Board reviews various transactions, relationships and arrangements of individual directors in determining whether they are independent. The Board considered Mr. Ahamed's position as (i) advisor to the Rock Creek Group (ii) director of Rohatyn Group and related series of funds, (iii) member of the Board of Trustees of Putnam Funds and (iv) member of the Board of Trustees of the Brookings Institution. With respect to Mr. Beer, the Board considered his position as (i) director of United Educators Insurance Company, (ii) professor at St. John's University School of Risk Management, (iii) member of the Board of the American Academy of Actuaries and (iv) trustee emeritus for the Actuarial Foundation. With respect to Mr. Bucknall, the Board considered his position as (i) chairman, and member of the audit and risk committees, of Tokio Marine Kiln Insurance Limited (formerly Tokio Marine Europe Insurance Limited), (ii) non-executive chairman of FIM Services Limited, (iii) non-executive chairman, and audit committee member, of the XIS Group (Ins-Sure Holdings Limited, Ins-Sure Services Limited, London Processing Centre Ltd and LSPO Limited) and (iv) a fellow of the Chartered Insurance Institute. The Board considered Mr. Cavoores' position as director of Guidewire Software, Inc. and Cunningham Lindsey Inc. With respect to Mr. Gregg, the Board considered his position as (i) advisor to Ortelius Ventures LLC and (ii) his various roles with non-profit organizations. With respect to Ms. Hutter, the Board considered her positions as (i) non-executive director, and audit committee chair, of AmeriLife Group LLC, (ii) non-executive director, and audit committee chair, of Shenandoah Life Insurance Company, (iii) chief executive officer of Black Diamond Group LLC, (iv) manager of Black Diamond Capital Partners, (v) director of Prosperity Life Insurance Group, LLC, (vi) director of SBLI USA Life Insurance Company, Inc, and (vii) member of the Board of Overseers for St. John's University. With respect to Mr. Ireland, the Board considered his position as (i) chief executive officer and director of L&F Indemnity Limited, the professional indemnity captive insurance company which serves the PricewaterhouseCoopers network, (ii) director of L&F Holdings Limited, (iii) director of Lifeguard Insurance (Dublin) Limited, (iv) director of Professional Asset Indemnity Limited, (v) director of Global Insurance Company Limited and (vi) director of Catamount Indemnity Limited. With respect to Mr. O'Flinn, the Board considered his various roles with non-profit organizations. With respect to Mr. Pearlman, the Board considered his position as (i) managing director of Elevation Partners, (ii) HRS 1776 Partners, (iii) Forbes Media LLC and (iv) his various roles with non-profit organizations. With respect to Mr. Pressman, the Board considered his role as executive vice president and chief operating officer of TIAA-CREF and his various roles with non-profit organizations.

The Board made the determination that Messrs. Ahamed, Beer, Bucknall, Cavoores, Gregg, Ireland, O'Flinn, Pearlman and Pressman and Ms. Hutter are independent and have no material relationships with the Company.

As stated above, the NYSE Corporate Governance Standards require that all members of the Audit, Compensation and Corporate Governance and Nominating Committees must be independent. The Board determined that, and as of the date of this Proxy Statement, the Company's Audit, Compensation and Corporate Governance and Nominating Committees are comprised entirely of independent directors in accordance with the NYSE Corporate Governance Standards.

Committees of the Board of Directors

As of February 15, 2015, we had the following committees of the Board:

Audit Committee: Messrs. Ireland, Beer, Bucknall, Gregg, O'Flinn and Ms. Hutter. The Audit Committee has general responsibility for the oversight and supervision of our accounting, reporting and financial control practices. Among other things, the Audit Committee annually reviews the qualifications of the independent auditors, makes recommendations to the Board as to their selection and reviews the plan, fees and results of their audit. Mr. Ireland is the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee held five meetings during 2014. The Board has

determined that Messrs. Beer and Ireland each qualify as an “audit committee financial expert” pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”).

Compensation Committee: Messrs. Bucknall, Gregg, Pearlman and Pressman. The Compensation Committee oversees our compensation and benefit policies and programs, including administration of our annual bonus pool funding and long-term incentive plans. Among other things, the Compensation Committee determines the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer, executive directors and key employees. Mr. Bucknall is the Chairman of the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee held four meetings during 2014.

Investment Committee: Messrs. Ahamed, Jones, Pearlman and Pressman. The Investment Committee is an advisory committee to the Board which, among other things, formulates our investment policy and oversees all of our significant investing activities. Mr. Ahamed is Chairman of the Investment Committee. The Investment Committee held four meetings during 2014.

Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee: Messrs. O' Flinn, Bucknall and Ms. Hutter. The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee establishes, among other things, the Board's criteria for selecting new directors and oversees the evaluation of the Board. Mr. O' Flinn is the Chairman of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee. The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee held four meetings during 2014.

Risk Committee: Ms. Hutter, Messrs. Ahamed, Beer, Cavoores, Gregg and Ireland. Among other things, the Risk Committee is responsible for establishing our risk management strategy, approving our risk management framework, methodologies and policies, and reviewing our approach for determining and measuring our risk tolerances.

Ms. Hutter is the Chair of the Risk Committee. The Risk Committee held four meetings during 2014.

In addition, the Board may, from time to time, implement ad hoc committees for specific purposes. In 2014, the Board established a Strategy Committee to guide management in its consideration of strategic options and proposals. The Strategy Committee was composed of Messrs. Cavoores, Gregg, Jones, O' Kane, Pearlman and Pressman. The Strategy Committee held five meetings during 2014.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

During the year ended December 31, 2014, no member of the Compensation Committee served as an officer or employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries and none of our executive officers served as a member of the Compensation Committee or as a director of another entity, one of whose executive officers served on our Compensation Committee or as one of our directors.

Leadership Structure

We have separate Chief Executive Officer and Chairman positions in the Company. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Company. The Chairman, who is not an employee of the Company or part of the Company's management, provides the appropriate leadership role for the Board and is able to effectively facilitate the contribution of non-executive directors and constructive interaction between management (including executive directors) and the non-executive directors in assessing the Company's performance, strategies and means of achieving them. As part of his leadership role, the Chairman is responsible for the Board's effectiveness and sets the Board's agenda in conjunction with the Chief Executive Officer.

Under the scope of his role as Chairman, Mr. Jones is more involved in the management of the Company than an independent director would be under U.S. practice and rules; however, his role and compensation under practices in other jurisdictions, such as in the United Kingdom, would not compromise his independence. The more specific chairman duties identified in Mr. Jones' appointment letter result in greater time allocated for the operations of the Company than the other non-executive directors.

In addition, Ms. Hutter was appointed the Company's Lead Independent Director on October 29, 2014. As Lead Independent Director, Ms. Hutter's responsibilities include:

- coordinating and moderating executive sessions of the Board's independent directors not less than once annually;
- working closely with the Chairman and providing support in relation to the Board's operations and governance processes;
- acting as the principal liaison between the independent directors and the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer; monitoring, in conjunction with the Chairman, the process by which Board agendas are set to ensure the quality, quantity and timeliness of the flow of information from management that is necessary for the independent directors to perform their duties effectively and responsibly;
- being available to the Shareholders to address any concerns or issues; and
- performing such other duties as the Board may from time to time delegate to the Lead Independent Director to assist the Board in the fulfillment of its responsibilities.

Role in Risk Oversight

Risk Governance. In this section, we provide a summary of our risk governance arrangements and our current risk management strategy. We also provide more detail on the management of core underwriting and market risks and on our internal model. The internal model is an economic capital model which has been developed internally for use in certain business decision-making processes, the assessment of risk-based capital requirements and for various regulatory purposes.

Board of Directors. The Board of Directors of the Company (the “Board”) considers effective identification, measurement, monitoring, management and reporting of the risks facing our business to be key elements of its responsibilities and those of the Group Chief Executive Officer and management. Matters relating to risk management reserved to the Board include approval of the internal controls and risk management framework and any changes to the Group’s risk appetite statement. The Board also receives reports at each scheduled meeting from the Group Chief Risk Officer and the Chairman of the Risk Committee and training in risk

management processes including the design, operation, use and limitations of the internal model. As a result of these arrangements and processes, the Board, assisted by management and the Board Committees, is able to exercise effective oversight of the operation of the risk management strategy described in “Risk Management Strategy” below. Board Committees. The Board delegates oversight of the management of certain key risks to its Risk, Audit and Investment Committees. Each of the committees is chaired by an independent director of the Company who also reports to the Board on the committees’ discussions and matters arising.

Risk Committee: The purpose of this committee is to assist the Board in its oversight duties in respect of the management of risk, including:

- making recommendations to the Board regarding management’s proposals for the risk management framework, risk appetite, key risk limits and the use of our Internal Model;
- monitoring compliance with the agreed Group risk appetite and risk limits; and
- oversight of the process of stress and scenario testing established by management.

Audit Committee: This committee is primarily responsible for assisting the Board in its oversight of the integrity of the financial statements. It is also responsible for reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company’s internal controls and receives regular reports from both internal and external audit in this regard.

Investment Committee: This committee is responsible for, among other things, setting and monitoring the Group’s investment risk and asset allocation policies and ensuring that the Chairman of the Risk Committee is kept informed of such matters.

Management Committees. The Group also has a number of executive management committees which have oversight of certain risk management processes including the following:

Group Executive Committee: This is the main executive committee responsible for advising the Group Chief Executive Officer on matters relating to the strategy and conduct of the business of the Group.

Capital and Risk Principles Committee: The primary purpose of the Capital and Risk Principles Committee is to assist the Group Chief Executive Officer and the Group Chief Risk Officer in their oversight duties in respect of the design and operation of the risk management systems of the Group. In particular, it has specific responsibilities in relation to the Internal Model and for the establishment of risk limits for accumulating underwriting exposures and monitoring solvency and liquidity requirements.

Reserve Committee: This committee is responsible for managing reserving risk and making recommendations to the Group Chief Executive Officer and the Group Chief Financial Officer relating to the appropriate level of reserves to include in the Group’s financial statements.

Underwriting Committee: The purpose of this committee is to assist the Group Chief Executive Officer in his oversight duties in respect of the management and control of underwriting risk, including oversight of the independent review of the quality of each team’s underwriting.

Reinsurance Credit Committee: The purpose of this committee is to seek to minimize credit risks arising from insurance and reinsurance counterparties by the assessment and monitoring of collateralized reinsurance arrangements, direct cedants, intermediaries and reinsurers.

Group Chief Risk Officer. Our Group Chief Risk Officer, Richard Thornton, is a member of the Group Executive Committee. His role includes providing the Board and the Risk Committee with reports and advice on risk management issues.

Risk Management Strategy

We operate an integrated enterprise-wide risk management strategy designed to deliver shareholder value in a sustainable and efficient manner while providing a high level of policyholder protection. The execution of our integrated risk management strategy is based on:

- the establishment and maintenance of a risk management and internal control system based on a three lines of defense approach to the allocation of responsibilities between risk accepting units (first line), risk management activity and oversight from other central control functions (second line) and independent assurance (third line);
- identifying material risks to the achievement of the Group’s objectives including emerging risks;

- the articulation at Group level of our risk appetite and a consistent set of risk limits for each material component of risk;
- the cascading of risk limits for material risks to each Operating Subsidiary and, where appropriate, risk accepting business units;

measuring, monitoring, managing and reporting risk positions and trends;

- the use, subject to an understanding of its limitations, of the Internal Model to test strategic and tactical business decisions and to assess compliance with the Risk Appetite Statement; and
- stress and scenario testing, including reverse stress testing, designed to help us better understand and develop contingency plans for the likely effects of extreme events or combinations of events on capital adequacy and liquidity.

Risk Appetite Statement. The Risk Appetite Statement is a central component of the Group's overall risk management framework and is approved by the Board. It sets out, at a high level, how we think about risk in the context of our business model, Group objectives and strategy. It sets out boundary conditions for the level of risk we assume, together with a statement of the reward we aim to receive for this level of risk.

Our Risk Appetite Statement comprises the following components:

- Risk preferences: a high level description of the types of risks we prefer to assume and those we prefer to minimize or avoid;

- Return objective: the levels of return on capital we seek to achieve, subject to our risk constraints;

- Volatility constraint: a target limit on earnings volatility; and

- Capital constraint: a minimum level of risk adjusted capital.

Risk Components. The main types of risks that we face are summarized as follows:

Insurance risk: The risk that underwriting results vary from their expected amounts, including the risk that reserves established in respect of prior periods are understated.

Market risk: The risk of variation in the income generated by, and the fair value of, our investment portfolio, cash and cash equivalents and derivative contracts including the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Credit risk: The risk of diminution in the value of insurance receivables as a result of counter-party default. This principally comprises default and concentration risks relating to amounts receivable from intermediaries, policyholders and reinsurers. We include credit risks related to our investment portfolio under market risk. We include credit risks related to insurance contracts (e.g. credit and political risk policies) under insurance risk.

Liquidity risk: The risks of failing to maintain sufficient liquid financial resources to meet liabilities as they fall due or to provide collateral as required for commercial or regulatory purposes.

Operational risk: The risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, personnel or systems, or from external events.

Strategic risk: The risk of adverse impact on shareholder value or income and capital of adverse business decisions, poor execution or failure to respond to market changes.

Emerging risk: The risk that events or issues not previously identified or fully understood impact the operations or financial results of the Group.

We classify insurance risk and market risk in pursuance of our underwriting and investment strategies as core risks, meaning that they are risks we intend to take with a view to making a return for shareholders as a consequence. Other risks are designated as 'non-core' risks and our strategy is to seek to avoid or minimize exposures to such risks to the extent it is practicable and economic to do so.

Key Risk Limits. We use the term risk limit to mean the upper limit of our tolerance for exposure to a given risk. Key risk limits are a sub-set of risk limits and are subject to annual approval by the Board on the advice of the Risk Committee as part of the annual business planning process. If a risk exceeds key risk limits, the Chief Risk Officer is required to report the excess and management's plans for dealing with it to the Risk Committee.

Executive Officers

The table below sets forth certain information concerning our executive officers as of February 15, 2015:

Name	Age	Position(s)
Christopher O’Kane (1)	60	Group Chief Executive Officer
Brian Boornazian	54	Chairman of Aspen Re
Michael Cain	42	Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Bermuda, Group General Counsel and Head of Group Human Resources
Lisa Gibbard	41	Group Head of IT and Head of Finance Share Services
Karen Green	47	Chief Executive Officer of Aspen U.K. and AMAL, Group Head of Corporate Development and Office of the Group Chief Executive Officer
Ann Haugh	43	Chief Operating Officer and Chief Underwriting Officer of Aspen Insurance
Emil Issavi	42	President and Chief Underwriting Officer of Aspen Re
Scott Kirk	41	Group Chief Financial Officer
Stephen Postlewhite	43	Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Re
Richard Thornton	43	Group Chief Risk Officer and Head of Strategy
Kate Vacher	43	Director of Underwriting
Rupert Villers	62	Chairman of Insurance and President of International Insurance
Mario Vitale	59	Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Insurance and President of U.S. Insurance

(1)Biography available under “—Directors” above.

Brian Boornazian. Mr. Boornazian was appointed as Chairman of Aspen Re in August 2012 and also serves as the Chief Executive Officer of North America and the President of Aspen Re America. He was previously Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Re from January 2010 to August 2012 and President of Aspen Re from June 2008 until January 2010. Prior to this, he was appointed Head of Reinsurance in May 2006 and joined Aspen in January 2004 as President of Aspen Re America. Mr. Boornazian also serves as a director on various boards of the Company’s U.S. subsidiaries. Prior to joining us, Mr. Boornazian was at XL Re America, where he acted in several capacities including Senior Vice President, Chief Property Officer, responsible for property facultative and treaty, as well as marine, and Chief Marketing Officer. Mr. Boornazian began his career in 1982 at Gen Re and also held senior positions at NAC Re, Cologne Re of America and Guy Carpenter.

Michael Cain. Mr. Cain was appointed Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Bermuda in October 2014, having served as Chief Executive Officer since September 2014, and has served as our Group General Counsel since March 2008. Since June 2011, Mr. Cain was also appointed as Head of Group Human Resources. Mr. Cain has also been a member of the board of directors of Aspen Bermuda since July 2012. In addition, Mr. Cain serves as a director on various boards of the Company’s subsidiaries. Prior to joining us, Mr. Cain served as Corporate Counsel and Company Secretary to Benfield Group Limited from 2002 to 2008. Previously, Mr. Cain worked at Barlow Lyde & Gilbert LLP and Ashurst LLP.

Lisa Gibbard. Ms. Gibbard was appointed Group Head of IT in January 2007, working across the business to deliver the IT transformation program that supports our growth and diversification goals. In January 2014, Ms. Gibbard was also appointed Head of Finance Shared Service. Ms. Gibbard brings vital experience in IT management and delivery of major change programs across business and technology. Prior to joining us, Ms. Gibbard worked at Aon in their IT Leadership Executive team.

Karen Green. Ms. Green has been Chief Executive Officer of Aspen U.K. and AMAL since March 2011 and a member of the board of directors of Aspen U.K. since March 2010 and AMAL since March 2008. She is also Group Head of Corporate Development and Office of the Group Chief Executive Officer. Ms. Green joined us in March 2005 as Head of Strategy and Office of the Chief Executive Officer. From 2001 until 2005, Ms. Green was a Principal with MMC Capital Inc. (now Stone Point Capital), a global private equity firm (formerly owned by Marsh and McLennan

Companies Inc.). Prior to MMC Capital, Ms. Green was a director at GE Capital in London from 1997 to 2001, where she co-ran the Business Development team (responsible for mergers and acquisitions for GE Capital in Europe). She is a former director of the International Underwriting Association and a Non-Exec (working) member of the Council of Lloyd's.

Ann Haugh. Ms. Haugh has been Chief Underwriting Officer and Chief Operating Officer of Aspen Insurance since November 2013. In her role as Chief Underwriting Officer, Ms. Haugh is responsible for providing underwriting oversight and for developing our insurance strategy. As Chief Operating Officer, Ms. Haugh manages operational execution to support our strategic business objectives in insurance and ensure effective and efficient customer delivery. Prior to joining us, Ms. Haugh served as Group Chief of Staff at Zurich Financial Services between August 2012 and August 2013. At Zurich Financial Services, Ms. Haugh also served as Chief Executive Officer of Global Corporate UK from February 2011 to August 2012 based in London and Chief Operating Officer of Global Corporate from January 2009 to February 2011 based in Zurich.

Emil Issavi. Mr. Issavi was appointed President of Aspen Re in September 2014 and has served as Chief Underwriting Officer of Aspen Re since August 2012 and as a director of Aspen U.K. since February 25, 2015. Mr. Issavi previously served as Executive Vice President of Aspen Re and Head of Casualty Reinsurance from July 2008 to July 2012 and Head of Casualty Treaty of Aspen Re America from July 2006 to June 2008. Prior to joining us, from 2002 to 2006, Mr. Issavi was at Swiss Re America where he was Senior Treaty Account Executive responsible for various global and national property and casualty clients. Mr. Issavi began his reinsurance career at Gen Re as a casualty facultative underwriter.

Scott Kirk. Mr. Kirk was appointed the Group Chief Financial Officer in December 2014. Prior to this appointment, Mr. Kirk served as the Chief Financial Officer of Aspen Insurance since October 2011, having previously served as Group Head of Finance from May 2009 to September 2011 and Group Financial Controller from September 2007 to April 2009. In addition, Mr. Kirk serves as a director on various boards of the Company's U.K. subsidiaries. Prior to joining us, Mr. Kirk worked at Endurance Specialty Holdings Limited, joining Endurance Re America in New York after its formation in 2002. Previously, Mr. Kirk was at Trenwick International in London working in finance and treasury for three years. Mr. Kirk began his career as an auditor at KPMG, Brisbane and is a member of the Institutes of Chartered Accountants in both England and Wales and Australia.

Stephen Postlewhite. Mr. Postlewhite was appointed Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Re in September 2014. Prior to this appointment, Mr. Postlewhite was Group Chief Risk Officer from February 2013 to September 2014 and previously served as Head of Risk from November 2012 to February 2013, Chief Risk Officer of Aspen U.K. from September 2009 to October 2012 and Head of Risk Capital from September 2009 to October 2012. During 2012, he also served as Interim Group Chief Risk Officer. He has been a member of the board of directors of Aspen Bermuda since July 2013 and was a member of the board of directors of Aspen U.K. from April 2010 until June 2013. In addition, Mr. Postlewhite serves as a director on various boards of the Company's U.S. and Bermudian subsidiaries. Prior to joining us in 2003, Mr. Postlewhite spent a year at the U.K. Financial Services Authority (now the Prudential Regulation Authority) working extensively on the development of the Individual Capital Assessment process for non-life insurers and nine years with KPMG, both in London and Sydney, working as a senior general insurance actuarial consultant, predominantly on London Market, Lloyd's and reinsurance clients. He has been a fellow of the Institute of Actuaries since 2001. Prior to embarking on an actuarial career, Mr. Postlewhite worked as a management consultant for Andersen Consulting.

Richard Thornton. Mr. Thornton was appointed Group Chief Risk Officer in September 2014 and has been Group Head of Strategy since March 2014. Prior to joining us, Mr. Thornton was at Oliver Wyman since 1999 where he became a partner in 2007 and led the development of its general insurance business in the United Kingdom and Europe. His global remit provided him the opportunity to work internationally with large insurance companies in Asia, South Africa, Australia and North America and to gain a global overview of the market. Mr. Thornton worked on a wide variety of projects spanning life and general insurance, ranging from retail to global corporate and from strategy to operations, risk and finance. Previously, Mr. Thornton was an economist in the Bank of England's monetary analysis division.

Kate Vacher. Ms. Vacher is our Director of Underwriting and has been the Active Underwriter for Syndicate 4711 (our syndicate at Lloyd's) since February 2010. Ms. Vacher has been a member of the board of directors of AMAL since February 2010. Previously, she was our Head of Group Planning from April 2003 to May 2006 and a property reinsurance underwriter since joining Aspen in September 2002. Ms. Vacher previously worked as an underwriter with Wellington Syndicate 2020 from 1999 until 2002 and from 1995 until 1999 was an assistant underwriter at Syndicate 51.

Rupert Villers. Mr. Villers is Chairman of Aspen Insurance and President of International Insurance since June 2012. He was previously the Co-Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Insurance and joined us in April 2009 as Global Head of Financial and Professional Lines. He has been a member of the board of directors of Aspen U.K. and AMAL since June 2009. He co-founded SVB Holdings (subsequently renamed Novae Holdings) in 1986, and in his seventeen years there he was Chief Executive Officer from 1991 to 2002 and underwriter of Syndicate 1007 from January 1997 to December 1999. Most recently, Mr. Villers was Chairman of APJ, a company he co-founded in 2005, whose major subsidiary, APJ (Asset Protection Jersey Limited), wrote a specialist book of kidnap and ransom insurance which we

purchased on January 22, 2010 and on which he continues to be a director. Mr. Villers was a director of CertAsig Holdings S.A. (a Luxemburg holding company) which is the parent of CertAsig Societate di Asigurare si Reasigurare S.A. (a Romanian insurance company) until September 30, 2012.

Mario Vitale. Mr. Vitale assumed the role of Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Insurance in June 2012 and was Co-Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Insurance from January 2012. Mr. Vitale joined us in March 2011 as President of U.S. Insurance. Mr. Vitale has also been a member of the board of directors of Aspen American Insurance Company and Aspen Specialty Insurance Company since April 2011. Mr. Vitale also serves as a director on various boards of the Company's U.S. subsidiaries. He has 38 years of global experience across various industry leadership positions. Most recently, he was at Zurich Financial Services from September 2006 until March 2011, where he was Chief Executive Officer of Global Corporate, with responsibility for all corporate business globally. He was also a member of Zurich's Group Management Board. Previously, Mr. Vitale spent six years at Willis Group Holdings, from 2000 until 2006, including four years as Chief Executive Officer of Willis North America. Mr. Vitale is a member of the board of trustees of St. John's University College of Insurance in New York, the board of directors of AICPCU and a past member of the board of Boys Hope Girls Hope of New York City. He is a member of the board of the American Insurance Association and was previously on the board of directors of the Council of Insurance Agents & Brokers. Mr Vitale is also a founding board member of the

recently launched 2015 micro insurance consortium and micro insurance venture incubator (MVI) industry sponsored initiative, whose name is forthcoming.

Non-Management Directors

The Board has adopted a policy of regularly scheduled executive sessions where non-management directors meet independently of management. The non-management directors include all our independent directors and Mr. Jones, our Chairman. The non-management directors held four executive sessions during 2014. Mr. Jones presided at each executive session. Shareholders and other interested parties may communicate any queries or concerns to the non-management directors by sending written communications by mail to Mr. Jones, c/o Company Secretary, Aspen Insurance Holdings Limited, 141 Front Street, Hamilton HM19, Bermuda, or by fax to 1 (441) 295-1829. In 2014, we also held one executive session comprised solely of independent directors which was presided by the chair of our Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee. Following Ms. Hutter's appointment as the Board's Lead Independent Director on October 29, 2014, our executive sessions will be presided over by Ms. Hutter.

Attendance at Meetings by Directors

The Board conducts its business through its meetings and meetings of the committees. Each director is expected to attend each of our regularly scheduled meetings of the Board, the constituent committees on which that director serves and our annual general meeting of Shareholders. The Board held five formal meetings in 2014. All of the Company's directors attended the annual general meeting of Shareholders held on April 23, 2014 and at least 75% of the meetings of the Board and meetings of the committees on which they serve.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, Corporate Governance Guidelines and Committee Charters

We adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that applies to all of our employees, including our Group Chief Executive Officer and Group Chief Financial Officer. We have also adopted Corporate Governance Guidelines. We have posted the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and the Corporate Governance Guidelines on the Investor Relations page of our website at www.aspen.co.

The charters for each of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee are also posted on the Investor Relations page of our website at www.aspen.co. Shareholders may request printed copies of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, the Corporate Governance Guidelines and the committee charters at no charge by writing to Company Secretary, Aspen Insurance Holdings Limited, 141 Front Street, Hamilton, HM19, Bermuda.

COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Executive Summary

This Compensation Discussion and Analysis provides information regarding the compensation of our (i) Chief Executive Officer, (ii) Chief Financial Officer, (iii) former Chief Financial Officer who served in such capacity during a portion of 2014, (iv) the three most highly compensated executive officers for 2014, not including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, and (v) the former Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Re, in our reinsurance segment, who would have been included in the three most highly compensated executive officers for 2014 but for the fact that he was no longer with us as at December 31, 2014 (collectively, our “NEOs”). Our NEOs who were actively employed by us on December 31, 2014 are referred to in this Compensation Discussion and Analysis as our “Continuing NEOs.” This Compensation Discussion and Analysis also describes the overall objectives of our compensation program, each element of compensation and key compensation decisions that the Compensation Committee of the Board (the “Compensation Committee”) has made under our compensation program and the factors considered in making those decisions.

