TRUMP HOTELS & CASINO RESORTS INC Form 10-Q August 14, 2003 Table of Contents

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: June 30, 2003

OR

• TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission file number: 1-13794

TRUMP HOTELS & CASINO RESORTS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

1000 Boardwalk Atlantic City, New Jersey (Address of principal executive offices)

(609) 449-6515

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

X O

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

0 X

The number of outstanding shares of Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, of Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc. as of August 14, 2003 was 29,904,764.

The number of outstanding shares of Class B Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, of Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc. as of August 14, 2003 was 1,000.

13-3818402 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

> 08401 (Zip Code)

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TRUMP HOTELS & CASINO RESORTS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (dollars in thousands, except share data)

	D	ecember 31, 2002		June 30, 2003
			(unaudited)
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	116,072	\$	106,316
Receivables, net		37,795		41,552
Inventories		11,922		11,250
Advances to affiliates, net		337		384
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		11,748		15,931
Total Current Assets		177,874		175,433
INVESTMENT IN BUFFINGTON HARBOR, L.L.C.		31,842		30,294
INVESTMENT IN TRUMP S CASTLE PIK NOTES		124,053		50,291
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET		1,786,056		1,783,497
DEFERRED BOND AND LOAN ISSUANCE COSTS, NET		1,700,050		27,440
OTHER ASSETS		61,199		61,597
OTHER ASSETS		01,199		01,397
Total Assets	\$	2,196,129	\$	2,078,261
	ψ	2,190,129	ψ	2,070,201
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	¢	10.011	¢	26.015
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$	19,911	\$	26,015
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		132,195		147,842
Accrued interest payable		28,860		29,736
		100.077		202 502
Total Current Liabilities		180,966		203,593
LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities		1,913,026		1,799,939
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		19,803		15,874
20 - 1 T - 1 11-1-		2 112 705		2 010 400
Total Liabilities		2,113,795		2,019,406
MINORITY INTEREST		5,061		
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY:		5,001		
Preferred Stock - Series A, \$1.00 par value, 1,500 shares authorized and outstanding, liquidation				
				15 000
preference of \$15,000		242		15,000
Common Stock, \$.01 par value, 75,000,000 shares authorized, 24,206,756 issued; 22,010,027 outstanding		242		242
Class B Common Stock, \$.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, issued and outstanding		155 4 15		155 4 15
Additional Paid in Capital		455,645		455,645
Accumulated Deficit		(357,819)		(391,832)
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss		(595)		
Less treasury stock at cost, 2,196,729 shares	_	(20,200)	_	(20,200)
Total Stockholders Equity		77,273		58,855
Total Liabilities and Stockholders Equity	\$	2,196,129	\$	2,078,261

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See accompanying notes.

TRUMP HOTELS & CASINO RESORTS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 AND 2003 (unaudited)

(dollars in thousands, except share data)

		Three Mor June		Ended	Six Mont June			ded
		2002		2003		2002		2003
REVENUES:			_				_	
Gaming	\$	318,948	\$	320,424	\$	630,386	\$	614,132
Rooms	ψ	20,931	ψ	20,434	ψ	39,766	ψ	38,349
Food and Beverage		32,198		32,604		62,532		61,297
Management Fees		1,114		1,186		1,114		2,149
Other		9,729		9,668		18,445		17,241
ouci		9,129		9,008		10,++5		17,241
Gross Revenues		382,920		384,316		752,243		733,168
Less Promotional allowances		75,349		77,426		148,882		147,505
Net Revenues		307,571		306,890		603,361		585,663
COSTS AND EXPENSES:								
Gaming		144,669		145,798		287,832		286,515
Rooms		8,426		8,164		16,088		15,600
Food and Beverage		12,044		12,183		22,684		22,415
General and Administrative		65,514		70,428		130,107		138,206
Depreciation and Amortization		20,399		22,751		39,817		45,436
Debt Renegotiation Costs		949		323		3,064		2,951
		252,001		259,647		499,592		511,123
Income from operations		55,570		47,243		103,769		74,540
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND (EXPENSE):								
Interest income		612		434		1,093		1,067
Interest expense		(55,239)		(55,853)		(110,454)		(113,907)
Gain on debt refinancing, net								2,892
Other non-operating income (expense), net		39		(7)		(54)		(27)
		(54,588)		(55,426)		(109,415)		(109,975)
Income (loss) before equity in loss from Buffington Harbor,								
L.L.C., provision for income taxes and minority interest		982		(8,183)		(5,646)		(35,435)
Equity in loss from Buffington Harbor, L.L.C.		(598)		(615)		(1,200)		(1,230)
Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest		384		(8,798)		(6,846)		(36,665)
Provision for income taxes				(1,250)				(2,409)
Income (loss) before minority interest		384	_	(10,048)		(6,846)		(39,074)
Minority Interest		(140)				2,504		5,061
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	244	\$	(10,048)	\$	(4,342)	\$	(34,013)

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							_	
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	0.01	\$	(0.46)	\$	(0.20)	\$	(1.55)
					_		-	
Weighted average number of shares outstanding :								
Basic	2	2,010,027	22	,010,027		22,010,027		22,010,027
							-	
Diluted	2	2,061,762	22	,010,027		22,010,027		22,010,027
			_		_		_	

See accompanying notes.

TRUMP HOTELS & CASINO RESORTS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (unaudited) (dollars in thousands)

	of Pr	suance Series A referred Stock	_	ommon Stock mount		Add 1 Paid In Capital		Accum Deficit	Accum Other Comp Loss]	Freasury Stock	St	Total ockholders Equity
Balance, December 31, 2002	\$		\$	242	\$	455,645	\$	(357,819)	\$	(595)	\$	(20,200)	\$	77,273
Net Loss								(34,013)						(34,013)
Termination of interest rate swap in connection with debt refinancing										595				595
Total comprehensive loss														(33,418)
Preferred Stock		15,000												15,000
					_		_		_					
Balance, June 30, 2003	\$	15,000	\$	242	\$	455,645	\$	(391,832)	\$		\$	(20,200)	\$	58,855

At December 31, 2002 and June 30, 2003, there were 22,010,027 shares of Common Stock outstanding and 1,000 shares of Class B Common Stock outstanding. At June 30, 2003, 1,500 shares of Series A Preferred Stock were issued and outstanding. On July 11, 2003, the 1,500 shares of Series A Preferred Stock were exchanged for 7,894,737 shares of Common Stock.

See accompanying notes.

