ESTEE LAUDER COMPANIES INC Form 10-Q February 04, 2011 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

x Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

OR

For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2010

o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities

Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 1-14064

The Estée Lauder Companies Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 11-2408943

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

767	Fifth .	Ave	nue, l	New	York,	New	York
(A	ddress	of	princi	pal e	xecutiv	e offi	ces)

10153 (Zip Code)

212-572-4200

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

At January 26, 2011, 121,194,060 shares of the registrant s Class A Common Stock, \$.01 par value, and 76,232,041 shares of the registrant s Class B Common Stock, \$.01 par value, were outstanding.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

item 1. financial statements

THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

(Unaudited)

	Three Mon Decem	ded		Six Month Decemb	ed
	2010	2009 (In millions, excep	ot per s	2010 share data)	2009
Net Sales	\$ 2,492.0	\$ 2,262.3	\$	4,583.7	\$ 4,095.7
Cost of Sales	541.1	525.4		1,029.2	970.5
Gross Profit	1,950.9	1,736.9		3,554.5	3,125.2
Operating expenses					
Selling, general and administrative	1,419.2	1,282.4		2,721.0	2,432.1
Restructuring and other special charges	14.0	9.3		17.8	27.5
Goodwill impairment		16.6			16.6
Impairment of other intangible assets		29.0			29.0
Total operating expenses	1,433.2	1,337.3		2,738.8	2,505.2
Operating Income	517.7	399.6		815.7	620.0
Interest expense, net	16.1	19.9		32.2	39.5
Earnings before Income Taxes	501.6	379.7		783.5	580.5
Provision for income taxes	155.7	118.0		248.0	181.0
Net Earnings	345.9	261.7		535.5	399.5
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests	(2.0)	(5.5)		(0.5)	(2.6)
Net Earnings Attributable to The Estée Lauder Companies Inc.	\$ 343.9	\$ 256.2	\$	535.0	\$ 396.9
Net earnings attributable to The Estée					
Lauder Companies Inc. per common share					
Basic	\$ 1.75	\$ 1.30	\$	2.72	\$ 2.01
Diluted	1.71	1.28		2.67	1.99

Weighted average common shares outstanding

Basic	196.7	197.3	196.7	197.0
Diluted	200.9	200.4	200.6	199.3
Cash dividends declared per common share \$.75	\$.55	\$.75	\$.55

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	/ 1	2010 Jnaudited)		2010
	(*		nillions)	
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,043.1	\$	1,120.7
Accounts receivable, net		1,172.5		746.2
Inventory and promotional merchandise, net		866.9		826.6
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		431.6		427.5
Total current assets		3,514.1		3,121.0
Property, Plant and Equipment, net		1,066.9		1,023.6
Other Assets				
Investments, at cost or market value		13.9		12.2
Goodwill		900.0		752.5
Other intangible assets, net		241.6		109.5
Other assets		245.3		316.8
Total other assets		1,400.8		1,191.0
Total assets	\$	5,981.8	\$	5,335.6
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Current Liabilities				
Current debt	\$	26.0	\$	23.4
Accounts payable	•	349.3		425.2
Accrued income taxes		118.1		5.6
Other accrued liabilities		1,258.0		1,118.0
Total current liabilities		1,751.4		1,572.2
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Long-term debt		1,205.1		1,205.0
Accrued income taxes		166.5		163.3
Other noncurrent liabilities		453.1		429.7
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,824.7		1,798.0
Contingencies (Note 8)				
Equity				
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 650,000,000 shares Class A authorized; shares issued: 193,993,742 at December 31, 2010 and 190,767,435 at June 30, 2010; 240,000,000 shares				
Class B authorized; shares issued and outstanding: 76,232,041 at December 31, 2010 and 77,082,041 at June 30, 2010		2.7		2.7
Paid-in capital		1,565.9		1,428.7
Retained earnings		3,950.7		3,564.0
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(111.9)		3,364.0
Accumulated offici completionsive loss		5,407.4		4,798.7
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Less: Treasury stock, at cost; 72,909,623 Class A shares at December 31, 2010 and 70,125,805 Class A shares at June 30, 2010		
Total stockholders equity The Estée Lauder Companies Inc.	2,387.0	1,948.4
Noncontrolling interests	18.7	17.0
Total equity	2,405.7	1,965.4
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 5,981.8	\$ 5,335.6

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

	2010	Decem	ths Ended aber 31 illions)	2009	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Net earnings \$		535.5	\$		399.5
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash flows from operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		135.3			127.7
Deferred income taxes		12.9			(28.9)
Non-cash stock-based compensation		54.4			30.8
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation arrangements		(17.3)			(1.0)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		2.1			10.8
Non-cash charges associated with restructuring activities		5.7			7.0
Goodwill and other intangible asset impairments					45.6
Pension and post-retirement benefit expense		34.2			29.7
Pension and post-retirement benefit contributions		(19.6)			(26.5)
Other non-cash items		0.2			0.3
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Increase in accounts receivable, net		(387.9)		((226.3)
Decrease in inventory and promotional merchandise, net		0.2			48.6
Decrease (increase) in other assets, net		(27.4)			2.0
Decrease in accounts payable		(95.9)			(22.2)
Increase in accrued income taxes		146.4			95.3
Increase in other liabilities		129.2			124.5
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		508.0			616.9
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Capital expenditures		(144.8)		((104.2)
Acquisition of businesses and other intangible assets, net of cash acquired		(256.1)			(9.3)
Purchases of long-term investments					(0.1)
Net cash flows used for investing activities		(400.9)		((113.6)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities					
Increase (decrease) in current debt, net		7.3			(5.3)
Repayments and redemptions of long-term debt		(12.7)			(15.0)
Net settlement of interest rate derivatives		47.4			
Net proceeds from stock-based compensation transactions		62.3			56.3
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation arrangements		17.3			1.0
Payments to acquire treasury stock		(173.0)			(78.1)
Dividends paid to stockholders		(148.0)			(109.1)
Net cash flows used for financing activities		(199.4)		((150.2)
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents		14.7			6.0
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(77.6)			359.1

Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	1,120.7	864.5
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$ 1,043.1	\$ 1,223.6

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of The Estée Lauder Companies Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, the Company). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments of a normal recurring nature considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results of operations of any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the full fiscal year. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and accompanying footnotes included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses reported in those financial statements. Certain significant accounting policies that contain subjective management estimates and assumptions include those related to revenue recognition, inventory, pension and other post-retirement benefit costs, goodwill, other intangible assets and long-lived assets, income taxes and derivatives. Descriptions of these policies are discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2010. Management evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current economic environment, and makes adjustments when facts and circumstances dictate. As future events and their effects cannot be determined with precision, actual results could differ significantly from those estimates and assumptions. Significant changes, if any, in those estimates and assumptions resulting from continuing changes in the economic environment will be reflected in the consolidated financial statements in future periods.

Currency Translation and Transactions

All assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries and affiliates are translated at period-end rates of exchange, while revenue and expenses are translated at weighted average rates of exchange for the period. Unrealized translation gains or losses are reported as cumulative translation adjustments through other comprehensive income (loss) (OCI). Such adjustments, attributable to The Estée Lauder Companies Inc., amounted to \$4.9 million and \$0.1 million of unrealized translation gains, net of tax, during the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$91.6 million and \$33.7 million of unrealized translation gains, net of tax, during the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. For the Company s Venezuelan subsidiary operating in a highly inflationary economy, the U.S. dollar is the functional currency. Remeasurement adjustments in financial statements in a highly inflationary economy and other transactional gains and losses are reflected in earnings.

The accompanying consolidated statements of earnings include net exchange losses on foreign currency transactions of \$3.6 million and \$13.1 million during the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$0.8 million and \$13.5 million during the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is stated net of the allowance for doubtful accounts and customer deductions totaling \$36.0 million and \$34.3 million as of December 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010, respectively.

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THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is a worldwide manufacturer, marketer and distributor of skin care, makeup, fragrance and hair care products. Domestic and international sales are made primarily to department stores, perfumeries and specialty retailers. The Company grants credit to all qualified customers and does not believe it is exposed significantly to any undue concentration of credit risk.

The Company s largest customer sells products primarily within the United States and accounted for \$246.3 million, or 10%, and \$225.4 million, or 10%, of the Company s consolidated net sales for the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$528.3 million, or 12%, and \$471.5 million, or 12%, of the Company s consolidated net sales for the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. This customer accounted for \$108.9 million, or 10%, and \$84.3 million, or 11%, of the Company s accounts receivable at December 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010, respectively.

Inventory and Promotional Merchandise

	December 31 2010 (In millions)		
Inventory and promotional merchandise, net consists of:			
Raw materials	\$ 197.7	\$	206.0
Work in process	74.1		78.6
Finished goods	428.2		377.8
Promotional merchandise	166.9		164.2
	\$ 866.9	\$	826.6

Property, Plant and Equipment

				June 30 2010
Property, plant and equipment by asset class (useful life) consists of:		(111 1111)	illolis)	
Land	¢	14.6	¢	14.3
	Ф		Ф	
Buildings and improvements (10 to 40 years)		184.9		172.5
Machinery and equipment (3 to 10 years)		1,268.4		1,174.9
Furniture and fixtures (5 to 10 years)		88.2		82.1
Leasehold improvements		1,151.7		1,081.2

	2,707.8	2,525.0
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	1,640.9	1,501.4
	\$ 1,066.9	\$ 1,023.6

The cost of assets related to projects in progress of \$181.4 million and \$160.4 million as of December 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010, respectively, is included in their respective asset categories in the table above. Depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment was \$63.8 million and \$59.2 million during the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$129.2 million and \$121.2 million during the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Depreciation and amortization related to the Company s manufacturing process is included in cost of sales and all other depreciation and amortization is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of earnings.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate was 31.0% and 31.1% for the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The decrease in the effective income tax rate was attributable to favorable income tax reserve adjustments, including a tax and interest benefit of \$11 million, net of tax, attributable to concluding the examination by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS) of fiscal 2006 through 2008. The rate was also favorably impacted due to a reinstatement of the U.S. federal research and experimentation tax credit, the majority of such benefit recorded discretely in the quarter. These favorable adjustments were partially offset by a higher income tax rate on the Company s international operations, principally due to an increase in earnings from our travel retail business.

The effective income tax rate for income taxes was 31.7% and 31.2% for the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The increase in the effective income tax rate was primarily due to an increase in earnings from our travel retail business, partially offset by favorable income tax reserve adjustments, including a tax and interest benefit of \$11 million, net of tax, attributable to concluding the IRS examination of fiscal 2006 through 2008.