In 2014, our Say-On-Pay vote received overwhelming support with approximately 94% of Shareholders voting in favor of our compensation programs, which we believe evidences our Shareholders’ support for our NEOs’ compensation arrangements and our general executive compensation practices. We believe this strong support is the result of the Company’s executive compensation program being designed to align pay and performance and reflect market competitiveness and industry best practice.

Our 2014 Named Executive Officers

Christopher O’Kane

Group Chief Executive Officer

Scott Kirk

Group Chief Financial Officer

John Worth

Former Group Chief Financial Officer

Brian Boornazian

Chairman of Aspen Re

Rupert Villers

Chairman of Aspen Insurance and President of Aspen International

Mario Vitale

Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Insurance and President of Aspen U.S. Insurance

James Few

Former Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Re and Aspen Bermuda Limited

Reflecting the Compensation Committee’s desire to maintain strong programs aligned with our Shareholders, the Compensation Committee carefully reviewed all elements of our current executive compensation program to ensure overall design continues to support the Company’s financial, operational and strategic program. The Compensation Committee decided to retain the core design of our executive compensation program in the fiscal year 2014, as it believes the current compensation program design continues to properly reward our executives for their performance, motivate them to work towards achieving our long-term objectives, and strengthens the alignment of their interests

with those of our Shareholders. Our results for 2014 were strong despite a challenging environment. Given our pay for performance orientation, 2014 compensation for our NEOs reflected these outcomes. The Compensation Committee will continue to routinely review, evaluate and, as appropriate taking into account the views of our Shareholders, enhance our compensation program.

Our Board unanimously recommends that Shareholders vote “FOR” the approval of the compensation of our NEOs, as disclosed in this Proxy Statement. For more information, see Proposal 2 “Non-Binding Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation.”

2014 Performance Highlights

We are pleased with our strong results for 2014 despite a challenging environment. The following table highlights our strong 2014 performance by setting forth the year-over-year comparison of some of our key financial metrics:

Key Metric ⁽¹⁾	2014	2013	2012
Net Income Return on Equity (excluding accumulated other comprehensive income) ⁽²⁾	12.1%	11.7%	10.0%
Operating Return on Equity ⁽³⁾	11.5%	9.7%	8.5%
Diluted Book Value per Share	\$45.13	\$40.90	\$40.65
Diluted Book Value per Share (after adding back dividends) ⁽⁴⁾	\$45.91	\$41.61	\$41.31
Diluted Book Value per Share Growth ⁽⁵⁾	13.3%	6.2%	8.1%
Combined Ratio	91.7%	92.6%	94.3%
Gross Written Premiums	\$2.90 Bn	\$2.65 Bn	\$2.58 Bn
Diluted Net Income (Loss) per Share	\$4.82	\$4.14	\$3.39

(1) See Appendix A “Reconciliation of Non-U.S. GAAP Financial Measures” for a reconciliation of Non-U.S. GAAP Financial Measures.

(2) Net income return on equity is calculated using net income after tax less preference share dividends, divided by average equity excluding accumulated other comprehensive income.

(3) Operating return on equity is calculated using operating income after tax less preference share dividends, divided by average equity.

(4) Represents closing diluted book value per share plus the impact from dividends distributed in the period (\$0.78 in 2014, \$0.71 in 2013 and \$0.66 in 2012).

(5) For 2014, the diluted book value per share growth (after adding back dividends) was 12.2%. The annual growth in diluted book value per share test for purposes of the vesting condition of our performance shares was 13.3%. This was calculated using the adjusted total shareholders' equity which excludes accumulated other comprehensive income, of \$2,679.0 million (2013 — \$2,572.8 million), excluding the impact of \$28.5 million (2013 — \$Nil) for costs associated with the unsolicited approach for an inadequate offer by Endurance Specialty Holdings Limited (“Endurance”) as discussed below under “See “— Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Elements of Compensation — Long-Term Equity Incentives” and the total ordinary dividends distributed during the period of \$50.3 million (2013 — \$47.8 million), divided by the number of diluted ordinary shares and adding ordinary dividends per share distributed during the period of \$0.78.

2014 Compensation Highlights

As our compensation programs are highly performance-based, our key compensation actions for 2014 reflect our strong financial performance, as reflected above, despite a challenging environment. A substantial portion of total compensation awarded to our NEOs is performance-based and is comprised of both short-term annual bonus awards and long-term equity and performance share awards.

Based on our bonus pool funding formula and taking into account our performance throughout the year, the Compensation Committee approved an overall bonus pool funding of 107.5% of target.

Based on our annual growth in diluted book value per share (“BVPS”) test for purposes of the vesting condition for our performance shares, one-third of each of the 2012-2014, 2013-2015 and 2014-2016 performance share cycles vested at

129.0%. See “— Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Elements of Compensation — Long-Term Equity Incentives” below for additional information.

To continue to align executives with the long-term interests of our shareholders, effective February 2015, the Board approved changes to our executive share ownership guidelines requiring the members of our Group Executive Committee to own Company shares valued at 2.5 to 3 times their base salary.

The following table illustrates the compensation decisions made for our continuing NEOs in respect of performance in 2014.⁽¹⁾

(1) Represents base salary earned in the year, annual bonus and the 2014 restricted share unit and performance share grants. The value of the 2014 restricted share units and the 2014 performance shares is based on the average closing share price during the first quarter of 2014, respectively, and therefore differs from what is contained in our 2014 Summary Compensation Table. In the actual column, in respect of the performance shares granted in 2014, this represents 129.0% of one-third of the grant which has been earned based on our growth in diluted BVPS of 13.3% in 2014 and assumes 100% vesting for the remaining two tranches. The compensation in the table above excludes amounts set forth in the “All Other Compensation” column in the 2014 Summary Compensation Table under “—Executive Compensation —2014 Summary Compensation Table” below.

The Link Between Pay and Performance

Pay for Performance Programs

For 2014, we did not make significant changes to our executive compensation programs. In early 2012, our Compensation Committee undertook a comprehensive review of our performance-based pay programs and approved a number of changes thereby enhancing the link between pay and performance and balancing our performance and retention objectives. These changes continue to be aligned with our objectives and compensation philosophy and were therefore maintained for 2014.

Alignment of Pay and Performance

Each year, the Compensation Committee engages its independent advisor, Towers Watson, to conduct a review of the alignment between our pay and performance for our Chief Executive Officer as compared to our peers. This year's analysis related to the five-year period from January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2013. Towers Watson reviewed the relative realizable pay of Mr. O’Kane as compared to the following three key financial measures for our industry and shareholders: total shareholder return, return on equity and BVPS. For the purposes of this analysis, realizable pay is defined as base salary, actual annual bonus paid and the current value of long-term incentives earned within the period (the value of restricted share units, and the in-the-money value of share options as of December 31, 2013 and any actual award earned or vested and issued under a performance plan).

The Compensation Committee believes that Mr. O’Kane’s realizable pay relative to peers was at a level that is supported by the Company’s relative performance measured by the selected key financial measures. It came to this conclusion when considering that both the Chief Executive Officer’s realizable pay and the composite performance, which reflects a straight average of the percentile rank for each of the three performance measures over the five-year period as discussed above, are reasonably aligned.

Our Executive Compensation Program and Philosophy

We encourage a performance-based culture throughout the Company, and at senior levels we have developed an approach to compensation that aligns the executive's compensation with his or her performance and contribution to the results of the Company. Overall, our compensation programs are designed to link variable compensation to the achievement of the Company's financial and strategic goals while meeting high governance standards and encouraging an appropriate level of risk. We seek to create a total compensation opportunity for NEOs with the potential to deliver actual total compensation at the upper quartile of peer companies for high performance relative to competitors and the Company's internal business objectives.

Our three elements of total direct compensation are base salary, annual bonus and long-term incentive awards. These elements are balanced such that each executive has the appropriate amount of pay that is performance contingent and longer-term. This relationship is illustrated in the table below which shows each element of total target direct compensation for 2014 and demonstrates that a majority of the executive's pay is delivered through performance-based compensation with a significant portion realized over more than one year. Equity awards in particular are intended to encourage aligning our executive's interests with those of our Shareholders over the long-term. The following table highlights each element of total target direct compensation for 2014:

Compensation Element	Key Philosophical Underpinning	Mix of 2014 Total Target Direct Compensation	
		Chief Executive Officer	Average Other Continuing NEOs
Base Salary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attract and retain key talent • Provide financial certainty and stability • Incentivize and motivate executives to meet or exceed our short-term business and financial objectives 	14%	22%
Annual Cash Incentive	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Promote team orientation by encouraging participants in all areas of the Company to work together to achieve common Company goals • Incentivize and motivate executives to achieve key long-term business priorities and objectives 	26%	27%
Long-Term Incentive (Performance Shares and Restricted Share Units)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Align executives' interests with shareholders' interests • Foster a long-term focus to increase shareholder value • Attract and retain key talent • Encourage executive share ownership 	60%	51%

We also provide our NEOs with employee benefits and perquisites and severance and change of control benefits.

Compensation Element	Key Philosophical Underpinning
Benefits and Perquisites	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attract and retain key talent • Provide for safety and wellness of executives • Provide financial security for retirement • Enhance executive productivity • Provide certain expatriate relocation needs as well as specific local market practices that are competitive

Severance and Change of Control Benefits

- Attract and retain key talent
- Provide financial security in the event of termination
- Allow our executives to continue to focus their attention on our business operations in the face of the potentially disruptive impact of a change of control transaction and allow our executives to assess potential strategic actions objectively without regard to the potential impact on their own job security

All elements of total compensation are considered together rather than considering each element in isolation. This process ensures that judgments made in respect of any individual element of compensation are taken in the context of the total compensation that an individual receives, particularly the balance between base salary, annual incentives and long-term incentives.

Market Intelligence

A core principle of our compensation program and philosophy is that Shareholders are best served when the compensation packages of senior executives are competitive but fair. By fair we mean that the executives will be able to understand that the compensation package reflects their market value and their personal contribution to the business. To ensure our compensation levels and programs are competitive with those companies for which we compete for talent, we review external market data including:

- research of peer company proxy and/or annual reports;
- publicly available compensation surveys from reputable survey providers;
- advice and tailored research from compensation consultants; and
- experience with recruiting senior positions in the marketplace.

We utilize a primary peer group for purposes of reviewing our executive compensation levels and programs. In addition, under certain circumstances, we may benchmark specific roles or review the practices of other companies called our “near” peer group. Our peer group reflects companies similar to us in terms of size and business mix and reflects those companies we compare to in terms of assessing

our business performance. These peer groups are regularly reviewed and agreed upon by the Compensation Committee with consideration given to our business strategy and the advice of Towers Watson. No changes were made to the peer groups for 2014, other than the removal of Alterra Capital Holdings Limited as a result of its acquisition by Markel Corporation.

Peer Group

U.S. & Bermuda

Allied World Assurance Company Holdings, AG

Arch Capital Group Ltd.

Axis Capital Holdings Limited (2)

Endurance Specialty Holdings Ltd.

Everest Re Group, Ltd.

Validus Holdings, Ltd.

White Mountains Insurance Group, Ltd.

U.K.

Amlin Plc

Catlin Group Limited (1)

Hiscox Ltd.

“Near” Peer Group

U.S. & Bermuda

Montpelier Re Holdings Ltd.

PartnerRe Ltd. (2)

Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. (3)

RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. (3)

U.K.

Beazley Group Plc

(1) On January 9, 2015, Catlin Group Limited and XL Group plc announced that, subject to certain conditions, they have agreed to merge. The transaction is expected to close in 2015.

(2) On January 25, 2015, Axis Capital Holdings Limited and PartnerRe Ltd. announced that, subject to certain conditions, they have agreed to merge. The transaction is expected to close in the second half of 2015.

On November 24, 2014, RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. announced it entered into a definitive merger agreement (3) with Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. under which RenaissanceRe will acquire Platinum. The transaction is expected to close in the first half of 2015.

Determining Individual Compensation Levels

Although Company results remain the focus of our performance-based programs, due to the highly volatile nature of our industry and the potentially significant external factors impacting our business, the Compensation Committee considers both quantitative as well as qualitative factors in making compensation determinations. In particular, the individual contributions of our executives are quite important in our business and therefore, may determine both the allocation of our bonus pool as well as individual long-term incentive grants each year.

Individual contributions to our corporate goals are taken into consideration through our annual appraisal process, whereby at the outset of each year objectives are established and achievement of these goals is assessed at the end of each performance year. For all NEOs, other than himself, the Chief Executive Officer provides recommendations to the Compensation Committee with regard to individual performance.

The following table outlines the 2013 and 2014 individual achievements for each NEO considered by the Compensation Committee in making the compensation determinations included in this disclosure. In addition, with respect to Mr. Kirk, the Compensation Committee took into account his individual achievements associated with his transition to the position of Group Chief Financial Officer following his appointment on December 5, 2014. The 2013 achievements help determine any base salary increases and long-term incentive grants made in early 2014 and the 2014 individual achievements help determine bonus amounts earned for performance in 2014 and paid in early 2015.

Executive	2013 Individual Achievements	2014 Individual Achievements
Christopher O’Kane	<p>Achieved the 2013 business plan.</p> <p>Established and implemented a program to enhance our return on equity consistent with our risk appetite.</p> <p>Ensured strong cost controls were in place and identified actions to reduce our cost base.</p> <p>Established Aspen Capital Markets to participate in the alternative reinsurance market.</p> <p>Developed detailed business plans for each regional hub and identified and prioritized reinsurance growth opportunities by product and region.</p> <p>Developed a CEO succession plan and revised operating management structure for Aspen Insurance.</p>	<p>Achieved the 2014 business plan.</p> <p>Successfully executed all new initiatives, including Finance Shared Services.</p> <p>Met or exceeded the business plan target for third-party capital under management and for fee generation under Aspen Capital Markets</p> <p>Implemented enhanced performance management systems to ensure effective employee differentiation in a manner which supports overall strategy.</p> <p>Assessed opportunities for future development and successfully defended against Endurance’s unsolicited approach for an inadequate offer, which our Board believed significantly undervalued the Company.</p> <p>Maintained adequate capital and liquidity across the Group and maintained efficient capital management.</p>
Scott Kirk	<p>Improved the effectiveness of management information including the 2014 plan and timeliness and accuracy of quarterly financial management information in 2013.</p> <p>Participated in the continued evolution of the Aspen Insurance strategy and proactively supported the execution of this strategy, including by ensuring that financial and operational aspects of new business</p>	<p>Provided advice on numerous strategic and operational matters even prior to his appointment as Group Chief Financial Officer.</p> <p>Made an excellent transition to his new responsibilities as Group Chief Financial Officer.</p> <p>Performed well at our 2015 planning session and built on his relationships with investors, analysts and other stakeholders.</p>

opportunities were explored and all requirements were delivered in accordance with the business development process.

Produced an accurate expense plan for Aspen Insurance.

Produced high quality financial presentations supporting both the board and external messaging for Aspen Insurance.

Ensured the efficient running of the Group Reinsurance Credit Committee.

Executive	2013 Individual Achievements	2014 Individual Achievements
Brian Boornazian	<p>Ensured Aspen Re delivered on its 2013 business plan.</p> <p>Successful development of U.S. agricultural unit, and Rock Re, our recent brokered property facultative unit focused on North America.</p> <p>Ensured that 100% of audits were satisfactory and that there were no compliance breaches in reinsurance.</p> <p>Helped to identify and establish business opportunities to further enhance growth.</p> <p>Monitored key actions and initiatives to ensure that managers were accountable for the performance of the business in pursuing effective growth.</p> <p>Worked with the Aspen Re Chief Underwriting Officer to ensure prudence across the business by prompting and challenging which risks should be managed through a rules based model and which require alternative approaches.</p>	<p>Ensured Aspen Re delivered on its 2014 business plan.</p> <p>Supported distribution strategy for expansion with core clients in each region and ensured the successful implementation of the U.S. regional, agriculture and surety business initiatives.</p> <p>Worked with the Aspen Re leadership to significantly enhance Aspen Re’s marketing strategy.</p> <p>Ensured that 100% of audits were satisfactory and that there were no compliance breaches in reinsurance.</p> <p>Provided leadership to our ARA operation in Rocky Hill and addressed the operational requirements of the US platform as a whole.</p>
Rupert Villers	<p>Helped to ensure that Aspen International Insurance delivered on its 2013 business plan.</p> <p>Played a leading role in the development of Aspen Insurance, the formation of its strategy and the delivery of its business plan objectives.</p> <p>Managed the integration of UK Property, Liability and Regional teams to form a comprehensive UK platform.</p> <p>Contributed to the CFO’s efforts to reduce expenses.</p> <p>Worked successfully with the Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Insurance.</p>	<p>Helped to ensure that Aspen Insurance delivered on its 2014 business plan.</p> <p>Played a leading role in the development of Aspen Insurance, the expansion of its footprint by business class and geography and the delivery of its business plan objectives.</p> <p>Led the Aspen Insurance Executive Committee and ensured that career development and succession plans are established.</p> <p>Enhanced the trading position of Aspen International Insurance with its major producers.</p>
Mario Vitale	<p>Worked towards achievement of Aspen U.S. insurance plan which was profitable in each quarter in 2013.</p> <p>Continued efforts to create a global insurance operating platform.</p> <p>Promoted the Aspen U.S. brand with a customer client focus, including implementing more awareness and increased support through improved education and communication of customer, distribution and marketing initiatives and encouraging and achieving strong participation in major industry events.</p>	<p>Contributed significant achievements towards Aspen Insurance’s strategic and operational goals.</p> <p>Achieved Aspen U.S. insurance plan which was profitable in each quarter in 2014.</p> <p>Continued to build on the cohesiveness and cooperation of Aspen Insurance as a global entity.</p> <p>Worked with Aspen Re to continue to create a more efficient structure.</p> <p>Ensured that all U.S. Insurance audits, both internal and external, as well as underwriting</p>

Recruited, identified and retained top talent quality reviews, were satisfactory. and championed a performance management culture. Continued to acquire high calibre talent to build out lines of business and support operational functions.

Ensured that Aspen Re delivered on its 2013 business plan.

Identified and prioritized reinsurance growth opportunities by product and region over the next five years.

Established Aspen Capital Markets to develop Aspen Re's role in alternative capital and established Aspen Re's first sidecar.

Partnered with RMS as a Joint Development Partner to ensure that Aspen's tools to manage catastrophe risk are at the forefront of industry standards.

Established an Aspen view of risk for all major perils and zones and incorporated knowledge gained from partnerships.

Not applicable due to Mr. Few being placed on garden leave effective as of September 3, 2014.

James Few

Executive	2013 Individual Achievements	2014 Individual Achievements
	Introduced an expense initiative and began to make progress under the initiative.	
	Introduced levers for enhanced performance and implemented measures to improve return on equity and share price.	
	Executed successful share repurchases.	
	Successfully redeemed the PIERS and the 10 year senior notes due 2014 and helped to obtain attractive rates for the new debt and preference share issuances.	Not applicable due to Mr. Worth's termination of employment effective on December 5, 2014.
John Worth	Enhanced monitoring against group and subsidiary capital and liquidity limits.	
	Reviewed, designed and implemented the revised investment management strategy to further increase investment income.	
	Created a finance leadership team to implement further development in the team.	

Based on Company performance, the performance of our business segments and teams as well as the achievement of individual objectives, the following table summarizes the key compensation actions made in 2014 for each of our continuing NEOs. The Compensation Committee took into account Mr. Kirk's significantly expanded duties and responsibilities associated with his promotion to the position of Group Chief Financial Officer on December 5, 2014. Details of these actions are described in the sections below.

Continuing Named Executive Officer	2014 % Salary Increase (1)	2014 Actual Bonus Awarded	2014 Actual Bonus Awarded (% of Target)	Grant Date Fair Value of 2014 Performance Shares	Grant Date Fair Value of Restricted Share Units	Value of 2014 Performance Shares Earned (2)
Christopher O'Kane	4.3%	\$2,468,250	143%	\$2,967,574	\$1,050,919	\$1,452,245
Scott Kirk (3)	49.8%	\$675,423	201%	\$259,643	\$91,935	\$127,108
Brian Boornazian	4.0%	\$980,000	121%	\$1,038,651	\$367,822	\$508,301
Rupert Villers	3.1%	\$506,156	80%	\$1,038,651	\$367,822	\$508,301
Mario Vitale	2.9%	\$1,050,297	110%	\$1,483,787	\$525,460	\$726,144

(1) Represents increase of salary rate in effect at year-end 2014 over the rate in effect at year-end 2013.

129.0% of one-third of the 2014 performance shares granted were eligible to be earned and "banked" based on the 2014 diluted BVPS growth test described in "— Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Elements of Compensation —

(2) Long-Term Equity Incentives" below. Value based on closing price of \$43.77 per share of the Company's ordinary shares on December 31, 2014 as reported by the NYSE. All performance shares earned remain outstanding until the completion of a three-year service-vesting period.

As part of our annual salary review process, Mr. Kirk received a 3% increase in his annual salary rate effective April 1, 2014. In connection with his appointment to the position of Group Chief Financial Officer on December 5, 2014, Mr. Kirk received an acting-up allowance of £8,168 (\$13,440) in 2014, the pro-rata amount of £106,190

(3) (\$174,736), to provide him with a salary equivalent to £340,000 (\$559,470). Mr. Kirk's bonus was based on his salary after taking into effect his acting-up allowance and reflects his expanded role and responsibilities in connection with his promotion to the position of Group Chief Financial Officer and the critical role he played for the Company during 2014.

Base Salary

Although base salary is not the primary element of the total direct compensation for our NEOs, it remains a critical component of our pay program and allows us to attract and retain key talent.

Base salary is normally a fixed amount based on relevant market comparisons, and any increases to base salary for our NEOs are in part based on their performance and awarded at the discretion of the Compensation Committee based on the recommendations made by our Chief Executive Officer (other than with respect to himself). In the case of the Chief Executive Officer, the Chair of the Compensation Committee develops any recommended changes to base salary and is provided with information and advice by Towers Watson.

When reviewing base salaries, we consider numerous factors, including:

- our goal to generally provide base salaries at the median of the relevant market for similar roles;

- our overall merit increase budget;
- the performance of the business and the executive;
- the historical context of the executive’s compensation;
- the importance and responsibilities of the role;
- the experience, skills and knowledge brought to the role by the executive; and
- the function undertaken by the role.

The annual salary review process is governed by an overall budget related to market conditions in the relevant employment markets and broader economic considerations. Our annual salary review process is not intended to be solely a “cost of living” increase or a contractual entitlement to salary increases. Within this overall governing budget, individual salary increases are discretionary, and take into account the above-mentioned factors and internal equity. We believe that this approach mitigates the risk associated with linking salary increases to short-term outcomes. In the last three years, the overall budget for salary increases averaged 3.0% per annum.

Base salary increases for our NEOs in 2014 generally reflect typical market movement, with the exception of Mr. O’Kane whose salary was increased to bring it closer to the median of the relevant market.

Each of our NEOs have employment agreements with the Company that specify their initial base salary. Generally, they are entitled to a review on an annual basis with any changes effective as of April 1 of the relevant year. Even though we conduct an annual review of base salaries, we are not legally obligated to increase salaries. However, we are contractually obligated not to decrease salaries.

The following table summarizes the 2014 base salary increases for our continuing NEOs. For 2014, base salary increases for our continuing NEOs were generally in line with our overall merit increase budget of 3%, other than for Mr. Kirk as further discussed below.

Continuing Named Executive Officer	2013 Annualized Base Salary (1)	2014 Annualized Base Salary (1)	% Increase
Christopher O’Kane (2)	\$946,163	\$987,300	4.3%
Scott Kirk (2) (3)	\$373,529	\$559,470	49.8%
Brian Boornazian	\$576,800	\$600,000	4.0%
Rupert Villers (2) (4)	\$491,511	\$506,814	3.1%
Mario Vitale	\$772,500	\$795,000	2.9%

(1) Represents salary rate at year-end of 2013 and 2014, respectively.

Compensation paid to Messrs. O’Kane, Kirk and Villers was denominated in British Pounds. To demonstrate the (2) quantum of salary increases, amounts for both 2013 and 2014 were converted into U.S. Dollars at the exchange rate of \$1.6455 to £1, the average exchange rate for 2014.

Mr. Kirk’s 2014 annualized base salary represents his salary at year-end 2014 after taking into account the acting-up (3) allowance he received in connection with his appointment to the position of Group Chief Financial Officer on December 5, 2014.

Mr. Villers’ salary reflects his contractual working commitments. Mr. Villers’ service agreement provides that he (4) should work an average of four days per week, although in practice Mr. Villers works on a full-time basis during key business periods.

Annual Cash Incentive

Our annual cash incentive program comprises a significant portion of our total direct compensation program and is a key element in measuring and rewarding performance in the short-term. Annual cash bonuses are intended to reward executives and other staff for consolidated annual performance, individual team results and individual achievements and contributions over the previous fiscal year.

Annual Incentive Pool Funding Components

In early 2012, the Compensation Committee approved changes to our bonus pool funding mechanism to allow for a component of the bonus for our underwriting population to be funded equally based on corporate performance in

terms of operating return on equity and business segment performance against return on allocated equity. The following table illustrates the weighting of each component for each our NEOs.

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Executive Group	Corporate Funding	Business Segment Funding
Chief Executive Officer	100%	—%
Corporate Executive Committee Members (John Worth and Scott Kirk)	100%	—%
Underwriting Executive Committee Members (Messrs. Boornazian, Villers, and Vitale)	50%	50%

Pool Funding Measures and Achievement

Consistent with our historic practice, the corporate component of our annual incentive pool funding for 2014 was quantitative and based on performance against the Company's operating return on equity (including accumulated other comprehensive income) to better represent performance relative to the total ordinary Shareholders' accumulated investment in the business and retained earnings.

The Compensation Committee established the 2014 corporate operating return on equity (including accumulated other comprehensive income) bonus pool funding target based on our business plan and an assessment of the investment and business cycle. The corporate component of the annual incentive pool is funded at:

- 100% upon achievement of an operating return on equity of 9.9% (including other comprehensive income),
- 50% upon achievement of an operating return on equity of 6.6% (including other comprehensive income) and
- 40% upon achievement of an operating return on equity of 14.85% (including other comprehensive income).

For a reconciliation of return on equity to operating return on equity, see "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" in Appendix A.

For 2014, our underwriting teams, including our NEOs responsible for an underwriting team or segment, had a portion of their bonus pool funding based on business segment return on allocated equity performance against plan. To determine the funding levels for each underwriting team, the Chief Executive Officer presented the Compensation Committee with a scorecard summarizing return on allocated equity performance against plan as well as other considerations pertinent for the Compensation Committee to review in making the pool determination.

Based on the bonus pool funding formula and taking into account performance throughout the year, the Compensation Committee approved an overall bonus pool funding of 107.5% of target.

Bonus Potential and Actual Award Levels

Each eligible employee is allocated a 'bonus potential' which expresses the amount of bonus they should expect to receive if the Company, the team to which they belong and they as individuals perform at target. While individual bonus potentials are not capped, there is a cap on the formulaic bonus pool funding in any one year.