TRUMP HOTELS & CASINO RESORTS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 AND 2003 (unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: \$ (4,342) \$ (34013) Net Loss \$ (4,342) \$ (34013) Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash flows provided by operating activities: (2,892) Stanace of debt is astisfaction of accrued interest 8,604 8,636 Non-cash increase in Trump & Castle PIK Notes (8,752) (6,177) Equity in loss of Burlington Habor, LL.C. 1,200 1,230 Depreciation and amortization 39,817 45,346 Minority interest in net loss (2,504) (5,061) Accretion of discounts on mortgage notes 3,227 3,724 Provision for losses on receivables 4,233 3,634 Write-down of CRDA Investments (2,155) (7,391) Decrease in neutronitia assets and liabilities: 129 672 Increase in accrued interest payable (6,549) 4(200 Decrease (increase) in advances to affiliates, net 927 (47) Decrease in other assets 129 672 Increase in accrued interest payable (6,549) (2,739) Net cash flows provided by operating activities 5,518 15,188 (Decrease in other assets (1,64709)		20	2002		2003
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Net cash flows provided by operating activities35,77521,311CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of property and equipment, net(15,725)(15,991)Purchase of CRDA investments, net(6,831)(5,428)Advances to Tribe(2,908)(2,908)Other.(23)318Net cash flows used in investing activities(25,487)(21,101)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from additional borrowings, net of discount2,898468,036Loan costs on additional borrowings(19,472)(19,472)Payment of long-term debt(12,392)(473,530)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)(9,966)NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS794(9,756)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD\$119,173116,072CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$119,967\$106,316					
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Purchase of property and equipment, net(15,725)Purchase of CRDA investments, net(6,831)Advances to Tribe(2,908)Other.(23)318(25,487)Net cash flows used in investing activities(25,487)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:Proceeds from additional borrowings, net of discount2,898Adsence of Preferred Stock15,000Loan costs on additional borrowings(19,472)Payment of long-term debt(12,392)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)Other.(9,494)Other.(2,392)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD\$ 119,173CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967S 106,316119,173	Decrease in other long-term machines		(4,709)		(2,739)
Purchase of property and equipment, net(15,725)(15,991)Purchase of CRDA investments, net(6,831)(5,428)Advances to Tribe(2,908)(23)318Other.(23)318Net cash flows used in investing activities(25,487)(21,101)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from additional borrowings, net of discount2,898468,036Issuance of Preferred Stock15,000Loan costs on additional borrowings(19,472)Payment of long-term debt(12,392)(473,530)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)(9,966)NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS794(9,756)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173116,072CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 106,316	Net cash flows provided by operating activities		35,775		21,311
Purchase of CRDA investments, net(6,831)(5,428)Advances to Tribe(2,908)Other.(23)318(25,487)Net cash flows used in investing activities(25,487)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from additional borrowings, net of discount2,898468,03615,000Loan costs on additional borrowings(19,472)Payment of long-term debt(12,392)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)Net cash flows used in financing activities794OKET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS794CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 119,967\$ 106,316	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of CRDA investments, net(6,831)(5,428)Advances to Tribe(2,908)Other.(23)318(25,487)Net cash flows used in investing activities(25,487)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from additional borrowings, net of discount2,898468,03615,000Loan costs on additional borrowings(19,472)Payment of long-term debt(12,392)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)Net cash flows used in financing activities794OKET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS794CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 119,967\$ 106,316	Purchase of property and equipment, net		(15,725)		(15,991)
Advances to Tribe(2,908)Other.(23)318Net cash flows used in investing activities(25,487)(21,101)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from additional borrowings, net of discount2,898468,036Issuance of Preferred Stock15,000Loan costs on additional borrowings(19,472)Payment of long-term debt(12,392)(473,530)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)(9,966)NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS794(9,756)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173116,072CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 106,316					
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CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from additional borrowings, net of discount2,898468,036Issuance of Preferred Stock15,000Loan costs on additional borrowings(19,472)Payment of long-term debt(12,392)(473,530)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)(9,966)NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS794(9,756)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173116,072CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 106,316	Other.				318
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from additional borrowings, net of discount2,898468,036Issuance of Preferred Stock15,000Loan costs on additional borrowings(19,472)Payment of long-term debt(12,392)(473,530)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)(9,966)NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS794(9,756)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173116,072CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 106,316	Net cash flows used in investing activities		(25/487)		(21.101)
Proceeds from additional borrowings, net of discount2,898468,036Issuance of Preferred Stock15,000Loan costs on additional borrowings(19,472)Payment of long-term debt(12,392)(473,530)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)(9,966)NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS794(9,756)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173116,072CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 106,316	Net cash nows used in investing activities		(23,407)		(21,101)
Issuance of Preferred Stock15,000Loan costs on additional borrowings(19,472)Payment of long-term debt(12,392)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS794CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 119,967\$ 106,316					
Loan costs on additional borrowings(19,472)Payment of long-term debt(12,392)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS794CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 119,967\$ 106,316	Proceeds from additional borrowings, net of discount		2,898		468,036
Payment of long-term debt(12,392)(473,530)Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)(9,966)NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS794(9,756)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173116,072CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 106,316	Issuance of Preferred Stock				15,000
Net cash flows used in financing activities(9,494)(9,966)NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS794(9,756)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173116,072CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 106,316	Loan costs on additional borrowings				(19,472)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS794(9,756)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173116,072CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 106,316	Payment of long-term debt		(12,392)		(473,530)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173116,072CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 106,316	Net cash flows used in financing activities		(9,494)		(9,966)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD119,173116,072CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD\$ 119,967\$ 106,316	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH FOUNAI ENTS		704		(0.756)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD \$ 119,967 \$ 106,316					
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEUINNING OF FERIOD		117,173		110,072
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$	119,967	\$	106,316
	SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:				

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Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ 112,649	\$ 106,871
Purchase of property and equipment under capital lease obligations & financing	 10,248	 25,697

See accompanying notes.

TRUMP HOTELS & CASINO RESORTS, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

(1) Organization and Operations

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include those of Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc., a Delaware corporation (THCR), Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts Holdings, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (THCR Holdings), and Subsidiaries (as defined below). THCR Holdings is currently owned approximately 63.4% by THCR, as both a general and limited partner, and approximately 36.6% by Donald J. Trump (Trump), as a limited partner. Trump s limited partnership interest in THCR Holdings represents his economic interests in the assets and operations of THCR Holdings. Such limited partnership interest is convertible at Trump s option into 13,918,723 shares of THCR s common stock, par value \$.01 per share (the THCR Common Stock) (subject to certain adjustments), and if converted, would give Trump ownership of approximately 54.5% of the THCR Common Stock (including his current personal share ownership) or approximately 56.2% (assuming currently exercisable options held by Trump were exercised). Accordingly, the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include those of THCR and its 63.4% owned subsidiary, THCR Holdings and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. The minority interest liability in the consolidated balance sheet is adjusted with the proportionate share of the earnings (losses) of THCR. During the quarter ended March 31, 2003, the minority interest liability was completely eliminated through past losses. Consequently, losses will no longer be allocated to minority interest.

All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared without audit. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of only normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position, the results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented, have been made.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Accordingly, certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been condensed or omitted.

These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Registrant s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002 filed with the SEC.

The casino industry in Atlantic City is seasonal in nature. Accordingly, results of operations for the period ended June 30, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for a full year.

THCR has no operations and its ability to service its debt is dependent on the successful operations of the following subsidiaries of THCR Holdings (the Subsidiaries): (i) Trump Atlantic City Associates, a New Jersey general partnership (Trump AC), which is comprised of Trump Taj Mahal Associates, a New Jersey general partnership (Taj Associates), and Trump Plaza Associates, a New Jersey general partnership (Plaza Associates); and (ii) Trump Casino Holdings, LLC, a Delaware single member limited liability company (TCH), which is comprised of: Trump Indiana, Inc., a Delaware corporation (Trump Indiana); Trump Marina Associates, L.P., a New Jersey limited partnership (Marina Associates), and THCR Management Services, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (THCR Management), which manages Trump 29 Casino located near Palm Springs, California pursuant to a five-year management agreement (the Trump 29 Management Agreement) with the Twenty-Nine Palms Enterprises Corporation, a corporation wholly-owned by the Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Luiseno Mission Indians, a federally recognized Native American Tribe and the owner of Trump 29 Casino (the Tribe). TCH was capitalized in March 2003 and Trump Indiana, Marina Associates, Trump Marina, Inc., THCR Management, THCR Management Holdings, LLC (the sole member of THCR Management) and Trump Indiana Realty, LLC became wholly-owned subsidiaries of TCH on March 25, 2003 pursuant to a corporate reorganization approved by the Board of Directors of THCR.

TRUMP HOTELS & CASINO RESORTS, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

Basic and Diluted Loss Per Share

Basic loss per share is based on the weighted average number of shares of THCR Common Stock outstanding. Diluted loss per share includes the impact of the conversion of Series A Preferred Stock and common stock options using the treasury stock method unless the impact of such securities is anti-dilutive. The shares of THCR s Class B common stock, par value \$.01 per share (the THCR Class B Common Stock), owned by Trump have no economic interest and therefore are not considered in the calculation of weighted average shares outstanding. There were no dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock for the period ended June 30, 2003.

Stock-based Compensation Plans

THCR has stock-based employee compensation plans. The Company applies the recognition and measurement principles of APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and related interpretations in accounting for those plans. For stock options, no compensation expense is reflected in net loss as all stock options granted had an exercise price equal to or greater than the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. Pro forma information regarding net income (loss) and earnings (loss) per share is required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, and has been determined as if the Company had accounted for its stock plans under the fair value method of SFAS No. 123. Pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of the pro forma results for any future period. For purposes of the pro forma disclosures, the estimated fair value of the options is amortized to expense over the options vesting period. The following table illustrates the effect on net loss and loss per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123:

	Three Mo Ju	onth ne 3		Six Month June	
	2002		2003	 2002	2003
Net income(loss) as reported	\$ 244,000	\$	(10,048,000)	\$ (4,342,000)	\$ (34,013,000)
Deduct total stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value method of all awards, net of tax	 (125,000)		(191,000)	 (250,000)	 (382,000)
Pro forma income (loss)	\$ 119,000	\$	(10,239,000)	\$ (4,592,000)	\$ (34,395,000)
Basic and diluted earnings(loss) per-share as reported	\$ 0.01	\$	(0.46)	\$ (0.20)	\$ (1.55)
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per-share pro forma	\$ 0.01	\$	(0.47)	\$ (0.21)	\$ (1.56)

Reclassifications

During September 2002, the Company reclassified certain costs (primarily bus coin) from costs and expenses to promotional allowances to be consistent with prevailing industry practice. The amounts of \$5,826,000 and \$11,211,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2002, respectively, have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

Certain other reclassifications and disclosures have been made to prior year financial statements to conform to the current year presentation.