As of December 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010, the gross amount of unrecognized tax benefits, exclusive of interest and penalties, totaled \$121.7 million and \$157.3 million, respectively. The change to the balance of gross unrecognized tax benefits in this period was primarily attributable to the completion of the IRS examination of fiscal 2006 through 2008. The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect the effective tax rate was \$68.4 million. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2010, the Company recognized a gross interest and penalty benefit in the consolidated statements of earnings of \$1.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. The total gross accrued interest and penalties in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010 was \$40.0 million and \$43.6 million, respectively. On the basis of the information available as of December 31, 2010, it is reasonably possible that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits could decrease in a range of \$20 million to \$30 million within 12 months as a result of projected resolutions of global tax examinations and controversies and a potential lapse of the applicable statutes of limitations.

During the six months ended December 31, 2010, the IRS commenced its examination of fiscal 2009.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In December 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) amended its authoritative guidance related to Step 1 of the goodwill impairment test for reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts. For those reporting units, an entity is required to perform Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test if it is more-likely-than-not that a goodwill impairment exists. In determining whether it is more-likely-than-not that a goodwill impairment exists, consideration should be made as to whether there are any adverse qualitative factors indicating that an impairment may exist. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company s consolidated financial

statements.

In December 2010, the FASB amended its authoritative guidance related to business combinations entered into by an entity that are material on an individual or aggregate basis. These amendments clarify existing guidance that if an entity presents comparative financial statements that include a material business combination, the entity should disclose revenue and earnings of the combined entity as though the business combination that occurred during the current year had occurred as of the beginning of the comparable prior annual reporting period. The amendments also expand the supplemental pro forma disclosures to include a description of the nature and amount of material, nonrecurring pro forma adjustments directly attributable to the business combination included in the reported pro forma revenue and earnings. This guidance becomes effective prospectively for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the first day of the Company s fiscal 2012. This disclosure-only guidance will not have a material impact on the Company s results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

In January 2010, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that will require entities to make new disclosures about recurring or nonrecurring fair-value measurements of assets and liabilities. The Company adopted the new guidance in its fiscal 2010 third quarter, except for certain detailed recurring Level 3 disclosures, which are effective for the Company s fiscal 2012 first quarter. The Company currently does not have any recurring Level 3 assets or liabilities.

THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In June 2009, the FASB issued authoritative guidance to eliminate the exception to consolidate a qualifying special-purpose entity, change the approach to determining the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity and require companies to more frequently re-assess whether they must consolidate variable interest entities. Under the new guidance, the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity is identified qualitatively as the enterprise that has both (a) the power to direct the activities of a variable interest entity that most significantly impact the entity s economic performance, and (b) the obligation to absorb losses of the entity that could potentially be significant to the variable interest entity or the right to receive benefits from the entity that could potentially be significant to the variable interest entity. This guidance becomes effective for the Company s fiscal 2011 year end and interim reporting periods thereafter. The Company does not expect this guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2 GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

On July 1, 2010, the Company acquired Smashbox Beauty Cosmetics (Smashbox) which included the addition of goodwill of approximately \$140 million, amortizable intangible assets of approximately \$61 million (with a weighted average amortization period of 9 years) and non-amortizable intangible assets of approximately \$77 million related to the Company s makeup business.

The Company assigns goodwill of a reporting unit to the product category in which that reporting unit predominantly operates at the time of its acquisition.

The following table presents goodwill and the related change in the carrying amount:

(In millions)	S	Skin Care		Makeup Fra		Fragrance		Hair Care	Total	l
Balance as of June 30, 2010										
Goodwill	\$	67.9	\$	265.1	\$	54.8	\$	400.6	\$	788.4
Accumulated impairments		(20.9)						(15.0)		(35.9)
		47.0		265.1		54.8		385.6		752.5
Goodwill acquired during the period				143.5						143.5
Translation and other adjustments		0.8		0.1		0.1		3.0		4.0
		0.8		143.6		0.1		3.0		147.5
Balance as of December 31, 2010										
Goodwill		69.0		408.7		54.9		404.1		936.7
Accumulated impairments		(21.2)						(15.5)		(36.7)
	\$	47.8	\$	408.7	\$	54.9	\$	388.6	\$	900.0

Other intangible assets consists of the following:

			Decen	nber 31, 2010			Ju	ne 30, 2010		
(In millions)	(Gross Carrying Value		cumulated nortization	Total Net Book Value	Gross Carrying Value		cumulated nortization	1	Fotal Net Book Value
Amortizable intangible assets:										
Customer lists and other	\$	268.4	\$	159.7	\$ 108.7	\$ 205.0	\$	151.0	\$	54.0
License agreements		43.0		43.0		43.0		43.0		
	\$	311.4	\$	202.7	108.7	\$ 248.0	\$	194.0		54.0
Non-amortizable intangible assets:										
Trademarks and other					132.9					55.5
Total intangible assets					\$ 241.6				\$	109.5

The aggregate amortization expense related to amortizable intangible assets for the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$3.9 million and \$2.6 million, respectively, and for the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$7.5 million and \$5.1 million, respectively. The estimated aggregate amortization expense for the remainder of fiscal 2011 and each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012 to 2015 is \$7.0 million, \$13.8 million, \$13.8 million, \$13.8 million, respectively.

THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiscal 2010 Impairments

During the second quarter of fiscal 2010, the Darphin reporting unit identified issues related to the planned streamlining of its distribution process, resulting in revisions to its internal forecasts. The Company determined that the reporting unit strademark was impaired, with fair value estimated based upon the application of a royalty rate to discounted projected future cash flows (relief-from-royalty method), and therefore recorded an impairment charge of \$5.8 million, at the exchange rate in effect at that time, in the skin care product category and in the Europe, the Middle East & Africa region.

During the second quarter of fiscal 2010, the Ojon reporting unit altered and delayed certain components of its future expansion plans, resulting in revisions to its internal forecasts. The Company concluded for the Ojon trademark and customer list, that the carrying values exceeded their estimated fair values, which were determined based on the application of the relief-from-royalty method for the trademark and discounted projected future cash flows for the customer list. As a result, the Company recognized asset impairment charges of \$6.0 million for the trademark and \$17.2 million for the customer list, at the exchange rate in effect at that time. After adjusting the carrying value of the trademark and customer list, the Company completed an interim impairment test for goodwill and recorded a goodwill impairment charge related to the Ojon reporting unit of \$16.6 million at the exchange rate in effect at that time. The fair value of the reporting unit was based upon weighting of the income and market approaches, utilizing estimated cash flows and a terminal value, discounted at a rate of return that reflects the relative risk of the cash flows, as well as valuation multiples derived from comparable publicly traded companies that are applied to operating performance of the reporting unit. These impairment charges were reflected in the hair care and skin care product categories and in the Americas region.

NOTE 3 ACQUISITION OF BUSINESS

On July 1, 2010, the Company acquired Smashbox. The purchase price was funded by cash provided by operations. The results of operations are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements commencing with the date it was acquired. Pro forma results of operations of the prior-year period have not been presented, as the impact on the Company s consolidated financial results would not have been material. The aggregate cost of this transaction, net of cash acquired, and continuing earn-out obligations related to the acquisition of the Bobbi Brown brand was approximately \$256 million.

NOTE 4 CHARGES ASSOCIATED WITH RESTRUCTURING ACTIVITIES

In an effort to drive down costs and achieve synergies within the organization, in February 2009, the Company announced the implementation of a multi-faceted cost savings program (the Program) to position itself to achieve long-term profitable growth. The Company anticipates the Program will result in related restructuring and other special charges, inclusive of cumulative charges recorded to date and over the next few fiscal years, totaling between \$350 million to \$450 million, before taxes. The total amount of charges (pre-tax) associated with the Program

expected to be incurred (including those recorded plus other initiatives approved through January 24, 2011) is approximately \$276 million to \$281 million, of which approximately \$184 million to \$185 million relates to restructuring charges, approximately \$42 million of other costs to implement the initiatives, approximately \$35 million to \$39 million in sales returns and approximately \$15 million in inventory write-offs. The restructuring charges are comprised of approximately \$138 million to \$139 million of employee-related costs, approximately \$27 million of other exit costs and contract terminations (substantially all of which have resulted in or will result in cash expenditures), and approximately \$19 million in non-cash asset write-offs.

The Program focuses on a redesign of the Company s organizational structure in order to integrate it in a more cohesive way and operate more globally across brands and functions. The principal aspect of the Program is the reduction of the workforce by approximately 2,000 employees. Specific actions taken during the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 included:

• <u>Resize and Reorganize the Organization</u> The Company continued the realignment and optimization of its organization to better leverage scale, improve productivity and reduce complexity in each region and across various functions. This included reduction of the workforce which occurred through the consolidation of certain functions through a combination of normal attrition and job eliminations.

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THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- <u>Turnaround or Exit Unprofitable Operations</u> To improve the profitability in certain of the Company s brands and regions, the Company has selectively exited certain channels of distribution, categories and markets, and has made changes to turnaround others. This included the exit from the global wholesale distribution of the Company s Prescriptives brand and the reformulation of Ojon brand products. In connection with these activities, the Company incurred charges related to product returns, inventory write-offs, reduction of workforce and termination of contracts.
- <u>Outsourcing</u> In order to balance the growing need for information technology support with the Company s efforts to provide the most efficient and cost effective solutions, the Company continued the outsourcing of certain information technology processes. The Company incurred costs to transition services to an outsource provider.

Restructuring Charges

The following table presents restructuring charges related to the Program as follows:

	Three Mor Decem	led		Six Months Ended December 31				
	2010		2009		2010		2009	
			(In	millions)				
Employee-related costs	\$ 8.8	\$	0.6	\$	9.5	\$	14.0	
Asset write-offs	0.5		0.5	i	0.6		0.7	
Contract terminations	1.5		0.6	,)	1.8		1.2	
Other exit costs	(0.1)		4.2		0.5		4.7	
Total restructuring charges	\$ 10.7	\$	5.9	\$	12.4	\$	20.6	

The following table presents aggregate restructuring charges related to the Program:

(In millions)	Employee- Related Costs	Asset Write-offs	Contract Terminations	Other Exit Costs	Total
Fiscal 2009	\$ 60.9	\$ 4.2	\$ 3.4	\$ 1.8	\$ 70.3
Fiscal 2010	29.3	11.0	2.3	6.2	48.8
Six months ended December 31, 2010	9.5	0.6	1.8	0.5	12.4
Charges recorded through December 31, 2010	\$ 99.7	\$ 15.8	\$ 7.5	\$ 8.5	\$ 131.5

The following table presents accrued restructuring and the related activity as of and for the six months ended December 31, 2010 under the Program:

(In millions)	I	Employee- Related Costs	,	Asset Write-offs	Te	Contract erminations	Other Exit Costs	Total
Balance at June 30, 2010	\$	30.6	\$		\$	0.1	\$ 0.4	\$ 31.1
Charges		9.5		0.6		1.8	0.5	12.4
Cash payments		(15.6)				(0.7)	(0.6)	(16.9)
Non-cash write-offs				(0.6)				(0.6)
Translation adjustments		0.6						0.6
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$	25.1	\$		\$	1.2	\$ 0.3	\$ 26.6

Accrued restructuring charges at December 31, 2010 are expected to result in cash expenditures funded from cash provided by operations of approximately \$13 million, \$11 million and \$3 million in fiscal 2011, 2012 and 2013, respectively.

THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Total Charges Associated with Restructuring Activities

The following table presents total charges (adjustments) associated with restructuring activities related to the Program:

	Three Mo Decer	onths End nber 31		Six Months Ended December 31			
	2010		2009		2010		2009
			(In mi	llions)			
Sales returns (included in Net Sales)	\$ 1.5	\$	(7.4)	\$	1.5	\$	11.1
Cost of sales	3.8		(1.6)		4.6		4.0
Restructuring charges	10.7		5.9		12.4		20.6
Other special charges	3.3		3.4		5.4		6.9
Total charges associated with restructuring							
activities	\$ 19.3	\$	0.3	\$	23.9	\$	42.6

During the three months ended December 31, 2010, we recorded \$1.5 million reflecting sales returns (less a related cost of sales of \$0.5 million) and a write-off of inventory of \$4.3 million associated with turnaround operations, primarily related to the reformulation of Ojon brand products. During the six months ended December 31, 2010, we recorded \$1.5 million reflecting sales returns (less a related cost of sales of \$0.5 million) and a write-off of inventory of \$5.1 million associated with turnaround operations, primarily related to the reformulation of Ojon brand products.

During the three months ended December 31, 2009, the Company recorded an adjustment of \$7.4 million to reduce then-anticipated sales returns (less a related cost of sales of \$1.6 million) and a benefit of \$3.2 million to reduce the estimated write-off of inventory associated with exiting unprofitable operations, primarily related to the exit from the global wholesale distribution of the Prescriptives brand. During the six months ended December 31, 2009, the Company recorded \$11.1 million reflecting sales returns (less a related cost of sales of \$2.3 million) and a write-off of inventory of \$6.3 million associated with exiting unprofitable operations, primarily related to the exit from the global wholesale distribution of the Prescriptives brand.

Other special charges in connection with the implementation of the Program relate to consulting, other professional services, and accelerated depreciation.

NOTE 5 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company addresses certain financial exposures through a controlled program of risk management that includes the use of derivative financial instruments. The Company enters into foreign currency forward and may enter into option contracts to reduce the effects of fluctuating foreign currency exchange rates and interest rate derivatives to manage the effects of interest rate movements on the Company s aggregate liability portfolio. The Company also enters into foreign currency forward and may use option contracts, not designated as hedging instruments, to mitigate the change in fair value of specific assets and liabilities on the balance sheet. The Company does not utilize derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. Costs associated with entering into these derivative financial instruments have not been material to the Company s consolidated financial results.

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THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For each derivative contract entered into where the Company looks to obtain special hedge accounting treatment, the Company formally documents all relationships between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk-management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged, how the hedging instruments—effectiveness in offsetting the hedged risk will be assessed prospectively and retrospectively, and a description of the method of measuring ineffectiveness. This process includes linking all derivatives to specific assets and liabilities on the balance sheet or to specific firm commitments or forecasted transactions. The Company also formally assesses, both at the hedge—s inception and on an ongoing basis, whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items. If it is determined that a derivative is not highly effective, or that it has ceased to be a highly effective hedge, the Company will be required to discontinue hedge accounting with respect to that derivative prospectively.

The fair values of the Company s derivative financial instruments included in the consolidated balance sheets are presented as follows:

		Asset Der	rivatives Fair Va	alue (1)		Liabilit	y Derivatives Fair Va		
(In millions)	Balance Sheet Location		mber 31 2010		June 30 2010	Balance Sheet Location		ember 31 2010	J	une 30 2010
Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments:										
Foreign currency forward contracts	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$	11.4	\$	17.1	Other accrued liabilities	\$	17.2	\$	10.5
Interest rate swap contracts	Other assets				38.7	Not applicable				
Total Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments			11.4		55.8			17.2		10.5
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments:										
Foreign currency forward contracts	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1.0		2.0	Other accrued liabilities		4.1		2.0
Total Derivatives		\$	12.4	\$	57.8		\$	21.3	\$	12.5

⁽¹⁾ See Note 6 Fair Value Measurements for further information about how the fair value of derivative assets and liabilities are determined.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The amounts of the gains and losses related to the Company s derivative financial instruments designated as hedging instruments are presented as follows:

							Amount of Ga	ain or (I	oss)
		Amount of G	ain or (L	Loss)		R	eclassified fron	n Accun	nulated
	Rec	ognized in OC	I on De	rivatives			OCI into I	Earning	5
		(Effective	Portion)	Location of Gain or		(Effective P	ortion) ((1)
	Three	Months	Six	x Months	(Loss) Reclassified	Three	e Months	Si	Months
	\mathbf{E}_{1}	nded		Ended	from Accumulated	E	nded		Ended
	Decer	nber 31,	Dec	ember 31,	OCI into Earnings	Dece	mber 31,	Dec	ember 31,
(In millions)	2	010		2010	(Effective Portion)	- 2	2010		2010
Derivatives in Cash Flow									
Hedging Relationships:									
Foreign currency forward									
contracts	\$	(1.2)	\$	(15.1)	Cost of sales	\$	(0.7)	\$	(1.0)
					Selling, general and				
					administrative		(2.1)		(2.1)
Total derivatives	\$	(1.2)	\$	(15.1)		\$	(2.8)	\$	(3.1)

⁽¹⁾ The amount of gain (loss) recognized in earnings related to the amount excluded from effectiveness testing was \$0.4 million and \$0.1 million for the three and six months ended December 31, 2010, respectively. There was a net \$(0.5) million gain (loss) recognized in earnings related to the ineffective portion of the hedging relationships for the three and six months ended December 31, 2010.

		Amount of Go ognized in OC (Effective	I on De Portion	rivatives	Location of Gain or	R	Loss) mulated gs (2)		
(In millions)	Ei Decer	Months nded nber 31,		Ended cember 31, 2009	(Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Earnings (Effective Portion)	E Decei	e Months nded mber 31,		ix Months Ended ecember 31, 2009
Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships:									
Foreign currency forward	¢	(1.7)	\$	(6.5)	Cost of soles	¢	(2.7)	¢	(2.7)
contracts	\$	(1.7)	Ф	(6.3)	Cost of sales Selling, general and administrative	\$	(3.7)	\$	(3.7)
Total derivatives	\$	(1.7)	\$	(6.5)		\$	(8.3)	\$	(10.6)

⁽²⁾ The amount of gain (loss) recognized in earnings related to the amount excluded from effectiveness testing was (0.1) million and (0.4) million for the three and six months ended December 31, 2009, respectively. There was no gain (loss) recognized in earnings related to the

ineffective portion of the hedging relationships for the three and six months ended December 31, 2009.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivatives (3)									
(In millions)	Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivatives	Three Months Ended December 31,	Six Mon Ended Decembe	l	Decei	e Months nded mber 31,	En Decem	lonths ded ber 31,			
(In millions) Derivatives in Fair Value	Derivatives	2010	2010			2009	20	09			
Hedging Relationships:											
Interest rate swap contracts	Interest expense, net	\$	\$	8.7	\$	(6.7)	\$	(0.7)			

⁽³⁾ Changes in the fair values of the interest rate swap agreements are exactly offset by changes in the fair value of the underlying long-term debt.

The amounts of the gains and losses related to the Company s derivative financial instruments not designated as hedging instruments are presented as follows:

		Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivatives									
(In millions)	Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivatives	Ende Decembe	Three Months Ended December 31, 2010		Six Months Ended December 31, 2010		Three Months Ended December 31, 2009		Aonths ided iber 31,		
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments:											
Foreign currency forward contracts	Selling, general and administrative	\$	(3.4)	\$	(3.0)	\$	0.8	\$	(3.4)		

Foreign Currency Cash-Flow Hedges

The Company enters into foreign currency forward contracts to hedge anticipated transactions, as well as receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies, for periods consistent with the Company's identified exposures. The purpose of the hedging activities is to minimize the effect of foreign exchange rate movements on costs and on the cash flows that the Company receives from foreign subsidiaries. The majority of foreign currency forward contracts are denominated in currencies of major industrial countries. The Company may also enter into foreign currency option contracts to hedge anticipated transactions. The foreign currency forward contracts entered into to hedge anticipated transactions have been designated as foreign currency cash-flow hedges and have varying maturities through the end of June 2012. Hedge effectiveness of foreign currency forward contracts is based on a hypothetical derivative methodology and excludes the portion of fair value attributable to the spot-forward difference which is recorded in current-period earnings. Hedge effectiveness of foreign currency option contracts is based on a dollar offset methodology.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The ineffective portion of both foreign currency forward and option contracts is recorded in current-period earnings. For hedge contracts that are no longer deemed highly effective, hedge accounting is discontinued and gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income (loss) are reclassified to earnings when the underlying forecasted transaction occurs. If it is probable that the forecasted transaction will no longer occur, then any gains or losses in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) are reclassified to current-period earnings. As of December 31, 2010, the Company s foreign currency cash-flow hedges were highly effective, in all material respects. The estimated net gain (loss) as of December 31, 2010 that is expected to be reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into earnings within the next twelve months is \$2.0 million. The accumulated derivative instruments gain (loss) in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) was \$9.7 million and \$(2.3) million for June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

At December 31, 2010, the Company had foreign currency forward contracts in the amount of \$1,441.6 million. The foreign currencies included in foreign currency forward contracts (notional value stated in U.S. dollars) are principally the British pound (\$266.3 million), Swiss franc (\$247.2 million), Euro (\$195.7 million), Canadian dollar (\$124.1 million), Hong Kong dollar (\$118.4 million), Australian dollar (\$91.3 million) and South Korean won (\$66.0 million).