Once the bonus pool is established, underwriting and functional teams are allocated portions of the bonus pool based on team performance as assessed by the Chief Executive Officer, considering both quantitative and qualitative performance and risk data. Individual bonuses are then allocated based on achievement against individual objectives set forth in the beginning of each year and evaluated during the annual performance review, as well as qualitative analysis, risk data and cultural and behavioral aspects of performance. Individual objectives may be qualitative and/or quantitative and may include financial goals, enhanced efficiencies and expense reduction, talent development or other strategic initiatives – but the process of determining individual bonuses is not formulaic. Individual objectives may change one or more times during the year in order to ensure they remain fair, relevant and responsive to the complex and dynamic nature of our business.

We believe that basing awards on a variety of factors diversifies the risk associated with any single indicator. In particular, individual awards are not tied to formulas, which we believe could focus executives on specific short term outcomes that might encourage excessive risk taking. In addition, through the exercise of prudent judgement, the Compensation Committee may adjust awards as it deems appropriate.

In determining each of our NEO's annual bonus for 2014, the Compensation Committee took into account our financial performance during 2014, including our results in each of our insurance and reinsurance segments, and the achievement of our continuing NEO's 2014 individual objectives, each as described above, as well as the Compensation Committee's determination of the Company's progress to date in executing its long-term goal to deliver enhanced returns to Shareholders. In addition to the foregoing, in determining Mr. Kirk's 2014 annual bonus, the Compensation Committee took into account his successful transition to the position of Group Chief Financial Officer on December 5, 2014 and his significantly expanded role and responsibilities

within the Company. The following table provides a comparison of bonus potential and actual awards for each of our continuing NEOs.

Continuing Named Executive Officer	2014 Bonus Potential		2014 Actual Bonus		% of Bonus Potential
	% of Base Salary	\$ Value	% of Base Salary	\$ Value	
Christopher O’Kane	175%	\$ 1,727,775	250%	\$ 2,468,250	143%
Scott Kirk (1)	60%	\$ 335,682	121%	\$ 675,423	201%
Brian Boornazian	135%	\$ 810,000	163%	\$ 980,000	121%
Rupert Villers	125%	\$ 633,518	100%	\$ 506,156	80%
Mario Vitale	120%	\$ 954,000	132%	\$ 1,050,297	110%

The 2014 bonus for Mr. Kirk was calculated based on his salary in effect at year-end 2014 after taking into account his acting-up allowance he received in connection with his appointment to the position of Group Chief Financial (1) Officer on December 5, 2014. The Compensation Committee believed this was appropriate given his successful transition to the position of Group Chief Financial Officer, the critical role he played for the Company during 2014 and his significantly expanded role and responsibilities following his promotion.

Long-Term Equity Incentives

For our NEOs, long-term equity compensation reflects the largest single portion (60% in the case of the CEO and 51% in the case of our other NEOs) as well as the most critical component of their total target direct compensation package. We believe this approach continues to strongly align the interests of our executives with those of our Shareholders and serves as an effective retention tool.

In order to balance our performance and retention objectives and align our program with the types of programs offered by our peers, the Compensation Committee approved a portfolio approach to delivering equity for 2014. For our NEOs, 75% of the award was delivered in the form of performance shares and the remaining 25% was delivered in the form of time-based restricted share units. The mix is weighted so that a greater portion of our NEO’s long-term equity compensation is performance-based and aligned with our Shareholders’ interests. The portion delivered in time-based restricted share units is intended to serve as an ongoing retention tool and a continuing link to Shareholder value, given that the value of the restricted share units increase only to the extent that the Company’s share price increases. The portion delivered in performance shares deliver value to NEOs if the shares are earned over the performance period based on pre-determined financial metrics and the value of the performance shares is also linked to the value of the Company’s stock.

2014 Grant

When making 2014 award determinations, the Compensation Committee considered numerous factors, including:

- cost and annual share usage;
- number of employees who will be participating in the plan;
- market data from competitors;
- individual achievements against objectives; and
- retention and motivation needs for key employees.

Grants of time-based restricted shares made in 2014 typically vest in three equal installments subject to continued service with the Company. The performance shares granted in 2014 are subject to a three-year service vesting period with a separate annual growth in BVPS test for each calendar year during the vesting period (one-third of the award may be earned in each calendar year). Any portion of the performance shares earned based on the annual BVPS growth is deemed “banked” or “earned” and issued following completion of the three-year service-vesting period. Other than with respect to special equity awards that the Compensation Committee elects to grant from time to time, the Compensation Committee typically makes determinations with respect to and grants annual long-term equity compensation at its February meeting each year.

The table below provides a summary of the equity awards made for each NEO in 2014:

Named Executive Officer	Performance Shares		Restricted Share Units	
	Target # of Shares Awarded	Grant Date Fair Value of Award	# of Shares Awarded	Grant Date Fair Value of Award
Christopher O’Kane	77,160	\$2,967,574	25,720	\$1,050,919
Scott Kirk	6,751	\$259,643	2,250	\$91,935
John Worth (1)	14,467	\$556,401	4,822	\$197,027
Brian Boornazian	27,006	\$1,038,651	9,002	\$367,822
Rupert Villers	27,006	\$1,038,651	9,002	\$367,822
Mario Vitale	38,580	\$1,483,787	12,860	\$525,460
James Few (2)	38,580	\$1,483,787	12,860	\$525,460

(1) In connection with his termination of employment in December 2014, Mr. Worth forfeited the grants disclosed in the table above.

(2) In connection with his placement on garden leave in September 2014, Mr. Few forfeited the performance shares granted in 2014. In respect of restricted share units granted to Mr. Few in 2014 described above, Mr. Few retained the first tranche scheduled to vest on April 25, 2015 and forfeited the remainder.

2014-2016, 2013-2015 and 2012-2014 Performance Share Cycles

The Compensation Committee determined that the annual performance measure for the 2014 performance share grant, which covers the 2014-2016 cycle, would be based on annual growth in diluted BVPS. This is consistent with the performance measure for the 2012 and 2013 performance share grants which cover the 2012-2014 and 2013-2015 cycles.

As noted above, the performance shares granted in 2012, 2013 and 2014 are subject to a three-year service vesting period with a separate annual growth in diluted BVPS test for each calendar year during the vesting period (one-third of the award may be earned each calendar year). Any portion of the performance shares earned based on the BVPS growth is deemed “banked” or “earned” and issued following completion of the three-year service-vesting period. To ensure that the Company performs consistently over the long-term, the maximum number of shares that may be earned with respect to a fiscal year will be limited to the “target” for such fiscal year if the average BVPS growth for such fiscal year and the immediately preceding fiscal year does not exceed the “threshold” average for that same period. However, if the Compensation Committee determines that performance may be due to circumstances outside of the executive’s control, such as rising interest rates and bond yields, they may in their discretion disregard this limitation and provide for an award above target.

The Compensation Committee establishes the annual growth in BVPS test taking into account the Company’s business plans, to the extent practicable, at the beginning of each fiscal year. For 2014, the performance criteria for the 2014 annual growth in BVPS test (for which one-third of the 2014-2016, one-third of the 2013-2015 and one-third of the 2012-2014 performance share grants may be earned) is as follows:

Performance Level	2014 Growth in Book Value Per Share	Approximate Resulting Shares Earned (as a % of target) ⁽¹⁾	%
Threshold	5.2	% 10.0	%
Target	10.4	% 100.0	%
Maximum	20.8	% 200.0	%

(1) Shares earned will be determined on a straight line basis between 10% and 100% if growth in BVPS is between threshold and target and between 100% and 200% if growth in BVPS is between target and maximum.

For purposes of the annual growth in the diluted BVPS test, diluted BVPS is defined as the diluted BVPS (as adjusted to add back ordinary dividends to shareholders' equity at the end of the relevant year), as calculated in accordance with the accounting policies and definitions adopted for purposes of preparation of the Company's annual audited financial statements. The definition of diluted BVPS growth for purposes of the annual growth in diluted BVPS test for 2014 excludes (i) accumulated other comprehensive income, (ii) the costs payable to third-party service providers resulting from the Company's response to any acquisition, amalgamation

or merger and (iii) the impact of any capital management actions, including share repurchases and special dividends. See Appendix A “Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures” for a reconciliation of adjusted total shareholders’ equity to total shareholders’ equity for purposes of the diluted BVPS test. The Compensation Committee determined that it was appropriate to exclude accumulated other comprehensive income, as management does not have any control over interest rate movements and credit spread movements, each of which can be fairly significant and adversely impact growth in BVPS. Furthermore, the Compensation Committee determined that the other exclusions from the calculation of growth in BVPS were similarly outside the control of management and warranted exclusion. The Compensation Committee will continue to review and evaluate the performance measure for our performance share grants in the future.

Based on the growth in diluted BVPS as described above, the awards resulted in a vesting of 129.0% of one-third of each of the 2012, 2013 and 2014 performance share awards that are subject to the growth in diluted BVPS test for 2014.

Outstanding Performance Share Plans: 2012-2014, 2013-2015 and 2014-2016 Cycles

The following table sets out the annual performance tests for the 2012, 2013 and 2014 performance share awards and the vesting results through 2014.

	2012	2013 (2)	2014 (3)	
Threshold Book Value per Share Growth (1)	5.0	% 5.0	% 5.2	%
Target Book Value per Share Growth (1)	10.0	% 10.0	% 10.4	%
Actual Book Value per Share Growth (1)	8.1	% 6.2	% 13.3	%
2012 Performance Share Awards	65.8	% 31.6	% 129.0	%
2013 Performance Share Awards	—	% 31.6	% 129.0	%
2014 Performance Share Awards	—	% —	% 129.0	%

(1) Represents annual performance test; percentage to be applied to one-third of the original grant.

(2) The growth in diluted BVPS test for 2013 was refined by the Compensation Committee to reflect the impact of all of our 5.625% Perpetual Preferred Income Equity Replacement Securities retired during the second quarter of 2013 and the variance between our assumptions of the price at which we would execute our share repurchase program in 2013 against the price at which we actually repurchased our ordinary shares.

(3) The growth in diluted BVPS test for 2014 is described above.

2014 Actual Performance Shares Earned (Reflects Performance Share Cycles for 2012-2014, 2013-2015 and 2014-2016)

Based on the 2014 annual growth in BVPS test (described above) for our 2012-2014, 2013-2015 and 2014-2016 performance share cycles, the NEOs earned the following shares in 2014. The shares earned under the 2012-2014 cycle have been issued and the shares earned under the 2013-2015 and 2014-2016 cycles have been “banked” or “earned” for issuance at the end of the applicable three-year service-vesting period:

Named Executive Officer	Cycles Based on Book Value Per Share Performance			
	2012 – 2014 Cycle # of Shares Earned (Based on 2014 Test Only)	Total # of Shares Earned and to be Issued	2013 – 2015 Cycle # of Shares Earned (Based on 2014 Test Only)	2014 – 2016 Cycle # of Shares Earned (Based on 2014 Test Only)
Christopher O’Kane	26,657	46,783	25,971	33,179
Scott Kirk (1)	1,142	2,005	820	2,904
John Worth (2)	—	3,250	—	—

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Brian Boornazian	15,995	28,070	12,757	11,613
Rupert Villers	15,995	28,070	12,757	11,613
Mario Vitale	15,995	28,070	12,757	16,590
James Few (3)	15,995	28,070	12,757	—

- (1) The awards granted to Mr. Kirk in 2012 and 2013 represent 2,656 and 1,907 phantom shares, respectively, which he was granted prior to his appointment on the Group Executive Committee on April 1, 2014. The phantom shares are subject to the same tests as performance shares but pay out in cash.

(2) In connection with his termination of employment in December 2014 and pursuant to his settlement agreement, dated January 14, 2015, Mr. Worth forfeited all performance shares granted in 2014 and all performance shares granted in 2012 that were not subject to 2014 testing and that were not already “banked” as of December 5, 2014. Pursuant to his settlement agreement, Mr. Worth retained the performance shares granted in 2012 that were “banked” as of December 5, 2014. For additional information regarding the treatment of Mr. Worth's outstanding equity awards in connection with his termination of employment, refer to “—Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control” below.

(3) In connection with his placement on garden leave in September 2014 and pursuant to his severance agreement, dated October 20, 2014, Mr. Few forfeited all performance shares granted in 2014 but retained his 2012 and 2013 performance shares that have been “banked” and the portion of those awards subject to 2014 testing. The portion of Mr. Few's 2013 performance share award subject to 2015 testing was forfeited. For additional information regarding the treatment of Mr. Few's outstanding equity awards in connection with his termination of placement on garden leave, refer to “—Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control” below.

Share Ownership Guidelines and Policies

The Compensation Committee believes share ownership guidelines are a key vehicle for aligning the interests of management and the Company's Shareholders. Moreover, a meaningful direct ownership stake by our executive officers demonstrates to our investors a strong commitment to the Company's success. Accordingly, on February 1, 2012, the Compensation Committee approved share ownership guidelines for the Chief Executive Officer which require him to own Company ordinary shares valued at five (5) times his base salary within five (5) years of the approval of the guidelines (or, for any future Chief Executive Officer, within five (5) years of becoming subject to the guidelines). Shares and equity awards issued or granted to the Chief Executive Officer by the Company prior to the approval of the guidelines are not taken into account for purposes of the guidelines.

On February 4, 2015, the Compensation Committee also approved revised share ownership guidelines for the Group Executive Committee, including the NEOs other than the Chief Executive Officer. The revised share ownership guidelines provide that the Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Risk Officer, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman of Aspen Insurance and the Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of Aspen Re should seek to own three (3) times their base salary within approximately five (5) years of the approval of the guidelines, inclusive of all previous shares outstanding and granted restricted share units. The revised guidelines also provide that all other members of the Group Executive Committee should seek to own Company ordinary shares valued at two and a half (2.5) times their base salary within approximately five (5) years of the approval of the guidelines, inclusive of all previous shares outstanding and restricted share units.

Other share ownership policies are intended to work in conjunction with our established “Policy on Insider Trading and Misuse of Inside Information,” which, among other things, prohibits “hedging” transactions designed to limit or eliminate economic risks to our executives from owning the Company's ordinary shares, such as buying or selling puts or calls, pledging of shares, short sales and trading of Company shares on a short term basis, and pledging of shares as collateral for a loan or other extension of credit. The share ownership policies apply to all members of the Group Executive Committee and includes the following key principles:

- all Company shares owned by Group Executive Committee members will be held in their own name or jointly with their spouse;
- all Company shares owned by Group Executive Committee members should be held in a Merrill Lynch brokerage account or other Company approved broker;
- executive directors should inform the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman if they plan to trade Company shares, and should provide detailed reasons for the sale upon request;
- other Group Executive Committee members should obtain permission to trade from the Chief Executive Officer and provide detailed reasons for the sale upon request;
- the Compensation Committee will be informed on a quarterly basis of all trading of Company shares by all Company employees;

recommendation that sales by Group Executive Committee members be undertaken using previously adopted and approved Rule 10b5-1 trading programs, where possible, with the additional cost of administration connected with such trades to be paid by the Company;

• Company shares may not be used as collateral for loans, purchasing of Company shares on margin or pledging Company shares in a margin account; and

• the Chief Executive Officer should inform the Chairman of any decision to sell Company shares.

In reviewing any request to trade, the Chief Executive Officer will take into consideration:

• the amount of Company shares that an executive holds, the duration of the period over which those shares have been held and the amount of Company shares being requested to be sold;

• the nature of the role held by the executive;

• any reasons related to hardship, retirement planning, or divorce, among other things, that would require a sale of Company shares;

• the history of trading by the executive;

• the Company shares remaining after the sale; and

• the market conditions and other factors which relate to the Company's trading situation at the proposed time of sale.

Other Executive Benefits and Perquisites

We also maintain employee benefit programs for our NEOs and other employees. Our NEOs generally participate in our retirement and health and welfare benefits, including medical, dental and vision coverage and life and long-term disability insurance, as applicable, on the same basis as all of the other employees in their local jurisdiction, subject to satisfying any eligibility requirements and applicable local law. In addition, Mr. Boornazian is eligible for supplemental life and disability insurance. As additional recruitment incentives in respect of our hiring Mr. Vitale, we agreed to provide supplemental life and long-term disability benefits that are comparable to the coverage Mr. Vitale received from his prior employer.

Our NEOs that are benefit-eligible in the United States are eligible to participate, on the same basis as all our benefit-eligible U.S.-based employees, in a tax-qualified retirement savings plan that we sponsor in the United States that provides a cost-effective retirement benefit for all benefit-eligible U.S.-based employees. The Company makes profit sharing and matching contributions to the plan on behalf of the employees. In addition, certain of our NEOs are eligible to participate in retirement plans sponsored by us in a non-United States jurisdiction on the same basis as other employees in that jurisdiction. For a further discussion of our retirement benefit plans, see "Retirement Benefits" below. Messrs. Boornazian and Vitale also participate in the Aspen Insurance U.S. Services Inc. Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan (which we refer to as the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan). The Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan was established primarily due to the limitations imposed on benefits payable under tax-qualified retirement plans by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code. Mr. Vitale was the sole participant in Aspen Insurance U.S. Services Inc.'s prior deferred compensation, which was established in order to maintain the retirement benefits that were made available to him at his prior employer. During 2014, the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan was adopted and made available to the Company's senior executives located in the United States. By providing these executives with the opportunity to participate in the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan, the Compensation Committee believed it will assist the Company in retaining these executives. For a further discussion of our Deferred Compensation Plan, see the "2014 Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation" table below.

The Company does not have a formal perquisite policy, although the Compensation Committee periodically reviews perquisites for our NEOs. Rather, there are certain specific perquisites and benefits with which the Company has agreed to compensate particular executives based on their specific situations. In particular, our Bermudian-based NEOs receive various perquisites provided by or paid by the Company given the unique challenges of the Bermuda market, including travel to and from the island and the cost of living and maintaining a residence, which are consistent with competitive practices in the Bermuda market and have been necessary for recruitment and retention purposes.

Housing Allowance. Non-Bermudians are restricted by law from owning certain property in Bermuda. This has led to a housing market that is largely based on renting to expatriates who work on the island. Housing allowances are a near universal practice for expatriates and also for some local Bermudians in key positions. We base our housing allowances on market information available through local benefits surveys and from information available from the housing market. The allowance is based on the level of the position compared with market data.

Club Membership. This benefit is provided to our Bermudian- and U.S.-based NEOs. It enables our NEOs to establish social networks with clients and executives in our industry in furtherance of our business.

Home Leave. This benefit is common practice for expatriates who are working outside of their home country. We believe that this helps the expatriate and his/her family keep in touch with the home country in respect of both business and social networks. Such a benefit is provided by other companies within our peer group, is necessary for both recruitment and retention purposes and is important for the success of the overseas assignment. For more information regarding other executive benefits and perquisites, please see “—2014 Summary Compensation Table” and the accompanying footnotes below.

Employment Agreements; Change in Control and Severance Benefits

We have employment agreements with each of our NEOs setting forth the terms and conditions of their employment with us, which we believe provide a total compensation package competitive with the package offered by companies with whom we compete for executive talent. For more information regarding the terms and conditions of our NEOs' employment, please see "Narrative Description of Summary Compensation Table and Grants of Plan-Based Awards — Employment-Related Agreements" below.

The Compensation Committee believes that agreeing to provide reasonable severance benefits is common among similar companies and is essential to recruiting and retaining key executives, which is a fundamental objective of our executive compensation program. Accordingly, we provide the opportunity for certain of our NEOs to be protected under the severance and change in control provisions contained in their employment agreements. We provide this opportunity to attract and retain an appropriate caliber of talent for the position and also to allow an executive to remain focused on our business without undue personal concern in the event that his or her position is eliminated or, in some cases, significantly altered by the Company, which is particularly important in light of the executives' leadership roles at the Company.

On October 28, 2014, Mr. O'Kane's service agreement was amended to eliminate the provision that would have entitled Mr. O'Kane to an additional payment from Aspen Insurance UK Services Limited ("Aspen Services") if any excise tax was imposed under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, with respect to any payment received by Mr. O'Kane in connection with a termination of his employment by Aspen Services without cause or by Mr. O'Kane with good reason within six months prior to a change in control or two years after a change in control.

In February 2015, following a review of our NEOs' employment of service agreements, the Board agreed to increase the cash severance payable to certain of our NEOs in connection with a termination without "cause" or for "good reason," in each case prior to or within two years following a "change in control" of the Company. In particular, the change of control employment agreements (which are an addendum to the NEOs' employment of service agreements) of Messrs. Kirk, Boornazian, Villers and Vitale increase the cash severance payable to them in connection with such a qualifying termination from one-times the sum of the highest salary during the term of the agreement and the average bonus actually earned during the three years immediately prior to the year of termination to, in the case of Mr. Kirk, 1.5 times such sum and, in the case of Messrs. Boornazian, Villers and Vitale, two-times such sum. Our severance and change in control provisions for the NEOs are summarized in "Narrative Description of Summary Compensation Table and Grants of Plan-Based Awards — Employment-Related Agreements" and "— Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control."

Executive Compensation Governance and Process

The Role of the Independent Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee is responsible for establishing and implementing the Company's compensation philosophy and determining compensation actions for the Company's senior leadership. In the case of the Chief Executive Officer, the Chairman assesses his performance against the Company's business plan and other objectives established by the Board and makes compensation recommendations to the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee reviews management's recommendations but specifically approves awards for other senior executives including the NEOs. Our Compensation Committee is comprised solely of independent directors. Each member of the Compensation Committee is deemed independent. The Compensation Committee's charter, which sets out its specific duties and responsibilities, can be found on our website at www.aspen.co.

Compensation Consultants and the Role of the Independent Compensation Consultant

The Compensation Committee appointed Towers Watson as its compensation consultant to provide (i) input on the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, (ii) benchmarking analysis in respect of the Chief Executive Officer, Chairman and non-executive director compensation, (iii) realizable pay and performance study for the Chief Executive Officer, (iv) input on peer group filings, (v) a review of the competitive market for executive positions, (vi) a review of the Company's goal setting and metrics calibration process and (vii) input on performance-based program design changes including performance targets under the 2014 performance shares and bonus funding. We paid approximately \$324,000 in compensation-related fees to Towers Watson in 2014. In 2014, we also paid Towers Watson Software, an affiliate of Towers Watson after the predecessor software company was purchased by Towers

Watson in January 2011, approximately \$1,223,000 for capital modeling software and related services, of which, due to the timing of invoices, approximately \$437,000 were pre-payments for software services to be received by the Company in 2015. Management at the Company previously purchased software and services from such predecessor company of Towers Watson and, in light of such legacy software systems, the Compensation Committee did not recommend or approve such software and services purchased.

Towers Watson reports directly to the Chair of the Compensation Committee but partners with management, at the request of the Compensation Committee, to ensure the Compensation Committee receives the most comprehensive information for decision making. We have also sought advice on specific employment and taxation issues from PricewaterhouseCoopers who provide services only to management in this respect.

The Compensation Committee assessed the independence of Towers Watson pursuant to the SEC rules and the NYSE listing standards and concluded that no conflict of interest exists that would prevent Towers Watson from independently representing the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee, among other things, reviewed and was satisfied with Towers Watson's policies and procedures to prevent or mitigate conflicts of interest. They also reviewed and were satisfied that there was no business or personal relationships between members of the Compensation Committee and the individuals at Towers Watson supporting the Compensation Committee. Finally, the Compensation Committee considered other factors relevant to Towers Watson's independence from management, including the factors set forth in the NYSE listing standards. The Compensation Committee also considers the independence factors in the NYSE listing standards before receiving advice from any other compensation advisor.

The Role of the Chief Executive Officer and the Human Resources Department

While the Compensation Committee has the sole authority with regard to pay decisions related to the NEOs, our Chief Executive Officer and members of our Human Resources Department routinely participate in this process. The Chief Executive Officer does not participate in the Compensation Committee's decisions with regard to his own compensation. At the Compensation Committee's request, the Chief Executive Officer presents individual pay recommendations to the Compensation Committee for the other NEOs and executives under the Compensation Committee's purview. The recommendations are based on an assessment of individual contributions to the Company's financial performance, team performance, as applicable, the achievement of specified individual objectives, as well as competitive pay data, risk and other factors. The Chief Executive Officer's recommendations are one of the factors considered by the Compensation Committee in making its determinations.

Frequency Say-on-Pay Vote

Consistent with the preference expressed by our Shareholders at the 2013 annual general meeting, our Board decided that we will include an advisory vote to approve our executive compensation in our proxy materials every year until the next required advisory vote to approve the frequency of an advisory vote on executive compensation, which will occur no later than our annual meeting of Shareholders to be held in 2019.

Clawback Policy

In order to better align executives' long-term interests with those of the Company's, the Compensation Committee adopted a clawback policy in 2010 that applies to bonus and long-term incentive awards granted to executive officers, including the NEOs. Under the clawback policy, in circumstances where there is a subsequent and material negative restatement of the Company's published financial results as a result of fraud, the Company will seek to recover any erroneously paid performance-based compensation from such executive officers.

The Compensation Committee continues its review of additional executive compensation clawback practices, and we expect to implement such clawback practices in accordance with and following the adoption by the SEC of rules clarifying the requirements relating to such policies.

Tax Considerations

The Compensation Committee will consider the potential impact on the Company of Section 162(m) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code when designing its compensation programs. Section 162(m) generally disallows a tax deduction to public corporations for compensation greater than \$1 million paid for any fiscal year to each of the corporation's "covered employees" (generally, the Chief Executive Officer and the three most highly compensated executive officers other than the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer as of the end of any fiscal year). However, compensation which qualifies as "performance-based" is excluded from the \$1 million per executive officer limit if, among other requirements, the compensation is payable only upon attainment of pre-established, objective performance goals under a plan approved by our Shareholders. In 2013, our Shareholders approved the 2013 Share Incentive Plan, which is structured so that future cash or equity compensation may be designed to satisfy the performance-based compensation exception under Section 162(m) and therefore be deductible, if the Compensation Committee deems it appropriate to do so.

Conclusion

In summary, 2014 was a year of strong performance for the Company despite a continued challenging environment. Our programs and measures continue to align the interests of our executives to those of our Shareholders, striving to

deliver long-term value creation. As we have demonstrated in the above disclosure, our pay levels and programs are highly aligned with the performance of the Company. Based on the above, we recommend Shareholders vote “FOR” approving our Say-On-Pay Vote proposal on our executive compensation program (“Say-On-Pay Vote”).