TRUMP HOTELS & CASINO RESORTS, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

(2) Other Assets

Plaza Associates is appealing a real estate tax assessment by the City of Atlantic City. At December 31, 2002 and June 30, 2003, other assets include \$8,014,000, which Plaza Associates believes will be recoverable on the settlement of the appeal.

Included in other assets is a \$1,822,000 payment for sales and use tax assessed on Trump Indiana s riverboat vessel, which is being appealed. The Company made this payment in 2002 in order to avoid incurring interest and penalties while this matter is under appeal. Trump Indiana s appeal is based on the fact that it pays property taxes on the riverboat vessel as the vessel was determined to be real property by the taxing authority, and therefore, not susceptible to a use tax. Management believes that the amount will be fully recoverable upon settlement of the appeal.

(3) Debt Refinancing

As previously reported, on March 25, 2003, TCH and Trump Casino Funding, Inc. (TCF), consummated a private placement, (the TCH Notes Offering), of two new issues of mortgage notes: (i) \$425.0 million principal amount of first priority mortgage notes due March 15, 2010, bearing interest at a rate of 11.625% per year payable in cash, sold at a price of 94.832% of their face amount for an effective yield of 12.75%, (the First Priority Mortgage Notes), and (ii) \$50.0 million principal amount of second priority mortgage notes due September 15, 2010, bearing interest at a rate of 11.625% per year payable in cash, plus 6.0% through the issuance of payable-in-kind notes (the Second Priority Mortgage Notes, and together with the First Priority Mortgage Notes, the TCH Notes).

In connection with the TCH Notes Offering, Donald J. Trump purchased in a concurrent private offering, \$15.0 million aggregate principal amount of additional Second Priority Mortgage Notes at the same purchase price at which the initial purchasers purchased the Second Priority Mortgage Notes.

The net proceeds of the TCH Notes Offering and the concurrent private offering of Second Priority Mortgage Notes to Donald J. Trump were used on the consummation date of the TCH Notes Offering or the applicable redemption date to:

redeem at the applicable redemption prices \$242.1 million aggregate principal amount of Trump s Castle Funding, Inc. (Castle Funding) 11.75% Mortgage Notes due 2003;

repay \$70.0 million aggregate principal amount of Marina Associates bank debt due 2003;

redeem at the applicable redemption prices \$14.3 million principal amount of Castle Funding s 13.875% Pay-In-Kind Notes due 2005 (the Castle PIK Notes);

repay \$20.3 million aggregate principal amount of Trump Indiana s bank debt due 2006;

acquire and redeem at the applicable redemption prices \$96.9 million aggregate principal amount (including the call premium) of THCR Holdings 15.5% Senior Notes due 2005 (the THCR Holdings Senior Notes); and

repay \$0.2 million aggregate principal amount of THCR Management s bank debt due 2003.

Also, in connection with the TCH Notes Offering, \$141.9 million principal amount of the Castle PIK Notes due 2005 and \$35.5 million principal amount of THCR Holdings Senior Notes held by THCR Holdings and its subsidiaries were cancelled without payment.

TRUMP HOTELS & CASINO RESORTS, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

Included in the \$96.9 million principal amount (including call premium) of THCR Holdings Senior Notes purchased with the net proceeds of the TCH Notes Offering, \$1.7 million principal amount of THCR Holdings Senior Notes were held by Mr. Trump. THCR Holdings also acquired an additional \$15.0 million principal amount of THCR Holdings Senior Notes on the closing date of the TCH Notes Offering in a private transaction with Donald J. Trump. The purchase price of the aggregate \$16.7 million principal amount of THCR Holdings Senior Notes on the closing date of the TCH Notes Offering in a private transaction with Donald J. Trump. The purchase price of the aggregate \$16.7 million principal amount of THCR Holdings Senior Notes acquired from Mr. Trump consisted of the proceeds from the issuance of 1,500 shares of Series A Preferred Stock, par value \$1.00 per share, of THCR valued at \$15.0 million, plus a cash amount equal to \$1.7 million, plus the applicable redemption premium of 2.583% (approximately \$430,000) and accrued interest of approximately \$0.7 million on the entire \$16.7 million principal amount of THCR Holdings Senior Notes sold by Mr. Trump. The Series A Preferred Stock of THCR, upon stockholder approval obtained at the annual stockholders meeting on June 12, 2003, were exchanged by Mr. Trump on July 11, 2003 for an aggregate of 7,894,737 shares of THCR Common Stock.

Financing costs, including underwriters discounts of 2.5% to the purchasers of the First Priority Mortgage Notes and 10% to the purchasers of the Second Priority Mortgage Notes and direct transactional fees (including accounting, legal and printing), have been capitalized as deferred bond and loan issuance costs in the accompanying balance sheet and are being amortized to interest expense over the term of the debt.

In connection with the refinancing, THCR incurred a net gain of \$2,892,000 which consists of a net gain of \$10,451,000 on the retirement of Castle Funding s 11.75% Mortgage Notes due 2003 and the Castle PIK Notes, a \$2,828,000 call premium on the retirement of THCR Holdings Senior Notes, the settlement of Trump Indiana s interest rate swap for \$851,000 and the write-off of unamortized loan costs of approximately \$3,880,000.

Pursuant to the indentures governing the TCH Notes, TCH and TCF filed a registration statement on Form S-4 (File No: 333-104916) with the SEC to register notes having substantially identical terms as the TCH Notes, or the Exchange Notes, as part of an offer to exchange freely tradable Exchange Notes for the TCH Notes. The SEC declared the registration statement effective on July 10, 2003, and holders may exchange their TCH Notes for Exchange Notes until 5 p.m. (Eastern Standard Time) on August 13, 2003, unless otherwise extended.

Also, TCH and TCF filed a registration statement on Form S-1 (File No.: 333-105760) with the SEC to register for potential resale the Second Priority Notes purchased by Mr. Trump concurrently with the TCH Notes Offering. The SEC declared the registration statement effective on August 6, 2003. Mr. Trump has advised the Company that he does not currently have any intentions of selling his Second Priority Notes.

(4) Debt Renegotiation Costs

THCR previously announced its intention to refinance or modify the terms of THCR s and its subsidiaries public debt issues. During the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2003, debt renegotiation costs of \$3,064,000 and \$2,951,000, respectively, were expensed in the accompanying Statements of Operations. Debt renegotiation costs include the costs associated with 2002 debt refinancing no longer pursued and transactional fees earned upon the consummation of the TCH Notes Offering on March 25, 2003.

(5) THCR Management Services

Under the Trump 29 Management Agreement, THCR Management manages the day-to-day operations of Trump 29 Casino. During the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2003, THCR Management earned \$1,114,000 and \$2,149,000, respectively, in management fees and incurred \$488,000 (which includes \$366,000 of pre-opening costs) and \$303,000, respectively, of general and administrative costs pursuant to the Trump 29 Management Agreement.

TRUMP HOTELS & CASINO RESORTS, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

(6) New Jersey Corporate Business Tax

On July 3, 2002, the State of New Jersey passed the New Jersey Business Tax Reform Act (the Act). This Act, among other things, requires the suspension of the use of the New Jersey net operating loss carryforwards for two years and the introduction of a new alternative minimum assessment under the New Jersey corporate business tax based on gross receipts or gross profits, as defined. As a result of the change in tax law, THCR has recorded a charge to income tax expense of \$2,409,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003. There was no comparable expense in 2002 since this charge was recorded beginning in the period in which the tax law was passed (third quarter of 2002) pursuant to the accounting literature in Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 109, Accounting for Income Taxes.