Fair Value Hedges

The Company may enter into interest rate derivative contracts to manage the exposure to interest rate fluctuations on its funded indebtedness and anticipated issuance of debt for periods consistent with the identified exposures. During the six months ended December 31, 2010, the Company terminated its interest rate swap agreements with a notional amount totaling \$250.0 million which had effectively converted the fixed rate interest on its outstanding 2017 Senior Notes to variable interest rates. The instrument, which was classified as an asset, had a fair value of \$47.4 million at the date of cash settlement. This net settlement is classified as a financing activity on the consolidated statements of cash flows. Hedge accounting treatment was discontinued prospectively and the fair value adjustment to the carrying amount of the related debt will be amortized against interest expense over the remaining life of the debt.

Credit Risk

As a matter of policy, the Company only enters into derivative contracts with counterparties that have at least an A (or equivalent) credit rating. The counterparties to these contracts are major financial institutions. Exposure to credit risk in the event of nonperformance by any of the counterparties is limited to the gross fair value of contracts in asset positions, which totaled \$12.4 million at December 31, 2010. To manage this risk, the Company has established counterparty credit guidelines that are continually monitored and reported to management. Accordingly, management believes risk of loss under these hedging contracts is remote.

Certain of the Company s derivative financial instruments contain credit-risk-related contingent features. At December 31, 2010, the Company was in a net liability position for certain derivative contracts that contain such features with two counterparties. The fair value of those contracts as of December 31, 2010 was approximately \$3.9 million. Such credit-risk-related contingent features would be triggered if (a) upon a merger involving the Company, the ratings of the surviving entity were materially weaker than prior to the merger or (b) the Company s credit ratings fall below investment grade (rated below BBB-/Baa3) and the Company fails to enter into an International Swaps & Derivatives Association Credit Support Annex within 30 days of being requested by the counterparty. The fair value of collateral required or assets required to settle the instruments immediately if a triggering event were to occur, is estimated at approximately the fair value of the contracts. As of December 31, 2010, the Company was in compliance with the credit-risk-related contingent features in all of its derivative financial instruments containing them.

THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company records its financial assets and liabilities at fair value, which is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability, in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The accounting for fair value measurements must be applied to nonrecurring nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, which principally consist of assets and liabilities acquired through business combinations, goodwill, indefinite-lived intangible assets and long-lived assets for the purposes of calculating potential impairment, and liabilities associated with restructuring activities. The Company is required to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1: Inputs based on quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.

Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Inputs reflect management s best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The inputs are unobservable in the market and significant to the instrument s valuation.

The following table presents the Company s hierarchy for its financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2010:

(In millions)	Lev	vel 1	Level 2 Le	evel 3	Total
Assets:					
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$	\$	12.4 \$	\$	12.4
Available-for-sale securities		5.9			5.9
Total	\$	5.9 \$	12.4 \$	\$	18.3
Liabilities:					
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$	\$	21.3 \$	\$	21.3

The following table presents the Company s hierarchy for its financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2010:

(In millions)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$	\$ 19.1	\$	\$ 19.1
Interest rate swap contracts		38.7		38.7
Available-for-sale securities	5.4			5.4
Total	\$ 5.4	\$ 57.8	\$	\$ 63.2
Liabilities:				
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$	\$ 12.5	\$	\$ 12.5
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table presents the Company s hierarchy for certain of its nonfinancial assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, due to a change in circumstances that triggered an interim impairment review and a recoverability test, as of December 31, 2009:

(In millions)	pairment charges	D	Carrying Value December 31, 2009	Level 1		L	evel 2	Level 3 (1)	
Goodwill	\$ 16.6	\$	28.1	\$		\$	\$	28.1	
Other intangible assets, net	29.0		41.2					41.2	
Total	\$ 45.6	\$	69.3	\$		\$	\$	69.3	

⁽¹⁾ See Note 2 for discussion of the valuation techniques used to measure fair value, the description of the inputs and information used to develop those inputs.

With the exception of the acquisition of Smashbox, there have been no nonfinancial assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis for the six months ended December 31, 2010.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of the Company s classes of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

Cash and cash equivalents - The carrying amount approximates fair value, primarily because of the short maturity of cash equivalent instruments.

Available-for-sale securities - Available-for-sale securities are generally comprised of mutual funds and are valued using quoted market prices on an active exchange. Available-for-sale securities are included in investments in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Foreign currency forward contracts - The fair values of the Company's foreign currency forward contracts were determined using an industry-standard valuation model, which is based on an income approach. The significant observable inputs to the model, such as swap yield curves and currency spot and forward rates, were obtained from an independent pricing service. To determine the fair value of contracts under the model, the difference between the contract price and the current forward rate was discounted using LIBOR for contracts with maturities up to 12 months, and swap yield curves for contracts with maturities greater than 12 months.

Interest rate swap contracts - The fair values of the Company s interest rate swap contracts were determined using the market approach and were based on non-binding offers from the counterparties that are corroborated by observable market data using the income approach. The non-binding offers represented the prices offered by the counterparties in the over-the-counter market to unwind and terminate these instruments (exclusive of accrued interest) and incorporated the counterparties respective overall credit exposure to the Company. The Company performs a discounted cash flow analysis to corroborate the fair values of the non-binding offers using inputs such as swap yield curves and six-month LIBOR forward rates, which are obtained from an independent pricing service. During the six months ended December 31, 2010, the Company terminated its interest rate swap agreements. See Note 5 Derivative Financial Instruments.

Current and long-term debt - The fair value of the Company s debt was estimated based on the current rates offered to the Company for debt with the same remaining maturities. To a lesser extent, debt also includes capital lease obligations for which the carrying amount approximates the fair value.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The estimated fair values of the Company s financial instruments are as follows:

			Decem 20			June 30 2010				
(In millions)		Carrying Amount			Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value			
Nonderivatives										
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	1,043.1	\$	1,043.1	\$ 1,120.7	\$	1,120.7		
Available-for-sale securities			5.9		5.9	5.4		5.4		
Current and long-term debt			1,231.1		1,301.9	1,228.4		1,325.3		
Derivatives										
Foreign currency forward contracts	asset									
(liability)			(8.9)		(8.9)	6.6		6.6		
Interest rate swap contracts asset						38.7		38.7		

NOTE 7 PENSION AND POST-RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The Company maintains pension plans covering substantially all of its full-time employees for its U.S. operations and a majority of its international operations. The Company also maintains post-retirement benefit plans which provide certain medical and dental benefits to eligible employees. Descriptions of these plans are discussed in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2010.

The components of net periodic benefit cost for the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 consisted of the following:

	Pension Plans U.S. International						Other than Pension Plans Post-retirement			
(In millions)	2010		2009		2010		2009	2010		2009
Service cost	\$ 6.4	\$	5.6	\$	5.4	\$	4.6 \$	0.9	\$	0.8
Interest cost	7.0		7.3		5.0		4.9	1.9		2.0
Expected return on plan assets	(8.7)		(8.0)		(5.6)		(5.1)	(0.1)		
Amortization of:										
Prior service cost	0.2		0.2		0.5		0.6			
Actuarial loss	2.4		1.0		1.5		0.5	0.5		0.2
Settlements and curtailments							0.7			
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 7.3	\$	6.1	\$	6.8	\$	6.2 \$	3.2	\$	3.0

The components of net periodic benefit cost for the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 consisted of the following:

	U.	S.	Pension	ı Plan	s Interna	ntiona	l	Other Pension Post-reti	Plans	
(In millions)	2010		2009		2010		2009	2010		2009
Service cost	\$ 12.8	\$	11.3	\$	10.5	\$	9.0	\$ 1.8	\$	1.6
Interest cost	14.0		14.6		9.7		9.9	3.8		4.0
Expected return on plan assets	(17.4)		(16.1)		(10.9)		(10.1)	(0.2)		
Amortization of:										
Prior service cost	0.4		0.3		1.0		1.2			
Actuarial loss	4.8		2.1		2.9		0.9	1.0		0.3
Settlements and curtailments							0.7			
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 14.6	\$	12.2	\$	13.2	\$	11.6	\$ 6.4	\$	5.9

During the six months ended December 31, 2010, the Company made contributions to its international pension plans totaling approximately \$14 million.

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THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 8 CONTINGENCIES

Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved, from time to time, in litigation and other legal proceedings incidental to its business. Management believes that the outcome of current litigation and legal proceedings will not have a material adverse effect upon the Company s results of operations or financial condition. However, management s assessment of the Company s current litigation and other legal proceedings could change in light of the discovery of facts with respect to legal actions or other proceedings pending against the Company not presently known to the Company or determinations by judges, juries or other finders of fact which are not in accord with management s evaluation of the possible liability or outcome of such litigation or proceedings.

NOTE 9 STOCK PROGRAMS

As of December 31, 2010, the Company has two active equity compensation plans which include the Amended and Restated Fiscal 2002 Share Incentive Plan (the Fiscal 2002 Plan) and the Non-Employee Director Share Incentive Plan (collectively, the Plans). These Plans currently provide for the issuance of approximately, 33,600,200 shares of Class A Common Stock, which consist of shares originally provided for and shares transferred to the Fiscal 2002 Plan from other inactive plans and employment agreements, to be granted in the form of stock-based awards to key employees, consultants and non-employee directors of the Company. As of December 31, 2010, approximately 14,297,600 shares of Class A Common Stock were reserved and available to be granted pursuant to these Plans. The Company may satisfy the obligation of its stock-based compensation awards with either new or treasury shares. The Company s equity compensation awards outstanding at December 31, 2010 include stock options, performance share units (PSU), restricted stock units (RSU) and share units.

Total net stock-based compensation expense is attributable to the granting of, and the remaining requisite service periods of, stock options, PSUs, RSUs and share units. Compensation expense attributable to net stock-based compensation during the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$23.8 million and \$11.6 million, respectively. Compensation expense attributable to net stock-based compensation during the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$54.4 million and \$30.8 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2010, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested stock-based awards was \$94.7 million and the related weighted average period over which it is expected to be recognized is approximately 2.0 years.

Stock Options

A summary of the Company s stock option programs as of December 31, 2010 and changes during the six months then ended is presented below:

(Shares in thousands)	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share	Aggregate Intrinsic Value(1) (in millions)	Weighted Average Contractual Life Remaining in Years
Outstanding at June 30, 2010	10,083.6 \$	39.84		
Granted at fair value	2,512.2	58.32		
Exercised	(1,649.7)	37.75		
Expired	(19.1)	41.48		
Forfeited	(33.9)	46.35		
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	10,893.1	44.39	\$	395.5 6.9
Exercisable at December 31, 2010	6,457.4	40.47	\$	259.8 5.4

⁽¹⁾ The intrinsic value of a stock option is the amount by which the market value of the underlying stock exceeds the exercise price of the option.