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table sets forth, for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, the compensation paid or earned for services in all capacities to each of our NEOs:

2014 Summary Compensation Table (1)

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)(2)	Bonus (\$)(3)	Share Awards (\$)(4)	Option Awards (\$)	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Christopher O'Kane, Group Chief Executive Officer (5)	2014	977,014	2,468,250	4,018,493	—	—	195,732	7,659,489
	2013	887,085	1,180,577	2,426,680	—	—	177,735	4,672,077
	2012	854,738	1,505,465	2,009,151	—	—	205,968	4,575,322
Scott Kirk, Group Chief Financial Officer (6)	2014	381,933	675,423	351,578	—	—	45,832	1,454,766
John Worth, Former Group Chief Financial Officer (7)	2014	656,555	—	753,428	—	—	1,893,176	3,303,159
	2013	610,077	488,062	675,065	—	—	107,780	1,880,984
	2012	103,006	380,328	416,862	—	—	16,481	916,677
Brian Boornazian, Chairman of Aspen Re (8)	2014	594,200	980,000	1,406,472	—	—	68,186	3,048,858
	2013	572,600	1,040,000	1,192,027	—	—	47,920	2,852,547
	2012	555,000	831,600	1,205,476	—	—	36,059	2,628,135
Rupert Villers, Chairman of Aspen Insurance, President of International Insurance (9)	2014	502,988	506,156	1,406,472	—	—	78,161	2,493,777
Mario Vitale, Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Insurance, President of Aspen U.S. (10)	2014	789,375	1,050,297	2,009,246	—	—	64,513	3,913,431
	2013	766,875	695,000	1,192,027	—	—	61,218	2,715,120
	2012	750,000	450,000	1,205,476	—	—	64,172	2,469,648

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James Few, Former Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Re and Aspen Bermuda (11)	2014	594,200	—	2,009,246	—	—	378,562	2,982,008
	2013	572,600	1,040,000	1,192,027	—	—	352,271	3,156,898
	2012	548,750	966,000	1,205,476	—	—	340,908	3,061,134

Unless otherwise indicated, compensation payments paid in British Pounds have been translated into U.S. Dollars (1) at the average exchange rate of \$1.6455 to £1, \$1.5643 to £1 and \$1.5847 to £1 for 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

(2) The salaries provided represent earned salaries for the applicable fiscal year.

The amounts disclosed represent the amounts earned with respect to the applicable fiscal year, which amounts are typically paid in the first quarter following the end of each fiscal year. For a description of our bonus plan, see (3) “Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Elements of Compensation — Bonus Potential and Actual Award Levels” above.

Consists of performance shares and restricted share units granted. Valuation is based on the grant date fair values of the awards calculated in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, without regard to forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. The performance share awards’ potential maximum value, assuming the highest level of performance conditions are met, are \$5,935,147, \$519,287, \$1,112,802, \$2,077,302, \$2,077,302, \$2,967,574 and \$2,967,574 for Messrs. O’Kane, Kirk, Worth, Boornazian, Villers, Vitale and Few, respectively.

(4) Please refer to Note 18 of our consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, as filed with the SEC on February 23, 2015, for the assumptions made with respect to these awards. The actual value, if any, that an executive may realize from an award is contingent upon the satisfaction of the conditions to vesting in that award. As a result, there is no assurance that the value, if any, eventually realized by the executive will correspond to the amount shown in this Proxy Statement.

Mr. O’Kane’s compensation was paid in British Pounds. With respect to “All Other Compensation” in 2014, this consists of cash payments of \$195,732 in lieu of the Company’s contribution to the Aspen U.K. Pension Plan on his (5) behalf as Mr. O’Kane opted out of the Aspen U.K. Pension Plan due to lifetime allowance limits. See “—Retirement Benefits” below for additional information. Mr. O’Kane’s salary increased by 4.3% but presentationally was impacted further due to exchange rate fluctuations.

Mr. Kirk’s compensation was paid in British Pounds. Mr. Kirk’s salary includes £8,168 (\$13,440), which is the (6) pro-rata of the acting-up allowance Mr. Kirk earned during 2014 in connection with his appointment as Group Chief Financial Officer on December 5, 2014. With respect to “All Other Compensation” in 2014, this consists of the Company’s contribution to the Aspen U.K. Pension Plan on Mr. Kirk’s behalf in an amount of \$45,832.

Mr. Worth’s compensation was paid in British Pounds. With respect to “All Other Compensation” in 2014, this consists of (i) a £752,700 (\$1,238,568) severance payment, (ii) a £325,997 (\$536,428) annual incentive payment and (iii) cash payments of £71,820 (\$118,180) in lieu of the Company’s contribution to the Aspen U.K. Pension (7) Plan on his behalf as Mr. Worth opted out of the Aspen U.K. Pension Plan due to the lifetime allowance limits. Pursuant to his Settlement Agreement with Aspen Services, dated January 14, 2015, entered into in connection with his termination of employment, Mr. Worth is entitled to certain additional separation payments and benefits that are not reflected in the 2014 Summary Compensation Table. For additional information regarding these payments and benefits, please see “—Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control” below.

Mr. Boornazian’s compensation was paid in U.S. Dollars. With respect to “All Other Compensation” in 2014, this consists of (i) the Company’s contribution to the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan of \$10,000 (see “—2014 (8) Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation” below for additional information regarding the Aspen Insurance U.S. Services, Inc. Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan), (ii) a profit sharing and matching contribution to the Aspen Insurance U.S. Services, Inc. 401(k) plan on Mr. Boornazian’s behalf in an amount of \$26,000 (see “—Retirement Benefits” below for additional information regarding the Aspen Insurance U.S. Services, Inc. 401(k) plan), (iii) additional premium paid of \$1,076 for additional life insurance and \$22,982 for additional disability benefits and (iv) club membership fees of \$8,128.

Mr. Villers’ compensation was paid in British Pounds. With respect to “All Other Compensation” in 2014, this (9) includes the Company’s contribution to the Aspen U.K. Pension Plan on Mr. Villers’ behalf in an amount of \$50,927 and cash payments of \$27,233 in lieu of certain of the Company contributions to the Aspen U.K. Pension Plan on his behalf due to the annual allowance limits. See “—Retirement Benefits” below for additional information.

Mr. Vitale’s compensation was paid in U.S. Dollars. With respect to “All Other Compensation” in 2014, this includes (i) the Company’s contribution to the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan of \$21,700 (see “—2014 (10) Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan” below for additional information regarding the Aspen Insurance U.S. Services, Inc. Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan), (ii) a profit sharing and matching contribution to the Aspen Insurance U.S. Services, Inc. 401(k) plan on Mr. Vitale’s behalf in an amount of \$26,000 (see “—Retirement Benefits” below for additional information regarding the Aspen Insurance U.S. Services, Inc. 401(k) plan), and (iii) additional premium paid of \$5,190 for additional life insurance and \$11,623 for additional disability benefits.

(11) Mr. Few’s compensation was paid in Bermuda Dollars. With respect to “All Other Compensation” in 2014, this consists of (i) a housing allowance in Bermuda of \$180,000, (ii) “home leave” travel expenses for Mr. Few and his family of \$27,568, (iii) the employee’s portion of payroll tax which the Company pays on Mr. Few’s behalf in an amount equal to \$34,715, (iv) club membership fees of \$12,085, (v) the Company’s contribution to the Aspen U.K. Pension Plan on Mr. Few’s behalf in an amount of \$72,344 and cash payments of \$21,850 in lieu of certain of the Company contributions to the Aspen U.K. Pension Plan on his behalf due to the annual allowance limits and (vi) \$30,000 for legal fees incurred by Mr. Few in connection with his departure. Mr. Few was placed on garden leave with the Company effective September 3, 2014, during which time he remained employed by Aspen Bermuda and continued to receive his salary and other compensation. A portion of Mr. Few’s salary and “All Other Compensation” reflected in the 2014 Summary Compensation Table was earned by him during his time on garden leave. Pursuant to his Severance Agreement, dated October 21, 2014, Mr. Few is entitled to certain additional separation payments and benefits that are not reflected in the 2014 Summary Compensation Table. For additional information regarding these payments and benefits, please see “—Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change

in Control” below.

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2014 Grants of Plan-Based Awards

The following table sets forth information concerning grants of options to purchase ordinary shares and other awards granted during the twelve months ended December 31, 2014 to each of the NEOs:

Name	Grant Date (1)	Approval Date (1)	Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards (2)			All Other Share Awards: Number of Shares or Units (4) (#)	Grant Date Fair Value of Share Awards (5) (\$)
			Threshold (#)	Target (#)	Maximum(3) (#)		
Christopher O'Kane	04/25/2014	04/22/2014	0	77,160	154,320		2,967,574
	04/25/2014	04/22/2014				25,720	1,050,919
Scott Kirk	04/25/2014	04/22/2014	0	6,751	13,502		259,643
	04/25/2014	04/22/2014				2,250	91,935
John Worth (6)	04/25/2014	04/22/2014	0	14,467	28,934		556,401
	04/25/2014	04/22/2014				4,822	197,027
Brian Boornazian	04/25/2014	04/22/2014	0	27,006	54,012		1,038,651
	04/25/2014	04/22/2014				9,002	367,822
Rupert Villers	04/25/2014	04/22/2014	0	27,006	54,012		1,038,651
	04/25/2014	04/22/2014				9,002	367,822
Mario Vitale	04/25/2014	04/22/2014	0	38,580	77,160		1,483,787
	04/25/2014	04/22/2014				12,860	525,460
James Few (7)	04/25/2014	04/22/2014	0	38,580	77,160		1,483,787
	04/25/2014	04/22/2014				12,860	525,460

(1) The Compensation Committee approves annual grants at a regularly scheduled meeting. However, if such a meeting takes place while the Company is in a close period (i.e., prior to the release of our quarterly or yearly earnings), the grant date will be the day on which our close period ends. The approval date of April 22, 2014 was during our close period, and therefore the grant date was April 25, 2014, the day our close period ended.

(2) Under the terms of the 2014 performance share awards, one-third of the grant is eligible for vesting (or “banked”) each year based on growth in diluted BVPS (as adjusted to add back ordinary dividends to shareholders’ equity at the end of the relevant year). All shares eligible for vesting will vest and be issued following the completion of a three-year service-vesting period. For a more detailed description of our performance share awards granted in 2014, including the vesting conditions, refer to “—Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Elements of Compensation — Long-Term Equity Incentives” above and “—Narrative Description of Summary Compensation and Grants of Plan-Based Awards — Share Incentive Plan — 2014 Awards” below.

(3) Amounts represent 200% vesting for the entire grant, notwithstanding that 129.0% of one-third of the performance share award is eligible for vesting based on our annual growth in diluted BVPS test for 2014, as discussed above under “—Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Elements of Compensation — Long-Term Equity Incentives.”

(4) For a description of our restricted share units, refer to “—Narrative Description of Summary Compensation and Grants of Plan-Based Awards — Share Incentive Plan — Restricted Share Units” below.

(5) Valuation is based on the grant date fair value of the awards calculated in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, without regard to forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions, which is \$38.46 for the performance shares granted to our NEOs on April 25, 2014 and \$40.86 for the restricted share units granted to our NEOs on April 25, 2014. Refer to Note 17 of our consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, as filed with the SEC on February 23, 2015, for the assumptions made with respect to these awards. The actual value, if any, that an NEO may realize from an award is contingent upon the satisfaction of the conditions to vesting in that award. As a result, there is no assurance that the value, if any, eventually realized by the NEOs will correspond to the amounts shown in this Proxy Statement.

- (6) In connection with his termination of employment in December 2014, Mr. Worth forfeited the performance share awards and restricted share unit grants disclosed in the table above. For additional information regarding the treatment of Mr. Worth's outstanding equity awards in connection with his termination of employment, refer to "—Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control" below.

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(7) In connection with his placement on garden leave in September 2014, Mr. Few forfeited the performance shares disclosed in the table above. In respect of the restricted share units granted to Mr. Few in 2014 set forth in the table above, Mr. Few retained the first tranche (one-third of the award) scheduled to vest on April 25, 2015 and forfeited the remainder. For additional information regarding the treatment of Mr Few’s outstanding equity awards in connection with his placement on garden leave, refer to “—Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control” below.

Narrative Description of Summary Compensation and Grants of Plan-Based Awards

Share Incentive Plan

On April 24, 2013, Shareholders approved our 2013 Share Incentive Plan (the “2013 Share Incentive Plan”) to aid us in recruiting and retaining key employees and directors and to motivate such employees and directors. The 2013 Share Incentive Plan provides for the grant to selected employees of share options, share appreciation rights, restricted shares and other share-based awards. The 2013 Share Incentive Plan replaced the Aspen Insurance Holdings Limited 2003 Share Incentive Plan, as amended (the “2003 Share Incentive Plan”), which expired in August 2013. The total number of ordinary shares that may be issued under the 2013 Share Incentive Plan is 2,845,683 (which included 595,683 shares available for grant under the 2003 Share Incentive Plan as of February 25, 2013). The number of ordinary shares that may be issued under the 2013 Share Incentive Plan is adjusted per the number of awards that may be forfeited under the 2003 Share Incentive Plan.

Restricted Share Units. Prior to 2012, restricted share units were typically only granted to new employees as a replacement for awards forfeited from their prior employers. On February 1, 2012, the Compensation Committee approved, as part of our long-term incentive program, the grant of restricted share units which represented 25% of the annual incentive grants to our NEOs. These restricted share units vest in equal installments over a three-year service vesting period and may be accelerated in the event of the NEO’s death or disability. In respect of restricted share units granted as replacement for forfeiture from prior employers, vesting of a participant’s units may be accelerated, however, if the participant’s employment with the Company and its subsidiaries is terminated without cause (as defined in such participant’s award agreement), on account of the participant’s death or disability (as defined in such participant’s award agreement), or, with respect to some of the participants, by the participant with good reason (as defined in such participant’s award agreement). In accordance with the employment agreements of our senior executives, the vesting of restricted share units will also be accelerated upon certain terminations of employment within a certain period of a change in control.

Participants will be paid one ordinary share for each unit that vests as soon as practicable following the vesting date. Recipients of restricted share units generally will not be entitled to any rights of a holder of ordinary shares, including the right to vote, unless and until their units vest and ordinary shares are issued; provided, however, that participants will be entitled to receive dividend equivalents with respect to their restricted share units. Dividend equivalents will be denominated in cash and paid in cash if and when the underlying units vest.

2012 Performance Share Awards. On February 1, 2012, the Compensation Committee approved a grant of an aggregate of 334,125 performance share awards to our employees with a grant date of February 8, 2012. An additional grant to Mr. Worth of 10,006 performance share awards was approved with a grant date of November 1, 2012. The performance shares are subject to a three-year service-vesting period, and all shares eligible for vesting will vest and be issuable only at the end of the three-year period. One-third of the 2012 performance share award will be eligible for vesting each year based on growth in diluted BVPS, after adding back dividends. If the diluted BVPS growth achieved in each of 2012 and 2013 is:

- less than 5%, then the portion of the performance shares subject to the vesting conditions will be forfeited (i.e., one-third of the initial grant);
- between 5% and 10%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 10% and 100% on a straight-line basis; or
- between 10% and 20%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 100% and 200% on a straight-line basis.

Based on the achievement of a diluted BVPS growth in 2012 of 8.1%, 65.8% of one-third of the 2012 performance share award is eligible for vesting.

At its meeting held on February 6, 2013, the Compensation Committee approved the vesting conditions for the portion of the 2012 performance award subject to 2013 performance testing, which are the same as the vesting conditions for the portion of the 2012 performance award subject to 2012 performance testing described above. Based on the achievement of diluted BVPS growth (as refined by the Compensation Committee) of 6.2% in 2013, 31.6% of one-third of the 2012 performance award is eligible for vesting.

Notwithstanding the vesting criteria for 2012 and 2013, if in any given year the shares eligible for vesting are greater than 100% for the portion of such year's grant and the average BVPS growth over such year and the preceding year is less than the average of the minimum vesting thresholds for such year and the preceding year (or, in the case of the 2012 portion of the grant, less than 5%

of BVPS), then only 100% (and no more) of the shares will be eligible for vesting. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if in the judgment of the Compensation Committee, the main reason for the BVPS metric in the earlier year falling below the minimum threshold (or below 5% in the case of 2011 BVPS) is the impact of rising interest rates and bond yields, then the Compensation Committee may, in its discretion, disregard this limitation on 100% vesting.

At its meeting held on April 22, 2014, the Compensation Committee approved the vesting conditions for the portion of the 2012 performance shares subject to 2014 performance testing. If the diluted BVPS growth achieved in 2014 is: less than 5.2%, then the portion of the performance shares subject to the vesting conditions will be forfeited (i.e., one-third of the initial grant); between 5.2% and 10.4%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 10% and 100% on a straight-line basis; or between 10.4% and 20.8%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 100% and 200% on a straight-line basis.

Based on the achievement of diluted BVPS growth in 2014 of 13.3%, 129.0% of one-third of the 2012 performance share award is eligible for vesting. See “—Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Elements of Compensation — Long-Term Equity Incentives” above for additional information.

2013 Performance Share Awards. On February 6, 2013, the Compensation Committee approved a grant of an aggregate of 250,066 performance share awards with a grant date of February 11, 2013. The performance shares are subject to a three-year service-vesting period, and all shares eligible for vesting will vest and be issuable only at the end of the three-year period. One-third of the 2013 performance-share awards will be eligible for vesting each year based on a growth in diluted BVPS, after adding back dividends. If the BVPS growth achieved in 2013 is: less than 5%, then the portion of the performance shares subject to the vesting conditions will be forfeited (i.e., one-third of the initial grant); between 5% and 10%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 10% and 100% on a straight-line basis; or between 10% and 20%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 100% and 200% on a straight-line basis.

Based on the achievement of a diluted BVPS growth (as refined by the Compensation Committee) of 6.2% in 2013, 31.6% of one-third of the 2013 performance share award is eligible for vesting.

Notwithstanding the vesting criteria for 2013, if in any given year the shares eligible for vesting are greater than 100% for the portion of such year’s grant and the BVPS growth over such year and the preceding year is less than the average of the minimum vesting thresholds for such year and the preceding year (or, in the case of the 2013 portion of the grant, less than 5% of BVPS), then only 100% (and no more) of the shares will be eligible for vesting.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if in the judgment of the Compensation Committee, the main reason for the BVPS growth metric in the earlier year falling below the minimum threshold (or below 5% in the case of 2012 BVPS) is the impact of rising interest rates and bond yields, then the Compensation Committee may, in its discretion, disregard this limitation on 100% vesting.

At its meeting held on April 22, 2014, the Compensation Committee approved the vesting conditions for the portion of the 2013 performance shares subject to 2014 performance testing. If the diluted BVPS growth achieved in 2014 is: less than 5.2%, then the portion of the performance shares subject to the vesting conditions will be forfeited (i.e., one-third of the initial grant); between 5.2% and 10.4%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 10% and 100% on a straight-line basis; or between 10.4% and 20.8%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 100% and 200% on a straight-line basis.

Based on the achievement of diluted BVPS growth in 2014 of 13.3%, 129.0% of one-third of the 2013 performance share award is eligible for vesting. See “—Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Elements of Compensation — Long-Term Equity Incentives” above for additional information.

2014 Performance Share Awards. On April 22, 2014, the Compensation Committee approved a grant of an aggregate of 315,389 performance share awards based on the average closing share price during the first quarter of 2014, with a

grant date of April 25, 2014. The performance shares are subject to a three-year service-vesting period, and all shares eligible for vesting will vest and be issuable only at the end of the three-year period. One-third of the 2014 performance-share awards will be eligible for vesting each year based on a growth in diluted BVPS. If the BVPS growth achieved in 2014 is:
• less than 5.2%, then the portion of the performance shares subject to the vesting conditions will be forfeited (i.e., one-third of the initial grant);

between 5.2% and 10.4%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 10% and 100% on a straight-line basis; or

between 10.4% and 20.8%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 100% and 200% on a straight-line basis.

In calculating diluted BVPS growth for 2014, the definition of diluted BVPS excludes (i) accumulated other comprehensive income, (ii) the costs payable to third-party service providers resulting from the Company's response to any acquisition, amalgamation or merger and (iii) the impact of any capital management actions, including share repurchases and special dividends. The Compensation Committee determined it was appropriate to exclude accumulated other comprehensive income, as management does not have any control over interest rate movements and credit spread movements. Furthermore, the Compensation Committee determined that the other exclusions from the calculation of growth in BVPS were similarly outside the control of management and warranted exclusion. The Compensation Committee will continue to review and evaluate the performance measure for our performance share grants in the future.

Notwithstanding the vesting criteria for each given year other than 2014, if the shares eligible for vesting in 2015 and 2016 are greater than 100% for the portion of such year's grant and the average diluted BVPS growth over such year and the preceding year is less than the average of the minimum vesting thresholds for such year and the preceding year, then only 100% (and no more) of the ordinary shares that are eligible for vesting in such year shall vest.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if in the judgment of the Compensation Committee the main reason for the BVPS metric in the earlier year falling below the minimum threshold is due to the impact of rising interest rates and bond yields, then the Compensation Committee may, in its discretion, disapply this limitation on 100% vesting.

Based on the achievement of a diluted BVPS growth of 13.3% in 2014, 129.0% of one-third of the 2014 performance share award is eligible for vesting. See "—Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Elements of Compensation — Long-Term Equity Incentives" above for additional information.

2012 Phantom Share Awards. The 2012 phantom shares granted to Mr. Kirk follow the same testing and vesting conditions as the 2012 performance shares with the difference that they are settled in cash following vesting.

2013 Phantom Share Awards. The 2013 phantom shares granted to Mr. Kirk follow the same testing and vesting conditions as the 2013 performance shares with the difference that they are settled in cash following vesting.

Employment-Related Agreements

The following information summarizes the (i) service agreement for Mr. O'Kane, dated September 24, 2004 (as further amended on October 28, 2014), (ii) service agreement for Mr. Kirk, dated May 19, 2014, (iii) service agreement for Mr. Worth, dated November 1, 2012, which terminated on December 5, 2014 pursuant to his settlement agreement, dated January 14, 2015, (iv) employment agreement for Mr. Boornazian, dated January 12, 2004 (as supplemented by addendum dated February 5, 2008 and as further amended effective October 28, 2008, December 31, 2008 and February 8, 2010), (v) employment agreement for Mr. Villers, dated January 1, 2011, (vi) employment agreement for Mr. Vitale, dated February 25, 2011, and (vii) service agreement for Mr. Few, dated March 10, 2005, which terminated on March 3, 2015 pursuant to his severance agreement, dated October 20, 2014. Additional information regarding each NEO's employment or service agreements is set forth further below in "—Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control."

Christopher O'Kane. Mr. O'Kane entered into a service agreement with the Company and Aspen Services and under which he agreed to serve as Chief Executive Officer of the Company and Aspen U.K. and a director of both companies, generally terminable upon 12 months' notice by either party. Mr. O' Kane's contract was originally for a three-year period and renews automatically unless terminated. The agreement originally provided that Mr. O'Kane would be paid an annual salary of £346,830 (\$542,546), subject to annual review for increase. Mr. O'Kane's service agreement also entitles him to participate in all management incentive plans and other employee benefits and fringe benefit plans made available to other senior executives or employees generally, including membership in the Aspen Services' pension scheme, medical insurance, permanent health insurance, personal accident insurance and life insurance. The service agreement also provides for a discretionary bonus to be awarded annually as the Compensation Committee may determine. On October 28, 2014, the service agreement was amended to eliminate the provision that would have entitled Mr. O'Kane to an additional payment from Aspen Services if any excise tax was imposed under

the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, with respect to any payment received by Mr. O’Kane in connection with a termination of his employment by Aspen Services without cause or by Mr. O’Kane with good reason within six months prior to a change in control or two years after a change in control. Mr. O’Kane’s current bonus potential is 175% of his salary. Effective April 1, 2014, Mr. O’Kane’s salary increased to £600,000 (\$987,300) from £575,000 (\$946,163). Effective April 1, 2015, Mr. O’ Kane’s salary will be £620,000 (\$1,020,210).

Scott Kirk. Mr. Kirk currently serves as Chief Financial Officer of the Company. Mr. Kirk originally entered into a service agreement with Aspen Services under which he agreed to serve as Group Financial Controller. Mr. Kirk entered into a new service agreement with Aspen Services on May 19, 2014, generally terminable upon 12 months’ notice by either party. Mr. Kirk’s service

agreement entitles him to participate in all management incentive plans and other employee benefits and fringe benefit plans made available to other senior executives or employees generally, including membership in the Aspen Services' pension scheme, medical insurance, permanent health insurance, personal accident insurance and life insurance. The service agreement also provides for a discretionary bonus to be awarded annually as the Compensation Committee may determine. Effective April 1, 2014, Mr. Kirk's salary increased to £233,810 (\$384,734) from £227,000 (\$373,529). In connection with Mr. Kirk's appointment to the position of Group Chief Financial Officer on December 5, 2014, Mr. Kirk received an acting-up allowance of £8,168 (\$13,440) in 2014, the pro-rata amount of £106,190 (\$174,736), to provide him with a salary equivalent to £340,000 (\$559,470). On February 4, 2015, the Compensation Committee approved the removal of Mr. Kirk's acting-up allowance effective April 1, 2015 and approved an increase in Mr. Kirk's salary from £340,000 (\$559,470), including his acting-up allowance, to £350,000 (\$575,925) and an increase in his bonus potential from 60% to 100% of his salary effective April 1, 2015.

John Worth. Mr. Worth entered into a service agreement with Aspen Services on November 1, 2012 under which he agreed to serve as Chief Financial Officer of the Company. As described below under the heading of "—Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control," the service agreement was terminated in connection with Mr. Worth's departure on December 5, 2014, pursuant to a settlement agreement with Aspen Services, dated January 14, 2015, under which he was entitled to receive additional separation payments and benefits. Mr. Worth's service agreement originally provided that Mr. Worth would be paid an annual salary of £390,000 (\$641,745), subject to annual review for increase. Mr. Worth's service agreement also entitled him to participate in all management incentive plans and other employee benefits and fringe benefit plans made available to other senior executives or employees generally, including membership in the Aspen Services' pension scheme, medical insurance, permanent health insurance, personal accident insurance and life insurance. The service agreement also provided for a discretionary bonus, based on a bonus potential of 100% of salary, awarded annually as determined by the Compensation Committee in its discretion. Effective April 1, 2014, Mr. Worth's salary increased to £402,000 (\$661,491) from £390,000 (\$641,745).

Brian Boornazian. Mr. Boornazian currently serves as Chairman of Aspen Re. Mr. Boornazian originally entered into an employment agreement with Aspen Insurance U.S. Services Inc. under which he agreed to serve as President and Chief Underwriting Officer, Property Reinsurance, of Aspen Re America, Inc. for an initial three-year term, with annual extensions thereafter. The agreement originally provided that Mr. Boornazian would be paid an annual salary of \$330,000, subject to review from time to time, as well as eligibility for a discretionary annual bonus, and would be eligible to participate in all incentive compensation, retirement and deferred compensation plans available generally to senior officers. Mr. Boornazian is also entitled to supplemental life and disability coverage. Mr. Boornazian's current bonus potential is 135% of his salary. Effective April 1, 2014, Mr. Boornazian's salary increased to \$600,000 from \$576,800. Effective April 1, 2015, Mr. Boornazian's salary will be \$612,000.

Rupert Villers. Mr. Villers currently serves as the Chairman of Aspen Insurance. Mr. Villers entered into a service agreement with Aspen Services under which he originally agreed to serve as Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Insurance, generally terminable upon at least 12 months' notice by either party. The agreement originally provided that Mr. Villers would be paid an annual salary of £280,000 (\$460,740), subject to annual review for increase. Mr. Villers' service agreement also entitles him to participate in all management incentive plans and other employee benefits and fringe benefit plans made available to other senior executives or employees generally, including membership in the Aspen Services' pension scheme, medical insurance, permanent health insurance, personal accident insurance and life insurance. The service agreement also provides for a discretionary bonus to be awarded annually as the Compensation Committee may determine. Mr. Villers' current bonus potential is 125% of his salary. Effective April 1, 2014, Mr. Villers' salary increased to £308,000 (\$506,814) from £298,700 (\$491,511).