(7) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations. This standard addresses the financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement costs. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The effect of adoption was not material to the Company s financial results.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, an Interpretation of FASB Statements No. 5, 57, and 107 and Rescission of FASB Interpretation No. 34 (FIN No. 45). The interpretation requires that upon issuance of a guarantee, the entity must recognize a liability for the fair value of the obligation it assumes under that obligation. This interpretation is intended to improve the comparability of financial reporting by requiring identical accounting for guarantees issued with separately identified consideration and guarantees issued without separately identified consideration. For the company, the initial recognition, measurement provision and disclosure requirements of FIN No. 45 are applicable to guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The effect of adoption was not material to the Company's financial results.

In January 2003, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities (FIN No. 46). This interpretation clarifies the application of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, Consolidated Financial Statements, to certain entities in which equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient subordinated financial support from other parties. FIN No. 46 applies immediately to variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003, and to variable interest entities in which an enterprise obtains an interest after that date. For existing variable interest entities, the consolidated requirement is effective for interim or annual financial statements beginning after June 15, 2003. The Company is still evaluating whether it has any variable interest entities, which will be subject to consolidation pursuant to FIN No. 46.

(8) Subsequent Events

On July 1, 2003, the New Jersey legislature passed a law that increases the taxation of New Jersey casinos. The new law imposes a 4.25% tax on complimentaries (i.e., free rooms, food, beverages and entertainment given to patrons). Complimentary rooms are deemed to initially be valued at \$67 per room. Other complimentaries are valued at retail value or cost. In addition to the tax on complimentaries, a 7.5% tax is imposed on each casino s 2002 adjusted net income, defined as net income plus management fees, subject to a minimum tax of at least \$350,000 per casino. Finally, the revised law imposes an additional \$3.00 fee per day on each occupied room, increases the parking fee from \$2.00 to \$3.00 per car per day and eliminates the casino s ability to retain \$0.50 to offset administrative costs.

On July 11, 2003, Mr. Trump exchanged his 1,500 shares of Series A Preferred Stock of THCR for 7,894,737 shares of THCR Common Stock. Stockholders approved of the exchange at the annual stockholders meeting held on June 12, 2003. See Note (3).

Effective July 11, 2003, Indiana riverboat casinos, including Trump Indiana, are permitted to operate 24 hours a day pursuant to legislation enacted by the Indiana state legislature in May 2003. Trump Indiana has been operating 24 hours a day since such date.

ITEM 2 MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This report includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements other than statements of historical facts included in this report regarding the prospects of our industry or our prospects, plans, financial position or business strategy, may constitute forward-looking statements. In addition, forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as may, will, expect, intend, estimate, anticipate, believe, plans, forecasts, or the negatives of these terms or variations of them or similar terms. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot assure you that these expectations will prove to be correct. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations include business, competition, regulatory and other uncertainties and contingencies discussed in this report that are difficult or impossible to predict and which are beyond our control. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements included in this document. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report. We do not intend to update these statements unless the securities laws require us to do so.

In this section, the words Company, we, our, ours, and us refer to Trump Hotels & Casino Resorts, Inc. (THCR), Trump Hotels & Resorts Holdings, L.P. (THCR Holdings) and its subsidiaries, unless otherwise noted. We, through one or more subsidiaries of THCR Holdings, own and operate four casinos. Three of the four casinos are located in Atlantic City, New Jersey: (i) Trump Plaza Hotel and Casino (Trump Plaza), (ii) Trump Taj Mahal Casino Resort (the Trump Taj Mahal) and (iii) the Trump Marina Hotel Casino (Trump Marina, and together with the Trump Plaza and the Trump Taj Mahal, the Trump Atlantic City Properties). The fourth is a riverboat casino docked in Buffington Harbor on Lake Michigan in Indiana (Trump Indiana, and together with the Trump Atlantic City Properties, the Trump Casino Properties). We also manage, through THCR Management, Trump 29 Casino located near Palm Springs, California pursuant to a management agreement with an entity wholly-owned by the Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Luiseno Mission Indians. Terms not defined in this section shall have the meanings ascribed to them elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

General

Our business is subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties, some of which are discussed below.

We have substantial indebtedness and interest expense which could limit capital expenditures and adversely affect our competitiveness.

The Company has substantial indebtedness and interest expense. Interest expense as a percentage of net revenues was 19.4% and 18.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

In March 2003, we refinanced an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$441.4 million of debt with the net proceeds of the TCH Notes Offering. See Note 3 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited). Upon consummation of the TCH Notes Offering, our consolidated long-term debt was not reduced significantly and our consolidated interest expense remains high. Capital expenditures, such as room refurbishment, amenity upgrades and replacements and additions of new gaming equipment, are necessary from time to time to preserve the competitiveness of our properties. In addition, construction of additional rooms at one or more of our Atlantic City properties could be desirable in the future. Our high levels of interest expense, however, could limit our ability to make capital expenditures necessary to improve and upgrade our properties and preserve our competitive position. We have substantial indebtedness maturing in 2006, and we may seek to refinance this indebtedness on more favorable terms when and if market conditions are suitable. We cannot assure you, however, that we will be successful in reducing our interest expense in any refinancing. Management believes that, based upon THCR s current cash flow forecasts for 2003, THCR and its subsidiaries will have sufficient cash flows to meet their respective debt service and operating expense requirements throughout 2003.

The ability of Trump Atlantic City Associates, which through one or more of its subsidiaries owns and operates Trump Plaza and the Trump Taj Mahal (Trump AC), to pay interest on its \$1.3 billion principal amount of 11-1/4% First Mortgage Notes due 2006 (the TAC Notes) and the ability of TCH and TCF to pay interest on the TCH Notes (\$490.0 million principal amount) depends primarily on the ability of the Trump Casino Properties to generate cash from operations sufficient for such purposes. In the case of principal payments at maturity, the ability to refinance such indebtedness is also important. The future operating performance of the Trump Casino Properties is subject to general economic conditions, including competition and regulatory

matters, and numerous other factors, many of which are unforeseeable or are beyond the control of the Trump Casino Properties. There can be no assurance that the future operating performance of the Trump Casino Properties will be sufficient to generate the cash flows required to meet the debt service obligations of the Trump Casino Properties. The ability of the Trump Casino Properties to pay the principal amount of their public debt at maturity (whether scheduled or by acceleration thereof) is primarily dependent upon their ability to obtain refinancing. There is also no assurance that the general state of the economy, the status of the capital markets generally, or the receptiveness of the capital markets to the gaming industry or to THCR and its subsidiaries will be conducive to refinancing debt at any given time or on more favorable terms.

We Do Not Know How the Borgata will Affect Us in the Long Term.

In July 2003, the Borgata Casino Hotel and Spa, a joint development of Boyd Gaming and MGM Mirage, opened in Atlantic City s marina district. The Borgata has approximately 2,000 rooms and suites, an approximate 135,000 square-foot casino, restaurants, retail shops, a spa and pool and entertainment venues. Since its recent opening, the Borgata has adversely affected the results of the Trump Atlantic City Properties, compared to the same period in the prior year. This effect may be temporary and attributable to the desire of gaming patrons to visit a new casino. In addition, a connector road between the Borgata and Trump Marina has not been completed, making travel between the two properties inconvenient. The connector project is anticipated to be completed in the Fall of 2003, and when completed, is expected to improve traffic flow from the Borgata to Trump Marina. It is too early to determine, however, whether or not the Borgata will adversely affect the Trump Atlantic City, especially to the marina district where Trump Marina is situated, it is possible that the Borgata could have an adverse effect on the long-term business and operations of the Trump Atlantic City Properties. See Financial Condition Liquidity and Capital Resources.

Taxation of the gaming industry, already significant, may increase in the future which would reduce our profitability.

The casino industry represents a significant source of tax revenues to the various jurisdictions in which casinos operate. We, as well as other gaming companies, are currently subject to significant state and local taxes and fees in addition to normal federal and state corporate income taxes. New Jersey taxes annual gaming revenues at the rate of 8.0% and levies an annual investment alternative tax of 2.5% on annual gaming revenue. This 2.5% obligation, however, can be satisfied by purchasing certain bonds or making certain investments in the amount of 1.25% of annual gaming revenues. In July 2002, New Jersey passed the New Jersey Business Tax Reform Act, which, among other things, suspended the use of the net operating loss carryforwards for two years and introduced a new alternative minimum assessment under the New Jersey corporate business tax based on gross receipts or gross profits.