The exercise period for all stock options generally may not exceed ten years from the date of grant. Stock option grants to individuals generally become exercisable in three substantively equal tranches over a service period of up to four years. The Company attributes the value of option awards on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award as if the award was, in substance, multiple awards.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The per-share weighted average grant date fair value of stock options granted during the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$24.62 and \$15.14, respectively. The per-share weighted average grant date fair value of stock options granted during the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$18.91 and \$10.63, respectively. The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$43.5 million and \$16.4 million, respectively. The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$51.2 million and \$16.5 million, respectively.

The fair value of each option grant was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

	Three Months December		Six Months Decembe	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Weighted average expected stock-price volatility	31%	30%	31%	30%
Weighted average expected option life	9 years	9 years	8 years	8 years
Average risk-free interest rate	2.4%	3.3%	2.2%	3.1%
Average dividend yield	1.1%	2.0%	1.1%	2.0%

The Company uses a weighted average expected stock-price volatility assumption that is a combination of both current and historical implied volatilities of the underlying stock which are obtained from public data sources. For the weighted average expected option life assumption, the Company considers the exercise behavior of past grants and models the pattern of aggregate exercises. The average risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury strip rate for the expected term of the options and the average dividend yield is based on historical experience.

Performance Share Units

During the six months ended December 31, 2010, the Company granted 184,600 PSUs, which will be settled in stock subject to the achievement of the Company s net sales, diluted net earnings per common share and return on invested capital goals for the three fiscal years ending June 30, 2013. Settlement will be made pursuant to a range of opportunities relative to the net sales, diluted net earnings per common share and return on invested capital targets of the Company and, as such, the compensation cost of the PSU is subject to adjustment based upon the attainability of these target goals. No settlement will occur for results below the applicable minimum threshold for a target and additional shares shall be issued if performance exceeds the targeted performance goals. Certain PSUs are accompanied by dividend equivalent rights that will be payable in cash upon settlement of the PSU. Other PSUs granted in fiscal 2011 are not accompanied by dividend equivalent rights and, as such, were valued at the closing market value of the Company s Class A Common Stock on the date of grant less the discounted present value of the dividends expected to be paid on the shares during the vesting period. These awards are subject to the provisions of the agreement under which the PSUs are granted. The PSUs were valued at the closing market value of the Company s Class A Common Stock on the date of grant and generally vest at the end of the performance period. In September 2010, 47,500 shares of the Company s Class A Common Stock were issued and related accrued dividends were paid, relative to the target goals set at the time of issuance, in settlement of 93,200 PSUs which vested as of June 30, 2010.

The following is a summary of the status of the Company s PSUs as of December 31, 2010 and activity during the six months then ended:

(Chares in thousands)	Chower	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per
(Shares in thousands)	Shares	Share
Nonvested at June 30, 2010	296.3	\$ 42.00
Granted	184.6	58.61
Vested		
Forfeited		
Nonvested at December 31, 2010	480.9	48.38

THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Restricted Stock Units

The Company granted approximately 926,100 RSUs during the six months ended December 31, 2010 which, at the time of grant, were scheduled to vest as follows: 496,900 on November 1, 2011, 284,100 on October 31, 2012 and 145,100 on October 31, 2013, all subject to the continued employment or retirement of the grantees. Certain RSUs granted in fiscal 2011 are accompanied by dividend equivalent rights that will be payable in cash upon settlement of the RSU and, as such, were valued at the closing market value of the Company s Class A Common Stock on the date of grant. Other RSUs granted in fiscal 2011 are not accompanied by dividend equivalent rights and, as such, were valued at the closing market value of the Company s Class A Common Stock on the date of grant less the discounted present value of the dividends expected to be paid on the shares during the vesting period.

The following is a summary of the status of the Company s RSUs as of December 31, 2010 and activity during the six months then ended:

		Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per
(Shares in thousands)	Shares	Share
Nonvested at June 30, 2010	1,300.9	\$ 37.79
Granted	926.1	57.36
Vested	(745.9)	38.68
Forfeited	(26.8)	43.43
Nonvested at December 31, 2010	1,454.3	49.69

Share Units

The Company grants share units to certain non-employee directors under the Non-Employee Director Share Incentive Plan. The share units are convertible into shares of Class A Common Stock as provided for in that plan. Share units are accompanied by dividend equivalent rights that are converted to additional share units when such dividends are declared.

The following is a summary of the status of the Company s share units as of December 31, 2010 and activity during the six months then ended:

Weighted Average Grant Date

		Fair Value Per	
(Shares in thousands)	Shares	Share	
Outstanding at June 30, 2010	26.4	\$ 39	9.27
Granted	2.5	71	1.02
Dividend equivalents	0.3	78	8.42
Converted			
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	29.2	42	2.45

Cash Units

Certain non-employee directors defer cash compensation in the form of cash payout share units, which are not subject to the Plans. These share units are classified as liabilities and, as such, their fair value is adjusted to reflect the current market value of the Company s Class A Common Stock. The Company recorded \$1.0 million and \$1.1 million as compensation expense to reflect additional deferrals and the change in the market value for the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The Company recorded \$1.7 million and \$1.5 million as compensation expense to reflect additional deferrals and the change in the market value for the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

NOTE 10 NET EARNINGS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC. PER COMMON SHARE

Net earnings attributable to The Estée Lauder Companies Inc. per common share (basic EPS) is computed by dividing net earnings attributable to The Estée Lauder Companies Inc. by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and contingently issuable shares (which satisfy certain conditions). Net earnings attributable to The Estée Lauder Companies Inc. per common share assuming dilution (diluted EPS) is computed by reflecting potential dilution from stock-based awards.

THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A reconciliation between the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted EPS computations is as follows:

	Three Months Ended December 31				Six Month Decemb	 	
	2010		2009 (In millions, excep	t per sha	2010 are data)	2009	
Numerator:			•	•			
Net earnings attributable to The Estée							
Lauder Companies Inc.	\$ 343.9	\$	256.2	\$	535.0	\$ 396.9	
Denominator:							
Weighted average common shares							
outstanding Basic	196.7		197.3		196.7	197.0	
Effect of dilutive stock options	3.3		2.3		3.0	1.5	
Effect of restricted stock units	0.9		0.8		0.9	0.8	
Weighted average common shares							
outstanding Diluted	200.9		200.4		200.6	199.3	
Net earnings attributable to The Estée							
Lauder Companies Inc. per common							
share:							
Basic	\$ 1.75	\$	1.30	\$	2.72	\$ 2.01	
Diluted	1.71		1.28		2.67	1.99	

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, outstanding options to purchase 0.1 million and 3.0 million shares, respectively, of Class A Common Stock were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because their inclusion would be anti-dilutive. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, 0.5 million and 0.4 million of PSUs have been excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS because the number of shares ultimately issued is contingent on the achievement of certain performance targets of the Company, as discussed in Note 9.

NOTE 11 COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Comprehensive income (loss) and its components, net of tax, are as follows:

	Three Mor Decem	nths End ber 31	led		Six Mont Decem	ed
	2010		2009		2010	2009
			(In mi	llions)		
Net earnings	\$ 345.9	\$	261.7	\$	535.5	\$ 399.5

Other comprehensive income (loss):

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Net unrealized investment gain (loss) 0.1 0.1 Net derivative instruments gain (loss) 0.9 4.2 (7.9) Amounts included in net periodic benefit cost, net 3.3 2.2 1.0 Translation adjustments 4.6 (0.4) 92.8 8.9 6.0 86.0 Comprehensive income (loss) 354.8 267.7 621.5 Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests: (2.0) (5.5) (0.5)	0.2 2.5 3.7 34.1
Amounts included in net periodic benefit cost, net 3.3 2.2 1.0 Translation adjustments 4.6 (0.4) 92.8 8.9 6.0 86.0 Comprehensive income (loss) 354.8 267.7 621.5 Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests:	3.7 34.1
cost, net 3.3 2.2 1.0 Translation adjustments 4.6 (0.4) 92.8 8.9 6.0 86.0 Comprehensive income (loss) 354.8 267.7 621.5 Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests: 621.5 621.5	34.1
Translation adjustments 4.6 (0.4) 92.8 8.9 6.0 86.0 Comprehensive income (loss) 354.8 267.7 621.5 Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests:	34.1
8.9 6.0 86.0 Comprehensive income (loss) 354.8 267.7 621.5 Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests:	
Comprehensive income (loss) 354.8 267.7 621.5 Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests:	40.5
Comprehensive income (loss) 354.8 267.7 621.5 Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests:	40.5
Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests:	40.5
to noncontrolling interests:	440.0
ě	
Net (earnings) loss (2.0) (5.5)	
	(2.6)
Translation adjustments 0.3 0.5 (1.2)	(0.4)
(1.7) (5.0) (1.7)	(3.0)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable	
to The Estée Lauder Companies Inc. \$ 353.1 \$ 262.7 \$ 619.8 \$	437.0

THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 12 EQUITY

Changes in equity are as follows:

(In millions)	C	Common Stock	1	otal Stockh Paid-in	I	s Equity Retained Earnings		Estée Lauder cumulated OCI		mpanies Inc. Freasury Stock	Total	Non- ntrolling nterests	Total
` /	2010.0		_	Capital			φ.		Φ.				Equity
Balance June 30,	, 2010 \$	2.7	\$	1,428.7	\$	3,564.0	\$	(196.7)	\$	(2,850.3)	\$ 1,948.4	\$ 17.0 \$	1,965.4
Net earnings						535.0					535.0	0.5	535.5
Common stock													
dividends						(148.3)					(148.3)		(148.3)
Other comprehensi	ive												
income								84.8			84.8	1.2	86.0
Acquisition of treas	sury												
stock										(153.3)	(153.3)		(153.3)
Stock-based													
compensation				137.2						(16.8)	120.4		120.4
Balance													
December 31, 2010	\$	2.7	\$	1,565.9	\$	3,950.7	\$	(111.9)	\$	(3,020.4)	\$ 2,387.0	\$ 18.7 \$	2,405.7

Common Stock

During the six months ended December 31, 2010, 850,000 shares of the Company s Class B Common Stock were converted into Class A Common Stock.

During the six months ended December 31, 2010, the Company purchased approximately 2,850,000 shares of its Class A Common Stock for \$173.0 million.

NOTE 13 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Supplemental cash flow information for the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

	20	10		2009			
		(In	(In millions)				
Cash:							
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$	35.5	\$	41.3			
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	\$	91.4	\$	102.3			
Non-cash investing and financing activities:							
Long-term debt issued upon acquisition of business	\$		\$	0.3			
Liabilities incurred for acquisitions	\$		\$	6.1			
Incremental tax benefit from the exercise of stock options	\$	(7.5)	\$	(4.8)			
Capital lease obligations incurred	\$	0.8	\$	0.9			
Interest rate swap derivative mark to market	\$	8.7	\$	(0.7)			

NOTE 14 SEGMENT DATA AND RELATED INFORMATION

Reportable operating segments include components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker (the Chief Executive) in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. Although the Company operates in one business segment, beauty products, management also evaluates performance on a product category basis. Product category performance is measured based upon net sales before returns associated with restructuring activities, and earnings before income taxes, net interest expense and total charges associated with restructuring activities. Returns and charges associated with restructuring activities are not allocated to the product categories because they result from activities that are deemed a company-wide program to redesign the Company s organizational structure.