Mario Vitale. Mr. Vitale entered into an employment agreement with Aspen Insurance U.S. Services Inc. under which he agreed to serve as President of U.S. Insurance of Aspen Insurance for a one-year term, with annual extensions thereafter. Mr. Vitale became Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Insurance effective June 25, 2012. The agreement provides that Mr. Vitale is paid an annual salary of \$750,000, subject to review from time to time, as well as eligibility for a discretionary annual bonus, based on a bonus potential of 120% of salary which may be exceeded. Mr. Vitale is eligible to participate in the Company's long-term incentive plan and is eligible to receive annual grants pursuant to

such plan in the discretion of the Compensation Committee, with a value of \$850,000 per year. In 2011, Mr. Vitale also received an award of \$2,276,000 in restricted share units, which vest over a three-year period. Mr. Vitale is eligible to participate in all incentive compensation, retirement deferred compensation and benefit plans available generally to senior officers, and is entitled to supplemental life and disability coverage. In addition, Mr. Vitale will be entitled to (i) participate in an arrangement whereby he will be eligible for certain retirement funding by Aspen Insurance U.S. Services Inc. for amounts that could not otherwise be contributed to the Aspen Insurance U.S. Services Inc. 401(k) plan due to applicable U.S. Internal Revenue Code limitations, (ii) relocation benefits, which included temporary housing for six months, and (iii) indemnification for damages and costs arising from any action by Mr. Vitale's former employer relating to his employment with Aspen Insurance U.S. Services Inc. (other than damages that arise out of willful malfeasance by Mr. Vitale). Mr. Vitale's current bonus potential is 120% of his salary. Effective April 1, 2014, Mr. Vitale's salary increased to \$795,000 from \$772,500.

James Few. Mr. Few entered into a service agreement with Aspen Bermuda under which he agreed to serve as Head of Property Reinsurance and Chief Underwriting Officer of Aspen Bermuda. As described below under the heading "—Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control," the service agreement was terminated in connection with Mr. Few's departure from his executive

position on September 4, 2014, pursuant to a severance agreement with Aspen Bermuda, dated October 20, 2014, under which he was entitled to receive additional separation payments and benefits. Mr. Few had served as Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Bermuda and Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Re. The agreement originally provided that Mr. Few would be paid an annual salary of \$400,000, subject to annual review. Mr. Few was also provided with an annual housing allowance of \$180,000, two return airfares between Bermuda and the U.K. per annum for himself and his family and reasonable relocation costs. The agreement also entitled him to continued membership in Aspen U.K.'s pension scheme, private medical insurance, permanent health insurance, personal accident insurance and life assurance. The service agreement also provided that Mr. Few was eligible to receive a discretionary bonus to be awarded at such times and at such level as the Compensation Committee determined in its discretion. On February 6, 2013, the Compensation Committee approved an increase in Mr. Few's bonus potential from 115% to 150% of his salary reflecting his added responsibilities and change in role. Effective April 1, 2014, Mr. Few's salary increased to \$600,000 from \$576,800.

In addition, the agreements for our NEOs contain provisions relating to reimbursement of expenses, confidentiality, non-competition and non-solicitation. The NEOs have for the benefit of their respective beneficiaries life insurance (and in the case of Messrs. Boornazian and Vitale, supplemental life and disability insurance benefits).

Outstanding Equity Awards at 2014 Fiscal Year-End

The following table sets forth information concerning outstanding options to purchase ordinary shares and other outstanding share awards held by the NEOs as of December 31, 2014:

Name	Option Awards				Share Awards				Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market Value or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (1) (\$)
	Year of Grant	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units That Have Not Vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units That Have Not Vested (1) (\$)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#)		
Christopher O'Kane	2006	87,719	23.65	02/16/2016	—	—	—	—	—
	2007	28,669	27.28	05/04/2015	—	—	—	—	—
	2012	—	—	—	53,865	(2) 2,357,671	—	—	—
	2013	—	—	—	45,812	(3) 2,005,191	20,133	(4)	881,221
	2014	—	—	—	58,899	(5) 2,578,009	51,440	(6)	2,251,529
Scott Kirk	2012	—	—	—	2,713	(2)(8) 118,748	—	—	—
	2013	—	—	—	2,297	(3)(9) 100,540	636	(4)(10)	27,838
	2014	—	—	—	5,154	(5) 225,591	4,500	(6)	196,965
John Worth (11)	2012	—	—	—	4,932	(2) 215,874	—	—	—
	2013	—	—	—	14,188	(7) 621,009	—	—	—
	2014	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Brian Boornazian	2012	—	—	—	32,319	(2) 1,414,603	—	—	—
	2013	—	—	—	22,503	(3) 984,956	9,890	(4)	432,885
	2014	—	—	—	20,615	(5) 902,319	18,004	(6)	788,035
Rupert Villers	2012	—	—	—	32,319	(2) 1,414,603	—	—	—
	2013	—	—	—	22,503	(3) 984,956	9,890	(4)	432,885
	2014	—	—	—	20,615	(5) 902,319	18,004	(6)	788,035
Mario Vitale	2012	—	—	—	32,319	(2) 1,414,603	—	—	—
	2013	—	—	—	22,503	(3) 984,956	9,890	(4)	432,885
	2014	—	—	—	29,450	(5) 1,289,027	25,720	(6)	1,125,764
James Few (11)	2012	—	—	—	32,319	(2) 1,414,603	—	—	—
	2013	—	—	—	19,193	(3) 840,078	—	—	—
	2014	—	—	—	4,287	(5) 187,642	—	—	—

(1) Calculated based upon the closing price of \$43.77 per share of the Company's ordinary shares on December 31, 2014 as reported by the NYSE.

(2) Under the terms of the 2012 performance share awards, one-third of the grant is eligible for vesting each year. All shares eligible to vest will vest following the completion of a three-year service-vesting period.

If the growth in diluted BVPS, after adding back dividends, achieved in each of 2012 and 2013 is:

• less than 5%, then the portion of the performance shares subject to the vesting conditions will be forfeited (i.e., one-third of the initial grant);

• between 5% and 10%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 10% and 100% on a straight-line basis; or

• between 10% and 20%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 100% and 200% on a straight-line basis.

Notwithstanding the vesting criteria for each of 2012 and 2013, if in any given year, the shares eligible for vesting are greater than 100% for the portion of such year's grant and the average BVPS growth over such year and the preceding year is less than the average of the minimum vesting thresholds for such year and the preceding year (or, in the case of the 2012 portion of the grant, less than 5% of BVPS), then only 100% (and no more) of the shares that are eligible for vesting in such year shall vest. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if in the judgment of the Compensation Committee, the main reason for the BVPS growth metric in the earlier year falling below the minimum threshold (or below 5% in the case of 2011 BVPS) is the impact of rising interest rates and bond yields, then the Compensation Committee may, in its discretion, disregard this 100% limitation on performance shares that may become eligible for vesting. All shares eligible for vesting will vest and become issuable following the completion of the three-year service vesting period, provided the NEO remains continuously

employed through the issuance date. For purposes of the 2012 performance share awards, BVPS is defined as diluted BVPS adjusted to add back ordinary dividends to shareholders' equity at the end of the relevant year.

If the BVPS growth achieved in 2014 is:

- less than 5.2%, then the portion of the performance shares subject to the vesting conditions will be forfeited (i.e., one-third of the initial grant);
- between 5.2% and 10.4%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 10% and 100% on a straight-line basis; or
- between 10.4% and 20.8%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 100% and 200% on a straight-line basis.

Amount represents (i) 65.8% vesting in respect of one-third of the grant as our diluted BVPS growth after adding back ordinary dividends to shareholders' equity at the end of the relevant year for 2012 was 8.1%, (ii) 31.6% vesting in respect of one-third of the grant as our diluted BVPS growth at the end of 2013 was 6.2% and (iii) 129.0% vesting in respect of one-third of the grant as our diluted BVPS growth at the end of 2014 was 13.3%. Figures provided also include the final tranche of unvested restricted share units granted on February 8, 2012 which vested on February 8, 2015. The performance shares vested and became issuable upon the filing of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the SEC on February 23, 2015. Mr. Kirk was not granted any performance shares during 2012 but was rather granted phantom shares. The phantom shares are subject to the same testing and vesting conditions as the performance shares described herein but are settled in cash rather than shares. For additional information regarding the treatment of Messrs. Worth and Few's performance shares in connection with the termination of their employment and/or placement on garden leave, as applicable, please see "— Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control" below.

	2012 Performance (Phantom) Shares Earned Based on 2012, 2013 and 2014 Performance	2012 Unvested Restricted Share Units
Christopher O'Kane	46,783	7,082
Scott Kirk	2,005	708
John Worth	3,250	1,682
Brian Boornazian	28,070	4,249
Rupert Villers	28,070	4,249
Mario Vitale	28,070	4,249
James Few	28,070	4,249

(3) Under the terms of the 2013 performance share awards, one-third of the grant is eligible for vesting each year. All shares eligible to vest will vest following the completion of a three-year service-vesting period.

If the growth in diluted BVPS, after adding back dividends, achieved in 2013 is:

- less than 5%, then the portion of the performance shares subject to the vesting conditions will be forfeited (i.e., one-third of the initial grant);
- between 5% and 10%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 10% and 100% on a straight-line basis; or
- between 10% and 20%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 100% and 200% on a straight-line basis.

Notwithstanding the vesting criteria for 2013, if in any given year, the shares eligible for vesting are greater than 100% for the portion of such year's grant and the average BVPS growth over such year and the preceding year is less than the average of the minimum vesting thresholds for such year and the preceding year (or, in the case of the 2013 portion of the grant, less than 5% of BVPS), then only 100% (and no more) of the shares that are eligible for vesting in such year shall vest. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if in the judgment of the Compensation Committee, the main reason for the BVPS growth metric in the earlier year falling below the minimum threshold (or below 5% in the case of 2012 BVPS) is the impact of rising interest rates and bond yields, then the Compensation Committee may, in its discretion, disregard this 100% limitation on performance shares that may become eligible for vesting. All shares eligible for vesting will vest and become issuable following the completion of the three-year service vesting period,

provided the NEO remains continuously employed through the issuance date. For purposes of the 2013 performance share awards, BVPS is defined as diluted BVPS adjusted to add back ordinary dividends to shareholders' equity at the end of the relevant year.

If the growth in diluted BVPS achieved in 2014 is:

• less than 5.2%, then the portion of the performance shares subject to the vesting conditions will be forfeited (i.e., one-third of the initial grant);

between 5.2% and 10.4%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 10% and 100% on a straight-line basis; or

between 10.4% and 20.8%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 100% and 200% on a straight-line basis.

For more information, please see “—Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Elements of Compensation — Long-Term Equity Incentives — 2014-2016, 2013-2015 and 2012-2014 Performance Share Cycles” above.

Amount represents (i) 31.6% vesting in respect of one-third of the grant as our diluted BVPS growth after adding back ordinary dividends to shareholders’ equity at the end of 2013, and as further refined by the Compensation Committee, was 6.2% and (ii) 129.0% vesting in respect of one-third of the grant as our diluted BVPS growth after adding back ordinary dividends to shareholders’ equity at the end of 2014, and as further described above, was 13.3%. Figures provided also include unvested restricted share units granted on February 11, 2013, of which one-third vested on February 11, 2015 and the final tranche is scheduled to vest on February 11, 2016. Mr. Kirk was not granted any performance shares during 2013 but was rather granted phantom shares. The phantom shares are subject to the same testing and vesting conditions as the performance shares described herein but are settled in cash rather than shares.

	Portion of 2013 Performance (Phantom) Shares Earned Based on 2013 and 2014 Performance	2013 Unvested Restricted Share Units
Christopher O’Kane	32,334	13,478
Scott Kirk	1,021	1,276
John Worth	—	14,188
Brian Boornazian	15,883	6,620
Rupert Villers	15,883	6,620
Mario Vitale	15,883	6,620
James Few	15,883	3,310

(4) Reflects 2013 performance shares, amount assumes a vesting of 100% for the remaining one-third of the grant.

(5) Under the terms of the 2014 performance share awards, one-third of the grant is eligible for vesting each year. All shares eligible to vest will vest following the completion of a three-year service-vesting period.

If the growth in diluted BVPS, after adding back dividends, achieved in 2014 is:

less than 5.2%, then the portion of the performance shares subject to the vesting conditions will be forfeited (i.e., one-third of the initial grant);

between 5.2% and 10.4%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 10% and 100% on a straight-line basis; or

between 10.4% and 20.8%, then the percentage of the performance shares eligible for vesting will be between 100% and 200% on a straight-line basis.

For more information, please see “—Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Elements of Compensation — Long-Term Equity Incentives — 2014-2016, 2013-2015 and 2012-2014 Performance Share Cycles” above.

Amount represents 129.0% vesting in respect of one-third of the grant as our diluted BVPS growth after adding back ordinary dividends to shareholders’ equity at the end of 2014, and as further described above, was 13.3%. Figures provided also include unvested restricted share units granted on April 25, 2014, which vest in one-third increments on April 25, 2015, 2016 and 2017.

	Portion of 2014 Performance Shares Earned Based on 2014 Performance	2014 Unvested Restricted Share Units
Christopher O’Kane	33,179	25,720
Scott Kirk	2,904	2,250
John Worth	—	—
Brian Boornazian	11,613	9,002
Rupert Villers	11,613	9,002
Mario Vitale	16,590	12,860
James Few	—	4,287

(6) Reflects 2014 performance shares, amount assumes a vesting of 100% for the remaining two-thirds of the grant.

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(7) Reflects unvested restricted share units granted on February 11, 2013. Mr. Worth was not granted any performance shares in 2013.

(8) Consists of 2,656 phantom shares granted to Mr. Kirk on February 8, 2012 prior to his appointment to the Group Executive Committee. Mr. Kirk was not granted any performance shares in 2012. Of the 2,656 phantom shares granted, a total of 2,005 phantom shares vested based on the tests described in footnote 2 above. The vested phantom shares pay out in cash, not ordinary shares.

(9) Consists of 1,907 phantom shares granted to Mr. Kirk on February 11, 2013 prior to his appointment to the Group Executive Committee. Mr. Kirk was not granted any performance shares in 2013. Of the 1,907 phantom shares granted, a total of 1,021 phantom shares vested based on the tests described in footnote 3 above. The vested phantom shares pay out in cash, not ordinary shares.

(10) Represents 2013 phantom shares, amount assumes a vesting of 100% for the remaining one-third of the grant.

(11) For additional information regarding the treatment of Messrs. Worth and Few's performance shares and restricted share units in connection with the termination of their employment, please see “ — Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control” below.

2014 Option Exercises and Shares Vested

The following table summarizes share option exercises and share issuances by our NEOs during the twelve months ended December 31, 2014 (excluding any shares purchased under our employee share purchase plans):

Name	Option Awards		Share Awards		
	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise (#)	Value Realized on Exercise (\$)(1)	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting (#)	Value Realized on Vesting (\$)	
Christopher O’Kane	70,922	1,274,719	74,061	2,828,307	(2)
Scott Kirk	—	—	4,963	189,032	(2)
John Worth	—	—	8,776	330,758	(3)
Brian Boornazian	—	—	25,632	975,225	(2)
Rupert Villers	—	—	43,704	1,669,190	(2)
Mario Vitale	—	—	58,766	2,267,379	(4)
James Few	—	—	25,632	975,225	(2)

(1) Value realized is calculated based on the closing price of an ordinary share as reported by the NYSE on the date of exercise less the exercise price. The amounts reflect the amount received upon exercise (gross of tax). This related to the exercise of 23,603 options granted in 2004 and 47,319 options granted in 2007.

(2) In respect of Messrs. O’Kane, Kirk, Boornazian, Villers and Few, value realized represents their 2011 performance shares which vested on the date we filed our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 (February 20, 2014). The market value was calculated based on the closing price of \$38.40 on February 20, 2014 as reported by the NYSE. This also includes one-third of the restricted shares units granted to Messrs.

(3) O’Kane, Kirk, Boornazian, Villers and Few on February 8, 2012 that vest on an annual basis on the anniversary of the grant date. The closing price on February 8, 2014 was \$36.63 as reported by the NYSE and one-third of the restricted share units granted to Messrs. O’Kane, Kirk, Boornazian, Villers and Few on February 11, 2013 that vest on an annual basis on the anniversary of the grant date. The closing price on February 11, 2014 was \$37.94 as reported by the NYSE. The amounts reflect the amount vested (gross of tax).

(4) In respect of Mr. Worth, value realized represents one-third of the restricted share units granted November 1, 2012, one-third of which vested on February 8, 2014. The closing price on February 8, 2014 was \$36.63 as reported by the NYSE. This also includes one-third of the restricted share units granted to Mr. Worth on February 11, 2013 that vest on an annual basis on the anniversary of the grant date. The closing price on February 11, 2014 was \$37.94 as reported by the NYSE. The amounts reflect the amount vested (gross of tax).

(5) In respect of Mr. Vitale, value realized represents his 2011 performance shares which vested on the date we filed our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 (February 20, 2014). The

market value was calculated based on the closing price of \$38.40 on February 20, 2014 as reported by the NYSE. This also includes one-third of the restricted

shares units granted on February 8, 2012 and one-third of the restricted share units granted on February 11, 2013, that vest on an annual basis on the anniversary of the grant date. The closing price on February 8, 2014 was \$36.63 and the closing price on February 11, 2014 was \$37.94 as reported by the NYSE. This also includes one-third of the restricted shares units granted March 21, 2011 that vest on an annual basis on the anniversary of the grant date. The closing price on March 21, 2014 was \$39.10. The amounts reflect the amount vested (gross of tax).

2014 Nonqualified Deferred Compensation

The following table shows the non-qualified deferred compensation benefits accrued in respect of Messrs. Boornazian and Vitale as of December 31, 2014:

Name	Executive Contributions in Last FY (\$)	Registrant Contributions in Last FY (\$)	Aggregate Earnings/(Loss) in Last FY (\$)	Aggregate Withdrawals/ Distributions (\$)	Aggregate Balance at Last FYE (\$)
Mario Vitale	—	21,700(1)	(1,419) (2)	—	94,840 (3)
Brian Boornazian	—	10,000(1)	—	—	10,000

(1) These amounts are also reported in the “All Other Compensation” column of the 2014 Summary Compensation Table.

(2) The amount reported represents (i) \$961 in interest earned during 2014 under the deferred compensation plan in effect prior to the effective date of the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan for the period January 1, 2014 to July 31, 2014 and (ii) \$2,380 in investment losses incurred during the period August 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014 following the transfer of Mr. Vitale’s account balance to the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan.

(3) This amount also includes \$71,150 that was reported in the “All Other Compensation” column of the 2014 Summary Compensation Table in previous years.

In addition to the 401(k) plan operated in the U.S., Aspen U.S. operates the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan. The Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan was adopted during 2014 to provide the Company’s senior executives located in the United States, including Messrs. Boornazian and Vitale, with supplemental retirement benefits. The Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan was implemented due primarily to the limitations imposed on benefits payable under tax-qualified retirement plans by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code. It is intended that the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan, by providing this supplemental retirement benefit, will assist the Company in retaining Messrs. Boornazian and Vitale. On August 1, 2014, each of Messrs. Boornazian and Vitale began participating in the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan. Prior to the commencement of his participation, Mr. Vitale participated in a separate deferred compensation plan maintained by Aspen U.S.

Employer contributions to the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan are determined each year by the Compensation Committee. Employer contributions made may consist of matching contributions, profit sharing contributions, and other discretionary contributions as determined by the Compensation Committee. Matching contributions and profit sharing contributions are made in order to equal the full amount of contributions that would have been made under the 401(k) plan, assuming the maximum amount of elective deferral contributions permitted were contributed, where the actual amount of matching contributions and profit sharing contributions made were less than that maximum amount due to U.S. Internal Revenue Code limitations. Employer contributions are subject to three-year cliff vesting.

Pursuant to the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan, participating NEOs are provided with a choice of investment options with varying degrees of risk. The amounts shown in the “Aggregate Earnings/(Loss)” column represents the amount of investment earnings or losses realized by each of Messrs. Boornazian and Vitale under the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan during 2014. The amount shown also represents the interest credited to Mr. Vitale’s account pursuant to the Aspen U.S.’ deferred compensation plan in which he participated in prior to his participation in the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan. For the period January 1, 2014 to July 31, 2014, Mr. Vitale’s account balance was credited with interest equal to the 90-day 3-month U.S. dollar based on the London

Interbank Offered Rate, as published by Thomson Reuters Corporation on the last business day of December, plus two percentage points. This amount did not represent above market or preferential earnings, and, therefore, this amount was not reported in the 2014 Summary Compensation Table.

Retirement Benefits

We do not have a defined benefit plan. Generally, our NEOs participate in our retirement benefits on the same basis as all other employees in their local jurisdiction, subject to satisfying any eligibility requirements and applicable local law.

United Kingdom. We have a defined contribution plan in the United Kingdom which was established in 2005 for our U.K. employees, called the Aspen U.K. Pension Plan. All employees are eligible to participate in the Aspen U.K. Pension Plan in

accordance with the auto enrollment duties introduced in the United Kingdom. Messrs. O’Kane, Kirk, Worth, Villers and Few were eligible to participate in the plan during 2014. This contribution can be made via a salary sacrifice arrangement. Under the rules of the plan, participating employees are required to contribute a minimum of 3% of their base salary into the plan. The employer contributions made to the pension plan are based on a percentage of base salary based on the age of the employee. There are two scales: a standard scale for all U.K. participants and a directors’ scale which applies to certain key senior employees. Mr. O’Kane is and Mr. Worth was eligible for employer contributions based on the directors’ scale.

Scale	Employee Contribution Percentage of Salary	Age of Employee	Company Contribution Percentage of Employee’s Salary
Standard Scale	3.0%	18 - 19	5.0%
	3.0%	20 - 24	7.0%
	3.0%	25 - 29	8.0%
	3.0%	30 - 34	9.5%
	3.0%	35 - 39	10.5%
	3.0%	40 - 44	12.0%
	3.0%	45 - 49	13.5%
	3.0%	50 - 54	14.5%
	3.0%	55 plus	15.5%
Director Scale	3.0%	20 - 24	7.0%
	3.0%	25 - 29	8.0%
	3.0%	30 - 34	9.5%
	3.0%	35 - 39	12.0%
	3.0%	40 - 44	14.0%
	3.0%	45 - 49	16.0%
	3.0%	50 - 54	18.0%
	3.0%	55 plus	20.0%

The employee and employer contributions are paid to individual investment accounts set up in the name of the employee. Employees may choose from a selection of investment funds although the day-to-day management of the investments is undertaken by professional investment managers.

If an employee leaves the Company before retirement all contributions to the account will cease. If an employee has at least two years of qualifying service, the employee has the option of (i) keeping his or her account, in which case the full value in the pension will continue to be invested until retirement age, or (ii) transferring the value of the account either to another employer’s approved pension plan or to an approved personal pension plan. Where an employee leaves the Company with less than two years of service, the employee has the option of (i) receiving a refund equal to the part of their account which represents their contributions only, such refund being subject to U.K. tax and social security, or (ii) transferring the value of the account to another employer’s approved pension plan or to an approved personal pension plan within three months of their leaving date.

In the event of death in service before retirement, the pension plan provides a lump sum death benefit equal to four times the employee’s basic salary, plus, where applicable, a dependent’s pension equal to 30% of the employee’s basic salary and a children’s pension equal to 15% of the employee’s basic salary for one child and up to 30% of the employee’s basic salary for up to three children, which is applicable for Messrs. O’Kane, Kirk, Villers and Few. The value of any accrued pension fund is retained within the pension scheme. For permanent employees joining the plan from May 1, 2012, such as Mr. Worth, they are eligible to receive a lump sum death benefit equal to ten times the employee’s basic salary. The lump sum benefit is split between a registered policy (which insures amounts up to £1 million) with benefits in excess of this being insured under an excepted policy.

Changes in the rules regarding U.K. tax relief on pension contributions relating both to the total annual contribution amounts and to a “life-time” allowance limit have reduced the tax effectiveness of the defined contribution scheme for some staff that have or may have either higher levels of contribution or higher levels of pension savings. For those employees who would have employer pension contribution over the annual limit, we have agreed that we may pay them the difference between the employer plan contribution rate and the annual contribution limit. This amount is subject to statutory deductions. For those employees who have or are likely to have total pension savings over the “life-time” allowance limit, we have agreed that they may elect to opt out of the pension plan, in which case we will pay them an amount, subject to statutory deductions, equal to the employer pension contribution they would otherwise have received.

Messrs. O’Kane and Worth opted out of the Aspen U.K. pension plan due to the likelihood that their total pension savings at retirement would otherwise be above the lifetime allowance limit. They therefore receive a payment in lieu of pension contribution subject to statutory deduction.

Messrs. Kirk and Villers participate in the Aspen U.K. pension plan. Contributions follow the standard scale and are calculated on base salary. As the level of our contribution exceeds the U.K. annual allowance limit, Mr. Villers also receives a cash payment in lieu of part of the Company’s contribution.

Mr. Few participated in the Aspen U.K. pension plan. As Mr. Few was paid in Bermudian Dollars, employee and employer pension contributions were based on a U.K. notional salary which was reviewed on April 1st each year. As the level of company contribution exceeded the U.K. annual allowance limit, he also received a cash payment in lieu of part of the Company’s contribution.

The Company continues to review these arrangements in light of possible future legislation and regulation of U.K. pension schemes.

United States. In the U.S. we operate the Aspen Insurance U.S. Services, Inc. 401(k) plan. Employees of Aspen Insurance U.S. Services Inc. are eligible to participate in this plan. Messrs. Boornazian and Vitale participated in this plan in 2013. In addition they each received profit sharing and matching contributions as part of their pension contributions to them by the Company. Messrs. Boornazian and Vitale continue to participate in the 401(k) plan. Participants may elect a salary reduction contribution into the 401(k) plan. Their taxable income is then reduced by the amount contributed into the plan. This lets participants reduce their current federal and most state income taxes. The 401(k) safe harbor plan allows employees to contribute a percentage of their salaries (up to the maximum deferral limit set forth in the plan). We make a qualified matching contribution of 100% of the employee’s salary reduction contribution up to 3% of their salary, plus a matching contribution of 50% of the employee’s salary reduction contribution from 3% to 5% of their salary for each payroll period. The employer’s matching contribution is subject to limits based on the employee’s earnings as set by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service annually. Participants are always fully vested in their 401(k) plan with respect to their contributions and the employer’s matching contributions. Discretionary profit sharing contributions are made annually to all employees by Aspen Insurance U.S. Services Inc. and are based on the following formula:

Age of Employee	Contribution by the Company as a Percentage of Employee’s Salary
20 - 29	3.0%
30 - 39	4.0%
40 - 49	5.0%
50 and older	6.0%

Profit sharing contributions are paid in the first quarter of each year in respect of the previous fiscal year. The profit sharing contributions are subject to a limit based on the employee’s earnings as set by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service annually. The profit sharing contributions are subject to the following vesting schedule:

Years of Vesting Service	Vesting Percentage
Less than 3 years	0 %
3 years	100 %

Once the employee has three years of service, his or her profit sharing contributions are fully vested and all future contributions are vested.

Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control

In respect of each of the employment or service agreements with Messrs. O’Kane, Kirk, Worth, Boornazian, Villers, Vitale and Few:

(i) in the case of Messrs. O’Kane, Kirk and Villers, employment may be terminated without notice for cause if: the employee becomes bankrupt, is convicted of a criminal offence (other than a traffic violation or a crime with a penalty other than imprisonment), commits serious misconduct or other conduct bringing the employee or the Company or any of its subsidiaries into disrepute;

- the employee materially breaches any provisions of the service agreement or conducts himself in a manner prejudicial to the business;

- the employee is disqualified from being a director in the case of Mr. O’Kane; or

- the employee is guilty of any repeated material breach or breaches any code of conduct or ceases to be registered by any regulatory body;

(ii) in the case of Mr. Boornazian, employment may be terminated without notice for cause if:

- the employee’s willful misconduct is materially injurious to Aspen Re America Inc. or its affiliates;

- the employee intentionally fails to act in accordance with the direction of the Chief Executive Officer or the Board of Aspen Insurance U.S. Services Inc. or Aspen Re America Inc.;

- the employee is convicted of a felony or entered into a plea of nolo contendere;

- the employee violates a law, rule or regulation that (i) governs Aspen Re America Inc.’s business, (ii) has a material adverse effect on Aspen Re America Inc.’s business, or (iii) disqualifies him from employment; or

- the employee intentionally breaches a non-compete or non-disclosure agreement;

(iii) in the case of Mr. Vitale, employment may be terminated without notice for cause if:

- the employee’s willful misconduct is materially injurious to Aspen Insurance U.S. Services Inc. or its affiliates;

- the employee intentionally fails to act in accordance with the direction of the Chief Executive Officer of the Company or the Board of Directors of Aspen Insurance U.S. Services Inc. or the Company;

- the employee is convicted of a felony or entered into a plea of nolo contendere;

- the employee violates a law, rule or regulation that (i) governs the business of Aspen Insurance U.S. Services, Inc.

- (ii) has a material adverse effect on the business of Aspen Insurance U.S. Services, Inc., or (iii) disqualifies him from employment; or

- the employee intentionally breaches a non-compete or non-disclosure agreement;

(iv) in the case of Messrs. O’Kane, Kirk and Villers, employment may be terminated by the employee without notice for good reason if:

- the employee’s annual salary or bonus opportunity is reduced;

- there is a material diminution in the employee’s duties, authority, responsibilities or title, or the employee is assigned duties materially inconsistent with his position;

- the employee is removed from any of his positions (or in the case of Mr. O’Kane is not elected or re-elected to such positions);

- an adverse change in the employee’s reporting relationship occurs in the case of Messrs. O’Kane;

- the employee is required to relocate more than 50 miles from the employee’s current office; or

- provided that, in each case, the default has not been cured within 30 days of receipt of a written notice from the employee;

(v) in the case of Messrs. Boornazian and Vitale, employment may be terminated by the employee for good reason upon 90 days' notice if:

there is a material diminution in the employee's responsibilities, duties, title or authority;

the employee's annual salary is materially reduced;

there is a material breach by the Company of the employment agreement; or

provided that, in each case, the default has not been substantially cured within 60 days' of receipt of written notice from the employee;

in the case of Mr. O'Kane, if the employee is terminated without cause or resigns with good reason, the employee is entitled (subject to execution of a release) to (a) salary at his salary rate through the date in which his termination occurs; (b) the lesser of (x) the target annual incentive award for the year in which the employee's termination occurs, and (y) the average of the annual incentive awards received by the employee in the prior three years (or, number of years employed if fewer), multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days that the employee was employed during the applicable year and the denominator of which is 365; (c) a severance payment equal to two times the sum of (x) the employee's highest salary during the term of the agreement and (y) the average annual bonus paid to the executive in the previous three years (or lesser period if employed less than three years); and (d) the unpaid balance of all previously earned cash bonus and other incentive awards with respect to performance periods which have been completed, but which have not yet been paid, all of which, other than the severance payments described in (c) above, shall be payable in a lump sum in cash within 30 days after termination. In the event the Company does not exercise its right to enforce garden leave under the agreement, fifty percent of the severance payments described in (c) above will be paid to the employee

(vi) within 14 days of the execution by the employee of a valid release and the remaining 50% will be paid in four equal quarterly installments during the 12 months following the first anniversary of the date of termination, conditional on the employee complying with the non-solicitation provisions applying during that period. In the event the Company exercises its right to enforce garden leave under the agreement, all amounts described in (c) above will be reduced by the amount of salary and bonus payments received by employee during the garden leave notice period and the remaining amounts will be paid in four equal quarterly installments during the 12 months following the termination date, conditional on the employee complying with the non-solicitation provisions applying during that period. In the event Mr. O'Kane's employment is terminated due to his death, his estate or his beneficiaries, as the case may be, are entitled to the annual incentive award the employee would have been entitled to for the year in which the termination occurs, prorated based on the fraction of the year the employee was employed, and paid on the date it otherwise would have been paid. Under the terms of the award agreements, Mr. O'Kane's restricted share units will vest on death or disability and any portion of the performance shares that have met their performance conditions but have not yet vested will also be paid.

(vii) in the case of Mr. Worth, if the employee is terminated without cause or resigns with good reason, the employee is entitled (subject to execution of a release) to (a) salary at his salary rate through the date in which his termination occurs; (b) the lesser of (x) the target annual incentive award for the year in which the employee's termination occurs, and (y) the average of the annual incentive awards received by the employee for the three completed years immediately prior to the year of termination (or, if less, the number of complete years employed, and for purposes of this provision the bonus received for the year ending December 31, 2012 is £390,000 (\$641,745), multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days that the employee was employed during the applicable year and the denominator of which is 365; (c) the sum of (x) the employee's highest salary rate during the term of the agreement and (y) the average of the annual bonus awards received by employee for the three completed years immediately prior to the year of termination (or, if less, the number of complete years employed, and for purposes of this provision the bonus potential for the year ending December 31, 2012 being £390,000 (\$641,745) immediately prior to the year of termination; and (d) the unpaid balance of all previously earned cash bonus and other incentive awards with respect to performance periods which have been completed, but which have not yet been paid, all of which amounts shall be payable in a lump sum in cash within 30 days after termination. In the event that the employee is paid in lieu of notice under the agreement (including if the Company exercises its right to enforce garden leave under the agreement) the amounts described in (c) will be

inclusive of the payments employee would have been entitled to during the garden leave notice period. Mr. Worth entered into a settlement agreement with Aspen Services, dated January 14, 2015, in connection with his departure on December 5, 2014. Per the settlement agreement, Mr. Worth received the following payments and benefits: (i) a £752,700 (\$1,238,568) severance payment, subject to such deductions for income tax and national insurance, calculated in accordance with his service agreement, such amount being the sum of (x) Mr. Worth's highest salary during the term of the service agreement and (y) the average of the annual bonus awards received (which for 2012, the target bonus amount was used as specified in the service agreement) by Mr. Worth for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2012 and 2013, (ii) a £325,997 (\$536,428) payment, subject to such deductions for income tax and national insurance, calculated in accordance with the service agreement, such amount being the pro-rated (through December 5, 2014) average of the annual bonus awards received

by Mr. Worth for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2013 and 2012 (which for 2012, the target bonus amount was used as specified in the service agreement), (iii) a payment of £30,000 (\$49,365) as compensation for loss of office, without deduction for income tax or employee national insurance on the understanding this is permitted by the PAYE Regulations but not guaranteed, (iv) a payment of £42,228 (\$69,486) as compensation for lost pension contributions less any required deductions, (v) a payment of up to £40,000 (\$65,820) (exclusive of VAT) for consultancy services with a provider of Mr. Worth's choice, (vi) a payment of £5,000 (\$8,228) as compensation for loss of life insurance cover, less any required deductions, (vii) up to £12,000 (\$19,746) (exclusive of VAT) for reasonable legal fees incurred by Mr. Worth in connection with his departure, (viii) all expenses properly incurred through the course of Mr. Worth's employment up to and including December 5, 2014 and (ix) a payment in respect of Mr. Worth's accrued holiday amounting to 10.5 days (less such deductions for income tax and national insurance as are required by law). In addition, Mr. Worth is entitled to continued coverage under our private health insurance scheme at our expense and on the same basis as provided to other employees until December 5, 2015 or, if earlier, until Mr. Worth begins new employment providing this benefit on the same or similar terms. Mr. Worth also received 3,250 performance shares awarded under Aspen Holdings' 2012 Share Performance Agreement which have been subject to testing and "banked" as of December 5, 2014, subject to Mr. Worth providing due "sale to cover" instructions to the share plan administrator upon the vesting of these performance shares on their regularly schedule vesting date. Mr. Worth forfeited all remaining performance shares granted in 2012 and all performance shares granted in 2014 which were subject to 2014, 2015 and 2016 testing conditions and which were scheduled to vest in 2017. Mr. Worth also received 1,682 restricted share units granted to him in 2012 and 14,188 restricted share units granted to him in 2013 (reflecting then anticipated awards from his former employer) which will continue to vest on their scheduled vesting dates, subject to shares being withheld for sale to settle any applicable tax liability. Mr. Worth forfeited all other restricted share units that were unvested as of December 5, 2014. Per the settlement agreement, Mr. Worth is subject to certain non-compete and non-solicit restrictions until December 5, 2015, which he must adhere to unless he has the prior written consent of the Board of Directors of Aspen Services;

(viii) in the case of Mr. Few, if the employee is terminated without cause or resigns with good reason, the employee is entitled (subject to execution of a release) to (a) salary at his salary rate through the date in which his termination occurs; (b) the lesser of (x) the target annual incentive award for the year in which the employee's termination occurs, and (y) the average of the annual incentive awards received by the employee in the prior three years (or, if less the number of prior years in which employee was employed), multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days that the employee was employed during the applicable year and the denominator of which is 365; (c) the sum of (x) the employee's highest salary rate during the term of the agreement and (y) the average annual bonus awards received by the employee for the three years immediately prior to the year of termination (or, if less the number of prior years in which employee was employed); and (d) the unpaid balance of all previously earned cash bonus and other incentive awards with respect to performance periods which have been completed, but which have not yet been paid, all of which amounts shall be payable in a lump sum in cash within 30 days after termination. In the event that the employee is paid in lieu of notice under the agreement (including if the Company exercises its right to enforce garden leave under the agreement) the amounts described in (c) will be inclusive of the payments employee would have been entitled to during the notice period.

Mr. Few entered into a severance agreement with Aspen Bermuda, dated October 20, 2014, in connection with his departure from his executive position on September 4, 2014, although Mr. Few remained on garden leave until March 3, 2015. Per the severance agreement, Mr. Few received his salary and all other contractual benefits (including, but not limited to, housing allowance, private medical insurance, permanent health insurance, personal accident insurance, life assurance, pension contributions, return flights to the United Kingdom and club memberships) up to March 3, 2015. In addition, subject to Mr. Few's election to be released from his non-compete restrictions early, Mr. Few received the following: (i) \$1,090,350, such amount being equal to the annual incentive award derived from Aspen's annual incentive award funding formula for Mr. Few's role in respect of the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2014 and calculated 50% by reference our achievement of average return on equity and 50% by reference to the average return on equity of Other Property, Property Catastrophe (including Aspen Capital Markets), Casualty Re and Specialty Re, (ii) a \$600,000 severance payment calculated in accordance with the service agreement, such amount

being Mr. Few's highest salary rate during the term of the service agreement, (iii) \$1,032,117, such amount being the average bonus under our annual incentive plan actually earned by Mr. Few for the fiscal years ending on December 31, 2012, 2013, and 2014, with the average bonus for the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2014 calculated in accordance with (i) above, and (iv) up to \$30,000 for legal fees incurred by Mr. Few in connection with his departure. The payments described above were reduced by a sum equal to the total salary and bonus payments received by Mr. Few prior to March 3, 2015. Mr. Few also received the ordinary shares which are eligible for vesting under our 2012 Share Performance Agreement and 2013 Share Performance Agreement, including the portion of such performance shares which were subject to 2014 testing conditions. Mr. Few forfeited all performance shares which were subject to 2015 and 2016 testing conditions and performance shares granted in 2014 which were subject to 2014, 2015 and 2016 testing conditions and which are scheduled to vest in 2017. Mr. Few received the first tranche of the restricted share units granted to Mr. Few in 2014 which were scheduled to vest on April 25, 2015. Mr. Few retained the last tranche of the 2012 restricted share units which vested on February 8, 2015 and the second tranche of the 2013 restricted share units which vested on February 11, 2015 and has forfeited the last tranche of the 2013 restricted share units. Per the severance agreement, Mr. Few is subject to certain non-compete and non-solicit

restrictions until September 3, 2015, although Mr. Few may elect to be released from such non-compete restrictions after July 3, 2015 if Mr. Few forgoes (or, if already paid, promptly repays to Aspen Bermuda) that portion of the payments provided pursuant to (ii) and (iii) above which relates to the portion of the restricted period so released assuming that such payments were paid evenly over the full restricted period. The severance agreement also provides that Aspen Bermuda (for itself and its affiliates) and Mr. Few will release each other of all claims, subject to certain exceptions;

(ix) in the case of Messrs. Kirk and Villers, if the employee is terminated without cause or resigns with good reason, the employee is entitled (subject to execution of a release) to (a) salary at his salary rate through the date in which his termination occurs; (b) the lesser of (x) the target annual incentive award for the year in which the employee's termination occurs, and (y) the average of the annual incentive awards received by the employee in the prior three years (or, number of years employed if fewer), multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days that the employee was employed during the applicable year and the denominator of which is 365; (c) a severance payment of the sum of (x) the employee's highest salary rate during the term of the agreement and (y) the average bonus under the Company's annual incentive plan actually earned by the employee during the three years (or number of complete years employed, if fewer) immediately prior to the year of termination; and (d) the unpaid balance of all previously earned cash bonus and other incentive awards with respect to performance periods which have been completed, but which have not yet been paid, all of which amounts shall be payable in a lump sum in cash within 30 days after termination. In the event that the employee is paid in lieu of notice under the agreement (including if the Company exercises its right to enforce garden leave under the agreement) the severance payment will be inclusive of that payment;

in the case of Mr. Vitale, if the employee is terminated without cause or resigns with good reason, the employee is entitled (subject to execution of a release) to (a) earned but unpaid salary through the date in which his termination occurs, payable within 20 days after the normal payment date; (b) a lump sum payment equal to the employee's then current annual base salary, payable within 60 business days after the termination date, (c) a lump sum payment equal to the lesser of (x) the employee's then current bonus potential or (y) the average actual bonus paid to employee during the three years immediately prior to the year of termination, payable within 60 business days after the termination date; (d) continued vesting, to the extent not already vested, of the restricted share units granted to the employee pursuant to his employment agreement and (e) any earned but unpaid prior year annual (x) bonus, earned but unpaid equity and/or incentive awards, accrued but unpaid vacation days and unreimbursed business expenses, payable within 20 business days after the normal payment date. In the event Mr. Vitale's employment is terminated due to his death or disability, the employee (or his estate or personal representative in the case of his death) is entitled to (i) a prorated annual bonus based on the actual annual bonus earned for the year in which the termination occurs, prorated based on the fraction of the year the employee was employed, and paid on the date bonuses are otherwise paid and (ii) immediate vesting, to the extent not already vested, and distribution of the restricted share units granted to the employee pursuant to his employment agreement. Under the terms of the award agreements, Mr. Vitale's restricted share units will vest on death or disability and any portion of the performance shares that have met their performance conditions but have not yet vested will also be paid;

(xi) in the case of Mr. Boornazian, if the employee is terminated without cause or resigns with good reason, the employee is entitled (subject to execution of a release) to (a) earned but unpaid salary through the date in which the termination occurs and earned but unpaid prior year annual bonus, payable within 20 days after the normal payment date; (b) the sum of (x) the employee's highest salary during the term of the agreement and (y) the average annual bonus awards received by the employee for the three years immediately prior to the year of termination, payable in equal installments over the remaining term of the agreement, in accordance with regular payroll practices; and (c) a prorated annual bonus based on the actual annual bonus for the year in which the termination occurs, prorated based on the fraction of the year the employee was employed, and paid on the date bonuses are otherwise paid. In the event Mr. Boornazian's employment is terminated due to his death, his estate or his beneficiaries, as the case may be, are entitled to the annual incentive award the employee would have been entitled to for the year in which the termination occurs, prorated based on the fraction of the year the employee was employed, and paid on the date it otherwise would have been paid. Under the terms of the award agreements,

Mr. Boornazian's restricted share units will vest on death or disability and any portion of the performance shares that have met their performance conditions but have not yet vested will also be paid; and in the case of Messrs. O'Kane, Kirk, Boornazian, Villers and Vitale, if the employee is terminated without cause or resigns for good reason in the six months prior to a change in control or the two-year period following a (xii) change in control, in addition to the benefits discussed above, all share options and other equity-based awards granted to the executive following the date of their employment or service agreement, as applicable, shall immediately vest and remain exercisable for the remainder of their terms.

The following tables set forth the payments and benefits each of our NEOs would be entitled to receive if a termination of employment or a change in control of the Company had occurred on December 31, 2014. In the case of Mr. Few and Mr. Worth, the following tables set forth the payments received or to be received upon their termination on March 3, 2015 and December 5, 2014, respectively. The calculations in the tables below do not include amounts our NEOs were already entitled to or vested in on

December 31, 2014 or amounts under contracts, agreements, plans or arrangements to the extent they do not discriminate in scope, terms or operation in favor of executive officers and that are available generally to all of our salaried employees. All calculations in the tables below regarding the value of accelerated equity are based on the closing price of \$43.77 per share of the Company's ordinary shares on December 31, 2014.

	Christopher O'Kane (1)		Scott Kirk (1)		John Worth (1)	
	Total Cash Payout	Value of Accelerated Equity Awards	Total Cash Payout	Value of Accelerated Equity Awards	Total Cash Payout	Value of Accelerated Equity Awards
Termination without Cause (or other than for Cause) or for Good Reason	\$4,779,684 (5)	\$—	\$927,152 (7)	\$—	\$1,987,641 (9)	\$ 836,882 (10)
Death (2)	\$1,727,775	\$ 6,940,872	\$335,682	\$ 444,878	\$—	\$—
Disability (3)	\$—	\$ 6,940,872	\$—	\$ 444,878	\$—	\$—
Termination without Cause (or other than for Cause) or for Good Reason in connection with a Change in Control (4)	\$4,779,684 (5)	\$ 10,073,578 (6)	\$927,152 (7)	\$ 669,681 (8)	\$—	\$—

(1) The calculation for the payouts for Messrs. O'Kane, Kirk and Worth were converted from British Pounds into U.S. Dollars at the average exchange rate of \$1.6455 to £1 for 2014.

In respect of death, the executives are entitled to a portion of the annual bonus they would have been entitled to (2) receive for the year in which the date of death occurs. This amount represents 100% of the bonus potential for 2014.

In addition, performance shares that have already met their performance-vesting criteria but are not vested will immediately vest and be issued. For the avoidance of doubt, any performance shares that have not become eligible shares on or before the date of such termination of employment shall be forfeited on such date without consideration. All outstanding restricted share units which are not vested will accelerate and immediately vest.

In respect of disability, the executive would not be terminated based on disability, but would be entitled to continue to receive base salary for six months after which he would be entitled to long-term disability benefits under our permanent health insurance coverage. The amount of performance share awards that have already met their (3) performance vesting criteria but have not vested yet would vest and be issued. For the avoidance of doubt, any performance shares that have not become eligible shares on or before the date of such termination of employment shall be forfeited on such date without consideration. All outstanding restricted share units which are not vested will accelerate and immediately vest.

(4) If the employment of the above named executive officer is terminated by the Company without cause or by the executive officer with good reason (as described above and as defined in each of the individual's respective employment agreement) within the six-month period prior to a change in control or within a two-year period after a change in control, in addition to the severance and benefits they would otherwise be entitled to, the named

executive officer would also be entitled to receive accelerated vesting of outstanding equity awards. The occurrence of any of the following events constitutes a “Change in Control”:

- (A) the sale or disposition, in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all, of the assets of the Company to any person or group (other than (x) any subsidiary of the Company or (y) any entity that is a holding company of the Company (other than any holding company which became a holding company in a transaction that resulted in a Change in Control) or any subsidiary of such holding company);
- (B) any person or group is or becomes the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of more than 30% of the combined voting power of the voting shares of the Company (or any entity which is the beneficial owner of more than 50% of the combined voting power of the voting shares of the Company), including by way of merger, consolidation, tender or exchange offer or otherwise; excluding, however, the following: (i) any acquisition directly from the Company, (ii) any acquisition by the Company, (iii) any acquisition by any employee benefit plan (or related trust) sponsored or maintained by the Company or any corporation controlled by the Company, or (iv) any acquisition by a person or group if immediately after such acquisition a person or group who is a Shareholder of the Company on the effective date of our 2013 Share Incentive Plan continues to own voting power of the voting shares of the Company that is greater than the voting power owned by such acquiring person or group;
- (C) the consummation of any transaction or series of transactions resulting in a merger, consolidation or amalgamation, in which the Company is involved, other than a merger, consolidation or amalgamation which would result in the Shareholders of the Company immediately prior thereto continuing to own (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting

securities of the surviving entity), in the same proportion as immediately prior to the transaction(s), more than 50% of the combined voting power of the voting shares of the Company or such surviving entity outstanding immediately after such merger, consolidation or amalgamation; or

(D) a change in the composition of the Board such that the individuals who, as of the effective date of the 2003 Share Incentive Plan, constitute the Board (such Board shall be referred to for purposes of this section only as the “Incumbent Board”) cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the Board; provided, however, that for purposes of this definition, any individual who becomes a member of the Board subsequent to the Effective Date, whose election, or nomination for election, by a majority of those individuals who are members of the Board and who were also members of the Incumbent Board (or deemed to be such pursuant to this proviso) shall be considered as though such individual were a member of the Incumbent Board; and, provided further, however, that any such individual whose initial assumption of office occurs as the result of or in connection with either an actual or threatened election contest or other actual or threatened solicitation of proxies or consents by or on behalf of an entity other than the Board shall not be so considered as a member of the Incumbent Board.

Represents the lesser of the target annual incentive for the year in which termination occurs and the average of the bonus received by Mr. O’Kane for the previous three years (£568,233) (\$935,028) plus twice the sum of the highest salary rate during the term of the agreement (£600,000) (\$987,300) and the average bonus actually earned during three years immediately prior to the year of termination (£568,233) (\$935,028).

(5) Represents the acceleration of vesting in connection with a termination without cause or a resignation for good reason in the six months prior to a change in control or the two-year period following a change in control of: (i) the 2012 performance shares based on actual performance for 2012, 2013 and 2014, (ii) the 2013 performance shares earned based on actual performance for 2013 and 2014 and assumes 100% vesting for the remaining tranche (6) subject to future performance, (iii) the 2014 performance shares based on actual performance for 2014 and assumes 100% vesting for the remaining tranches subject to future performance and (iv) the outstanding portions of the 2012, 2013 and 2014 restricted share units. The amounts do not include vested and unexercised options. We have assumed that performance shares subject to future performance vest at 100% though we note that performance shares are eligible to vest at up to 200%.

Represents the lesser of the target annual incentive for the year in which termination occurs and the average of the bonus received by Mr. Kirk for the previous three years (£111,723) (\$183,841) plus the sum of the highest salary rate, including any acting-up allowance, during the term of the agreement (£340,000) (\$559,470) and the average bonus actually earned during the three years immediately prior to the year of termination (£111,723) (\$183,841). In February 2015, following a review of Mr. Kirk’s service agreement, the Board agreed to increase the cash severance (7) payable to Mr. Kirk in connection with a termination without “cause” or for “good reason,” in each case, prior to or within two years following a “change in control” of the Company. In particular, Mr. Kirk’s Change of Control Agreement increases the cash severance payable to Mr. Kirk in connection with a qualifying termination during the period prior to or within two years following a change in control from 1-times the sum of the highest salary rate during the term of the agreement and the average bonus actually earned during the three years immediately prior to the year of termination to 1.5-times such sum.

Represents the acceleration of vesting in connection with a termination without cause or a resignation for good reason in the six months prior to a change in control or the two-year period following a change in control of: (i) the 2012 phantom shares earned based on actual performance for 2012, 2013 and 2014, (ii) the 2013 phantom shares earned based on actual performance for 2013 and 2014 and assumes 100% vesting for the remaining tranche (8) subject to future performance, (iii) the 2014 performance shares based on actual performance for 2014 and assumes 100% vesting for the remaining tranches subject to future performance and (iv) the outstanding portions of the 2012, 2013 and 2014 restricted share units. Unlike the performance shares, the phantom shares eligible for vesting will vest and be settled by a cash payment equal to the fair market value of the vested phantom shares at the end of the three-year period. We have assumed that performance shares subject to future performance vest at 100% though we note that performance shares are eligible to vest at up to 200%.

(9) Mr. Worth left the Company on December 5, 2014. The amount in the table above represents the amount Mr. Worth received or will receive, other than any amounts accrued but unpaid, under the terms of his settlement

agreement, dated January 14, 2015, with Aspen Services. Under the agreement, Mr. Worth was entitled to his salary and all other contractual benefits (including pension contributions) up to December 5, 2014 in accordance with the service agreement. In addition, Mr. Worth received, or will receive, the following: (i) a £752,700 (\$1,238,568) severance payment calculated in accordance with the service agreement, such amount being the sum of (x) Mr. Worth's highest salary during the term of his service agreement and (y) the average of the annual bonus awards received (which for 2012, the target bonus amount was used as specified in his service agreement) by Mr. Worth for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2012 and 2013, (ii) a £325,997 (\$536,428) payment calculated in accordance with his service agreement, such amount being the pro-rated (through December 5, 2014) average of the annual bonus awards received by Mr. Worth for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2013 and 2012 (which for 2012, the target bonus amount was used as specified in his service agreement), (iii) a payment of £30,000 (\$49,365) as compensation for loss of office, without deduction for income tax or employee national insurance on the understanding this is permitted by the

PAYE Regulations but not guaranteed by Aspen UK Services Limited, (iv) a payment of £42,228 (\$69,486) as compensation for lost pension contributions less any deductions which Aspen Services was required to make, (v) a payment of up to £40,000 (\$65,820) (exclusive of VAT) for consultancy services with a provider of Mr. Worth's choice, (vi) a payment of £5,000 (\$8,228) as compensation for loss of life insurance cover, less any deductions which Aspen Services was required to make and (vii) up to £12,000 (\$19,746) (exclusive of VAT) for reasonable legal fees incurred by Mr. Worth in connection with his termination.