On July 1, 2003, the New Jersey legislature passed a law that increases the taxation of New Jersey casinos. The new law imposes a 4.25% tax on complimentaries (i.e., free rooms, food, beverages and entertainment given to patrons). Complimentary rooms are deemed to initially be valued at \$67 per room. Other complimentaries are valued at retail value or cost. In addition to the tax on complimentaries, a 7.5% tax is imposed on each casino s 2002 adjusted net income, defined as net income plus management fees, subject to a minimum tax of at least \$350,000 per casino. Finally, the revised law imposes an additional \$3.00 fee per day on each occupied room, increases the parking fee from \$2.00 to \$3.00 per car per day and eliminates the casino s ability to retain \$0.50 to offset administrative costs. Although the recent tax changes reduce our overall profitability, we do not believe the recent tax increases affect our ability to pay debt service on the TAC Notes and TCH Notes.

From time to time, and as was the case in the second quarter of 2002 in Indiana, various state and federal legislators have proposed changes in tax laws that affect the gaming industry. In connection with permitting dockside gaming which we believe is advantageous, the Indiana state legislature passed legislation effective July 1, 2002 that increased the gaming tax rates in Indiana. If a casino elects to become a dockside operation, the gaming tax rate structure changes from a flat tax rate of 22.5% to a graduated scale with a maximum tax rate of 35.0%, depending on gaming revenues levels. Trump Indiana became a dockside operation in August 2002. As a result of a legislative bill passed by the State of Indiana during the second quarter of 2003, Trump Indiana recorded a \$1.9 million retroactive recalculation of wagering tax due to the State of Indiana.

Our Business is Subject to a Variety of Other Risks and Uncertainties.

Our financial condition and results of operations could be affected by other events and uncertainties that are beyond our control, such as (i) capital market conditions which could affect our ability to raise capital for refinancing debt or pursuing other alternatives, (ii) future acts of terrorism and their impact on capital markets, the economy, consumer behavior and operating expenses, including insurance premiums, (iii) competition from existing and potential new competitors in Atlantic City and other markets, which is likely to increase over the next five years, (iv) regulatory changes, and (v) adverse or unfavorable weather conditions.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of our financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Management periodically evaluates the Company s policies and the estimates and assumptions related to such policies. The Trump Casino Properties operate in a highly regulated industry and are subject to regulations that describe and regulate operating and internal control procedures. The Company believes its most critical accounting policies and significant estimates are described below.

Revenue Recognition and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The majority of the Company s revenue is from gaming activities, and the majority of such revenue is derived from cash, which by nature does not require complex estimations. The Company extends credit on a discretionary basis to certain qualified patrons. Credit play as a percentage of total dollars wagered has been approximately 20% for the past three years. The Trump Casino Properties establish credit limits based upon a particular patron s creditworthiness, as determined by an examination of various factors including a credit check of the patron, checking the patron s personal checking account balance, and checking the patron s credit limits and indebtedness at other casinos. The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts for those customers whose checks have been unable to be deposited due to non-sufficient funds. This allowance is based on a specific review of customer accounts as well as a review of the history of write-offs of returned markers. Management believes that the reserve recorded is reasonable; however, these estimates could change in the near term based on actual collection experience with each returned marker.

Long-lived Assets

Management has determined that the Company s policy associated with its long-lived assets and the related estimates is critical to the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. The Company has a significant investment in long-lived property and equipment. Management estimates that the undiscounted future cash flows expected to result from the use of these assets exceed the current carrying value of these assets. Any adverse change to the estimate of these undiscounted cash flows could necessitate an impairment charge that would adversely affect operating results. Management estimates the useful lives for the Company s assets based on historical experience and the estimates of assets commercial lives. Should the actual useful life of a class of assets differ from the estimated useful life, an impairment charge would be recorded. Management reviews useful lives and obsolescence and assesses commercial viability of the Company s assets periodically.

Self-Insurance Reserves

Self-insurance reserves represent the estimated amounts of uninsured claims related to employee health medical costs, workers compensation, and personal injury claims that have occurred in the normal course of business. These reserves are established by management based upon specific review of open claims, with consideration of incurred but not reported claims as of the balance sheet date. The costs of the ultimate disposition of these claims may differ from these reserve numbers.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations. This standard addresses the financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement costs. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The effect of adoption was not material to the Company s financial results.

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Financial Condition -

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash flows from operating activities of the Company s owned and managed casino properties are the Company s primary source of liquidity and capital resources. The Company relies on capital leases for its capital resource needs. The Company s ability to borrow funds for its liquidity and capital resources needs is severely restricted by covenants in the various indentures governing its public debt issues and by its already high levels of indebtedness. Sources of the Company s short-term and long-term liquidity include casino gaming revenues and room, food and beverage sales. Although we expect the Company to have sufficient liquidity from the operating activities of the Trump Casino Properties to meet its short-term obligations, there can be no assurances in this regard. A variety of factors, including a decrease or change in the demand for our services, could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity. See General above.

The Trump Atlantic City Properties compete with other Atlantic City casino/hotels on the basis of customer service, the array of games offered, the attractiveness of a casino/hotel and on extent and quality of the facilities and amenities.

In July 2003, the Borgata, a casino hotel built through a joint venture of MGM Mirage and Boyd Gaming, opened in Atlantic City s marina district. The long-term impact of the Borgata on Atlantic City s casinos and, in particular, the Trump Atlantic City Properties, cannot be ascertained at this time. See General; We Do Not Know How the Borgata Will Affect Us in the Long Term.

Because the Company has substantial indebtedness and related interest expenses, we have not been able to pursue various capital expansion plans, such as the addition of more hotel rooms. Capital expenditures for the Trump Casino Properties for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2003 are as follows:

TRUMP HOTELS AND CASINO RESORTS CONSOLIDATING CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

(IN THOUSANDS)

		TRUMP TAJ IAHAL		RUMP		TRUMP AC CONSOL		TRUMP MARINA		TRUMP INDIANA		TCH ONSOL	THCR HOLDINGS			THCR ONSOL
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002																
Purchase of Property &																
Equipment	\$	5,045	\$	2,337	\$	7,382	\$	1,868	\$	6,431	\$	8,299	\$	44	\$	15,725
Capital Lease Additions (A)		5,131		2,096		7,227		3,011		10		3,021				10,248
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	10,176	\$	4,433	\$	14,609	\$	4,879	\$	6,441	\$	11,320	\$	44	\$	25,973
	-		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
FOR THE SIX MONTHS																
ENDED JUNE 30, 2003																
Purchase of Property &																
Equipment	\$	9,877	\$	2,000	\$	11,877	\$	2,408	\$	1,684	\$	4,092	\$	22	\$	15,991
Capital Lease Additions (A)		10,609		4,547		15,156		5,831		4,710		10,541				25,697
					_											
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	20,486	\$	6,547	\$	27,033	\$	8,239	\$	6,394	\$	14,633	\$	22	\$	41,688
1 1						, -				,		, -				, -

(A) Capital lease additions for Trump Casino Properties were principally slot machines.

Results of Operations: Operating Revenues and Expenses

All business activities of THCR and THCR Holdings are conducted primarily by Trump Plaza, Trump Taj Mahal, Trump Indiana and Trump Marina.

Comparison of Three-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2002 and 2003. The following tables include selected data of Trump Plaza, Trump Taj Mahal, Trump Indiana and Trump Marina.