The accounting policies for the Company s reportable segments are substantially the same as those for the consolidated financial statements, as described in the segment data and related information footnote included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2010. The assets and liabilities of the Company are managed centrally and are reported internally in the same manner as the consolidated financial statements; thus, no additional information is produced for the Chief Executive or included herein. There has been no significant variance in the total or long-lived asset values associated with the Company s segment data since June 30, 2010.

THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		Three M End Decem	led			Six Months Ended December 31				
		2010		2009		2010		2009		
DD ODVICE CAMECODY DAMA				(In mi	llions)					
PRODUCT CATEGORY DATA										
Net Sales:	\$	1 020 2	¢	005.0	ď	1 006 0	¢.	1 (2) 1		
Skin Care	Э	1,029.2 882.2	\$	905.8	\$	1,886.9 1,676.4	\$	1,636.1 1,533.6		
Makeup		882.2 447.6		815.7		782.1		1,533.0		
Fragrance Hair Care				403.5		206.1		207.9		
		111.7 22.8		110.0 19.9		33.7		34.2		
Other		2,493.5		2,254.9		4,585.2		4,106.8		
Datuma associated with materiation a activities				2,234.9 7.4						
Returns associated with restructuring activities	\$	(1.5)	¢	2,262.3	ď	(1.5)	\$	(11.1)		
Operating Income (Loss) before total	Ф	2,492.0	\$	2,202.3	\$	4,583.7	Ф	4,095.7		
charges associated with restructuring activities:										
Skin Care	\$	260.2	\$	199.9	\$	410.1	\$	314.2		
Makeup		191.9		167.7		295.1		275.5		
Fragrance		72.9		49.3		123.2		77.5		
Hair Care		12.2		(20.1)		14.0		(10.5)		
Other		(0.2)		3.1		(2.8)		5.9		
		537.0		399.9		839.6		662.6		
Reconciliation:										
Total charges associated with restructuring										
activities		(19.3)		(0.3)		(23.9)		(42.6)		
Interest expense, net		(16.1)		(19.9)		(32.2)		(39.5)		
Earnings before income taxes	\$	501.6	\$	379.7	\$	783.5	\$	580.5		
GEOGRAPHIC DATA										
Net Sales:										
The Americas	\$	988.0	\$	916.9	\$	1,985.2	\$	1,809.2		
Europe, the Middle East & Africa		993.3		895.5		1,674.2		1,497.4		
Asia/Pacific		512.2		442.5		925.8		800.2		
		2,493.5		2,254.9		4,585.2		4,106.8		
Returns associated with restructuring activities		(1.5)		7.4		(1.5)		(11.1)		
	\$	2,492.0	\$	2,262.3	\$	4,583.7	\$	4,095.7		
Operating Income (Loss):	_		_		_		_			
The Americas	\$	98.9	\$	52.9	\$	202.0	\$	166.8		
Europe, the Middle East & Africa		301.7		230.4		440.3		323.7		
Asia/Pacific		136.4		116.6		197.3		172.1		
		537.0		399.9		839.6		662.6		
Total charges associated with restructuring										
activities		(19.3)		(0.3)		(23.9)		(42.6)		
	\$	517.7	\$	399.6	\$	815.7	\$	620.0		

THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We manufacture, market and sell beauty products including those in the skin care, makeup, fragrance and hair care categories which are distributed in over 150 countries and territories. The following is a comparative summary of operating results for the three and six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, and reflects the basis of presentation described in *Note 1 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements*Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for all periods presented. Sales of products and services that do not meet our definition of skin care, makeup, fragrance or hair care have been included in the other category.

		Three Mon Decem		ed		Six Mont Decem	hs Ended iber 31			
		2010		2009		2010		2009		
NEW GALLEG				(In mil	llions)					
NET SALES										
By Region:	Φ.	200.0	Φ.	0460	Φ.	4 00 7 6	Φ.	4 000 6		
The Americas	\$	988.0	\$	916.9	\$	1,985.2	\$	1,809.2		
Europe, the Middle East & Africa		993.3		895.5		1,674.2		1,497.4		
Asia/Pacific		512.2		442.5		925.8		800.2		
		2,493.5		2,254.9		4,585.2		4,106.8		
Returns associated with										
restructuring activities		(1.5)		7.4		(1.5)		(11.1)		
	\$	2,492.0	\$	2,262.3	\$	4,583.7	\$	4,095.7		
By Product Category:										
Skin Care	\$	1,029.2	\$	905.8	\$	1,886.9	\$	1,636.1		
Makeup		882.2		815.7		1,676.4		1,533.6		
Fragrance		447.6		403.5		782.1		695.0		
Hair Care		111.7		110.0		206.1		207.9		
Other		22.8		19.9		33.7		34.2		
		2,493.5		2,254.9		4,585.2		4,106.8		
Returns associated with										
restructuring activities		(1.5)		7.4		(1.5)		(11.1)		
	\$	2,492.0	\$	2,262.3	\$	4,583.7	\$	4,095.7		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)										
By Region:										
The Americas	\$	98.9	\$	52.9	\$	202.0	\$	166.8		
Europe, the Middle East & Africa		301.7		230.4		440.3		323.7		
Asia/Pacific		136.4		116.6		197.3		172.1		
		537.0		399.9		839.6		662.6		
Total charges associated with										
restructuring activities		(19.3)		(0.3)		(23.9)		(42.6)		
and	\$	517.7	\$	399.6	\$	815.7	\$	620.0		
	4	317.7	Ψ	377.0	Ψ	015.7	Ψ	020.0		
By Product Category:										

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Skin Care	\$ 260.2	\$ 199.9	\$ 410.1	\$ 314.2
Makeup	191.9	167.7	295.1	275.5
Fragrance	72.9	49.3	123.2	77.5
Hair Care	12.2	(20.1)	14.0	(10.5)
Other	(0.2)	3.1	(2.8)	5.9
	537.0	399.9	839.6	662.6
Total charges associated with				
restructuring activities	(19.3)	(0.3)	(23.9)	(42.6)
	\$ 517.7	\$ 399.6	\$ 815.7	\$ 620.0

THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

The following table presents certain consolidated earnings data as a percentage of net sales:

	Three Months December		Six Months I December	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales	21.7	23.2	22.5	23.7
Gross profit	78.3	76.8	77.5	76.3
Operating expenses:				
Selling, general and administrative	56.9	56.7	59.3	59.4
Restructuring and other special charges	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.7
Goodwill impairment		0.7		0.4
Impairment of intangible assets		1.3		0.7
Total operating expenses	57.5	59.1	59.7	61.2
Operating income	20.8	17.7	17.8	15.1
Interest expense, net	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.9
Earnings before income taxes	20.1	16.8	17.1	14.2
Provision for income taxes	6.2	5.2	5.4	4.4
Net earnings	13.9	11.6	11.7	9.8
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests	(0.1)	(0.3)		(0.1)
Net earnings attributable to The Estée Lauder				
Companies Inc.	13.8%	11.3%	11.7%	9.7%

In order to meet the demands of consumers, we continually introduce new products, support new and established products through advertising, sampling and merchandising and phase out existing products that no longer meet the needs of our consumers. The economics of developing, producing, launching and supporting products influence our sales and operating performance each period. The introduction of new products may have some cannibalizing effect on sales of existing products, which we take into account in our business planning.

We operate on a global basis, with the majority of our net sales generated outside the United States. Accordingly, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates can affect our results of operations. Therefore, we present certain net sales information excluding the effect of foreign currency rate fluctuations to provide a framework for assessing the performance of our underlying business outside the United States. Constant currency information compares results between periods as if exchange rates had remained constant period-over-period. We calculate constant currency information by translating current-year period results using prior-year period weighted average foreign currency exchange rates.

Overview

We believe that the best way to increase stockholder value is to provide our customers and consumers with the products and services that they have come to expect from us in the most efficient and profitable manner while recognizing their changing shopping habits. To achieve our goal to be the global leader in prestige beauty, we have implemented a long-term strategy to guide the Company through fiscal 2013. The plan has numerous initiatives across regions, product categories, brands and functions that are designed to leverage our strengths, make us more cost efficient and grow our sales.

We believe we have a strong, diverse brand portfolio with global reach and potential. Our strategy continues to build on and leverage our history of outstanding creativity, innovation and entrepreneurship. We have experienced initial successes in expanding our High-Touch service model. We are expanding our efforts to evolve our e-commerce-based online strategy into a multi-pronged digital strategy encompassing e-commerce, as well as digital and social media. We are leveraging our regional organization in an effort to assure that we are locally relevant in each market.

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THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

As part of our strategy, we are shifting our category mix towards higher margin categories with greater global growth potential. Skin care, our most profitable product category, is a strategic priority for our innovation and investment spending, particularly in the Asia/Pacific region. We are strengthening our geographic presence by seeking share growth in large, image-building cities within core markets such as the United States, the United Kingdom, France, Italy and Japan. In addition, we continue to prioritize efforts to expand our presence and accelerate share growth in emerging markets such as China, Russia, the Middle East and Eastern Europe. Currently, we believe general economic and other uncertainties still exist in select markets in which we do business such as in North America and certain countries in Europe. In North America, we recognize the need to ensure profitable growth in our traditional department store channel and are beginning to see some benefits from the changes we implemented to reshape our organization to meet the needs of the changing retail landscape. Internationally, we plan to continue profitable growth in European perfumeries and pharmacies and in department stores in Asia, while accentuating our skin care and makeup initiatives to boost our travel retail business and continuing efforts to grow our online, specialty retailer and prestige salon businesses. During the current year, we continued to execute on certain initiatives designed to drive out non-value added costs, optimize productivity and increase financial discipline. To optimize our portfolio, we are focusing on improving our margins and share in our distribution channels. We are re-energizing certain of our brands through both the introduction of products that feature advances in research and technology and focused marketing campaigns. At the same time, we are investing in initiatives to incubate and develop next generation products and brands, as well as driving turnaround brands toward sustainable profitability levels. We are leveraging our regional organizations to increase effectiveness and efficiencies while utilizing strategic partnerships, alliances and licensing to build scale in research and development, distribution and third-party manufacturing.