Pursuant to his settlement agreement with Aspen Services, Mr. Worth received 3,250 performance shares awarded under our 2012 Share Performance Agreement which have been subject to testing and "banked" as of December 5, 2014, subject to Mr. Worth providing due "sale to cover" instructions to the share plan administrator upon the vesting of these performance shares on their regularly schedule vesting date. Mr. Worth forfeited all remaining performance shares granted in 2012 and all performance shares granted in 2014 which are subject to (10) 2014, 2015 and 2016 testing conditions and which were scheduled to vest in 2017. Mr. Worth also received 1,682 restricted share units granted to him in 2012 and 14,188 restricted share units granted to him in 2013 (reflecting then anticipated awards from his former employer) which will continue to vest on their scheduled vesting dates, subject to shares being withheld for sale to settle any applicable tax liability. Mr. Worth forfeited all other restricted share units that were unvested as of December 5, 2014.

	Brian Boornazian		Rupert Villers (1)	
	Total Cash Payout	Value of Accelerated Equity Awards	Total Cash Payout	Value of Accelerated Equity Awards
Termination without Cause (or other than for Cause) or for Good Reason	\$2,203,867	(5) \$—	\$1,399,312	(7) \$—
Death (2)	\$1,260,000	\$3,301,877	\$633,518	\$3,301,877
Disability (3)	\$7,985,280	\$3,301,877	\$—	\$3,301,877
Termination without Cause (or other than for Cause) or for Good Reason in connection with a Change in Control (4)	\$2,203,867	(5) \$4,522,798	(6) \$1,399,312	(7) \$4,522,798 (8)

(1) The calculation for the payouts for Mr. Villers was converted from British Pounds into U.S. Dollars at the average exchange rate of \$1.6455 to £1 for 2014.

In respect of death, the executives are entitled to a portion of the annual bonus they would have been entitled to receive for the year in which the date of death occurs. This amount represents 100% of the bonus potential for (2) 2014. In the case of Mr. Boornazian, he would also be entitled to \$450,000 payable pursuant to his supplemental life insurance benefit.

In addition, performance shares that have already met their performance-vesting criteria but have not vested yet would immediately vest and be issued. For the avoidance of doubt, any performance shares that have not become eligible shares on or before the date of such termination of employment shall be forfeited on such date without consideration. All outstanding restricted share units which are not vested will accelerate and immediately vest.

In respect of disability, Mr. Villers would not be terminated on based on disability but would be entitled to continue to receive base salary for six months after which he would be entitled to long-term disability benefits under our permanent health insurance coverage. In respect of Mr. Boornazian, he would be entitled to the pro rated (3) annual bonus based on the actual bonus earned for the year in which the date of termination occurs. This amount represents 100% of his bonus potential for 2014. In addition, Mr. Boornazian would be entitled to receive a supplemental disability benefit of \$7,175,280. This amount is comprised of three separate policies and includes cover for temporary and permanent total disability benefits as well as catastrophic disability benefits.

The amount of performance share awards that have already met their performance-vesting criteria but have not yet vested yet would vest and be issued. For the avoidance of doubt, any performance shares that have not become eligible shares on or before the date of such termination of employment shall be forfeited on such date without

consideration. All outstanding restricted share units which are not vested will accelerate and immediately vest.

(4) See footnote 4 in prior table.

Represents the sum of the highest base salary during the term of the agreement (\$600,000), the average bonus actually earned during the three years immediately prior to the year of termination (\$623,867), plus Mr.

Boornazian's earned cash bonus for 2014 (\$980,000). In February 2015, following a review of Mr. Boornazian's (5) employment agreement, the Board agreed to increase the cash severance payable to Mr. Boornazian in connection with a termination without "cause" or for "good reason," in each case, prior to or within two years following a "change in control" of the Company. In particular, Mr. Boornazian's Change of Control Agreement increases the cash severance payable to Mr. Boornazian in connection with a qualifying

termination during the period prior to or within two years of a change in control from 1-times the sum of the highest salary rate during the term of the agreement and the average bonus actually earned during the three years immediately prior to the year of termination to 2-times such sum.

Represents the acceleration of vesting in connection with a termination without cause or a resignation for good reason in the six months prior to a change in control or the two-year period following a change in control of: (i) the 2012 performance shares based on actual performance for 2012, 2013 and 2014, (ii) the 2013 performance shares (6) earned based on actual performance for 2013 and 2014 and assumes 100% vesting for the remaining tranche subject to future performance, (iii) the 2014 performance shares based on actual performance for 2014 and assumes 100% vesting for the remaining tranches subject to future performance and (iv) the outstanding portions of the 2012, 2013 and 2014 restricted share units. We have assumed that performance shares subject to future performance vest at 100% though we note that performance shares are eligible to vest at up to 200%.

Represents the lesser of the target annual incentive for the year in which termination occurs and the average of the annual incentive awards received by Mr. Villers for the previous three years £271,193 (\$446,249) plus the sum of the highest salary paid during the term of the agreement £308,000 (\$506,814) and the average bonus actually earned during the three years prior to termination £271,193 (\$446,249). In February 2015, following a review of Mr. Villers' service agreement, the Board agreed to increase the cash severance payable to Mr. Villers in connection (7) with a termination without "cause" or for "good reason," in each case, prior to or within two years following a "change in control" of the Company. In particular, Mr. Villers' Change in Control Agreement increases the cash severance payable to Mr. Villers in connection with a qualifying termination during the period prior to or within two years following a change in control from 1-times the sum of the highest salary rate during the term of the agreement and the average bonus actually earned during the three years immediately prior to the year of termination to 2-times such sum.

Represents the acceleration of vesting in connection with a termination without cause or a resignation for good reason in the six months prior to a change in control or the two-year period following a change in control of: (i) the 2012 performance shares based on actual performance for 2012, 2013 and 2014, (ii) the 2013 performance shares (8) earned based on actual performance for 2013 and 2014 and assumes 100% vesting for the remaining tranche subject to future performance, (iii) the 2014 performance shares based on actual performance for 2014 and assumes 100% vesting for the remaining tranches subject to future performance and (iv) the outstanding portions of the 2012, 2013 and 2014 restricted share units. We have assumed that performance shares subject to future performance vest at 100% though we note that performance shares are eligible to vest at up to 200%.

	Mario Vitale		James Few	
	Total Cash Payout	Value of Accelerated Equity Awards	Total Cash Payout	Value of Accelerated Equity Awards
Termination without Cause (or other than for Cause) or for Good Reason	\$1,476,667	(4) \$—	\$2,752,467	(6) \$2,442,322
Death (1)	\$2,454,000	\$3,688,585	\$—	\$—
Disability (2)	\$3,641,040	\$3,688,585	\$—	\$—
Termination without Cause (or other than for Cause) or for Good Reason in connection with a Change in Control (3)	\$1,476,667	(4) \$5,247,235	(5) \$—	\$—

In respect of death, Mr. Vitale is entitled to a portion of the annual bonus he would have been entitled to receive for (1) the year in which the date of death occurs. This amount represents 100% of the bonus potential for 2014.

Mr. Vitale would also be entitled to \$1,500,000 payable pursuant to his supplemental life insurance benefit.

In respect of Mr. Vitale, performance shares that have already met their performance-vesting criteria but have not vested yet would also immediately vest and be issued. For the avoidance of doubt, any performance shares that have not become eligible shares on or before the date of such termination of employment shall be forfeited on such date without consideration. All outstanding restricted share units which are not vested will accelerate and immediately vest.

In respect of disability, Mr. Vitale would be entitled to the pro rated annual bonus based on the actual bonus earned for the year in which the date of termination occurs. This amount represents 100% of his bonus potential for 2014. (2) In addition, Mr. Vitale would be entitled to receive \$2,687,040 in benefits payable pursuant to his supplemental disability benefits. This amount is comprised of three separate policies and includes cover for temporary and permanent total disability benefits as well as catastrophic disability benefits.

The amount of performance share awards that have already met their performance-vesting criteria but have not yet vested yet would vest and be issued. For the avoidance of doubt, any performance shares that have not become eligible shares on or

before the date of such termination of employment shall be forfeited on such date without consideration. All outstanding restricted share units which are not vested will accelerate and immediately vest.

(3) See footnote 4 in prior table.

Represents a lump sum equal to Mr. Vitale's current base salary (\$795,000) and the lesser of the target annual incentive for the year in which termination occurs and the average of the bonus received by Mr. Vitale for the previous three years (\$681,667). In February 2015, following a review of Mr. Vitale's employment agreement, the Board agreed to increase the cash severance payable to Mr. Vitale in connection with a termination without "cause" (4) or for "good reason," in each case, prior to or within two years following a "change in control" of the Company. In particular, Mr. Vitale's Change in Control Agreement increases the cash severance payable to Mr. Vitale in connection with a qualifying termination during the period prior to or within two years following a change in control from 1-times the sum of the highest salary rate during the term of the agreement and the average bonus actually earned during the three years immediately prior to the year of termination to 2-times such sum.

Represents the acceleration of vesting, in connection with a termination without cause or a resignation for good reason in the six months prior to a change in control or the two-year period following a change in control of: (i) the 2012 performance shares based on actual performance for 2012, 2013 and 2014, (ii) the 2013 performance shares earned based on actual performance for 2013 and 2014 and assumes 100% vesting for the remaining tranche (5) subject to future performance, (iii) the 2014 performance shares based on actual performance for 2014 and assumes 100% vesting for the remaining tranches subject to future performance and (iv) the outstanding portions of the 2012, 2013 and 2014 restricted share units. We have assumed that performance shares subject to future performance vest at 100% though we note that performance shares are eligible to vest at up to 200%.

Mr. Few left the Company on September 4, 2014 although he remained on garden leave until March 3, 2015. The amount in the table above represents the amount Mr. Few received or will receive under the terms of his severance agreement, dated October 20, 2014, with Aspen Bermuda. Under the agreement, Mr. Few received his salary and all other contractual benefits (including, but not limited to, housing allowance, private medical insurance, permanent health insurance, personal accident insurance, life assurance, pension contributions, return flights to the U.K. and club memberships) up to March 3, 2015. In addition, Mr. Few received, or will receive, the following: (i) \$1,090,350, such amount being equal to the annual incentive award derived from the Company's annual incentive award funding formula for Mr. Few's role in respect of the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2014 and calculated (6) 50% by reference to the Company's achievement of average return on equity and 50% by reference to the average return on equity of Other Property, Property Catastrophe (including Aspen Capital Markets), Casualty Re and Specialty Re, such amount payable at the same time as annual incentive awards for the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2014 are paid to our executives, (ii) a \$600,000 severance payment calculated in accordance with the service agreement, such amount being Mr. Few's highest salary rate during the term of the service agreement, (iii) \$1,032,117, such amount being the average bonus under the Company's annual incentive plan actually earned by Mr. Few for the fiscal years ending on December 31, 2012, 2013, and 2014, with the average bonus for the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2014 calculated in accordance with (i) above, such amounts reduced by a sum equal to the total salary and bonus payments received by Mr. Few prior to March 3, 2015 and (iii) up to \$30,000 (exclusive of VAT) for reasonable legal fees incurred by Mr. Few in connection with his termination.

Pursuant to his severance agreement with Aspen Bermuda, Mr. Few forfeited the performance shares granted on April 25, 2014. Mr. Few retained his 2012 and 2013 performance shares that have been banked and the portion subject to 2014 testing. All remaining performance shares subject to 2015 and 2016 testing conditions were (7) forfeited. In respect of restricted share units, Mr. Few retained the first tranche of the restricted share units granted to him on April 25, 2014 and which are scheduled to vest on April 25, 2015 and forfeited the remainder of the restricted share units granted in 2014. Mr. Few retained the last tranche of the 2012 restricted share units which vested on February 8, 2015. Mr. Few also retained the second tranche of the 2013 restricted share units which vested on February 11, 2015 and forfeited the last tranche of the 2013 restricted share units.

Non-Employee Director Compensation for 2014

The table below summarizes the compensation paid by the Company to non-employee directors for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014:

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)(1)	Share Awards (\$)(2)	Total (\$)
Liaquat Ahamed (3)	95,000	89,993	184,993
Albert Beer (4)	108,315	89,993	198,308
Richard Bucknall (5)	208,730	89,993	298,723
John Cavoores (6)	100,000	89,993	189,993
Gary Gregg (7)	105,000	89,993	194,993
Heidi Hutter (8)	218,711	89,993	308,704
Gordon Ireland (9)	115,000	89,993	204,993
Glyn Jones (10)	329,100	449,965	779,065
Peter O'Flinn (11)	145,000	89,993	234,993
Bret Pearlman (12)	85,000	89,993	174,993
Ron Pressman (13)	85,000	89,993	174,993

For directors who wish to be paid for their services to the Company in British Pounds rather than U.S. Dollars (for any amounts denominated in U.S. Dollars), such as Messrs. Bucknall and Ireland, such compensation for 2014 was converted into British Pounds at the prevailing rate of exchange between the British Pound and the U.S. Dollar at (1) the time of payment. For fees denominated and paid to directors in British Pounds, such as Mr. Jones for his services as Chairman of the Board or Mr. Bucknall and Ms. Hutter for their services to AMAL and Aspen U.K., for reporting purposes an exchange rate of \$1.6455 to £1 was used for 2014, which is the average rate of exchange for 2014.

(2) Consists of restricted share units. Valuation is based on the grant date fair value of the awards calculated in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, without regard to forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions, which is \$33.11 for the restricted share units granted on February 10, 2014 as reported by the NYSE on the date of grant.

(3) Represents the \$50,000 annual Board fee, \$35,000 attendance fee and \$10,000 for serving as the Chair of the Investment Committee. In respect of the 2,718 restricted share units granted on February 10, 2014, Mr. Ahamed held 454 unvested restricted share units as of December 31, 2014, which vested and settled on February 10, 2015.

(4) Represents the \$50,000 annual Board fee, \$35,000 attendance fee, \$10,000 for serving as a member of the Audit Committee and the pro rata amount of \$30,000 for serving on the board of directors and the audit committee of Aspen Bermuda from July 23, 2014. In respect of the 2,718 restricted share units granted on February 10, 2014, Mr. Beer held 454 unvested restricted share units as of December 31, 2014, which vested and settled on February 10, 2015.

(5) Represents the \$50,000 annual Board fee, \$35,000 attendance fee, \$10,000 for serving as a member of the Audit Committee, \$15,000 for serving as the Chair of the Compensation Committee, £30,000 (\$49,365) annual fee for serving on the board of directors of Aspen U.K. and £30,000 (\$49,365) annual fee for serving on the board of directors of AMAL. In respect of the 2,718 restricted share units granted on February 10, 2014, Mr. Bucknall held 454 unvested restricted share units as of December 31, 2014, which vested and settled on February 10, 2015.

(6) Represents the \$50,000 annual Board fee, \$35,000 attendance fee and \$15,000 attendance fee for serving on the Aspen U.S. Insurance Executive Board, an advisory board to Aspen Insurance's U.S. operations. In respect of the 2,718 restricted share units granted on February 10, 2014, Mr. Cavoores held 454 unvested restricted share units as of December 31, 2014, which vested and settled on February 10, 2015. Mr. Cavoores also held 2,012 vested options as of December 31, 2014. Mr. Cavoores was an employee of the Company through December 31, 2011. During 2014, the Company provided Mr. Cavoores with access to medical insurance, for which he paid the full

cost.

Represents the \$50,000 annual Board fee, \$35,000 attendance fee, \$10,000 for serving as a member of the Audit Committee and \$10,000 attendance fee for serving on the Aspen U.S. Insurance Executive Board, an advisory (7) board to Aspen Insurance's U.S. operations. In respect of the 2,718 share units granted on February 10, 2014, Mr. Gregg held 454 unvested restricted share units as of December 31, 2014, which vested and settled February 10, 2015.

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Represents the \$50,000 annual Board fee, \$35,000 attendance fee, \$10,000 for serving as a member of the Audit Committee, \$15,000 for serving as the Chair of the Risk Committee, the pro rata amount of \$10,000 for serving as Lead Independent Director of the Board from October 29, 2014, £30,000 (\$49,365) annual fee for serving on the (8) board of directors of Aspen U.K. and £35,000 (\$57,593) for serving as Chair of AMAL. In respect of the 2,718 restricted share units granted on February 10, 2014, Ms. Hutter held 454 unvested restricted share units as of December 31, 2014, which vested and settled on February 10, 2015. Ms. Hutter also held 4,435 vested options as of December 31, 2014.

Represents the \$50,000 annual Board fee, \$35,000 attendance fee and \$30,000 for serving as Chair of the Audit (9) Committee. In respect of the 2,718 restricted share units granted on February 10, 2014, Mr. Ireland held 454 unvested restricted share units as of December 31, 2014, which vested and settled on February 10, 2015.

Represents Mr. Jones' annual fee of £200,000 (\$329,100), of which £20,712 (\$34,082) was the pro rata amount for serving as chair of Aspen U.K. until May 6, 2014. In respect of the 13,590 restricted share units granted on (10) February 10, 2014, Mr. Jones held 2,266 unvested restricted share units as of December 31, 2014, which vested and settled on February 10, 2015. During 2014, the Company provided Mr. Jones with access to private medical insurance, for which Mr. Jones paid the full cost.

Represents the \$50,000 annual Board fee, \$35,000 attendance fee, \$10,000 for serving as a member of the Audit Committee, \$10,000 for serving as the Chair of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, \$30,000 (11) for serving on the board of directors of Aspen Bermuda and \$10,000 for serving as the Chair of the audit committee of Aspen Bermuda. In respect of the 2,718 restricted share units granted on February 10, 2014, Mr. O'Flinn held 454 unvested restricted share units as of December 31, 2014, which vested and settled on February 10, 2015.

Represents the \$50,000 annual Board fee and \$35,000 attendance fee. In respect of the 2,718 restricted share units (12) granted on February 10, 2014, Mr. Pearlman held 454 unvested restricted share units as of December 31, 2014, which vested and settled on February 10, 2015.

Represents the \$50,000 annual Board fee and \$35,000 attendance fee. In respect of the 2,718 restricted share units (13) granted on February 10, 2014, Mr. Pressman held 454 unvested restricted share units as of December 31, 2014, which vested and settled on February 10, 2015.

Summary of Non-Employee Director Compensation

Cash Fees. The compensation of non-employee directors is benchmarked against peer companies and companies listed on the FTSE 250, taking into account complexity, time commitment and committee duties. For 2014, the annual director fee was \$50,000, plus a fee of \$5,000 for each formal Board meeting or a gathering of the Board where in-person attendance is expected (or single group of Board and/or committee meetings) attended by the director. Mr. Jones, our Chairman, received an annual fee of £200,000 (\$329,100) in 2014, of which £20,712 (\$34,082) was the pro rata amount for his service as Chair of Aspen U.K. until May 6, 2014. Directors who are executive officers of the Company are not paid additional compensation for serving as directors.

For 2014, the fees for Committee Chairs were as follows:

▲ Audit Committee Chair — \$30,000

● Compensation Committee Chair — \$15,000

● Risk Committee Chair — \$15,000

● Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee Chair — \$10,000

▲ Investment Committee Chair — \$10,000

Members of the Audit Committee (other than the Chair of the Audit Committee) also receive an additional \$10,000 per annum for service on that Committee.

In addition, the Lead Independent Director receives \$25,000 per annum, inclusive of all other fees received in connection with chairing any of our Committees.

Mr. Bucknall and Ms. Hutter, who were also members of the board of directors of Aspen U.K., received an annual fee of £30,000 (\$49,365) per annum for such service. The annual fee for serving on the board of Aspen U.K. increased from £20,000 (\$32,910) to £30,000 (\$49,365) effective May 23, 2013. Effective March 15, 2012, the fees for serving

on the board of directors of AMAL increased from £25,000 (\$41,138) to £30,000 (\$49,365) for Mr. Bucknall and from £30,000 (\$49,365) to £35,000 (\$57,593) for Ms. Hutter who also acts as the Chair of AMAL. For her service as Lead Independent Director, Ms. Hutter also received the pro rata amount of \$10,000 (such amount being the \$25,000 per annum fee for her service as Lead Independent

Director less the \$15,000 per annum fee for her service as Chair of the Risk Committee) from October 29, 2014. Mr. O'Flinn received \$30,000 for serving on the board of directors of Aspen Bermuda and \$10,000 for serving as the Chair of Aspen Bermuda's audit committee. Mr. Beer received the pro rata fee of \$30,000 for serving on the board of directors of Aspen Bermuda from July 23, 2014. In addition, Mr. Cavoeres and Mr. Gregg received \$15,000 and \$10,000, respectively, for their attendance on the Aspen U.S. Insurance Executive Board, an advisory board to Aspen Insurance's U.S. operations, consisting of \$5,000 for every meeting they attended.

Equity Awards. Directors who are not employees of the Company, other than the Chairman, are entitled to an annual grant of \$100,000 (calculated based on the closing share price on the date of grant) in restricted share units. On February 6, 2015, the Board approved an increase in grant to \$125,000 in restricted share units (calculated based on the closing share price on the date of grant of February 9, 2015). Subject to the director remaining on the Board, one-twelfth (1/12) of the restricted share units are eligible to vest on each one month anniversary of the date of grant, with 100% of the restricted share units becoming vested on the first anniversary of the grant date. A portion of the shares that is eligible to vest following the final vesting date in the calendar year of the date of grant is delivered as soon as practicable thereafter and the remaining shares under the restricted share units are delivered on the first anniversary of the grant date. If a director leaves the Board for any reason other than "cause" (as defined in the award agreement), then the director would receive the shares under the restricted share units that had vested through the date the director leaves the Board.

Mr. Jones, our Chairman, received a grant of \$500,000 (calculated based on the closing share price on the date of grant) in restricted share units for 2014. The Chairman is entitled to an annual grant of restricted share units of \$500,000, although the Board retains the right to vary the yearly grant of restricted share units to the Chairman depending on market conditions, time commitment and performance of the Company. However, in no event will the Chairman receive a grant of less than \$200,000 in restricted share units. On February 6, 2015, the Board approved an increase in grant to \$550,000 in restricted share units (calculated on the closing share price on the date of grant of February 9, 2015).

Non-Employee Director Share Ownership Guidelines. On July 24, 2013, the Board approved share ownership guidelines for the non-employee directors of the Company. These guidelines require all non-employee directors to own Company shares equivalent to the market value of four (4) times their respective annual retainers (currently \$50,000 per annum). In respect of the Chairman, the shareholding requirement is the equivalent to the market value of four (4) times his annual fee. Non-employee directors may not sell Company shares until they have reached the required holding. Once non-employee directors have achieved the required holding they are expected to maintain a shareholding at this level at all times.

Compensation Policies and Risk

Our compensation program, which applies to all employees including executive officers, is designed to provide competitive levels of reward that are responsive to group and individual performance but do not incentivize risk taking that is reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

In reaching our conclusion that our compensation practices do not incentivize risk taking that is reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company, we examined the various elements of our compensation programs and policies and our risk mitigation controls. The main risks we identified within our compensation program are (i) the risk that management deliberately sponsors excessive risk taking in order to influence one or more of the performance metrics which determine, or may determine, the value of one or more components of their performance related compensation and (ii) the risk that individual underwriters (or underwriting teams) seek to increase their underwriting results by taking excessive risks with the intention of increasing the value of their performance-related compensation. We believe the most important mitigating factor for these risks is our risk culture which is characterized by a top-down commitment to a disciplined process for the identification, measurement, management and reporting of risks. For example, as a company which provides catastrophe cover, one of the risks we face is having excessive natural catastrophe exposure, which if not managed would create a high return on equity in a low catastrophe year and capital impairment in a year where excess catastrophe occurs. We manage this risk by having natural catastrophe tolerances approved by the Board as part of our annual business plan. Adherence to these limits is independently monitored and reported quarterly by the Chief Risk Officer to management with any breaches of set tolerances

reported to the Risk Committee. Another example of risk mitigation controls relates to reserve adequacy. We manage this risk by restricting any proposals for reserve releases to the actuarial reserving team, which is independent of underwriting. Proposals for reserve releases are only recommended by the Reserve Committee if the actuarial reserving team deems such proposal appropriate. The Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer review the recommendations of the Reserve Committee. In addition, all reserve releases are subject to a quarterly review by the Audit Committee who may scrutinize and challenge these decisions. Another example of a risk mitigation control relates to our process for making bonus determinations. In addition to reviewing performance data, the Chief Executive Officer takes into consideration risk data, including internal audit reviews, underwriting reviews and reports of compliance breaches. If there is evidence of a material breach of our risk controls which has exposed us to excessive risks, it is likely that such individual would be adversely impacted in his or her compensation.

Bonus determinations also include an evaluation of behavioral competencies and any deficiencies in an individual's behavioral competencies would likely adversely impact their bonus.

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Compensation Committee Report

The following report is not deemed to be “soliciting material” or “filed” with the SEC or subject to Regulation 14A or the liabilities of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), and the report shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing by the Company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), or the Exchange Act.

Our Compensation Committee has reviewed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis required by Item 402(b) of Regulation S-K under the Exchange Act with the Company’s management. Based on the review and discussions with management, the Compensation Committee recommended to the Board that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in the Company’s Proxy Statement.

Compensation Committee

Richard Bucknall (Chair)

Gary Gregg

Bret Pearlman

Ronald Pressman

March 11, 2015

Audit Committee Report

The following report is not deemed to be “soliciting material” or to be “filed” with the SEC or subject to Regulation 14A or to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, and the report shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any prior or subsequent filing by the Company under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act.

This report is furnished by the Audit Committee of the Board with respect to the Company’s financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014. The Audit Committee held five meetings in 2014.

The Audit Committee has established a Charter which outlines its primary duties and responsibilities. The Audit Committee Charter, which has been approved by the Board, is reviewed at least annually and is updated as necessary. The Company’s management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of complete and accurate financial statements. The Company’s independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, KPMG Audit Plc, is responsible for performing an independent audit of the Company’s financial statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and for issuing a report on their audit.

In performing its oversight role in connection with the audit of the Company’s financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, the Audit Committee has: (1) reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements with management; (2) reviewed and discussed with the independent registered public accounting firm the matters required by the statement on Auditing Standards No. 61, as amended and as adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board; and (3) received the written disclosures and the letter from the independent registered public accounting firm required by applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding the independent registered public accounting firm’s communications with the Audit Committee concerning independence, and has discussed with the independent registered public accounting firm the independent registered public accounting firm’s independence. Based on these reviews and discussions, the Audit Committee has determined that its independent registered public accounting firm is independent and has recommended to the Board that the audited financial statements be included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 for filing with the SEC and for presentation to the Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

Audit Committee

Gordon Ireland (Chair)

Albert Beer

Richard Bucknall

Gary Gregg

Heidi Hutter

Peter O’Flinn

March 11, 2015

Policy on Shareholder Proposals for Director Candidates and Evaluation of Director Candidates

The Board has adopted policies and procedures relating to director nominations and Shareholder proposals, and evaluations of director candidates.