			Three M	Ionths	Ended Ju	ne 30	, 2002		
	Trump Plaza		Trump aj Mahal		ump liana	Trump Marina			THCR nsolidated*
			(d	ollars i	n thousan	ds)			
Revenues:									
Gaming	\$ 84,383	\$	132,453	\$	31,850	\$	70,262	\$	318,948
Management Fees	10.055		07.577		2 002		15 504		1,114
Other	 17,755		27,577		2,002		15,524		62,858
Gross Revenues	102,138		160,030		33,852		85,786		382,920
Less: Promotional Allowances	 22,847		31,541		3,665		17,296		75,349
Net Revenues	79,291		128,489		30,187		68,490		307,571
Costs and European	 								
Costs and Expenses: Gaming	39,415		57,041		16,282		31,931		144,669
Other	5,471		9,516		1,545		3,938		20,470
General & Administrative	15,525		26,162		6,333		16,637		65,514
Depreciation & Amortization	4,182		9,496		1,417		5,298		20,399
Debt Renegotiation Costs	1,102		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		284		656		949
	 (4.502		102 215		05.0(1		59.469		252.001
Total Costs and Expenses	 64,593		102,215		25,861		58,460		252,001
Income from Operations	 14,698	_	26,274		4,326	_	10,030	_	55,570
Non-operating Income	 98		77		99		133		651
Interest Expense	 (13,115)		(24,095)		(1,073)		(15,840)		(55,239)
Total Non-operating Expense, Net	(13,017)		(24,018)		(974)		(15,707)		(54,588)
Loss in Joint Venture					(598)				(598)
Income (Loss) before Minority Interest	\$ 1,681	\$	2,256	\$	2,754	\$	(5,677)	\$	384
Minority Interest									(140)
Net Income								\$	244

*Intercompany eliminations and expenses of THCR, THCR Holdings, Trump AC and THCR Management are not separately shown.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2003											
	Trump Plaza	Trump Taj Mahal	Trump Indiana	Trump Marina	THCR Consolidated*							
		(d	lollars in thousan	ds)								
Revenues:												
Gaming	\$ 84,432	\$ 134,133	\$ 31,903	\$ 69,956	\$ 320,424							
Management Fees					1,186							
Other	17,533	26,798	2,442	15,933	62,706							
Gross Revenues	101,965	160,931	34,345	85,889	384,316							
Less: Promotional Allowances	23,208	32,988	3,551	17,679	77,426							
Net Revenues	78,757	127,943	30,794	68,210	306,890							
Costs and Expenses:												
Gaming	37,659	58,871	17,629	31,639	145,798							
Other	5,630	9,070	1,643	4,004	20,347							
General & Administrative	17,283	27,579	7,397	17,732	70,428							
Depreciation & Amortization	4,633	10,993	1,869	5,248	22,751							
Debt Renegotiation Costs					323							
Total Costs and Expenses	65,205	106,513	28,538	58,623	259,647							
Income from Operations	13,552	21,430	2,256	9,587	47,243							
Non-operating Income	96	34	15	20	427							
Interest Expense	(14,208)	(24,543)	(2,157)	(10,912)	(55,853)							
Total Non-operating Expense, Net	(14,112)	(24,509)	(2,142)	(10,892)	(55,426)							
Loss in Joint Venture			(615)		(615)							
Provision for Income Taxes	(367)	(583)		(300)	(1,250)							
Net Loss	\$ (927)	\$ (3,662)	\$ (501)	\$ (1,605)	\$ (10,048)							

* Intercompany eliminations, revenues and expenses of THCR, THCR Holdings, Trump AC, TCH, and THCR Management are not separately shown.

			Three M	Ionths	Ended June 3	0, 200)2		
	Trump Trump Trump Plaza Taj Mahal Indiana					Trump Marina	С	THCR onsolidated	
			(dollars	s in thousands))			
Table Game Revenues	\$ 24,333	\$	35,161	\$	5,539	\$	17,215	\$	82,248
Table Game Drop	\$ 146,944	\$	217,835	\$	32,546	\$	92,961	\$	490,286
Table Win Percentage	16.6%		16.1%		17.0%		18.5%		16.8%
Number of Table Games	88		139		47		79		353
Slot Revenues	\$ 60,050	\$	91,887	\$	26,311	\$	52,840	\$	231,088
Slot Handle	\$ 738,220	\$	1,156,659	\$	350,603	\$	674,835	\$	2,920,317
Slot Win Percentage	8.1%		7.9%		7.5%		7.8%		7.9%
Number of Slot Machines	2,908		4,847		1,558		2,528		11,841
Other Gaming Revenues	\$ N/A	\$	5,405	\$	N/A	\$	207	\$	5,612
Total Gaming Revenues	\$ 84,383	\$	132,453	\$	31,850	\$	70,262	\$	318,948

Three Months Ended June 30, 2003

	The Month's Ended Jule 50, 2005									
		Trump Plaza	,	Trump Taj Mahal		Trump Indiana		Trump Marina	С	THCR onsolidated
				(dollar	s in thousands)			
Table Game Revenues	\$	24,498	\$	38,353	\$	4,501	\$	17,479	\$	84,831
Incr (Decr) over prior period	\$	165	\$	3,192	\$	(1,038)	\$	264	\$	2,583
Table Game Drop	\$	141,275	\$	227,850	\$	27,897	\$	97,420	\$	494,442
Incr (Decr) over prior period	\$	(5,669)	\$	10,015	\$	(4,649)	\$	4,459	\$	4,156
Table Win Percentage		17.3%		16.8%		16.1%		17.9%		17.2%
Incr (Decr) over prior period		0.7pts		0.7pts		(0.9)pt	5	(0.6)pts	5	0.4pts
Number of Table Games		89		127		45		81		342
Incr (Decr) over prior period		1		(12)		(2)		2		(11)
Slot Revenues	\$	59,934	\$	90,116	\$	27,402	\$	52,297	\$	229,749
Incr (Decr) over prior period	\$	(116)	\$	(1,771)	\$	1,091	\$	(543)	\$	(1,339)
Slot Handle	\$	746,112	\$	1,129,566	\$	358,681	\$	645,581	\$	2,879,940
Incr (Decr) over prior period	\$	7,892	\$	(27,093)	\$	8,078	\$	(29,254)	\$	(40,377)
Slot Win Percentage		8.0%		8.0%		7.6%		8.1%		8.0%
Incr (Decr) over prior period		(0.1)pts	5	0.1pts		0.1pts		0.3pts		0.1pts
Number of Slot Machines		2,950		4,597		1,717		2,517		11,781
Incr (Decr) over prior period		42		(250)		159		(11)		(60)
Other Gaming Revenues	\$	N/A	\$	5,664	\$	N/A	\$	180	\$	5,844
Incr (Decr) over prior period	\$	N/A	\$	259	\$	N/A	\$	(27)	\$	232
Total Gaming Revenues	\$	84,432	\$	134,133	\$	31,903	\$	69,956	\$	320,424
Incr (Decr) over prior period	\$	49	\$	1,680	\$	53	\$	(306)	\$	1,476

Gaming revenues are the primary source of THCR s revenues. Table game revenues represent the amount retained by THCR from amounts wagered at table games. The table win percentage tends to be fairly constant over the long term, but may vary significantly in the short term, due to large wagers by high rollers. The Atlantic City industry table game win percentages were 15.8% and 16.3% for the three months ended June 30, 2002 and 2003, respectively. THCR s table game win percentage was 16.8% and 17.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2002 and 2003, respectively.

Table game revenues increased \$2,583,000, or 3.1%, to \$84,831,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to \$82,248,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2002, primarily due to the 0.7 point increase in table win percentage at both the Trump Taj Mahal and Trump Plaza. Trump Taj Mahal s increase in table game revenue was also attributed to a \$10,015,000 or 4.6% increase in table game drop. Trump Marina s \$4,459,000 increase in table game drop offsets a 0.6 point decrease in table win percentage. Trump Indiana s \$1,038,000 decrease in table games revenue was attributed to a \$4,649,000 decrease in table game drop, due to a decision to eliminate high end table player marketing efforts, combined with a 0.9 point decrease in table win percentage.

Slot revenues decreased \$1,339,000, or 0.6%, to \$229,749,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to \$231,088,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2002. Decreases in slot handle of \$27,093,000 at Trump Taj Mahal and \$29,254,000 at Trump Marina primarily contributed to their respective decreases in slot revenues. Trump Indiana s slot revenues increased \$1,091,000 primarily due to an \$8,078,000 increase in slot handle. Trump Plaza s \$7,892,000 increase in slot handle partially offset the 0.1 point decrease in slot win percentage.

Overall, slot revenues during the second quarter of 2003 were negatively impacted by unseasonable winter weather in April 2003 in the Atlantic City market as well as adverse economic conditions and the war in Iraq.

For the three months ended June 30, 2003 a \$1,186,000 management fee was earned from the Trump 29 Casino compared to \$1,114,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2002.

Promotional allowances increased by \$2,077,000, or 2.8%, from the comparable period in 2002 primarily as a result of increases in coin and complimentary hotel services.

Gaming costs and expenses increased \$1,129,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2003 to \$145,798,000, compared to \$144,669,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2002. This increase was attributed to higher gaming revenues. As a result of a legislative bill passed by the State of Indiana during the second quarter of 2003, Trump Indiana recorded a \$1,942,000 retroactive recalculation of wagering tax due to the State of Indiana.