Our results for the three and six months ended December 31, 2010, reflect an improvement as compared to the prior-year period and are due, in part, from stronger net sales, and savings achieved in connection with our multi-faceted cost savings program, including favorable product mix (which reflects our strategic emphasis on skin care products), resizing, restructuring and other cost containment initiatives. Although our overall results exceeded our expectations, we continue to monitor global economic uncertainties and other risks that may affect our business.

Charges Associated with Restructuring Activities

In an effort to drive down costs and achieve synergies within our organization, in February 2009, we announced the implementation of a multi-faceted cost savings program (the Program) to position the Company to achieve long-term profitable growth. We anticipate the Program will result in related restructuring and other special charges, inclusive of cumulative charges recorded to date and over the next few fiscal years, totaling between \$350 million to \$450 million, before taxes. The total amount of charges (pre-tax) associated with the Program expected to be incurred (including those recorded plus other initiatives approved through January 24, 2011), is approximately \$276 million to \$281 million, of which approximately \$184 million to \$185 million relates to restructuring charges, approximately \$42 million of other costs to implement the initiatives, approximately \$35 million to \$39 million in sales returns and approximately \$15 million in inventory write-offs. The restructuring charges are comprised of \$138 million to \$139 million of employee-related costs, approximately \$27 million of other exit costs and contract terminations (substantially all of which have resulted in or will result in cash expenditures), and approximately \$19 million in non-cash write-offs.

We expect that the implementation of this Program, combined with other on-going cost savings efforts, will result in savings of approximately \$625 million to \$675 million (program inception through the end of fiscal 2011 estimated to be approximately \$560 million to \$580 million) including the reduction of certain costs relative to an assumed normalized spending pattern. Our long-range forecast for operating margin reflects these anticipated savings, net of strategic reinvestments.

The Program focuses on a redesign of our organizational structure in order to integrate the Company in a more cohesive way and operate more globally across brands and functions. The principal aspect of the Program is the reduction of the workforce by approximately 2,000 employees. Specific actions taken during the six months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 included:

• Resize and Reorganize the Organization We continued the realignment and optimization of our organization to better leverage scale, improve productivity and reduce complexity in each region and across various functions. This included reduction of the workforce which occurred through the consolidation of certain functions through a combination of normal attrition and job eliminations.

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THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

- <u>Turnaround or Exit Unprofitable Operations</u> To improve the profitability in certain of our brands and regions, we have selectively exited certain channels of distribution, categories and markets, and have made changes to turnaround others. This included the exit from the global wholesale distribution of our Prescriptives brand and reformulation of Ojon brand products. In connection with these activities, we incurred charges related to product returns, inventory write-offs, reduction of workforce and termination of contracts.
- <u>Outsourcing</u> In order to balance the growing need for information technology support with our efforts to provide the most efficient and cost effective solutions, we continued the outsourcing of certain information technology processes. We incurred costs to transition services to an outsource provider.

Restructuring Charges

The following table presents restructuring charges related to the Program as follows:

	Three Months Ended December 31						Six Months Ended December 31			
	2010		2009			2010			2009	
				(In m	illions)					
Employee-related costs	\$ 8.8	\$		0.6	\$		9.5	\$	14.0	
Asset write-offs	0.5			0.5			0.6		0.7	
Contract terminations	1.5			0.6			1.8		1.2	
Other exit costs	(0.1)			4.2			0.5		4.7	
Total restructuring charges	\$ 10.7	\$		5.9	\$		12.4	\$	20.6	

The following table presents aggregate restructuring charges related to the Program:

(In millions)	Employee- Related Costs	Asset Write-offs	Contract Terminations	Other Exit Costs	Total
Fiscal 2009	\$ 60.9	\$ 4.2	\$ 3.4	\$ 1.8	\$ 70.3
Fiscal 2010	29.3	11.0	2.3	6.2	48.8
Six months ended December 31, 2010	9.5	0.6	1.8	0.5	12.4
Charges recorded through December 31, 2010	\$ 99.7	\$ 15.8	\$ 7.5	\$ 8.5	\$ 131.5

The following table presents accrued restructuring and the related activity as of and for the six months ended December 31, 2010 under the Program:

(In millions)]	Employee- Related Costs	Asset Write-offs	Т	Contract erminations	Other Exit Costs	Total
Balance at June 30, 2010	\$	30.6	\$	\$	0.1	\$ 0.4	\$ 31.1
Charges		9.5	0.6		1.8	0.5	12.4
Cash payments		(15.6)			(0.7)	(0.6)	(16.9)
Non-cash write-offs			(0.6)				(0.6)
Translation adjustments		0.6					0.6
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$	25.1	\$	\$	1.2	\$ 0.3	\$ 26.6

Accrued restructuring charges at December 31, 2010 are expected to result in cash expenditures funded from cash provided by operations of approximately \$13 million, \$11 million and \$3 million in fiscal 2011, 2012 and 2013, respectively.

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Total Charges Associated with Restructuring Activities

The following table presents total charges (adjustments) associated with restructuring activities related to the Program:

	Three Months Ended December 31								Six Months Ended December 31			
		2010			2009			2010			2009	
						(In mi	llions)					
Sales returns (included in Net Sales)	\$		1.5	\$		(7.4)	\$		1.5	\$	11.1	
Cost of sales			3.8			(1.6)			4.6		4.0	
Restructuring charges		1	0.7			5.9			12.4		20.6	
Other special charges			3.3			3.4			5.4		6.9	
Total charges associated with												
restructuring activities	\$	1	9.3	\$		0.3	\$		23.9	\$	42.6	

During the three months ended December 31, 2010, we recorded \$1.5 million reflecting sales returns (less a related cost of sales of \$0.5 million) and a write-off of inventory of \$4.3 million associated with turnaround operations, primarily related to the reformulation of Ojon brand products. During the six months ended December 31, 2010, we recorded \$1.5 million reflecting sales returns (less a related cost of sales of \$0.5 million) and a write-off of inventory of \$5.1 million associated with turnaround operations, primarily related to the reformulation of Ojon brand products.

During the three months ended December 31, 2009, we recorded an adjustment of \$7.4 million to reduce then-anticipated sales returns (less a related cost of sales of \$1.6 million) and a benefit of \$3.2 million to reduce the estimated write-off of inventory associated with exiting unprofitable operations, primarily related to the exit from the global wholesale distribution of the Prescriptives brand. During the six months ended December 31, 2009, we recorded \$11.1 million reflecting sales returns (less a related cost of sales of \$2.3 million) and a write-off of inventory of \$6.3 million associated with exiting unprofitable operations, primarily related to the exit from the global wholesale distribution of the Prescriptives brand.

Other special charges in connection with the implementation of the Program relate to consulting, other professional services, and accelerated depreciation.

Goodwill and Other Intangible Asset Impairments

As of our latest step-one goodwill impairment test on April 1, 2010, the closest margin for fair value exceeding carrying value was approximately 1% for the Ojon reporting unit. As of December 31, 2010, the carrying value of goodwill related to the Ojon reporting unit was \$28.9 million. The fair value of the reporting unit was based upon weighting of the income and market approaches, utilizing estimated cash flows and a terminal value, discounted at a rate of return that reflects the relative risk of the cash flows, as well as valuation multiples derived

from comparable publicly traded companies that are applied to operating performance of the reporting unit. The key assumptions that were used to determine the estimated fair value of the reporting unit were predicated on planned new market initiatives, including the rollout of reformulated product lines and expanded international distribution. If such plans do not materialize, if there is a delay in new market initiatives, or if there is a decline in the business environment in which this reporting unit operates, a resulting change in the key assumptions, including a decrease in the terminal value or increase in the discount rate, could have a negative impact on the estimated fair value of the reporting unit and it is possible we could recognize an impairment charge in the future. All other reporting units fair values substantially exceeded their respective carrying values.

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As of our latest indefinite-lived asset impairment test on April 1, 2010, we determined that the fair values of two trademarks were equal to their carrying values. As of December 31, 2010, the carrying values of these trademarks were \$19.0 million and \$17.0 million. The fair values of these trademarks were based upon the application of a royalty rate to discounted projected future cash flows (relief-from-royalty method). The key assumptions that were used to determine the estimated fair value of one trademark were predicated on expanded distribution in the salon channel and into other channels. The key assumptions that were used to determine the estimated fair value of the other trademark were predicated on planned new market initiatives, including the rollout of reformulated product lines and expanded international distribution. If such plans do not materialize, if there is a delay in new market initiatives, or if there is a decline in the business environment, a resulting change in the key assumptions could have a negative impact on the estimated fair values of these trademarks and it is possible we could recognize an impairment charge in the future. The fair values of all other indefinite-lived intangible assets substantially exceeded their respective carrying values.

Second Quarter Fiscal 2011 as Compared with Second Quarter Fiscal 2010

NET SALES

Net sales increased 10%, or \$229.7 million, to \$2,492.0 million, reflecting increases in all major product categories within each region. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, net sales increased 11%. The following discussions of Net Sales by *Product Categories* and *Geographic Regions* exclude the impact of adjustments to (increase) decrease the reserve for anticipated returns associated with restructuring activities of \$(1.5) million and \$7.4 million for the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. We believe the following analysis of net sales better reflects the manner in which we conduct and view our business.

Product Categories

Skin Care

Net sales of skin care products increased 14%, or \$123.4 million, to \$1,029.2 million, primarily reflecting the success of our strategic focus on growing this category. The recent launches of Advanced Night Repair Eye Synchronized Complex and the Re-Nutriv Ultimate Lift Age-Correcting Collection from Estée Lauder contributed incremental sales of approximately \$69 million, combined. Also contributing incremental sales to the category were the recent launches of Even Better Clinical Dark Spot Corrector and Repairwear Laser Focus Wrinkle & UV Damage Corrector from Clinique of approximately \$50 million, combined. The recent launches of The Regenerating Serum and The Eye Balm Intense from La Mer contributed additional sales of approximately \$16 million, combined. Higher sales from existing products in the Nutritious Vita-Mineral and Time Zone lines of products from Estée Lauder contributed approximately \$9 million to the increase. These increases were partially offset by approximately \$44 million of lower sales from existing products in the Advanced Night Repair and Re-Nutriv lines from Estée Lauder and Clinique s 3-Step Skin Care System. The impact of foreign currency translation on skin care net sales was de minimis.