Submission of Shareholder Proposals. Shareholder proposals to be included in the Company's proxy materials will be considered only if received no later than the 120th calendar day before the first anniversary of the date of the Company's proxy statement in connection with the previous year's annual general meeting and comply with the requirements of Rule 14a-8 of the Exchange Act. The Company can exclude a proposal if it has failed one of the eligibility or procedural requirements of Rule 14a-8. Accordingly, the Company may exclude such Shareholder proposals even if received in a timely manner.

If Shareholders wish to nominate their own candidates for director on their own separate slate (as opposed to recommending candidates to be nominated by the Company in the Company's proxy), Shareholder nominations for directors at the annual general meeting of Shareholders must be received by the Company at least ninety (90) calendar days before the annual general meeting of Shareholders.

A Shareholder who wishes to recommend a person or persons for consideration as a Company nominee for election to the Board should send a written notice by mail, c/o Company Secretary, Aspen Insurance Holdings Limited, 141 Front Street, Hamilton HM19, Bermuda, or by fax to 1 (441) 295-1829 and include the following information:

- the name of each person recommended by the Shareholder(s) to be considered as a nominee;
- the name(s) and address(es) of the Shareholder(s) making the nomination, the number of ordinary shares which are owned beneficially and of record by such Shareholder(s) and the period for which such ordinary shares have been held;
- a description of the relationship between the nominating Shareholder(s) and each nominee;
- biographical information regarding such nominee, including the person's employment and other relevant experience and a statement as to the qualifications of the nominee;
- a business address and telephone number for each nominee (an e-mail address may also be included); and
- the written consent to nomination and to serving as a director, if elected, of the recommended nominee.

In connection with the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee's evaluation of director nominees, the Company may request that the nominee complete a Directors' and Officers' Questionnaire regarding such nominee's independence, related parties transactions, and other relevant information required to be disclosed by the Company.

Minimum Qualifications for Director Nominees. A nominee recommended for a position on the Board must meet the following minimum qualifications:

- have the highest standards of personal and professional integrity;
- have exhibited mature judgment through significant accomplishments in his or her chosen field of expertise;
- have a well-developed career history with specializations and skills that are relevant to understanding and benefiting the Company;
- be able to allocate sufficient time and energy to director duties, including preparation for meetings and attendance at meetings;
- be able to read and understand financial statements to an appropriate level for the exercise of his or her duties; and
- be familiar with, and willing to assume, the duties of a director on the board of directors of a public company.

Process for Evaluation of Director Nominees. The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee has the authority and responsibility to lead the search for individuals qualified to become members of the Board to the extent necessary to fill vacancies on the Board or as otherwise desired by the Board. The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee will identify, evaluate and recommend that the Board select director nominees for Shareholder approval at the applicable annual meetings based on minimum qualifications and additional criteria that the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee deems necessary, as well as the diversity and other needs of the Board. As vacancies arise, the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee looks at the overall Board and assesses the need for specific qualifications and experience needed to enhance the composition and diversify the viewpoints and contribution to the Board. For example, the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee may determine that members of the Board should have diverse experiences, skills and perspectives as well as knowledge in the areas of the Company's activities.

The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee may in its discretion engage a third-party search firm and other advisors to identify potential nominees for director. The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee may also identify potential director

nominees through director and management recommendations, business, insurance industry and other contacts, as well as through Shareholder nominations.

Certain additional criteria for consideration of a director nominee may include, but are not limited to, the following as the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee sees fit:

- the nominee's qualifications and accomplishments and whether they complement the Board's existing strengths;
- the nominee's leadership, strategic, or policy setting experience;
- the nominee's experience and expertise relevant to the Company's insurance and reinsurance business, including any actuarial or underwriting expertise, or other specialized skills;
- the nominee's independence qualifications, as defined by NYSE listing standards;
- the nominee's actual or potential conflict of interest, or the appearance of any conflict of interest, with the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders;
- the nominee's ability to represent the interests of all Shareholders of the Company; and
- the nominee's financial literacy, accounting or related financial management expertise as defined by NYSE listing standards, or qualifications as an audit committee financial expert, as defined by SEC rules and regulations.

Communications to the Board of Directors

The Board provides a process for Shareholders and interested parties to send communications to the Board or any of the directors. Shareholders may send written communications to the Board or any one or more of the individual directors, including non-management directors, by mail, c/o Company Secretary, Aspen Insurance Holdings Limited, 141 Front Street, Hamilton HM19, Bermuda, or by fax to 1 (441) 295-1829. All communications will be referred to the Board or relevant directors.

Board of Directors Policy on Directors' Attendance at Annual General Meetings

Directors are expected to attend the Company's annual general meeting of Shareholders.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

The Company is required to comply with the provisions of Section 16 of the Exchange Act relating to the reporting of securities transactions and the recovery of "short-swing" profits from the purchase or sale of Company securities by certain persons.

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our directors and executive officers, and persons who own more than 10% of the Company's ordinary shares, to file with the SEC initial reports of beneficial ownership and reports of changes in beneficial ownership of our equity securities. Such persons are also required by SEC regulation to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) reports they file. To our knowledge, based solely on a review of the copies of such reports furnished to us and representations that no other reports were required, we believe that all persons subject to the reporting requirements of Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act filed the required reports on a timely basis since the Company's status as a domestic issuer began on January 1, 2013.

Other Matters

As of the date of this Proxy Statement, the Board knows of no matters that will be presented for consideration at the Annual General Meeting other than as described in this Proxy Statement. If any other matters shall properly come before the Annual General Meeting and shall be voted on, the proxy holders will be deemed to confer discretionary authority on the individuals named as proxies therein to vote the shares represented by such proxies as to any of those matters. The persons named as proxies intend to vote in accordance with the recommendation of the Board or otherwise in their best judgment.

Submission of Shareholder Proposals for 2016

To be considered for inclusion in the proxy statement relating to the 2016 annual general meeting of Shareholders, Shareholder proposals must be received by the Company at its registered office located at 141 Front Street, Hamilton HM19, Bermuda, addressed to the Company Secretary, no later than November 11, 2015. If we change the date of the 2016 annual general meeting of Shareholders by more than thirty (30) days from the date of this year's Annual General Meeting, we will provide a revised deadline for such Shareholder proposals in one of our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q to be filed with the SEC. Such proposals must comply with the requirements of Rule 14a-8 of the Exchange Act.

Any notice for a director nomination shall include the information set forth under “Policy on Shareholder Proposals for Director Candidates and Evaluation of Director Candidates — Submission of Shareholder Proposals” above.

In addition, a Shareholder may introduce a proposal at the 2016 annual general meeting of Shareholders other than pursuant to Rule 14a-8 of the Exchange Act. Any such proposal must be received by the Company Secretary at Aspen Insurance Holdings Limited, 141 Front Street, Hamilton HM19, Bermuda by January 25, 2016 as required by Rule 14a-4(c)(1) of the Exchange Act and will not be included in our proxy statement relating to the 2016 annual general meeting. If any such proposal is not so received, such proposal will be deemed untimely and, therefore, the persons appointed by the Board as its proxies will have the right to exercise discretionary voting authority with respect to such proposal.

Householding

Unless we have received contrary instructions, we may send a single copy of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the Proxy Statement to multiple Shareholders who share the same address and who own the Company's ordinary shares through a bank, broker or other nominee. This process, known as householding, reduces the environmental impact of the Annual General Meeting and reduces our postage and printing costs. If a bank, broker or other nominee holds your ordinary shares, please contact your bank, broker or other nominee directly if you wish to discontinue householding.

Annual Report on Form 10-K

We filed an Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 with the SEC on February 23, 2015. Shareholders may obtain a copy of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, free of charge, by writing to Investor Relations, c/o Aspen Insurance U.S., 590 Madison Avenue, 7th Floor, New York, NY 10022, USA.

BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP

The following table sets forth information as of February 23, 2015 (including, in this table only, options that would be exercisable by April 23, 2015) regarding beneficial ownership of ordinary shares and the applicable voting rights attached to such share ownership in accordance with our Bye-Laws by:

- each person known by us to beneficially own approximately 5% or more of our outstanding ordinary shares;
- each of our directors;
- each of our named executive officers; and
- all of our executive officers and directors as a group.

As of February 23, 2015, 62,249,298 ordinary shares were outstanding.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner(1)	Number of Ordinary Shares (2)	Percentage of Ordinary Shares Outstanding (2)
The Vanguard Group (3) 100 Vanguard Boulevard Malvern, PA 19355 U.S.A.	4,482,637	7.20%
BlackRock, Inc. (4) 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10022 U.S.A.	4,044,470	6.50%
Dimensional Fund Advisors LP (5) Palisades West, Building One 6300 Bee Cave Road, Austin, TX 78746 U.S.A.	4,025,716	6.47%
FMR LLC (6) 245 Summer Street Boston, MA 02210 U.S.A.	3,281,806	5.27%
AllianceBernstein L.P. (7) 1345 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10105 U.S.A.	3,178,028	5.10%
Glyn Jones (8)	105,589	*
Christopher O'Kane (9)	309,155	*
Scott Kirk (10)	4,854	*
John Worth (11)	5,457	*
Brian Boornazian (12)	9,713	*
Rupert Villers (13)	71,409	*
Mario Vitale (14)	26,902	*
James Few (15)	28,070	*
Liaquat Ahamed (16)	21,945	*
Albert Beer (17)	12,440	*
Richard Bucknall (18)	28,098	*
John Cavoores (19)	20,617	*
Gary Gregg (20)	10,128	*
Heidi Hutter (21)	64,316	*
Gordon Ireland (22)	5,555	*
Peter O'Flinn (23)	19,185	*
Bret Pearlman (24)	4,167	*
Ronald Pressman (25)	9,839	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (24 persons) (26)	838,133	1.35%

*Less than 1%

(1)

Unless otherwise stated, the address for each director and officer is c/o Aspen Insurance Holdings Limited, 141 Front Street, Hamilton HM 19, Bermuda.

- Represents the outstanding ordinary shares as at February 23, 2015, except for unaffiliated Shareholders whose information is disclosed as of the dates of their Schedule 13G noted in their respective footnotes. With respect to our directors and executive officers, includes ordinary shares that may be acquired within 60 days of February 23, 2015 upon (i) the exercise of vested options and (ii) awards issuable for ordinary shares, in each case, held only by such person. The percentage of ordinary shares outstanding reflects the amount outstanding as at February 23, 2015. However, the beneficial ownership for non-affiliates is as of the earlier dates referenced in their respective notes below. Accordingly, the percentage ownership may have changed following such Schedule 13G filings.
- (2)

Our Bye-Laws generally provide for voting adjustments in certain circumstances.

(3) As filed with the SEC on Schedule 13G on February 10, 2015 by The Vanguard Group, Inc.

(4) As filed with the SEC on Schedule 13G on January 29, 2015 by Blackrock, Inc.

(5) As filed with the SEC on Schedule 13G on February 5, 2015 by Dimension Fund Advisors LP.

(6) As filed with the SEC on Schedule 13G on February 13, 2015 by FMR LLC.

(7) As filed with the SEC on Schedule 13G on February 12, 2015 by AllianceBernstein L.P.

Represents 105,589 ordinary shares held by Mr. Jones. This amount does not include the grant of 12,154 restricted (8) share units granted on February 9, 2015 of which 10/12th are issuable on December 31, 2015 and the remaining 2/12th are issuable on the one year anniversary of the grant date.

(9) Includes 221,436 ordinary shares and 87,719 ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of vested options held by Mr. O'Kane.

(10) Represents 4,854 ordinary shares held by Mr. Kirk.

(11) Represents 5,457 ordinary shares held by Mr. Worth as of December 5, 2014, the last date on which Mr. Worth served as our Chief Financial Officer.

(12) Represents 9,483 ordinary shares held by Mr. Boornazian and 230 ordinary shares to be purchased by Mr. Boornazian under the Employee Share Purchase Plan.

(13) Represents 71,409 ordinary shares held by Mr. Villers.

(14) Represents 26,902 ordinary shares held by Mr. Vitale.

(15) Represents 28,070 ordinary shares held by Mr. Few, who ceased serving as Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Re and Aspen Bermuda on September 4, 2014, although he remained on garden leave until March 3, 2015.

Represents 21,945 ordinary shares held by Mr. Ahamed. This amount does not include the grant of 2,762 (16) restricted share units granted on February 9, 2015 of which 10/12th are issuable on December 31, 2015 and the remaining 2/12th are issuable on the one year anniversary of the grant date.

Represents 12,440 ordinary shares held by Mr. Beer. This amount does not include the grant of 2,762 restricted (17) share units granted on February 9, 2015 of which 10/12th are issuable on December 31, 2015 and the remaining 2/12th are issuable on the one year anniversary of the grant date.

Represents 28,098 ordinary shares held by Mr. Bucknall. This amount does not include the grant of 2,762 (18) restricted share units granted on February 9, 2015 of which 10/12th are issuable on December 31, 2015 and the remaining 2/12th are issuable on the one year anniversary of the grant date.

Represents 18,605 ordinary shares and 2,012 ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of vested options held by (19) Mr. Cavoeres. This amount does not include the grant of 2,762 restricted share units granted on February 9, 2015 of which 10/12th are issuable on December 31, 2015 and the remaining 2/12th are issuable on the one year anniversary of the grant date.

Represents 10,128 ordinary shares held by Mr. Gregg, 5,300 of which were purchased. This amount does not (20) include the grant of 2,762 restricted share units granted on February 9, 2015 of which 10/12th are issuable on December 31, 2015 and the remaining 2/12th are issuable on the one year anniversary of the grant date.

Represents 42,499 ordinary shares held by Ms. Hutter. As Chief Executive Officer of The Black Diamond Group, (21) LLC, Ms. Hutter has shared voting and investment power over the 17,382 ordinary shares beneficially owned by The Black Diamond Group, LLC. The business address of Ms. Hutter is c/o Black Diamond Group, 515 Congress Avenue,

Suite 2220, Austin, Texas 78701. Ms. Hutter also holds vested options exercisable for 4,435 ordinary shares. This amount does not include the grant of 2,762 restricted share units granted on February 9, 2015 of which 10/12th are issuable on December 31, 2015 and the remaining 2/12th are issuable on the one year anniversary of the grant date.

Represents 5,555 ordinary shares held by Mr. Ireland. This amount does not include the grant of 2,762 restricted (22) share units granted on February 9, 2015 of which 10/12th are issuable on December 31, 2015 and the remaining 2/12th are issuable on the one year anniversary of the grant date.

Represents 19,185 ordinary shares held by Mr. O'Flinn. This amount does not include the grant of 2,762 restricted (23) share units granted on February 9, 2015 of which 10/12th are issuable on December 31, 2015 and the remaining 2/12th are issuable on the one year anniversary of the grant date.

Represents 4,167 ordinary shares held by Mr. Pearlman. This amount does not include the grant of 2,762 (24) restricted share units granted on February 9, 2015 of which 10/12th are issuable on December 31, 2015 and the remaining 2/12th are issuable on the one year anniversary of the grant date.

Represents 9,839 ordinary shares held by Mr. Pressman. This amount does not include the grant of 2,762 (25) restricted share units granted on February 9, 2015 of which 10/12th are issuable on December 31, 2015 and the remaining 2/12th are issuable on the one year anniversary of the grant date.

Does not include Mr. Few, who ceased serving as Chief Executive Officer of Aspen Re and Aspen Bermuda on (26) September 4, 2014 although he remained on garden leave until March 3, 2015, or Mr. Worth, who ceased serving as Chief Financial Officer on December 5, 2014.

PROPOSAL FOR ELECTION OF CLASS II DIRECTORS

(Proposal No. 1)

Proposal No. 1 calls for a vote FOR the re-election of Messrs. Glyn Jones, Gary Gregg and Bret Pearlman as Class II directors of the Company at the Annual General Meeting. If elected, each Class II director will serve until the Company's Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in 2018. The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee recommended all of the nominees to our Board for re-election at the Annual General Meeting.

Biographical information relating to the directors under Proposal No. 1 is presented in this Proxy Statement under "Management – Board of Directors of the Company."

Votes Required

Proposal No. 1 requires approval by the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of the votes cast at the Annual General Meeting, subject to our Bye-Laws 63 to 67.

**THE BOARD RECOMMENDS VOTING "FOR" THE RE-ELECTION
OF NOMINEES AS CLASS II DIRECTORS**

**NON-BINDING ADVISORY VOTE ON COMPENSATION
OF THE COMPANY'S NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICERS**

(Proposal No. 2)

Proposal No. 2 calls for a non-binding, advisory vote FOR the compensation of the Company's named executive officers as disclosed in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis and accompanying tables and narratives disclosed in this Proxy Statement.

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act contains a requirement that certain public companies provide a non-binding Shareholder vote to approve executive compensation. This proposal, commonly known as a "Say-on-Pay" proposal, gives the Company's Shareholders the opportunity to endorse or not endorse the Company's executive pay program. This is an advisory vote and, as such, is not binding on the Company, the Board or the Compensation Committee. However, the Board will take the results of the vote into account when considering future executive compensation arrangements.

As discussed in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section of this Proxy Statement, we believe that our compensation policies continue to emphasize aligning our executives' pay with our performance. At our 2014 Annual General Meeting, our Say-on-Pay vote received overwhelming support with approximately 94% Shareholder vote in favor of our executive compensation program. Our Compensation Committee decided to retain the core design of our executive compensation program, as it believes our current compensation program design continues to properly reward our executives for their performance, motivate them to work towards achieving our long-term objectives, and strengthens the alignment of their interests with those of our Shareholders.

In 2014, we achieved an operating return on equity of 11.5% and a growth in diluted BVPS, after adding back dividends, of 13.3%, which we believe is a strong result in light of market conditions in the insurance industry and the continued interest rate environment. Moreover, we made progress with regards to our strategic objectives in the midst of a defense against an unsolicited approach for an inadequate offer, as well as enhancing and building our insurance platform. Our key compensation outcomes reflected this performance and were consistent with our pay for performance philosophy. We encourage a performance-based culture throughout the Company, and at senior levels we have developed an approach to compensation that aligns our executives's compensation with his or her performance and contribution to the results of the Company. As discussed in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section of this Proxy Statement, we believe that the three elements of total direct compensation (namely, base salary, annual bonus and long-term incentive awards) should be balanced such that each executive has the appropriate amount of pay that is performance contingent and longer-term. In 2014, a majority of our NEOs' pay was delivered through performance-based compensation with a significant portion realized over more than one year. We encourage you to read the Compensation Discussion and Analysis and accompanying tables and narratives in this Proxy Statement for a detailed discussion of our executive compensation program. Accordingly, we ask our Shareholders to vote on the following resolution at the Annual General Meeting:

"RESOLVED, that the compensation paid to the Company's named executive officers, as disclosed pursuant to Item 402 of Regulation S-K, including the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, compensation tables and narrative discussion, is hereby APPROVED."

Votes Required

Proposal No. 2 requires approval by the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of the votes cast at the Annual General Meeting, subject to our Bye-Laws 63 to 67.

**THE BOARD RECOMMENDS A VOTE "FOR" THE APPROVAL OF THE COMPENSATION OF
THE COMPANY'S NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AS DISCLOSED IN THE COMPENSATION
DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, COMPENSATION TABLES AND NARRATIVE DISCUSSION
CONTAINED IN THIS PROXY STATEMENT**

APPOINTMENT OF THE COMPANY'S INDEPENDENT
REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM AND AUDITOR

(Proposal No. 3)

Proposal No. 3 calls for a vote FOR the appointment of KPMG LLP ("KPMG") as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm and auditor for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2015 and to authorize the Board through the Audit Committee to set the remuneration for the independent registered public accounting firm. On February 5, 2015, the Audit Committee selected, subject to appointment by the Company's Shareholders, KPMG to serve as independent registered public accounting firm and auditor for the Company and its subsidiaries for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2015.

A representative of KPMG and KPMG Audit Plc ("KPMG Audit"), the Company's independent registered public accounting firm and auditor for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2014, is expected to be present at the Annual General Meeting. The representative will have the opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so and are expected to be available to respond to appropriate questions.

Fees Billed to the Company by KPMG Audit

The following table represents aggregate fees billed to the Company for fiscal years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 by KPMG Audit and its associates.

	Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2014	Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2013
	(\$ in millions)	
Audit Fees (a)	\$2.87	\$3.20
Audit-Related Fees (b)	0.09	0.10
Tax Fees (c)	—	0.01
All Other Fees (d)	0.07	0.19
Total Fees	\$3.03	\$3.50

Audit fees related to the audit of the Company's financial statements for the twelve months ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, the review of the financial statements included in our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q during 2014 (a) and 2013, the issuance of comfort letters in connection with securities offerings and for services that are normally provided by KPMG Audit in connection with statutory and regulatory filings for the relevant fiscal years and Sarbanes-Oxley Section 404 attestation services.

(b) Audit-related fees are fees related to assurance and related services for the performance of the audit or review of the Company's financial statements (other than the audit fees disclosed above).

(c) Tax fees are fees related to tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning services.

(d) All other fees relate to fees billed to the Company by KPMG Audit for non-audit services rendered to the Company in connection with S-Ox training to certain employees of the Company, claims advisory work and an audit of the 401k Plan of Aspen Specialty Insurance Company, a subsidiary of the Company.

The policy of the Audit Committee is to approve all audit and permissible non-audit services to be provided by the independent registered public accounting firm during the year. The Audit Committee considered whether the provision of the non-audit services by KPMG Audit was compatible with maintaining KPMG Audit's independence with respect to the Company and determined that the provision of the specified services was consistent with and compatible with KPMG Audit maintaining its independence. The Audit Committee approved all (100%) of the services provided by KPMG Audit for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Change of Independent Public Accountants

As reported on the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated February 5, 2015, KPMG Audit, the Company's independent registered public accounting firm and auditor for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2014, informed the

Audit Committee and the Board that due to a reorganization of KPMG's U.K. operations, KPMG in the U.K. instigated an orderly wind down of the business of KPMG Audit and requested a transfer of the Company's audit to KPMG. Accordingly, KPMG Audit has declined to stand for re-election as the Company's independent registered public accountant at the Annual General Meeting and the Audit Committee approved a decision to put to Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting the appointment of KPMG as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm to perform independent audit services for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2015.

The reports of KPMG Audit on the Company's consolidated financial statements for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 did not contain any adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion, and were not qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope or accounting principle. The audit reports of KPMG Audit on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 did not contain any adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion, nor were they qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope, or accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

During the Company's two most recently audited fiscal years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 and during the subsequent interim reporting periods through March 11, 2015 (i) there were no disagreements (as that term is defined in Item 304(a)(1)(iv) of Regulation S-K and the related instructions) between the Company and KPMG Audit on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure, which, if not resolved to the satisfaction of KPMG Audit would have caused KPMG Audit to make reference to the subject matter of the disagreement in connection with its reports on the Company's consolidated financial statements for such years, and (ii) there were no "reportable events" (as that term is defined in Item 304(a)(1)(v) of Regulation S-K).

Votes Required

Proposal No. 3 requires approval by the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of the votes cast at the Annual General Meeting, subject to our Bye-Laws 63 to 67.

**THE BOARD RECOMMENDS VOTING "FOR" THE APPOINTMENT OF
KPMG AS THE COMPANY'S INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC
ACCOUNTING FIRM AND AUDITOR AND TO AUTHORIZE THE BOARD THROUGH
THE AUDIT COMMITTEE TO SET THE REMUNERATION FOR KPMG.**

Neither the Board nor management intends to bring before the meeting any business other than the matters referred to in the Notice of Annual General Meeting of Shareholders and this Proxy Statement. If any other business should come properly before the meeting, or any adjournment thereof, the proxyholders will vote on such matters according to their best judgment.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

Patricia Roufca
Company Secretary
Hamilton, Bermuda
March 11, 2015
* * * * *

The Annual Report on Form 10-K, including audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, has been posted on the "Investor Relations" page of our website at <http://www.aspen.co>. The Annual Report does not form any part of the material for the solicitation of proxies. Certain additional information relating to the Company may be found in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. Upon written request of a Shareholder, the Company will furnish, without charge, a copy of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the SEC. If you would like a copy of the Annual Report on Form 10-K, please contact Aspen Insurance U.S., 590 Madison Avenue, 7th Floor, New York, NY 10001, Attn: Senior Vice President, Investor Relations. In addition, financial reports and recent filings with the SEC, including the Annual Report on Form 10-K, are available on the Internet at <http://www.sec.gov>. Company information is also available on the Internet at <http://www.aspen.co>.

APPENDIX A

Reconciliation of Non-U.S. GAAP Financial Measures

Adjusted diluted book value per ordinary share, a non-U.S. GAAP measure, is calculated by adding back ordinary dividends to shareholders' equity at the end of the year. We believe that adding back ordinary dividends provides a more consistent and useful measurement of total shareholder value, which supplements U.S. GAAP information. In accordance with the performance testing in relation to our performance share awards, we have excluded other comprehensive income from both the opening and closing balance and excluded the bid defense costs we incurred in connection with the unsolicited approach by Endurance Specialty Holdings Ltd. in 2014. The reconciliations are provided below.

	As at December 31, 2014	As at December 31, 2013
	(\$ in millions, except for share amounts)	
Total shareholders' equity	\$3,419.3	\$3,299.6
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of taxes	(234.3) (219.1
Preference shares less issue expenses	(555.8) (555.8
Non-controlling interest	(0.5) 0.3
Ordinary dividends	50.3	47.8
Adjusted total shareholders' equity	\$2,679.0	\$2,572.8
Ordinary shares	62,017,368	65,546,976
Diluted ordinary shares	63,448,319	67,089,572

	As at December 31, 2014	As at December 31, 2013
	(\$ in millions)	
Total shareholders' equity	\$3,419.3	\$3,299.6
Non-controlling interest	(0.5) 0.3
Average preference shares	(555.8) (541.0
Average adjustment	11.6	22.5
Average Equity	\$2,874.6	\$2,781.4

Average equity, a non-U.S. GAAP financial measure, is calculated by the arithmetic average on a monthly basis for the stated periods excluding (i) preference shares, (ii) after-tax unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments and (iii) the average after-tax unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses. Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments is primarily the result of interest rate movements and the resultant impact on fixed income securities, and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on foreign exchange is the result of exchange rate movements between the U.S. Dollar and the British Pound. Therefore, we believe that excluding these unrealized appreciations (depreciations) provides a more consistent and useful measurement of operating performance, which supplements U.S. GAAP information.

	As at December 31, 2014	As at December 31, 2013
	(\$ in millions)	
Net income after tax	\$355.8	\$329.3
Add (deduct) after tax income:		
Net realized and unrealized investment (gains)	(31.2) (35.7
Net realized and unrealized exchange losses	(4.9) 9.0
Changes to the fair value of derivatives	17.3	1.6
Costs associated with defending the unsolicited approach from Endurance	28.5	—

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Other non-recurring items	3.2	(0.4)
Tax on non-operating income	(0.2)	0.5
Operating income after tax	\$368.5	\$304.3	

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