General and administrative expenses were \$70,428,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2003, a \$4,914,000, or 7.5%, increase from \$65,514,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2002. This increase was primarily attributed to higher insurance costs, utilities, and real estate taxes. Additionally, the Trump Atlantic City Properties recorded a donation of casino reinvestment obligations.

During the three months ended June 30, 2002 and 2003, THCR incurred debt renegotiation costs of \$949,000 and \$323,000, respectively. Debt renegotiation costs include the costs associated with 2002 debt refinancing no longer pursued and transactional fees earned upon the consummation of the TCH Notes Offering on March 25, 2003.

In accordance with the New Jersey Business Tax Reform Act, a provision for current income tax expense of \$1,250,000 has been recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2003. There was no comparable expense in the three months ended June 30, 2002 since this change was recorded beginning in the period in which the tax law was passed (third quarter 2002) pursuant to the accounting literature in Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 109, Accounting for Income Taxes.

Comparison of Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2002 and 2003. The following tables include selected data of Trump Plaza, Trump Taj Mahal, Trump Indiana and Trump Marina.

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2002									
	Trump Plaza			Trump Trumj Taj Mahal Indian			Trump Marina		Co	THCR nsolidated*
				(d	lollars in	thousand	ds)			
Revenues:										
Gaming	\$	165,884	\$	262,378	\$	64,572	\$	137,552	\$	630,386
Management Fees										1,114
Other		34,377		53,918		4,140		28,308		120,743
Gross Revenues		200,261		316,296		68,712		165,860		752,243
Less: Promotional Allowances		45,106		62,949		6,669		34,158		148,882
Net Revenues		155,155		253,347		62,043		131,702		603,361
Costs and Expenses:										
Gaming		77,434		115,154		32,936		62,308		287,832
Other		10,669		17,981		3,106		7,016		38,772
General & Administrative		31,214		51,373		13,084		32,558		130,107
Depreciation & Amortization		8,501		18,302		2,804		10,199		39,817
Debt Renegotiation Costs						284		1,127		3,064
Total Costs and Expenses		127,818		202,810		52,214		113,208		499,592
Income from Operations		27,337		50,537		9,829		18,494		103,769
Non-operating Income		169		156		112		166		1,039
Interest Expense		(24,946)		(47,412)		(2,169)		(31,449)		(110,454)
Total Non-operating Expense, Net		(24,777)		(47,256)		(2,057)		(31,283)		(109,415)
Loss in Joint Venture						(1,200)				(1,200)
Income (Loss) before Minority Interest	\$	2,560	\$	3,281	\$	6,572	\$	(12,789)	\$	(6,846)
			_				_			
Minority Interest										2,504
Net Loss									\$	(4,342)

* Intercompany eliminations and expenses of THCR, THCR Holdings, Trump AC and THCR Management are not separately shown.

		Six Months Ended June 30, 2003								
	Trump Plaza		Trump Taj Mahal		Trump Indiana		Trump Marina		THCR nsolidated*	
				(d	lollars in thousa	ıds)				
Revenues:										
Gaming	\$	159,863	\$	257,365	\$ 64,728	\$	132,176	\$	614,132	
Management Fees									2,149	
Other		33,146		50,875	4,283	. <u> </u>	28,583		116,887	
Gross Revenues		193,009		308,240	69,011		160,759		733,168	
Less: Promotional Allowances		44,286		61,762	7,431		34,026		147,505	
Net Revenues		148,723		246,478	61,580		126,733		585,663	
Costs and Expenses:										
Gaming		74,390		116,029	33,972		62,124		286,515	
Other		10,424		17,497	3,183		6,911		38,015	
General & Administrative		33,350		54,192	14,340		34,891		138,206	
Depreciation & Amortization		9,721		21,352	3,706		10,643		45,436	
Debt Renegotiation Costs							(47)		2,951	
Total Costs and Expenses		127,885		209,070	55,201		114,522		511,123	
Income from Operations		20,838		37,408	6,379		12,211		74,540	
Non-operating Income		175		87	365		57		1.040	
Interest Expense		(28,297)		(49,096)	(2,744		(30,946)		(113,907)	
Gain (Loss) on Bond Redemption					(1,820		9,751		2,892	
Total Non-operating Expense, Net		(28,122)		(49,009)	(4,199)	(21,138)	_	(109,975)	
Loss in Joint Venture					(1,230)			(1,230)	
Provision for Income Taxes		(692)		(1,117)			(600)		(2,409)	
Income(Loss) before Minority Interest	\$	(7,976)	\$	(12,718)	\$ 950	\$	(9,527)	\$	(39,074)	
Minority Interest									5,061	
Net Loss								\$	(34,013)	
NU L035								φ	(34,013)	

* Intercompany eliminations, revenues and expenses of THCR, THCR Holdings, Trump AC, TCH, and THCR Management are not separately shown.

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2002									
		Trump Plaza		Trump Taj Mahal		Trump Indiana		Trump Marina	С	THCR onsolidated
				(dollar	s in thousands)				
Table Game Revenues	\$	49,993	\$	74,517	\$	11,848	\$	33,140	\$	169,498
Table Game Drop	\$	290,010	\$	443,547	\$	67,208	\$	178,377	\$	979,142
Table Win Percentage		17.2%		16.8%		17.6%		18.6%		17.3%
Number of Table Games		88		139		48		79		354
Slot Revenues	\$	115,891	\$	176,933	\$	52,724	\$	104,073	\$	449,621
Slot Handle	\$	1,441,163	\$	2,257,381	\$	697,837	\$	1,323,846	\$	5,720,227
Slot Win Percentage		8.0%		7.8%		7.6%		7.9%		7.9%
Number of Slot Machines		2,877		4,852		1,509		2,526		11,764
Other Gaming Revenues	\$	N/A	\$	10,928	\$	N/A	\$	339	\$	11,267
Total Gaming Revenues	\$	165,884	\$	262,378	\$	64,572	\$	137,552	\$	630,386

Six Months Ended June 30, 2003

	 Trump Plaza	-	Trump Гај Mahal		Trump Indiana	 Trump Marina	С	THCR onsolidated
			(dollars	s in thousands)			
Table Game Revenues	\$ 47,110	\$	78,240	\$	9,144	\$ 31,865	\$	166,359
Incr (Decr) over prior period	\$ (2,883)	\$	3,723	\$	(2,704)	\$ (1,275)	\$	(3,139)
Table Game Drop	\$ 285,199	\$	451,560	\$	55,754	\$ 183,086	\$	975,599
Incr (Decr) over prior period	\$ (4,811)	\$	8,013	\$	(11,454)	\$ 4,709	\$	(3,543)
Table Win Percentage	16.5%		17.3%		16.4%	17.4%		17.1%
Incr (Decr) over prior period	(0.7)pts		0.5pts		(1.2)pts	(1.2)pts		(0.2)pts
Number of Table Games	90		127		45	81		343
Incr (Decr) over prior period	2		(12)		(3)	2		(11)
Slot Revenues	\$ 112,753	\$	168,343	\$	55,584	\$ 99,987	\$	436,667
Incr (Decr) over prior period	\$ (3,138)	\$	(8,590)	\$	2,860	\$ (4,086)	\$	(12,954)
Slot Handle	\$ 1,422,101	\$	2,105,574	\$	704,530	\$ 1,236,487	\$	5,468,692
Incr (Decr) over prior period	\$ (19,062)	\$	(151,807)	\$	6,693	\$ (87,359)	\$	(251,535)
Slot Win Percentage	7.9%		8.0%		7.9%	8.1%		8.0%
Incr (Decr) over prior period	(0.1)pts		0.2pts		0.3pts	0.2pts		0.1pts
Number of Slot Machines	2,956		4,719		1,722	2,514		11,911
Incr (Decr) over prior period	79		(133)		213	(12)		147
Other Gaming Revenues	\$ N/A	\$	10,782	\$	N/A	\$ 324	\$	11,106
Incr (Decr) over prior period	\$ N/A	\$	(146)	\$	N/A	\$ (15)	\$	(161)
Total Gaming Revenues	\$ 159,863	\$	257,365	\$	64,728	\$ 132,176	\$	614,132
Incr (Decr) over prior period	\$ (6,021)	\$	(5,013)	\$	156	\$ (5,376)	\$	(16,254)

Gaming revenues are the primary source of THCR s revenues. Table game revenues represent the amount retained by THCR from amounts wagered at table games. The table win percentage tends to be fairly constant over the long term, but may vary significantly in the short term, due to large wagers by high rollers. The Atlantic City industry table game win percentages were 16.0% and 16.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2003, respectively. THCR s table game win percentage was 17.3% and 17.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2003, respectively.