Makeup

Makeup net sales increased 8%, or \$66.5 million, to \$882.2 million, primarily reflecting higher net sales from our makeup artist brands of approximately \$82.0 million, fueled in part by our Smashbox acquisition. Also contributing to the increase were the recent launches of Acne Solutions Liquid Makeup from Clinique and new Pure Color eye products from Estée Lauder of approximately \$10 million, combined. These increases were partially offset by lower sales of Prescriptives products due to the exit from the global distribution of the brand in fiscal 2010, as well as lower sales of Superfit Makeup from Clinique and the Nutritious Vita-Mineral line of products from Estée Lauder of approximately \$16 million, combined. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, makeup net sales increased 9%.

Fragrance

Net sales of fragrance products increased 11%, or \$44.1 million, to \$447.6 million. Incremental sales from the recent launches of pureDKNY, Hilfiger Loud for Her, Coach Poppy and Estée Lauder *pleasures bloom* contributed approximately \$32 million to the category. Higher sales of Jo Malone and Tom Ford fragrances, as well as certain other designer fragrances through self-select outlets, contributed approximately \$9 million to the increase. Partially offsetting these increases were lower sales of Clinique Aromatics Elixir and Clinique Happy of approximately \$9 million. We anticipate future net sales growth in this category to be impacted by our efforts to improve profitability through a more strategically focused approach to investment spending, as well as competitive dynamics. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, fragrance net sales increased 13%.

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Hair Care

Hair care net sales increased 2%, or \$1.7 million, to \$111.7 million, primarily reflecting the recent launches of Control Force and Volumizing Tonic from Aveda, as well as net sales generated from expanded distribution outside the United States. These increases were partially offset by lower net sales resulting from the reformulation and anticipated re-launch of Ojon brand products. The impact of foreign currency translation on hair care net sales was de minimis.

Geographic Regions

Net sales in the Americas increased 8%, or \$71.1 million, to \$988.0 million. The increase during the current-year period was primarily attributable to growth in the United States from our heritage and makeup artist brands, which benefited from an improved retail environment, new skin care and makeup product offerings, and the recent launches of certain designer fragrances. Net sales also reflected the addition of the Smashbox brand to our portfolio. While partially offset by the exit from the global wholesale distribution of the Prescriptives brand, all of these factors contributed to higher net sales in the United States of approximately \$65 million. Net sales in Canada and Latin America increased approximately \$10 million, combined, despite the impact of unfavorable exchange rates in Venezuela as compared to the prior-year period. During the current-year period, we saw better-than-expected consumer traffic in U.S. department stores. We are continuing to work with retailers in the channel on strengthening the High-Touch concepts used to help market our products. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, net sales in the Americas increased 9%.

In Europe, the Middle East & Africa, net sales increased 11%, or \$97.8 million, to \$993.3 million, reflecting strong growth in our travel retail business and from most countries in the region and in each major product category. The results are also due in part to our strategy to strengthen our geographic presence and to continue to succeed in the travel retail channel. Despite the increases, the region was impacted by unfavorable foreign currency translation. Net sales increases of approximately \$95 million were driven by our travel retail business, Russia, the United Kingdom, and the Middle East reflecting improved retail environments, successful launches of skin care products and higher combined sales from our makeup artist brands. The net sales improvement in our travel retail business also reflected a favorable comparison to the prior-year period due to successful product launches, our efforts to improve the High-Touch consumer experience in that channel and an increase in global airline passenger traffic. During the third quarter of fiscal 2010, we undertook an initiative to identify underperforming stock keeping units (SKUs) for the purpose of evaluating their relevance to our long-term perfumery strategy. The impact of this initiative continued to benefit the current-year period as customers used the opportunity to purchase higher demand products. We are not expecting the level of sales activity in this region to continue during the remainder of the current fiscal year. These increases were partially offset by lower net sales in Spain and the Balkans of approximately \$20 million, combined, primarily reflecting difficult economic environments. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, net sales in Europe, the Middle East & Africa increased 15%.

Net sales in Asia/Pacific increased 16%, or \$69.7 million, to \$512.2 million, reflecting growth in each product category and from all countries in the region, several of which had a significant favorable impact of foreign currency translation. This reflects our strategy to strengthen existing distribution and expand our geographic presence in Asia, particularly in China. Net sales in China continue to grow at a rapid pace reflecting increases in share as well as the expansion of our presence in this emerging market. Approximately \$41 million of the increase in net sales was generated in China, Taiwan and Hong Kong, primarily reflecting strong net sales of skin care products. Although, our businesses in Japan and Australia continued to be challenged due to difficult economic conditions, they reported net sales gains of approximately \$10 million, which were generated from the strengthening of their respective currencies. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, Asia/Pacific net sales

increased	1 00%

Although our financial performance reflected improved economic conditions, there are still some global economic uncertainties that may adversely impact our business.

We strategically stagger our new product launches by geographic market, which may account for differences in regional sales growth.

COST OF SALES

Cost of sales as a percentage of total net sales decreased to 21.7% as compared with 23.2% in the prior-year period. This improvement primarily reflected strategic changes in the mix of our business of approximately 150 basis points and favorable manufacturing variances of approximately 30 basis points. Partially offsetting these improvements were increases in restructuring charges of 30 basis points and obsolescence charges of 10 basis points.

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Since certain promotional activities are a component of sales or cost of sales and the timing and level of promotions vary with our promotional calendar, we have experienced, and expect to continue to experience, fluctuations in the cost of sales percentage. In addition, future cost of sales mix may be impacted by the inclusion of potential new brands or channels of distribution which have margin and product cost structures different from those of our current mix of business.

OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses decreased to 57.5% of net sales as compared with 59.1% of net sales in the prior-year period. This improvement primarily reflected lower selling, general and administrative costs of 220 basis points due to various cost containment efforts implemented as part of the Program, and lower net losses from foreign exchange transactions of 30 basis points. Also contributing to the improvement was a favorable comparison to the prior-year period when we incurred goodwill and other intangible asset impairment charges of approximately 200 basis points. Partially offsetting these improvements were continued spending in advertising, merchandising and sampling costs to support our ongoing initiatives of approximately 240 basis points, higher costs related to stock-based compensation of approximately 40 basis points and higher charges associated with restructuring activities of approximately 20 basis points.

Changes in advertising, merchandising and sampling spending result from the type, timing and level of activities related to product launches and rollouts, as well as the markets being emphasized.

OPERATING RESULTS

Operating income increased 30%, or \$118.1 million, to \$517.7 million. Operating margin improved to 20.8% of net sales as compared with 17.7% in the prior-year period, reflecting our higher gross margin partially offset by the increase in our operating expense margin as previously discussed. Each product category and geographic region benefited from initiatives that we implemented as part of the Program, as well as a more strategically focused approach to spending. The following discussions of Operating Results by *Product Categories* and *Geographic Regions* exclude the impact of total charges associated with restructuring activities of \$19.3 million, or 1% of net sales, and \$0.3 million, or less than one percent of net sales, for the three months ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. We believe the following analysis of operating results better reflects the manner in which we conduct and view our business.

Product Categories

Skin care operating income increased 30%, or \$60.3 million, to \$260.2 million, primarily reflecting improved results from certain of our heritage brands driven by increased net sales from higher-margin product launches. Makeup operating income increased 14%, or \$24.2 million, to \$191.9 million, primarily reflecting improved results from certain of our heritage brands and from our makeup artist brands. Fragrance operating results increased 48%, or \$23.6 million, to \$72.9 million, primarily reflecting higher net sales of designer fragrances as well as recent product launches, improved cost of goods and a more strategically focused approach to spending reflecting our strategy to improve

profitability. Hair care operating results increased over 100%, or \$32.3 million, to \$12.2 million, primarily reflecting a favorable comparison with the prior-year period when we incurred goodwill and other intangible asset impairments of approximately \$36 million, partially offset by the current-year period impact of the reformulation and anticipated re-launch of Ojon brand products.

Geographic Regions

Operating income in the Americas increased 87%, or \$46.0 million, to \$98.9 million, reflecting improved results from our heritage and makeup artist brands. In addition, there was a favorable comparison to the prior-year period when we incurred goodwill and other intangible asset impairments of approximately \$40 million. These improvements were partially offset by the timing and level of spending activities in the current-year period, which are in line with our current level of sales, and the impact of reduced profitability in Venezuela due to unfavorable exchange rates.

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In Europe, the Middle East & Africa, operating income increased 31%, or \$71.3 million, to \$301.7 million, reflecting improvements in travel retail and mostly all countries in the region, some of which benefited from the impact of customer purchases pursuant to our long-term perfumery strategy, as previously discussed. Higher results from our travel retail business, Russia, the United Kingdom, the Middle East and South Africa totaled approximately \$61 million. The higher results also reflect the favorable comparison to the prior-year period which included an impairment charge of approximately \$6 million. Partially offsetting these improvements were lower results in the Balkans and Spain of approximately \$12 million, combined.

In Asia/Pacific, operating income increased 17%, or \$19.8 million, to \$136.4 million. Virtually all countries in the region reported higher operating results, led by approximately \$17 million in China, Taiwan and Hong Kong, combined.

INTEREST EXPENSE, NET

Net interest expense was \$16.1 million as compared with \$19.9 million in the prior-year period. Interest expense decreased primarily due to a reduction in debt balances that resulted from the \$200 million debt tender offer we completed in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010.

PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes represents federal, foreign, state and local income taxes. The effective rate differs from statutory rates primarily due to the effect of state and local income taxes, tax rates in foreign jurisdictions and income tax reserve adjustments, which represent changes in our net liability for unrecognized tax benefits including tax settlements and lapses of the applicable statutes of limitations. Our effective tax rate will change from quarter to quarter based on recurring and non-recurring factors including, but not limited to, the geographical mix of earnings, enacted tax legislation, state and local income taxes, tax reserve adjustments, the ultimate disposition of deferred tax assets relating to stock-based compensation and the interaction of various global tax strategies. In addition, changes in judgment from the evaluation of new information resulting in the recognition, derecognition or remeasurement of a tax position taken in a prior annual period are recognized separately in the quarter of change.

The effective income tax rate for the three months ended December 31, 2010 was 31.0% as compared with 31.1% in the prior-year period. The decrease in the effective income tax rate was attributable to favorable income tax reserve adjustments including a tax and interest benefit of \$11 million, net of tax, attributable to concluding the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS) examination of fiscal 2006 through 2008. The three month income tax rate was also favorably impacted due to a reinstatement of the U.S. federal research and experimentation tax credit, the majority of such benefit recorded discretely in the quarter. These favorable adjustments were partially offset by a higher income tax rate on the Company s international operations principally due to an increase in earnings from our travel retail business.

NET EARNINGS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE ESTÉE LAUDER COMPANIES INC.

Net earnings attributable to The Estée Lauder Companies Inc. as compared with the prior-year period increased 34%, or \$87.7million, to \$343.9 million and diluted net earnings per common share increased 34% from \$1.28 to \$1.71.