Table game revenues decreased \$3,139,000, or 1.9%, to \$166,359,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003 from \$169,498,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002, primarily due to decreases in table win percentages of 0.7 points at Trump Plaza and 1.2 points at both Trump Marina and Trump Indiana. Trump Taj Mahal s increase in table game revenue of \$3,723,000 was attributed to increases in both table game drop and table win percentage which partially offset table games revenue decreases at the other properties. Trump Marina s \$4,709,000 increase in table game drop also partially offset its 1.2 points decrease in table win percentage. Trump Indiana s \$11,454,000 decrease in table game drop, due to a decision to eliminate high end table player marketing efforts, also contributed to its decrease in table game revenue.

Slot revenues decreased \$12,954,000, or 2.9%, to \$436,667,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003 compared to \$449,621,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002. Decreases in slot handle of \$151,807,000 at Trump Taj Mahal and \$87,359,000 at Trump Marina primarily contributed to their respective decreases in slot revenues. Trump Indiana s slot revenues increased \$2,860,000 primarily due to a \$6,693,000 increase in slot handle. Trump Plaza s decrease of \$3,138,000 in slot revenue is due to the \$19,062,000 decrease in slot handle in addition to a 0.1 point decrease in slot win percentage.

Overall, slot revenues during the six months ended June 30, 2003 were negatively impacted by unseasonable winter weather in the Atlantic City market as well as adverse economic conditions and the war in Iraq.

For the six months ended June 30, 2003, a \$2,149,000 management fee was earned from the Trump 29 Casino compared to \$1,114,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002. THCR Management commenced its management of the Trump 29 Casino in April 2002.

Promotional allowances decreased by \$1,377,000, or 0.9%, from the comparable period in 2002 primarily as a result of decreases in coin and complimentary hotel services.

Gaming costs and expenses decreased \$1,317,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003 to \$286,515,000, compared to \$287,832,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002. This decrease was attributed to lower gaming revenues. As a result of a legislative bill passed by the State of Indiana during the second quarter of 2003, Trump Indiana recorded a \$1,942,000 retroactive recalculation of wagering tax due to the State of Indiana.

General and administrative expenses were \$138,206,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003, an \$8,099,000, or 6.2%, increase from \$130,107,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002. This increase was primarily attributed to higher insurance costs, utilities, and real estate taxes. Additionally, the Trump Atlantic City Properties recorded a donation of casino reinvestment obligations.

During the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2003, THCR incurred debt renegotiation costs of \$3,064,000 and \$2,951,000, respectively. Debt renegotiation costs include the costs associated with 2002 debt refinancing no longer pursued and transactional fees earned upon the consummation of the TCH Notes Offering on March 25, 2003.

In connection with the TCH Notes Offering, THCR incurred \$2,892,000 which consists of a net gain of \$10,451,000 on the retirement of Castle Funding s 11.75% Mortgage Notes due 2003 and the Castle PIK Notes, a \$2,828,000 call premium on the retirement of THCR Holdings Senior Notes, the settlement of Trump Indiana s interest rate swap of \$851,000 and the write off of unamortized loan costs of approximately \$3,880,000.

In accordance with the New Jersey Business Tax Reform Act, a provision for current income tax expense of \$2,409,000 has been recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2003. There was no comparable expense in the six months ended June 30, 2002 since this change was recorded beginning in the period in which the tax law was passed (third quarter 2002) pursuant to the accounting literature in Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 109, Accounting for Income Taxes.

Seasonality

Our cash flows from operating activities are seasonal in nature. Spring and summer are traditionally the peak seasons for the Trump Atlantic City Properties, with autumn and winter being non-peak seasons. Trump 29 s peak seasons are late winter and spring. Trump Indiana generally is not seasonal. Since the Trump Atlantic City Properties account for the majority of our business, our operating results for the two quarters ending in March and December are not historically as profitable as the two quarters ending in June and September. Any excess cash flow achieved from operations during peak seasons is used to subsidize non-peak seasons. Performance in non-peak seasons is usually dependent on favorable weather and a long-weekend holiday calendar. In the event that we are unable to generate excess cash flows in one or more peak seasons, we may not be able to subsidize non-peak seasons, if necessary.

ITEM 3 QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable.

ITEM 4 CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) *Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.* Based on their evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the Registrant s principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Registrant s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act)) are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Registrant in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms.

(b) *Changes in Internal Controls.* There were no specific changes in the Registrant s internal controls over financial reporting during the fiscal quarter covered by this Form 10-Q that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant s internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

General. From time to time, THCR and certain of its employees are involved in various legal proceedings. In general, THCR has agreed to indemnify such persons, and its directors, against any and all losses, claims, damages, expenses (including reasonable costs, disbursements and counsel fees) and liabilities (including amounts paid or incurred in satisfaction of settlements, judgments, fines and penalties) incurred by them in said legal proceedings.

ITEM 2 CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

As previously disclosed, Mr. Trump accepted, in part, 1,500 shares of Series A Preferred Stock of THCR in lieu of cash for his \$15.0 million principal amount of THCR Holdings Senior Notes being redeemed from other noteholders with the net proceeds of the TCH Notes Offering. Pursuant to the Note Purchase Agreement, dated March 19, 2003, between THCR, THCR Holdings and Mr. Trump, and after obtaining stockholders approval at the annual stockholders meeting in June 2003, Mr. Trump exchanged his Series A Preferred Stock on July 11, 2003 for 7,894,737 shares of THCR Common Stock on the basis of \$1.90 per share. The THCR Common Stock was issued to Mr. Trump pursuant to the exemptions afforded by Sections 3(a)(9) and 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

ITEM 3 DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4 SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

THCR held its annual meeting of stockholders on June 12, 2003. As of April 17, 2003, the record date for the meeting, stockholders representing a total of 35,928,750 shares (consisting of 22,010,027 shares of THCR Common Stock and 1,000 shares of THCR Class B Common Stock held by Mr. Trump having a voting equivalency of 13,918,723 shares of THCR Common Stock), were outstanding and entitled to vote at the meeting. At the meeting, 33,314,853 shares voted in person or by proxy to:

(1) Elect a board of directors to hold office until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until their successors are elected and qualified.

	For	Withheld
Donald J. Trump	31,364,409	1,950,444
Wallace B. Askins	31,400,607	1,914,246
Don M. Thomas	31,400,907	1,913,946
Peter M. Ryan	31,485,032	1,829,821
Robert J. McGuire	31,482,487	1,832,366

(2) Authorize the issuance of 7,894,737 shares of THCR Common Stock to Donald J. Trump in exchange for Mr. Trump s 1,500 shares of Series A Preferred Stock:

Votes C	Counted		
For	Against	Abstain	Broker Non-Votes
19,376,630	3,416,378	137,506	10,397,239

(3) Ratify Ernst & Young, LLP as the independent auditors of THCR for the 2003 fiscal year.

Votes Co		
For	Against	Abstain
32,986,050	225,706	103,097
		25

ITEM 5 OTHER INFORMATION

On June 25, 2003, the New Jersey Casino Control Commission renewed each of Taj Associates , Plaza Associates and Marina Associates casino license to operate the Trump Taj Mahal, Trump Plaza and Trump Marina, respectively, through June 25, 2007.

ITEM 6 EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

a. Exhibits:

- 31.1 Certification by the Chief Executive Officer of the Registrant Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Amended.
- 31.2 Certification by the Chief Financial Officer of the Registrant Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Amended.
- 32.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of the Registrant Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of the Registrant Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

b. Current Reports on Form 8-K:

THCR filed a Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC on April 30, 2003 regarding its earnings press release for the first quarter ended March 31, 2003.

Pursuant to the indentures governing the TCH Notes, THCR filed a Form 8-K with the SEC on May 23, 2003 containing certain financial information relating to TCH for the period ended March 31, 2003.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

By:

TRUMP HOTELS & CASINO RESORTS, INC (Registrant)

Date: August 14, 2003

/s/ Francis x. McCarthy, Jr.

Francis X. McCarthy, Jr. Executive Vice President of Corporate Finance and Chief Financial Officer (Duly Authorized Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification by the Chief Executive Officer of the Registrant Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Amended.
31.2	Certification by the Chief Financial Officer of the Registrant Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Amended.
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of the Registrant Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of the Registrant Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
	28